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CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY  
SOURCES METHODS EXEMPTION 3B2B  
NAZI WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT  
DATE 2001 2006

VIA: COURIER  
(SPECIFY AIR OR SEA ROUTE)

DISPATCH NO. EGMA-32877

CLASSIFICATION

JUL - 0 1970

TO : Chief, ES

DATE: 13 MAR 1958 O. SER.

FROM : Chief of Base, Munich

Info: COS

SUBJECT: GENERAL— Operational/UPSWING/LC IMPROVE/HOELLER

SPECIFIC— Gottlob BERGER

MICROFILMED  
MAR 28 1963  
DOC. MICRO. SER.

Reference: EGMA-32125, 12 February 1958 *revised to up 25 Feb 58 - no filing*

1. You will recall that one of the most interesting aspects resulting from the arrest of Gottlob BERGER [ ] were indications of his contacts with Ludwig WOLFF (born 4 August 1908, Fabianice/Polen), currently employed at UP-SWIRK's D St 12 in Munich. In addition to several personal meetings between BERGER and WOLFF in Munich for discussions on the Bandera Organization, G PETERS reported that BERGER and WOLFF had been in letter correspondence and that there were indications of the use of microdots.

2. We finally persuaded G PETERS to show us the two letters written by WOLFF in Munich to BERGER in GERSLITEN near Stuttgart in June and September 1957. Both letters were seized in BERGER's apartment during a house search immediately following his arrest in early December 1957. You will note how in each case a portion of the lower left side of the envelope is torn away. The envelopes had been opened along the entire left side in a rather crude fashion as explained in the UPSWING analysis (also attached). The question is what was BERGER doing and why did he not destroy the envelopes afterwards.

3. During his interrogation still in progress, BERGER asserts that only he opens mail addressed to him and then he demonstrated how he opened his mail i.e. along the top flap and with a letter opener if available. When asked to explain why he opened the WOLFF letters in this unusual fashion, he flew into a huff and made some irrational remarks and then went into a silent sulk.

4. You will note that the content of the letters is innocuous and you can also observe how UPSWING tested the letters for SW, i.e. in a rather haphazard fashion. We have suggested they also check the lining of the envelope for SW. The lining incidentally is light grey in color. Concerning the torn fragment of the envelope, we can only theorize that it either may have contained a crude microdot or a film strip. We cannot explain why it was necessary to use microdot communications within West Germany and why WOLFF would use his correct return address on an envelope containing a microdot. We are at a further loss to explain why BERGER would save the envelope after retrieving a microdot.

Attachments:

- A - 2 cc UPSWING analysis
- B - 1 roll film

Distribution:

- 1 - EE w/Att A (lcc) and Att B
- 2 - COS w/Att A (lcc)

FVG/rbo

FORM NO. 51-28A  
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5. We are now speculating that the answer to our question might lie in an understanding of the secret communications methods of SS officers. You will recall that BERGER is a former SS General and WOLFF a Lieutenant Colonel who served with BERGER during the war. Perhaps Headquarters can enlighten us on possibilities we have overlooked. We would appreciate their comments.

Approved by [ ]

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13 March 58

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