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ANNUAL REPORT Office of Training Fiscal Year 1972

I. Major Developments

B. New Coverages

1. Economic

- a. OTR, in coordination with the Director of the Office of Economic Research conducted a seminar on the New Directions in CIA's Support of U.S. International Economic Policy. The Seminar was the first of its kind and was given for an audience of 320 Agency employees. It was held on 30 May in the Auditorium at Headquarters.
- b. The purpose of this Seminar was to provide an orientation for collection officers, research analysts outside of OER who deal with economic intelligence as part of their work, and officers in elements which support production. Coverage included a presentation by the D/OER on the background of the economic problems of the U.S., the emphasis being given by U.S. policy makers to international economic questions, and the increased demands for intelligence support. A panel of representatives from IRS, DCS, FI Staff, and the Department of State spoke on the response of collectors to the new emphasis on economic intelligence.

c. Ahead

(1) OTR plans to conduct one such economics seminar a year.

d. Brief History

(1) The President's Foreign Intelligence Advisory Board, in a July 1971 memorandum, requested the Director to give increased priority to production of finished intelligence on international economic affairs.

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- of the U.S. dollar was falling in world money markets, and shortly before President Nixon announced Phase I of his economic program. As a result of these and other developments, the Director of the Office of Economic Research received requests to produce studies on subjects bearing on U.S. international economic policies. (Many of the requests were levied by the President's Council on International Economic Policy.)
- (3) In February, a representative from OTR met with the D/OER to discuss the DTR's proposal to conduct a seminar on economic intelligence. Thereafter brief meetings were held to determine the content of the Seminar. By April final arrangements were agreed upon and the first seminar was conducted from 0900-1230 hours on Tuesday, 30 May 1972. The Office of Training provided support to the Seminar, including publication of a Special Bulletin (7-72) announcing the program and handling the registrations for it.

2. Narcotics

a. Training for Agency Personnel

- (1) The developing role of the Agency as well as its coordination responsibilities and problems relating to narcotics intelligence were introduced into several of the courses OTR conducts for Agency personnel. By name, the courses are the Chiefs of Station Seminar, Counterintelligence Operations, Operations Support, the Basic and Advanced Operations Courses, the Midcareer Course, and the CIA Senior Seminar.
- chaired by the Deputy Director of Personnel and comprised of representatives from the Offices of Medical Services and Security, and an officer from the Clandestine Service. The group, holding its first meeting on 15 May, and in subsequent meetings, developed a seminar on drug abuse for employee-parents scheduled within the immediate period for assignments overseas. (The first seminar was conducted on 12 July, with others scheduled through August.) OTR's responsibility is to moderate each session and to process registrations.

b. Training for Non-Agency Personnel

of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs (BNDD) and, more recently, with the Bureau of Customs. The activities of both agencies during this fiscal year reflected priority attention to expanding their capabilities overseas. This development involved OTR's assistance mainly because both Bureaus, particularly BNDD, were interested in developing a more professional capability in clandestine

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agent operations overseas. OTR responded to two formal requests: In April 1972 a one and one-half day series of briefings was given at BNDD Headquarters for 18 Regional Intelligence Officers then stationed in the United States and The briefings were conducted by officers from OTR, the DDI, and CI Liaison, and were an introduction to intelligence activities, including processing and production. Brief coverage of basic operational concepts included group discussions on narcotics intelligence responsibilities overseas.

The second briefing was given in May for 25 Bureau of Customs agents, also scheduled for overseas assignments. This was a one-day program and the content was basically the same as that in the aforementioned : April program.

c. Ahead: Changing Emphasis

(1) It is expected that the next audience for the Seminars will be employees stationed at Headquarters. Plans also include OTR's filming the presentations presently being given by Agency speakers. As appropriate, OTR will use the film in its courses.

The Working Group also is considering arranging a joint program with the Department of State and Defense for adolescent children proceeding overseas with their employee-parents. The extent of OTR's role in this program is undetermined.

(2) Training of BNDD and Customs personnel in clandestine operational techniques has been comparatively limited. It is likely that these agencies may request something more akin to purely covert training, at least for selected officers. Otherwise it appears that the Joint International Narcotics Control Training Program, which is being developed, will be handled primarily by the Foreign Service Institute and will meet most of the training needs of personnel from these agencies. OTR, in cooperation with the Clandestine Service, will contribute to the effort as required.

d. Brief History

(1) OTR's involvement with matters relating to narcotics intelligence began shortly after the President announced in 1969 that narcotics was a matter of foreign policy and identified responsibilities within the Intelligence Community. In November 1969 the Director of the Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs (BNDD) requested that CIA provide guidance and instruction to BNDD officers primarily on the development of clandestine agent and informant operations abroad. Since the training capabilities and

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more precise needs of BNDD were not known, the Director of Training recommended that an Agency officer make a survey in order to gain this background. BNDD agreed and in March 1970 an OTR officer, spent three weeks at BNDD on this task.

(2) It became clear that BNDD would require assistance in all aspects of tradecraft training in order to develop viable, long-range clandestine operations and that this could not be accomplished by briefings and other short-term programs of instruction, or with existing BNDD resources. No specific Agency assistance was detailed, however, and there was no immediate BNDD response to the survey. The apparent consensus within CIA was that our assistance would be limited to ad hoc support to help meet their developing needs and with no intention of getting deeply involved, at least at that time.

