

SECURITY INFORMATION

ABSTRACT OF DOCUMENT BEING CROSS FILED			CROSS FILED BY	
FILE NO.	SOURCE	DATE OF DOCUMENT	ANALYST	
CS-7-0-137	FIR-0779	20 Jun 50	C J	
SUBJECT			DATE	
The Hungarian Emigration in 1950			21 Aug 55	
PERTINENT INFORMATION				
<p>Hungarian Liberty Movement...</p> <p>Organizations, centers, leaders: "Hungarian Liberty Movement" Head Office Munich (Germany) Chairman: General Ferenc FARKAS de KISBARNAK... (The Military Group was established in common with General FARKAS, but the group is gaining more and more an independent character from FARKAS's Movement because of personal reasons, tactical aims. As it has no definite political character, people are this sympathizing with it and therefore it is getting also some political importance, especially as recently also sympathizers are admitted as members groups in twenty countries, with 12,000 members...</p> <p>"Anti-Solovist Block of Nations" Central Committee: Jaroslav STEJZKO (Czechian) Tibor FOKORNY (Slovak) H. ALABANDA (Croatian) General Buc PRCHALA (Czech-London) Vidrik IVASKO (White Russian) Zivred BOGDANOVIC (Serbian) General P. FARKAS. Organ: ABN-Korrespondenz Editor K.W. ORIECKY Munich...</p> <p>Activity 1948/50: General FARKAS, established the Liberty Movement in April 1948 with the aim to concentrate all Nationalist Emigrant circles within this organization, which he considered without political shade. He went in June 1948 to Paris, where he contacted Pretendent OTTO, French military circles and Msgr. KOSMORWATH. All tried to convince him, that it would be far more reasonable to concentrate his efforts to organize Hungarian Army people, instead of sliding to politics. He tried to contact also Tibor ECKHART, but he got the stereotyp answer he should abandon politics. He came to Italy in September 1948 contacting emigrants in Milan, Genoa and Rome. He insisted on unpolitical character of his Movement and that he will pay special attention to ex Hungarian Army people. Indeed in 1949 with the help of the Innsbruck group of ex officers, that MHBK, the Military Group was organized. - Meanwhile the majority of ex Parliamentary Group members and the Christian National Ligue circles, disillusioned abandoned him and joined partly the TELEKI-SONGZOS Group or retired from Emigrant political activity. - In Fall 1949 General FARKAS whose idea of the Danube Club failed or better to say was transformed in the INCOFURE (International Committee of Political Refugees - sponsored by General Jusztav HENNYLY, FARKAS's rival in Germany) set up the ABN organization, grouping Anti-Communist military people living in Germany, who can contribute to war efforts against USSR...</p> <p>Role in the future: General FARKAS has without doubt organizing capacity and is the chief of the emigrant Hungarian generals, by which he has a hierarchic authority ex officers. His political ambitions and tentative in August 1947 to</p>				
CROSS REFERENCE FORM			FILE THIS FORM IN FILE NO.	
			C J	

SECRET
SECURITY INFORMATION

form a kind of Government in Altotting by ex members of Parliament, are advising a certain reservation for Rightist politicians to deal with him. - It is evident, if Hungary could be liberated by was, he could efficiently contribute to war effort. It is hardly possible, that in a liberated Hungary he may play political role...

Activity 1949/50. The members of the 1939 Parliament living in emigration since 1945 in Germany and Austria and Christian National Ligue circles started in 1946/47 collaboration with General Ferenc FARKAS...

Legitimists (Monarchists) = Habsburg followers...

Supporting elements - abroad: Hungarian Catholics in USA and Canada, partly in South America; partly Hungarian American Federation, Military Group, General FARKAS and DP's in Austria and Germany...

THIS IS NOT A SECRET DOCUMENT.
IT IS THE SUBJECT OF THIS DOCUMENT.

SECRET
SECURITY INFORMATION

[]