84TH CONGRESS H. R. 4513

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

March 1, 1955

Mr. Celler introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

- To prohibit wiretapping except by a court-authorized Federal officer engaged in the investigation of crimes against the security of the United States.
- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 That part 1 of title 18 of the United States Code is amended
- 4 by adding at the end thereof the following new chapter:

"CHAPTER 119—WIRETAPPING

2501. Interception of telephone communications.

- 5 "\$ 2501. Interception of telephone communications
- 6 "(a) Whoever, without prior authorization from either
- 7 the sender or the intended recipient of a telephone communi-
- 8 cation by common carrier, willfully intercepts, or attempts to

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- 1 intercept, or procures or orders any other person to intercept
- 2 or attempt to intercept, or conspires with any other person to
- 3 intercept, or attempt to intercept, such telephone communi-
- 4 cation shall be fined not more than \$5,000 or imprisoned
- 5 not more than ten years, or both: Provided, however, That
- 6 this prohibition shall not apply to any interception of a tele-
- 7 phone conversation which is done in compliance with this
- 8 section.
- 9 "(b) Whenever the Attorney General has satisfied him-
- 10 self, on the basis of a factual showing made to him by the
- 11 head of a Federal agency, that a specified telephone line
- 12 interception may obtain evidence of the commission of any
- 13 of the crimes specified in subsection (3) of this section, or
- 14 that the specified telephone line interception may enable the
- 15 Federal Government to prevent the commission of any such
- 16 crime, he may so certify in writing and designate in such
- 17 certificate any United States Attorney, Assistant United
- 18 States Attorney, or officer or attorney of the Department of
- 19 Justice to apply for an ex parte court order allowing such
- 20 specified telephone line interception. Such certificate shall
- 21 also designate the department or agency of the United States
- 22 which shall make the telephone line interception, if a court
- 23 order is granted.
- 24 "(1) The application for the ex parte court order al-
- 25 lowing the telephone line interception shall be made (A)

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3

1	to any judge of the district court of the United States for
2	the district within which the wire interception is sought,
3	or (B), if no such judge is readily available, to any judge
4	of the district court of the United States for a district con-
5	tiguous to the district within which the wire interception
6	is sought, or (C), in any case, to any judge of the United
7	States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Cir-
8	cuit. Such application shall be supported by the author-
9	izing certificate of the Attorney General and by such factual
10	showing as to the facts and circumstances of the application
11	as the judge on oral examination may require to satisfy
12	himself that there is reasonable ground to believe that the
13	requested telephone line interception will result in the pro-
14	curement of evidence not otherwise obtainable of the com-
15	mission of, or will enable the Federal Government to prevent,
16	any of the crimes specified in subsection (C) of this section.
17	Each application for a court order shall be accompanied
18	by an affidavit showing whether any previous application
19	has been made for the order asked for; and, if there has
20	been a previous application, to what judge it was made
21	and the determination made thereof, and what new facts,
22	if any, are shown upon the subsequent application that were
23	not previously shown. If the judge determines that the
24	required reasonable ground has been shown, he shall issue
25	an order allowing the requested telephone line interception.

- 1 Each such order shall specify the name or names of the
- 2 person or persons whose telephone lines are to be tapped,
- 3 the exchange numbers of the telephone lines to be tapped,
- 4 the crime or crimes as to which evidence is to be obtained
- 5 or which are to be prevented, the name of the Federal
- 6 agency or department which will make the telephone line
- 7 interception, and the period of effectiveness of the order,
- 8 which shall be only for as long as the judge determines to
- 9 be warranted under the circumstances (which period, how-
- 10 ever, shall not exceed ninety days).
- "(2) Any individual designated by a Federal agency
- 12 or department to make telephone line interceptions shall be
- 13 a duly appointed investigative officer of the department or
- 14 agency of the United States which the Attorney General
- 15 has designated to conduct the telephone line interception.
- 16 True copies of the court order shall be retained by the judge
- 17 who issued the order and by the Attorney General, but
- 18 the copy of the application given to the judge shall be
- 19 returned to the Attorney General after the judge's action
- 20 thereon.
- 21 "(3) Any court order allowing a specified telephone
- 22 line interception may be renewed, for periods not exceeding
- 23 ninety days, by the judge who originally issued the order
- 24 or by any other judge having jurisdiction, but only on such
- 25 an application (including a certificate by the Attorney Gen-

