

CLASSIFICATION ACT OF 1949

PUBLIC LAW 429

81st Congress

An Act to establish a standard schedule of rates of basic compensation for certain employees of the Federal Government; to provide an equitable system for fixing and adjusting the rates of basic compensation of individual employees; to repeal the Classification Act of 1923, as amended; and for other purposes.

Sec. 202. This Act (except title XII) shall not apply to-) the
(16) Central Intelligence Agency

Approved October 28, 1949

For copy of Act see U.S.Code Congressional Service 81st Congress
Page 968.

Executive Order 10100

Regulations Relating to the
Granting of Certain Allowances
by the Director of Central
Intelligence

By virtue of and pursuant to the authority vested in me by section 5(b) of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949, approved June 20, 1949 (Public Law 110, 81st Congress), and as President of the United States, I hereby prescribe the following regulations:

1. The allowances granted by the Director of Central Intelligence under Section 5(b) of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 shall conform to the allowances granted by the Secretary of State in accordance with the regulations prescribed by him pursuant to section 901 (1) and 901 (2) of the Foreign Service Act of 1946 and Executive Order No. 10011 of October 22, 1948, as to places or cities with respect to which such regulations are applicable; and as to places or cities with respect to which such regulations are not applicable, the allowances granted by the Director shall conform, so far as practicable, to the general standards and rates contained in the said regulations of the Secretary of State.

2. The Director of Central Intelligence may prescribe such further regulations as he may deem necessary to effectuate the purposes of this order.

3. This order shall be effective as of June 20, 1949.

(signed)

HARRY S. TRUMAN

THE WHITE HOUSE

January 28, 1950

(F. R. Doc. 50-900; Filed, Jan. 30, 1950; 9:51 a.m.)

1 3 CFR, 1948 Supp.

Executive Order 10111

21 Feb. 1950, 15 F. R. 909

ESTABLISHING A SEAL FOR THE CENTRAL
INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

WHEREAS section 2 of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949, approved June 20, 1949, (Public Law 110 - 81st Congress), ¹ provides, in part, that the Director of Central Intelligence shall cause a seal of office to be made for the Central Intelligence Agency of such design as the President shall approve; and

WHEREAS the Director of Central Intelligence has caused to be made and has recommended that I approve a seal of office for the Central Intelligence Agency the design of which accompanies and is hereby made a part of this order, and which is described in heraldic terms as follows:

SHIELD: Argent, a compass rose of sixteen points gules.

CREST: On a wreath argent and gules an American bald eagle's head erased proper.

Below the shield on a gold color scroll the inscription "United States of America" in red letters, and encircling the shield and crest at the top the inscription "Central Intelligence Agency" in white letters.

All on a circular blue background with a narrow gold edge;

AND WHEREAS it appears that such seal is of suitable design and is appropriate for establishment as the official seal of the Central Intelligence Agency:

NOW, THEREFORE, by virtue of and pursuant to the authority vested in me by the said section 2 of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949, I hereby approve such seal as the official seal of the Central Intelligence Agency.

Harry S. Truman

The White House,
February 17, 1950

¹ 50 U.S.C.A. § 403b.

[PUBLIC LAW 697—81ST CONGRESS]

[CHAPTER 719—2D SESSION]

[S. 3875]

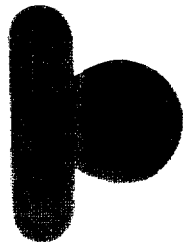
AN ACT

To amend section 9 of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 9 of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (Act of June 20, 1949, ch. 227, sec. 9, 63 Stat. 212) is hereby amended by deleting the figure "\$10,000" and substituting in lieu thereof the figure "\$13,100".

Approved August 16, 1950.

TAB
16



[PUBLIC LAW 754—81ST CONGRESS]

[CHAPTER 849—2D SESSION]

[S. 3959]

AN ACT

To amend the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the parenthetical expression appearing in clause (1) of the final sentence of subsection (a) of section 109 of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (Public Law 152, Eighty-first Congress) is amended to read as follows:

“(including the purchase from or through the Public Printer, for warehouse issue, of standard forms, blankbook work, standard specifications, and other printed material in common use by Federal agencies not available through the Superintendent of Documents).”

SEC. 2. (a) Clause (2) of the final sentence of subsection (a) of section 109 of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as hereinbefore amended, is amended to read as follows: “(2) for paying the purchase price, transportation to first storage point of supplies and services, and the cost of personal services employed directly in the repair, rehabilitation, and conversion of personal property.”

(b) The third sentence of subsection (b) of section 109 of such Act is amended to read as follows: “On and after such date, such prices shall be fixed at levels so as to recover so far as practicable the applicable purchase price, the transportation cost to first storage point, inventory losses, the cost of personal services employed directly in the repair, rehabilitation, and conversion of personal property, and the cost of amortization and repair of equipment utilized for lease or rent to executive agencies.”

(c) The amendments made by this section shall be effective on the date, not earlier than July 1, 1950, on which the Administrator of General Services shall determine that appropriated funds adequate to effectuate the purposes of such amendments have been made available.

SEC. 3. (a) The final sentence of subsection (b) of section 109 of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 is amended to read as follows: “Where an advance of funds is not made, the General Services Administration shall be reimbursed promptly out of funds of the requisitioning agency in accordance with accounting procedures approved by the Comptroller General: *Provided*, That in any case where payment shall not have been made by the requisitioning agency within forty-five days after the date of billing by the Administrator or the date on which an actual liability for supplies or services is incurred by the Administrator, whichever is the later, reimbursement may be obtained by the Administrator by

Reference to CIA page 14

the issuance of transfer and counterwarrants, or other lawful transfer documents, supported by itemized invoices.”

(b) Section 109 of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

“(g) Whenever any producer or vendor shall tender any article or commodity for sale to the General Services Administration or to any procurement authority acting under the direction and control of the Administrator pursuant to this Act, the Administrator is authorized in his discretion, with the consent of such producer or vendor, to cause to be conducted, in such manner as the Administrator shall specify, such tests as he shall prescribe to determine whether such article or commodity conforms to prescribed specifications and standards. When the Administrator determines that the making of such tests will serve predominantly the interest of such producer or vendor, he shall charge such producer or vendor a fee which shall be fixed by the Administrator in such amount as will recover the cost of conducting such tests, including all components of such cost, determined in accordance with accepted accounting principles. When the Administrator determines that the making of such tests will not serve predominantly the interest of such producer or vendor, he shall charge such producer or vendor such fee as he shall determine to be reasonable for the furnishing of such testing service. All such fees collected by the Administrator may be deposited in the General Supply Fund to be used for any purpose authorized by subsection 109 (a) of this Act.”

Sec. 4. Paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 203 (j) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 are amended to read as follows:

“(1) Under such regulations as he may prescribe, the Administrator is authorized in his discretion to donate for educational purposes or public health purposes, including research, in the States, Territories, and possessions without cost (except for costs of care and handling) such equipment, materials, books, or other supplies under the control of any executive agency as shall have been determined to be surplus property and which shall have been determined under paragraph (2) or paragraph (3) of this subsection to be usable and necessary for educational purposes or public health purposes, including research.

“(2) Determination whether such surplus property (except surplus property donated in conformity with paragraph (3) of this subsection) is usable and necessary for educational purposes or public health purposes, including research, shall be made by the Federal Security Administrator, who shall allocate such property on the basis of needs and utilization for transfer by the Administrator of General Services to tax-supported medical institutions, hospitals, clinics, health centers, school systems, schools, colleges, and universities, and to other non-profit medical institutions, hospitals, clinics, health centers, schools, colleges, and universities which have been held exempt from taxation under section 101 (6) of the Internal Revenue Code, or to State departments of education or health for distribution to such tax-supported and non-profit medical institutions, hospitals, clinics, health centers, school systems, schools, colleges, and universities; except that

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in any State where another agency is designated by State law for such purpose such transfer shall be made to said agency for such distribution within the State."

Sec. 5. The Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 is amended by—

(a) redesignating section 210 thereof as section 212, and wherever such section number appears in such Act as originally enacted, it is amended to conform to the redesignation prescribed by this subsection;

(b) inserting in the table of contents appearing in the first section of such Act, immediately after the line in which "Sec. 209." appears, the following:

"Sec. 210. Operation of buildings and related activities.

"Sec. 211. Motor vehicle identification."

