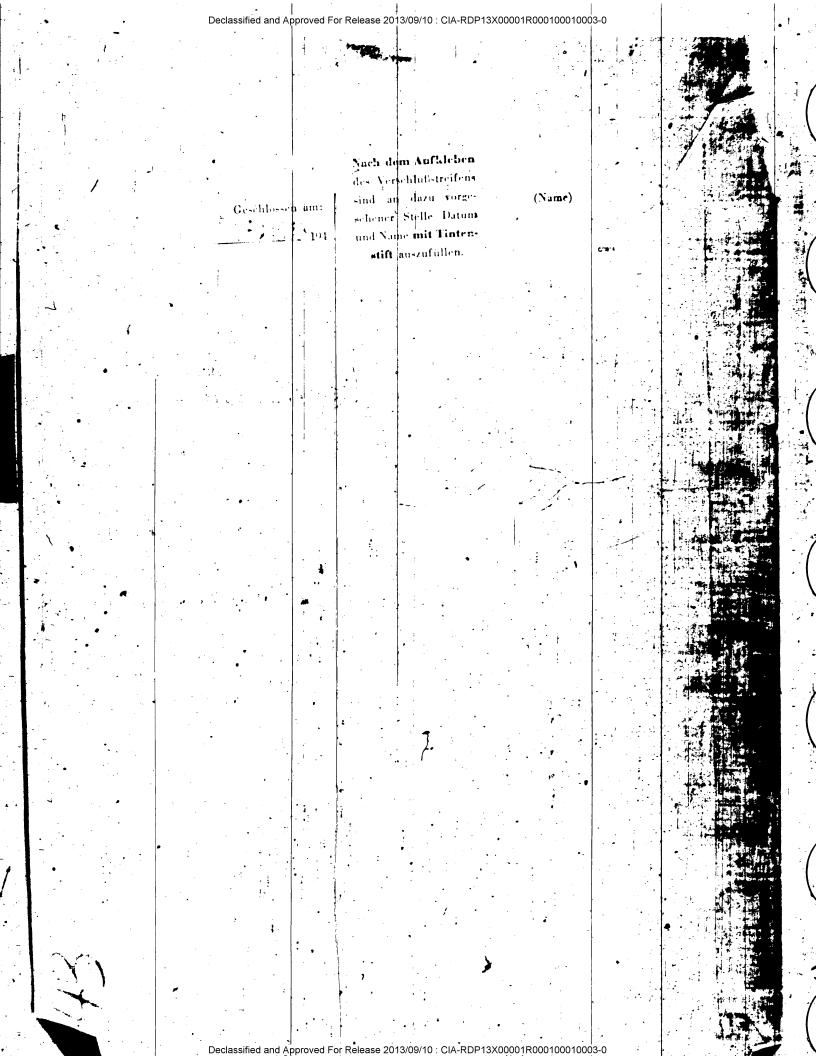
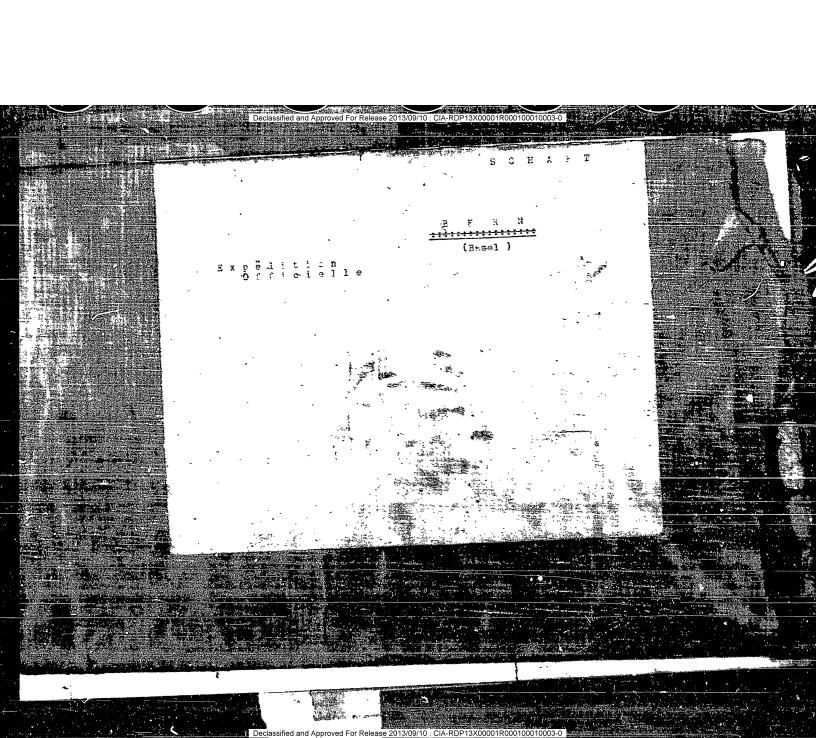


Sofort zustellen! Eigenhändig! Geheim! An Sonderdienst Seehaus

des Auswärtigen Amtes und des
Reichsministeriums für Volksaufklärung
und Propaganda Berlin SW 11, Schließfach 74 Fernruf: 80 62 12 und 80 62 13





# GREEKAN INTERNATIONAL MARKING AND TRADE RESOUTIATIONS

Hovember 1943. Hoyningen-Houne, German Minister to Pertugal regarding wolfren megotiations; 600 tons of wolfren under megotiation with Halasar, to be based similarly on terms of preceding agreement.

B.S. 50

UK Corporation stalled deliveries; wolfram obtainable, but funds lacking in Mahossy; prospects poor for receipt of further deliveries;

Hans Dischhaff, German Ambassador to Spain, asked for reduction of dray on wolfram; Caroeller denied request pointing to American suggestion that full embarge be placed on wolfram.

11 Beautier 1945; Becker, German Counselor in Bedrid, Stated Sofindus had claimed export of the first communication to Germany Jan. Sept. 30, 1945 equaled 646 terms Flux 100 terms black (market) normal export from October, 11, 1945 equaled 200 tons.

17 February 1864. Expland offered arms deliveries to many.

B.S. 120

25 Petranty 1914. Propertal to export 200 tons not accepted. Derimarit of Sefinans intended to export tangetes diaguised as lead.

All Petersony 1941. Sedindus reseived expert permis for lead; Singeton to be substituted; 600 tons

Count Jordans, Spanish Poreign Minister, desired restriction of thingston to all countries, 500-700 tous to be Commun's share. Moreon, Minister of May, Jordans's sele supporter in Cabinet France basically in agreement. Carealler, Minister of Industry and Commune, would be great loss to Germany in a sabinet shakenge.

6 March 1866. Armonest, passing, grain, amenium Science, passenter, relies and ortion from Germany were under discussion. December 1945. German attempts to seize Italian.

Funds; belief the Spanish payment of civil war claims in treasury certificates still available to Fascist Republicanes; Raba instructed to dispatch Italian gold at Milan to Francensfeste.

B.S. 6

Declaration and Approved For Palagon 2012/00/40 - CIA PDD12V00001P000100010003

Undated. No reason to believe tungsten experts from Purtugal would increase except for increased production in Gemma-owned mines. B.S. 148

James 1944. Vigon, Spanish Minister for Air manifest delivery of 150 tons wolfn at lead also.

B.S. 165

Pobruary 1944. Ribbantrop suggests uncompromising attitude toward Spanish wolfrom agreements

March 1844. Britain and United States attempting to limit to 10 per cent, Spanish welfram for Germany with belance to Allies.

Jerdann's feeble points on wolfram exports
L. Spain's severeignty and neutrality threatened
L. Government not responsible for delivery dilays

2. Government not responsible for delivery quita.

3. Welfram exports in 1948 was 847.7 tons committing of normal 752.7 tons plus 142 tons covered by aviation agreement. 1,525 tens

to German arguments to be based on supplies to Spanish economy.

