

Approved For Release 2006/02/07 : CIA-RDP75B00380R000700030046-6
UNION STATES ARMY—Continued

Grade and name of officer	Position of officer	Projected authorized assigned enlisted aides as of June 30, 1974	Grade and name of officer	Position of officer	Projected authorized assigned enlisted aides as of June 30, 1974
O-8: Bernstein, Robert	Commanding General, Walter Reed Army Medical Center, Washington, D.C.	1	O-8 Mabry, George L., Jr.	Commander, U.S. Army Forces Southern Command, Fort Amador, Canal Zone.	1
O-8: Berry, Sidney B.	Commanding General, 101st Airborne Division (Airmobile) and Fort Campbell, Fort Campbell, Ky.	1	O-8: Mackinnon, Robert N.	Commanding General, 25th Infantry Division, Hawaii.	1
O-8: Blakefield, William H.	Deputy Commanding General, 1st U.S. Army and Commanding General, U.S. Army Readiness Region III, Fort George G. Meade, Md.	1	O-8: Maddox, William J., Jr.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Aviation Center, Fort Rucker, Ala.	1
O-8: Brown, Charles P.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Test and Evaluation Command, Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md.	1	O-8: Marks, Sidney M.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Readiness Region IV, Atlanta, Ga.	1
O-8: Burton, Jonathan R.	Commanding General, 3d Armored Division, U.S. Army Europe.	1	O-8: Matheson, Saffre H.	Deputy Commanding General, U.S. Army Combined Arms Development Activity, Fort Leavenworth, Kans.	1
O-8: Cantlay, George C.	Deputy U.S. Military Representative, North Atlantic Treaty Organization Military Committee, Belgium.	1	O-8: McDonough, Joseph C.	Commanding General, 8th Infantry Division, U.S. Army Europe.	1
O-7: Palmer, William W.	Chief, Military Equipment Delivery Team, Cambodia.	1	O-8: McLeod, William E.	Chief of Staff, 8th U.S. Army, Korea.	1
O-8: Cobb, William W.	U.S. Commander, Berlin, Germany.	1	O-8: Mellen, Thomas W.	Commander, U.S. Military Assistance Command, Thailand.	1
O-8: Coleman, William S.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Readiness Region VI, Fort Knox, Ky.	1	O-8: Milloy, Albert E.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Readiness Region IX, and Deputy Commanding General, 6th U.S. Army, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif.	1
O-7(P): Crawford, Albert B., Jr.	Project Manager, Army Tactical Data Systems, Fort Monmouth, N.J.	1	O-8: Moore, Harold G.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Military Personnel Center, Alexandria, Va.	1
O-8: Cunningham, Robert S.	Chief, Joint U.S. Military Advisory Group, Korea.	1	O-8: Murphy, Raymond P.	Deputy Commanding General, U.S. Army Air Defense Command, Ent Air Force Base, Colo.	1
O-8: Cushman, John R.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Combined Arms Center Commandant, U.S. Army Command and General Staff College, Fort Leavenworth, Kans.	1	O-8: Murray, John E.	Defense Attache, Republic of Vietnam.	1
O-8: David, Bert A.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Base Command, Okinawa.	1	O-8: Myer, Charles R.	Commanding General, U.S. Army School/Training Center, Fort Gordon, Ga.	1
O-8: Davis, Franklin M., Jr.	Commandant, U.S. Army War College, Carlisle Barracks, Pa.	2	O-8: Neel, Spurgeon R., Jr.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Health Services Command, Fort Sam Houston, Tex.	1
O-8: Davison, Frederic E.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Military District of Washington, Washington, D.C.	1	O-8: Noble, Charles C.	Division Engineer, U.S. Army Engineer Division, Lower Mississippi Valley, Vicksburg, Miss.	1
O-8: Del Mar, Henry R.	Commander, Military Traffic Management and Terminal Service, Washington, D.C.	1	O-8: Ott, David E.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Field Artillery Center and Commandant, U.S. Army Field Artillery School, Fort Sill, Okla.	1
O-8: Duquemin, Gordon J.	Commanding General, 1st Infantry Division and Fort Riley, Fort Riley, Kans.	1	O-8: Parfitt, Harold R.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Engineer Center and Commandant, U.S. Army Engineer School, Fort Belvoir, Va.	1
O-8: EHN, Vincent H.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Missile Command, Redstone Arsenal, Ala.	1	O-8: Piekith, Joseph E.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Tank Automotive Command, Warren, Mich.	1
O-8: Emerson, Henry E.	Commanding General, 2d Infantry Division, Korea.	1	O-8: Powers, Patrick W.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Readiness Region II, Fort Dix, N.J.	1
O-8: Fair, Robert L.	Commanding General, 2d Armored Division, Fort Hood, Tex.	1	O-8: Raaen, John C., Jr.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Armament Command, Rock Island, Ill.	1
O-8: Fitzpatrick, Thomas E., Jr.	Commanding General, 32d Army Air Defense Command, U.S. Army Europe.	1	O-8: Roseborough, Morgan G.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Readiness Region I and Fort Devens, Fort Devens, Mass.	1
O-8: Forrester, Eugene J.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Administration Center, Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind.	1	O-8: Ryder, Charles W., Jr.	Chief, Joint U.S. Military Aid Group to Greece.	1
O-8: Foster, Hugh F., Jr.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Electronics Command, Fort Monmouth, N.J.	1	O-8: Heiser, Roland V.	Commanding General, 1st Armored Division, U.S. Army Europe.	1
O-8: Fulton, William B.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Recruiting Command, Fort Sheridan, Ill.	1	O-8: Shoemaker, Robert M.	Commanding General, 1st Cavalry Division, Fort Hood, Tex.	1
O-8: Fuson, Jack C.	Commanding General, U.S. Transportation Center and Commandant, U.S. Army Transportation School, Fort Eustis, Va.	1	O-8: Sidle, Wيران	Commanding General, U.S. Army Readiness Region VII, and Deputy Commanding General, 5th U.S. Army, Fort Sam Houston, Tex.	1
O-8: Galloway, James V.	Chief, Joint U.S. Military Mission for Aid to Turkey.	1	O-8: Singlaub, John W.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Readiness Region VIII, Rocky Mountain Arsenal, Colo.	1
O-8: Gard, Robert G., Jr.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Training Center and Fort Ord, Fort Ord, Calif.	1	O-8: Smith, James C.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Readiness Region V, Fort Sheridan, Ill.	1
O-8: Godding, George A.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Security Agency, Arlington, Va.	1	O-8: Spragins, Charles E.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Training Center and Fort Polk, Fort Polk, La.	1
O-8: Graham, Erwin M., Jr.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Logistics Center, Fort Lee, Va.	1	O-8: Starr, Donn A.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Armor Center and Commandant, U.S. Army Armor School, Fort Knox, Ky.	1
O-7(P): Greer, Thomas U.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Training Center and Fort Dix, Fort Dix, N.J.	1	O-7(P): Street, Oliver D., III.	Commanding General, 1st Region, U.S. Army Air Defense Command, Stewart Field, N.Y.	1
O-8: Groves, Richard H.	Division Engineer, U.S. Army Engineer Division, North Atlantic, New York, N.Y.	1	O-8: Sweeney, Arthur H., Jr.	Commanding General, White Sands Missile Range, White Sands, N. Mex.	1
O-8: Guthrie, John R.	Deputy Chief of Staff, Pacific Command.	1	O-8: Tackaberry, Thomas H.	Chief of Legislative Liaison, Office of the Secretary of the Army, Washington, D.C.	1
O-8: Hamlet, James F.	Commanding General, 4th Infantry Division and Fort Carson, Fort Carson, Colo.	1	O-8: Tarpley, Thomas M.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Infantry Center and Commandant, U.S. Army Infantry School, Fort Benning, Ga.	1
O-8: Henion, John Q.	Commanding General, 9th Infantry Division and Fort Lewis, Fort Lewis, Wash.	1	O-8: Van Lydegraf, Donn	Commanding General, U.S. Army Quartermaster Center and Commandant, U.S. Army Quartermaster School, Fort Lee, Va.	1
O-8: Higgins, Hugh R.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Troop Support Command, St. Louis, Mo.	1	O-8: Vinson, Wilber B., Jr.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Southern European Task Force, Italy.	1
O-8: Hinrichs, Frank A.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Aviation Systems Command, St. Louis, Mo.	1	O-8: Vogel, Edward H., Jr.	Superintendent, U.S. Army Academy of Health Sciences, Fort Sam Houston, Tex.	1
O-8: Hixon, Robert C.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Training Center and Fort Jackson, Fort Jackson, S.C.	1	O-8: Wagstaff, Jack J.	Chief, Military Assistance Advisory Group, Germany.	1
O-8: Hughes, Carl W.	Surgeon, U.S. Army, Pacific, and Commanding General, Tripler Army Medical Center, Hawaii.	1	O-8: Walker, Sam S.	Commanding General, 3d Infantry Division, U.S. Army Europe.	1
O-8: To be announced.	Surgeon, U.S. Army, Europe and Commanding General, U.S. Army Medical Command, Europe.	1	O-8: Wier, James A.	Commanding General, Fitzsimons Army Medical Center, Denver, Colo.	1
O-8: Hunt, Ira A., Jr.	Deputy Commander, U.S. Support Activities Group, Thailand.	1	O-8: Wolff, Herbert E.	Deputy Director for Signal Intelligence Operations, National Security Agency/Central Security Service, Fort George G. Meade, Md.	1
O-8: Kendall, Maurice W.	Chairman/Army Member, U.S. Delegation, Joint Brazil-United States Military Commission/Commander, U.S. Military Group, Brazil.	1	O-8: Young, Robert P.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Training Center and Fort Leonard Wood, Fort Leonard Wood, Mo.	1
O-8: Kissinger, Harold A.	Director, Joint Tactical Communications Office, Fort Monmouth, N.J.	1	O-7: Buckingham, Clay T.	Assistant Division Commander, 1st Armored Division, U.S. Army Europe.	1
O-8: Kraft, William R., Jr.	Chief of Staff, U.S. Army, Europe/7th Army.	1	O-7: Burnell, Bates C.	Commanding General, U.S. Army SAFEGUARD Systems Command, Huntsville, Ala.	1
O-8: Kroesen, Frederick J., Jr.	Commanding General, 82d Airborne Division, Fort Bragg, N.C.	1	O-7: Escala, Albert R.	Commanding General, U.S. Army School/Training Center, Fort McClellan, Ala.	1
O-8: Levan, C. J.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Air Defense Center and Commandant, U.S. Army Air Defense School, Fort Bliss, Tex.	1			

Approved For Release 2006/02/07 : CIA-RDP75B00380R000700030046-6

Grade and name of officer	Position of officer	Projected authorized/assigned enlisted aides as of June 30, 1974	Grade and name of officer	Position of officer	Projected authorized/assigned enlisted aides as of June 30, 1974
0-7: Faul, Lloyd J.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Ordnance Center and Commandant, U.S. Army Ordnance School, Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md.	1	0-7: Scott, Willard W.	Commanding General, V Corps Artillery, U.S. Army Europe.	1
0-7: Feir, Philip R.	Commandant of Cadets, U.S. Military Academy, West Point, N.Y.	1	0-7: Redman, Albert, Jr.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Communications Command, Continental United States, Fort Ritchie, Md.	1
0-7: Gatsis, Andrew J.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Support Command, Hawaii.	1	0-7: Sniffin, Charles R.	Assistant Division Commander, 8th Infantry Division, U.S. Army Europe.	1
0-7: Sadler, Jack R.	Chief, Joint U.S. Military Advisory Group, Philippines.	1	0-7: Starker, Jlseph B.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Combat Development Experimentation Command, Fort Ord, Calif.	1
0-7: Nutting, Wallace B.	Commanding General, 1st Infantry Division (Forward), U.S. Army Europe.	1	0-7: Stevenson, Robert D.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Berlin Brigade, Europe.	1
0-7: Hardaway, Robert M., III	Commanding General, William Beaumont Army Medical Center, El Paso, Tex.	1	0-7: To be announced	Assistant Division Commander, 3d Armored Division, U.S. Army, Europe.	1
0-7: Healy, Michael D.	Commanding General, John F. Kennedy Center for Military Assistance, Fort Bragg, N.C.	1	0-7: Swenson, Richard W.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Communications Command, Europe.	1
0-7: Hiestand, Harry H.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Intelligence Center and Commandant, U.S. Army Intelligence School, Fort Huachuca, Ariz.	1	0-7: Ulatoski, Joseph R.	Commander, Joint Casualty Resolution Center, Vietnam.	1
0-7: Key, Milton, E.	Commanding General, 56th Artillery Brigade, U.S. Army Europe.	1	0-7: Weaver, Wilburn C.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Communications Command, Pacific.	1
0-7: Koehler, John J., Jr.	Commanding General, 38th Artillery Brigade (Air Defense), Korea.	1	0-7: Woodard, George S., Jr.	Commanding General, Letterman Army Medical Center, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif.	1
0-7: Krause, Frederick C.	Commanding General, 19th Support Group, Korea.	1	0-7: Yow, Harold D.	Chief, Military Assistance Advisory Group, Ethiopia.	1
0-7: Latham, Willard	Assistant Division Commander, 3d Infantry U.S. Europe.	1	0-7: To be announced	Commanding General, 31st Air Defense Brigade, Homestead Air Force Base, Fla.	1
0-7: Meroney, William B., III	Commanding General, Madigan Army Medical Center, Tacoma, Wash.	1	0-8: Ochs, Elmer R.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Operational Test and Evaluation Agency, Fort Belvoir, Va.	1
0-7: Metheny, Orvil C.	Commander, Western Area, Military Traffic Management and Terminal Service, Oakland Army Base, Calif.	1	0-8: Tobiasson, Orville L.	Chief of Staff, Allied Land Forces Southeastern Europe.	1
0-7: Morton, Richard L.	Commander, Eastern Area, Military Traffic Management and Terminal Service, Brooklyn, N.Y.	1	0-8: Hall, Charles M.	Director of Operations, J-3, U.S. European Command.	1
0-7: Mullens, Robert M.	Commanding General, 6th Region, U.S. Army Air Defense Command, Fort Baker, Calif.	1	0-8: Appel, John G.	Director of Logistics, J-4, U.S. European Command.	1
0-7: Munson, James A.	Assistant Division Commander, 1st Armored Division, U.S. Army Europe.	1	0-8: Patton, George S.	Director of Security Assistance, J-7, U.S. European Command.	1
0-7: Ogden, Dorward W., Jr.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Communications System Agency (Provisional), Fort Monmouth, N.J.	1	0-8: Lekson, John S.	Director of Operations, J-3, U.S. Readiness Command, MacDill AFB, Fla.	1
0-7: Osteen, John L., Jr.	Commanding General, U.S. Army Support, Thailand.	1	0-8: McChrystal Herbert J., Jr.	Deputy Commanding General, Modern Army Selected Systems Tests, Evaluation and Review, Fort Hood, Tex.	1
			0-7: Gregg, Arthur J.	Commander, European Exchange Service	1

Notes: (1) A "(P)" following an officer's grade (e.g., 0-8 (P)) indicates that the incumbent has been recommended for promotion to the next higher grade. (2) No aides are projected to be in an aide standby or training status.