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- (3) Meanwhile, in October 1970 OTR organized a two-day seminar on narcotics and drugs for CIA employees. The briefing was given by BNDD officers in the Main Auditorium for approximately 500 employees. There were no further developments involving OTR until November 1971 CIA Liaison, received a request from the Acting whe: Chief, Strategic Intelligence Office, BNDD, for basic tradecraft instruction for four to five officers scheduled for overseas assignments. The request was withdrawn shortly thereafter without explanation. The following month, December 1971, BNDD submitted a request for assistance in training selected officers in "intelligence operations." After discussions with BNDD officers their desires were more clearly identified and on 24 and 25 April 1972 a DDP-approved briefing was held at BNDD Headquarters for 18 Regional Intelligence Officers. The briefing was essentially an "Introduction to Intelligence" supplemented by very basic coverage of clandestine operational concepts and some discussion of narcotics intelligence responsibilities.
- (4) In response to a memorandum of recommendation from the Executive Director of the Cabinet Committee on International Narcotics Collection (CCINC) officers from OTR, DDI and CI/Liaison provided about eight hours of briefing on 23 and 26 May 1972 to 25 Bureau of Customs officers scheduled for assignment overseas. The briefing was inserted into a three-week FSI-sponsored program and was essentially a concentrated version of coverage provided in the briefing of BNDD officers in April. The same CCINC recommendations have resulted in assignment of responsibility to the Director of the Foreign Service Institute to provide a training program for BNDD and Customs officers on a scheduled basis.

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(5) Chronology and Archival Documents appear in Attachment B.

3. Southeast Asia

- a. OTR's support to programs being conducted in Southeast Asia in Fiscal Year 1972 is represented in the statistic that eight instructors completed TDY assignments and three were PCS to the area. Most of the assignments involved tradecraft training. Some were involved in conducting operations.
- b. OTR conducted six runnings of the Vietnam Paramilitary Operations Course for 104 Agency employees. The course is primarily one of weapons familiarization and mapping.

D. CIA In the Intelligence Community

1. Three activities within the Office of Training were in support to the Intelligence Community: Specialized operations training, briefings on CIA and its role in the Community, and the present plan to establish an Information Science Training Program.

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a. Defensive Driving

(1) Five Secret Service officers and five officers from the Department of State participated in one of nine one-day presentations of Defensive Driving techniques. The instruction included the nature of the thrust stemming from increased

included the nature of the thrust stemming from increased incidents of vehicular kidnapping, particularly in Latin America, and a demonstration of and practice in application of the techniques of defensive driving.

Of Note: FE Division included instruction on Defensive Driving, using the film primarily, in presentations at the Vietnam Training Center of the Foreign Service Institute.

(2) Ahead

It is expected that requirements for this instruction will increase moderately. (Department of State has already requested training in defensive driving for 12 of its officers.)

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Of Note: A member of the Psychological Services Staff,
OMS, also gave presentations (OTR's role in the
program is summarized in II De of Attachments A and
B.)

d. Briefings

In FY 72, briefings covering the organization of the Community, CIA and its role in it, the National Security Council, various phases of the intelligence process, China, communism, and the USSR were given in 90 separate sessions for audiences totaling 2600 employees from the Department of State, including AID, DOD, the Bureau of Customs, and the BNDD. Most of the briefings were for students in classes conducted at their facilities. Individual briefings of U.S. officials are included in the total figure.

In addition, OTR provided support to 15 programs conducted at CIA's Headquarters for 500 representatives from State and Defense. Most of the programs involved CIA's participation at the Deputy Director level.

2. Information Science Training Program

a. In FY 72 executive responsibility for the USIB-sponsored Information Science Program, formerly under the Defense Intelligence Agency was assumed by CIA. OTR had responsibility for negotiating the action. In the last 60 days of FY 72 negotiations were completed with the Director of the Defense Intelligence School for the use of their facilities in FY 73.

b. Ahead

OTR's management. The new program, consisting of three courses, will begin in September. Courses will be open to USIB members.

Guidance provided by the Executive Director-Comptroller suggests the desirability of bringing the program on CIA premises in FY 74, giving greater emphasis to the needs for the training of CIA personnel.

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c. Brief History

- (1) A PFIAB memo to the President on 15 June 1965 stressed the need for improvement in the storage and retrieval of the intelligence product and recommended the training and retraining of personnel engaged in information-handling activities and in systems thinking and systems skills, suggesting that both senior administrative personnel and more junior operating people should acquire new abilities and attitudes to discharge the responsibilities associated with the enormous file and distribution system of the Intelligence Community.
- (2) In March 1967 in his memorandum to the Secretary of Defense, the DCI requested DIA to develop specialized courses for personnel of the Intelligence Community. It requested development of specialized courses by DIA, starting in FY 69.
- (3) And a directive in December 67 established the Information Science Center at its Defense Intelligence School to develop information science courses in order to meet the requirements of the Intelligence Community.
- (4) In a memo to the Chairman, USIB, dated 3 February 72, it was stated that it would be necessary to close the Information Science Center by 30 June 1972 due to Department of Defense budgetary cuts and reductions in other resources. It noted that DIA could arrange classroom space and faculty offices for a continuing program if other Intelligence Community members wished to provide funds or personnel.
- (5) Mr. Colby, Executive Director-Comptroller, on 23 May 1972, informed DIA that CIA desired to conduct under CIA management, various information science courses at the Information Science Center in FY 1973 pending determination of longer-range requirements and a more permanent solution, thus accepting the DIA offer of facility support.

E. Budget Trends

Two proposals reflect a trend in OTR's level of support to operations: Establishment of the Information Science Training Program on CIA premises, and the transfer to the Clandestine Service.

