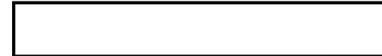


**TOP SECRET**

25X1



29 November 1961



Copy No. *ED-1*

25X1

**CENTRAL**

**INTELLIGENCE**

**BULLETIN**



25X1



**TOP SECRET**

25X1

Approved For Release 2002/11/19 : CIA-RDP79T00975A006100050001-8

Approved For Release 2002/11/19 : CIA-RDP79T00975A006100050001-8

29 November 1961

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

CONTENTS

25X1

1. Dominican developments. (*Page i*)



3. Guinea: Attacks on Sekou Touré's regime by leftist trade union leaders expose cleavages within ruling party. (*Page ii*)



25X1

5. Austria: Government officials fear Austria may come under stronger attack from Moscow on Common Market issue. (*Page iii*)



25X1

25X1



## CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

29 November 1961

## DAILY BRIEF

25X1

\*Dominican Republic: (Situation as of 0200 EST) President Balaguer and leading figures of the moderate opposition have agreed in principle to form a coalition regime which would prepare for elections in January and the inauguration of a new president in February. The tentative agreement came after the general strike, launched yesterday to force Balaguer's resignation, reached about 95 percent effectiveness in the capital, and affected various other cities and towns. Earlier in the day Balaguer had been on the point of requesting congress for a leave of absence during which he would turn the presidency over to General Rafael Rodriguez Echevarria, newly named armed forces secretary and thereby first in line of succession to the presidency. This threat, raising the possibility of military dictatorship, could be a potent instrument in forcing continued cooperation by opposition leaders.

While the strike has stimulated new attempts to reach agreement, it has also made a solution more difficult by creating additional cleavages between the military and the largest opposition group, the National Civic Union (UCN). UCN radios, before they were shut down yesterday, accused General Rodriguez of "supporting the forces of reaction" in the government, and the movement of tanks and troops through the streets yesterday made the populace more tense and hostile to the military. The armed forces, on the other hand, consider the strike a

25X1

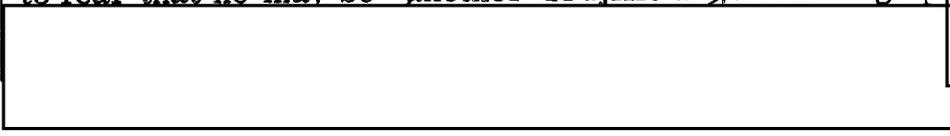
[breach of faith by the UCN, and Balaguer intimated yesterday that the UCN leader and choice for president, Dr. Viriato Fiallo, may no longer be acceptable to the military. There is some question whether Dr. Fiallo is in control of his organization, since he is known to have recognized the danger of the strike action but was apparently unable to head it off.]



[General Rodriguez remains a key but ambiguous figure in the developments. His roughshod actions and brusque manner have alienated certain of his influential colleagues in the air force officer corps, and have led some members of the OAS subcommittee in the country to fear that he may be "another Trujillo in the making."]

25X1

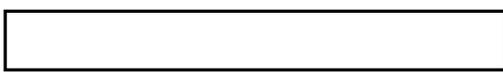
25X1



29 Nov 61

DAILY BRIEF

i-a



25X1

25X1

Approved For Release 2002/11/19 : CIA-RDP79T00975A006100050001-8

Approved For Release 2002/11/19 : CIA-RDP79T00975A006100050001-8

25X1

Guinea: The unprecedented attacks on Sekou Touré's regime made recently at the national trade union conference by leftist leaders of the teachers' union have exposed deep cleavages within the ruling party. The attacks were made by "old militants" of Touré's own party who are bitter at having been left out in the division of key posts following Guinea's independence. The US Embassy believes that the enthusiastic public response to the charges of these leaders that the present government has failed to improve living conditions reflects discontent over food shortages and inadequate supplies, as well as over corruption and inefficiency in the government. The regime has charged the leaders with "subversive and anti-revolutionary activities" and sentenced them to 10-year prison terms. The American chargé believes that the situation undermines

