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EGYPT: Fahmi Speech Egyptian Foreign Minister Fahmi has told some Egyptian legislators that recent public statements by President Carter and General Secretary Brezhnev are: -- Evidence of the success of Egypt's diplomacy. -- An improvement over the previous static situation. -- A sign that both leaders are dealing personally with the Middle East. -- A guarantee that there will be movement on Middle East problems because each statement requires the other major power to react. Fahmi said it is clear that President Carter's remarks on borders and on a Palestinian homeland are trial bal-loons--parts of which are not acceptable to Egypt. The US statements, according to Fahmi, prompted Brezhnev to express Soviet views about a solution. Fahmi indicated that Egypt's diplomacy has sought to produce such exchanges. Fahmi termed Brezhnev's statement timely and positive for Egypt. President Sadat said on Tuesday it showed moderation, although it offered no significant change in the Soviet position. Fahmi told the legislators that he hoped President Carter would reply to Brezhnev. On the substance of a settlement, Fahmi also vigorously reasserted Egypt's position that "there will be no negotiations over an inch of territory, and there can be no solution without an independent national entity for the Palestinians." Negotiations, he said, must begin with the Palestinian

problem. He made clear that only settlement of this issue would

Egypt and the Arab world for the Egyptian government to show

Fahmi's presentation partly reflects pressures within

eliminate the reason for war.

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that its diplomatic initiatives are producing results. At the same time, Egyptian leaders probably also believe developments are moving in the right direction.

The danger is that in the months ahead the pressur will gradually push Egyptian rhetoric well beyond what is justified by developments, raising unwarranted popular—and off cial—expectations regarding a settlement. Egyptian leaders populace went through a similar period of escalating expectation and subsequent disillusionment in 1972 and 1973.	Fi - (
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