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II. Major Accomplishments and Failings

D. Support

1. Training

a. CIA Senior Seminar

(1) The CIA Senior Seminar was successfully established in FY 72. The first was conducted for twenty Agency officers for the nine weeks from 19 September through 24 November 1971, and the second, also nine weeks, for nineteen officers from 12 March through 12 May 1972. The Seminar represented the most advanced training program conducted by the U.S. Government in the field of intelligence activities, organization and management and related matters which have a direct bearing on CIA and U.S. intelligence. The level of the subject-matter was equivalent to that of the Senior Seminar in Foreign Policy and the National War College.

(2) Recognized academic authorities, top officials from other government agencies and knowledgeable officers from throughout CIA were invited to lecture and discuss with the Seminar members a wide variety of subjects; the scope of each presentation was worked out by the Senior Seminar Staff/OTR with guest speakers. In selected instances, they were invited to take part as members of panels. Much of the Seminar learning also came by means of sharing of knowledge and experience by the participating officers, who ranged from Grade GS-15 through GS-18; through their exchanges with guest-speakers, staff-led discussions within the Seminar and smaller groups, work on team problems, and talks to the Seminar by each participating officer. Films, visits to facilities and to other agencies, and field trips rounded out the program.

(3) Subject-matter covered included: an initial week conducted on management training; the missions and tasks of CIA as these are evolving and meeting changing U.S. requirements; current developments in national security policy, analyses of and projections for major foreign countries and critical overseas areas; challenges and problems facing top management of CIA and developments within the Intelligence Community; new analytical methodologies; CIA's relationships with other parts of government; and changing domestic conditions and trends which impact on CIA.

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(4) The two FY 1972 runnings of the Seminar were subjected to thorough evaluations, as they proceeded and at their conclusion, by the Seminar participants. These showed a remarkably solid consensus that the initial runnings were of high quality, that the objectives of the Seminar were met and that attendance was worthwhile to the participants and of value to the Agency in terms of participating officers' time and Seminar costs. The feedback was also helpful in identifying areas which might be improved or changed in order to strengthen the Seminar in future runnings.

(5) Ahead

At a Deputies Meeting on 7 July 1972, the Executive Director-Comptroller decided that the Seminar would be run once a year in January for a group of 25 to 30 officers who have at least one promotion ahead of them. Participants may be in grades GS-15 and above; attendance by an officer does not preclude attendance at senior external training programs.

(6). Brief History
After a planning phase which began in January 1971, the CIA Senior Seminar -- a two-month training program for supergrade and promising GS-15 officers -- was initiated in FY 1972. Prior to running the Seminar an in-depth analysis of the age, work-experience, job-mobility, training and other characteristics of CIA's senior officer population was made. Extensive consultation with officers throughout the Agency on the needs of our senior personnel subject-matter and resources to be utilized, was undertaken.

From this preliminary work the objectives of the Seminar were set forth as follows:

- (a) To enable Seminar participants to develop greater insight into the problems and pressures facing CIA's management, the processes of change within the Agency and its external relationships, and developments in American society which are relevant to CIA as an organization.
- (b) To acquaint Seminar participants with current thinking on U.S. Foreign policy equities and developments abroad which are the intelligence collection and analysis and covert action targets of CIA.
- (c) To provide an opportunity for Seminar participants to sharpen their management skills and to broaden their understanding of colleagues and subordinates.

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During the planning period, the Senior Seminar Staff consisting of six officers, a training assistant and a secretary was assembled; the officers included one on detail from the Clandestine Service, one from the Science and Technology Directorate and a Career Trainee on interim assignment. The subject-matter needed to conduct the Seminar was determined and organized, potential speakers were identified and cleared, and schedules were prepared. The Seminar suite was designed, furnishings were ordered and the area occupied with the move into the Chamber of Commerce Building in late August. In sum, a multiplicity of details involved in launching a new and complex training program such as the Senior Seminar were worked out, in time for the first session in September.

b. Language Development

(1) In FY 72 the study of foreign languages at and through the OTR's Language School reached an all-time high of 687. The number of employees at the School was 558 or an increase of 57 over the previous fiscal year. Enrollment in the Before-and-After-Hours-Language Training Program (conducted at various Agency locations) rose to 129, an increase of 24. Twenty-three languages were studied.

(2) Ahead

What new requirements that may be levied on the Language School will, in the main, depend on the recommendations emerging from the Annual Report, FY 72, of the Language Development Committee. This report to the Director from the DDTR who is Chairman of the Committee is dated 21 July 1972.

(3) Brief History

Of historical note in FY 72 are the following:

- (a) Part-time courses for dependents were introduced: in French and Spanish.
- (b) The study of Russian at the Headquarters Building was substantially increased by opening programs already organized for two components (SB Division and the Office of Economic Research) to employees from other offices.
- (c) Vietnamese dropped off dramatically from annual enrollments of 15-20 students to two students. The Vietnamese faculty was reduced. Enrollments in Lao and Thai increased steadily during the year.

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- (d) Arabic was dropped from the curriculum of language courses.
- (e) The cassette loan program, introduced in FY 71 grew significantly during FY 72. Approximately 220 employees used cassettes as part of a home-study program.
- (f) The language laboratory at Headquarters building was converted to cassette format.
- (g) A series (130) of Lao tapes was produced within the Language School. It is estimated to be the most comprehensive set of Lao tapes in the world.
- (h) The Language School published two issues of a new journal, Language Highlights, to stimulate interest in language study and to publicize the programs of the Agency's Language Development Committee.

c. Career Training Program (CTP)

(1) During FY 72 the Program Officers on the CTP Staff brought 69 Career Trainees (CTs) on duty with the Agency, 19 of whom were recruited for the Class that began in July 1972. Of the 69 there were 47 Externals and 22 Internals.