5. Jordana had not mnewered Disskhoff's demand of 25 February 1944 for expert of 200 tens.

March 1944. Dischaef and Gos Penarania negotipolities of makenes street iron for walfram, Disgained markistices many have forwards canonic paints of 1,000 cars and 50 locambives for welchange of 1,000 cars and 50 locambives for welframes through dearing—but this matter be hardled through alearing—but adjut be mentioned in a political deal involving grain or oil. Penarania stated risks in sangling walfram were intreased by occumulativ unique react appring of raw rubber and salfram predaction of conflicting reports on salfram predaction during 1945-1944 indisorbed that Comming was obtaining to per cont

Principal State Reporting temportum segetiations report of the particular parametrist and portugate temportum apportant and of the state of the stat

3.5. 234

A	B.A. 234
erman Minister believed Portuguese would	OOT.
armen Minister believed Portugues alt welfrem production rather than break January 1944 Production,	
alt walfrem production rather duction.	
J.P. BLIGIAN	
9 tons	
reminent furtruoded to press	
Jerman Minister instructed to press Selesar to force manufacturers to cease boarding to force manufacturers to cease boarding	
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and thus determined the camouflaged shipments of sino	B.S. 241
1944. The Gamoullaged Shipmen	
to be included in seffee shipment.	58
April 1944. 14,718 tons of chrome from Turkey to	B.S. 258
14.718 form of chrome from the	
Paris Issue	
Gement .	18.S. 264
haters gudehr soccepanion surprise	
Hareh 1944. Amberat Gudehr accompanied shipment of 1960,000 gold marks to Spain.	B.8. 48
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May 1544. Serindus German-controlled in excess of Firm experting unifrom illegally in excess of Firm experting unifrom illegally in excess of the experting unifrom illegally in the beautiful in the control of the con	
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July 1964. Cole Veles, Argentine Military Attache,	E.O. 000
July 1944: Cole Veles, Argentine Hillary of Bruenn Statements through Madrid representative of Bruenn and mamfacturing rights to be	
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Mundial Indian	
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AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	
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	B.S. 763
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not be made.  German-Pertuguese transactions  To be the common of Pertugues would pro-	
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Boromber 1944. Discussion by Serest Mebassy Founder Fibra of transfer to School through Sofindus (Societal Financiers e Industrial) for softing up surrousy embange. B.S. 566

Orbehur 1966. Reprintions between Santos Costa, Fortuguese Einister of Mer and Baron von Enigge, thought to be commune advisor to the German Legation in Lisbon, for delivery of arms to Germanys Shipments to be via Switzerland; Sheinmetall-Bornig Aktiongosolisehaft, (main office in Eusseldperf) participating. B.S. 567

Economic 1944. Shipments of partial arms orders from Spain to Germany by plane embarrassing to Spannards due to Allied pressure; Bussian, British and Imprisan papers attacking France regime with further attacks anticipated. B.S. 569

October 1966. Banker, Madrid, stated Reich Ministry of Ministry Instructed Refindus to shook with Madrid Balancy regarding 12,000 ton walfrom concentrate to be harbored at Debancy under diplomatic immunity clause. Bibes objected as presention to (1) Bahanny priparty which might be endangered by such procedure and (1) and grounds of lack of space.

B.S. 570

Case (complicated by Spanish production tax of 100,000,000 persons due at time of export but claimable by Spanish Troppury independent of ship-ment and of equality.

October 1944. Moll, Rieman (Statement branch of Nime) Soldinger allegedly arranging air transport of unifrem to Summay. Servia, from Selemance, repuried dispussions with histoger.

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B.S. 571

pirinkly not on welfren matteres Germans conenried over attention he attented. B.S. 572

y. g.s. 611. car Born, Montabe Board of Wester Makeler Milselmbetwie A.G. in Demail, north-met Generally - Visited Spain Desember 1944, on temment mission for making tools for Jeogor pro-pression be shipped to Breden on Spanish ship.

Describer 1944. Johnson Bornburd, provident of Solindus, Bull. 618 White Hall Would despise firm, and therfulrer of So in Spaint to Financial transaction for cost of supply-ing German-bold Atlantic fortroom at Reyen.

of 1966. Beenler, unidentified.

member 1966. Lober, of Helinder - emegling SIVILES for supply of Allentic fortross, layer.

B.S. 613

B.S. 756

December 1944. Sees Casariego, looked after apparish interests of German potash syndicate; gard consections in Spanish Government circles. Lequeries advised him to disguise German funds so that they would not be affected by Allied pressure for astion against German funds in Spain.

B.S. 787

Describer 1944. Carceller denied rumors that payment for transfer from American to Spanish hands of controlling interest in Compania Telefonica. Macional de Espana would be made in part through transfer to American control of Spanish potash producing company, Union Espanola de Explosivos.

B.H. 788

December 1944. Publ, Vice President of Reichsbern; held conferences with Seize bankers and businessmen who unentinously declared they would rather not foruge advantages of free emphange until end of hostilities er longers negotiations with Weber, President of Swiss Mational Bank, conducted in "usual atmosphere of trust"; Mational Bank would combract for considerable enquits of Relichsbank gold deposited in Berner gold reserves in Berne to he replexished with Hational Bank taking personal charge of transfer of gold across the Spriers Mets and Homberger of Suiss Sectionic Ballagation wasted to make consent dependent on firs German premise to deliver neel; in discussion of shrinings of German export funds for large German purchases in Switzerland and even so-called ile, including maintenance of German official incidentals, including maintenance of German offi representatives, Weber stated "legitimate German mande" muld be mot.

B.S. 802

Bromeher, Ching Administrative Officer of ONI, studed with regard to Your Year Plan that ON students of transmentation through private banking implifications noting as interactioning from compations. French from motor remaining from compation, which forums authorities had been trying to dimp in Billimoriand and Portugal, to be utilised at a contain rate of embange (Linber Susted SO

B.S. 806

E.S. 805

Jammery 1945. Swiss-German rookst negotiations, involving demonstration of rocket projector by Eola-Robbsell Campuny, German Government concern manufacturing powder and signal flares, for KTA (Swiss War Technology Section; conversations between Eola-Settemil representative and Brindlinger and Bührle, Swiss industrialists; discussion between Bührle and Steinle of Reichesicherheits-bampunkt in Genetanse; discussion between Brindlinger and Brigsdier Colonel von Wattemyl. Chief Mills-Rottweil; ETA instigated application for Swiss visus for Directors Geisler and Decker of Hills-Rottweil.

B.S. 804

Suptember 1945. Switzerland refuses to increase deliveries of relier bearings and radic apparatus. Generally hopes for successful conclusion of her suggestations with the Critics Mihrlo Co., Eurich, the and munitions manufacturers, and with the Section hand a suffice Surich, matchine factory.

B.S. 988

September 1945. Comman Spenish negotiations belies Moseller and Carcaller, Spanish Minister of Mosesay, regarding Comman grain shipments to Spain in emohange for Spanish goods.

B.S. 1006

Average 1946. Comman-Symple wolfram negotiations.

3.5. 1007

Broader 1845. Sofindus reported export of 649 was malfred consentrate from 1 January to 30 September with additional 100 team shipped illegally. Horsel exports from Setaber to December 11, 200 teams.

B.S. 1006

Mily lower Paperson, Busche y Martin, Germanelectric of encious bretters and stipping firm in Martin, handled [Liegal shipping of liver concontinue from Argentian to Germany via Spain.

B.S. 1009

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Probably Polestry 1845, for index solfres saughing; in 1975 per problem 1 probably found idea of sociating sulfress problem 1 probably found idea of sociating sulfress by saing desired surface under strict Spanish supersolf and any attempt to draw you them would reader single the threat to all temperated stroke due to all temperated attacks due to allited presented your section of the property of the section of the property of the section of the sectio

B.S. 883

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B.S. 882

The state of the s

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্ন : সংক্রা**ন্ত** 

February 1945: Swiss-German elearing negotiations; Ferman deliveries of coal necessary to safeguard financial negotiations and keep Gotthard route open. B.S. 884

Pebruary 1945. (Wiss-Gorman clearing negotiations)
White bitimatus that advance delivery of 10,000
terms of coal necessary sendition; Ambassador
Schmurs told Foreign Minister Switzerland intended
to make agreement despite arrival of Anglo-American
Commission.

3.5. 185

February 1945. Swims-German clearing negotiations; Febbore more difficult by German measures banning transit of Swedich goods through Germany to Switzer-land; Germany had very little to offer as it was.

2.61. 206

James 1945. Transfer of HCHARMERS to Japan; property transfer certificate reported signed James 1946 but dated transferred as of 22 July leaves in return Japan was to deliver four freighters of some age and in some condition as SCHARMERS at time of transfer; delivery to be within two months after end of war of both countries with the common county; if these ships not swaitable at that time, similar comes to be leased free of charge until specified ships could be transferred.

B.S. 975

3.5. 912

March 1946. Bernier negetiations with Spanish Deverment involving German Gennseler of Embassy of Sermier; Seman Air Attache Erabmer and Director Mayr of Dernier; 20 million postess outstanding for License of Bernier 24 Flying Best, which Dornier could no longer license; negetiations under my for development of new model jointly by Dornier and Spanish Ministry of Aviation through which Germany could semsidemably impresse her fereign credits since Enraise could supply Spaniards with bluoprints of greatly impreved technical developments.

