Approved For Release 2008/03/03: CIA-RDP80-00809A000500730134-9 RESTRICTED PESTRICT CLASSIFICATION INTELLUTAX 28 CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY INFORMATION FROM FOREIGN DOCUMENTS OR RADIO BROADCASTS COUNTRY Foreign Countries 25X1 SUBJECT FOREIGN RADIO REACTION TO THE STATE OF THE UNION MESSAGE DATE DIST. // January /950 HOW PUBLISHED Radio Broadcasts WHERE **PUBLISHED** 25X1 NO. OF PAGES DATE **PUBLISHED** SUPPLEMENT TO LANGUAGE REPORT NO. 00-F-1-1950 UNITED STATES WITHIN THE MEASURE OF ES-... SI AND SE, AS ANEMDED. LITS TRANSMISSION OF CONTENTS IN ANY MARKET TO AN UNAUTHORIZED BY LAW. REPRODUCTION OF THIS FORM IS PACE 25X1 THIS IS UNEVALUATED INFORMATION

INTRODUCTION: The Soviet Satellite radios are no longer alone in their attacks on the president's message. Radio Moscow, with several commentaries on the subject, has finally added its voice to the chorus of Communist criticism. Although somewhat more outspoken against the message than the initial Satellite radio charges, these Soviet commentaries add little new content to the overall pattern of Moscow's output. Moscow concentrates on two major propagenda lines: (1) the "obvious" advance of the American economic crisis belies the President's "affected optimism" and his "ornate, untruthful phrases" about the internal state of the Union; and (2) his message is a frank admission that the United States' "aggressive, colonizing foreign policy" will be continued.

Moscow's propagenda, however, is not as unrestrained as has been the case on previous occasions. Truman himself, for example, is nowhere called a "warmonger." And there appears to be some concern with counteracting the President's "hypocritical support of peace." Western radios continue to broadcast statements in praise of the message.

TRUMAN CONCEALS U.S. ECONOMIC CRISIS: Although Moscow exploits the President's "admission" of an economic downturn during 1949, considerably more effort is devoted to "proving" that he demagogically distorted obvious facts about the American scene. "Every word of his message," says a Soviet Home Service commentary, "pursues but one aim--that of concealing the true picture of America's internal life and the aggressive colonizing nature of U.S. foreign policy." In addition to familiar assertions that "everyone knows" about the ruthless sevence of the U.S. economic crisis during 1949, the Soviet radio (as well as the Satellites) repeatedly cites a figure of 14 million American unemployed, including "part-time" unemployed, and talks about a 22 percent decline in industrial production during the first 10 months of 1949. Other "facts" allegedly contradicting the President's "improbable assertions" include allegations about a decline in the American standard of living, price increases, wage reductions, and widespread inadequacies in housing, education,

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and health protection. Generalizing, one commentator reminds listeners that "the economic crisis inherent in the very capitalist system has more than once shattered the United States; and its signs and indications are again obvious today."

TRUMAN REAFFIRMS AMERICA'S AGGRESSIVE FOREIGN POLICY: Although Moscow and the Satellites devote more time to refutations of the President's optimistic statements about the American economy, they do not ignore his foreign policy statements. Typical of the Soviet line is the charge that the foreign policy part of the message is a "frank admission of the fact that the U.S. intends to go on with its policy of enslavement under the Marshall Plan which constitutes a weapon in the preparations for another war and is called upon to wreck the economy of Western European countries." Familiar "evidence" is cited in support of this charge: the ellegedly harmful impact of ERP on West European countries where the living standard is declining and unemployment growing; the American creation of a world system of bases; the allocation of three-fourths of the American budget for "the arms race, preparations for a new war, and plans for world domination."

The charge that the U.S. is preparing for a new war, however, is not emphasized in Soviet broadcasts. Nor does Moscow use its hitherto standard theme that the U.S. is preparing for a war against the USSR and her Satellites. (This theme appears occasionally, however, in Satellite radio broadcasts.) The President's references to Communism are virtually ignored. Only TASS, in a transmission to the local Soviet press, mentions it briefly and charges that Truman portrayed in this lying light the 'danger' threatening the nations endeavoring to liberate themselves from the imperialist yoke." Moscow also avoids completely the President's statements about atomic energy. Only the Czechoslovak radio refers to the "catastrophic failure of U.S. atomic policy in the past year." And the Hungarian radio is the only one to note that the "President did not mention a single word about the Soviet Union's possession of the stomic secret..."

TRUMAN'S "HYPOCRITICAL" DEVOTION TO PEACE: The Soviet radio makes frequent charges that the "peaceful intentions" expressed by Truman are nothing more than a hypocritical smoke-screen to disguise the American striving for world domination. And TAEGLICHE RUNDSCHAU, the Soviet Army organ in Berlin, is quoted to the effect that "people who looked no further might even think that he is listening to one of the progressive partisans of peace"--a statement suggesting the reason for Moscow's frequent attempsts to deny the peaceful intentions expressed by the President.

WESTERN RADIOS: A French-controlled German broadcast hails the message as "something akin to a great ideological approach to world issues"; and a Tel Aviv commentator says that the President "proved once more that he was a sworn friend of the working masses of the United States."

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