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4.4.45

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- a. CI
- b. Munich
- c. L. Soltsman
- d. Agent
- e. 1.4.45
- f. Interrogation believed reliable
- g. Priority

- 1. SERBIEV 2. Georg (Serkievitch)
- 3. "SERALIN", stage name used 1930-1935  
"Georg SERKIEV", alias used since January 1946 because of fear of location and delivery to the Soviets.
- 4. 20 June 1908, at Novo-Ishcherkask, Russia
- 5. Stateless since emigration from Russia in 1920; Russian prior to 1920.
- 6. 22 Lampadiusstrasse, München, Oberbayern
- 7. None

- 8. a- 1.7cm, b- 7cm, c- Erect, d- Black,  
e- Round, f- Suddy, g- None, h- None.
- 9. Fled from Russia in 1920 through Constantinople to Yugoslavia; lived there from March 1920 to 1928.

Went to Paris to study singing; lived there from 1928 to 1935 working with the Russian opera and ballet; while with the Russian ballet visited the following countries: Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Uruguay, Mexico, Algeria, Tunis, Czechoslovakia, Belgium, Luxembourg - all visits connected with his profession. Also at that period made two personal visits to Berlin staying with his cousin, Nina MELROSS, Berlin/Wannsee, in summer 1932 and 1934.

In Aug. 1935 went to Germany having a contract with the German stage; worked until Nov. 1937.

In Nov. 1937 became sick, and supported by his cousin Nina MELROSS stayed in a Berlin hospital till 1939. In 1939 became interested in politics, took short courses on political science at the Berlin university, became associated with Dr. HENGELHAUPT of the NSDA.

SS-Hauptsturmführer Dr. HENGELHAUPT contracted Subject's services in work among the Russian emigrants in Paris; in Aug. 1940 HENGELHAUPT sent Subject to Paris; his work in Paris lasted till Aug. 1944; from Paris Subject made several short trips to Berlin in connection with his office, "Selbsthilfe Ausschuss der russischen Emigranten in Frankreich".

2 Sep. 45 came to Berlin where he worked closely with the VLASSOV Bewegung till 6 Feb 45; Feb. 45 he was in Karlsbad Czechoslovakia, tried to flee to Spain through Switzerland, did not succeed and returned to Austria, Nauders, Tyrol, then East, then Salzburg (July 45), then Munich (12 July, 1945) where he still remains.

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10. Profession: 1928-29 - ballet dancer, opera singer; 1929-37 - stage; (1937-39J was sick); 1939 studied politics at the university of Berlin; 1939-Jet 45 was appointed by the NKVD as Chief of the Russian migration in France.
11. From Aug 1940 to 1942 worked under Dr. GEBERKOV, of NSDA, Amt VI, Abteilung led by Stuba Dr. GROSS. His superior in Paris (1940-44) was the Paris Be- reihshaber d. Sipo u. SD, Werner REISE, and the German Ambassador to France, Dr. REIBTSC.
12. GEBERKOV states that he never was member of the NSDA, though his work among the Russian emigrants was of necessity directed by NSDA, Amt VI; he claims that his work was exclusively for the benefit of the Russian migration and for the benefit of the Russian nationalistic, anti-Communist, interest and not for the benefit of Germany. It is a fact that at times the interests of Russia (anti-Communist Russia) as he saw them coincided with the interest of Germany, which fact was only incidental. Because the Germans knew that he was above all interested in Russia and not Germany he was never trusted, but remained under constant supervision by the German police. Though conscientiously fighting the Soviets he was always ready to give help and protection to the Russians, e.g., the escaped Russian forced laborers.

His views and opinions are correctly covered in the articles appearing in his Russian newspaper in Paris during the German occupation, the "Paris Messenger" (Parissskii Vestnik). This views he still holds, inclusive of his "ideological" anti-Semitism; this professed anti-Semitism never caused him, though, to denounce or persecute the Jews - it was based on the principle that it was through the Jews that Communism was brought to Russia; it was then, merely another expression of GEBERKOV's anti-Communism.

GEBERKOV claims never to have been, in thought or action, anti-American, or anti-British, or anti-French.

REMARKS: GEBERKOV's Paris activity should be thoroughly investigated, his affiliations and position checked through the following people (enemies and friends):

BOGOLITSCHEV - his assistant in Paris, who clashed with GEBERKOV on policies of their bureau; BOGOLITSCHEV was far an absolute collaboration with the Germans, whereas GEBERKOV only to the extent of only such issues as were identical with the issues of Russian nationalism.

Paul ISCHLINSKI, a painter who was GEBERKOV's loyal supporter in Paris; I. is now in the USA.

Alexander KASNETSKOFF - rich friends of his living now in Switzerland.

WALLENBERG, prior to the outbreak of the Russo-German war was suspected by GEBERKOV to have worked for the Soviets and denounced as such; upon arrest it was discovered that W. was an Abwehr agent and released.

General Prof. GILBERT, was and possibly still is a professor at Harvard; personally supported GORBUNOV.

Prof. JIAN CHIRKIN, of Paris, supported GORBUNOV.