B.S. 980

Pebruary 1945. Regatistions involving German funds in Greating Proposed use of Recommark pool in Greating to redeem burn mress presented by Greatian refugees to Germany; in this way Sermany hoped to transfer surplus capital of German firms to the Baioth

B.S. 985

Polymery 1945. Corner-disvakian economic discussions of Corners Recents Delegate, Comman Connersial Attached Sand Premier line; involved financing of Webra macht, evacuation of Shrvakian Beak, financing of Shrvakian legations and disposal of Reichmark funds within the Brich.

December 1945. Illegal Portuguese tin ship- ments to be included in food shipments; Govern- ment against Lesser in charge of routing mero an-	<b>3.8. 1010</b>
dise by train between Formand and Germany.  dise by train between Formand and Germany.  February 1944. Allied sanctions to be balanced  February 1944. Allied sanctions to be balanced  February delivery of gasoline 3,000 to 5,000	B.S. 1015
of grain having had such an excellent effects of grain having had such an excellent effects September 1948. Disckhoff suggested protest by September 1948. Disckhoff s	B.S. 1015
consists on 10 Jamery 1945 to lot be maded to epinion that Italian claim should be maded to demand.  Harsh 1944. German-Spanish negotiations to liquidate war claims to involve clearing advance of SCO, OCO, OCO, pecetas to be balanced against	B.S. 1016
Outsber 1945. Hoyningen Buene negotiations with	p.S. 1056
s new wolfres agreements.  Section 1946. Section offer represented a section of 1946 william Reinhesertes resulting to 250 to 45 million due to in a German deficit of 35 to 45 million due to	B.S. 1069

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Principle 1944. Househor regarding Greek financial Filmation, January 1944: Missanagement of funds in extempt to stabilize Greek currency, occupation exerts, withdrawal of direct assistance from Intermitational funds, and financial debade involving directment and lack of goods force Greek currency failures Because and social consequences commerced with collapse would prove serious to German Milinary interests.

B.S. 1178

B.S. 1149

September 1965. Hegetintiens regarding Turkish-Serman chrone deal involving 185,000 tons of ore discussed by Papen and Fereign Minister Menamenologic through the Hei Bank (Turk) and Krupp. Difficulties of transport Fending.

3.5. 1190

Movember 1945. Immolving British efforts to prevent smuggling of small items of large smutring in worth from South America to Spain and Portugal.

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# OFFICE OF STRATEGIC SERVICES

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	DIRECTOR, SECRETARIA	I MINGROOM IT
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SECRET

#1377. BOSTONS. BIRD TO 109 AND CARIB. IN REFERENCE TO YOUR #4217 (OUT 6942) ON BOSTON SERIES.

G-2 BELIEVES THEATER NEEDS WILL BE SERVED IF ALL TECHNICAL INTELLIGENCE CONTAINED IN BOSTON ARE SENT FAST POUCH. THEY USE CONTINUATION OF INFORMATION OTHER THAN TECHNICAL BY RADIO.

The Rome's which will be to the work of the country of the country

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SECRET

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29 January 1945

MINIORANIAM FOR General Minimales Silling

Mis mesorantes of a dismary 1945 addressed with Lt. Putsell his mesorantes of 26 dismary 1945 addressed to you. He stated that he had mentioned the budget to me in our previous approximation commercing the most far espice of MIS disseminations of Boston Suries unterial, but that it was merely a samult reference. This was not the way his remarks impressed no sind I have no supersued this to him. He indicated that he hid so intention of using this material for such pure posses but merely mented a copy for Seneral Deservants files.

Since this exterial was secured for General Bonovan's recorder, a sopy of it is being sent directly to Lt. Putsell.

HOLD TOWNS

Thomas W. Dunn Lieut. (j.g.) USKR

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and Mr. Putate 1

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THE MININE

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General Magruder

26 Jamery 1945

Lt. Putsell Boston Series

X-2TS 517 Tr Magnader 1/26

In writing the attached menorandum to you (dated 16 January 1945) for Colonel Pfaff's signature, Lt. Dunn stated an inaccuracy at the bottom of page 2.

I wish to point out that at no time in my conversation with his have I gut the reason for the request upon the besis that the material is seeded for budget nurposus. I am well sware of the security problem inherent in the handling of this meterial.

Lis (1.80.) UUNR
Ameistant Executive

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## 10b ELLLEL

# OFFICE OF STRATEGIC SERVICES WASHINGTON, D. C.

16 January 1945

MEMORANDUM FOR GENERAL MAGRIDER

SUBJECT: Boston Series

The second secon

Early in September, following discussions with Col. Buxton, and Mr. Cheston, concerning special disseminations of the Boston Series No. 384, No. 386 and No. 388, you will remember a general request was made of MIS for copies of all disseminations made by MIS in their special reports from the Boston Series. Since MIS, in disseminating the Boston Series thru the medium of their special reports, inating the Boston Series thru the medium of their special reports, makes references to the Boston Series by name and states their source, it was felt that we should have copies of this material in our files.

The MIS representatives indicated that they would comply with this request but, because the job me nt searching through a great number of files, and a marently in some instances duplicating codies, asked if there was any rush a out supplying us with the material asked if there was as we understood it, the rejuest was simply in question. Since, as we understood it, the rejuest was simply one to complete OSS files, we stated that we would like to have the material at their convenience.

(m two or three occasions, Lt. Putzell called X-2 to ask where these copies were and on each occasion, as well as on several others, the FTS representative was reminded of our continuing in-

On 1 Janu ry 1945 X-2 received a Memorandum from MIS, dated 28 December 1944, which evaluated the Boston Series as a whole.

It, however, did not include any of the references or quotations from the actual MIS disceminations. When we pointed out again that we were interested in receiving actual copies of the disceminations, we were informed that the special report in which this material goes out not only is of a Top Secret nature but is limited terial goes out not only is of a Top Secret nature but is limited terial goes out not only is of a Top Secret nature but is limited terial goes out not only is of a Top Secret nature but is limited terial goes out not only is of a Top Secret nature but is limited terial goes out not only is of a Top Secret nature but is limited terial goes out not only is of a Top Secret nature but is limited terial goes out not only is of a Top Secret nature of the Boston Secret nature and that, almost and the source which serves as the body had been so isoproporated with the source which serves as the body had been so isoproporated with the source which serves as the body had been so isoproporated with the source which serves as the body had been special reports, it was impossible, in fact, to separate for these special reports, it was impossible, in fact, to separate them. Nexturally, it. Dunn asked to see these reports. He arrives

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## TOP SECRET

MEMORANDUM FOR GINERAL MAGRUDER -2-

that this is quite true and that, while OSS has received credit in each instance, the Boston material has been worked in as either corroborating or adding additional facts to a picture.

However, the MIS representatives were asked if three were any instances in which they had used Bouton Series material in toto and, if in those cases they would release copies of such material to us, since there would be no security question involved. They indicated that, in most instances, we had been immediately provided with copies of material so used but that they would check their files further to see if there were any reports so used which had not been given

For this reason, we have been holding the Memorandum received on the first of January 1945 in order to obtain these disseminations. Two such disseminations were received today and are attached.

In order that you may have a complete file, you will ind attended also a copy of all the evaluations of the Boston Series recelved from MIS under their various dates. Listed below are the dates on which this material was received:

10 January 1944 7 March 1944 6 April 1944 1 June 1944

roports

22 August 1944 b September 1944 7 September 1944

16 October 1944. 27 October 1944 28 Decemper 1944

Evaluation of first report given to MIS Boston Series No. 1 through 75 Boston Series No. 'S through 134 Bos ton Series No. 128 through No. 164, plus evaluations of material not previously evaluated and certains pecial Dissemination of Boston Series in toto Dissemination of Boston Series in toto Seston Series No. 164 through 414, plus evaluations of certain back mesuages

not previously covered Boston Series No. 418 through 419 Dissemination of Boston Series in toto Overall evaluation of all material to

Old has a Top Bear et document, dated 6 May 1944, entitled, Miss has a rop medical document, devote a may room; successively of which is in the Director's files. under the date 19 July 1944. This document, sent to the MIS "Top Matter (see Attachment A), cardilly explained the whole background of the Ros ton Series and disseminated certain Far East material.