(c) inserting, immediately after section 209 thereof, the following new sections:

"OPERATION OF BUILDINGS AND RELATED ACTIVITIES

"SEC. 210. (a) Whenever and to the extent that the Administrator has been or hereafter may be authorized by any provision of law other than this subsection to maintain, operate, and protect any building, property, or grounds situated in or outside the District of Columbia, including the construction, repair, preservation, demolition, furnishing, and equipment thereof, he is authorized in the discharge of the duties so conferred upon him—

"(1) to purchase, repair, and clean uniforms for civilian employees of the General Services Administration who are required by law or regulation to wear uniform clothing;

"(2) to furnish arms and ammunition for the protection force maintained by the General Services Administration;

"(3) to pay ground rent for buildings owned by the United States or occupied by Federal agencies, and to pay such rent in advance when required by law or when the Administrator shall determine such action to be in the public interest;

"(4) to employ and pay personnel employed in connection with the functions of operation, maintenance, and protection of property at such per diem rates as may be approved by the Administrator, not exceeding rates currently paid by private industry for similar services in the place where such services are performed;

"(5) without regard to the provisions of section 322 of the Act of June 30, 1932 (47 Stat. 412), as amended, to pay rental, and to make repairs, alterations, and improvements under the terms of any lease entered into by, or transferred to, the General Services Administration for the housing of any Federal agency which on June 30, 1950, was specifically exempted by law from the requirements of said section;

"(6) to obtain payments, through advances or otherwise, for expenses, space, quarters, maintenance, repair, or other facilities incurred, on a reimbursable basis, to any other Federal agency, any mixed-ownership corporation (as defined in the Government Corporation Control Act), or the District of Columbia, and to make such payments to the applicable appropriation of the General Services Administration;

"(7) to make changes in, maintain, and repair the pneumatic tube system connecting buildings owned by the United States and occupied by Federal agencies in New York City installed under franchise of the city of New York, approved June 29, 1909, and June 11, 1928, and to make payments of any obligations arising thereunder in accordance with the provisions of the Acts approved August 5, 1909 (36 Stat. 120), and May 15, 1928 (45 Stat. 533);

"(8) to repair, alter, and improve rented premises, without regard to the 25 per centum limitation of section 322 of the Act of June 30, 1932 (47 Stat. 412), as amended, upon a determination by the Administrator that by reason of circumstances set forth in such determination the execution of such work, without reference to such limitation, is advantageous to the Government in terms of economy, efficiency, or national security: *Provided*, That such determination shall show that the total cost (rentals, repairs, alterations, and improvements) to the Government for the expected life of the lease shall be less than the cost of alternative space which needs no such repairs, alterations, or improvements. A copy of every such determination so made shall be furnished to the General Accounting Office;

"(9) to pay sums in lieu of taxes on real property declared surplus by Government corporations, pursuant to the Surplus Property Act of 1944, where legal title to such property remains in any such Government corporation;

"(10) to furnish utilities and other services where such utilities and other services are not provided from other sources to persons, firms, or corporations occupying or utilizing plants or portions of plants which constitute (A) a part of the National Industrial Reserve pursuant to the National Industrial Reserve Act of 1948, or (B) surplus real property, and to credit the amounts received therefrom to the applicable appropriation of the General Services Administration;

"(11) at the direction of the Secretary of Defense, to use proceeds received from insurance against damage to properties of the National Industrial Reserve for repair or restoration of the damaged properties; and

"(12) to acquire, by purchase, condemnation, or otherwise, real estate and interests therein.

"(b) At the request of any Federal agency or any mixed-ownership corporation (as defined in the Government Corporation Control Act), or the District of Columbia, the Administrator is hereby authorized to operate, maintain, and protect any building owned by the United States (or, in the case of any wholly owned or mixed-ownership Government corporation, by such corporation) and occupied by the agency or instrumentality making such request.

"(c) At the request of any Federal agency or any mixed-ownership corporation (as defined in the Government Corporation Control Act), or the District of Columbia, the Administrator is hereby authorized (1) to acquire land for buildings and projects authorized by Congress; (2) to make or cause to be made, under contract or otherwise, surveys and test borings and to prepare plans and specifications for such buildings and projects prior to the approval by the General of the title to the sites thereof; and (3) to contr

to supervise, the construction and development and the equipping of such buildings or projects. Any sum available to any such Federal agency or instrumentality for any such building or project may be transferred by such agency to the General Services Administration in advance for such purposes as the Administrator shall determine to be necessary, including the payment of salaries and expenses of personnel engaged in the preparation of plans and specifications or in field supervision, and for general office expenses to be incurred in the rendition of any such service.

“(d) Whenever the Director of the Bureau of the Budget shall determine such action to be in the interest of economy or efficiency, he shall transfer to the Administrator all functions then vested in any other Federal agency with respect to the operation, maintenance, and custody of any office building owned by the United States or any wholly owned Government corporation, or any office building or part thereof occupied by any Federal agency under any lease, except that no transfer shall be made under this subsection—

“(1) of any post-office building unless the Director shall first determine that such building is not used predominantly for post-office purposes, and functions which are transferred hereunder to the Administrator with respect to any post-office building may be delegated by him only to another officer or employee of the General Services Administration or to the Postmaster General;

“(2) of any building located in any foreign country;

“(3) of any building located on the grounds of any fort, camp, post, arsenal, navy yard, naval training station, airfield, proving ground, military supply depot, or school, or of any similar facility of the Department of Defense, unless and to such extent as a permit for its use by another agency or agencies shall have been issued by the Secretary of Defense or his duly authorized representative;

“(4) of any building which the Director of the Bureau of the Budget finds to be a part of a group of buildings which are (A) located in the same vicinity, (B) utilized wholly or predominantly for the special purposes of the agency having custody thereof, and (C) not generally suitable for the use of other agencies; or

“(5) of the Treasury Building, the Bureau of Engraving and Printing Building, the buildings occupied by the National Bureau of Standards, and the buildings under the jurisdiction of the regents of the Smithsonian Institution.

“(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Administrator is authorized, in accordance with policies and directives prescribed by the President under section 205 (a) and after consultation with the heads of the executive agencies affected, to assign and reassign space of all executive agencies in Government-owned and leased buildings in and outside the District of Columbia upon a determination by the Administrator that such assignment or reassignment is advantageous to the Government in terms of economy, efficiency, or national security.

“MOTOR VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION

“SEC. 211. Under regulations prescribed by the Administrator, every motor vehicle acquired and used for official purposes within the United States, its Territories, or possessions, by any Federal agency

or the District of Columbia shall be conspicuously identified I. showing thereon either (a) the full name of the department, establishment, corporation, or agency by which it is used and the service in which it is used, or (b) a title descriptive of the service in which it is used if such title readily identifies the department, establishment, corporation, or agency concerned, and the legend 'For official use only': *Provided*, That the regulations issued pursuant to this section may provide for exemptions from the requirement of this section when conspicuous identification would interfere with the purpose for which a vehicle is acquired and used."

SEC. 6. The Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 is amended by—

(a) redesignating "title V" of such Act as "title VI" thereof, and "title V", wherever it appears therein, is amended to read "title VI";

(b) redesignating sections 501-505, inclusive, of such Act, respectively, as sections 601-605, inclusive, thereof, and wherever any such section number appears in such Act as originally enacted, it is amended to conform in numbering to the redesignation prescribed by this subsection;

(c) inserting at the proper place in the table of contents to such Act the following:

"TITLE V—FEDERAL RECORDS

"Sec. 501. Short title.

"Sec. 502. Custody and control of property.

"Sec. 503. National Historical Publications Commission.

"Sec. 504. Federal Records Council.

"Sec. 505. Records management; the Administrator.

"Sec. 506. Records management; agency heads.

"Sec. 507. Archival administration.

"Sec. 508. Reports.

"Sec. 509. Legal status of reproductions.

"Sec. 510. Limitation on liability.

"Sec. 511. Definitions."

(d) inserting, immediately following title IV thereof, the following new title:

"TITLE V—FEDERAL RECORDS

"SHORT TITLE

"SEC. 501. This title may be cited as the 'Federal Records Act of 1950'.

"CUSTODY AND CONTROL OF PROPERTY

"SEC. 502. The Administrator shall have immediate custody and control of the National Archives Building and its contents, and shall have authority to design, construct, purchase, lease, maintain, operate, protect, and improve buildings used by him for the storage of records of Federal agencies in the District of Columbia and elsewhere.

"NATIONAL HISTORICAL PUBLICATIONS COMMISSION

"SEC. 503. (a) There is hereby created a National Historical Publications Commission consisting of the Archivist (or an alternate desig-

nated by him), who shall be Chairman; the Librarian of Congress (or an alternate designated by him); one Member of the United States Senate to be appointed, for a term of four years, by the President of the Senate; one Member of the House of Representatives to be appointed, for a term of two years, by the Speaker of the House of Representatives; one representative of the judicial branch of the Government to be appointed, for a term of four years, by the Chief Justice of the United States; one representative of the Department of State to be appointed, for a term of four years, by the Secretary of State; one representative of the Department of Defense to be appointed, for a term of four years, by the Secretary of Defense; two members of the American Historical Association to be appointed by the council of the said association, one of whom shall serve an initial term of two years and the other an initial term of three years, but their successors shall be appointed for terms of four years; and two other members outstanding in the fields of the social or physical sciences to be appointed by the President of the United States, one of whom shall serve an initial term of one year and the other an initial term of three years, but their successors shall be appointed for terms of four years. The Commission shall meet annually and on call of the Chairman.

“(b) Any person appointed to fill a vacancy in the membership of the Commission shall be appointed only for the unexpired term of the member whom he shall succeed, and his appointment shall be made in the same manner in which the appointment of his predecessor was made.

“(c) The Commission is authorized to appoint, without reference to the Classification Act of 1949 (Public Law 429, 81st Congress, approved October 28, 1949), an executive director and such editorial and clerical staff as the Commission may determine to be necessary. Members of the Commission who represent any branch or agency of the Government shall serve as members of the Commission without additional compensation. All members of the Commission shall be reimbursed for transportation expenses incurred in attending meetings of the Commission, and all such members other than those who represent any branch or agency of the Government of the United States shall receive in lieu of subsistence en route to or from or at the place of such service, for each day actually spent in connection with the performance of their duties as members of such Commission, such sum, not to exceed \$25, as the Commission shall prescribe.