UNITED STATES NAVY

Grade and name of officer	Position of officer	Projected authorized/assigned enlisted aides as of June 30, 1974	Grade and name of officer	Position of officer	Projected authorized/assigned enlisted aides as of June 30, 1974
0-10: Moorer, Thomas H.	Chairman of Joint Chiefs of Staff, Washington, D.C.	5/5	0-9: Talley, George C. Jr.	Deputy Chief of Naval Operations (plans and policy) Washington, D.C.	2/2
0-10: Zumwalt, Elmo R., Jr.	Chief of Naval Operations, Washington, D.C.	5/5	0-9: Long, Robert L. J.	Commander, Submarine Force, U.S. Atlantic Fleet, Norfolk, Va.	2/2
0-10: Cousins, Ralph W.	Commander in Chief, Atlantic and U.S. Atlantic Fleet and Supreme Allied Commander, Atlantic, Norfolk, Va.	3/3	0-9: Turner, Starsfield	President, Naval War College, Newport, R.I.	3/3
0-10: Kidd, Isaac C., Jr.	Chief of Naval Material, Washington, D.C.	3/3	0-9: Plate, Douglas C.	Deputy and Chief of Staff, Commander in Chief, Atlantic, and Commander in Chief, U.S. Atlantic Fleet, Norfolk, Va.	2/2
0-10: Gayler, Noel A. M.	Commander in Chief, Pacific, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii.	3/3	0-9: Houser, William D.	Deputy Chief of Naval Operations (Air Warfare) Washington, D.C.	2/2
0-10: Weisner, Maurice F.	Commander in Chief, U.S. Pacific Fleet, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii.	3/3	0-9: Cooper, Damon W.	Chief of Naval Reserve, New Orleans, La.	2/2
0-10: Holloway, James L. III	Vice Chief of Naval Operations, Washington, D.C.	3/3	0-9: Salzer, Robert S.	Commander, Amphibious Force, U.S. Pacific Fleet, San Diego, Calif.	2/2
0-10: Bagley, Worth H.	Commander in Chief, U.S. Naval Forces, Europe, London, United Kingdom.	3/3	0-9: Rapp, T.	Commander, 3d William Fleet, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii.	2/2
0-10: Johnston, Means Jr.	Commander in chief, Allied Forces, Southern Europe, Naples, Italy.	3/3	0-9: Price, Frank H. Jr.	Director, Ship Acquisition and Improvement, Office of Chief of Naval Operations, Washington, D.C.	2/2
0-9: Mack, William P.	Superintendent, U.S. Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md.	4/4	0-9: Moran, William J.	Director, Research, Development, Test and Evaluation, Office of Chief of Naval Operations, Washington, D.C.	2/2
0-9: de Poix, Vincent P.	Director, Defense Intelligence Agency, Washington, D.C.	2/2	0-9: Finneran, John G.	Commander, 2d Fleet, Norfolk, Va.	2/2
0-9: Michaelis, Frederick B.	Commander, Naval Air Force, U.S. Atlantic Fleet, Norfolk, Va.	2/2	0-9: Bayne, Marmaduke G.	Commandant National War College, Washington, D.C.	2/2
0-9: Wilkinson, Eugene P.	Deputy Chief of Naval Operations (submarine warfare) Washington, D.C.	2/2	0-9: Wheeler, Kenneth R.	Vice Chief of Naval Material, Washington, D.C.	2/2
0-9: King, Jerome H., Jr.	Director, J-3, Joint Chiefs of Staff, Washington, D.C.	2/2	0-9: Custis, Donald L.	Chief, Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, and Surgeon General of the Navy, Washington, D.C.	2/2
0-9: Weinle, John P.	Assistant to the Chairman, Joint Chiefs of Staff, Washington, D.C.	2/2	0-9: Hayward, Thomas B.	Director, Navy Program Planning, Office of Chief of Naval Operations, Washington, D.C.	2/2
0-9: Peet, Raymond E.	Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense (security assistance) Washington, D.C.	2/2	0-9: Baldwin, Robert B.	Commander, Naval Air Force, U.S. Pacific Fleet, San Diego, Calif.	2/2
0-9: Miller, Gerald E.	Deputy Director, Joint Strategic Target Planning Staff, Offutt Air Force Base, Nebr.	2/2	0-9: Murphy, Daniel J.	Commander 6th Fleet, Gaeta, Italy	2/2
0-9: Minter, Charles S., Jr.	Deputy Chairman, NATO Military Committee, Brussels, Belgium.	2/2	0-9: Steele, George P., II	Commander, 7th Fleet, Yokosuka, Japan	2/2
0-9: Shear, Harold E.	Director, antisubmarine warfare and tactical electromagnetic programs, Washington, D.C.	2/2	0-9: Weschler, Thomas R.	Director, Logistics, J-4 Joint Chiefs of Staff, Washington, D.C.	2/2
0-9: Beshany, Philip A.	Commander, U.S.-Taiwan Defense Command, Taipei, Republic of Taiwan.	2/2	0-9: St. George, William R.	Deputy and Chief of Staff to Commander in Chief, U.S. Pacific Fleet, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii.	2/2
0-9: Vannoy, Frank W.	Commander, Amphibious Force, U.S. Atlantic Fleet, Norfolk, Va.	2/2	0-9: Perry, Oliver H., Jr.	Chairman, Inter-American Defense Board, Washington, D.C.	2/2
0-9: Cagle, Malcolm W.	Chief of Naval Education and Training, Pensacola, Fla.	2/2	0-9: Moorer, Joseph P.	Vice Chairman, U.S. Delegation, U.N. Military Staff Committee, New York, N.Y.	2/2
0-9: Harfinger, Frederick J. II	Director, Command Support Programs, Office of Chief of Naval Operations, Washington, D.C.	2/2	0-8: Riera, Robert E.	Commandant, 8th Naval District, New Orleans, La.	1/1
0-9: Bagley, David H.	Deputy Chief of Naval Operations (manpower) and Chief of Naval Personnel, Washington, D.C.	2/2	0-8: Freeman, Mason B.	Superintendent, Naval Post-Graduate School, Monterey, Calif.	1/1
0-9: Le Bourgeois, J.	Commandant, 11th Naval District, San Diego, Calif.	1/1	0-8: Gilkeson, F. Moore B.	Commandant, 11th Naval District, San Diego, Calif.	1/1

Approved For Release 2006/02/07 : CIA-RDP75B00380R000700030046-6

June 3, 1974

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD — SENATE

S 9509

Approved For Release 2006/02/07 : CIA-RDP75B00380R000700030046-6

UNITED STATES NAVY—Continued

Table with 6 columns: Grade and name of officer, Position of officer, Projected authorized/assigned enlisted aides as of June 30, 1974, Grade and name of officer, Position of officer, Projected authorized/assigned enlisted aides as of June 30, 1974. Lists various naval officers and their positions.

Notes: (1) Provisions of 10a U.S.C. 7579 vest authority for determination of individual authorizations of public quarters stewards with the Secretary of the Navy, rather than with the Secretary of Defense as may have been implied in Senator Proxmire's letter of Oct. 13, 1973. Accordingly, the Secretary of the Navy may make necessary revisions to the above listing as military reasons may

require. (2) Navy has no provision for assignment of public quarters stewards to formal training or for assignment in a stand-by status. No such assignments are reflected in the above listing nor are any such assignments authorized.

UNITED STATES AIR FORCE CEILING—234

Table with 3 columns: Grade and name of officer, Position of officer, Projected authorized/assigned enlisted aides as of June 30, 1974. Lists Strategic Air Command and Military Airlift Command personnel.

Table with 3 columns: Grade and name of officer, Position of officer, Projected authorized/assigned enlisted aides as of June 30, 1974. Lists Air Training Command and Air Force Systems Command personnel.