Lest night in a telephone convergetion with Lt. Dunn, Lt. Putsell indicated that a new pressoy exists for these special MIS discenting The use of these special purposes, of course, raises several seproblem will ch you, no doubt, will want to disouse with the

# TOP SECRET MEMORANDIM FOR GENERAL MAGRUDER -3-

16 Januar / 1945

Secretarist. Therefore, instead of forwarding this material discretly to the Secretarist, we are directing it to your attention.

Acting Chief, X-2 Branch

## TOP SECRET

#### ATTACHMENT A.

"Top List"

Secretary of War -- Stimson

Asst. Secretary of War -- McCloy

Chief of Staff -- General Marshall

CS AAF -- General Arnold

Deputy C. of S. -- General McZarney

A.C. of S, G-2 -- General Bissell

A.C. of S., OPD -- General Handy

Deputy A.C. of S., G-2 -- Goly Weckling

A.C. of S. Intelligence -- White
Comminsh -- Admiral King

Chief of O.N.I. -- Admiral Shairmann The Could

### SECRET

DEPARTI ENT Military Intelligence Service Washington

10 Jan 44.

MENO RANDUM FOR MR. THOMAS DUNN:

0

Subject: Parsley Case

Reference your memorandum of 7 Jan 44.

- 1. In the evaluation of information such as your report, for the purpose of determining the authenticity of the source, the
  - a. Is the report probably time?
  - b. Is the report of the kind that the source would be likely to issue?
  - c. Does the report contain information that it would be difficult to obtain from other sources?
    - d. Is the report of a kind that might be issued
    - As a piece of deception from the source or a (1)related source; or
    - As a piece of merchandise by a fraudulent informer?

These questions as applied to your report are discussed below.

- a. Is the report probably true?
  - 2. The following is almost certainly true:

That the German naval authorities have recently asked the Foreign Office to talk with the Japanese on the subject of Timor, with a view to bringing about some concessions to Portugal.

This is not definitely known; but there is good reason to believe that one or more OKM representatives talked with one or more Japanese Naval Attaches in Europe during the first half of December 1943, on the subject of Timor; and that mort of approach would tery likely be accompanied by an approach through diplomatic channels.

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#### SECRET

3. The following seems doubtful:

That the OKM asked the Foreign Office to suggest evacuation of Timor.

The reasons for this doubt are:

- a. The German Foreign Office is fully familiar with the controversy and discussions between the Portuguese and the Japanese concerning Timor; and it is presumed that the OKM is also familiar with the subject.
- $\underline{b}$ . No one familiar with this subject would expect a suggestion for evacuation to be entertained for a moment.
- c. The Japanese would consider such a suggestion so preposterous that their reaction to it might produce the opposite effect to that intended.
- $\underline{d}_{\bullet}$ . The Germans know this; they treat their Oriental friends with kid gloves, and do not make suggestions of this kind.
- 4. However, the Foreign Office might well tell the Japanese that the OKM had asked them to suggest evacuation. It would, in fact, be not untypical of Foreign Office methods for it to say, in making representations on the subject, that it had been asked by the OKM to request evacuation, and then to add that of course evaduation would be impossible but that it would be nice if the Japanese would restore communications between Timor and Lisbon and allow a Portuguese representative to visit the island and report about the goings-on there. These are the 2 matters with which the Portuguese Government has been worrying the Japanese for some time.
- 5. The writer doubts that the ORM asked the Foreign Office to suggest to the Japanese that they evacuate Timor, but considers it possible that the Foreign Office may have said so; and in any event the writer is satisfied that the ORM did take up this matter with the Foreign Office during the first half of December 1943.

## b. Is the report of the kind that the source would be likely to issue?

5. This is a diffficult question, in the absence of knowledge as to the person to whom the report was addressed. The best that I can say is that, whether the OKM suggested evacuation or suggested something less, I have trouble in imagining circumstances which would prompt the Foreign Office to send such a report to any of the persons to whom information on the particular subject would normally go. The story is a very old one to the most likely candidate, the Corman Minister in Lisbon. Also the Statement of the Navy's reasoning soms rather an elucidation of the obvious, since nobody would need to tell Hoyningen-Rushe, or any other German diplomate either, that Allied air bases in

DECUEL

#### BECRET

Portugal and the Cape Verde Islands would hamper the German submarine warfare, or that the subject was worrying the OKM.

- 7. In order to comment more accurately, without spending a lot of time thinking up straw men and then knocking them down, I would
- 8. On the information that I have, I am not satisfied that the report is of the kind that the presumed source would send out. Eowever, there is always the possibility that the paraphrase is inaccurate. Moreover, I have frequently read paraphrases which were not inaccurate but which sounded implausible, but on reference to the original have found a document that was thoroughly plausible when read as a whole and with knowledge of the sender, addressee and evidence in the message as to its raison d'etre.
  - c. Does the report contain information that it would be difficult so obtain from other sources?
- 9. That the Germans have been worried about the Timor situation for some months is probably a widely known fact; and the reasons for their concern are plain enough. That the OKM has been giving attention to the problem during the last couple of months is inferred by the writer from facts that are probably known to a good many people in Auropean capitals. It is believed, therefore, that the message contains to information that it would be difficult to obtain from other sources or to infer or guess at from information that probably has circulated fairly widely.
  - d. (1) Is the report of a kind that might be issued as a piece of deception from the source or a realted source?
- 10. The report has some of the earmarks of deception material; but the writer cannot think of a reason why the Germans would circulate material of this kind for deception purposes, especially since their concern about the Timor problem is undoubtedly very real.
- 11. However, if they were engaged in an elaborate plan of deception, they might well circulate such an item for the purpose of building up confidence in the source. It is of a type that is calculated to establish confidence, since it treats of a very private matter but one which nevertheless can be checked to a sufficient extent to
  - (2) Is the report of a kind that might be issued as a piece of merchandise by one trying to make character as an informer?
- 12. Obviously it is of such a kind, since the subject is one of current interest, and the report is at least superficially plausible and has some support in fact.

Marie Committee

### BECRET

- 13. Two other comments may possibly help your people in their evaluation of the report:
  - a. The United States has not, so far as I know, made any use of the Timor situation as a lever with the Portuguese, and I would feel pretty sure that the Germans have no contrary impression.
  - b. If the message purports to state the reasons why the Germans are worried about further cooperation by Portugal with the Allies, it is to be noted that it coults the second important reason, viz., the possible loss of Portuguese wolfram.

### Conclusion:

14. The writer has not seen the report which is paraphrased in your memorandum; is unable to determine whether the subject report is probably authentic or probably spurious; inclines slightly to the latter view; but might feel differently if the actual text of the report, to gether with the name of the addressee, were available.

/s/ Alfred McCormack Colonel, General Staff

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## TOP SECRET

March 7, 1944

MEMORANDUM FOR J. R. Murphy

STRIECT

Boston Series

The second evaluation meeting on the Boston Series material was held at Colonel McCormack's offic, Special Branch, M.I.D. The O.S.S. was represented by Mr. Fraderick Mayer, SI, Lieutenant Bastedo of General Magruder's Office, and T. W. Dunn of X-2. The Special Branch was represented by Colonel McCormack and Henry Rigby.

Before the meeting the Special Branch representatives stated that they would discuss only Boston Series numbers 8, 9, 14, 22, 28, 30, 31, 23, 58, 62 and S8. This selection was made because these messages were the easiest for the Special Branch to evaluate. At the meeting, with the exception of messages 22, 28, and 58, it was stated that all the above enumerated messages were authentic. It was stated that messages 22, 28 and 58 could be authentic, but the Special Branch was not in a position to confirm this. The Special Branch representatives evinced the most interest in message number 30, which they stated could be known by only a small number of people.

Following this detailed dissemination we went over the first 75 messages in a general way. Colonel McGormack indicated which messages the Special Branch could evaluate and those which it could not. He made brief statements concerning those which could be evaluated. Notes are available concerning the Special Branch's opinion of individual messages on our X-2 copies. Of the first seventy-five messages, numbers 21, 27, 39, 40, 464, 52, 54, 55 and 72 are still being worked on in the Special Branch.

At the next meeting we will discuss these and the remainder of the messages received to date.

We have been waiting for your return to go over this material to decide how we should handle the dissemination of the information from this source that can be of value in our own shop. Lieutenant Bastedo, representing General Magruder, has told us that we are at liberty to use the material as we see fit within the Branch, providing, of course, the proper cover is used.

While there is not a great deal which is of counter-intelligence nature, you will find attached a list of the Boston messages from the first 75, which in the opinion of the writer contain information which may be of some use to X-2. None of this material could be evaluated by the Special Bransh.

TOP SECRET Thomas W. Dunn

- 1. No. 16.
- 2. No. 18.