“(d) The Commission shall make plans, estimates, and recommendations for such historical works and collections of sources as it deems appropriate for printing or otherwise recording at the public expense. The Commission shall also cooperate with and encourage appropriate Federal, State, and local agencies and nongovernmental institutions, societies, and individuals in collecting and preserving and, when it deems such action to be desirable, in editing and publishing the papers of outstanding citizens of the United States and such other documents as may be important for an understanding and appreciation of the history of the United States. The Chairman of the Commission shall transmit to the Administrator from time to time, and at least once annually, such plans, estimates, and recommendations as have been approved by the Commission.

"FEDERAL RECORDS COUNCIL

"SEC. 504. The Administrator shall establish a Federal Records Council, and shall advise and consult with the Council with a view to obtaining its advice and assistance in carrying out the purposes of this title. The Council shall include representatives of the legislative, judicial, and executive branches of the Government in such number as the Administrator shall determine, but such Council shall include at least four representatives of the legislative branch, at least two representatives of the judicial branch, and at least six representatives of the executive branch. Members of the Council representing the legislative branch shall be designated, in equal number, by the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, respectively. Members of the Council representing the judicial branch shall be designated by the Chief Justice of the United States. The Administrator is authorized to designate from persons named by the head of any executive agency concerned, not more than one representative from such agency to serve as a member of the Council. Members of the Council shall serve without compensation, but shall be reimbursed for all necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of their duties as members of the Council. The Council shall elect a chairman from among its own membership, and shall meet at least once annually.

"RECORDS MANAGEMENT; THE ADMINISTRATOR

"SEC. 505. (a) The Administrator shall make provisions for the economical and efficient management of records of Federal agencies (1) by analyzing, developing, promoting, and coordinating standards, procedures, and techniques designed to improve the management of records, to insure the maintenance and security of records deemed appropriate for preservation, and to facilitate the segregation and disposal of records of temporary value, and (2) by promoting the efficient and economical utilization of space, equipment, and supplies needed for the purpose of creating, maintaining, storing, and servicing records.

"(b) The Administrator shall establish standards for the selective retention of records of continuing value, and assist Federal agencies in applying such standards to records in their custody; and he shall notify the head of any Federal agency of any actual, impending, or threatened unlawful removal, defacing, alteration, or destruction of records in the custody of such agency that shall come to his attention, and assist the head of such agency in initiating action through the Attorney General for the recovery of such records as shall have been unlawfully removed and for such other redress as may be provided by law.

"(c) The Administrator is authorized to inspect or survey personally or by deputy the records of any Federal agency, as well as to make surveys of records management and records disposal practices in such agencies, and shall be given the full cooperation of officials and employees of agencies in such inspections and surveys: *Provided*, That records, the use of which is restricted by or pursuant to law or for reasons of national security or the public interest, shall be inspected or surveyed in accordance with regulations promulgated by the Administrator, subject to the approval of the head of the custodial agency.

"(d) The Administrator is authorized to establish, maintain, and operate records centers for the storage, processing, and servicing of

records for Federal agencies pending their deposit with the National Archives of the United States or their disposition in any other manner authorized by law; and to establish, maintain, and operate centralized microfilming services for Federal agencies.

“(e) Subject to applicable provisions of law, the Administrator shall promulgate regulations governing the transfer of records from the custody of one executive agency to that of another.

“(f) The Administrator may empower any Federal agency, upon the submission of evidence of need therefor, to retain records for a longer period than that specified in disposal schedules approved by Congress, and, in accordance with regulations promulgated by him, may withdraw disposal authorizations covering records listed in disposal schedules approved by Congress.

“RECORDS MANAGEMENT; AGENCY HEADS

“Sec. 506. (a) The head of each Federal agency shall cause to be made and preserved records containing adequate and proper documentation of the organization, functions, policies, decisions, procedures, and essential transactions of the agency and designed to furnish the information necessary to protect the legal and financial rights of the Government and of persons directly affected by the agency's activities.

“(b) The head of each Federal agency shall establish and maintain an active, continuing program for the economical and efficient management of the records of the agency. Such program shall, among other things, provide for (1) effective controls over the creation, maintenance, and use of records in the conduct of current business; (2) cooperation with the Administrator in applying standards, procedures, and techniques designed to improve the management of records, promote the maintenance and security of records deemed appropriate for preservation, and facilitate the segregation and disposal of records of temporary value; and (3) compliance with the provisions of this title and the regulations issued thereunder.

“(c) Whenever the head of a Federal agency determines that substantial economies or increased operating efficiency can be effected thereby, he shall provide for the storage, processing, and servicing of records that are appropriate therefor in a records center maintained and operated by the Administrator or, when approved by the Administrator, in such a center maintained and operated by the head of such Federal agency.

“(d) Any official of the Government who is authorized to certify to facts on the basis of records in his custody, is hereby authorized to certify to facts on the basis of records that have been transferred by him or his predecessors to the Administrator.

“(e) The head of each Federal agency shall establish such safeguards against the removal or loss of records as he shall determine to be necessary and as may be required by regulations of the Administrator. Such safeguards shall include making it known to all officials and employees of the agency (1) that no records in the custody of the agency are to be alienated or destroyed except in accordance with the provisions of the Act approved July 7, 1943 (57 Stat. 380-383), as amended July 6, 1945 (59 Stat. 434), and (2) the penalties

provided by law for the unlawful removal or destruction of records.

“(f) The head of each Federal agency shall notify the Administrator of any actual, impending, or threatened unlawful removal, defacing, alteration, or destruction of records in the custody of the agency of which he is the head that shall come to his attention, and with the assistance of the Administrator shall initiate action through the Attorney General for the recovery of records he knows or has reason to believe have been unlawfully removed from his agency, or from any other Federal agency whose records have been transferred to his legal custody.

“(g) Nothing in this title shall be construed as limiting the authority of the Comptroller General of the United States with respect to prescribing accounting systems, forms, and procedures, or lessening the responsibility of collecting and disbursing officers for rendition of their accounts for settlement by the General Accounting Office.

“ARCHIVAL ADMINISTRATION

“Sec. 507. (a) The Administrator, whenever it appears to him to be in the public interest, is hereby authorized—

“(1) to accept for deposit with the National Archives of the United States the records of any Federal agency or of the Congress of the United States that are determined by the Archivist to have sufficient historical or other value to warrant their continued preservation by the United States Government;

“(2) to direct and effect, with the approval of the head of the originating agency (or if the existence of such agency shall have been terminated, then with the approval of his successor in function, if any), the transfer of records deposited (or approved for deposit) with the National Archives of the United States to public or educational institutions or associations: *Provided*, That the title to such records shall remain vested in the United States unless otherwise authorized by Congress; and

“(3) to direct and effect the transfer of materials from private sources authorized to be received by the Administrator by the provisions of subsection (e) of this section.

“(b) The Administrator shall be responsible for the custody, use, and withdrawal of records transferred to him: *Provided*, That whenever any records the use of which is subject to statutory limitations and restrictions are so transferred, permissive and restrictive statutory provisions with respect to the examination and use of such records applicable to the head of the agency from which the records were transferred or to employees of that agency shall thereafter likewise be applicable to the Administrator, the Archivist, and to the employees of the General Services Administration, respectively: *Provided further*, That whenever the head of any agency shall specify in writing restrictions that appear to him to be necessary or desirable in the public interest, on the use or examination of records being considered for transfer from his custody to the Administrator, the Administrator shall impose such restrictions on the records so transferred, and shall not remove or relax such restrictions without the concurrence in writing of the head of the agency from which the material shall have been transferred (or if the existence of such agency shall have been terminated, then he shall not remove or relax such restrictions without

the concurrence of the successor in function, if any, of such agency head): *Provided, however*, That statutory and other restrictions referred to in the provisos of this subsection shall not remain in force or effect after the records have been in existence for fifty years unless the Administrator by order shall determine with respect to specific bodies of records that such restrictions shall remain in force and effect for a longer period: *And provided further*, That restrictions on the use or examination of records deposited with the National Archives of the United States heretofore imposed and now in force and effect under the terms of section 3 of the National Archives Act, approved June 19, 1934, shall continue in force and effect regardless of the expiration of the tenure of office of the official who imposed them but may be removed or relaxed by the Administrator with the concurrence in writing of the head of the agency from which material has been transferred (or if the existence of such agency shall have been terminated, then with the concurrence in writing of his successor in function, if any).

“(c) The Administrator shall make provisions for the preservation, arrangement, repair and rehabilitation, duplication and reproduction (including microcopy publications), description, and exhibition of records transferred to him as may be needful or appropriate, including the preparation and publication of inventories, indexes, catalogs, and other finding aids or guides facilitating their use; and, when approved by the National Historical Publications Commission, he may also publish such historical works and collections of sources as seem appropriate for printing or otherwise recording at the public expense.

“(d) The Administrator shall make such provisions and maintain such facilities as he deems necessary or desirable for servicing records in his custody that are not exempt from examination by statutory provisions or other restrictions.