Approved For Release 2006/02/07 : CIA-RDP75B00380R000700030046-6

ALLOCATION OF ENLISTED AIDES UNDER DOD 675 CEILING TO BE EFFECTIVES JUNE 30, 1974—Continued

Approved For Release 2006/02/07 : CIA-RDP75B00380R000700030046-6

Grade and name of officer	Position of officer	Projected authorized/assigned enlisted aides as of June 30, 1974	Grade and name of officer	Position of officer	Projected authorized/assigned enlisted aides as of June 30, 1974
AF Contract Mgmt Div, Kirtland AF Base, N. Mex.: O-8: Donald G. Nunn	Commander	1	HEADQUARTERS COMMAND USAF, BOLLING AFB, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA		
USAF Space and Missile Test Center, Vandenberg AF Base, Calif.: O-8: Jessup D. Lowe	Commander	1	O-8: John L. Locke	Commander	1
Armament Development and Test Ctr, Eglin AFB, Fla.: O-8: Henry B. Kucheman, Jr.	Commander	1	USAF ACADEMY, COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO		
Aerospace Medical Division, Brooks AFB, Tex.: O-8: George E. Schafer	Commander	1	O-9: Albert P. Clark	Superintendent	3
AF Eastern Test Range Patrick AFB, Fla.: O-8: Kenneth R. Chapman	Commander	1	AIR FORCE RESERVE, ROBINS AFB, GA.		
Electronic Systems Div. L. G. Hanscom AFB, Mass.: O-8: Albert R. Shiel, Jr.	Commander	1	O-8: Earl O. Anderson	Vice Commander	
TACTICAL AIR COMMAND, LANGLEY AFB, VA			AIR UNIVERSITY, MAXWELL AFB, ALA		
O-10: Robert J. Dixon	Commander	3	O-9: Felix M. Rogers	Commander	
O-9: Dale S. Sweat	Vice Commander	2	Air War College: O-8: James V. Hartinger	Commandant	
O-8: James A. Knight, Jr.	DCS/Operations	1	AF Institute of Technology, Wright-Patterson AFB, Ohio: O-8: Frank J. Simokaitis	Commandant	
USAF Tactical Fighter Weapons Center, Nellis AFB, Nev.: O-8: Gordon F. Blood	Commander	1	Air Comd and Stf College, Maxwell AFB, Ala.: O-8: John P. Flynn	Commandant	
9 Air Force Shaw AFB, S.C.: O-8: James D. Hughes	Commander	1	USAF SECURITY SERVICE, SAN ANTONIO, TEX.		
AIR FORCE LOGISTICS COMMAND, WRIGHT-PATTERSON AF BASE, OHIO			O-8: Walter T. Galligan	Commander	
O-10: Jack J. Cotton	Commander	3	ALASKAN AIR COMMAND, ELMENDORF AFB, ALASKA		
O-9: Edmund F. O'Connor	Vice Commander	2	O-8: Charles W. Carson, Jr.	Commander	
O-8: George Rhodes	Chief of Staff	1	USAF SOUTHERN COMMAND ALBROOK AFB, PANAMA		
O-8: Edmund A. Rafalko	DCS/Plans and Operations	1	O-8: Arthur G. Salisbury	Commander	
O-8: James A. Bailey	DCS/Comptroller	1	OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE, WASHINGTON, D.C.		
O-8: Herbert J. Gavin	DCS/Maintenance	1	O-9: Daniel James, Jr.	Asst Secretary of Defense (Public Affairs) Prin Deputy	4
Sacramento Air Material Area, McClellan AFB, Calif.: O-8: George W. McLaughlin	Commander	1	Defense Nuclear Agency: O-9: Warren D. Johnson	Director	2
Ogden Air Mat Area Hill, AFB, Utah: O-8: Bryce Poe II	Commander	1	Defense Supply Agency, Washington, D.C.: O-8: Joseph J. Cody, Jr.	Deputy Director, Contract Administration Administrative Service	1
San Antonio Air Mat Area, Kelly AFB, Tex.: O-8: William A. Jack	Commander	1	O-8: Donald H. Ross	Assistant Director, Plans, Programs and Systems	1
Warner-Robins Air Material Area, Robins AFB, Ga.: O-8: Robert E. Hails	Commander	1	O-8: Abraham J. Dreissazsun	Commander, Defense Personnel Support Center, Philadelphia, Pa.	1
PACIFIC AIR FORCES, HICKAM AFB, HAWAII			National Security Agency, Fort Meade, Md.: O-9: Lew Allen, Jr.	Director	2
O-10: John W. Vogt, Jr.	Commander in Chief	3	JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF, WASHINGTON, D.C.		
O-9: Carlos M. Talbott	Vice Commander in Chief	2	O-9: Louis T. Seith	Director, Plans and Policy	7
O-8: Winton W. Marshall	DCS/Plans	1	Central Treaty Org (CENTO) Ankara, Turkey: O-8: Colin C. Hamilton, Jr.	Chief of Staff, Combined Military Planning Staff	
O-8: Ralph T. Holland	DCS/Logistics	1	North Atlantic Treaty Org (NATO) Brussels, Belgium: O-10: Theodore R. Milton	NATO Military Commission (Mil Rep), U.S. Representative	3
5 Air Force Fuchu AFB, Japan: O-9: Robert E. Pursley	Comdr and Comdr U.S. Forces, Japan	2	Industrial Collge of the Armed Forces, Fort McNair, Washington, D.C.: O-8: Edward A. McGough III	Dep Commandant	1
O-8: Edward P. McNeff	Vice Commander	1	ALLIED COMMAND EUROPE		
13 Air Force Clark AFB, Philippines: O-9	Commander	2	Shape Hqs Cas'au, Belgium: O-10: Russell E. Dougherty	Chief of Staff	3
O-8: Leroy J. Manor	Vice Commander	1	O-8: William W. Wisman	Special Project Officer State War Hqs	1
7 Air Force Nakhon Phanom Airport, Thailand: O-8: Jack Bellamy	DCS/Operations and Asst Chief of Staff/Operations U.S. Support Activities Group	1	O-8: Richard F. Shafer	Asst Chief of Staff, Operations	1
U.S. AIR FORCES IN EUROPE, RAMSTEIN AB, GERMANY			Allied Forces Southern Europe (AIRSOUTH) Naples, Italy: O-9: Joseph G. Wilson	Commander and Comdr, 16 AF	2
O-10: David C. Jones	Commander in Chief	3	O-8: William H. Holt	Chief of Staff	1
O-9: Louis L. Wilson, Jr.	Vice Chief	2	Allied Tactical AF, Izmir, Turkey: O-9: Sanford K. Moats	Commander	2
O-8: Wilbur L. Creech	DCS/Operations	1	Allied Forces Cen. Europe (AF CENT) Brunsum, Holland: O-8: William E. Byran, Jr.	Dep C/S Ops and Intel	1
O-8: Edwin W. Robertson II	Inspector General	1	Allied Forces Northern Europe (AF-North) Kolsaas, Norway: O-8: Kendall S. Young	Air Deputy	1
16 Air Force Torrejon AFB, Spain: O-8: Salvador E. Felices	Vice Commander	1			
3 Air Force RAF, Mildenhall, England: O-8: Evan W. Rosencrans	Commander	1			
The U.S. Logistics Group (TUSLOG), Ankara, Turkey: O-8: Arnold W. Braswell	Commander	1			
17 Air Force Sembach Air Base, Germany: O-8: John C. Giraudé	Commander	1			
AEROSPACE DEFENSE COMMAND, ENT AF BASE, COLO.					
O-9: Royal N. Baker	Vice Commander	2			
O-8: Kenneth C. Dempster	DCS/Logistics	1			
14 Aerospace Force Ent AFB, Colo.: O-8: Otis C. Moore	Commander	1			

ALLOCATION OF ENLISTED AIDES UNDER DOD 675 CEILING TO BE EFFECTIVE JUNE 30, 1974—Continued
 Approved For Release 2006/02/07 : CIA-RDP75B00380R000700030046-6

Grade and name of officer	Position of officer	Projected authorized/assigned enlisted aides as of June 30, 1974	Grade and name of officer	Position of officer	Projected authorized/assigned enlisted aides as of June 30, 1974
EUROPEAN COMMAND, VAIHINGEN, GERMANY			U.S. SOUTHERN COMMAND, QUARRY HEIGHTS, PANAMA		
0-10: George J. Eade	Deputy Commander in Chief	3	0-8: John B. Henry, Jr.	Chief of Staff	1
0-8: Edward Ratkovich	Director, Intelligence	1	Miscellaneous:		
0-8: William R. Hayes	Deputy Director, Logistics	1	0-8: Walter R. Tkach	Surgeon to the President, Washington, D.C.	1
0-8: Foster L. Smith	Director, Plans and Policy	1	CHIEF OF STAFF, USAF, WASHINGTON, D.C.		
Military Assistance Advisory Group (MAAG), Rome, Italy:			0-10: George S. Brown	Chief of Staff, USAF	5
0-8: George M. Johnson, Jr.	Chief	1	0-10: Richard H. Ellis	Vice Chief of Staff, USAF	3
Military Assistance Advisory Group (MAAG), Iran:			0-9: Duward L. Crow	Asst Vice Chief of Staff, USAF	2
0-8: Devot Brett	Chief	1	0-8: Homer L. Lewis	Air Force Reserve Chief and Comdr	1
JOINT NORTH AMERICAN AIR DEFENSE COMMAND (NARAD) AND CONTINENTAL AIR DEFENSE COMMAND (CONAD) ENT AFB, COLO.			0-8: Roy M. Terry	Chief of Chaplains	1
0-10: Lucius D. Clay, Jr.	Commander in Chief and Comdr, Air Defense Command, ADC	1	Comptroller of the Air Force:		
0-8: John M. McNabb	DCS/Intelligence	1	0-9: Joseph R. DeLuca	Comptroller	2
0-8: James E. Paschall	DCS/Plans and Programs	1	Asst Compt for Audit and Comdr AF Audit Agency, Norton AFB, Calif.:		
21 NORAD (CONAD) Region Hancock Field N.Y.:			0-8: Henry Simon	Asst Comptroller	1
0-8: Ray M. Robison, Jr.	Commander	1	Inspector General:		
24 NORAD (CONAD) Region Malmstrom AFB, Mont.:			0-9: Gerald W. Johnson	Inspector General	2
0-8: Lawrence J. Fleming	Commander	1	Deputy Inspector General, Norton AFB, Calif.:		
25 NORAD (CONAD) Region McChord AFB, Wash.:			0-8: Ernest T. Cragg	Dep IG for Inspection and Safety and Comdr, AF Inspection and Safety Center	1
0-8: Jack K. Gamble	Commander	1	Surgeon General:		
PACIFIC COMMAND, PEARL HARBOR, HAWAII			0-9: Robert A. Patterson	Surgeon General, USAF	2
0-9: William G. Moore, Jr.	Chief of Staff	2	0-8: Maxwell W. Steel, Jr.	Dep. Surg. General	1
0-8: Eugene F. Tighe, Jr.	DCS/Intelligence	1	Deputy Chief of Staff/Personnel:		
0-8: Lawrence F. Tanberg	Inspector General	1	0-9: John W. Roberts	DCS/Personnel	2
U.S. Support Activities Group (USSAG) Nakhon Phanom airport, Thailand:			0-8: Ray M. Cole	Asst DCS/Personnel	1
0-10: Timothy F. O'Keefe	Comdr, USSAG and Comdr, 7 AF	3	AF Military Personnel Center, Randolph AFB, Tex.:		
UN Command/U.S. Forces, Seoul, Korea:			0-8: Travis R. McNeil	Asst DCS/Personnel for Mil Pers and Comdr, AF Military Personnel Center	1
0-9: John R. Murphy	Chief of Staff	2	Deputy Chief of Staff/Plans and Operations:		
Military Assistance Advisory Group (MAAG) Taipei, Taiwan:			0-8: James E. Hill	Asst DCS/Plans and Operations	1
0-8: Slade Nash	Chief	1	0-8: Charles L. Bennett, Jr.	Dep Director of Plans	1
ALASKAN COMMAND, ELMENDORF AFB, ALASKA			AF Test and Evaluation Center, Kirtland AFB, N. Mex.:		
0-9: James C. Sherrill	Commander in Chief and Commander Alaskan NORAD RGN.	2	0-8: John J. Burns	Commander	1
U.S. READINESS COMMAND, MACDILL AFB, FLA.			Deputy Chief of Staff/Programs and Resources:		
0-9: Ernest C. Hardin, Jr.	Dep Commander in Chief	2	0-9: George S. Boylan, Jr.	DCS/Programs and Resources	2
0-8: Woodard E. Davis, Jr.	Director, Plans and Policy	1	0-8: William W. Borg	Asst DCS/Programs and Resources	1
			0-8: James A. Hill	Dir of Programs	1
			0-8: Maurice R. Reilly	Dir of Civil Engineering	1
			Deputy Chief of Staff/Systems and Logistics:		
			0-9: William W. Snavely	DCS/Systems and Logistics	2
			Deputy Chief of Staff/Research and Development:		
			0-9: William J. Evans	DCS/Research and Development	2

1 Nominated for promotion to major general on Feb. 6, 1974.

Note: The above allocation leaves 11 enlisted aide authorizations for brigadier generals. The specific 0-7 positions will be designated at a later date. There are no enlisted aides on standby or in training. The above list represents general officer positions and incumbents as of Jan. 25, 1974.

including known projected reassignments and retirements as of that date. Also included are 11 major general nominees expected to be promoted when confirmed by the Senate. Actual allocations on June 30, 1974, could vary due to retirements, reassignments, promotions or transfers to/from public quarters.

UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS

Grade and name of officer	Position of officer	Projected authorized/assigned enlisted aides as of June 30, 1974	Grade and name of officer	Position of officer	Projected authorized/assigned enlisted aides as of June 30, 1974
0-10: Cushman, Robert E., Jr.	Commandant of the Marine Corps, Washington, D.C.	5	0-8: McLaughlin, John N.	Commanding General, 4th Marine Division, Camp Pendleton, Calif.	1
0-10: Anderson, Earl E.	Assistant Commandant of the Marine Corps, Washington, D.C.	3	0-8: Fegan, Joseph C., Jr.	Commanding General, Marine Corps Recruit Depot, San Diego, Calif.	1
0-9: Robinson, Wallace H., Jr.	Director, Defense Supply Agency, Alexandria, Va.	2	0-8: Brown, Leslie E.	Commanding General, Marine Corps Air Station, Cherry Point, N.C.	1
0-9: Axtell, George C.	Commanding General, Fleet Marine Force, Atlantic, Norfolk, Va.	2	0-8: Miller, Thomas H., Jr.	Commanding General, 2d Marine Aircraft Wing, Cherry Point, N.C.	1
0-9: Keller, Robert P.	Commanding General, Marine Corps Development and Education Command, Quantico, Va.	2	0-8: Barrow, Robert H.	Commanding General, Marine Corps Recruit Depot, Parris Island, S.C.	1
0-9: Lahue, Foster C.	Chief of Staff, Headquarters Marine Corps, Washington, D.C.	2	0-8: Houghton, Kenneth J.	Commanding General, 1st Marine Division, Camp Pendleton, Calif.	1
0-9: Wilson, Louis H., Jr.	Commanding General, Fleet Marine Force, Pacific, Honolulu, Hawaii.	2	0-8: Bohn, Robert D.	Commanding General, Marine Corps Base, Camp Lejeune, N.C.	1
0-9: Beckington, Herbert L.	Deputy Chief of Staff for Plans and Operations, Headquarters Marine Corps, Washington, D.C.	2	0-8: Jones, James R.	Commanding General, Marine Corps Supply Activity, Philadelphia, Pa.	1
			0-8: Snowden, Lawrence F.	Chief of Staff, U.S. Forces, Japan, Honshu, Japan.	1

ALLOCATION OF ENLISTED AIDES UNDER DOD 675 CEILING TO BE EFFECTIVE JUNE 30, 1974
 Approved For Release 2006/02/07 : CIA-RDP75B00380R000700030046-6
 UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS—Continued

Grade and name of officer	Position of officer	Projected authorized/assigned enlisted aides as of June 30, 1974	Grade and name of officer	Position of officer	Projected authorized/assigned enlisted aides as of June 30, 1974
O-7: Taylor, Robert W.	Commanding General, 3d Marine Aircraft Wing, El Toro, Calif.	1	O-7: Nichols, Robert L.	Commanding General, Marine Corps Base, Camp Pendleton, Calif.	1
O-7: Lanagan, William H., Jr.	Commanding General, 2d Marine Division, Camp Lejeune, N.C.	1	O-7: Quinn, William R.	Commanding General, Marine Corps Air Station, El Toro, Calif.	1
O-7: Berge, James H., Jr.	Commanding General, 4th Marine Aircraft Wing, Glenview, Ill.	1			

Note: The Marine Corps will have no public quarters enlisted aides in training or a stand-by status. No such assignments are reflected in the above listing and no such assignments are authorized.

Mr. PROXMIRE. Mr. President, perhaps my colleagues would be interested in knowing how many servants are located in their States.