29 Nov 61

DAILY BRIEF

ii

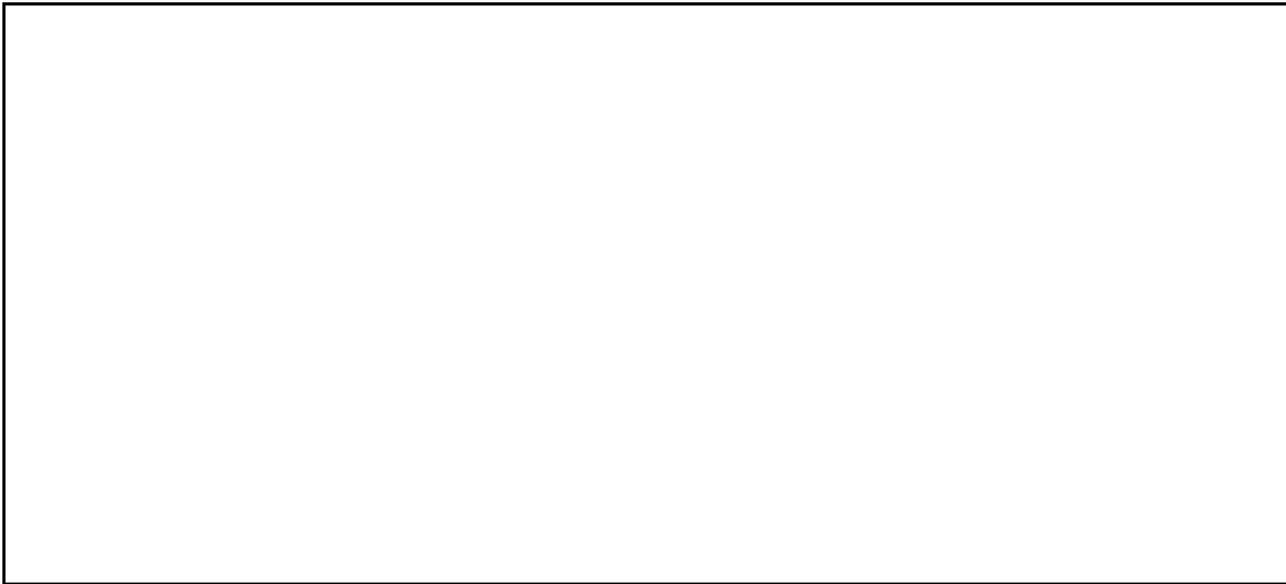
25X1

the impression Touré is seeking to create at home and abroad of a democratic, radical, nationalist movement. The chargé speculates that the government may be tempted to try to re-store its prestige by some dramatic nationalistic move. [redacted]

25X1

25X1

[redacted] (Backup, Page 1)(Map)



Austria-USSR: Moscow may plan to take advantage of the opening of trade negotiations on 1 December in Vienna to re-new its warnings against Austrian association with the Common Market. The USSR has repeatedly asserted that any Austrian association would be considered a breach of Vienna's neutrality. While Austrian officials have played down their uneasiness over possible new Soviet pressures, the recent Soviet moves against Finland have aroused apprehension in Vienna that Austria may now come under stronger attack from Moscow. [redacted]