Fifty-nine CTs completed 113 different interim assignments. The spread among the directorates was: CS-62; Intelligence-40; Support-7; Science and Technology-3; and the Office of the Director-1.

Forty-four CTs were transferred off OTR's rolls after having completed their initial formal training and interim assignments. Twenty-four were placed in the CS; 15 in the Intelligence Directorate and 5 in the Support Directorate.

(2) The most significant advancement in the CTP in FY 72 was the increasing success of the interim assignment phase of the Program. Beginning with the Class of July 71, the initial formal training of CTs was reduced by 12 weeks. OTR's Curriculum Council determined that on-the-job experience would be more profitable in developing fuller understanding of the Agency's over-all operational activities than classroom lectures and exercises. Emphasis was thus directed to finding specifically tailored interim assignments (3 months each) for CTs. Component supervisors,

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it was found, gave fuller support to accepting the trainees for the short-term and as a consequence of the professional contributions made by the CTs as a whole, requests for their services exceeded the supply.

(3) Ahead

The CTP Staff, in consultation with supervisors of the CTs and more often, from discussions with the CTs themselves, have learned that there may be some need for additional training before interim assignments begin. This appears to be the case with the External CTs assigned to the Clandestine Service. If the pattern continues to develop to indicate that the trainees are insufficiently prepared for this particular on-the-job training, OTR will reprogram the initial formal phase of training as necessary.

Beginning in late spring, FY 72, two Program Officers traveled to California where, in cooperation with Agency recruiters, they interviewed area applicants for the Program. The effort resulted in a savings in time for both the applicant and the officer and a savings in Agency monies. It is expected that much of the initial interviews of CT applicants will be handled this way in FY 73.

(4) Brief History: (Interim Assignment Phase)

(Please note that the History of the Program through 1965 has just been completed. It is being reviewed for final publication.)

The Interim Assignment Phase of the CTP began in FY 71 and encountered difficulties in its first year of operation, one reason being that the objectives were not clearly understood among supervisors in the components. Since then, and largely with experience, including feedback from the CTs and their supervisors, problems are of no serious magnitude. The plan is receiving strong support throughout the Agency and is effective as on-the-job training and as the principal vehicle through which Program Officers determine placement of the Career Trainces.

d. Training and Personnel Development

(1) During FY 1972, OTR developed, and is about to publish as part of its new Training Catalog, a plan for systematic use of training as a major instrument of career planning and personnel development throughout the Agency.

- (2) Devised by the OTR Curriculum Council at the suggestion of the Director of Training, this plan or "Profile of Courses" consists of five categories of training available to Agency managers and training officers for meeting both the immediate and long-term training needs of their personnel. They include:
- (a) the core program of courses providing coverage on a broad basis of Agency responsibilities, activities, and problems; matters relating to the intelligence profession and community; and major international situations and issues. The six courses in this category are recommended at specific stages of an individual's career, i.e., entry-on-duty period and the first five years of employment; the intermediate period of between 5 and 15 years' employment; and the senior stage achieved after perhaps 15 or more years of service.
- (b) courses in general skills training provided by the Office of Training for application Agencywide, viz., effective writing and briefing, broad managerial and supervisory skills, etc.
- (c) specialized skills training conducted by the Office of Training and by operating components throughout the Agency to provide or enhance employee qualifications for carrying out specific functions or tasks as, for example, intelligence collection and production, finance administration, imagery analysis, operation of communications systems, etc.
- (d) external training, both general and specialized, at academic institutions, senior service schools, commercial and industrial facilities, and similar institutions. Training of this type is available both full-time and part-time.
- (e) foreign language training, internal and external, including overseas, to satisfy the extensive needs of Agency personnel in performance of duties abroad and at Headquarters.

Specific courses and opportunities in each of these categories are described in detail in the plan developed by OTR.

(3) Brief History

(a) This entire effort was given marked impetus with the appointment of Mr. William E. Colby, first as Acting Executive Director-Comptroller in late 1971, and by his formal appointment to the

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position on 1 March 1972. He has called upon the Office of Personnel to provide an overall personnel development plan within the Agency and directed the Office of Training to integrate its own training profile, with particular emphasis on management and information science training, with the personnel development program now under study in the Office of Personnel. At the same time, Mr. Colby instructed OTR to incorporate elements of management and information science training into its core courses so that larger numbers of Agency officers would benefit from increased knowledge about these fields.

(b) By the close of FY 1972, several steps had already been taken to implement these directives. OTR has acquired control of the Information Science Center, described in Major Developments (D. 3) and is planning to introduce elements from ISC training programs into three of its courses by end of Calendar 1972 and into at least two others by the end of the current fiscal year. ISC's basic courses will also be available to larger numbers of Agency officers than previously, when the Center was under management of the Defense Intelligence School.

(c) Largely as a result of Mr. Colby's stress on management training, OTR incorporated two management courses-the Managerial Grid and the Fundamentals of Supervision and Management-into its program of core courses. Additionally, elements of management training have already been included in other core courses (Intelligence and World Affairs and the Senior Seminar) and will be introduced into another (the Midcareer Course) in fall 1972.

Program

(1) In FY 1972 the one-day briefings and film, was given 79 times to a total of 1266 employees, representing the following major components: O/DCI-1; CS-671; Support-514; Intelligence-42; Science and Technology-38.