It will only take a minute to list them. Alabama has 8, Alaska 4, Arizona 2, California 39, Colorado 17, Kansas 4, Kentucky 3, Louisiana 7, Maryland 21, Massachusetts 3, Michigan 2, Minnesota 1, Mississippi 2, Missouri 2, Montana 1, Nebraska 15, Nevada 1, New Jersey 7, New Mexico 4, New York 11, North Carolina 8, Ohio 15, Oklahoma 1, Pennsylvania 4, Rhode Island 3, South Carolina 4, Tennessee 1, Texas 22, Utah 1, Virginia 50, Washington 4, and the District of Columbia with 189. Any unmentioned States, such as Wisconsin, have none.

Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that a list of military servants by State be printed in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the list was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

OFFICERS AND SERVANTS ASSIGNED

ALABAMA

Felix M. Rogers, 2.
 James V. Hartinger, 1.
 John P. Flynn, 1.
 Vincent H. Ellis, 1.
 William J. Maddox, Jr., 1.
 Bates C. Burnell, 1.
 Albert R. Escola, 1.

ALASKA

Charles W. Carson, Jr., 1.
 James C. Sherrill, 2.
 Sidney M. Marks, 1.

ARIZONA

Jack A. Albright, 1.
 Harry H. Hiestand, 1.

ARKANSAS

None.

CALIFORNIA

William F. Pitts, 2.
 Charles F. Minter, Sr., 1.
 John W. Pauly, 1.
 John F. Gonge, 1.
 Ralph S. Saunders, 1.
 Howard M. Lane, 1.
 Jessup D. Lowe, 1.
 George W. McLaughlin, 1.
 Henry Simon, 1.
 Gerald W. Johnson, 2.
 Ernest T. Cragg, 1.
 Omar N. Bradley, 3.
 Elvy B. Roberts, 2.
 Robert G. Gard, Jr., 1.
 Albert E. Milloy, 1.
 Orvil C. Metheny, 1.
 Robert M. Mullens, 1.
 Joseph B. Starker, 1.
 George S. Woodard, Jr., 1.
 Robert S. Salzer, 2.
 Robert B. Baldwin, 2.
 Mason B. Freeman, 1.
 Fillmore B. Gilkeson, 1.

Mark W. Woods, 1.
 Martin D. Carmody, 1.
 Ward S. Miller, 1.
 John N. McLaughlin, 1.
 Joseph C. Fegan, Jr., 1.
 Kenneth J. Houghton, 1.
 Robert W. Taylor, 1.
 Robert L. Nichols, 1.
 William R. Quinn, 1.

COLORADO

Charles C. Pattillo, 1.
 Royal N. Baker, 2.
 Kenneth C. Dempster, 1.
 Otis C. Moore, 1.
 Albert P. Clarke, 3.
 Lucius D. Clay, Jr., 3.
 John M. McNabb, 1.
 James E. Paschall, 1.
 James F. Hamlet, 1.
 Raymond F. Murphy, 1.
 John K. Singlaub, 1.
 James A. Wier, 1.

CONNECTICUT

None.

DELAWARE

None.

FLORIDA

Henry E. Kucheman, Jr., 1.
 Kenneth R. Chapman, 1.
 Ernest C. Hardin, Jr., 2.
 Woodard E. Davis, Jr., 1.
 Bruce Palmer, Jr., 3.
 John S. Lebson, 1.
 Malcolm W. Cagle, 2.
 Robert E. Halls, 1.
 Earl O. Anderson, 1.
 Walter T. Kerwin, Jr., 3.
 Donn R. Pepke, 2.
 Salve H. Matheson, 1.
 Charles R. Myer, 1.
 Thomas M. Tarpley, 1.

GEORGIA

John W. Vogt, Jr., 3.
 Carlos M. Talbott, 2.
 Winton W. Marshall, 1.
 Ralph T. Holland, 1.
 William G. Moore, Jr., 2.
 Eugene F. Tighe, Jr., 1.
 Lawrence F. Tanberg, 1.
 Carl W. Hughes, 1.
 Robert M. MacKinnon, 1.
 Andrew J. Gates, 1.
 Maurice F. Welner, 3.
 William T. Rapp, 2.
 William R. St. George, 2.
 Parker B. Armstrong, 1.
 Frank O. McMullen, Jr., 1.
 Richard A. Paddock, 1.
 Louis H. Wilson, Jr., 2.

IDAHO

None.

ILLINOIS

Paul K. Carleton, 3.
 Jay T. Robbins, 2.
 William A. Dietrick, 1.
 Alden G. Glauch, 1.
 Thomas A. Aldrick, 1.
 Warner E. Newby, 1.
 Frank W. Elliott, Jr., 1.

William B. Fulton, 1.
 John C. Raasen, Jr., 1.
 James C. Smith, 1.
 John D. H. Kane, Jr., 1.
 James H. Berge, Jr., 1.

INDIANA

Eugene J. Forrester, 1.

IOWA

None.

KANSAS

John H. Cushman, 2.
 Gordon J. Duguemin, 1.
 Dennis D. McAuliffe, 1.

KENTUCKY

Sidney B. Berry, 1.
 William S. Coleman, 1.
 Donn A. Starry, 1.

LOUISIANA

Richard M. Hoban, 2.
 Eugene A. Steffes, Jr., 1.
 Charles E. Sragin, 1.
 Damon W. Cooper, 2.
 Robert E. Riera, 1.

MAINE

None.

MARYLAND

Samuel C. Phillips, 3.
 John B. Hudson, 2.
 Vernon R. Turner, 1.
 Robert T. Marsh, 1.
 Lew Allen, Jr., 2.
 Glenn D. Walker, 2.
 William H. Blakefield, 1.
 Charles P. Brown, 1.
 Herbert E. Wolff, 1.
 Lloyd J. Faul, 1.
 Albert Redman, Jr., 1.
 William P. Mack, 4.
 Roy M. Isaman, 1.

MASSACHUSETTS

Albert B. Shiely, Jr., 1.
 Morgan G. Reseborough, 1.
 Richard E. Rumble, 1.

MICHIGAN

Robert J. Baer, 1.
 Joseph E. Fieklk, 1.

MINNESOTA

Thomas H. Barfield, 1.

MISSISSIPPI

Bryan M. Shotts, 1.
 Charles C. Noble, 1.

MISSOURI

Frank A. Hinrichs, 1.
 Robert P. Young, 1.

MONTANA

Lawrence J. Fleming, 1.

NEBRASKA

John C. Mayer, 3.
 James M. Keek, 2.
 Martin O. Colladay, 1.
 Ray B. Sittin, 1.
 Edgar S. Harris, Jr., 1.
 Andrew B. Anderson, Jr., 1.
 Eugene L. Hudson, 1.
 Harry M. Darmstandles, 1.
 John R. Hinton, Jr., 1.

Billy J. Ellis, 1.
Gerald E. Miller, 2.

NEVADA

Gordon F. Blood, 1.

NEW HAMPSHIRE

None.

NEW JERSEY

Lester T. Kearney, Jr., 1.
Albert B. Crawford, Jr., 1.
Hugh F. Foster, Jr., 1.
Thomas V. Greer, 1.
Harold A. Kissinger, 1.
Patrick W. Powers, 1.
Dorward W. Ogden, Jr., 1.

NEW MEXICO

Thomas W. Morgan, 1.
Donald G. Nunn, 1.
John R. Burns, 1.
Arthur H. Sweeney, Jr., 1.

NEW YORK

Ray M. Robinson, Jr., 1.
William A. Knowlton, 3.
Richard H. Groves, 1.
Oliver D. Street III, 1.
Phillip B. Feir, 1.
Richard C. Morton, 1.
Joseph P. Mooror, 2.
William M. Pugh II, 1.

NORTH CAROLINA

Richard J. Seitz, 2.
Frederick J. Kroesen, Jr., 1.
Michael D. Healy, 1.
Leslie E. Brown, 1.
Thomas H. Miller, Jr., 1.
Robert D. Bohn, 1.
William H. Canagan, Jr., 1.

NORTH DAKOTA

None.

OHIO

James T. Stewart, 2.
Douglas T. Nelson, 1.
Benjamin N. Bellis, 1.
Abner B. Martin, 1.
Jack J. Catton, 3.
Edmund F. O'Connor, 2.
George Rhodes, 1.
Edward A. Rafalko, 1.
James A. Bailey, 1.
Herbert J. Gavlin, 1.
Frank J. Simokaitis, 1.

OKLAHOMA

David E. Ott, 1.

OREGON

None.

PENNSYLVANIA

Franklin M. Davis, Jr., 2.
Joseph L. Coleman, 1.
James R. Jones, 1.

RHODE ISLAND

Stansfield Turner, 3.

SOUTH CAROLINA

James D. Hughes, 1.
Robert C. Hixon, 1.
Graham Tahles, 1.
Robert H. Barrow, 1.

SOUTH DAKOTA

None.

TENNESSEE

Albert M. Sackett, 1.

TEXAS

Robert W. Maloy, 1.
William V. McBride, 2.
Alton D. Slay, 1.
Robert L. Pettit, 1.
George E. Schafer, 1.
William A. Jack, 1.
Walter T. Galligan, 1.
Travis R. McNeil, 1.
Allen M. Burdett, Jr., 2.
George P. Seneff, Jr., 2.
Robert L. Fair, 1.
C. J. Levan, 1.
Spurgeon H. Neel, Jr., 1.
Robert M. Shoemaker, 1.

Winant Sidle, 1.
Edward H. Vogel, Jr., 1.
Robert M. Hardaway III, 1.
James Ferris, 1.

UTAH

Bryce Poe II, 1.

VERMONT

None.

VIRGINIA

Robert J. Dixon, 3.
Dale S. Sweat, 2.
James A. McKnight, Jr., 1.
William E. DePuy, 3.
Henry A. Miley, Jr., 3.
Walter P. Leber, 2.
Orwin C. Talbott, 2.
Woodrow W. Vaughan, 2.
Jack C. Fuson, 1.
George A. Godding, 1.
Edwin M. Graham, Jr., 1.
Harold G. Moore, 1.
Harold R. Parfitt, 1.
Dean Van Lydegraf, 1.
Elmer R. Ochs, 1.
Ralph W. Cousins, 3.
Frederick H. Michaelis, 2.
Frank W. Vanroy, 2.
Julien J. LeBourgeois, 2.
Robert L. J. Long, 2.
Douglas C. Plate, 2.
John G. Finnesan, 2.
Roy G. Anderson, 1.
Julian T. Burke, Jr., 1.
Ralph S. Wentworth, Jr., 1.
Jeremiah A. Denton, Jr., 1.
Wallace H. Robinson, Jr., 2.
George C. Axtell, 2.
Robert P. Keller, 2.

WASHINGTON

Jack E. Gamble, 1.
John G. Henton, 1.
William H. Meroney, III, 1.
Thomas E. Bass, III, 1.

WEST VIRGINIA

None.

WISCONSIN

None.

WYOMING

None.

WASHINGTON, D.C.

John D. Wemel, 2.
Raymond E. Peet, 2.
Harold E. Shear, 2.
Frederick J. Harfinger, II, 2.
David H. Bagley, 2.
George C. Talley, Jr., 2.
William D. Houser, 2.
Frank H. Price, Jr., 2.
William J. Moran, 2.
Marmaduke G. Bayne, 2.
Kenneth R. Wheeler, 2.
Donald L. Custis, 2.
Thomas B. Hayward, 2.
Thomas R. Wesehler, 2.
Oliver H. Perry, Jr., 2.
Arthur G. Esel, 1.
Edwin K. Snyder, 2.
Earl F. Reetanus, 2.
Robert E. Cushman, Jr., 5.
Earl E. Anderson, 3.
Foster C. Lahue, 2.
Herbert L. Beekington, 2.
Creighton W. Abrams, 5.
Frederick C. Weyand, 3.
Donald H. Cowles, 2.
Phillip B. Davidson, Jr., 2.
John R. Deane, Jr., 2.
Edward M. Ghanagan, Jr., 2.
William C. Gribble, Jr., 2.
Fred Kosnet, Jr., 2.
Herron N. Maples, 2.
William W. Potts, 2.
Bernard W. Rogers, 2.
Edward C. Rowney, 2.
Richard R. Taylor, 2.
Vernon A. Walters, 2.
Walter J. Woolwine, 2.

Harold R. Aaron, 1.
George S. Beatty, Jr., 1.
Robert Bernstein, 1.
Henry R. DelMar, 1.
Thomas H. Tackaberry, 1.
Thomas H. Mooror, 5.
Elmo R. Zumwalt, Jr., 5.
Isaac C. Kidd, Jr., 3.
James L. Holloway III, 3.
Vincent de Poix, 2.
Eugene P. Wilkinson, 2.
Jerome H. King, Jr., 2.
John L. Locke, 1.
Daniel James, Jr., 2.
Warren D. Johnson, 2.
Joseph J. Cody, Jr., 1.
Donald H. Ross, 1.
Abraham J. Dreiseszun, 1.
Louis T. Seith, 2.
Colin C. Hamilton, Jr., 1.
Theodore R. Milton, 3.
Edward A. McGough III, 1.
Walter R. Tkach, 1.
George S. Brown, 5.
Richard H. Ellis, 3.
Duward L. Crow, 2.
Homer I. Lewis, 1.
Roy M. Terry, 1.
Joseph R. Deluca, 2.
Robert A. Patterson, 2.
Maxwell W. Steel, Jr., 1.
John W. Roberts, 2.
Ray M. Cole, 1.
James E. Hill, 1.
Charles I. Bennett, Jr., 1.
George S. Boylan, Jr., 2.
William W. Berg, 1.
James A. Hill, 1.
Maurice R. Reilly, 1.
William W. Snavelly, 2.
William J. Evans, 2.