“(e) The Administrator may accept for deposit—

“(1) the personal papers and other personal historical documentary materials of the present President of the United States, his successors, heads of executive departments, and such other officials of the Government as the President may designate, offered for deposit under restrictions respecting their use specified in writing by the prospective depositors: *Provided*, That restrictions so specified on such materials, or any portions thereof, accepted by the Administrator for such deposit shall have force and effect during the lifetime of the depositor or for a period not to exceed twenty-five years, whichever is longer, unless sooner terminated in writing by the depositor or his legal heirs: *And provided further*, That the Archivist determines that the materials accepted for such deposit will have continuing historical or other values;

“(2) motion-picture films, still pictures, and sound recordings from private sources that are appropriate for preservation by the Government as evidence of its organization, functions, policies, decisions, procedures, and transactions.

Title to materials so deposited under this subsection shall pass to and vest in the United States.

“(f) The Administrator is hereby authorized to make and preserve motion-picture films, still pictures, and sound recordings pertaining to and illustrative of the historical development of the United States Government and its activities, and to make provisions for preparing, editing, titling, scoring, processing, duplicating, reproducing, exhibiting, and releasing for nonprofit educational purposes, motion-picture films, still pictures, and sound recordings in his custody.

“REPORTS

“SEC. 508. (a) The Administrator is hereby authorized, whenever he deems it necessary, to obtain reports from Federal agencies on their activities under the provisions of this title and the Act approved July 7, 1943 (57 Stat. 380-383), as amended July 6, 1945 (59 Stat. 434).

“(b) The Administrator shall, whenever he finds that any provisions of this title have been or are being violated, inform in writing the head of the agency concerned of such violations and make recommendations regarding means of correcting them. Unless corrective measures satisfactory to the Administrator are inaugurated within a reasonable time, the Administrator shall submit a written report thereon to the President and the Congress.

“LEGAL STATUS OF REPRODUCTIONS

“SEC. 509. (a) Whenever any records that are required by statute to be retained indefinitely have been reproduced by photographic, microphotographic, or other processes, in accordance with standards established by the Administrator, the indefinite retention of such photographic, microphotographic, or other reproductions will be deemed to constitute compliance with the statutory requirement for the indefinite retention of such original records. Such reproductions, as well as reproductions made in compliance with regulations promulgated to carry out this title, shall have the same legal status as the originals thereof.

“(b) There shall be an official seal for the National Archives of the United States which shall be judicially noticed. When any copy or reproduction, furnished under the terms hereof, is authenticated by such official seal and certified by the Administrator, such copy or reproduction shall be admitted in evidence equally with the original from which it was made.

“(c) The Administrator may charge a fee not in excess of 10 per centum above the costs or expenses for making or authenticating copies or reproductions of materials transferred to his custody. All such fees shall be paid into, administered, and expended as a part of the National Archives Trust Fund provided for in section 5 of the Act approved July 9, 1941. There shall be no charge for making or authenticating copies or reproductions of such materials for official use by the United States Government: *Provided*, That reimbursement may be accepted to cover the cost of furnishing such copies or reproductions that could not otherwise be furnished.

“LIMITATION ON LIABILITY

“SEC. 510. With respect to letters and other intellectual productions (exclusive of material copyrighted or patented) after they come into

the custody or possession of the Administrator, neither the United States nor its agents shall be liable for any infringement of literary property rights or analogous rights arising thereafter out of use of such materials for display, inspection, research, reproduction, or other purposes.

“DEFINITIONS

“SEC. 511. When used in this title—

“(a) The term ‘records’ shall have the meaning given to such term by section 1 of the Act entitled ‘An Act to provide for the disposal of certain records of the United States Government’, approved July 7, 1943 (57 Stat. 380, as amended; 44 U. S. C. 366);

“(b) The term ‘records center’ means an establishment maintained by the Administrator or by a Federal agency primarily for the storage, servicing, security, and processing of records that must be preserved for varying periods of time and need not be retained in office equipment and space;

“(c) The term ‘servicing’ means making available for use information in records and other materials in the custody of the Administrator—

“(1) by furnishing such records or other materials, or information from such records or other materials, or copies or reproductions thereof to agencies of the Government for official use and to the public; and

“(2) by making and furnishing authenticated or unauthenticated copies or reproductions of such records and other materials;

“(d) The term ‘National Archives of the United States’ means those official records that have been determined by the Archivist to have sufficient historical or other value to warrant their continued preservation by the United States Government, and have been accepted by the Administrator for deposit in his custody;

“(e) The term ‘unauthenticated copies’ means exact copies or reproductions of records or other materials that are not certified as such under seal and that need not be legally accepted as evidence; and

“(f) The term ‘Archivist’ means the Archivist of the United States.”

SEC. 7. The Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 is further amended by—

(a) striking out the word “and” preceding “(2)” in subsection (d) of section 3 thereof; substituting a semicolon for the period at the end of said subsection; and adding at the end of such subsection the following: “and (3) records of the Federal Government.”;

(b) striking out, in section 208 (a) thereof, the expression “and V”, and inserting in lieu thereof the expression “V, and VI”;

(c) striking out, in section 208 (b) thereof, the expression “and V”, and inserting in lieu thereof the expression “V, and VI”;

(d) striking out the word “and” at the end of paragraph (30) of section 602 (a); striking out the period at the end of paragraph (31) of section 602 (a) and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon; and adding at the end of section 602 (a) the following new paragraphs:

“(32) the Act entitled ‘An Act to establish a National Archives of the United States Government, and for other purposes’, approved June 19, 1934 (48 Stat. 1122-1124, as amended; 44 U. S. C. 300, 300a, 300c-k); and

“(33) section 4 of the Act of February 3, 1905 (33 Stat. 687, as amended; 5 U. S. C. 77).”

(e) amending subsection 602 (b) and (c) thereof to read as follows:

“(b) There are hereby superseded—

“(1) the provisions of the first, third, and fifth paragraphs of section 1 of Executive Order Numbered 6166 of June 10, 1933, insofar as they relate to any function now administered by the Bureau of Federal Supply except functions with respect to standard contract forms; and

“(2) sections 2 and 4 of the Act entitled ‘An Act to provide for the disposal of certain records of the United States Government’, approved July 7, 1943 (57 Stat. 381, as amended; 44 U. S. C. 367 and 369), to the extent that the provisions thereof are inconsistent with the provisions of title V of this Act.

“(c) The authority conferred by this Act shall be in addition and paramount to any authority conferred by any other law and shall not be subject to the provisions of any law inconsistent herewith, except that sections 205 (b) and 206 (c) of this Act shall not be applicable to any Government corporation or agency which is subject to the Government Corporation Control Act (59 Stat. 597; 31 U. S. C. 841).”

(f) amending paragraphs (17), (18), and (19) of section 602 (d) thereof to read as follows:

“(17) the Central Intelligence Agency;

“(18) the Joint Committee on Printing, under the Act entitled ‘An Act providing for the public printing and binding and the distribution of public documents’ approved January 12, 1895 (28 Stat. 601), as amended or any other Act; or

“(19) for such period of time as the President may specify, any other authority of any executive agency which the President determines within one year after the effective date of this Act should, in the public interest, stand unimpaired by this Act.”

(g) striking out the period at the end of section 603 (a) thereof and inserting in lieu thereof a comma and the following: “including payment in advance, when authorized by the Administrator, for library memberships in societies whose publications are available to members only, or to members at a price lower than that charged to the general public.”

SEC. 8. (a) Subsection 3 (b) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 is amended to read as follows:

“(b) The term ‘Federal agency’ means any executive agency or any establishment in the legislative or judicial branch of the Government (except the Senate, the House of Representatives, and the Architect of the Capitol and any activities under his direction).”

(b) Section 201 (b) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 is amended by striking out the expression “or the Senate, or the House of Representatives,”.

(c) Section 602 of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 is amended by redesignating subsection (e) thereof

as subsection (f), and inserting, immediately after subsection (d) thereof, the following new subsection:

"(e) No provision of this Act, as amended, shall apply to the Senate or the House of Representatives (including the Architect of the Capitol and any building, activity, or function under his direction), but any of the services and facilities authorized by this Act to be rendered or furnished shall, as far as practicable, be made available to the Senate, the House of Representatives, or the Architect of the Capitol, upon their request, and, if payment would be required for the rendition or furnishing of a similar service or facility to an executive agency, payment therefor shall be made by the recipient thereof, upon presentation of proper vouchers, in advance or by reimbursement (as may be agreed upon by the Administrator and the officer or body making such request). Such payment may be credited to the applicable appropriation of the executive agency receiving such payment."

SEC. 9. The Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, section 205 (h), is hereby amended by striking out the last word of the sentence "title" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Act".

SEC. 10. (a) Whenever any contract made on behalf of the Government by the head of any Federal Agency, or by officers authorized by him so to do, includes a provision for liquidated damages for delay, the Comptroller General upon recommendation of such head is authorized and empowered to remit the whole or any part of such damages as in his discretion may be just and equitable.

(b) Section 306 of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, is hereby repealed, and this section shall be effective as of July 1, 1949.

SEC. 11. All laws or parts of laws in conflict with the provisions of this Act or with any amendment made thereby are, to the extent of such conflict, hereby repealed.

Approved September 5, 1950.