(2) On 9 November 1971 the program was made mandatory by the Deputy Director for Plans for employees being assigned to field stations classified B, C, or D in the listing of hazardous areas. The requirements has come to be applied to employees on TDY. The two factors brought a sharp increase in both attendance and the number of presentations of the program.

(3) Brief History

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The program was developed jointly with the Psychological Services Staff of OMS. The first course was presented on 1 October 1970. On 9 November 1971 it was made mandatory for all personnel traveling to stations in high-risk areas.

f. Statistical Summary of Training Completed in FY 1972

(1) Internal

(a) For Agency employees, OTR conducted 64 courses (excepting those in foreign languages) in 350 separate classes, for a total attendance of 5900, representing 47,400 student days.

(b) In language training there were 212 classes (104 full-time and 92 part-time) for 558 students (93 carry-overs from FY 71) for a total of 18,700 student days. In addition, 11 classes at the first and second-year level were conducted for 129 employees in French, German, Russian, and Spanish, for a total of 1800 student days.

(2) For Non-Agency personnel 164 briefings (one hour to 2 days) were conducted for audiences totaling 4600. This total includes 21 academic and 10 business groups.

(3) External Training

OTR administered the Agency's external training program which required processing applications totaling 2750 for approximately 1350 courses and involving 275 domestic facilities. In this total were applications of those senior officers attending programs under the purview of the Training Selection Board.

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- g. *Management Improvement
 - (1) Curriculum Council and Board of Visitors
 - (2) Centralization of OTR's Headquarters components
 - (3) Records: Survey and Microfilming
- * To be included in OMB's Management Review and Improvement Program

ANNUAL REPORT Office of Training Fiscal Year 1972

I. Major Developments

B. New Coverages

1. Economics

a. Chronology

July 1971

PFIAB requested DCI to increase priority on production of intelligence, international economic affairs.

23 February 1972

First meeting between Deputy
Chief of the School of Intelligence
and World Affairs and Dr. Maurice
Ernst, Director of Office of Economic
Research, CIA, to discuss proposal
and to examine suggested coverage.
Initial agreement reached to present
the Seminar to a large Agency
audience.

27 April 1972

Meeting with DC/SIWA and D/OER to discuss final arrangements for the Seminar.

5 May 1972

Special Bulletin (OTR), No. 7-72, to All Training Officers in the Agency. Text included background, purpose, and content of scheduled Seminar.

30 May 1972

Seminar conducted in Auditorium at Headquarters for a total of 320 Agency employees.

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b. Key Documents

Memo to DCI from PFIAB, dtd July 1971.

OTR Special Bulletin 7-72, dtd 5 May 72, subj: New Directions in CIA's Support of US International Economic Policy.

2. Narcotics

a. Chronology: Training for Agency Personnel

	a.	Chronology:	1 Faining 101 Agency 1 craomics
25X1A		15 May 1972	First meeting of Working Group on Drug Abuse. Chaired by Deputy Director of Personnel, with representatives from OMS, Security, FE Support, and OTR.
		30 May	Working Group meeting.
		6 June	Working Group meeting. Discussion of drafts of: Statement of Understanding, to be filled in by employee-parents going overseas; book dispatch requesting information from stations and bases; Agency Notice announcing Drug Abuse Seminar.
		13 June	Working Group meeting.
		16 June	Memo sent to DD/S with drafts of book dispatch, brief outline of coverage in Drug Abuse Seminar; draft Statement of Understanding; and draft Headquarters Notice.

		FY 1973	
25X1A		3 July 1972	Working Group meeting. Final revisions of Headquarters Notice.
		10 July	published for scheduled presentation.
	b.	Chronology: Tra	aining for Non-Agency Personnel
		November 1969	Request from BNDD to provide instruction and guidance in clandestine methods and techniques. OTR counter-proposed that BNDD's training program be surveyed in terms of specific needs.
25X1A		March 1970	Formal request for survey received from BNDD. OTR, conducted three-week survey. No specifics in the way of assistance were detailed.
		October 1970	BNDD presented two-day briefing on narcotics and drugs to 500 Agency personnel in the Auditorium.
·		November 1971	BNDD requested basic tradecraft instruction for four to five officers going abroad. Request was withdrawn.
25X1A		December 1971	BNDD requested training in "intelligence operations" for selected officers.
		April 1972	OTR, DDI and CI/Liaison officers gave a one and one-half day briefing at BNDD Headquarters for 18 Regional Intelligence Officers assigned in the U.S. Presentations concentrated on the intelligence community, intelligence processing and production, operational concepts in clandestine collection, and the scope and

responsibilities.

character of our narcotics intelligence

	с.	Key Documents: Training for Agency Personnel
25X1A		Minutes of the Working Group on Drug Abuse, 15 May, 30 May, 6 June, and 13 June.
2D/4 A		Memo for DD/S from DD/Pers, subj: Drug Seminar Program, dtd 16 June 72.
25X1A		FY 73
		Drug Abuse, not dated (July).
	d.	Key Documents: Training for Non-Agency Personnel
25X1A		Memo to DD/P dtd 8 June 1970, 25X1A subj: Support to BNDD - Training in Clandestine Operations.
		Memo for DTR from, OS/TR, dtd 14 April 1970, subj: Survey of Training in BNDD.
25X1A		Memo for DD/S from DTR, dtd 7 May 1970, subj: Support of Training Program Conducted by NBDD.
		OTR Special Bulletin dtd 18 Sept 1970, subj: 25X1A Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs (Announcement of Forum in Auditorium on this subject)
25X1A		Memo to
25X1A		AC/Strategic Intelligence Office, BNDD, dtd 23 Nov 71, subj. Tradecraft Training.
25X1A		Memo to BNDD, dtd 7 Dec 71, subj: Training.
		Memo for DTR from DC/OS/TR, dtd 13 Jan 72, subj: BNDD Training Request.
		Memo for DD/P from dtd 26 Jan 72; subj: Agency Participation in Conference of BNDD Regional Intelligence Officers.