BELGIUM

Russell E. Dougherty, 3.
William W. Wisman, 1.
Richard F. Shaefer, 1.
Walter E. Lotz, Jr., 2.
George G. Cantlay, 1.
Charles S. Minter, Jr., 2.

BRAZIL

Maurice W. Kendall, 1.
Carl T. Hanson, 1.

CAMBODIA

William W. Palmer, 1.

ENGLAND

Evan W. Rosencrans, 1.
Worth H. Bagley, 3.
William H. Livingston, 1.

ETHIOPIA

Harold D. Yow, 1.

EUROPE

Arthur J. Gregg, 1.
Andrew J. Goodpastor, 3.
Melvin Zais, 3.
George S. Blanchard, 2.
Arthur S. Collins, 2.
William R. Desobry, 2.
John D. McLaughlin, 2.
John Norton, 2.
Howard W. Fenney, 2.
James W. Sutherland, Jr., 2.
Robert C. Taber, 2.
Jonathan R. Burton, 1.
Thomas E. Fitzpatrick, Jr., 1.
William R. Kraft, Jr., 1.
Joseph C. McDonough, 1.
Rolland V. Heiser, 1.
Sam S. Walker, 1.
Clay T. Buckingham, 1.
Wallace H. Nutting, 1.
Milton E. Key, 1.
Willard Latham, 1.
James A. Munson, 1.
Willard W. Scott, 1.
Charles R. Sniffin, 1.
Robert D. Stevenson, 1.
Richard W. Swenson, 1.
Orville L. Tobiason, 1.

EUROPE—continued
 Charles M. Hall, 1
 John G. Appel, 1
 George S. Patton, 1

GERMANY
 David C. Jones, 3
 Louis K. Wilson, Jr., 2
 Wilbur L. Creech, 1
 Edwin W. Robertson II, 1
 John C. Giraudo, 1
 George J. Eade, 3
 Edward Ratkovich, 1
 William R. Hayes, 1
 Foster L. Smith, 1
 Michael S. Davidson, 3
 William W. Cobb, 1
 Jack J. Wagstaff, 1
 James W. Nance, 1

GREECE
 Charles W. Ryder, Jr., 1
 Frederick C. Turner, 1

GUAM
 George H. McKee, 2
 George S. Morrison, 1

HOLLAND
 William E. Bryan, Jr., 1

ICELAND
 Samuel M. Cooley, Jr., 1

IRAN
 Devol Brett, 1

ITALY
 Joseph G. Wilson, 2
 William W. Holt, 1
 George M. Johnson, Jr., 1
 Wilber H. Vinson, Jr., 1
 Means Johnston, Jr., 3
 Daniel J. Murphy, 2
 Pierre N. Charbonnet, Jr., 1

JAPAN
 Robert E. Pursley, 2
 Edward P. McNeef, 1
 Welborn G. Dolvin, 2
 George P. Steele II, 2
 James D. Donaldson, Jr., 1
 William H. Rogers, 1
 Lawrence F. Snowden, 1

KOREA
 John R. Murphy, 2
 Richard G. Stilwell, 3
 James F. Hollingsworth, 2
 Richard T. Knowles, 2
 Hubert S. Cunningham, 1
 Henry E. Emerson, 1
 William E. McCleod, 1
 John J. Koehler, Jr., 1
 Frederick C. Krause, 1
 Henry S. Morgan, Jr., 1

NORWAY
 Kendall S. Young, 1

OKINAWA
 Bert A. David, 1

PACIFIC
 Donald V. Bennett, 3
 Robert R. Williams, 2
 John R. Guthrie, 1
 George L. Mabry, Jr., 1
 Wilbur C. Weaver, 1

PANAMA
 Arthur G. Salisbury, 1
 John B. Henry, Jr., 1
 William B. Rosson, 3
 Robert H. Blount, 1

PUERTO RICO
 James D. Ramage, 1

PHILIPPINES
 Leroy J. Manor, 1
 Jack R. Sadler, 1
 Doniphan B. Shelton, 1

PORTUGAL
 Robert B. Ery, 1

SPAIN
 Salvador E. Felices, 1

TAIWAN
 Slade Nash, 1
 Philip A. Beshany, 2

THAILAND
 Timothy F. O'Keefe, 3
 Ira A. Hunt, Jr., 1
 Thomas W. Mellen, 1
 John L. Osken, Jr., 1

TURKEY
 Arnold W. Braswell, 1
 Sanford K. Moats, 2
 Harris W. Hollis, 2
 James V. Galloway, 1

VIETNAM
 John E. Murray, 1
 Joseph E. Ulatoski, 1

Mr. PROXMIER. Mr. President, I also request unanimous consent that a list of U.S. military servants assigned to various foreign countries be printed in the RECORD.

There being no objections, the list was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

MILITARY SERVANTS ASSIGNED
 Officers:

BELGIUM
 Russell E. Dougherty, 3
 William W. Wisman, 1
 Richard F. Shaefer, 1
 Walter E. Lotz, Jr., 2
 George G. Cantlay, 1
 Charles S. Minter, Jr., 2

BRAZIL
 Maurice W. Kendall, 1
 Carl T. Hanson, 1

CAMBODIA
 William W. Palmer, 1

ENGLAND
 Evan W. Rosencrans, 1
 Worth H. Bagley, 3
 William H. Livingston, 1

ETHIOPIA
 Harold D. Yow, 1

EUROPE
 Arthur J. Gregg, 1
 Andrew J. Goodpastor, 3
 Melvin Zais, 3
 George S. Blanchard, 2
 Arthur S. Collins, 2
 William R. Desobry, 2
 John D. McLaughlin, 2
 John Norton, 2
 Howard W. Fenney, 2
 James W. Sutherland, Jr., 2
 Robert C. Taber, 2
 Jonathon R. Burton, 1
 Thomas E. Fitzpatrick, Jr., 1
 William R. Kraft, Jr., 1
 Joseph C. McDonough, 1
 Rolland V. Heiser, 1
 Sam S. Walker, 1
 Clay T. Buckingham, 1
 Wallace H. Nutting, 1
 Milton E. Key, 1
 Willard Latham, 1
 James A. Munson, 1
 Willard W. Scott, 1
 Charles R. Sniffin, 1
 Robert D. Stevenson, 1
 Richard W. Swenson, 1
 Orville L. Toblason, 1
 Charles M. Hall, 1
 John G. Appel, 1
 George S. Patton, 1

GERMANY
 David C. Jones, 3
 Louis K. Wilson, Jr., 2
 Wilbur L. Creech, 1
 Edwin W. Robertson II, 1
 John C. Giraudo, 1
 George J. Eade, 3
 Edward Ratkovich, 1
 William R. Hayes, 1
 Foster L. Smith, 1
 Michael S. Davidson, 3

William W. Cobb, 1
 James W. Nance, 1

GREECE
 Charles W. Ryder, Jr., 1
 Frederick C. Turner, 1

GUAM
 George H. McKee, 2
 George S. Morrison, 1

HOLLAND
 William E. Bryan, Jr., 1

ICELAND
 Samuel M. Cooley, Jr., 1

IRAN
 Devol Brett, 1

ITALY
 Joseph G. Wilson, 2
 William W. Holt, 1
 George M. Johnson, Jr., 1
 Wilber H. Vinson, Jr., 1
 Means Johnston, Jr., 3
 Daniel J. Murphy, 2
 Pierre N. Charbonnet, Jr., 1

JAPAN
 Robert E. Pursley, 2
 Edward P. McNeef, 1
 Welborn G. Dolvin, 2
 George P. Steele II, 2
 James D. Donaldson, Jr., 1
 William H. Rogers, 1
 Lawrence F. Snowden, 1

KOREA
 John E. Murphy, 2
 Richard G. Stilwell, 3
 James F. Hollingsworth, 2
 Richard T. Knowles, 2
 Hubert S. Cunningham, 1
 Henry E. Emerson, 1
 William E. McCleod, 1
 John J. Koehler, Jr., 1
 Frederick C. Krause, 1
 Henry S. Morgan, Jr., 1

NORWAY
 Kendall S. Young, 1

OKINAWA
 Bert A. David, 1

PACIFIC
 Donald V. Bennett, 3
 Robert R. Williams, 2
 John R. Guthrie, 1
 George L. Mabry, Jr., 1
 Wilbur C. Weaver, 1

PANAMA
 Arthur G. Salisbury, 1
 John B. Henry, Jr., 1
 William B. Rosson, 3
 Robert H. Blount, 1

PUERTO RICO
 James D. Ramage, 1

PHILIPPINES
 Leroy J. Manor, 1
 Jack R. Sadler, 1
 Doniphan B. Shelton, 1

PORTUGAL
 Robert B. Ery, 1

SPAIN
 Salvador E. Felices, 1

TAIWAN
 Slade Nash, 1
 Philip A. Beshany, 2

THAILAND
 Jack Bellamy, 1
 Timothy F. O'Keefe, 3
 Ira A. Hunt, Jr., 1
 Thomas W. Mellen, 1
 John L. Osken, Jr., 1

TURKEY
 Arnold W. Braswell, 1
 Sanford K. Moats, 2
 Harris W. Hollis, 2
 James V. Galloway, 1

and admirals than if they do these things themselves.

To my way of thinking, it is a good investment. It is not a matter of working people and degrading people. What better association could they have than an association with these intelligent people who worked their way up the ladder for 30 years; highly educated people, people who make decisions that affect thousands and thousands of people; people who give orders upon which thousands and thousands of troops will march at the giving of those orders.

I think it is important that we be reasonable about this matter and not say that no general and no admiral can have anybody to assist him to perform certain duties which would leave him free to do the big things and make the big decisions and perform the big responsibilities.

Mr. STENNIS. Mr. President, I yield myself 5 minutes.

This is partly a ceremonial function that these men perform as an aide. This comes down from George Washington, the first Commander in Chief of the Continental Army. He had these perquisites, and every succeeding general or admiral in a comparable place or something below that comparable place of George Washington has had those perquisites. They have official duties to perform, they have official entertainment to perform. I am not making excuses for them. You are not going to pollute them, not this easily anyway.

But this is a part of the protocol. I am not very familiar with it. I am not a general, and I have not been around many generals, but I know this is a part of the protocol. It is a part of the perquisites of these higher officers—and, by the way, they are mighty scarce down in Mississippi. We have only two down there. So this is not a local matter with me at all. We have some training bases for the Air Force, Air and Navy; they have a lot of sunny days down there. But this is a serious matter, and this amendment just totally knocks all of them out, abolishes them as if it were something evil and sinful, which it is not at all.

This aide service is something which encourages the wives to carry out their part all during these military careers, and they do have an essential part. It encourages them to perform their functions in the hopeful expectation of these promotions coming in time, and that they will have some of the things that go with the promotions.

We can argue here till doomsday about the numbers, but my point is, let us not just abolish an institution. I do not know; I would settle for some number. But I really do not want to see this thing just abolished as if it were a punishment on the military.

By the way, all these men are not friends of mine, but with all the shifting around and everything all of a sudden, we had to have a new chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, and that called for a new Chief of Staff of the Air Force, and I do not know when I have been any more favorably impressed than I have been with the new men who were sent in

Approved For Release 2006/02/07 : CIA-RDP75B00380R000700030046-6

Their training started away back. One was a nonacademy man, made Chief of Staff of the Air Force.

All their record of attainment, their reasoning—I remember what Senator Carl Hayden told me when I first came to the Senate. He said:

Spend your first two years learning how to be a Senator.

They have spent all these 20-odd years learning how to be top officers, and I was proud of them and I predict for both outstanding accomplishments.

Now the Senator would come along and jerk the rug out from under them here, and they would not have anything to help them carry on. Every Senator on this floor who has taken part in the debate on this bill has had an aide here with him, if not two or three. Why? We have to have them. That is why they are here. They perform a highly important function. A Senator who tries to do everything himself is not much of a Senator.

We have some abuse of this privilege, but all of our officers, now, are going to have to do all this entertaining and all this protocol and everything else, and if their wives have to do it all, we are going to find a great letdown—a great letdown, a diminution of interest and in the attractiveness of the office.

I just hope the Senate will not adopt this amendment. Let us not kill this thing that does have a meaning—not much to us, maybe, but it certainly means a lot to them.

Mr. President, how much time do we have remaining?

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Mississippi has 18 minutes. The Senator from Wisconsin has 15 minutes.

Mr. STENNIS. I yield 9 minutes to the Senator from Georgia.

Mr. NUNN. Mr. President, I do not think I need that much time. I would like to just go back over, briefly, the history of this particular effort by the Senator from Wisconsin, because I think he has made a very diligent effort here, and he has pointed out some flaws in the system as it previously existed.

Until December 1972, there were 1,722 enlisted aides assigned in all services. In May of 1973, the Secretary of Defense reduced the authorization to 1,245, to be effective March 1, 1974.

In consideration of the fiscal year 1974 authorization bill, there was a ceiling established of 1,105 aides. I believe that was in the House Armed Services Committee.

Finally, in the House report accompanied by the authorization bill, a fiscal year 1974 ceiling of 675 was established by Congress. That was the result of a compromise between the House committee number of 1,105 and the bill as passed by the Senate last year, which contained an effective ceiling of 218.

