UZBEKISTAN

GOVERNMENT
Chief of State
President Shavkat MIRZIYOYEV
Head of Government
Prime Minister Abdulla ARIPOV
Government Type
presidential republic; highly authoritarian
Capital
Tashkent (Toshkent)
Legislature
bicameral Supreme Assembly or Oliy Majlis consists of the Senate (100 seats) and the Legislative Chamber or Qonunchilik Palatasi (150 seats)
Judiciary
Supreme Court (consists of 67 judges organized into administrative, civil, criminal, and economic sections); Constitutional Court (consists of 7 judges)
Ambassador to US
Ambassador Javlon VAHOBOV
US Ambassador
Ambassador Daniel ROSENBLUM

ECONOMY
Economic Overview
since independence in September 1991, government has maintained Soviet-style command economy with subsidies and tight controls on production, prices, and access to foreign currency; agriculture remains largely centered on cotton
GDP (Purchasing Power Parity)
$223 billion (2017 est.)
GDP per capita (Purchasing Power Parity)
$6,900 (2017 est.)
Exports
$11.48 billion (2017 est.)
partners: Switzerland 38.7%, China 15.5%, Russia 10.7%, Turkey 8.6%, Kazakhstan 7.7%, Afghanistan 4.7% (2017)
Imports
$11.42 billion (2017 est.)
partners: China 23.7%, Russia 22.5%, Kazakhstan 10.7%, South Korea 9.8%, Turkey 5.8%, Germany 5.6% (2017)

PEOPLE & SOCIETY
Population
30 million (July 2018 est.)
Population Growth
0.91 % (2018 est.)
Ethnicity
Uzbek 83.8%, Tajik 4.8%, Kazakh 2.5%, Russian 2.3%, Karakalpak 2.2%, Tatar 1.5%, other 4.4% (2017 est.)
Language
Uzbek (official) 74.3%, Russian 14.2%, Tajik 4.4%, other 7.1%
Religion
Muslim 88% (mostly Sunni), Eastern Orthodox 9%, other 3%
Urbanization
urban population: 50.4 % of total population (2019)
rate of urbanization: 1.28 % annual rate of change (2015-20 est.)
Literacy
100% (2016)

as of December 2019