- 1 eral) and supporting showing as would have warranted the
- 2 judge to have issued an original order in the circumstances.
- 3 "(4) Applications for an ex parte judicial order allow-
- 4 ing telephone line interceptions (or for a renewal thereof)
- 5 shall be heard by the judge alone, in his private chambers
- 6 or in the most readily available private place, without the
- 7 presence of anyone other than the judge and the individual
- 8 who presents the application (and any witnesses he may
- 9 bring), and the hearing and order shall be kept strictly
- 10 confidential by all parties thereto, except when and as the
- 11 Attorney General directs otherwise. The judge's copy of
- 12 his order shall be kept by him in a place to which only he
- 13 has access.
- "(c) Telephone line interceptions shall be authorized
- under subsection (2) of this section only to obtain evidence
- of the commission of, or to prevent, one or more of the
- 17 crimes punishable under (a) chapter 37 (dealing with
- espionage), chapter 55 (dealing with kidnaping), chapter
- 19 105 (dealing with sabotage), or chapter 115 (dealing with
- treason, sedition, and subversive activities) of this title, or
- 21 (b) section 10 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1946.
- 22 "(d) No evidence obtained directly or indirectly by
- 23 means of a telephone line interception, or as a direct or
- 24 indirect result of such an interception, shall be received in

H. R. 4513——2

evidence in any State or Federal court on any matter, civil or criminal, or in any proceeding of any State or Federal agency, unless such interception was made in compliance with this section. Evidence obtained from or as a result of telephone line interceptions pursuant to this Act shall be admitted in the Federal courts only in prosecutions for crimes specified in subsection (c) of this section. Any use or divulgence by any person or persons of any information or any evidence obtained directly or indirectly by means of duly authorized telephone line interceptions for any purpose not in accordance with this section shall be fined not more than \$5,000 or imprisoned for not more than ten years, 1213 or both. "(e) All of the records made at the time of each and 14 every actual telephone line interception, made pursuant to 15this Act by authorized Federal officers, agents, or employees, 16 shall be preserved as made, and shall be kept in some central 17 place, for a period of at least five years. In the event that 18 evidence based on telephone line interceptions is sought to 19 be introduced in any proceeding, the party against whom the 20 evidence is sought to be introduced shall have the right to 21inspect the original complete record of the telephone line 22interceptions from which the offered evidence was obtained 23Evidence obtained by Federal officers, 24or transcribed. agents, or employees shall not be admissible in any State or 25

- 1 Federal proceeding if the party against whom the evidence
- 2 is offered shall not be able to inspect the original complete
- 3 record of the telephone line interception from which the
- 4 offered evidence was transcribed because that record is incom-
- 5 plete or in any way altered from its original form.
- .6 "(f) The Attorney General shall keep a record of
- 7 all requests made to him for applications for an ex parte
- 8 court order, of his actions thereon, of the court orders ob-
- 9 tained, of the telephone line interceptions conducted there-
- 10 under, and of the results thereof. A public report on all
- 11 these matters shall be submitted to the Congress every twelve
- 12 months, which report shall be as detailed and factual as
- 13 security limitations allow. Such reports shall show, re-
- 14 garding each application made for a court order during the
- 15 period covered by the report: the name of the judge to
- 16 whom the application was made, and his location, the crime
- 17 or crimes as to which evidence was sought or which were
- 18 to be prevented; whether or not the application was granted;
- 19 the original duration of any granted orders; the duration of
- 20 any renewals; and whether or not any interception resulted
- 21 in any prosecution and, if so, the details thereof. Each
- 22 report shall be filed on or before February 1 of each year
- 23 and shall cover the prior calendar year. No report shall
- 24 refer to pending applications or interceptions then in progress.
- 25 Succeeding reports shall cumulate from time to time the

