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Oswald's 'Last Letter' Still Puzzles FBI

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From the Allen-Scott Report

Four years after the assassination of vestigating a mystery involving the con- mission directed one inquiry to the CIAT wrote before the Dallas tragedy.

The correspondence, intercepted and read by the FBI before it arrived at its The CIA's memorandum to the com-Barbassy here in Washington on Nov. in the National Archives, states: 12, .963-or 10 days before the assass- -- We surmise that the reference in ination.

visa, the letter contained a paragraph referring to the highly secret recall of a Cuban official in the Mexico City -embassy days after Oswald had visited there and returned to Dallas.

The baffling question the FBI is still trying to answer is: How did Oswald -learn about this official's unannounced recall?

The FBI has concluded the information would have had to come to Oswald from one of three sources:

(1) An informant in the Cuban Embassy in Mexico City who contacted Oswald after he returned to the U.S.; (2) the Central Intelligence Agency; or (3) the KGB, the Soviet secret police.

Significantly, the FBI inquiry ascertuned that CIA and KGB operators Mexico City learned of the official's

weall at approximately the same time and only a week before Oswald wrote his letter, containing the following paragraph:

- "Of course the Soviet Embassy was not at fault, they were, as I say unprepared, the Cuban Consul was guilty of a gross breach of regulations, I amglad he has since been replaced."

According to the FBI's findings, there was absolutely no way Oswald could have obtained this information curing his September visit to Mexico City, since the secret recall orders from Havana were not transmitted after he had returned to Dallas. Even then there was no publicity only a handful of persons knew wat the orders, one FBI report

states.

During its investigation of the Ken-President Kennedy, the FBI is still in- nedy assassination, the Warren Com- 1 tents of the last letter Lee Harvey Oswald to determine where Oswald might have obtained the information. It produced negative results.

destination, was mailed to the Soviet mission, now declassified and on file

Oswald's 9 November letter to a man Written as a request for a Soviet who has since been replaced must refer

> to Cuban Consul Eusebio Azque, who left Mexico for Cuba on permanent transfer on 18 November 1963, four days before the assassination.

"Azque was scheduled to leave in October but did not leave until 18 Noor orplaced."

After receiving this reply from the CIA, the Warren Commission's staff made no further inquiry on the Azque reference, but centered their probe on the circumstances under which the letter was prepared and later discovered

The commission's inquiry into the Oswald letter, most details of which were buried in the 26 volumes of testi mony, revealed that Mrs. Ruth Paine, on whose typewriter the final draft was made, and Marina Oswald, knew of the letter and its contents before it was mailed.

Mrs. Paine testified Oswald typed the letter while spending the November 9 weekend at her residence with his wife.

After observing the letter when Oswald was not around, Mrs. Paine said she copied it. The commission's record shows she turned the copy over to the FBI on November 23, the day after the assassination.

An FBI report on file in the National Archives, which has been recently de classified, notes that the agency started its investigation immediately on the a cepting Oswald's letter after it was mailed on November 12 in Irving, Tex.

At the time, the FBI agents involved in the intercept copied the text of the letter and put it in Oswald's Washington file with a note that one paragraph verified earlier information on Oswald's Mexico City visit.

The note pointed out that Oswald's mention of "Comrade Kostin" in the letter confirmed a CIA report that he had met with Valerity Vladimirovich Kostikov, a member of the consular staff of the Soviet Embassy, and one of the top KGB officers in the Western Hemisphere.

Oswald's "last letter" with its reference veinter. We do not know who might to the Cuban Embassy official is also here fold Oswald that Azque was to being investigated by New Orleans District Attorney James Garrison.

> Records in the National Archives here show Garrison's investigators recently combed the files for information about the Oswald letter and about how he learned of Consul Eusebio Azque's unannounced recall.

> One witness, who appeared in recent weeks before Garrison's grand jury probe of the Kennedy assassination, has reported to a government agency that he was quizzed extensively about Oswald's letter. Several quest is, he said, sought information design to link Oswald with several Cubaas reputedly employed by the CIA.

> Senate Democratic Whip Russell Long (La.), a close friend of the New Orleans district attorney, is saying privately Garrison told him the "Oswald letter is a very important part of my investigation."

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