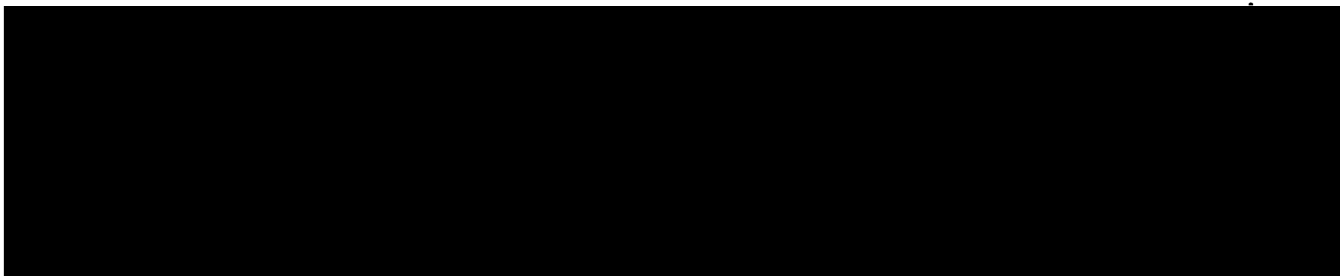


TAB G  
30 October 1983

CHRONOLOGY OF SOVIET STATEMENTS AND ACTIONS IN GRENADA  
(7 September 1979 to 27 October 1983)

7 September 1979 Grenada establishes diplomatic relations with the USSR



22 May 1980 Official delegation goes to the USSR on trade and economic cooperation mission. Bernard Coard visits USSR, Czechoslovakia, and Bulgaria.

11 June 1980 Soviet Ambassador Dmitri Petrovick Musin is accredited to Grenada, resident in Jamaica

24 June 1980 Grenada will get about \$3 million EC from USSR, plus technical assistance from Czechs and Bulgarians.

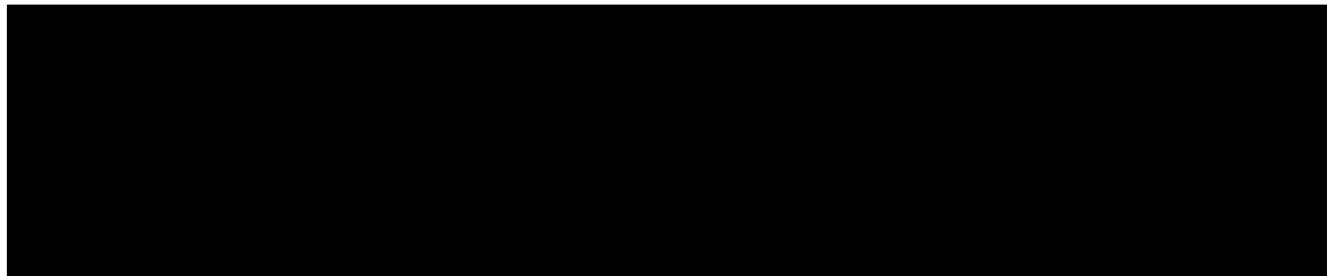
14 August 1980 Bernard Coard visits Moscow seeking hurricane aid.

March/April 1981 Bernard Coard visits Moscow and Bulgaria.

3 December 1981 General Hudson Austin and Deputy Commander of the Armed Forces, Einstein Louison, travel to the USSR.

29 January 1982 Grenada establishes an embassy in Moscow

29 July 1982 Gennadiy Ivanovich Sazhenev is assigned as resident Ambassador to Grenada, replacing Ambassador Musin in Jamaica.



15 November 1982 Bernard Coard travels to Moscow for Brezhnev's funeral.



July 1983 USSR and Grenada sign agreement on education, communications, port development, and waterworks.

21 October 1983 Soviet media is attempting to put some distance between Moscow and the Bishop regime, leaving the door open to cooperation with the new military government.

24 October 1983 Soviet media changes emphasis from the military takeover to the threat posed by the United States to Grenada

26 October 1983 TASS, in first authoritative USSR statement, says: "The Soviet Union firmly condemns the US aggression . . . and stigmatizes it as a crime against peace and humanity."