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Key Documents (Con't) d.

Memo for DTR from DC/OS/TR, dtd 28 April 72, subj: Intelligence Briefing for BNDD Personnel.

from Egil Krogh, Jr., ExDir, Memo to Cabinet Committee on Narcotics Intelligence Control (CCINC), dtd 13 April 72, subj: Specialized Training for Narcotics Agents Assigned Overseas.

Memo to Egil Krogh, ExDir of CCINC from CIA Member, Working Group of CCINC, dtd 9 May 72, subj: Specialized Training for Narcotics Agents Assigned Overseas.

Southeast Asia 3.

a.

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Chronology and Key Documents are represented in memoranda of request to the DTR for instructional and operational support.

CIA in the Intelligence Community D.

Training for Community Agencies 1.

Defensive Driving

Chronology

WH Division requests Weapons training. 19 May 1970

Initial test 22 July 1970 25X1A ducted.

24 September 70 Preliminary report of disseminated to WH field stations.

Instruction in "Defensive Driving" October 1970 given to WH personnel.

12 November 70 Paper prepared on

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a. Chronology (Con't)

February 1967 Completion of a USIB study on systems training for intelligence personnel in response to the PFIAB recommendation.

March 1967 Request to the Secretary of Defense by the Director of Central Intelligence for the development of specialized information science courses for the Intelligence Community.

December 1967 Establishment of the Information Science Center at the Defense Intelligence School.

March 1972 Closing of the Information Science Center by the Defense Intelligence Agency.

May 1972 Assumption of responsibility for operation of an Information Science Training
Program in FY 1973 pending determination of longer-range requirements.

b. Key Documents

PFIAB memo to the President, dtd 15 Jun 65, subj: U.S. Intelligence Community Capabilities for Handling Intelligence Information.

CODIB-D-113/5.7, dtd 2 Feb 67, subj. Systems Training for Intelligence Personnel.

DCI memo to the Secretary of Defense, dtd 25 Mar 67, subj: Establishment of Training Courses at the Defense Intelligence School in the Application of Information Science Technology to Intelligence.

Secretary of Defense memo to the Director, DIA, dtd 13 Jun 67, subj: Training of Intelligence Personnel in Information Science Technology.



b. Key Documents (Con't)

DIA memo, dtd 26 Dec 67, subj: Establishment of the Information Science Center, DIAJT.

DIA memo for the Chairman, USIB, dtd 3 Feb 72, subj: Closure of the Information Science Center.

Ltr from ExDir-Compt, CIA, to DIA, dtd 23 May 72.

II. Major Accomplishments and Failings

D. Support

1. Training

a. CIA Senior Seminar

(1) Chronology

Reference Brief History

(2) Key Documents

Memo to ExDir-Compt, through DD/S, from DTR, dtd 16 Nov 70, subj: Proposal for a Senior Seminar.

Memo to ExDir-Compt, through DD/S, from DTR, dtd 27 May 71, subj: Announcement of the Senior Seminar, w/att subj: Senior Seminar.

Memo to ExDir-Compt, through DD/S, from DTR, dtd 24 June 71, subj: Security Clearances for the Senior Seminar.

Memo to ExDir-Compt, through DD/S, from DTR, dtd 8 July 71, subj: Papers on the Senior Seminar, w/att.

Memo to ExDir-Compt from DTR, dtd 17 Dec 71, subj: Senior Seminar.

Memo to DTR from ExDir-Compt, dtd 7 Jan 72, subj: Senior Seminar.

Memo to Deputy Directors from ExDir-Compt, dtd 14 Jan 72, subj: Senior Seminar.

Memo to DTR from C/SS, dtd 14 Dec 71, subj: Evaluation of the Senior Seminar, w/atts. (Report on Senior Seminar One)

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(2) Key Documents (Con't)

Memo to DTR from C/SS, dtd 15 May 72, subj: Report on Senior Seminar Two, w/atts.

- b. Lauguage Development
 - (1) Chronology

None

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(2) Key Documents

Annual Report of the Language Development Committee to the Director, dtd 21 July 1972.

dtd 4 Nov 70, subj: Language Development Program, (currently under revision).

dtd 12 March 71, subj: CIA Language Incentive Program.

Language Highlights, Volume I, dtd August 71, and Volume II, dtd Jan 72.

- c. Career Training Program
 - (1) Chronology

None

(2) Key Documents

The Career Training Program Statement of Purpose and Plan of Operation, dtd 18 Feb 70.

- d. Training and Personnel Developments
 - (1) Chronology

Reference Brief History

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(1)

Key Documents

Memo to ExDir-Compt Designee from DTR, dtd 3 Jan 72, subj: Management Training.

Memo to DTR from ExDir-Compt Designee, dtd 14 Jan 72, subj: Management Training.

Memo to ExDir-Compt from DTR, dtd 17 Apr 72, subj: Training and Career Development.

Memo to ExDir-Compt from DTR, dtd 5 May 72, subj: Management Training.

rogram

(1) Chronology

22 November 1968

19 February 1969 DD/S indicates interest in proposal but requests additional details on Agency experience in this field and a detailed proposed training program.