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Public Law 53 - 82d Congress
Chapter 151 - 1st Session
S. 927

AN ACT

To amend section 6 of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 6 of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (Act of June 20, 1949, ch. 227, sec. 6, 63 Stat. 211) is hereby amended by the addition of a subsection "(f)" as follows:

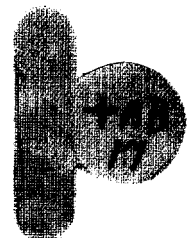
"(f) (1) Notwithstanding section 2 of the Act of July 31, 1894 (28 Stat. 205), as amended (5 U. S. C. A. 62), or any other law prohibiting the employment of any retired commissioned or warrant officer of the armed services, the Agency is hereby authorized to employ and to pay the compensation of not more than fifteen retired officers or warrant officers of the armed services while performing service for the Agency, but while so serving such retired officer or warrant officer will be entitled to receive only the compensation of his position with the Agency, or his retired pay, whichever he may elect.

"(2) Nothing in this section shall limit or affect the appointment of and payment of compensation to retired officers or warrant officers not presently or hereafter prohibited by law."

Approved June 26, 1951.

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Authorization for CIA Building
Military and Naval Installations - Construction

Public Law 155
82nd Congress
Approved 28 September 1951

Title IV

Sec. 401.

The Secretary of the Army, the Secretary of the Navy, and the Secretary of the Air Force, under the direction of the Secretary of Defense, are respectively authorized to establish or develop joint military installations and facilities by the construction, conversion, installation, or equipment of temporary or permanent public works, including buildings, facilities, appurtenances, and utilities, as follows:

By the Secretary of the Air Force: \$38,000,000.

Title V

Sec. 502.

There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums of money as may be necessary to accomplish the purposes of this Act, but not to exceed:

(4) For public works authorized by title IV:
and Department of the Air Force, \$63,000,000.

Note: (This includes 38,000,000. To accomplish the purpose set forth in Sec.401.)

See Building File maintained by Budget Division.

TAB
R

TAB 18

Public Law 375 - 82d Congress
Chapter 369 - 2d Session
H. R. 6947

AN ACT

•All 66 Stat. 101.

Making supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1952, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following ^{Third Supplemental Appropriation Act,} sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1952, and for other purposes, namely.

CHAPTER I

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

SENATE

For payment to Marjorie C. Wherry, widow of Kenneth S. Wherry, late a Senator from the State of Nebraska, \$12,500.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Effective April 15, 1952, the appropriation for salaries of officers and employees of the Senate contained in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1952 is made available for the compensation of one camera man, Joint Recording Facility, at the basic rate of \$3,600 per annum.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE SENATE

Folding documents: For an additional amount for folding speeches and pamphlets at a gross rate not exceeding \$2 per thousand, \$10,000.
Senate restaurants: For an additional amount for Senate kitchens and restaurants, \$25,000.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

For payment to Helen D. Whitaker, widow of John A. Whitaker, late a Representative from the State of Kentucky, \$12,500: *Provided*, That the foregoing death gratuity payment, and any other death gratuity payment at any time specifically appropriated by this or any other Act or at any time made out of the contingent fund of the House of Representatives or of the Senate, shall be held to have been a gift.

For payment to Barbara Y. Schwabe, widow of George B. Schwabe, late a Representative from the State of Oklahoma, \$12,500.

For payment to Lyla H. Murray, widow of Reid F. Murray, late a Representative from the State of Wisconsin, \$12,500.

For payment to Anna M. Byrne, and Elizabeth B. Turkenkoph, sisters of William T. Byrne, late a Representative from the State of New York, one-half to each, \$12,500.

SALARIES, OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES

Office of the Doorkeeper

For an additional amount for "Office of the Doorkeeper", \$38,895.

APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

For an additional amount, salaries and expenses, studies and examinations of executive agencies, \$35,000.

See General Provisions page 20

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE HOUSE

For payment to Walter B. Huber, contestant, for expenses incurred in the contested election case of Huber versus Ayres as audited and recommended by the Committee on House Administration, \$2,600.

For payment to William H. Ayres, contestee, for expenses incurred in the contested election case of Huber versus Ayres as audited and recommended by the Committee on House Administration, \$2,000.

For payment to W. Kingsland Macy, contestant, for expenses incurred in the contested election case of Macy versus Greenwood as audited and recommended by the Committee on House Administration, \$2,000.

For payment to Ernest Greenwood, contestee, for expenses incurred in the contested election case of Macy versus Greenwood as audited and recommended by the Committee on House Administration, \$2,000.

For payment to Maurice S. Osser, contestant, for expenses incurred in the contested election case of Osser versus Scott as audited and recommended by the Committee on House Administration, \$2,000.

For payment to Hardie Scott, contestee, for expenses incurred in the contested election case of Osser versus Scott as audited and recommended by the Committee on House Administration, \$2,000.

Stationery (Revolving Fund)

For an additional amount for "Stationery (revolving fund)", first session of the Eighty-second Congress, \$500, to remain available until expended.

Special and Select Committees

For an additional amount for expenses of "Special and select committees", \$75,000.

ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

Subway transportation, Capitol and Senate Office Buildings: For an additional amount, not to exceed \$300, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation "Capitol Buildings".

GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

WORKING CAPITAL AND CONGRESSIONAL PRINTING AND BINDING

65 Stat. 401. The limitation under this head in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1952, on the amount available for printing, binding, and distributing the Federal Register, is increased from "\$480,000" to "\$650,000".

CHAPTER II

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

LEGAL ACTIVITIES AND GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

FEES AND EXPENSES OF WITNESSES

For an additional amount for "Fees and expenses of witnesses", \$100,000.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, CLAIMS OF PERSONS OF JAPANESE ANCESTRY

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses, claims of persons of Japanese ancestry", \$12,500,000.

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES.

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", \$4,000,000; and the limitation under this head in the Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1952, on the amount available for personal services, is increased from "\$30,159,900" to "\$33,117,250": *Provided*, That appropriations granted under this head for the fiscal year 1952 shall be available for the purchase of not to exceed forty passenger motor vehicles in addition to those heretofore provided, and for purchase or construction of buildings and adjunct facilities for detention of aliens. 65 Stat. 584.

FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM

SUPPORT OF UNITED STATES PRISONERS

For an additional amount for "Support of United States prisoners", \$750,000.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

CIVIL AERONAUTICS ADMINISTRATION

ESTABLISHMENT OF AIR NAVIGATION FACILITIES

The limitation under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1952, on the amount available for personal services, is increased from "\$4,965,300" to "\$5,950,000". 65 Stat. 587.

CLAIMS, FEDERAL AIRPORT ACT

For an additional amount for "Claims, Federal Airport Act", \$701,170, to remain available until June 30, 1953, as follows: Municipal Airport, Dothan, Alabama, \$50,901; Municipal Airport, Tucson, Arizona, \$25,544; Yuma County Airport, Yuma, Arizona, \$3,114; Delano-Kern County Airport, Delano, California, \$403; Palm Springs Airport, Palm Springs, California, \$29,979; Municipal Airport, Colorado Springs, Colorado, \$108,757; Municipal Airport, Statesboro, Georgia, \$46,398; Henry Tift Myers Airport, Tifton, Georgia, \$93,931; Municipal Airport, Valdosta, Georgia, \$85,069; Hammond Airport, Hammond, Louisiana, \$24,538; Lafayette Airport, Lafayette, Louisiana, \$44,368; Municipal Airport, Glasgow, Montana, \$36,487; Municipal Airport, Omaha, Nebraska, \$44,440; Municipal Airport, Bismarck, North Dakota, \$13,924; Clatsop Airport, Astoria, Oregon, \$8,915; Municipal Airport, Roanoke, Virginia, \$63,161; Walla Walla City-County Airport, Walla Walla, Washington, \$21,241. 60 Stat. 170. 49 U.S.C. § 1101 note.

BUREAU OF PUBLIC ROADS

FEDERAL-AID HIGHWAYS

For an additional amount for "Federal-aid highways", to remain available until expended, \$69,500,000, which sum is composed of \$14,491,000, the remainder of the amount authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year 1950, and \$55,009,000, a part of the amount authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year 1951.

CHAPTER III

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

OFFICE OF THE TREASURER

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", \$450,000.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES, PUBLIC MONEYS

For an additional amount for "Contingent expenses, public moneys", \$25,000.

BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", \$20,000,000.

BUREAU OF THE MINT

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", \$225,000: *Provided*, That appropriations granted under this head for the fiscal year 1952, shall be available for paying wage increases from the date of approval by the Treasury Department.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

(Out of the postal revenues)

POSTAL OPERATIONS

For an additional amount for "Postal operations", \$10,000,000.

TRANSPORTATION OF MAILS

For an additional amount for "Transportation of mails", fiscal year 1951, \$61,578,000.

For an additional amount for "Transportation of mails", \$100,000,000.

CLAIMS

For an additional amount for "Claims", \$250,000.

CHAPTER IV

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

BUREAU OF EMPLOYMENT SECURITY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

65 Stat. 210. For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", \$988,000; and the limitation under this head in the Department of Labor Appropriation Act, 1952, on the amount available for personal services, is increased from "\$4,200,000" to "\$5,746,000": *Provided*, That the limitation in the appropriation granted the Department of Labor in the

joint resolution of August 16, 1951 (Public Law 113), on the duration of temporary employment of Mexican nationals, is repealed. ^{65 Stat. 190.}

BUREAU OF EMPLOYEES' COMPENSATION

EMPLOYEES' COMPENSATION FUND

For an additional amount for "Employee's compensation fund", \$2,200,000.

FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, BUREAU OF OLD-AGE AND SURVIVORS INSURANCE

The amount authorized to be expended from the Federal old-age and survivors insurance trust fund, for "Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Old-Age and Survivors Insurance", by the Federal Security Agency Appropriation Act, 1952, is increased from "\$58,000,000" to "\$60,100,000". ^{65 Stat. 219.}

OFFICE OF THE ADMINISTRATOR

SURPLUS PROPERTY DISPOSAL

For an additional amount for "Surplus property disposal", \$40,000.

DEFENSE COMMUNITY FACILITIES AND SERVICES

For an additional amount for "Defense community facilities and services", Federal Security Agency, \$4,000,000, to remain available until June 30, 1953; and the amount of the appropriation for "Salaries and expenses, defense community facilities and services", granted in the Second Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1952, shall be available until June 30, 1953, for necessary expenses of the Federal Security Agency in connection with its functions under the Defense Housing and Community Facilities and Services Act of 1951, including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a). ^{65 Stat. 763.}
^{65 Stat. 293.}
^{42 U.S.C.}
^{§ 1591 note.}
^{60 Stat. 810.}

RAILROAD RETIREMENT BOARD

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, RAILROAD RETIREMENT BOARD (TRUST FUND)

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses, Railroad Retirement Board (trust fund)", \$1,600,000, to be derived from the railroad retirement account; and the limitation under this head in the Railroad Retirement Board Appropriation Act, 1952, on the amount available for personal services, is increased from "\$3,799,724" to "\$5,259,000". ^{65 Stat. 222.}

CHAPTER V

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

FOREST SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", for fighting forest fires, \$3,250,000.

SMOKE JUMPER FACILITIES

65 Stat. 609. For expenses necessary for the establishment of facilities for forest fire control operations pursuant to the Act of October 24, 1951 (Public Law 198), \$700,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That the amount made available herein shall be the full cost of the acquisition of land and construction of facilities: *Provided further*, That hereafter the authorization granted in section 3 of said Act to enter into contracts for the foregoing purposes shall not be exercised.

SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", \$3,500,000.

CHAPTER VI

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATION

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

65 Stat. 250. For an additional amount for "Operation and maintenance", \$240,000; and the limitation under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1952, on the amount available for personal services is increased from "\$3,983,862" to "\$4,264,862".

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

MANAGEMENT OF LANDS AND RESOURCES

65 Stat. 251. For an additional amount for "Management of lands and resources" \$250,000; and the restrictions contained within the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1952, limiting the amounts which may be expended from appropriations to the Bureau of Land Management for personal services, are hereby waived to the extent necessary to meet the cost of fire suppression.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

RESOURCES MANAGEMENT

65 Stat. 252. For an additional amount for "Resources management", \$175,000; and the restrictions contained within the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1952, limiting the amounts which may be expended from appropriations to the Bureau of Indian Affairs for personal services, are hereby waived to the extent necessary to meet the cost of fire suppression.

BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

CONSTRUCTION AND REHABILITATION

65 Stat. 255.
65 Stat. 742. The limitation under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1952, as amended by the Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1952, on the amount available for personal services, is increased from "\$38,570,172" to "\$42,976,462".

BUREAU OF MINES

CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT OF MINERAL RESOURCES

The limitation under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1952, on the amount available for personal services, is 65 Stat. 259. increased from "\$10,446,575" to "\$11,454,000".

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

MAINTENANCE AND REHABILITATION OF PHYSICAL FACILITIES

The limitation under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1952, on the amount available for personal services, is 65 Stat. 260. increased from "\$4,193,747" to "\$4,543,900".

OFFICE OF TERRITORIES

CONSTRUCTION OF ROADS, ALASKA

The limitation under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1952, on the amount available for personal services, is 65 Stat. 263. increased from "\$2,493,000" to "\$2,844,700".

ADMINISTRATION OF TERRITORIES

For an additional amount for "Administration of Territories", \$163,000; and the limitation under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1952, on the amount available for personal services, is increased from "\$811,865" to "\$879,200". 65 Stat. 262.

CHAPTER VII

INDEPENDENT OFFICES

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

Investigations: For the establishment of a revolving fund which shall be available to the Civil Service Commission without fiscal year limitation for financing investigations, the costs of which are required or authorized by Public Law 298, Eighty-second Congress, or any other law to be borne by appropriations or funds of other Government departments and agencies, \$4,000,000: *Provided*, That said fund shall be reimbursed from available funds of such departments and agencies for investigations made for them at rates estimated by the Commission to be adequate to recover expenses of operation, including provision for accrued annual leave and depreciation of equipment purchased by the fund: *Provided further*, That any surplus accruing to the fund in any fiscal year shall be paid into the general fund of the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts during the ensuing fiscal year: *Provided further*, That any such surplus may be applied first to restore any impairment of the capital of the fund by reason of variations between the rates charged for work or services and the amount subsequently determined by the Commission to be the cost of performing such work or services. Ante, p. 43.

COMMISSION ON RENOVATION OF THE EXECUTIVE MANSION

For an additional amount for "Commission on Renovation of the Executive Mansion", \$20,000.

DISPLACED PERSONS COMMISSION

For an additional amount for "Displaced Persons Commission", \$3,074,500; and appropriations granted under this head for the fiscal year 1952 shall remain available until August 31, 1952.

FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

65 Stat. 273. For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", \$313,000; and the limitation under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1952, on the amount available for travel, is increased from "\$240,000" to "\$252,000".

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

FEDERAL SUPPLY AND RECORDS BUILDING

44 Stat. 630. For the acquisition of a site in or near Kansas City, Kansas, or Kansas City, Missouri, and the construction thereon of a building for use as a supply and records center, including related equipment, approaches, ramps, roadways, railroad spurs, and other appurtenant facilities, pursuant to the provisions of the Public Buildings Act of May 25, 1926, as amended (40 U. S. C. 341), \$4,400,000, to remain available until expended.

HOUSING AND HOME FINANCE AGENCY

OFFICE OF THE ADMINISTRATOR

DEFENSE COMMUNITY FACILITIES AND SERVICES

For an additional amount for "Defense community facilities and services", \$9,375,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That no part of the foregoing appropriation shall be used for the construction of any project unless funds are available for the completion of such project.

DEFENSE HOUSING

For an additional amount for "Defense housing", \$12,500,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That no part of the foregoing appropriation shall be used for the construction of any project unless funds are available for the completion of such project.

ALASKA HOUSING

For an additional amount for "Alaska housing", \$1,125,000, to remain available until expended.

PUBLIC HOUSING ADMINISTRATION

ANNUAL CONTRIBUTIONS

For an additional amount for "Annual contributions", \$3,600,000.

NATIONAL CAPITAL HOUSING AUTHORITY

MAINTENANCE AND OPERATION OF PROPERTIES

For an additional amount for "Maintenance and operation of prop-
erties", \$3,000.

RENEGOTIATION BOARD

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", \$100,000.

SELECTIVE SERVICE SYSTEM

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", \$2,955,000;
and the limitations under this head in the Supplemental Appropri-
ation Act, 1952, on the amount available for expenses of National
Administration, Planning, Training, and Records Management is
increased from "\$1,856,000" to "\$2,042,000", and on the amount avail-
able for expenses of State Administration, Planning, Training, and
Records Servicing is increased from "\$6,454,000" to "\$7,350,000": *Pro-
vided*, That effective as of the first day of the first pay period which
began after June 30, 1951, and within ninety days from the date of
enactment of this Act, the rate of compensation of any employee of a
local board or appeal board may be increased pursuant to the authority
contained in section 10 of the Universal Military Training and Serv-
ice Act, as amended: *Provided further*, That such increases may be
made retroactively effective on the same basis as if they had been
authorized by Public Law 201, approved October 24, 1951.

65 Stat. 745.

62 Stat. 618;
65 Stat. 75.
50 U.S.C. app.
§ 460.
65 Stat. 612.

VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION

COMPENSATION AND PENSIONS

For an additional amount for "Compensation and pensions",
\$60,000,000, to remain available until expended.

READJUSTMENT BENEFITS

For an additional amount for "Readjustment benefits", \$148,000,000,
to remain available until expended.

NATIONAL SERVICE LIFE INSURANCE

For an additional amount for "National service life insurance",
\$50,000,000, to remain available until expended.

SERVICEMEN'S INDEMNITIES

For an additional amount for "Servicemen's indemnities",
\$2,300,000, to remain available until expended.

SERVICE-DISABLED VETERANS INSURANCE FUND

65 Stat. 36. For the "Service-disabled veterans insurance fund", authorized by section 620 of the National Service Life Insurance Act of 1940, as amended (38 U. S. C. 821), \$250,000, to remain available until expended.

VETERANS SPECIAL TERM INSURANCE FUND

65 Stat. 37. For the "Veterans special term insurance fund", authorized by section 621 of the National Service Life Insurance Act of 1940, as amended (38 U. S. C. 822 (a)), \$250,000, to remain available until expended.

