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ALBANIA

Oct. 29, 1951

1. Ed Weller
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PRESS IDENTIFIES 33 SPIES CAPTURED

Tirana, ATA, in French Morse to Europe, Oct. 27, 1951, 0908 GMT--L

(The Albanian press on Oct. 27/ published the following communique from the Albanian Ministry of the Interior)

(Text)

"The State security forces, closely supported by the population, have destroyed 33 Yugoslav spies and subversive agents. The Yugoslav Intelligence Service recruited, prepared, armed, financed, and sent them to Albanian territory for the purpose of spying and carrying out subversive activities. They are:

"Zenal Djuta of the village of Shtika, district of Kukes, who fled to Yugoslavia, a war criminal and a close collaborator of Muharrem Bairaktari--killed. Rahim Ilias Shenu of the same village, who fled to Yugoslavia as an enemy of the people's regime--killed. Preng Keqani of Kokdodaj, district of Puka, who fled to Yugoslavia as an ordinary criminal--killed.

"Shpeno Sadku of the village of Nica, district of Tropoje, former gendarme and member of the militia, fled to Yugoslavia as a war criminal--killed. Nik Deli (Xm) Lekaj of Lekbibaj, district of Tropoje, fled to Yugoslavia as a collaborator of war criminal Nik Sokoli--killed. Demir Shahini of Tserave, district of Pogradets, active (ballist), fled to Yugoslavia as an enemy of the people's regime--killed. reported by 50, Oct '51.

"Mark Ndue Pali of Beraan, district of Lesh, fled to Yugoslavia as an active follower of Zog--killed. Kurt Ademi of Yugoslav nationality--killed. Sinan Tesmi of Shkodra, fled to Yugoslavia as an enemy of the people's regime--killed. Djok Nikola of Ishulli Leshit, fled to Yugoslavia as an enemy of the people's regime--killed.

"Ibrahim Kagnozi of Gryka Noks, district of Peshkopi, officer during the fascist regime, fled to Yugoslavia as an enemy of the people--killed. Zef Dod Lek Gagga of Perlat, district of Rshen, fled to Yugoslavia as a criminal--killed. Nikol Djin Kola of Gruk Lumu, district of Lesh, fled to Yugoslavia as an enemy of the people's regime--captured alive. Razmi Shapovski of Rade, Yugoslavia--captured alive.

* Reported in 118-CRIAG (Sept. 51) to be "friend" who escaped to Yugo.

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"Hussein Voka of Shticen, fled to Yugoslavia as an enemy of the people's regime; a brother of the well-known criminal Ramadan Voke who is in Yugoslavia--captured alive. Pieter Djin Kola of Perlat, fled to Yugoslavia as an enemy of the people's regime--captured alive. Radjet Shaban Leka of Blitsaj, district of Peshkopi, former gendarme, fled to Yugoslavia as an enemy of the people's regime--captured alive and scounded.

"Zhivko Cabrilovski of Dragocaj, Yugoslavia, former Chairman of the Executive Committee of Dragocaj--captured alive. Ndue Bardok Lek Guega of Perlat, fled to Yugoslavia as a criminal--captured alive. Djeto Rrasani of Tush, district of Shkodra, fled to Yugoslavia as an enemy of the people's regime--captured alive. Ndots Dusha of Prekal, district of Shkodra, fled to Yugoslavia as an enemy of the people's regime--captured alive.

"Islam Gafuri of Luime, district of Kukes, fled to Yugoslavia as a criminal--captured alive. Hairedine Rama of Sumat, district of Peshkopi, former gendarme, fled to Yugoslavia as an enemy of the people's regime--surrendered under pressure of security forces. Eaim Aziz of Ruraj, district of Kukes, fled to Yugoslavia as a criminal--surrendered. Djin Arapi of Perlat, fled to Yugoslavia--surrendered. Elmas Islami of Shtike, district of Kolonja, fled to Yugoslavia as an enemy of the people's regime--surrendered. Berdo Berdaj of Brataj, district of Vlora, fled to Yugoslavia as an enemy of the people's regime--surrendered.

"Six other spies and subversive agents who have not yet been completely identified were also killed; documents found on them showed that they were sent by the Yugoslav UDB. All the arms and documents found on the spies and subversive agents mentioned above are in our possession."

