COLOMBIA

GOVERNMENT
Chief of State
President Ivan DUQUE Marquez
Head of Government
President Ivan DUQUE Marquez
Government Type
presidential republic
Capital
Bogota
Legislature
bicameral Congress or Congreso consists of the Senate or Senado (108 seats) and the Chamber of Representatives or Camara de Representantes (172 seats)
Judiciary
Supreme Court of Justice or Corte Suprema de Justicia (consists of the Civil-Agrarian and Labor Chambers each with 7 judges, and the Penal Chamber with 9 judges)
Ambassador to US
Ambassador Francisco SANTOS Calderon
US Ambassador
Ambassador Kevin WHITAKER

ECONOMY
Economic Overview
in addition to being dependent on primary commodities - particularly, oil, coal, and coffee - which are subject to significant price volatility, Colombia’s economic development is hampered by inadequate infrastructure, poverty, narcotrafficking, and an uncertain security situation
GDP (Purchasing Power Parity)
$711.6 billion (2017 est.)
GDP per capita (Purchasing Power Parity)
$14,400 (2017 est.)
Exports
$39.48 billion (2017 est.)
partners: US 28.5%, Panama 8.6%, China 5.1% (2017)
Imports
$44.24 billion (2017 est.)
partners: US 26.3%, China 19.3%, Mexico 7.5%, Brazil 5%, Germany 4.1% (2017)

PEOPLE & SOCIETY
Population
48.2 million (July 2018 est.)
Population Growth
0.97% (2018 est.)
Ethnicity
mestizo and white 84.2%, Afro-Colombian (includes mulatto, Raizal, and Palenquero) 10.4%, Amerindian 3.4%, Romani <.01, unspecified 2.1% (2005 est.)
Language
Spanish (official)
Religion
Roman Catholic 79%, Protestant 14%, other 2%, unspecified 5% (2014 est.)
Urbanization
urban population: 80.8% of total population (2018)
rate of urbanization: 1.22% annual rate of change (2015-20 est.)
Literacy
94.7% (2016 est.)

as of February 2019

GEOPGRAPHY
Area
Total: 1,138,910 sq km
Land: 1,038,700 sq km
Water: 100,210 sq km
Climate
tropical along coast and eastern plains; cooler in highlands
Natural Resources
petroleum, natural gas, coal, iron ore, nickel, gold, copper, emeralds, hydropower

as of February 2019