- TON STEPLE
- 3. No. 51, lists 2 secret agents, -- 2 Abwehr, Tangiers, trying to get out.
- 4. No. 52, lists 1 Abwehr, Tangier -- Tetuan Exchange.
- 5. No. 56, only as slant on French relations.
- 6. No. 57, last two lines indicating new Genty.
- 7. No. 64 -- Alfonso Mabbe.
- 8. No. 70, cities with propaganda offices.
- 9. No. 71, certain French collaborationists.
- 10. No. 73, Fuetterer at Harbine.
- 11. No. 93, Sarraut.
- 12. No. 94, names of certain university teachers working on propaganda, may be cover.
- 13. No. 95, name Walter used as signature.

# SECRET

Mr. Richard Southgate

Thomas W. Dunn

April 6, 194

The second secon

Boston Series

Mr. Murphy and the writer attended a meeting at the Special Branch, M.I.D., at which time the Boston Series messages, Nos. 76 through 134

Special Branch representatives stated that it was possible to authenticate only a relatively small number of messages in this group. Messages which they declared authentic are; 86, 88, 100 (probably authentic), 101 (probably authentic), 112 (probably authentic but facts incorrect), 124 (paragraph one authentic).

In a number of instances the centent of the messages was declared probably true. A brief description of the Special Branch's opinion con-

No. 76. No information available concerning authenticity of message or accuracy of contemt.

Nos. 77-84, inclusive. No information available concerning either the authenticity of the messages or their content.

No. 85. (Item dated November 15, 1943) It was stated that the Germans were circulating this story to a limited extent around Portugal in October 1943. In all probability it might have been a deception.

No. 87. The facts in this message are correct, although the last paragraph has been peddled everywhere throughout Europe.

No. 89. The information in this memorandum, it is stated, is logical and reasonable, although there is no confirmation of its authenticity.

No. 90. No information available concerning authenticity of message or as wracy of content.

No. 91. Reports indicate that the letter referred to in the second paragraph on page 4, under the date December 6, 1943, was written.

No. 32. No information available concerning the truth of this report or the authenticity of the message.

Mo. 93-99, inclusive. No information available concerning the truth of these reports or the authenticity of the messages.

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# SECRET

TO: Mr. Richard Southgets

April 6, 1944

No. 102. The facts in this message are probably correct.

No. 103. No information available concerning the truth of this report or the authenticity of the message.

No. 104. It was stated that the facts in this message are plausible.

No. 105. No information available concerning the truth of this report or the authenticity of the message.

No. 106. It was stated that the facts in this message looked queer.

No. 107. While there was no material to substant ate the message, the facts regarding the Field Marshal referred to have worked out as indicated.

Mos. 108 - 111, inclusive. No information available concerning the truth of these reports or the authenticity of the messages.

Nos. 113 - 117, inclusive. No information available concerning the truth of these reports or the authenticity of the messages.

No. 118. Information concerning subject's relationship to the Abwehr, as well as his previous activities are correct.

Mos. 119 - 122, inclusive. No information available concerning the truth of these reports or the authenticity of the messages.

No. 123. This message puzzled the Special Branch representatives since the figures were the same as the story released generally by the Germans for propaganda purposes. The facts, however, are not correct.

No. 124. Paragraph me is authentic. The material in paragraph two has not been possible to check, although it sounds o.k.

No. 125. The facts as stated are probably correct.

No. 125. The facts in this message are probably 100% accurate, but there is no evidence conserming the authenticity of the message. Special Branch representatives substituted the name Stahmer for Ott.

No. 127. The facts me stated are substantially correct.

No. 128. The facts as stated are correct and the message sounds aut watio.

No number. The message referring to Frau Von Gronau interested Special Branch representatives. It was stated that the report was made as in-

### BECHET

## SECRET

TO: Mr. Richard Southgate

-3-

April 6, 1944

dicated, but made prior to the 15th of February, and also indicated that she was going to leave. The measage as received ere states that she left on the 15th of February, 1944.

No. 129 - 131, inclusive. No information available concerning the truth of these reports or the authenticity of the messages.

No.:132. The facts as stated in this message sound correct, although the date in the third line which reals, "6 March 1944..." in the message, actually should be the 15th of March, 1944.

No. 133. This message is probably authentic.

No. 134. No information available concerning the truth of this report or the authenticity of the message.

BECRET

ICh i ....

1 June 1944

Poston Series Number:	Evaluation
Special Neport #14	No information on any of the numbered items. Tow- ever, as regards item 5, that might be authentic since Spanish troops are believed to have been ordered to the French border as a preventive measure against disturbances of thekind mentioned.
Special Report #15	Paragraph 1, no information. However, certain German Foreign Office officials have been spending considerable time away from Berlin and the place names mentioned seem reasonable as places they may have frequented.
•	As regards paragraph 2, those might well be the views of a "well placed German official."
#128 <b>-</b> A	No information.
# <b>13</b> 5	No information.
#138	No information.
#144	No information.
<u>°</u> 147	No information.
<b>†148</b>	Sould be authentic as the facts are believed to be accurate.
<del>-</del> 149	Believed to be authentic.
-150	Believed to be authentic.
£151	No information (126 believed to be authentic.)
4151-A	No information.
4151-C	Faragraph 1 believed to be authentic. Remaining paragraphs, no information.
152	Balieved to be autientic.
153	All information believed to be authentic.
·154	Paragraph 1 - believed to be authentic.  " 2 - " " " "  " 3 - no information.  " 4 - " "  " 5 - " "  " 6 - " "  " 7 - believed to be authentic.

Boston Series Numbers	TOP STORET			
#155 <sup>°</sup>	Could be authentic, although certain of the facts are somewhat in quostion.			
#156	Fould be authentic, because the facts are believed to be accurate.			
<b>⊭</b> 157	No information, but could be authentic because the facts are believed to be accurate.			
#158	Could be authentic because the facts are believed to be accurate.			
#159	Could to authentic.			
#161	No information.			
#162	No information.			
#163	Paragraph 1 - no information.  " 2 - could be authentic.  " 3 - no information.  " 4 - the next to the last sentence may be authentic.  " 5 - sub-sections 1, 2 and 3 - No.information.  - sub-section 4 - most of the information could be authentic since the facts are approximately accurate.  - sub-section 5 - believed to be authentic.  - sub-section 6 - could be authentic since the facts are believed to be accurate.  " 6 - No information.  " 7 - No information.  " 9 - No information.  " 10 - No information.  " 10 - No information.  " 11 - No information.  " 12 - Believed to be authentic.  " 15 - No information.  " 16 - No information.  " 17 - Yould be authentic on the basis of very indirect evidence available.			
TOP SE	18 - No information. 19 - Believed to be authentic since the facts are believed to be accurate. 20 - Could be authentic since the facts are believed to be approximately accurate.			

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Roston Carion Number 101	SECRET Evaluation
Boston Series Number:	1 EASTINATION
#163 (Cont'd)	Paragraph 21 - (page 8) Believed to be authentic.  " 22 - No information.  " 23 - No information, except for the 3rd sentence which is believed to be authentic since the facts are believed to be accurate.
	24 - Believed to be authentic since the facts are believed to be accurate.
#164	No information.
#WA-1, Para. 1 and "	Paragraph 1, no information.  2, 1st sentence could be authentic since the facts are relieved to be accurate.
	No information on the reaminder of second paragraph.
MA-1, Para. 2	No information.
#WA-1, ** 3	Could be authentic as the facts are believed to be accurate.
#74-1, Para. 9	No information.
#TA-1, " 10	No information.
<b>排机2</b>	Paragraph 1 - No information.  2 - No information, but last sentence sounds plausible since Spain is reported to have made such a reply in another instance.
#%-3	Paragraph 1 - No information. 2 - Could be authentic as the facts are believed to be accurate.
##IA-4	Believed to be authentic.
#TL-5	No information.
# <b>:-</b> 1	No information, although Nitti is believed to have offered his services to the Italian government.
**C&**2	Paragraph 2 - Gould be authentic since the facts are believed to be accurate.
	Paragraph 3 - Could be authentic since the facts are believed to be accurate.
TOP SECRET	Paragraph 4 - First 2 sentences could be authentic as the facts are believed to be