AUTOMOBILES AND OTHER CONVEYANCES FOR DISABLED VETERANS

65 Stat. 574. To enable the Administrator to provide, or assist in providing, automobiles or other conveyances for disabled veterans, as authorized by the Act of October 20, 1951 (Public Law 187), \$25,000,000, to remain available until expended.
38 U.S.C.
§§ 252a-252e.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

MARITIME ACTIVITIES

OPERATING-DIFFERENTIAL SUBSIDIES

65 Stat. 284. The last proviso under the head "Operating-differential subsidies", in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1952, is amended to read as follows: "*Provided further*, That no part of the foregoing appropriation shall be available for obligation, nor any obligation made, for the payment of an operating-differential subsidy for any number of voyages, during the current fiscal year, in excess of fourteen hundred, of which sixty shall be for new operators, which number shall include the number of voyages under contracts hereafter awarded."

MARITIME TRAINING

65 Stat. 285. For an additional amount for "Maritime training", \$43,500, and the limitation under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1952, on the amount available for personal services, is increased from "\$2,236,500" to "\$2,263,500".

CHAPTER VIII

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY—CIVIL FUNCTIONS

CORPS OF ENGINEERS

Rivers and Harbors and Flood Control

Flood control, general (emergency fund)

For an additional amount for "Flood control, general (emergency fund)", \$5,750,000, to be derived by transfer from "Flood control, general" and to remain available until expended.

CHAPTER IX

FOREIGN AID

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY—CIVIL FUNCTIONS

GOVERNMENT AND RELIEF IN OCCUPIED AREAS

After the termination of the occupation government in Japan, there may be transferred, with the approval of the Bureau of the Budget, to appropriations of the Department of State for the purposes thereof in the areas for which the funds were appropriated during fiscal year 1952, such unobligated balances of the appropriations granted under this head for the fiscal year 1952, and such property related thereto, as may be determined to be necessary, and any limitations in said appropriations to the Department of State are hereby waived to the extent necessary to accomplish the purposes of such transfers.

CHAPTER X

EMERGENCY AGENCIES

DEFENSE PRODUCTION ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", \$200,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation for "Salaries and expenses", Office of Defense Mobilization.

SMALL DEFENSE PLANTS ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for the Small Defense Plants Administration, including expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the purposes of this appropriation, and hire of passenger motor vehicles, \$825,000.

CHAPTER XI

INCREASED PAY COSTS

For additional amounts for appropriations for the fiscal year 1952, for increased pay costs authorized by Public Laws 201 and 204, approved October 24, 1951, and Public Law 207, approved October 25, 1951, and comparable pay increases granted by administrative action pursuant to law, as follows: 65 Stat. 612,
622, 636.

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

Senate:

- "Salaries, officers and employees", \$782,896;
- Contingent expenses of the Senate:
 - "Senate policy committees", \$9,910;
 - "Joint Committee on the Economic Report", \$7,690;
 - "Joint Committee on Atomic Energy", \$12,925;
 - "Joint Committee on Printing", \$2,792;

Pub. Law 375

- 12 -

All 66 Stat. 112.

"Vice President's automobile", \$355;
 "Automobile for the President pro tempore", \$355;
 "Automobile for majority and minority leaders", \$710;
 "Reporting Senate proceedings", \$10,253;
 "Furniture", cleaning and so forth, \$290;
 "Inquiries and investigations", \$92,120;
 "Folding documents", \$2,890;
 "Miscellaneous items", \$15,060;
 House of Representatives:
 "Salaries, officers and employees", \$150,000;
 "Clerk hire, Members and Delegates", \$500,000;
 Contingent expenses of the House:
 "Furniture", \$8,850;
 "Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation", \$7,475;
 "Office of the Coordinator of Information", \$5,630;
 "Folding documents", \$5,250;
 "Revision of laws", \$800;
 "Speaker's automobile", \$485;
 "Office of Legislative Counsel", \$16,065, of which \$7,600 shall be
 disbursed by the Secretary of the Senate and \$8,465 by the Clerk of
 the House of Representatives;
 Capitol police: "Capitol Police Board", \$1,795;
 "Education of Senate and House pages", \$2,940;
 Architect of the Capitol:
 Office of the Architect of the Capitol: "Salaries", \$8,100;
 Capitol Buildings and Grounds:
 "Capitol Buildings", \$39,000;
 "Capitol Grounds", \$18,100;
 "Legislative garage", \$2,400;
 "Senate Office Building", \$55,400;
 "House Office Buildings", \$78,000;
 "Capitol Power Plant", \$35,400;
 Library buildings and grounds: "Structural and mechanical
 care", \$16,700;
 Botanic Garden: "Salaries and expenses", \$14,700,
 Library of Congress:
 "Salaries, Library proper", \$293,634;
 Copyright office: "Salaries", \$73,000;
 Legislative reference service: "Salaries and expenses", \$66,300;
 Distribution of catalog cards: "Salaries and expenses", \$55,359;
 Union catalogs: "Salaries and expenses", \$1,230;
 Library buildings: "Salaries and expenses", \$74,860;
 Government Printing Office, Office of Superintendent of Documents:
 "Salaries and expenses", \$117,120;

THE JUDICIARY

Supreme Court of the United States:
 "Salaries", \$52,000;
 "Care of the building and grounds", \$11,800;
 Court of Customs and Patent Appeals: "Salaries and expenses",
 \$7,000;
 Customs Court: "Salaries and expenses", \$23,835;
 Court of Claims: "Salaries and expenses", \$7,000;
 Other courts and services:
 "Salaries of clerks of courts", \$398,000;
 "Probation system", \$197,000;
 "Salaries of criers", \$51,000;

"Miscellaneous salaries", \$239,900;
 "Salaries of court reporters", \$94,400;
 "Administrative Office of the United States Courts", \$40,300;
 "Expenses of referees", \$15,000;

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

"Executive Mansion and grounds", \$20,000;
 Bureau of the Budget: "Salaries and expenses", \$246,000;
 Council of Economic Advisers: "Salaries and expenses", \$17,800;
 National Security Resources Board: "Salaries and expenses",
 \$30,000;

INDEPENDENT OFFICES

Civil Service Commission: "Salaries and expenses", \$1,000,000;
 Economic Stabilization Agency: "Salaries and expenses", \$5,000,000;
 "Export-Import Bank of Washington" (increase of \$70,000 in the
 limitation upon the amount which may be used for administrative
 expenses);
 Federal Civil Defense Administration: "Operations", \$365,000;
 Federal Communications Commission: "Salaries and expenses",
 \$488,900;
 Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service: "Salaries and
 expenses", \$203,775;
 Federal Power Commission: "Flood-control surveys", \$14,000;
 Federal Trade Commission: "Salaries and expenses", \$274,000;
 General Accounting Office: "Salaries", \$1,500,000;
 Indian Claims Commission: "Salaries and expenses", \$3,900;
 Interstate Commerce Commission:
 "General expenses", \$719,000;
 "Railroad safety", \$60,000;
 "Locomotive inspection", \$45,000;
 National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics: "Salaries and
 expenses", \$1,400,000;
 National Labor Relations Board: "Salaries and expenses", \$432,250;
 National Mediation Board: "Salaries and expenses", \$20,900; and
 the amount made available under the head "Salaries and expenses,
 National Railroad Adjustment Board", in the National Mediation
 Board Appropriation Act, 1952, for compensation and expenses of
 referees is decreased from "\$250,000" to "\$231,000"; 65 Stat. 222.
 Securities and Exchange Commission: "Salaries and expenses",
 \$435,000;
 Smithsonian Institution:
 "Salaries and expenses, Smithsonian Institution", \$162,000;
 "Salaries and expenses, National Gallery of Art", \$90,000;
 Tariff Commission: "Salaries and expenses", \$87,000;
 The Tax Court of the United States: "Salaries and expenses",
 \$42,000;
 Veterans' Administration: "Administration, medical, hospital, and
 domiciliary services", \$32,254,000;

FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

Columbia Institution for the Deaf: "Salaries and expenses", \$26,600,
 to be derived by transfer from the appropriation "Promotion and
 further development of vocational education", Office of Education;
 Food and Drug Administration: "Salaries and expenses", \$343,300;
 Freedmen's Hospital: "Salaries and expenses", \$193,800;

Pub. Law 375

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All 66 Stat. 114.