So right now, Mr. President, we have a ceiling of 675. This represents a reduction in an 18-month period, of 61 percent, or 1,047. The amendment that the Senator from Wisconsin has now proposed is not an effort to reduce it further; it is an effort to knock it completely out,

down to zero, down to not one single enlisted aide for the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff who hopefully will be confirmed in the next few days. We had him before the committee today. Not one single aide for the Chief of Staff of the Air Force, not one single aide for the Chief of Naval Operations, and not one single aide for the Chief of Staff of the Army, who is now in the hospital. So this is not an effort to effect a reduction, but an effort to go down to zero. I think that is something the Senate should keep in mind.

One thing the Senator from Wisconsin said, and I would like some clarification on this particular point because it is contradictory to the amendment itself, is that there ought to be some kind of pool, with a certain number of people in it, to perform these duties.

Mr. President, I would like to propose a substitute for the amendment of the Senator from Wisconsin which would provide exactly that. I would like to go back to the language of the Senate compromise last year, which was approved overwhelmingly, and which, by the way, resulted in a dramatic reduction from the House-proposed number of 1,105 down to a compromise in conference of 675.

This amendment in the nature of a substitute which I shall offer after time on the amendment has expired would be the exact amendment passed last year by the Senate by a vote of 73 to 9. I think it would comply with the effort of the amendment of the Senator from Wisconsin to reduce to a great degree the abuse that has obviously taken place, but not seek to go completely down to zero, because there are certain cases, as the Senator from South Carolina and the Senator from Mississippi have enumerated, where enlisted aides are essential and necessary.

I am not defending the present number or the age-old practice, but I am saying, as the Senator from Wisconsin has said, that we need to have some kind of pool here, and this amendment would, in effect, provide for a ceiling of 218. This, as I say, would be in the nature of a substitute for the amendment of the Senator from Wisconsin.

Mr. PROXMIRE. Mr. President, will the Senator yield? Maybe we can work something out.

Mr. NUNN. I yield to the Senator from Wisconsin.

Mr. PROXMIRE. Prior to our discussion on the Senate floor, we had an informal discussion, and I told the Senator I was reluctant to modify my amendment in accordance with his suggestion. But I wonder if it would be possible to modify the pending amendment a little to provide that there be a pool out of which these men could be assigned for specific purposes to assist with entertainment functions and that kind of thing.

What concerns me is that these men are assigned to a particular, specific admiral or general, and assigned to him as a man-servant, for 4, or 5, or 6 years, or even more. This seems to me to be what is fundamentally wrong with the system. I see the Senator's objections, and I realize there are heavy entertainment responsibilities, and so forth, but it would

Approved For Release 2006/02/07 : CIA-RDP75B00380R000700030046-6

seem to me that if we could agree on a pool, we might have quite a different situation than with the present problem of an admiral more or less owning, in effect, an aide.

I might point out also to the distinguished Senator that this aide does not perform the kind of functions our staff assistants do. The admirals have captains, lieutenant commanders, and full lieutenants to the speech writing, the clerical work, the mail answering, and so forth. That official service to me is fine; no one objects to that. We are talking about washing the dishes, cleaning the house, gardening, chauffeuring, and that type of responsibility.

Mr. NUNN. I think the Senator presents a good argument, and I do not offer any rebuttal to it. I would like to take a look at any kind of modification language the Senator might have, and have an opportunity to study it.

Mr. PROXMIRE. I thank the Senator.

Mr. NUNN. Mr. President, in concluding my brief remarks, perhaps we can get together on some kind of language that would be satisfactory. The substitute that I had planned to offer would cut the overall ceiling down to 218. This would be a reduction, a substantial reduction, from the present number of 675, and I think that it would accomplish the purpose that the Senator from Wisconsin has in mind without necessarily slapping in the face every high-ranking general and admiral that we have in the service today. I would certainly agree to look at any other language the Senator from Wisconsin (Mr. PROXMIRE) might have in mind for that purpose.

At this time, unless someone wants me to yield to them, and I would be glad to do so, otherwise I would like to suggest the absence of a quorum.

Mr. STENNIS. Mr. President, just acting on the spur of the moment here, I commend the Senator from Wisconsin for being willing to do something about this thing, stopping short of cutting it out altogether. The Senator from Georgia, the two of them together, have made a mighty appealing suggestion to me. To give them a chance to go to work on the language, we might have a quorum call here, to be charged to each side, and if they disagree on any language, we could let the matter go over until tomorrow; and if they have not agreed, then we would have 10 minutes to a side and then vote on it.

Mr. HART. Mr. President, will the Senator withhold that request for a moment?

Mr. STENNIS. Mr. President, I yield to the Senator from Michigan such time as he may need to make his proposition.

Mr. HART. If the Senator from Mississippi will temporarily withhold, as I understand it, there are two concerns. One is with respect to the number of Army, Navy, and airmen who will be put into a pool to do certain things for high-ranking officers. That is a numerical problem. The second problem is to make it clear that those functions shall not be assigned to them, such as, for example, cutting grass or washing dishes. That is the second aspect. I hope they attempt to respond to both of them.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. JOHNSTON). Is there objection to the unanimous-consent request for a call of the quorum?

Mr. STENNIS. Mr. President, I will state it this way, if I may restate it. I ask unanimous consent to suggest the absence of a quorum with the time to be charged to each side.

Mr. GOLDWATER. Mr. President, will the Senator from Mississippi withhold for a moment? I would like to make a few comments while the two Senators are conferring.

Mr. STENNIS. Mr. President, I yield 3 minutes to the Senator from Arizona.

Mr. GOLDWATER. I probably will not take that long.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Arizona is recognized for 3 minutes.

Mr. GOLDWATER. Mr. President, I do not understand the concern of the Senator from Michigan relative to the various tasks to be assigned to enlisted men. While I recognize that the GAO has discovered, whether rightly or wrongly—and I do not have the faith in that office that some of my other colleagues have—that not all the enlisted people volunteer—in fact, I know that they do not—I would like to say that my experience shows most of these jobs are eagerly sought after by enlisted men who like to moonlight—not just moonlight for the extra buck that might be in it, but for the extra good food, the occasional “nip” that can be had on the side, and the chance to serve someone they may have great respect for and want to serve.

I would hate to see language come out that would preclude enlisted men from accepting an offer made by a general officer, an offer that would mean not only a little more prestige in the ranks but also a little more income for him.

I believe that this should be pretty much left up to the enlisted men. While it is probably true that some are assigned, it has been my experience that these jobs are eagerly sought after. So that I would hope we would not make it impossible for an enlisted man who, in effect, wants to moonlight like that, to be able to do so.

These are the only comments I have to make on the amendment.

Mr. PROXMIRE. Mr. President, will the Senator from Arizona yield on my time—and I will yield myself a couple of minutes.

Mr. GOLDWATER. I am happy to do so.

Mr. PROXMIRE. As I understand it, these are not moonlighters in the sense that they get extra money by working for a general or an admiral. I would have no objection to that. That should be encouraged. That is a good way for an enlisted man to pick up some extra money and enables the general or the admiral to get the help that they may need. That is good.

What I object to, and what the amendment is designed to prevent, is the permanent, full-time assignment of an enlisted man to a general or an admiral. Many of these enlisted men serve

throughout their naval or military careers working simply as a servant and that is all they do. That is their full-time job.

It is that kind of thing that is wrong especially when they belong to a particular general or a particular admiral and are assigned to them on a permanent basis.

What we are trying to work out is a pool so that when these men are assigned, it will be on a temporary basis and for a particular function. In addition, any time a general or an admiral wants to hire extra assistance, of course he is free to do that with the enlisted personnel. There is nothing in this amendment that would prevent that.

Mr. GOLDWATER. I am glad to have that assurance. However, I should like to ask the Senator one question. What would it do to the Filipinos who now serve the White House and the Naval Academy? This is a full-time job with them although they carry enlisted rank.

Mr. PROXMIRE. The Senator is right. That is another problem. But they would not be assigned by this amendment, because they are not on the permanent staff of a general or an admiral.

Mr. GOLDWATER. That is correct, but they are on the permanent staff of our Commander in Chief.

Mr. PROXMIRE. The Commander in Chief is not covered by this amendment.

Mr. GOLDWATER. I am glad to hear that.

Mr. HART. Mr. President, in fairness to the Senator from Arizona, before he arrived in the Chamber I had expressed some dismay, I guess, that we still do that and provide those facilities. I hope sooner or later that we will fix that.

Mr. STENNIS. Mr. President, I would suggest the absence of a quorum with the understanding that the time will be charged to each side.

Mr. WILLIAM L. SCOTT. Mr. President, will the Senator from Mississippi withhold that for a moment. And will the Senator from Wisconsin yield to me?

Mr. PROXMIRE. I yield 3 minutes to the Senator from Virginia.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Virginia is recognized for 3 minutes.

Mr. WILLIAM L. SCOTT. Mr. President, I appreciate the Senator's yielding to me. As you know I am a member of the Armed Services Committee and certainly want our Armed Forces to be second to no nation in the world. It is essential that we retain our military strength. However, where fat exists, whether in the military or in one of the executive departments of the Government, we must eliminate that fat. To have unnecessary expenditures in any department of Government, I believe, weakens our defense system.

We have a Defense budget for the coming fiscal year of approximately \$87 billion and personnel costs are estimated to increase under that budget from 57 to 58 percent.

I am concerned about the continued increase in the cost of personnel. It seems to be in the national interest to look into every department of Government and see

where we can eliminate waste. That should include the Department of Defense.

Mr. President, I believe that the argument made by the distinguished Senator from Wisconsin does have merit. While I would hope that some compromise will be reached on the matter, a compromise that will be carried to the other body by the conference committee and not be weakened in conference, I see no more need for the military to have servants than top officials in the civilian part of the Government.

I would therefore hope that we can eliminate the concept of any Government official having servants at taxpayers expense.

I therefore commend the distinguished Senator for the argument that he has made here. While I hate to disagree with the leadership of my own committee, I am inclined to support the amendment of the Senator from Wisconsin unless some compromise is reached.

Mr. PROXMIRE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent—because I understand that with the time limitation, I have to do so in order to modify my amendment—to modify my amendment to add at the end the following clause:

Except for 218 such enlisted men assigned on a temporary basis by the Secretary of Defense to meet official responsibilities.

What that would do would be to compromise with the suggestion by the distinguished Senator from Georgia (Mr. NUNN) the notion that there would still be 218 men available; but they would not be assigned to specific, particular admirals or generals. They would simply be available to be assigned on a temporary basis to meet official and I stress official responsibilities. That would meet my principal purposes.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the modification?

Mr. WILLIAM L. SCOTT. Mr. President, reserving the right to object, I wonder if the distinguished chairman of the Committee on Armed Services and the distinguished ranking member might indicate whether they would press for this amendment that is offered by the distinguished Senator from Wisconsin or whether it might be compromised away in the conference between the two bodies.

Mr. STENNIS. I yield myself 1 minute. Mr. President, the Senate conferees always press, in every way they know how, for the Senate bill as passed, and that includes all amendments—big and small and important—and all amendments are important. There is no question about that. I do not think I could assure the Senator any further.

Mr. WILLIAM L. SCOTT. With that assurance, Mr. President, I withdraw my reservation.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the modification?

Mr. THURMOND. Mr. President, the distinguished Senator from Mississippi has expressed my view.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the modification of the amendment? The Chair hears none, and the amendment is so modified.

Mr. PROXMIRE. Mr. President, if the Senator from Mississippi wishes to yield

back the remainder of his time, I will yield back the remainder of my time, and we can have a vote on the amendment.

Mr. STENNIS. I yield myself 1 minute.

Mr. President, I think the Senators have worked out not a compromise but a very fine amendment that has some substance, and I am going to support it.

Mr. HART. Mr. President, will the Senator yield?

Mr. PROXMIRE. I yield to the Senator from Michigan such time as he may require.

Mr. HART. Mr. President, I inquire of the coauthors of the amendment their concept, their intentions, their definition of "official duty."

We have been talking about the burden of entertainment, much of which is official. But there is also the casual house servant activity that some of these men heretofore have been engaged in, such as cutting the grass.

We know human nature, and it might be that a general would feel that he is going to have friends in tonight and the grass has to be cut this afternoon, and that is pretty official. That is not my notion of the function and the purpose of any man in the military. That gentleman can do what some of us do—hire a man or, as others do, cut the grass himself. If he is faced with big decisions, he has to let the grass wait.

Mr. PROXMIRE. I appreciate the Senator's question. I think the clarification will be of great help in providing for an amendment that means something and is effective.

I would say, for example, that official business and official responsibilities would refer to entertainment at parties which are official parties, to which other officials are invited, not private parties. I would say that chauffeuring would be an official responsibility that would be necessary and proper. But duties such as cleaning the house or doing the laundry or doing gardening or serving at strictly private parties is obviously and clearly not official.

Mr. HART. When the Senator indicated that chauffeuring would be official, he intended to refer to chauffeuring the officer around, not the family.

Mr. PROXMIRE. Exactly. Chauffeuring the officer on his official duties, not chauffeuring anybody else in the family and not chauffeuring the officer for purposes not related to the officer's duties.

Mr. STENNIS. I yield myself 1 minute.

Mr. President, I do not want to see this thing whittled away just by colloquy on the floor of the Senate. We still live in a time when someone has to cut the grass. That may be what is the matter with America now, that too many of us want the other fellow to cut the grass and wash the dishes.

