

Subject: E C
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CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
SOURCE METHODS EXEMPTION 3B2B
NAZI WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT
DATE 2007

1. Source met with Subject on 24 Jan 1968, a few days after his arrival from Kiev. This time Subject came without his wife. He plans to return to Kiev around 10 Feb 1968. On his last trip to Poland and the Soviet Union Subject had no trouble. Only one of his suitcases was searched on the Polish-Soviet border, the rest was left untouched. Subject managed to deliver all the literature he had taken with him to Warsaw and Kiev.

Following is the gist of information obtained from Subject:

2. In Kiev Subject used to see quite often Dziuba Ivan, Svitlychny Ivan, and others. All read Suchasnist which became "a symbol of status" among intellectuals. They ~~emphasized~~ the necessity to keep up its *present* level for the future and let it not "get down" in any aspect. The whole group pays very great attention to what Suchasnist prints.

3. Dziuba and others stressed their demand to get all the materials about persecution of Ukrainian intellectuals into foreign press. It helps ~~in~~ them to "bargain with authorities".

This is the main sort of aid they are interested in. All the rest is less important. Dziuba, for instance, expressed the view that he was not interested in material aid from abroad because in case of his persecution he would ~~be~~ prefer to be not accused of any financial help from abroad. "If they want to put me into prison then let them do it for my writings and not for some kind of material aid from abroad". According to Subject the "aid - system" on the spot (for prisoners in Mordovia) was being ~~organized~~ organized.

4. Dziuba, ~~and~~ Svitlychny, and Lina Kostenko were present at the Chornovil's trial in Lvov. Pavlychko and Drach "refused" to go. The judge and the prosecutor were ridiculed by the public and there

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were shouts against them. Chernovil's defender was brilliant. His name is VYTVITSKIY, the same one who had defended Siniavsky. Vytvitsky is a "legal terror" for Soviet judges and prosecutors.

5. Dziuba told Subject about a new secret trial in Ivanofrankivsk which took place some time recently. He had no details as yet but was collecting information about. It dealt with a political organization called "Soil and Freedom" or something like it. The organization had in its program the separation of Ukrainian Republic from the Soviet Union. 8 - 10 people were put on trial.

6. The pressure of Ukrainian element is continuously increasing. People are getting more and more outspoken and demanding. There are also some results of this pressure. Thus SKABA had been removed from his present position.

7. In Mordovian ASSR there are many Ukrainians living also as "resettled" of whom people thought they were dead.

8. According to Subject no help could be expected from "rebellious" Russians. They have their own problems and besides, are not interested in Ukrainian affairs.

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