

INFORMATION REPORT INFORMATION REPORT
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

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COUNTRY Cuba
SUBJECT Prison Inmate Leaders and Aims of Cuban Counter-Revolutionary Movements

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1. [REDACTED] the Isle of Pines Prison [REDACTED] several anti-Castro movements [REDACTED] and their adherents and, in many cases, their leaders [REDACTED] incarcerated in the prison. [REDACTED]

2. The organization which claimed the largest number of prison inmates in its ranks is the United Revolutionary Front (URF). The URF claimed to have about 1,500, or 25% of the Isle of Pines prisoners within its ranks. It is considered to be a liberal organization and within the prison it was headed by three inmates -- [REDACTED]

3. A left-wing movement within the prison is known as the MRP, which its supporters classify as the Christian Socialists and so indoctrinate its members. The MRP advocates the nationalization of Cuban public utilities and resources and is to the left of center in its political philosophy. The leader of the MRP within the Isle of Pines Prison is [REDACTED] Manuel Artina, now in exile [REDACTED] is considered to be the head of the MRP. For the most part, MRP adherents are from labor and unions and from the intellectuals such as doctors, attorneys and bankers. [REDACTED] 105-92196

4. The most radical movements to be found within the prison are the MRP [REDACTED] and the "30th of November" movements. Both are considered to be extreme radical leftists in their philosophies. Probably the major difference is to be found in the supporters for each -- the "30th of November" group is composed strictly of labor and union supporters; while the MRP, although containing a number of union supporters, also has a large percentage of intellectuals within its fold. Within the prison the total number of members for both the MRP and the "30th of November" groups is between 300 and 350. [REDACTED] NLS-28-63

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- 5. The "30th of November" unit, although not having too large a prison following, is very militant and strict with its members. Its ultimate aim is the nationalization of all of Cuba's industry, both public and private. A three-way split of the profits of industry is planned with 1/3 going to the government, 1/3 to labor, and the remaining 1/3 to the operators. If necessary, the "30th of November" movement plans to take over any existing regime by force.
- 6. The head of the "30th of November" is [redacted] is considered to be its intellectual head [redacted] is in charge of indoctrination of new members of this group. [redacted]
- 7. The MRP, or so-called "Popular" movement, is not considered to be quite as radical or as well organized as the "30th of November" although it, too, holds indoctrination classes within the prison. [redacted] the prison head of the MRP, and the man who is expected to be the leader of it, is [redacted] Head of the MRP's violence squad and its action man is [redacted]
- 8. Other movements, none considered to be very large or powerful, within the prison include the Authentic Party [redacted] is the Authentic Party's prison leader. The AAA, another movement, is headed in prison by [redacted] Another group is the Revolutionary Student Directorio [redacted]