I see the electric dishwashers. All one has to do is to press a button. How is anyone going to help at an official function if we are going to exclude washing the dishes?

I do not think we ought to whittle this away. This language has a meaning. No one has to go into the Army now. They are all volunteers. That is true of the other services.

Mr. PROXMIRE. I agree that if any

of these functions are performed at an official affair of any kind, or for such an affair, obviously the Senator is correct. Someone has to serve the drinks and wash the dishes and clean up, serve the food, prepare the food for official functions. All of that would be official. But if this is done simply for the officer and his family, and personal friends, I would say it is not in accordance with the amendments. The officer and his family are free to hire outside help, or they can do it themselves.

It seems to me that this modification meets the only really legitimate requirement that the admiral or the general may have for a servant, because he has extraordinary responsibilities, and under those circumstances the military servant should be authorized to serve.

Mr. NUNN. Mr. President, will the Senator yield?

Mr. PROXMIRE. I yield.

Mr. NUNN. It is going to be almost impossible for us to define on the floor of the Senate the precise nature of every detail as to what is official, but I think that the spirit of this dialog certainly should be taken into consideration by the Department of Defense. I would think that, looking at legislative history, the momentum that this particular move has had over the past 2 years, the Secretary of Defense would do well to interpret this strictly, so that it does not become an excuse for one loophole after another.

I refer the Senator from Michigan and the Senator from Wisconsin to a letter from Assistant Secretary of Defense William K. Brehm to Chairman HEBERT of the House Armed Services Committee. Mr. Brehm indicates in his letter some of the alternatives that have been looked at and says that there is an effort in DOD to go into this.

Rather than trying to define precisely the word "official," we should leave that to the judgment of the DOD and let them consider the dialog that has taken place here and the fact that there is a genuine interest in this matter on the floor of the Senate.

Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to have printed in the RECORD the letter from Mr. William K. Brehm, Assistant Secretary of Defense for Manpower and Reserve Affairs, dated February 4, 1974, to Chairman HEBERT.

There being no objection, the letter was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE,
Washington, D.C., February 4, 1974.
Hon. F. EDWARD HEBERT,
Chairman, Committee on Armed Services,
House of Representatives, Washington,
D.C.

DEAR MR. CHAIRMAN: This is to advise you of the current status of the enlisted aide program. Although the Congress has already significantly reduced the aide program by establishing a ceiling of 675 aides, we have reviewed the program to try to identify alternatives that could feasibly reduce further the number of enlisted aides.

In December 1972, there were 1722 enlisted aides assigned in all Services. In May 1973, the Secretary of Defense reduced the authorization to 1245, to be effective March 1, 1974. The HASC, in its consideration of the FY 1974 Authorization Bill, established a ceiling of 1105 aides. Finally, in the Conference Re-

Approved For Release 2006/02/07 : CIA-RDP75B00380R000700030046-6

port accompanying the Authorization Bill, a FY 1974 ceiling of 875 was established by the Congress. In sum, the number of enlisted aides is being reduced by 1047 or 61% over an 18-month period. Under the 1105 ceiling established by your Committee, all generals and admirals occupying public quarters would have had at least one enlisted aide. Under the 875 ceiling, it will not be possible to authorize one aide to each general or admiral occupying public quarters.

Our review reaffirmed that the majority of public quarters occupied by general and flag officers are old and large, and assistance is required for their care and upkeep. Also, many general and flag officer representational requirements are such that these officers need assistance. The HASC report on the FY 74 Authorization Bill recognized the validity of both of these requirements. Along with essential external representations, generals and admirals seek to enhance morale and interpersonal communications within the military community by hosting appropriate social gatherings. These functions require assistance in quarters. The basic problem is how best to provide the required assistance. Our review concluded that enlisted aides can best provide this support. Compatibility with military environment, flexibility in work scheduling, and adaptability to varied duties are the more obvious advantages of using enlisted aides. The uncertain availability of qualified personnel on the civilian market and the inherent limitations regarding irregular workloads and knowledge of military customs, protocol and procedures make the use of civilian personnel less advantageous. In arriving at this general conclusion, alternatives for reducing the number of enlisted aides have been considered. These alternatives included: (1) replacement of old and large quarters, (2) use of civilian personnel including Civil Service, and (3) personal hire by generals and admirals through an increased compensation system.

Replacement of the old and large general/flag officer public quarters is not a realistic approach. It would be extremely costly, take considerable time to accomplish, and would not result in an immediate reduction in number of aides. Also, the DoD recognizes that primary efforts should be directed toward providing family housing for families of enlisted personnel and junior officers.

The employment of Civil Service personnel is a possible approach since there is no known legal bar to their employment as aides. Within the level authorized by the Congress, we plan to explore further the practicality of using Civil Service personnel (perhaps wage board employees) in lieu of enlisted aides. In examining this option, we will seek to determine the type of duties that could best be performed by civilian personnel. In addition, consideration will be given to expanded use, as appropriate, of direct-hire or indirect-hire foreign national employees in lieu of military enlisted aides overseas. Should this course of action be determined feasible, we would, of course, seek the prior approval of both the House and Senate Armed Services Committee.

The personal hire of individuals by general/flag officers who would be compensated with a personal money allowance or by reimbursement also has some potential. This would require specific statutory authority. Consideration will be given to requesting such statutory authority when the practicality of using civilians, as discussed above, has been determined.

In summary, general and flag officers in public quarters often need assistance to care for those quarters and to meet representational responsibilities. While there appear to be no reasonable actions that can be taken immediately to reduce the number of enlisted aides beyond the 61% reduction already in progress, there might be other

means of reducing enlisted aides that can be implemented in the future. DoD will pursue consideration of all practical and appropriate alternatives within the level of effort authorized by the Congress.

Sincerely,

WILLIAM K. BREHM.

Mr. PROXMIRE. I think the Senator's suggestion is very reasonable, except that I would not want to leave this completely to the judgment of the DOD, based on past performance, because they did provide regulations that no servants will any longer be allowed to babysit, take care of pets, but they permit them to do laundry and gardening and clean house.

The spirit of the suggestion of the Senator from Georgia, that "official" be construed strictly, would eliminate the kind of functions we have been discussing, unless they are directly connected with an official party or affair.

Mr. NUNN. I do not disagree with that. The Secretary of Defense would have to determine what an official party or affair is. I do believe that the legislative history indicates the Senator's intention in this matter, and it is the Senator from Wisconsin's amendment. I believe that the Secretary has been put on notice that the Senator from Wisconsin expects a rather studious approach to this matter and that frivolous activity is to be cut out.

Mr. PROXMIRE. Mr. President, I ask for the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

Mr. PROXMIRE. Mr. President, if the Senator from Mississippi will yield back the remainder of his time, I will yield back the remainder of my time.

Mr. STENNIS. I yield back the remainder of my time.

Mr. PROXMIRE. I yield back the remainder of my time.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the amendment, as modified. The yeas and nays have been ordered, and the clerk will call the roll.

The legislative clerk proceeded to call the roll.

Mr. ROBERT C. BYRD. I announce that the Senator from California (Mr. CRANSTON), the Senator from Arkansas (Mr. FULBRIGHT), the Senator from Hawaii (Mr. INOUE), the Senator from Montana (Mr. MANSFIELD), the Senator from New Hampshire (Mr. MCINTYRE), the Senator from Alabama (Mr. SPARKMAN), the Senator from California (Mr. TUNNEY), the Senator from Texas (Mr. BENTSEN), the Senator from Idaho (Mr. CHURCH), the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. KENNEDY), the Senator from Missouri (Mr. SYMINGTON), the Senator from Maine (Mr. HATHAWAY), and the Senator from Minnesota (Mr. MONDALE) are necessarily absent.

I further announce that the Senator from Utah (Mr. MOSS) is absent on official business.

I further announce that, if present and voting, the Senator from New Hampshire (Mr. MCINTYRE) would vote "yea."

Mr. GRIFFIN. I announce that the Senator from Tennessee (Mr. BAKER), the Senator from Utah (Mr. BENNETT), the Senator from Tennessee (Mr. BROCK), the Senator from New York (Mr. BUCK-

LEY), the Senator from New York (Mr. JAVITS), the Senator from Maryland (Mr. MATHIAS), and the Senator from Oregon (Mr. PACKWOOD) are necessarily absent.

I further announce that the Senator from Oklahoma (Mr. BARTLETT) and the Senator from Oklahoma (Mr. BELLMON) are absent attending a funeral.

The result was announced--yeas 73, nays 4, as follows:

[No. 222 Leg.]

YEAS--73

Abouzeck	Fong	Nelson
Aiken	Gravel	Nunn
Allen	Griffin	Pastore
Bayh	Gurney	Pearson
Beall	Hart	Pell
Bible	Hartke	Percy
Biden	Haskell	Proxmire
Brooke	Hatfield	Randolph
Burdick	Holms	Ribicoff
Byrd	Hollings	Roth
Harry F. Jr.	Hruska	Schweiker
Byrd, Robert C.	Huddleston	Scott, Hugh
Cannon	Hughes	Scott,
Case	Humphrey	William L.
Chiles	Jackson	Stafford
Clark	Johnston	Stennis
Cook	Long	Stevens
Cotton	Magnuson	Stevenson
Curtis	McClellan	Taft
Dole	McGee	Talmadge
Domenici	McGovern	Thurmond
Dominick	Metcalf	Tower
Eagleton	Metzenbaum	Weicker
Eastland	Montoya	Williams
Ervin	Muskie	Young

NAYS--4

Fannin	Hansen	McClure
Goldwater		

NOT VOTING--23

Baker	Cranston	McIntyre
Bartlett	Fulbright	Mondale
Bellmon	Hathaway	Moss
Bennett	Inouye	Packwood
Bentsen	Javits	Sparkman
Brock	Kennedy	Symington
Buckley	Mansfield	Tunney
Church	Mathias	

So Mr. PROXMIRE's amendment No. 1370, as modified, was agreed to.

AMENDMENT NO. 1378

Mr. HUMPHREY. Mr. President, I send to the desk an amendment.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will state the amendment.

The second assistant legislative clerk proceeded to read the amendment as follows:

On page 17, between lines 20 and 21, insert a new section as follows:

"Sec. 703. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no funds appropriated pursuant to this or any other act may be used for the purpose of carrying out research, testing,..."

Mr. ROBERT C. BYRD. Mr. President, may we have order in the Senate?

The PRESIDING OFFICER. There will be order in the Senate.

Mr. HUMPHREY. Mr. President, I will ask the clerk to reread the amendment, because it is an important one.

The second assistant legislative clerk read the amendment, as follows:

On page 17, between lines 20 and 21, insert a new section as follows:

"Sec. 703. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no funds appropriated pursuant to this or any other act may be used for the purpose of carrying out research, testing, and/or evaluation of poisonous gases, radioactive materials, poisonous chemicals, biological or chemical warfare agents upon dogs."

Approved For Release 2006/02/07 : CIA-RDP75B00380R000700030046-6

June 3, 1974

Mr. HUMPHREY. Mr. President, I ask for the yeas and nays on this amendment.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

Mr. HUMPHREY. Mr. President, I will take just a few minutes. I am offering this amendment, because there is a hue and cry in this country protesting what the Department of Defense is doing in relation to testing and evaluating poisonous gases, radioactive material, poisonous chemicals, germ warfare agents, and nerve gas on dogs. The military branches are continuing to use dogs extensively in "gas test programs" even though the public and Congress have complained about such research.

Now the U.S. Army, Edgewood Arsenal, Md., is advertising for 450 beagle puppies to be used to test poison gases.

I want to say, jocularly, that I served an administration in which beagle puppies were in the news. I remember when the President was scolded for picking one up by the ears. Here the Pentagon is using them for testing of poisonous gases or other materials.

Now I will be more serious.

An Army spokesman has replied to complaints about the Edgewood Arsenal use of beagle puppies by saying, "The dogs will not be exposed to nerve gas." The issue is not whether the dogs will be used to test war chemicals or not. The issue is the appalling nature of the suffering which the dogs must experience in tests of radioactivity and other "non-weapon" poisonous gases.

Beagles have frequently been used in various kinds of gas tests by the U.S. Army and U.S. Air Force. Just last fall the Air Force advertised their intent to purchase a supply of beagles to test the "effects of fluorocarbons, frezone, methyl hydrazine, carbon monoxide, and hydrogen cyanide." All of the animals will be tested with these poisonous gases until they have died from the effects of the fumes. Why beagles? The answer given by the Department of Defense is that they are an "inexpensive, purebred animal."

Well, now, I may be a poor witness for this case, because I am prejudiced, but I had a beagle and her name was "Lady," and I am not about ready to serve in the U.S. Senate and let Lady's name be desecrated by the U.S. Army's testing of poisonous gases on beagle dogs.

Furthermore, it is just an outright shame that the Army and the Defense Department continue this kind of inhumane practice. I am the author of the humane slaughter bill in the Congress of the United States, and I remember protests saying they could not have that kind of legislation, that you just could not change what was going on in the slaughterhouse; but we did.

I hope to get the Senate to remind the Army, the Air Force, and other branches of the service that there are better ways of testing gases and radioactive particles than doing it upon dogs that are the pets of millions of children and their families in this country.

The DOD argues that its testing procedure is humane. It says that the dogs are "debarked" before the experiments through "a simple operation in which a

small piece of cartilage is removed from their vocal cords." It is not clear whether eliminating the dog's ability to bark is for the sake of the dogs or for the sake of the laboratory technicians who have to work with them.