25X1

29 Nov 61

DAILY BRIEF

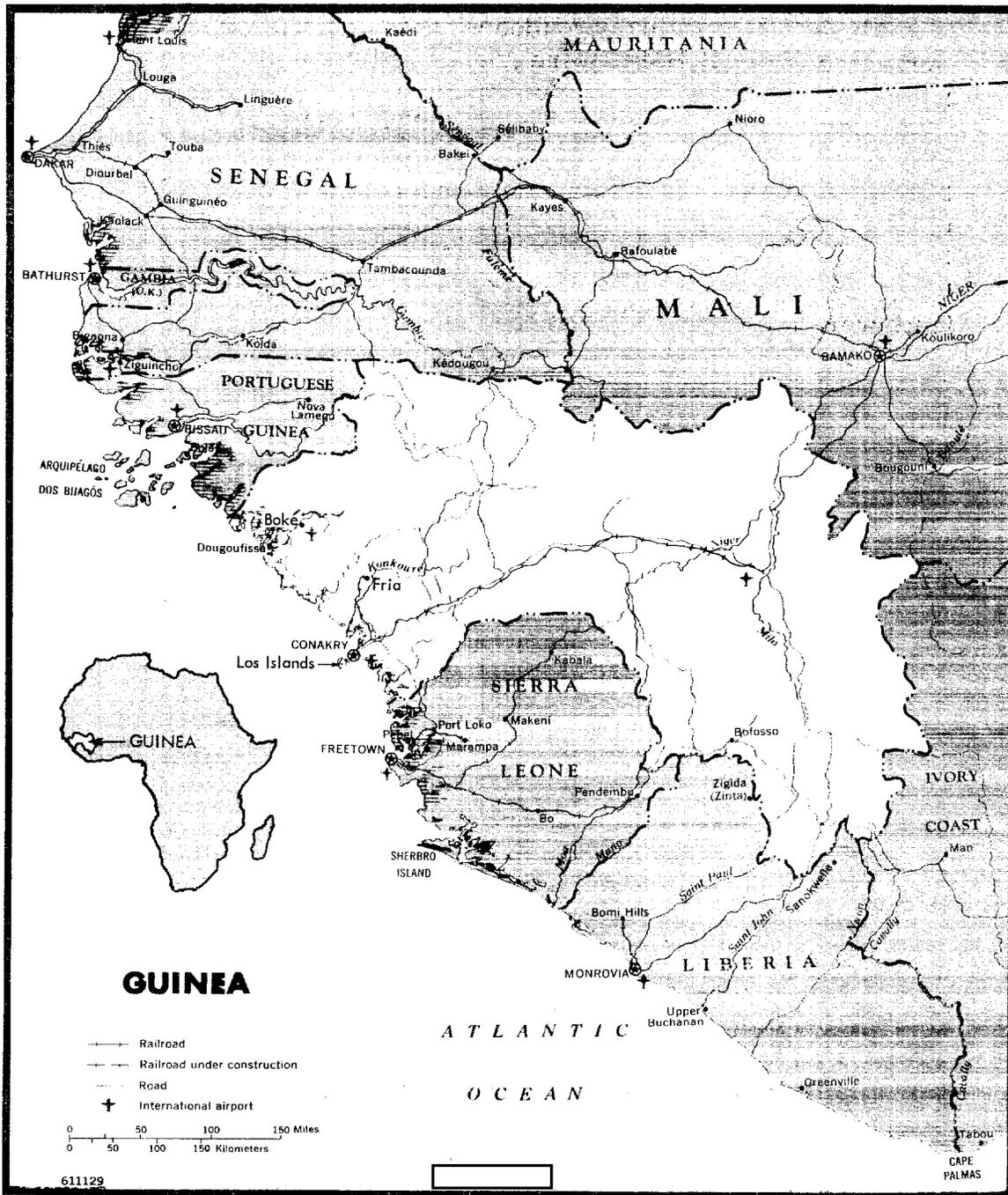
iii



25X1

Approved For Release 2002/11/19 : CIA-RDP79T00975A006100050001-8

Approved For Release 2002/11/19 : CIA-RDP79T00975A006100050001-8



25X1

25X1

29 Nov 61

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

Map Page

Guinea

The government communiqué of 23 November, which announced the sentencing of five labor and educational leaders, including several of Guinea's leading educators, also confirmed the existence of disturbances in several areas of the interior. The communiqué charged that teachers and merchants were engaged in a conspiracy with foreign interests. Specifically, the teachers were accused of circulating a memorandum of grievances to foreign embassies and maintaining contact with exiled Guineans at Dakar in Senegal. However, the American Embassy reports that the teachers' memorandum contained routine trade union demands.