PRESS RUNS CARCANI PROGRESS REPORT

Tirana, ATA, in French Morse to Europe, Oct. 27, 1951, 1005 GMT--L

(Excerpts)

"Tirana--ZERI I POPULLIT publishes an article entitled 'Under the Leadership of the Party Our Country Marches Toward Industrialization,' by Adil Cakombi, Minister of Industry. The author shows that as a result of very important organization measures taken by the Party and Government, industrial production was increased last year as follows: Textiles--sheets, by 142.74 percent; macaroni, 192 percent; cement, 177.3 percent; cigarettes, 113.4 percent; shoes, 213.67 percent.

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"During that period new important industrial concerns were created. Thanks to the great aid of the USSR and of that of the People's Democracies, Albanian industry will greatly develop during the 5 year periods by increasing the production of textiles, foodstuffs, building material, power, and so on.

"The plan for the present year provides for a considerable increase in industrial production in all branches. Production of sugar will increase by 819.67 (sic) percent more than in 1950; soap, 144.01 percent; macaroni, 191.75 percent; textiles, 199.4 percent; shoes, 150.91 percent; cement, 103.89 percent; local industry products, 103.22 percent."

DECREE STRENGTHENS CONTROL OF RADIO

Tirana, Albanian Home Service, Oct. 25, 1951, 0615 GMT--K

(Text)

"The Council of Ministers of the Albanian People's Republic on the basis of the proposals made by the Ministry of Communications, issued the following decree on the changes to be made in Article 10 of Decree No. 12 issued on Mar. 11, 1951, concerning the declaration of radio sets and the payment of radio licenses:

"1--Article 10 of Decree No. 12 of Mar. 11, 1951, is changed as follows: Anyone who, after the end of the period as explained by Article 3 of this Decree, is found in possession of a radio set which has not been declared will be fined (10,000 leks)...(several words unintelligible. . . . When the declaration is made after the expiration of the license (several words unintelligible) the fine will be from 500 to 2,000 leks. Those who allow two license-renewal dates to pass without declaring, will be fined heavily and lose their radio set. The fines will be passed by the local post offices.

"2--This decree enters into force on May 31, 1951. Signed by the Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the Albanian People's Republic, Enver Hoxha."

KARO ADDRESSED AGRICULTURAL CONFERENCE

Tirana, ATA, in French Morse to Europe, Oct. 28, 1951, 0925 GMT--L

(Summary)

Tirana--the First National Conference of Agricultural Shockworkers opened yesterday morning. The Soviet agricultural delegation, which has been visiting Albania for some time, attended the conference.

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Speaking at the conference, Hysni Kapo, Vice Premier and Minister for Agriculture, stated that the conference is being held at a time when the whole population is working hard to fulfill with honor the promises made to the Party and Enver Hoxha, in order to complete the State plan ahead of schedule.

In 5 years of the People's Democratic regime since 1946, we have reached 13 times the number of cooperatives and have achieved an increase of 2081 percent of families on these cooperatives. Our toiling peasants and all agricultural workers in the private, cooperative, and State sectors have mobilized themselves and have achieved, in a satisfactory manner, the tasks laid down in the Two Year Plan as regards agriculture.

Comrade Hysni Kapo then stated that maize and corn take up an important place and that good results have been achieved for these cereals. The sowing of maize according to the cluster method in line with Soviet experience has given magnificent results. Efficient agriculturists have obtained up to 45 quintals of maize per hectare. The cultivation of cotton is something new for Albania. Its production has increased.

The cultivation of sugar beet on the collective farm near Maliq will obtain a yield of almost 390 quintals of sugar beet per hectare as compared with 190 quintals, envisaged by the plan. The cultivation of rice has this year given high yields. In addition to the usual areas where rice is cultivated, such as Sarande and Elbasan, rice is also being cultivated on a wide scale in the areas of Berat and Luzha.

Satisfactory production figures were this year also obtained as regards the cultivation of olive trees and citrus fruit trees. In stock farming better results were achieved this year than last. This is also the case as regards State stock farming. At the Scutari Zootechnical Research Center new records have been achieved in the production of milk and the production and improvement of wool by means of cross breeding.

Hysni Kapo also spoke about the tasks awaiting agricultural workers in connection with the first Five Year Plan. There is every possibility of successfully accomplishing this plan. Our agriculture, like our country, will expand and progress every day with the beneficial help of the great USSR. With the friendship existing between our people and the Soviet peoples, with USSR assistance and with our own heroic Party, our people will thwart every attempt by the country's enemies whether they be Titoites, monarchofascists, Italian Fascists, spies, hired traitors, kulaks, or their masters, the Anglo-American imperialists, who (are mistaken) as regards our country.