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SOURCE Newspapers, periodicals, book, and Soviet encyclopedia as indicated.

MINISTRY OF FERROUS METALLURGY USSR

[Numbers in parentheses refer to appended sources.]

The All-Union People's Commissariat of Ferrous Metallurgy was established on 24 January 1939 by ukase of the Presidium, Supreme Soviet USSR, at which time the All-Union People's Commissariat of Heavy Industry was subdivided into six separate commissariats. The Commissariat of Ferrous Metallurgy was to have under its jurisdiction all plants of the metallurgical industry, plants for high-quality steel and ferroalloys, pipe-rolling and pipe-casting plants, mining enterprises, enterprises of the refractories industry, coke and chemical by-products plants, and enterprises for the processing and sale of ferrous metal scrap.(1)

By decree of the Supreme Soviet USSR, dated 15 March 1946, all people's commissariats were transformed into ministries. These included the Ministry of Ferrous Metallurgy and the Ministry of Nonferrous Metallurgy.(2) Both of these ministries were united on 29 July 1948, when the Ministry of Metallurgical Industry USSR was formed by ukase of the Presidium, Supreme Soviet USSR.(3)

On 28 December 1950, the Ministry of Metallurgical Industry USSR was again divided into the Ministries of Ferrous Metallurgy and Nonferrous Metallurgy.(4)

Ivan Fedorovich Tevosyan was appointed Minister of Ferrous Metallurgy USSR on 28 December 1950. He had held the same position before the merger of the two ministries on 29 July 1948. Anatoliy Nikolayevich Kuz'min was appointed First Deputy Minister of Ferrous Metallurgy on 28 December 1950. He had been Minister of Metallurgical Industry from July 1949 to December 1950.(5)

Another Deputy Minister of Ferrous Metallurgy mentioned in the press during 1951 is F. Merkulov.(6) F. A. Petrusha, who was formerly Deputy Minister of Metallurgical Industry USSR (7), is presumably now also Deputy Minister of Ferrous Metallurgy. Both F. Merkulov and F. A. Petrusha were among the persons who signed the obituary of G. I. Nosov, director of the Magnitogorsk Metallurgical Combine, who died in August 1951.(8)

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The administrative organization of the Ministry of Ferrous Metallurgy []

[] According to recent information from the press
[] the ministry now includes the following main adminis-
trations:

GUMP Yuga i Tsentra (Main Administration of Metallurgical Industry of the South and Center). It has also been referred to simply as "Main Administration of Metallurgical Industry." Chief: V. S. Bychkov.(9)

Glavspetsstal' (Main Administration for the Production of High-Quality Steel).
(10) Assistant Chief: Ye. M. Alekseyev, who received a Stalin Prize for developing and introducing a new technique of producing pure manganese.(11)

Glavtrubostal' (Main Administration of Pipe Rolling and Pipe Casting Industry).
Chief: Nikolay Aleksandrovich Tikhonov.(12)

Glavmetiz (Main Administration of Metal Products Industry) (13)

Glavruda (Main Administration of Ore Mining Industry).
Chief: S. H. Meleshkin.(6)

Glavnerud (Main Administration of Nonore Minerals Industry) (14)
Chief: Yemel'yanov. This administration supervises the supply of limestone to metallurgical plants.(15)

Glavogneupor (Main Administration of the Refractories Industry) (16)

Glavkoks (Main Administration of Coke and Coke By-Products Industry) (17)

Glavferrosplav (Main Administration for Production of Ferroalloys) (18)

Glavuralmet (Main Administration of Ural Metallurgical Industry).
This administration has over ten plants under its jurisdiction.(18) Chief:
Tatarintsev.(19)

Glavvtorchernet (Main Administration of Procurement, Processing, and Sale of
Ferrous Metal Scrap) (20)

Glavgeologiya (Main Administration of Geological Prospecting) (10)

GUUZ (Main Administration of Educational Institutions). Supervises technical
schools. Address: Moscow, 2-oy Obyedenskiy pereulok, 14.(21)

Glavmetallosbyt (Main Administration for the Sale of Metal and Metal Products).
Chief: Vasilenko.(22) One of the functions of this administration is to
keep records of metal surpluses for quick redistribution and resale.(23)

Glavsnab (Main Supply Administration). Also called "Glavmetallurgsnab."
Chief: Fridman.(24)

Glavmashmet (Main Administration of Metallurgical Machine-Building Plants) (25)

Glavleschermet (Main Administration of Timber Supplies for Ferrous Metal-
lurgy) (10)

Glavurs (Main Administration of Workers' Supply) (26)

Glavenergo (Main Power Administration) (27)

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In addition to the main administrations listed above, the Ministry of Ferrous Metallurgy also includes a Production Department, headed by D. A. Smolyarenko.(28) This department supervises a number of metallurgical plants directly subordinate to the ministry, including the Magnitogorsk Metallurgical Combine, the Novo-Tagil'skiy Metallurgical Plant in Nizhny Tagil, the Kuznetsk Metallurgical Combine, the "Amurstal" Plant (first metallurgical plant in the Far East), the Petrovsk-Zabaykal'skiy Metallurgical Plant in Transbaykal, the Orsk-Khalilovo Plant, the Uzbek Metallurgical Plant, and the Kazakh Metallurgical Plant.(29)

Other auxiliary administrations of the ministry include the Technical Administration, headed by P. Ravdel' (30), which takes part in approving and introducing new production methods and has some responsibility for equipment in plants and mines (31); the Labor Administration (32); the Administration of Equipment (33); and the Department of Wages. The latter has some responsibility, together with the Technical Administration, for disseminating advanced labor methods throughout the industry and for studying and approving the best methods submitted by Stakhanovites and innovators.(34)

The Main Administration of Ore Mining Industry supervises a number of trusts, including the following: "Uralruda" Trust, which administers iron, manganese, chromite, and flux mines in the Urals (35); three trusts in the Krivoy Rog Iron Ore Basin, Ukrainian SSR -- "Krivbassruda" Trust, (director, Kudryashov), (36); "Dzerzhinskruuda" Trust (director, Tovstanovskiy), (37); and "Leninruda" Trust (38); "Nikopol'-Marganets" Trust (director, Sotnikov), which supervises manganese ore mines in Dnepropetrovsk Oblast, Ukrainian SSR (39); and "Chiaturmarganets" Trust (director, Sh. S. Sheklashvili) in Chiatura, Georgian SSR, which has a number of manganese ore mines and concentration plants under its jurisdiction.(40)

Frequent references appear in the press and periodicals to planning institutes under the Ministry of Ferrous Metallurgy, including the following: "Giprostal" (State Institute for Planning Steel Enterprises), director Ivan Alekseyevich Krivonosov (11); "Giprometz" (State Institute for Planning Metallurgical Plants), director Viktor Borisovich Khlebnikov (41); "Giprometiz" (State Institute for Planning Metal Products Plants) (42); and "Giproruda" (State Institute for Planning Iron Ore Mining Enterprises).(31) References have also been found to "Uralgiproruda" (43), presumably the Ural Affiliate of "Giproruda," and "Yuzhgiproruda" (director, I. Ya. Grishuk) (31), the Southern Affiliate of the "Giproruda" Institute.

Research for the Ministry of Ferrous Metallurgy is carried on by "Tsinchermet" (Central Scientific Research Institute of Ferrous Metallurgy), located in Moscow.(44)

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