Approved For Release 2001/03/02 : CIA-RDP70-00058R000200020013-3

Subject: Speaking invitation from Institute of the Aeronautical Sciences, for Jan 1966

This ofcasion would seem to provide an excellent forum for publicly discussing such topics as the Soviet capabilities in missiles, a viation, and/or scientific and engineering education. The occasion provides good sponsonship, a good # "elite" audience, and would probably command a good press.

- 1. The Institute of Aeronautical Sciences is an old and established and influential professional organization of aeronautical engineers among industrial, a cademic, governmental, and military circles. It is described to if a professional society of engineers, designers, and technical specialists in the sciences related to the design and development of aircraft. It has 18,000 members, with a main office in N.Y.C. (Rockefeller Center), which publishes two monthly journals and other publications; it has 28 local chapters groups, and 75 "student" groups or college chapters. In a ddition to its major annual convention and meeting in N.Y.C., it has other many other specialised meetings throughout the year, e.g. coming up soon as an anti-submarine warfare "supponsiugh" income in San Diego, on a/classified basis.
- 2. The top leader ship of the I.A.S. includes son leaders from government, industry, and the universities. Bor example, the following arm on the Council hold the positions as follows:

William Littlewood, VIce P'es., Americah Airlines
Clifford C. Furnas, Chancellor at University of Buffalo, former
Asst Secsetary of Defense for Research and Devel opment
William B. Bergen, Vice P.es., Glenn L. Martin Co.
Adm. C.M.Bolster (USN, ret.), former chief of Naval research
Milton U. Clauser, head of Purdue School of Aeronautics, and
member of USAF Scientific Advisory Board

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Jack S. Parker, mechanical engineer, at General Electric Vice Pres.
L. Eugene Root, eeronautical engineer, formerly with Rand and
with USAF staff; now Vice Pies. at Lockheed.
H. Guyford Stever, a eronautical engineer, on MIT faculty, with

with USAF staff; now Vice Paes, at Lockheed.

H. Guyford Stever, a eronautical engineer, on MIT faculty, with Vannevar Bush's OSRD during war, now Vice Chairman of USAF Scientific Advisory Board

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3. The I.A.S. and its spokesmen and journals seem 0002000200020013-3
aloss during the past year or two on the controversial public issues
as satisfied scientific secrecy and the "missile gap", judging from
a quick review of our morgue. This silence—or "keeping their powder dry"—
attests to theme the fact that this I stitute is not a marking out of the fact that this I stitute is not a marking other organs
of scientific opinion such as the Bulletin of Atomic Scientists, the Modraw
Hill "Aviation Week," the "Missiles and Rockets" magazine, etc. In effect,
the Director would have an excellent forum for an objective discussion
of any of the topic indicated.

the "Honors Night" meeting, seems to be the most widely publicised of its week of meetings. (Glennan's address last January, in which he announced these NASA "astronauts" program, was headlined the next day in the N.Y. Times; but there was relatively little notice of IAS' other meetings.) The addience promised—some 1500 or 2008—would doubtless include many of the elite of the Nation's aeronautical engineers and "space scientists" in industry, government, and academic circles.

5. As to the timing of a speech late in January 1960, such a speech would come, for example, 2 weeks or so after the President's annual "State of the Union" message and his annual "Budget" message. In this context, the Directors would doubliess command a good press for whatever he might be saying, by way of "supplement", to what the President inmit will have said about the Soviet Communist threats.

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