bs

Bosto	n Series Number:	TOP SECRET
	(Cont'd)	Evaluation
1, 200	(00111-4)	Paragraph 21 - (page 8) Believed to be authoritic.  22 - No information.  23 - No information, except for the 3rd sentence witch is believed to
		nuthentic since the facts are be- lieved to be accurate.  24 - Believed to be authentic since the facts are believed to be accurate.
#164		No information.
#NA-1,	Para. 1 and 7	Paragraph 1, no information.  2, 1st sentence could be authentic since the facts are elieved to
		be accurate.  No information on the reaminder of second paragraph.
iftea-1,	Para. 2	No information.
#WA-1,	* 3	Could be authentic as the facts are believed to be accurate.
. 1981-1,	Para. 9	No information.
₩VA-1,	" 10	No information.
#W4-2		Paragraph 1 - No information.  2 - No information, but last sentence sounds plausible since Spain is reported to have made such a reply in another instance.
#HA_3		Paragraph 1 . No information. 2 - Could be authentic as the facts are believed to be accuate.
#WA-4		Belleved to be authentic.
#FA-5		No information.
₩A-1	•	No information, although Nitti is believed to have offered his services to the Italian government.
MA-2	•	Paragraph 2 - Could be authentic since the facts are believed to be accurate.
₩ <b>XA-</b> 3	, mair.	Paragraph 3 - Could be authentic since the facts
<b>Kins</b>	TOP SECRET	Paragraph 4 - First 2 sentences could be authentic as the facts are believed to be

the same of the sa	EAUTHERION		
Boston Series Number :			
#KA-4 (Cont'd)	accurate. No information on the remainder of XA-4, paragraph 4.		
#YA-1	No information.		
4-YA-2	No information.		
#YA-3	No information.		
#ZA-1	Paragraph 1 - No information.		
#ZA-3	Paragraph 5 - Could be authentic if "Fadog- lio" was intended to reed "Mussolini" (NE: Error seems queer).		
#ZA=4	Paragraph 8 and 6 - Could be authentic as the facts are believed to be accurate.		
#ZA-5	Paragraph 7 - No information, although it is believed that the Fire's were dissatished with the German treatment of the Danesin August and September.		
ilah S	Paragraph 9 - No information.		
# <b>2.A=</b> 6	" 10 - Probably authentic.		
₩ZA-7	•		

TOP SECRET

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Declassified and Approved For Release 2013/09/10: CIA-RDP13X00001R000100010003-

TOP STEAT

# Boston Series Item Reported on 22 August 1944

Reported expectations of Japanese naval authorities: An item in the Boston Series, supplied by the OSS, contains a paraphrase of what purports to be a 10 August report from the German Military Attache in Tokyo. The report, which is considered to be probably authentic, attributes the following opionions to the "Japanese Admiralty".

- a. Truk, Rabaul, Wake, western New Guinea and Bougainville, which have been by-passed by the Americans, have no value for general defense because they are situated in the outer defense zone. However, the Bonins, Yap and Palau are located in the inner zone. Landings on Yap and Palau are anticipated.
- b. The next U.S. offensive will probably be launched against the Philippines rather than Okinawa (in the Nansei Islands, between Japan and Formosa), since the United States has concentrated 5 divisions in the New Guinea region and has landed troops (on 29 July) in western New Guinea and on Middleburg and Amsterdam Islands.
- C. Air raids will rpobably be made on the Japanese mainland from the Marianas before the end of August.

The paraphrase closes with the following statement:

"A defeatist attitude is prevalent among the Japanese
people, who are repeatedly expressing the opinion that
Japan is following Germany's pattern."

-FOP SECRET

September 5, 1944

MEMORANDUM FOR Mr. Charles S. Cheston

SUBJECT:

Special Dissemination of Boston Series #384, #386 and #388.

Attached hereto is our memorandum of August 23, 1944 to Lt. Col. Sands describing in detail the special handling requested by General Donovan of messages #384, #386 and #388 in the Boston Series. (See same attachment for 0.5.5. cable numbers.)

Also attached is a copy of the transmission of each of these three messages by M.I.S. to the individuals requested by the C.S.S. We have marked the Boston Series number in pencil on the M.I.S. discemination.

You will remember that a complete description of the Boston Series was included in a dissemination by M.I.S. of May 6, 1944, a copy of which is in General Donovan's files. Colonel McCormack had several special representatives, trained in handling this type of material, spend the better part of a day checking all of their sources in order to evaluate and supplement it. Certain additions have been included on pages 1, 3, 5 and 6 of the material covering Boston Series #386 and #388.

In addition to sending Boston Series No. 384 to Admiral Nimitz, as requested, this was also sent to another list which included the White House. The actual copy sent to the White House, with red and black pencil markings made there, is attached, since it occurred to the M.I.S. representatives that this would be of interest to us. Since this copy must be returned to M.I.S. for their files, another copy is attached. Will you kindly return the M.I.S. copy to me when you have finished with it.

Major Roger Al Pfaff, Acting Chief By:

> Thomas W. Dunn Lieutelant (j.g.) USNR

> > X-2 Branch

ca/ Lt. Col. Sands

#### SECRET

August 23, 1944

MEMORANDUM FOR: Lt. Col. Oliver J. Sands

RE: Boston Series

Following General Magruder's request, I discussed with Col. McCormack the matter of the specific routing of these messages to the individuals indicated by General Donovan in his recent cables. In each instance, the messages will go directly and immediately through G-2 security channels to the individual. Full credit will be given to the 0.3.5.

Listed below are the Number of the message and the date on which it was sent to the specific individual requested by General Donovan:

wes	s sent to t	Boston		Date	Date Sent
Refer to In Number	Bern Number	Series <u>Number</u>	Massage to go to	Received by G-2	By G-2
17839	4551-54	384	Nimitz	8-21-44, 6 p.m.	8-22
17843	4537-42	388	Pres. Roosevelt Gen. Marshall Secretary Hull	8-22-44, 6 p.m.	8-23
17843	4573-79	386	Pres. Roosevelt Gen. Marshall Secretary Hull	8-22-44, 6 p.m.	8 <b>-23</b>

Thomas W. Dunn
Lt. (j.g.) U.S.N.R.
X-2 Branch

SECRET

- d. \*Until Germany can increase her strength in the air, she cannot launch a counterattack against the enemy in France.\*\*
- authorities: An item in the Boston Series, supplied by the OSS, contains a paraphrase of what purports to be a 10 August report from the German Military Attache in Tokyo. The report, which is considered to be probably authentic, attributes the following opinions to the "Japanese Admiralty":
  - a. Truk, Rabaul, Wake, western New Guinea and Bougainville, which have been by-passed by the Americans, have no value for general defense because they are situated in the outer defense zone. However, the Bonins, Yap and Palau are located in the inner zone. Landings on Yap and Palau are anticipated.
    - b. The next U.S. offensive will probably
      be launched against the Philippines rather than Okinawa
      (in the Nansei Islands, between Japan and
      Formosa), since the United States has concentrated 5 divisions in the New Guinea region
      and has landed troops (on 29 July) in western

-3-

New Guinea and on Middleburg and Amsterdam.
Island.

c. Air raids will probably be made on the Japanese mainland from the Marianas before the end of August.

The paraphrase closes with the following statement:

"A defeatist attitude is prevalent among the Japanese people, who are repeatedly expressing the opinion that Japan is following Germany's pattern."

-4-

German-Bulgarian relations: As previously noted, throughout July Germany gave the Bulgarians some assistance in their efforts to appease Russia; among other things, German troops and equipment were at arently withdrawn from Varna and other points in Bulgaria (DS 12 aug 44). By 12 august, however, the Germans had told the Bulgarian Military attache in Berlin that they expected more military assistance, in the form of increased preparations for defense against Turkey and stronger efforts against the partisans. The status of German-Bulgarian relations at that time was not entirely clear, but the German demand included the statement that Marshal von Weichs had been given the task of insuring that the Bulgarians complied (DS 19 aug 44).

The O.S.S. has now supplied a Boston Series item paraphrasing what purports to be a 14 August message from Adolf Beckerle, Germany's Minister to Bulgaria. The item, which is considered probably authentic, describes a metting at Chamkoria\* between Beckerle and the three Bulgarian regents, Prince Kyril, Filoff and Mikhoff. Apparently Beckerle delivered a strong statement on behalf of the German Foreign Office, accusing the Bulgarian Government of preparing to desert Germany and of adopting too favorable an attitude toward Russia. Beckerle also seems to have complained about an incident in which the Bulgarians, at Russian instigntion, halted German military transport at some un-

-1-

TOP STORET

<sup>\*</sup>Chamkoria is a mountain resort south of Sofia where a number of Bulgarian officials have taken refuge.

specified point or points and ordered certain German troops to be interned and their officers sent on to Belgrade minus their luggage.