Prince YAKOVLEV, of Paris, supported GORBUNOV.

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GORBUNOV's claim that he NEVER has proposed or caused any Russian from France to be sent to the Godt or Speer organizations should be checked from Paris. (On the other hand G. freely admits that he did all he could to find Russian officers for the Eastern front, to fight the Soviets).

Another claim of GORBUNOV which would substantiate his claim that he has not been anti-American could be also checked from Paris: He claims that he knew of a certain Miss CHAYER, and American "active in some intelligence capacity" was known to him, BUT he has not denounced her.

13. For "local" investigations the following people are planned to be eventually interrogated:

Prince Cyril SMILITIN - Schumannstr. 5, Munich; (he is presently employed by DUNA/Deutsches Museum/Munich as a Russian "adviser"; is about 30 yrs old);

Lt. Col. Michael GOLITSIN - Lives somewhere in Munich; (played some role in the Vlassov Movement; knows intelligence work - worked behind the Russian lines during the present war);

Mrs. Suzanne MIAZ, nee SYMONE - Russian "supply officer" with DUNA (Deutsches Museum/Munich). Mail, rant, about 32 yrs old. Address: Villa "Wald", Sternwart Pl. 2.

Mrs. Igor SARANIN - Soviet emigrant; by profession a merchant; still has business of some sort with other Soviet emigrants. Address: Munich, Auerkirchenstrasse.

SMILITIN - former Latvian citizen. Merchant by profession. Is an experienced intelligence officer. Worked behind the Russian lines. Has large circle of Polish Jewish friends. Is about 40 yrs old. Lives at Stuttgart. Was member of SS.

Col. Igor SAKHAROV - was chief adjutant to VLASSOV. Has been member of "Legion Condor" during the Spanish Civil War. Has later worked in some capacity behind the Russian lines. About 34 yrs old. Lives in Pilsen. Has his own personal circle of "friends" who are engaged (reported) in anti-Communist work in Southern Bavaria and in the French Zone of Austria.

Col. Vladimir BROMIADI - was chief of VLASSOV's chancellery. Had worked behind the Russian lines. Is about 50 yrs old. Has much authority and large following among the former VLASSOV people. Lives at Pilsen. Works in Southern Bavaria and in the French Zone in some anti-Communist capacity, independently of Col. SAKHAROV.

Capt. Nicholas MARIN - one of the best intelligence officers of the Vlassov Movement. Is a former Soviet officer who deserted and joined VLASSOV. Was arrested together with another VLASSOV-man, Gen. SALISUKIN, in Sept.-Oct. was reported held at Camp Seckenheim, vic. of Mannheim.

Viktor BRISMANOV - former Russian officer, about 47 yrs old. Now lives in Kassel and is the present head of the "National Workers Union of the New Generation" (Natsionalno Trudovoi Sojuz Novogo Pokolenia), the Russian anti-Communist Youth organization. - This Union (=V.S.N.G.) was organized some 15 yrs ago in Yugoslavia with the objective of educating a new generation of Russian free of Communism, and yet not bound to the old emigre principles and people. Most of the important members of this Union later joined Vlassov: Gen. IRKIN, Gen. SANDAHOV, Col. ZEMSKOV, etc. - Leading members of the Union were in August 1944 arrested by the Germans and charged with "understanding and dealing with the enemy".

Vesilii APRILOV - is the leader of a chapter of the Union in Munich. He is a former Soviet citizen, about 40 yrs old.

NOTE: All the above mentioned people are to serve not only as references for BRISMANOV, but are to be interrogated for their own personal value and with the eye on their possible usefulness. - These people can be useful to us because intelligence is their profession, and because they do have numerous contacts among people who could be used by us in some capacity.

14. Russian Orthodox
15. "Anti-Communist" (own statement); claims never to have belonged to any other political party of limited activity and outlook with the only exception of the VLASSOV movement, and to the Russian National Youth Organization in Yugoslavia, in 1936.
16. Single, though has sometimes passed his fiancée as his wife (she is now in Berlin).
17. Financier in Russia; Russian Military Academy in Belgrade (1922-7), University of Prague (1 yr, 1927/8); University of Berlin (1 yr, 1930).

REMARKS: Some information on BRISMANOV was already submitted in a report entitled: "Proposed operations for SOI/Munich", of 6 March 1946.

To the list of people under 113 should be added:

Boris BRISMANOV, alias "Berka v. Brnava", who had his own "Abwehrstelle against the Soviets", which eventually was dissolved in Polesia, in vic. of Breslau. His main V-man was a man known as "VLODNEROV".

Michael NIKITENKO - worked with KARL-HEINRICH ROVER, always in civilian clothes. He travelled all over German occupied Europe, detecting and running down Soviet agent nets; was especially active in France.

Names of BRISMANOV's parents:

Father, Col. Sergei (1874-11.2.1918, shot by the Soviets); Mother, Helene nee ZAKOVSKY (25.12.1885-18112.1942, died in Prague).

IDENTIFICATION:

CG 1-2 - 2cc  
Wetting - 4cc  
File - 1 c

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E.A. HOLTSMAN