29 November 1969 answers DD/S memorandum on 19 February.

20 February 1970

12 March 1970 Proposal presented to Deputy Director's meeting. Deputy Directors defer consideration of proposal until after their representatives attend a

test running of the course.

proposal sent to ExDir-Compt.

8 April 1970 Test running of the course presented for the representatives of the Deputy Directors.

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Memo for D/MS and DTR from DD/S, dtd 8 Jun 70, subj:

Training.

Memo for All Division and Staff Chiefs from Chief, Operational Services, dtd 9 Nov 71, subj:

Course.

DD/S 72-2676

6 JUL 1972

MEMORANDUM FOR: Director of Communications

Director of Finance Director of Logistics

Director of Medical Services

Director of Personnel Director of Security Director of Training

Chief, Support Services Staff Special Support Assistant/DDS

SUBJECT

: Agency Annual Report

- 1. The Executive Director-Comptroller has issued the attached procedures and instructions for the Agency Annual Report for FY 1972.
- 2. Tab A shows the planned structure of the Agency Report. That format is to be followed by each contributing component. Detailed instructions on the preparation of the report are contained at Tab B.
- 3. Each component identified at Tab C must prepare its own report. The Directorate will prepare a summary statement, with your reports as attachments. Tab D contains supplementary instructions for the Support Directorate.
- 4. Inputs on management direction can reference inputs to the Annual Management Report which will be submitted during the same time frame in response to Office of Management and Budget Circular No. A-44 (Revised) of May 24, 1972.
- 5. Submissions should reach O/DDS by close of business 24 July 1972. This report will also serve as the Agency Annual Report to the President's Foreign Intelligence Advisory Board (PFIAB). Any questions should be referred to the Plans Staff, O/DDS, extension 6833. 25X1A

Robert S. Wattles Acting Deputy Director for Support

Atts.

COUNTY SOURCE

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Tab B

27 June 1972

MEMORANDUM FOR: Addressees

SUBJECT: Contributions to the Agency Annual Report

REFERENCE: Memorandum from Executive Director-

Comptroller to Deputy Directors, 26 May 1972,

Information Control -- Archives, History,

and Records

This memorandum provides guidance for the preparation of the Annual Report on component activities, discussed in Para. 5.d. of referenced memorandum.

General Note

1. Each contributing component (identified in Tab C) will prepare its submission as a single report which meets the requirements of the Agency Annual Report and also constitutes a brief history of the most significant developments in the activities of the reporting component for the fiscal year ending 30 June 1972. The annual reporting procedure will alleviate the persistent time gap which has in the past characterized historical writing within the Agency and will make available on a current basis to



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management and others having a need-to-know the highlights of the history of the Agency based on its organizational units. It is expected that these annual reports will reduce the requirement for structurally oriented component histories and permit the dedication of available writing resources more to topical and programmatic histories involving Agency participation in major international crises. The latter aspects of the CIA Historical Program (Para. 5.c. of reference) will be described in a forthcoming memorandum.

2. Components will organize their contributions to the Agency Annual Report in the framework of the outline provided in Tab A of the instructions from the Executive Director-Comptroller, as further explained in the following paragraphs of the present memorandum.

I. Major Developments

3. In Part I. Major Developments, components will review selectively the highlights of their activities during the past fiscal year. Only the most significant developments of the year are to be identified in this section, not all important activities; a more expanded list of activities should be discussed in Part II, in which each component will survey its Major Accomplishments

and Failings more systematically. Activities may be chosen for highlighting in Part I because of their impact on very high priority standing requirements, or because they represent major breakthroughs in coping with priority targets. Part I reporting should also include component responses to major new requirements, such as changing aspects of present targets, new functions, and new geographic targets, particularly places where an existing equilibrium was threatened or overturned by internal or external forces. Responses to the foregoing will be made by components concerned with collection, operational support, processing, exploitation, and production, as appropriate. Components will also identify and review the work of task forces under their jurisdiction created to cope with special crises.

4. Replies should also discuss in the highlights section significant changes in the environment in which foreign intelligence activities are conducted, as the consequence of policy shifts by established regimes or changes in the establishment. Contributors should note, when relevant, the impact on their operations of new policy thrusts of the administration, the role of Congress and Congressmen, and the temper of the press and

public opinion. Attention should also be given to key developments in the relations of components with other parts of the intelligence community, either as collaborators, customers, or sources of information and support. Finally, responding components should summarize trends in budget allocations for their activity as a whole as well as by major aspects of their program.

To be effective, Part I. Major Developments should not only highlight the activities which have received most emphasis during the fiscal year but also characterize clearly what major changes occurred in the goals and activities during the period. Employed as a management tool the historical or developmental approach is not concerned with an indiscriminate review of what happened in the past, but provides an opportunity to identify trends and developments, including the rate, amount, direction, scope, depth, and kind of change. kind of historical scrutiny, applied comprehensively, begins with the identification of changes in the operational milieu, assesses the impact of these changes on objectives, and then follows the course of the intelligence process through the adjustment of requirements, replanning of operations, and so on, to the evaluation of the new effort. Contributors will be expected to respond appropriately

for their portion of the process, not by presenting a briefing of their program as it existed at some particular time in the year, but by highlighting the major changes in their activity during the period.