To overcome popular sympathies for teachers, who hold a privileged and influential position in Guinean society, the government has been conducting a campaign of meetings and resolutions denouncing "traitors and saboteurs" of national unity as part of a world-wide imperialist plot. On 24 November the regime organized district party meetings and mobilized uniformed militia and youth formations to take action against students in several cities who had carried on a sympathy strike for the sentenced teachers. Within the party and youth groups there was a deep rift, with illiterate party youth mobilized against literates who had been asserting their independence of the party line and the dictates of party leadership.

Sekou Touré, answering his critics, has emphasized radical economic measures--including the nationalization of the Bauxite du Midi aluminum company, which has been one of the two largest Western economic interests in Guinea. Touré has terminated the company's activities at the bauxite mines in the Los Islands because the company had refused to carry out an expensive aluminum development project at Boké. The Boké scheme involved an alumina-processing plant as well as bauxite deposits reported to include half of the free world's bauxite reserves.

In mid-November, when Guinean authorities took over the Los Island installation, they were accompanied by five Czechs,

25X1

six Poles, and one Hungarian who are expected to direct key technical operations pending the arrival of a staff of 20 technicians from Czechoslovakia and Poland. The bauxite will probably be delivered to bloc markets, thus tightening Guinea's economic relations with the bloc and significantly reducing Conakry's major economic tie with the West.

A significant increase in the bloc presence may be forthcoming next month; usually well-informed sources report that Guineans and Soviets are on the point of reaching agreement for the USSR to construct a large hydroelectric dam on the Konkouré River. If the USSR builds this dam, which is necessary if Guinea is to have an aluminum industry, it would be in a position to control the power source for the FRIA aluminum company, the last remaining important Western enterprise in Guinea.

25X1

[Redacted]

25X1

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

Next 1 Page(s) In Document Exempt

## THE PRESIDENT

The Vice President

Executive Offices of the White House

Special Counsel to the President

Military Representative of the President

The Special Assistant for National Security Affairs

The Scientific Adviser to the President

The Director of the Budget

The Director, Office of Civil and Defense Mobilization

The Director, National Aeronautics and Space Administration

The Department of State

The Secretary of State

The Under Secretary of State

The Under Secretary of State for Economic Affairs

The Deputy Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs

The Counselor and Chairman of the Policy Planning Council

The Director of Intelligence and Research

The Treasury Department

The Secretary of the Treasury

The Under Secretary of the Treasury

The Department of Defense

The Secretary of Defense

The Deputy Secretary of Defense

The Secretary of the Army

The Secretary of the Navy

The Secretary of the Air Force

The Assistant Secretary of Defense (International Security Affairs)

The Assistant Secretary of Defense

The Chairman, The Joint Chiefs of Staff

Chief of Naval Operations, United States Navy

Chief of Staff, United States Air Force

Chief of Staff, United States Army

Commandant, United States Marine Corps

U.S. Rep., Military Committee and Standing Group, NATO

Supreme Allied Commander, Europe

Commander in Chief, Pacific

The Director, Defense Intelligence Agency

The Director, The Joint Staff

The Director for Intelligence, The Joint Staff

The Assistant Chief of Staff for Intelligence, Department of Army

The Director of Naval Intelligence, Department of Navy

The Assistant Chief of Staff, Intelligence, Department of the Air Force

The Department of Justice

The Attorney General

The Federal Bureau of Investigation

The Director

The Atomic Energy Commission

The Chairman

The National Security Agency

The Director

The United States Information Agency

The Director

The National Indications Center

The Director

**TOP SECRET**