

NOV 28 1952

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Page 4 Daily Worker, New York, Friday, November 28, 1952

# Dulles Asks to Be Probed; Here It Is

By MAX GORDON

JOHN FOSTER DULLES,

upon receiving the appointment of Secretary of State in the Eisenhower cabinet, has asked the F.B.I. to give him a "loyalty check" is well-known to Americans who have followed his career. But the F.B.I. is hardly the agency to give it to him. As leading agent of the big trusts in America, and specifically of the gigantic Rockefeller financial and industrial monopoly, Dulles betrayed the interests of the American people to Nazi Germany in the 1930s, and has betrayed them since in Germany, Japan, Korea and throughout the world.

IN THE 1920s AND 1930s, Dulles was an executive committee member and general counsel for the International Nickel Co. At such he negotiated in 1937 a cartel agreement with I. G. Farben, the German trust which backed Hitler's rise to power. This agreement permitted the Nazis to stockpile nickel and hence to build its huge armaments. In an anti-trust suit filed in 1946 against this nickel combine, the U. S. Government complained this agreement "permitted I.G. to stockpile stated amounts of nickel and nickel-bearing materials," and required Dulles' firm "to cooperate with the German authorities (the Hitler Government)."

Dulles' law firm of Sullivan & Cromwell, of which he was senior partner, served as counsel for the J. Henry Schroder bank, in which the Rockefeller Chase National Bank has held extensive interest. This bank was the financial angel of the Nazi movement in Germany.

In 1933, Dulles, as financial agent of the Chase and other major New York banks, went to Germany and negotiated an agreement highly favorable to the Nazis.

When U. S. Ambassador to Germany William E. Dodd



JOHN FOSTER DULLES

wrote in his Diary that American financial interests, and particularly the Rockefellers, had a hand in Hitler's rise to power, he was undoubtedly referring to the activities of John Foster Dulles.

In 1939, when FDR's collective security policy was enunciated, Dulles fought it, incorporated the pro-fascist America First Committee, publicly praised the fascist regimes of Nazi Germany, Italy and Japan, and demanded that the U. S. not interfere with their conquests.

DURING WORLD WAR II Dulles' firm acted as counsel for Franco Spain and for the Vichy collaborationist regime in France. Dulles himself came to the defense of a Nazi agent who, in 1940, was caught negotiating in the U. S. for help for Hitler.

Dulles has continued his close association with the monopoly gangs that powered the rise of fascism in Germany and Japan. It was Dulles who master-

mind the present policy of rearming and rebuilding the economy of western Germany at the expense of the rest of the people of Europe. His close associate and friend, Gen. Lucius Clay, who served as military head of the U. S. Occupation in West Germany, executed the Dulles policy.

Assailing this program of rebuilding Nazism in Germany, "The Witness," Episcopal Church paper, demanded in 1947 that Dulles resign as head of the Commission on a Just and Durable Peace of the Federal Council of Churches.

"What pagan logic of geopolitics is it that wants to find a form of joint control which will make it possible to develop the industrial potential of western Germany?" that paper asked.

It was Dulles who was the architect of the "peace-treaty" with Japan which placed back in power the very banking and industrial trusts which had estab-

lished the fascist regime, and gave them the power to rearm.

AND IT IS DULLES, above all others, who is responsible for the present war in Korea. As U. S. member of the UN Commission for Korea, he unilaterally, in 1948, proclaimed South Korea a Republic, with the outright fascist Syngman Rhee as its head. Neither the American people nor the other members of the UN Korean Commission were consulted.

The Canadian Government protested strongly, and warned that this move—Dulles' specific handiwork—would lead to war in Korea.

Slightly more than a week before the Korean war broke out, Dulles stood in the front line trenches of the South Korean army, whose leaders had time and again boasted how they would "unify" the country by force, and told them they had the full backing of the U. S. Government.

What is behind these deadly adventures in Germany, the Far East and the Middle East? The answer is found in the vast expansion of the investments of Rockefeller's Chase National Bank, and the corporations associated with it, and loss of their investments in a country like China.

The Chase National Bank has opened two new branches in Japan and has established representatives in India. A Rockefeller oil company was forced to close in China. It opened in India. The American Smelting & Refining Co., a Rockefeller subsidiary, is expanding its large holdings in the Far East.

THESE ARE but a sampling of the means that establish the fact that the loyalty of John Foster Dulles, who has dictated much of our foreign policy under the Truman Administration and who is closely identified with the Rockefeller financial in-

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terests, is not loyal to the American people, but to Big Business.

We are not the first to demand a real investigation of John Foster Dulles. Sen. Claude Pepper, in demanding a Senate investigation of this sinister figure, said in 1947:

"I declare . . . that Mr. Dulles, by proposing to rearm Germany for any reason, threatens war to his own country. . . . He is opening again the shameless doors of another Munich to what will be the world's worst war."

Earlier, Sen. Pepper had said that "one of the Mr. Dulles financial connections which I believe the American people are entitled to know is his relationship to the banking circles that rescued Adolf Hitler from the financial depths and set up his Nazi Party as a going concern. . . ."