II. Major Accomplishments and Failings

Most components will find their program applies to a single entry in this part of the PPB outline, although some may identify with more than one activity. title of the section indicates, respondents are not expected to provide a complete catalogue or postmortem of all of their activities and projects, but rather to identify, discuss, and rate their performance in terms of major successes and failures in a more detailed and systematic manner than in Part I. As in the highlights section, the emphasis is not to be on a static listing of all projects but on developments in activities in which significant changes occurred during the year. Subjects qualifying for review in this section include important individual successes in performance achieved by ongoing programs; progress in research and development of new programs, or in phasing new programs into operation; the degree of success in modifying existing programs and in meeting new requirements; and achievements in improving the efficiency or productivity of ongoing activities. (Achievements



in R&D should be included if they are a part of the activity of the component.) At all levels of activity the emphasis will be on progress, evolution, and development or, when relevant, retrogression, but not on static Without becoming involved in the intricacies description. of historical causation, explanations should show why major actions were taken, especially new projects. Results should similarly be assessed. Examples may be used to illustrate development, but an example of success or failure does not necessarily reflect the movement during the period unless it is compared with an earlier example or with a benchmark of previous performance. Contributors are expected to judge objectively what constitutes accomplishment, employing criteria appropriate to the activity. Such criteria may include customer satisfaction, impact on the opposition, achievement of goals, and cost effectiveness.

7. Although this report emphasizes historical movement, the summary nature of the contribution will limit the detail in which particular program elements or activities can be discussed. Step-by-step accounts of developments, meeting-by-meeting, and memorandum-by-memorandum, as frequently encountered in component histories,

must be digested and summarized on an aggregate rather than an individual basis in order to preserve the sense of movement and contain the discussion within the framework of 10 to 20 pages appropriate to an annual report. The use of statistical tabulations to focus the presentation, illustrate historical development, and limit the length of the contribution is very much encouraged.

- 8. In Part II each component should show with some specificity its response to the major new problems which have arisen during the year and its progress or frustrations in coping with priority continuing problems. Components should disclose the elements and projects of their programs in sufficient detail that the major changes within each level can be appreciated by reviewers and consumers.
- III. Ahead
- 9. Tab A provides that, in summarizing prospects and future plans, contributors will implicitly employ, as a point of departure, past resource allocations, target patterns, program emphasis, data manipulation techniques, and management approaches. The outlook section of the annual report may be of special interest in future reviews of the effectiveness of program planning at several management levels. Together with the foregoing section it is also expected to constitute a source for subsequent historical writing.

Approved For Release 2001/08/29: CIA-RDP78-06207A 100060002-9 Other Guidance

- for a concise annual report and simultaneously generate a chronicle of component activities, each contributor will append to its submission a brief chronology of major events relevant to its performance during the fiscal year. These events, identified by day and month and succinctly described, may include events in other countries affecting the activities of the component, the dates of componentinspired actions, dates of R&D breakthroughs, collection, processing, or production milestones, intelligence coups, internal reorganizations, and changes in key personnel.
- annual report will, as stipulated by the Executive Director's referenced memorandum of 26 May 1972 (Para. 5.b.(1)), include a list of "key documents and files for permanent inclusion in Agency Archives." This list will be reviewed within each unit "to ensure that the documents marked for archival retention are neither excessive in detail, inappropriately classified, nor incomplete through omissions. A certificate to this effect will accompany the unit's Annual report..."
- 12. Supplementary written instructions will be provided to meet the needs of each Directorate. The Chief, CIA Historical Staff and the Directorate Historical

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Officers will provide additional guidance to assist components in complying with the historical requirements as delineated in this memorandum. Completed annual reports will be submitted to the next senior command level for review and exploitation as inputs into the Agency Annual Report. Following approval by reviewing components, one copy will be transmitted to PPB by the Directorates as an enclosure to the Directorate contribution, one copy will be returned to the component, and one copy lodged in the Agency Archives. As required, compartmented annexes can be compiled and held separately covering particularly sensitive events.

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CIA Historian

Tab C

26 June 1972

Contributors to the Agency Annual Report

	$\overline{\mathrm{DDP}}$
DCI Area	CADDD 3
OGC OLC	O/DDP Component list provided separately
IG	
ONE	
IC	DDS
O/DDI Senior Research S CRS DCS IAS IRS NPIC OBGI OCI OER OSR	OC OF OL OMS OP OS OTR
DDS&T	•
O/DDS&T	

OEL
ORD
OSA
OCS
OSI
FMSAC
OSP

22 June 1972

Supplementary Guidance to DDS Components

- 1. This memorandum is intended to supplement Tab B by providing more specific guidance to those responsible for preparing DDS contributions to the Annual Report. The following suggestions are to be used together with the instructions given in Tab B. From their own expertise, DDS components will no doubt include other activities which they consider of primary importance than those listed below.
 - 2. For item I, Major Developments:
- a. Component participation in activities that were reflected in revisions of existing agreements or procedures in the support area -- communications, security, and/or DOD relationships -- should be covered under I D.
- b. Significant budget trends (item I E) reflected in the level of support to operations have historical importance that should be reported and documented.
- c. Some comment should appear on the stand-down of support activity
 - 3. For item II, Major Accomplishments and Failings:
- a. From the standpoint of the Office of Personnel it would seem in order to remark on the impact of the early retirement program.
- b. Both the cases might be worth comment by the Office of Security and/or Personnel.
- c. The support effort to Southeast Asia -- particularly the logistics effort -- probably should be discussed, possibly with pros and cons.

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4. For item III, Ahead:

- a. Per item 3 c, above, the techniques evolving for the on-going support of SEA per items III B and III C would seem to warrant comment.
- b. In view of retirements, loss of slots, and level of experience of personnel on board, some comments should be made regarding the anticipated effectiveness of the given components, particularly those which anticipate difficulties in the coming year.
- c. Any significant changes in the direction of management efforts, including restructuring, should be indicated.