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**SECRET**

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Exile Rumanian "National Committee of Liberation."  
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serial

P. 1—After considerable bickering and numerous compromises, and as a direct result of the personal arbitration of the King, the various Rumanian political parties and prominent politicians in exile agreed on the constitution of a "National Committee of Liberation" which was to have the duties and functions of a government in exile. Final agreement of this constitution took place on 10 May 1949. . .

As of November 1949, the Committee was composed of the following members:

President - General Nicolae RADESCU, former council member who has recently founded, in Paris, a new political party known as the "Unita Democratica Roman" (UDR). . . .

P. 2—Some dissatisfaction has been expressed concerning the composition of the committee, especially as regards the disproportionate number of National Peasant Party members.

The most important objection to the present set-up has come from General RADESCU himself, who desired the inclusion of Viorel TILIA, former envoy to London, and Carol DAVILA who had been Rumanian minister to Washington. RADESCU was also in favor of representation for the Iron Guard and the military, naming either General Platon CHIRNOAGA or General Ion GHEORGHE as desirable.

Influenced by numerous objections to the presence on the Committee of men who had played a part in the capitulation of Rumania. . . RADESCU wrote many letters to friends in Germany and Austria protesting that the formation of the "ational Committee was not his work, that he accepted the presidency only in order to prevent worse situations, and that in his opinion the Committee would be short-lived.

Opposition to the National Committee has come also from persons and groups listed below:

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