

CLASSIFICATION SECRET

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

INFORMATION REPORT

REPORT

CD NO.

COUNTRY East Germany
SUBJECT Shortage of Industrial Diamonds

DATE DISTR. 31 December 1954

NO. OF PAGES 2

PLACE ACQUIRED

NO. OF ENCLS. (LISTED BELOW) 25X1

DATE OF INFO.

SUPPLEMENT TO REPORT NO.

25X1

THIS IS UNEVALUATED INFORMATION

THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS INFORMATION AFFECTING THE NATIONAL DEFENSE OF THE UNITED STATES WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE ESPIONAGE ACT OF 1917, U.S.C. 5, AND IS, AS SUCH, ITS TRANSMISSION OR THE REVELATION OF ITS CONTENTS IN ANY MANNER TO AN UNAUTHORIZED PERSON IS PROHIBITED BY LAW. VIOLATION OF THIS FORM IS PUNISHABLE.

- 1. East German raw diamond requirements for 1954 were to be as follows:
For Kabelwerk Koepenick 6,600 carats (planned quota)
For Berliner Gluehlampenwerk 2,400 carats (estimated)
For Geological Institute 2,500 carats (estimated)
For various consumers 500 carats (estimated)
For Zeiss Jena 6,500 carats (planned quota)
TOTAL 18,500 carats

2. Including about 2,500 carats which had already been delivered by 2 June 1954, the DWV, however, expected to be able to provide a total of only about 10,800 carats of raw diamonds. About 40% of these diamonds were to be used for drawing dies and 60% for tools. Contracts were to be drawn up between the DWV and Kabelwerk Koepenick for 7,200 carats and between the DWV and Zeiss Jena for 3,600 carats. All of the diamonds for drawing dies were to go to the Kabelwerk Koepenick, while about 45% of the diamonds for tools were to go to the Kabelwerk Koepenick and the remaining approximately 55% to Zeiss Jena.

- 3. Diamond bort requirements for 1954 were to be as follows:
For Kabelwerk Koepenick 10,000 carats (planned quota)
For Zeiss Jena 25,000 carats (planned quota)
For various enterprises of the Main Administration of Precision Mechanics and Optics 18,000 carats (planned quota)
For Berliner Gluehlampenwerk 5,000 carats (estimated)
For Geological Institute 12,000 carats (estimated)
For various enterprises 5,000 carats (estimated)
TOTAL 75,000 carats

4. As of 2 June 1954, 58,000 carats of diamond bort were available from the DWV; 38,000 carats were to be contracted for by Kabelwerk Koepenick and 20,000 carats by Zeiss Jena.

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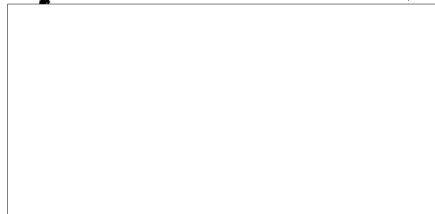
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5. The DWV was to arrange through the Ministry for Foreign and Domestic Trade for the import of the remaining requirements of raw diamonds-7,800 carats- and diamond bort- 17,000 carats - and the report was to be submitted by the DWV to the Ministry for Machine Construction by the end of June 1954 stating whether the remainder could or could not be obtained. If it could not be obtained, the Main Administrations of Cable and Apparatus and of Precision Mechanics and Optics would be required to alter their industrial diamond plans.



Comment: Deutsche Warenvertriebsgesellschaft.

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1. East German raw diamond requirements for 1954 were to be as follows:

- For Kabelwerk Koepenick 6,600 carats (planned quota)
- For Berliner Gluehampenwerk 2,400 carats (estimated)
- For Geological Institute 2,500 carats (estimated)
- For various consumers 500 carats (estimated)
- For Zeiss Jena 65500 carats (planned quota)

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2. Including about 2,000 carats which were already being delivered by 2 June 1954, the DWV, however, expected to be able to provide a total of only about 10,800 carats of raw diamonds. About 40% of these diamonds were to be used for drawing dies and 60% for tools. Contracts were to be drawn up between the DWV and Kabelwerk Koepenick for 7,000 carats and between the DWV and Zeiss Jena for 3,600 carats. All of the diamonds for drawing dies were to go to the Kabelwerk Koepenick, while about 45% of the diamonds for tools were to go to the Kabelwerk Koepenick and the remaining approximately 5% to Zeiss Jena.

3. Diamond tool requirements for 1954 were to be as follows:

- For Kabelwerk Koepenick 10,000 carats (planned quota)
- For Zeiss Jena 25,000 carats (planned quota)
- For various enterprises of the Main Administration of Precision Mechanics and Optics 18,000 carats (planned quota)
- For Berliner Gluehampenwerk 5,000 carats (estimated)
- For Geological Institute 12,000 carats (estimated)
- For various enterprises 5,000 carats (estimated)

TOTAL 75,000 carats

4. As of 2 June 1954, 58,000 carats of diamond sort were available from the DWV; 38,000 carats were to be contracted for by Kabelwerk Koepenick and 20,000 carats by Zeiss Jena.

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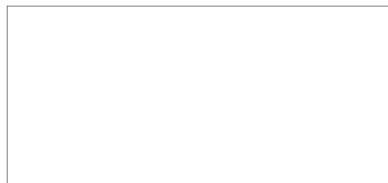
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- 5. The DWV was to arrange through the Ministry for Foreign and Domestic Trade for the import of the remaining requirements of raw diamonds-7,800 carats- and diamond bort- 17,000 carats - and the report was to be submitted by the DWV to the Ministry for Machine Construction by the end of June 1954 stating whether the remainder could or could not be obtained. If it could not be obtained, the Main Administrations of Cable and Apparatus and of Precision Mechanics and Optics would be required to alter their industrial diamond plans.



comment: Deutsche Warenvertriebsgesellschaft,

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