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Chiang Stresses Aim Of Peking: Defeat U.S.

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TAIPEI, Formosa, April 4.—Americans should face the fact that Red China's "ultimate aim is the defeat of the United States," President Chiang Kai-shek said today.

"Despite encouraging remarks," such as the March 25 statement of Senator Fulbright, Democrat of Arkansas, that Washington should think about flexibility toward Peking, "to the Chinese Communists the United States is and always will be Enemy No. 1," Gen. Chiang declared.

The 76-year-old leader of the Republic of China described relations between Moscow and Peking as having "already reached the point of no return," so long as their present rulers are in power.

Recommending removal of the Communist regime in China, he said, "I am certain the Russians will not intervene."

"American tactics in Viet Nam have proved unsuccessful so far," Gen. Chiang said. He added, however, that removing United States military forces from Southeast Asia would be inconceivable.

Boasts of Strength

"A withdrawal from Viet Nam would be considered the first step in an American with-

drawal from the Pacific, including Japan," Gen. Chiang said.

Chiang Kai-shek gives his views on the Moscow-Peking split in this interview with the Tokyo-based general executive and director of Asia services of the Associated Press.

The Nationalist leader, who has hoped for years to return to the mainland with his government, predicted Laos, Cambodia, Thailand and even the Philippines would topple in front of a Communist onslaught.

There were sparks as he commented on the statement by Senator Fulbright, chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, that Americans should "jar

open our minds to certain realities about China, of which the foremost is that there are not really two Chinas but one, and that it is ruled by the Communists."

"Such remarks will only encourage the Communists to hate and insult your country more," Gen. Chiang said. "I feel Senator Fulbright is not fully informed of the conditions existing on the mainland of China today," he said. "The regime totally lacks popular support. It will never last. It is here today but may be gone tomorrow."

Switching to Southeast Asia, where the United States has a military force of 16,000 men backing up South Viet Nam's war against the Communist Viet Cong, Gen. Chiang asked:

"If the United States were to withdraw from Viet Nam, what would there be to prevent the Chinese Communists from thinking that the United States

would . . . one day admit defeat and even recognize them?"

Set for Talks With Rusk

This obviously was a preview on the line Gen. Chiang will take with Dean Rusk when the United States Secretary of State visits Taipei April 16.

Asked if he favored a second front in Asia, he said that "in the view of the Chinese here, so long as the United States is determined to give all the necessary help to the Viet Nameese against the Viet Cong there are ways in which the war can be won—and not necessarily involving a second front.

"I have one piece of advice to offer:

"In pressing on the war against the Viet Cong, I hope the United States will listen more to the views of the Viet Nameese themselves. And I suggest that the United States listen more to the views of the people in the Far East who are

doing the actual fighting against the Communists.

"The Chinese Communist attacks on the Russian Communists and the Moscow rebuttals show very clearly the serious state of affairs on the mainland, politically, economically, militarily and in the party and the armed forces. It is no longer necessary for the United States to feel that action to remove the source of all trouble in Asia will touch off a global war. I am certain the Russians will not intervene."