- 1 above-required data on each application where all of the
- 2 data on any application is not complete at the time of first
- 3 reporting thereon.
- 4 "(g) Since it is difficult to detect the commission of an
- 5 unlawful telephone line interception during the time of its
- 6 occurrence, the possession of equipment designed and in-
- 7 tended for use in telephone line interception (whether held
- 8 for sale, or in private possession, or otherwise, but ex-
- 9 cluding possession related to lawful use) by any person
- 10 who is not authorized to engage in wire interception shall
- 11 be presumptive, although rebuttable, evidence of an in-
- 12 tent and attempt to engage in unlawful telephone line in-
- 13 terceptions and, if the presumption be not rebutted, shall be
- 14 punishable by a fine of not more than \$2,500 or imprison-
- 15 ment of not more than five years, or both.
- 16 "(h) The Attorney General shall have the power to
- 17 make and publish rules and regulations applicable to all Fed-
- 18 eral agencies to govern the procedure under which requests
- 19 and factual showing shall be made to him for an application
- 20 for an ex parte court order authorizing telephone line inter-
- 21 ceptions. Such rules and regulations may provide that the
- 22 Attorney General may delegate his duties and responsibilities
- 23 under this Act to the Deputy Attorney General or to an
- 24 Assistant Attorney General but not to any other official or
- 25 person.

- "(i) Nothing in this section shall be construed to author-
- 2 ize or to make lawful the automatic recording of a telephone
- 3 conversation by one or more of the parties thereto, if done
- 4 in violation of the applicable rules and regulations of the
- 5 Federal Communications Commission.
- 6 "(j) As used in this section—
- 7 "(1) The term 'telephone communication' means the
- 8 transmission of speech and sounds of all kinds by means of
- 9 the telephone.
- 10 "(2) The term 'telephone line' means all of the facili-
- 11 ties, wires, devices, poles, apparatus, and machines and
- 12 services by means of which telephone communications are
- 13 carried on by a common carrier.
- "(3) The terms 'intercepts' and 'interception' mean the
- 15 obtaining of the whole or any part of a telephone com-
- 16 munication by means of any device, contrivance, or machine,
- 17 of any kind, but it shall not include eavesdropping on a
- 18 party line or any act or practice done in the ordinary and
- 19 usual course of business in the operation or use of a common
- 20 carrier communications system by regular employees thereof.
- 21 "(4) The term 'common carrier' means any person
- 22 engaged, as a common carrier for hire, in telephone com-
- 23 munication (A) in interstate or foreign commerce, (B) in
- 24 intrastate commerce, if its communications facilities are
- 25 physically connected with the communications facilities of

- 1 any such carrier engaged in interstate or foreign commerce,
- 2 or (C) within the District of Columbia or any Territory or
- 3 possession of the United States.
- 4 "(5) The term 'person' includes an individual, partner-
- 5 ship, association, joint-stock company, trust, or corporation,
- 6 whether private or public, and regardless of public office or
- 7 status."
- 8 SEC. 2. The proviso contained in section 605 of the Com-
- 9 munications Act of 1934 (48 Stat. 1103; 47 U.S. C. 605)
- 10 is amended to read as follows: "Provided, That this section
- 11 shall not apply to the interception, receiving, divulging, pub-
- 12 lishing or utilizing the contents of (a) any radio communica-
- 13 tion broadcast or transmitted by amateurs or others for the
- 14 use of the general public or relating to ships in distress, or
- 15 (b) any wire communication intercepted by any individual
- 16 in compliance with section 245 of title 18 of the United
- 17 States Code."

84TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

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Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

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