Upon receipt of the German representations, the bulgerians are said to have shown concern and emution; 'tears came to Filo?f's eyes, while Prince Kyril kept tapping his fingers on the table." The ensuing conversation, during which Filoff did most of the talking, is described as follows:

Filoff: The Germans have drawn erroneaous conclusions and are not being fair. The foundation stone of Bulgaria's foreign policy is still her alliance and friendship with the Reich. The Bulgarian Government believes that the course most favorable to Germany is to avoid as long as possible making the Balkans a battlefield. Germany should therefore efaluate everything Bulgaria is doing from that standpoint and have faith in Bulgarian allegiance.

Since Bulgaria's future depends entirely on a German victory, all efforts must be directed toward assuring that victory. The only way to prepare the Bulgarian people for war would be to prove that the Bulgarian Government has done all it could to avoid an armed clash with Russia. The Enligerian Government had expected Russia. to sever relations, a step which would have clarified the situation and brought; the entire population together.

It is unjust to accuse Bulgaria of depending on German friendship when Germany was making conquests, and drawing away now that Germany is experiencing setbacks. Bulgaria is merely doing all she can, with the assent of Germany, to

prevent the creation of another battlefield.

There is no chance that Bulgaria will turn communist.

A stiffer campaign than ever before is now being carried on against the partisans.\*

The unpleasant episode of halting military transport could have been avoided if the Germans had not sent those few troops through Bulgarian territory.

Beckerle: Germany has tried to carry out the wishes of her Ally. Over and over again, however, we have advised the Bulgarians that we disagree with their views about handling Russia, even though we did agree to withdraw our offensive forces from Varna. Propaganda favorable to Russia and unfavorable to Germany is steadily continuing in Bulgaria, and is stronger than the campaign against the Russians. If the Bulgarians wish to keep on with their policy of appearing Russia, they will be allowed to do so only insofar as Germany approves.

The conduct of the Bulgarians in halting military transport was insufferable.

Filoff: The responsibility for that incident lies with the Foreign Minister (presumably the Pulgarian Foreign Minister). As to Bulgaria's attitude toward Russia, it must be

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<sup>\*</sup>An 11 August report from CG, USAFIME attributed to pertisan sources information that a heavy engagement was in progress between paritsans and the Bulgarian Army in the Karlovo and Stara Zagora areas in bulgaria.

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remembered that Bulgaria must maintain a general attitude befitting her as a little nation and she should not talk above her station and irritate people. In any event, the Bulgarians are the allies of Germany and will stand or fall with her. The Germans should have no fears of a change in Bulgaria's policy.

<u>Prince Kyril</u> (with heat): I wish to protest vigorously against the implication that my Government has altered its policy. You are entirely incorrect in making such an accusation.

Beckerle: In that connection I wish to draw your attention to the fact that the Bulgarian Government has not made any declaration on foreign policy.

Filoff: The meeting of the Sobranje on 17 August will present the first opportunity for making such a declaration.

Beckerle is said to have concluded his report by stating that in his opinion the regents, especially Filoff, were sincers in wenting to preserve the alliance with Germany; that Filoff apparently exested a preponderant influence in the regency, but that all the regents were swayed by their fear of domestic difficulties.

Note: On 17 August Ambassador Oshima's "contact man" told him the following:

On his way back from Turkey Franz fon Papen talked with bulgarian Foreign Minister Draganoff, who stated that:

(a) so long as he retained his post, Bulgaria would never desert Cermany and submit to the Allies, (b) he believed that Germany understood Bulgaria's strong desire to improve

her relations with Russia and hence her desire to avoid having her territory used as a base, and (c) the rumor that Bulgaria was carrying on direct negotiations with the Allies looking toward the withdrawal of her troops from former Greek and Yugoslav territory was pure enemy propaganda.

#### Report on situation of Vichy Government:

Another Boston Series item from the O.S.S. sets forth the substance of a message purportedly sent to Berlin on 14 August by Ambassador Abetz in Paris; the report made the following points:

- <u>a.</u> Petain wishes to go to Paris and there convoke the National Assembly and await the arrival of the Allies\*.
- b. Laval, independently of Petain, is also trying to bring about a meeting of the National Assembly and has made contact with Herriot and other influential Parliamentarians to that end. In that way, Laval hopes to forestall a Gaullist or Communist coup d'etat. Although Laval expects to be imprisoned or assassinated, he believes it is his duty to France to remain in Paris.
- c. A third of the Vichy Government members have also decided to stay in Paris. Another third, including Deat, Darmand, de Brinon\*\* and Bonnard (Minister of National Education) went to go eastward if Paris is evacuated. The rest

<sup>\*</sup> Under Secretary von Steengracht of the German Foreign Office told Ambassador Oshima approximately the same thing on 16 August (DS 19Aug 44).

<sup>\*\*</sup>Fermend de Brinon, former Ambassador to Germany and currently Secretary of State for Franco-German relations. According to a report from the Swiss Minister in Vichy, on 18 August he applied urgently for Swiss visas for himself and his wife.

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WAR DEPARTMENT Military Intelligence Jervice Washington

7 September 1944

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MENOHANDUM FOR LT. (J.S.) THOMAS DUNN:

Subject: Evaluation of Boston Items.

- 1. The following is for your information and covers items in the boston series not included in the memoranda to you of 26 Jun 44 and 2 May 44.
  - 2. The following Boston Items are believed to be authentic:

```
25(Special Report)
                                   1:28D
 33(Special Report)
                                   136
 31
                                   219
 62
                                   222
 75(last paragraph)
                                   223 (in part)
 85(in part)
                                   224 (in part)
 86
                                   294 (first sentence)
88
                                   370
102(paragraph 1 in part)
                                   373 (in part)
112(in part)
                                   375
124(paragraph 1)
                                   385
126
                                   388 (in part)
127(except in reference to
                                   404
   Hitter)
128
```

3. The following items are possibly authentic because available information suggests that they may be authentic or because the facts stated are believed to be accurate:

```
17 (Special Report)
                                  52 (paragraph 1)
18 (Special Report)
                                 56 (paragraph 1)
32 (Special Report)
                                  57
37 (Special Report)
                                  58
XY (Special Report)
28
                                  67
29
                                  69
30
                                  82
42
                                  91
                   SECRET
45
                                  92 (paragraph 1)
46
                                  93 (paragraph 2)
                                  99 (in part)
```

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100 (in part) 103 104	270 (in part) 283 284
108	291
109	316 (in part)
110	322 (in part)
128E	326
133	329
215 (in part)	3 <b>51</b>
216 (in part)	332 (in part)
217 (in part)	3 <b>37</b>
218 (in part)	353
223 (in part)	354
225 (in part)	376
226	377
234 (in part)	391
238 (in part)	402
242 (in part)	403
253 (in part)	405 (in part)
256 (in part)	406 (in part

4. In addition to the Boston items listed above, certain others have been of value and have been used in connection with other available material. Those items are as follows:

21	(Special	Report)	345
28	(Special	Report)	349
ХX	(Special	Report)	355
263			360
295			371
300			384
314			387
336			395
339			411
241			

5. We expect soon to be able to give you a further memorandum evaluating certain Boston items concerning the Balkan countries.

/s/ Henry W. Rigby Chief, Immediate Reports Branch MIS

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WAR DEPARTMENT Military Intelligence Service Washington

16 October 1944

MEMORANDUM:

C

Subject: Boston Series.

The following comments are submitted concerning the Boston items listed below:

416 - Could be authentic.

417 - Could be authentic.

418 - No recent information available. Some of the information in this item is public knowledge.

419 - It is not certain that the events described in paragraph 1 resulted from the attempted Coup d'Etat of 20 July 1944.

Paragraph 2 possible authentic.

Faragraphs 3 and 4, no comment.

Special Report No. 38 - No information.

/s/ H. J. HENEMAN Military Intelligence Service

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#### Boston Series Item Reported on 27 October 1944

Japanese view of Axis military situation: According to an item in the "Boston Series"\* telieved to be authentic, German Ambassador Stahmer and his Military Attache, Genlt. Kretschmer, talked at length with a high official in the Japanese War Ministry on 29 September. The report, which appears to be Stahmer's, describes the official as "the head of the Political Division of the Japanese War Ministry and the former Chief of Headquarters,"\*\* and quotes him in part as follows (a complete summary of the report is annexed as TAB B):

- a. "We believe that the British will launch an attack in full strength against Burma before long, probably in November. The attack may well take the form of a landing by British forces upon the Andaman and Nocobar Islands with Rangoon, Bangkok and the Kra Isthmus as the ultimate goals, rather than a simultaneous attack by British, American and Chungking units from Allied-held positions in Burma."
- <u>b.</u> "Japanese prospects, especially in Burna, will become worse if Germany fails to hold the Anglo-Americans in Europe. The fact that the American 81st Division, which we believed to be in Europe, was discovered to be (in the Southwest Padific) caused us great anxiety."

