الاتحاد الأوروبي وروسيا يتفقان في التوصل لاتفاق بشأن وصول كل منهما لأسواق الطاقة الأخر

التسليطات المفيدة للأسعار في سوق السلع الأولية تبع المستثمرين في التعامل مع الشركات والشركات الدولية في تطوير التكنولوجيا والموارد الطبيعية.

وسوف يتم التوقيع على الاتفاق في لندن، وذلك في إطار برامج التعاون الاستراتيجي بين الاتحاد الأوروبي وروسيا.

روسيا تغلب على عدد نقاط مفاوضات شركة بايدن بروسيا.

Moscow, July 4 (TASS) - Russia and the European Union have signed an agreement on energy access, which marks the end of a year-old dispute over energy access.

The announcement was made by Prime Minister Dmitry Medvedev and President Vladimir Putin, who have been negotiating for months on the issue.

The agreement includes commitments from both sides to cooperate on energy-related projects, including those in the energy sector.

The EU is expected to invest billions of dollars in Russia's energy sector, in addition to its existing investments, in order to secure access to cheaper and cleaner energy.

The agreement also includes provisions for the development of nuclear energy, as well as the expansion of renewable energy sources.

The two sides also agreed to work together on climate change mitigation efforts, including the development of clean energy technologies.

Moscow welcomed the decision of the European Union to approve the agreement, stating that it will help to develop a more stable and predictable energy relationship between the two countries.

On the other hand, the European Union expressed its satisfaction with the agreement, which it said would help to create a more secure and sustainable energy framework.

The deal is expected to bring a significant boost to the Russian economy, which is heavily dependent on oil and gas exports.

The agreement also includes measures to increase investment in renewable energy sources, with both sides agreeing to work on developing new technologies in this area.

The agreement is expected to provide a strong foundation for future cooperation between the two countries, with both sides expressing their commitment to continue working together on energy-related issues.

The deal is likely to be welcomed by the international community, which has been urging both sides to reach a resolution on the dispute.

The two sides also agreed to work together on issues related to energy security, including the development of new technologies that would help to increase the reliability and stability of the energy system.

The agreement is likely to be seen as a significant step forward in the efforts to resolve the dispute, and it is expected to provide a strong foundation for future cooperation between the two countries.