TOP SECRET ACOM

Z8 Jun S1

GENERAL

	mmunist endorsement of Malik's speech does not guarantee on of original terms:
modification	II Or O. bribar fer ing.
	An editorial in the official organ of the Chinese Communist Party, stating that the Chinese people "fully endorse" Malik's cease-fire suggestion, goes on to assert that if the US "is willing to stop the war, she
should ther for peacefu	efore fall in at once with the just and reasonable measures I settlement repeatedly proposed" by the Peiping regime.
flict; name Communist ence to ear forward its	Comment: The editorial does not explicitly eiping's original terms for any settlement of the Korean conly: withdrawal of all UN forces from Korea, admission of China to the UN and US abandonment of Taiwan. The referlier proposals, however, leaves it open to Peiping to bring original terms after a cease-fire is achieved. The Peiping ears prepared to continue its commitment in Korea indefinitely
2. Caution dor	ninates Western European press reaction to Malik proposal:
	Leading non-Communist newspapers in West Germany, France and Italy received with caution the Malik proposal for a cease-fire in Korea, generally stressing that the statement should not be disregarded despite its cobvious propaganda aspects.
	Although West German press comments were on the whole pessimistic, ranging from caution and distrust to outright rejec-

- 3 -

TOP SECRET ACORN

APPROVED FOR RELEASE DATE: 24-Mar-2010

TOP SECRET ACOM

absurd to reject the Soviet suggestion just because of its origin, as long as there is a slight chance for a settlement of the Korean fighting. In general, non-Communist Italian press comment stressed that the move was not solely a propaganda expedient and that the door to peace should be left open. Several Western European publications saw in the proposal a Soviet recognition of military failure in Korea and a victory of the UN Korean policy. Paris newspapers generally agreed that the UN goal of discouraging aggression would be obtained by a settlement on the 38th Parallel.

FAR EAST

3. Impending Communist offensive may be scheduled for 8-10 July:

US Far East Command 27 June 51 ACORN The US Far Eastern Command forwards a North Korean intercept ordering a conference of divisional chief supply officers on 28-30 June, and notes that similar meet-

ings have preceded each of the last two enemy offensives by seven to ten days. On the basis of these observations, the enemy may launch his next offensive arround 8-10 July.

Comment: Department of the Army estimates of enemy capabilities have, for the past week, fixed the first week of July as the time at which the enemy will have massed sufficient personnel and material to launch the next attack.

4.	Prisoners of w in Korea:	r report on attitudes of Communist military personnel
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Interrogations of recently-captured prison-
		ers of war indicate that the morale of the Chinese Communist forces prior to the last
	as did occur we	offensive was good, and that such surrenders see due to the hopelessness of local military situations and

1.

TOP SECRET ACORN

TOP SECRET ACOM

to the lack of food. The prisoners revealed that during May a major source of troop discontent was the deterioration in the quality and quantity of rations -- a factor indicating a serious strain on Chinese Communist Army transportation facilities. It was further revealed that the majority of Chinese Communist troops in Korea are ex-Chinese Nationalist troops who may now be regarded as thoroughly indoctrinated in Communism. The prisoners regarded Soviet aid as coming from an ally and did not consider themselves as Soviet puppets. The prisoner of war reports agree that some of the best Chinese Communist armies have been "destroyed," but they believe that the CCF can and will continue to fight with somewhat lower quality replacements.

	recent prisoner of war interro	gations
	lend credence to reports of the	
	of substantial Soviet anti-aircr	
	lery units in the Pyongyang are	
	Soviet	anti-alr-
	veapons in Pyongyang in May.	
	matic weapons group of 40 guns was man	
nuthful Soviet gr	ldiana mandan unifamua aimilan ta7kada	
	ldiers wearing uniforms similar to those	
oviet Naval pers	onnel assigned to AAA coastal defense un	its. Mor
oviet Naval pers ver, air photos	onnel assigned to AAA coastal defense un eveal a slight increase in both heavy and	its. Mor light anti
oviet Naval pers ver, air photos ircraft guns in t	onnel assigned to AAA coastal defense un eveal a slight increase in both heavy and ne Pyongyang area, where increasingly in	its. Mor light anti
oviet Naval pers ver, air photos ircraft guns in t	onnel assigned to AAA coastal defense un eveal a slight increase in both heavy and	its. Mor light anti
oviet Naval pers ver, air photos ircraft guns in t	onnel assigned to AAA coastal defense un eveal a slight increase in both heavy and ne Pyongyang area, where increasingly in	its. Mor light anti
oviet Naval pers ver, air photos ircraft guns in t	onnel assigned to AAA coastal defense un eveal a slight increase in both heavy and ne Pyongyang area, where increasingly in	its. Mor light anti
oviet Naval pers ver, air photos ircraft guns in t	onnel assigned to AAA coastal defense un eveal a slight increase in both heavy and ne Pyongyang area, where increasingly in	its. Mor light anti
oviet Naval pers ver, air photos ircraft guns in t	onnel assigned to AAA coastal defense un eveal a slight increase in both heavy and ne Pyongyang area, where increasingly in	its. Mor light anti
oviet Naval pers ver, air photos ircraft guns in t	onnel assigned to AAA coastal defense un eveal a slight increase in both heavy and ne Pyongyang area, where increasingly in	its. Mor light anti