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<sup>\*</sup>Paraphrases of purported German diplomatic messages obtained by OSS.

\*\*Available organization charts of the Japanese War Ministry do not include a "Folitical Division". The individual referred to may be General Sugiyama who is presently Minister of War and served as Chief of General Staff until February 1944. It is possible, but seems unlikely, that two individuals were involved.

- c. "The economic situation in Chungking China is understood to be growing more and more catasurophic.

  Fowever, the current Japanese military successes in China are not expected to affect the political position of Chiang Kai-Shek."
- d. "During the past three months the Japanese Army has believed in the possibility of a reconciliation between Germany and Russia, but it now considers such a move no longer possible."

Stahmer's report also contained his own observations to the effect that his informant (a) thought Russia's neutral attitude toward Japan might change if Germany should be defeated, and (b) was worried about a separate peace between Germany and the Anglo-Americans.

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Summary of Ambassador Stahmer's Report
of His 29 September Conversation
with an Official in the Japanese
War Ministry

On 29 September Genlt. Kretschmer and I had a confidential conversation with the head of the Political Division of the Japanese War Ministry and the former Chief of Headquarters.

The remarks of the Japanese official included the following:

"Japan expects the main attack against Mindanao to come from (the direction of) Morotai and Halmahera with a simultaneous subsidiary attack from ----- (word missing). Japan's defensive battle for the Palau Islands and Morotai is admittedly hindered by Allied air superiority; Japan is prepared to lose Morotai but considers that she has been succesful in increasing (the flow of) supplies to her forces in the Palau Islands.

(My informant appeared to regard the Philippine declaration of war against the United States and Great Britain as a legal justification for Japan's defense of

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the Philippines as well as a measure which afforded Japan an actual increase in strength).

attack in full strength against Burma before long, probably in November. The attack may well take the form of a landing by British forces upon the andeman and Nicobar Islands with Rangoon, Bangkok and the Kra Isthmus as the ultimate goals, rather than a simultaneous attack by British, American and Chungking units from Allied-held positions in Burma in the west, north and east.

"It is estimated five to seven divisions from Ceylon and Calcutta will be available for the first wave of British landings on the Andaman and Nicobar Islands. The total number of British divisions which can be withdrawn from India should not be overestimated, since part of them appear to be tied up in India and part are believed to need more thorough training. There recently arrived in India 50,000 men, principally from New Zealand, to aid in training those troops.

"Japanese prospects, especially in Burma, will become worse if Germany fails to hold the

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Anglo-Americans in Europe. The fact that the American Slst Division, which we believed to be in Europe, was discovered to be on Morotai\* caused us great anxiety. It is believed that the Anglo-Americans will take into account the precarious situation in Indo-China and in Thailand and that they will count on the cooperation of Chungking in the offensive against Burma and, subsequently, in an anticipated attack on Canton.

(My informant appeared to believe that the anglo-Americans would not be able to count on much collaboration from Chungking.)

"Admittedly, Chungking still has ample manpower, but no reserve arms are available. Chungking has proposed to the United States that only
direct delivery of arms should be considered,
instead of deliveries through Russia and the
Communist Border Area. However, aside from an
efficient air system, the only available means

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<sup>\*</sup>Actually, the Sist Division landed on Angaur Island in the Palau Group on 17 September, as announced in U.S. press dispatches of the following day.

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for immediate delivery of weapons to Chungking are overland via Dibrugarh ---- (two missing place names, presumably points on the Ledo Road)

Tengchung-Lameng-Tali-Kunming. Furthermore, the extension (presumbaly from Myitkyina to Tengchung) is not expected to be ready before april 1945. We Japanese believe that even if 10,000 trucks are used, only about 25,000 tons of supplies can be delivered monthly.\* In spite of the Japanese withdrawal in north Burma, the road from ---- missing place name) via Bhamo and Lungling to Lameng, is still closed to the allies.

"It is believed that internal difficulties in Chungking China are great, particularly because of the blockade of the Communist Border Area, which is tying up more Chungking forces than are being used against Japan. We Japanese also feel that the United States and Russia have harmed the Chungking Government by striving

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<sup>\*</sup>It is not clear whether this estimate refers to the present situation, or to some future period.

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Border Area Government. The economic situation in Chungking China is understood to be growing more and more catastrophic. However, the current Japanese military successes in China are not expected to affect the political position of Chiang Kai-shek.

Puring the past three months the Japanese Army has believed in the possibility of a reconciliation between Germany and Russia, but it now considers such a move no longer possible. Therefore, it seems that, for the time being, there is no advantage in exploiting the existing areas of friction between Rus is and the Anglo-Americans, However, the efforts of the United States to enrich itself more and more at British Empense are believed to offer a possible change for driving a wedge between those two Allies.

(Several times during the discussion my informant revealed that he was anxious about the possibility of a separate peace between Germany and the Anglo-Americans. He did not appear to regard Russia

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as a threat to Japan at the present moment, but enviraged the postibility of a change in Russia's a 'itude if jermany should be defeated.)

"Japan is aware that Germay, in keeping with
the seriousness of the situation, is surmoning all
her strength for self-preservation. Furthermore,
I believe that he time for pulck territorial gains
by the Allies is past, except perhaps in the
southern balkan areas. The main task for both
Germany and Japan is to break the enemy's mastery
of the air and to hold out by successful defensive
tactics until after the presidential election in
the United States."

I received the impression that Japan is doing everything conceivable to enter the final battle as strong as possible, particularly by building up her air arm and shipping tonnage and by strengthening the will of the people to resist. The fact that Japanese industry is still intact was pointed out as one reason for confidence in Japan's victory.

We ultimately agreed that German, as well as Japanese, policy could only become effective after the

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achievement of clear defensive successes, which will rake it evident that the will to resist and the productive capacity of both rations will be maintained.

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0 P MAR DEPARTMENT
Military Intelligence Service
Washington

28 December 1944

MEMORANDUM: FOR LT. DUNN:

Subject: Evaluation of Boston Series

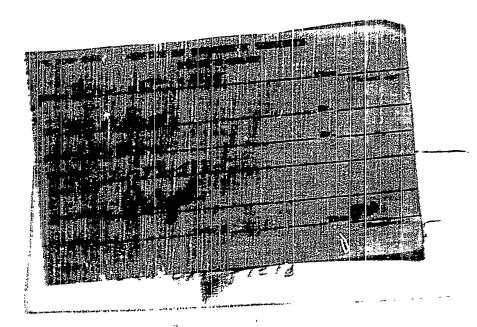
- 1. Presented below is the latest MIS evaluation of the Boston Series.
- 2. A large part of the Boston Series material is in the "documentary" class. Of the five hundred odd items in that category received to date, more than 25% are shown by other information to be authentic or probably authentic, and most of the remainder may well be authentic. In no case has such an item been conclusively proved to be spurious. Accordingly, it is considered reasonable to assume that all "documentary" items in the Series are authentic, except for tiems containing important information of a kind which the Germans would be particularly anxious to convey to the Allies.
- 3. Some of the tiems in the Boston Series are not "documentary", but rather consist of information and opinions provided by the person who supplies the material. It has not been possible to evaluate many of the items in that category. In general, however, it is considered that the source is reasonably reliable where the subject discussed is one on which he can get first-hand information by his own observation, and that on other subjects the source is of uncertain reliability.
- 4. As to the usefulness of the Boston Series, certain of the items have been of considerable value either because they provided information not previously available or because they supplemented information already at hand. When items of that sort have been received, they have been disseminated—usually in conjunction with other available information on the subject—to the White House, to the highest authorities in the War, Navy and State Departments, and to certain of the theaters of operations. Among the items so disseminated are numbers 215—218, inclusive, numbers 373, 386, 388, 402, 419, 427, 433 and 464 and Special Report 28. A fairly large proportion of the Boston Series material has been of little or no value for immediate intelligence purposes, in some cases because the information it contained was of no importance or because better information was available from other sources, and in other cases because it arrived too late to be of current interest.

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5. Apart from its usefulness for immediate intelligence purposes, such part of the "documentary" material as is available in unparaphrased form has been of great interest to those engaged in technical work relating to the production of similar intelligence. For (consistent with security) were taken to speed up delivery of the "documentary" material in unparaphrased form.

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