Mr. President, what is it that makes it more humane when you debark a dog? The pain is there, the suffering, and the inhumanity of it all.

The procedure of testing and evaluating poisonous gases may be described as "humane" by DOD, but the results are devastatingly cruel. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that at the end of my remarks the scientific description of the behavioral changes, signs of illness, and finally death of beagles used in a test of MEA, a poisonous industrial chemical, be printed in the Record.

There being no objection, the scientific description was ordered to be printed in the Record, as follows:

[From the American Industrial Hygiene Journal, vol. 21, 1960, p. 374]

THE EFFECTS OF CONTINUOUS EXPOSURE TO ANIMALS TO ETHANOLAMINE VAPOR

(By Morris H. Weeks, et al)

"The effects noted in three dogs (Nos. 177, 179 and 180) exposed to 102 ppm MEA for 30 days were quite marked. At this concentration MEA condensed on all surfaces causing the felt to become wet, matter, and greasy. On the first day of exposure dogs showed immediate discomfort by an uneasy demeanor, scratching the chamber door, looking for rescue, panting, muzzle licking, and vigorous head-shaking. Within a few hours they were salivating and vomiting. They became progressively more restless and quarrelsome, fighting between periods of quiet. Within 24 hours of initiation of exposure all were depressed. Attempts to attract their attention by knocking on the chamber door (normally enough for enthusiastic response) produced no response other than eye shifting. Their apathy and depression progressed to lethargy in 48 hours. Their appetites were immediately affected, improved somewhat after three days, but were not good any time during exposure. Their feces began to soften on the sixth day and this condition progressed to diarrhea by the eighth day, but improved by the eighteenth day.

"Two dogs (Nos. 179, 180) developed moist rales by the middle of the second week. This was associated with a low-grade fever (103-104°), which ran a course of about two weeks. On several occasions dog No. 179 seemed moribund but recovered each time until the 25th day, when death occurred. Leg muscle tremors were noted in the dogs after about seventy hours; these increased variably in severity during the exposure.

"Headshaking by the animals at the beginning of the exposure contributed to hematomas (blood blisters) at the base of the ears and edema (swelling) at the ear margins. Though headshaking stopped after the fourth day, most of the ear margin tissue was necrotic (rotted) at the end of the experiments. The skin around the scrotum and sternum (genital organ and breast) became raw and sensitive about the fourth day of exposure. At these and other points, this condition gradually progressed to ulceration; by the ninth day the ulcers were covered by a thick black eschar (dead tissue). Soothing ointment did not seem to relieve the irritation. The areas of ulceration were (1) body-to-floor contact regions (sternum, scrotum, foot pads), (2) poorly aerated areas (major skin folds over joints, between toes, and under ears), and (3) skin tension areas (around eyes, nose). The feet of the two

heavier dogs (Nos. 179 and 180) became so sensitive that they would not voluntarily walk.

Mr. HUMPHREY. Mr. President, when Senators read that, they will be ashamed that they ever permitted this Government to indulge in such things.

Sometime back we had a Department of Health, Education, and Welfare which permitted people in Tuskegee to endure the ravages of syphilis simply because they wanted to see what would happen in the name of research. We have stopped that kind of inhumanity, and we are going to stop this one, too.

My amendment will provide the Department of Defense with a clear directive to stop the use of dogs for the testing of radioactive materials, poisonous chemicals and gases, and biological germ warfare agents.

As a matter of fact, we ought not to be testing these agents anyway. We have signed conventions and treaties to do away with most of the products that are used in what we call national security, gases, biological warfare.

How bad can we get? Not only have we signed treaties that eliminate the use of these weapons, but now we continue to test them and use a defenseless animal, an animal that has brought joy and happiness to millions of people. When we talk about dogs, we are not talking about rats and mice; we are talking about household pets.

I do not know how the rest of the Senate feels, but if the Department of Defense is so hard up for research techniques that it has to advertise for 450 beagle puppies to conduct its research, then we had better close down the research.

I do not have anything more to say except that I ask Senators to join me in support of this amendment.

Mr. ROBERT C. BYRD. Mr. President, will the distinguished Senator yield for a question?

Mr. HUMPHREY. Yes, I yield.

Mr. ROBERT C. BYRD. Would it be possible for us to agree to put this vote over until tomorrow?

Mr. HUMPHREY. Surely.

Mr. ROBERT C. BYRD. A good many Senators on both sides of the aisle had been told there would not be any more rollcall votes today. Had I known that the distinguished Senator desired a rollcall vote, I would have alerted them in a different manner. But for their protection, if we can agree on a time to vote tomorrow, I would be grateful.

Mr. HUMPHREY. May I say to the majority whip that it is perfectly agreeable with me. As a matter of fact, I brought this amendment up at this hour because I know it is not the most basic amendment on the bill, but it is a matter of some concern to me personally. I feel very strongly about it. But I thought we could dispose of it, take care of it as quickly as we could, and then get down to the more substantive provisions of this bill. But tomorrow, if the Senator can arrange a time, I am prepared at any time to vote on the amendment.

Mr. ROBERT C. BYRD. I thank the Senator.

Approved For Release 2006/02/07 : CIA-RDP75B00380R000700030046-6

ORDER FOR LIME
AMENDMENT

Mr. ROBERT C. BYRD. May I ask the distinguished chairman of the committee and the distinguished ranking Member on the other side of the aisle whether the following agreement is satisfactory with them? I would ask unanimous consent that, if it is agreeable with the Senator from Minnesota and other Senators, there be a time limitation on the amendment by Mr. MCGOVERN, amendment No. 1347, of 45 minutes to the side; that the Senate convene tomorrow at 10 o'clock; that at 10:30 the Senate resume the consideration of the pending bill, at which time the amendment by Mr. MCGOVERN will be before the Senate, and the time on his amendment, totaling 1 hour and a half, will then begin to run; that upon the disposition of the amendment by Mr. MCGOVERN, the third amendment by Mr. PROXMIER, No. 1369, be made the pending question, on which there will be a limitation of 3 hours to be equally divided; and that upon the disposition of that amendment, the Senate then resume the consideration of the amendment of the distinguished Senator from Minnesota (Mr. HUMPHREY).

Mr. HUMPHREY. May I obtain the attention of the majority whip and that of the chairman of the Armed Services Committee, the distinguished Senator from Mississippi (Mr. STENNIS).

I asked for the yeas and nays. My interest is not to see whether we would have a number of rollcalls. I am interested in the legislation. I would be perfectly willing to ask that the yeas and nays request be rescinded by showing that we were going to have a favorable vote here. I note that we would have been able to get a favorable vote, and I just wondered how the chairman of the committee felt. How does the chairman of the committee feel about this?

Mr. STENNIS. Mr. President, if I may respond, I have not had any chance—I do not think anyone has had any chance—to look into this matter at all. I feel that there is no alternative offered here. I feel that it ought to be looked into at least so that we can see what the services say about it. I would want time to present their view and, perhaps, the view of others, too.

I do not think here, late today, in view of what has been said, in effect, that we were not going to have any more votes, that we ought to vote on it now.

Mr. HUMPHREY. I was not seeking the yeas and nays.

Mr. STENNIS. I understand that.

Mr. HUMPHREY. May I say to the majority whip that the Senator worked it out the way he wishes. I shall not press for the yeas and nays tonight, but anytime tomorrow, we could do it the first thing in the morning so far as I am concerned.

Mr. ROBERT C. BYRD. May I say to the distinguished Senator that the Senator from South Dakota had been assured his amendment would be the first order of business tomorrow; the Senator from Wisconsin (Mr. PROXMIER) had been told that his would follow the disposition of the amendment by the Sen-

ator from South Dakota, and it was only for those reasons that I suggest that the Senator from Minnesota's amendment would come up third tomorrow.

Mr. HUMPHREY. That is agreeable to me.

Mr. STENNIS. I have no objection to the amendment of the Senator from Minnesota coming after those other amendments. Fifteen minutes to each side.

Mr. HUMPHREY. Yes.

Mr. ROBERT C. BYRD. I modify my request accordingly, allowing 15 minutes to each side on the amendment of the Senator from Minnesota.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection? Without objection, the unanimous-consent request is approved.

Mr. MCGOVERN. Mr. President, I call up my amendment 1347.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The amendment will be stated.

The assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

On page 7, after line 23, add a new title as follows:

"TITLE VII—ECONOMIC CONVERSION DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS

"Sec. 701. (a) There is hereby established within the Department of Defense an office to be known as the Office of Economic Adjustment (hereinafter in this section referred to as the 'Office'). It shall be the function of the Office to carry out the provisions of this title, under the supervision and control of the Secretary of Defense.

"(b) There shall be at the head of the Office an officer to be known as the Director of the Office of Economic Adjustment (hereinafter in this section referred to as the Director). The Director shall be appointed by the Secretary of Defense.

"Sec. 702. (a) There are authorized to be appropriated during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, the sum of \$100,000,000 for the purpose of conducting economic conversion demonstration projects under this title.

"(b) Any contractor shall be eligible to participate in an economic conversion demonstration project under this title if such contractor, within the preceding twelve-month period, had in effect one or more contracts or subcontracts providing for the performance of services or the furnishing of materials or equipment for the Department of Defense, the total value of such contracts or subcontracts exceeded \$10,000,000, and such contracts or subcontracts were completed, canceled or reduced, without replacement by similar contracts or subcontracts to produce a net reduction equal to more than 25 per centum of the dollar value of the contractor's business with the Department of Defense.

"Sec. 703. (a) Economic conversion demonstration projects under this title shall include the development and implementation by the contractor of a plan for utilizing plant, equipment, and personnel previously utilized in performing defense contracts or subcontracts in one or more of the following enterprises:

"(1) fuel efficient transportation systems, including mass transit and rail transportation systems;

"(2) construction of moderately priced housing; or

"(3) the development of any product or equipment or the sale of any service utilizing a new method or technology that will conserve fuels or other material in short supply or that will increase the feasibility of recycling any material in short supply.

"(b) Priority shall be given under this title to supporting economic demonstration projects that will:

"(1) utilize, to the greatest extent practicable, the existing equipment, facilities, and employees of a contractor;

"(2) have the greatest promise of long-term economic viability;

"(3) utilize or develop technologies that conserve fuel or other materials in short supply;

"(3) utilize or develop technologies that conserve fuel or other materials in short supply;

"(4) pursue unique products, technology, or production methods that are not directly competition with business that are not eligible for assistance under this title; and

"(5) be located in areas with an unemployment rate of 8 per centum or greater or greater as a consequence of the curtailment or cancellation of a defense contract.

"Sec. 704. In carrying out the provisions of this title the Director is authorized to:

"(1) make grants to any eligible contractor sufficient to cover up to 50 per centum of the cost of planning any economic conversion demonstration project;

"(2) make or guarantee low-interest, long-term loans for the purpose of assisting any eligible contractor to carry out an economic conversion demonstration project;

"(3) provide technical and managerial assistance to any eligible contractor to assist such contractor to plan or carry out an economic conversion demonstration project; and

"(4) prescribe such terms and conditions on assistance provided under the title as may be necessary to protect the interests of the United States and insure the success of the program authorized by this title.

"Sec. 705. In performing the duties assigned by this title, the Director is authorized to:

"(1) employ on a temporary basis, or contract with, private firms or individuals with expertise which may be helpful in finding solutions to specific economic adjustment problems;

"(2) secure the assistance of other Federal agencies which administer economic development programs or conduct activities which might utilize the facilities or employ the manpower of contractors eligible for assistance under this title; and

"(3) transfer the authority to use funds provided under this title to the Secretary of Transportation, the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, or to the head of any other department or agency of the Federal Government which has an operational program that would be useful in the planning and implementation of economic conversion demonstration projects."

On page 8, line 1, strike out "TITLE VII" and insert in lieu thereof "TITLE VIII".

Remember section 701 as section 801.

Mr. ROBERT C. BYRD. Mr. President, there will be no more rollcall votes today.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, the amendment of the Senator from Wisconsin is temporarily laid aside, and the Senate will proceed to consider the amendment of the Senator from South Dakota.

Mr. MCGOVERN. While we have Senators on the floor, I ask for the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

ORDER FOR RECOGNITION OF SENATOR MONTOYA TOMORROW

Mr. ROBERT C. BYRD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that after the two leaders or their designees have been recognized on tomorrow under the standing order, the distinguished Senator from

ROUTING AND RECORD SHEET

SUBJECT: (Optional)

FROM: Legislative Counsel	7D43	EXTENSION	NO.
		<input type="checkbox"/>	DATE 5 June 1974 STAT

TO: (Officer designation, room number, and building)	DATE		OFFICER'S INITIALS	COMMENTS (Number each comment to show from whom to whom. Draw a line across column after each comment.)
	RECEIVED	FORWARDED		

1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
7.			
8.			
9.			
10.			
11.			
12.			
13.			
14.			
15.			

The Senate in its consideration of S. 3000, the Defense Authorization bill for FY 75, approved an amendment by Senator Proxmire amending the National Security Act of 1947 to define the Agency's role overseas and within the U. S. The bill now goes to the House. (Excerpt from Record attached)

GEORGE L. CARY
Legislative Counsel

- cc: DOI
 DDCI
 DDO
 DDI
 DDM&S
 DDS&T
 OGC
 IC
 IG
 NIO
 COMPT