Howard University: "Salaries and expenses", \$260,300, of which \$216,100 shall be derived by transfer from the appropriation "Promotion and further development of vocational education", Office of Education;

Office of Education: "Salaries and expenses", \$202,300, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation "Promotion and further development of vocational education", Office of Education;

Office of Vocational Rehabilitation: "Salaries and expenses", \$38,000;

Public Health Service:

"Venereal diseases", \$146,300;

"Tuberculosis", \$61,750;

"Assistance to States, general", \$95,000;

"Communicable diseases", \$272,650;

"Engineering, sanitation, and industrial hygiene", \$104,500;

"Disease and sanitation investigations and control, Territory of Alaska", \$18,050;

"Salaries and expenses, hospital construction services", \$63,650;

"Hospitals and medical care", \$1,346,150;

"Foreign quarantine service", \$148,200;

"National Institutes of Health, operating expenses", \$256,500;

"National Cancer Institute", \$156,750;

"Mental health activities", \$42,750;

"National Heart Institute", \$82,650;

"Dental health activities", \$19,000;

"Salaries and expenses", \$167,200;

Saint Elizabeths Hospital: "Salaries and expenses", \$199,025;

Social Security Administration:

"Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Federal Credit Unions", \$54,150;

"Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Public Assistance", \$96,900;

"Salaries and expenses, Children's Bureau", \$90,250;

"Salaries and expenses, Office of the Commissioner", \$14,250, together with not to exceed \$7,325 to be transferred from the Federal old-age and survivors insurance trust fund;

Office of the Administrator:

"Salaries, Office of the Administrator", \$156,275, together with not to exceed \$30,400 to be transferred from the Federal old-age and survivors insurance trust fund;

"Salaries and expenses, Division of Service Operations", \$28,975, together with not to exceed \$3,700 to be transferred from the Federal old-age and survivors insurance trust fund;

"Salaries, Office of the General Counsel", \$28,500, together with not to exceed \$1,900 to be transferred from the appropriation "Salaries and expenses, certification and inspection services", and not to exceed \$29,250 to be transferred from the Federal old-age and survivors insurance trust fund;

Provided, That the Administrator may transfer from any appropriation available for salaries and expenses of the Federal Security Agency or any constituent part thereof to any of the foregoing appropriation accounts of the Federal Security Agency such additional amounts as

65 Stat. 612. may be necessary to meet increased pay costs under Public Law 201, approved October 24, 1951;

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

"Operating expenses", \$5,759,000;

HOUSING AND HOME FINANCE AGENCY

Office of the Administrator:

"Salaries and expenses", \$207,000;

"Advance planning of non-Federal public works", \$63,500;

"Salaries and expenses, defense housing and community facilities and services", \$44,700;

"Salaries and expenses, defense production activities", \$40,000;

"Federal National Mortgage Association" (increase of \$244,000 in the limitation upon the amount which may be used for administrative expenses);

Loans for prefabricated housing (increase of \$18,000 in the limitation upon the amount which may be used for administrative expenses in connection with loans for prefabricated housing);

"Home Loan Bank Board" (increase of \$31,000 in the limitation upon the amount which may be used for administrative expenses, and increase of \$95,000 in the limitation upon the amount which may be used for nonadministrative expenses for the examination of Federal and State chartered institutions);

"Federal Housing Administration" (increase of \$334,000 in the limitation upon the amount which may be used for administrative expenses, and increase of \$1,175,000 in the limitation upon the amount which may be used for nonadministrative expenses);

"Public Housing Administration" (increase of \$833,000 in the limitation upon the amount which may be used for administrative expenses, and increase of \$1,031,000 in the limitation upon the amount which may be used for nonadministrative expenses);

"Administrative expenses", \$601,000;

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

"Research and Marketing Act of 1946", \$222,000;

Bureau of Agricultural Economics:

"Economic investigations", \$170,500;

"Crop and livestock estimates", \$234,500;

Agricultural Research Administration:

"Office of Administrator", \$41,000;

"Research on agricultural problems of Alaska", \$20,000;

"Research on strategic and critical agricultural materials", \$32,000;

Office of Experiment Stations: "Salaries and expenses", \$23,000;

"Bureau of Human Nutrition and Home Economics", \$86,000;

Bureau of Animal Industry: Salaries and expenses:

"Animal research", \$215,000;

"Animal disease control and eradication", \$395,800;

"Marketing agreements, hog cholera virus and serum", \$4,200;

"Meat inspection", \$1,040,000;

"Bureau of Dairy Industry", \$98,000;

"Bureau of Agricultural and Industrial Chemistry", \$450,000;

Bureau of Plant Industry, Soils, and Agricultural Engineering:

"Plant, soil, and agricultural engineering research", \$745,920;

"National Arboretum", \$12,080;

60 Stat. 1082.

7 U.S.C.

§§ 427, 427h-

427j, 1621-

1629

All 66 Stat. 116.

Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine:

Salaries and expenses:

"Insect investigations", \$265,500;
 "Insect and plant-disease control", \$297,900;
 "Plant quarantines", \$192,600;

"Control of emergency outbreaks of insects and plant diseases" (not to exceed \$42,000 of the amount of this appropriation which may be apportioned for use only to meet emergency conditions, pursuant to the provision under this head in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1952, may be used to meet increased pay costs under the Act of October 24, 1951 (Public Law 201));

65 Stat. 231.

65 Stat. 612.

Forest Service:

Salaries and expenses:

"National forest protection and management", \$1,492,000;
 "Forest research", \$308,000;
 "State and private forestry cooperation", \$48,000;

Production and Marketing Administration: "Marketing services", \$740,000;

"Commodity Exchange Authority", \$12,000;

Rural Electrification Administration: "Salaries and expenses", \$540,000;

Farmers' Home Administration: "Salaries and expenses", \$1,745,000;

"Commodity Credit Corporation" (not to exceed \$1,080,000 of the amount placed in reserve pursuant to the last proviso under this head in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1952, may be used to meet increased pay costs under the Act of October 24, 1951 (Public Law 201));

65 Stat. 244.

65 Stat. 612.

"Farm Credit Administration", \$31,000;

"Federal intermediate credit banks" (increase of \$53,756 in the limitation upon the amount which may be used for administrative expenses);

"Production credit corporations" (increase of \$49,015 in the limitation upon the amount which may be used for administrative expenses);

Extension Service: "Salaries and expenses", \$58,000;

"Office of the Secretary", \$160,000;

"Office of the Solicitor", \$172,000;

"Office of Foreign Agricultural Relations", \$40,000;

"Office of Information", \$48,000;

"Library", \$46,000;

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Office of the Secretary:

"Salaries and expenses", \$100,000;

"Technical and scientific services", \$10,000;

"Salaries and expenses, defense production activities", \$2,500,000;

Bureau of the Census:

"Salaries and expenses", \$450,000;

"Seventeenth decennial census", \$660,000;

Civil Aeronautics Administration:

"Salaries and expenses", \$6,000,000;

"Technical development and evaluation", \$70,000;

"Maintenance and operation, Washington National Airport", \$80,000;

"Federal-aid airport program, Federal Airport Act" (\$150,000 available for necessary planning, research, and administrative expenses); 60 Stat. 170.
 of the amount made available for projects in the States to be available for necessary planning, research, and administrative expenses); 49 U.S.C. § 1101 note.

Civil Aeronautics Board: "Salaries and expenses", \$250,000;
 Coast and Geodetic Survey: "Salaries and expenses", \$469,000;
 Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce:
 "Departmental salaries and expenses", \$209,000;
 "Field office service", \$92,000;
 "Export control", \$124,000;
 Maritime activities: "Salaries and expenses", \$719,300; and increase the limitations thereunder as follows:
 Administrative expenses, \$642,300;
 Maintenance of shipyard facilities, \$41,000;
 Reserve fleet expenses, \$36,000;
 Patent Office: "Salaries and expenses", \$750,000;
 National Bureau of Standards:
 "Operation and administration", \$40,000;
 "Research and testing", \$250,000;
 "Radio propagation and standards", \$70,000;
 Weather Bureau: "Salaries and expenses", \$1,470,000;
 "Inland Waterways Corporation" (increase of \$10,000 in the limitation upon the amount which may be used for administrative expenses);

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Department of the Army—Civil functions:
 Quartermaster Corps: "Cemeterial expenses", \$47,500;
 "United States Soldiers' Home" (\$135,000, to be paid from the Soldiers' Home permanent fund);
 "Canal Zone Government", \$550,000;
 "Postal service", \$50,000;
 "Panama Canal Company" (increase of \$15,000 in the limitation upon the amount which may be used for administrative expenses);

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Office of the Secretary:
 "Enforcement of the Connally Hot Oil Act", \$11,000; 49 Stat. 30.
 "Operation and maintenance, Southeastern Power Administration", \$16,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation "Construction, Southeastern Power Administration"; 15 U.S.C. § 715-715k.
 "Salaries and expenses, defense production activities", \$250,000;
 Commission of Fine Arts: "Salaries and expenses", \$1,200;
 Bonneville Power Administration: "Construction", \$590,000;
 Bureau of Land Management: "Management of lands and resources", \$335,000;
 Bureau of Indian Affairs:
 "Health, education, and welfare services", \$2,175,000;
 "Resources management", \$388,000;
 "General administrative expenses", \$224,900;
 "Payment to Choctaw and Chickasaw Nations of Indians, Oklahoma", \$1,500;
 "Tribal funds" (from tribal funds), \$79,000;
 Bureau of Reclamation: "General administrative expenses", \$300,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation "Construction and rehabilitation";
 Geological Survey: "Surveys, investigations, and research", \$649,000;

Bureau of Mines:

"Conservation and development of mineral resources", \$650,000;

"Health and safety", \$285,000;

"General administrative expenses", \$84,000;

National Park Service:

"Management and protection", \$440,000;

"Maintenance and rehabilitation of physical facilities", \$79,000;

"General administrative expenses", \$83,000;

Fish and Wildlife Service:

"Management of resources", \$275,000;

"Investigations of resources", \$170,000;

"General administrative expenses", \$55,000;

Office of Territories: "Operation and maintenance of roads, Alaska", \$40,000;

Administration, Department of the Interior: "Salaries and expenses", \$140,000;

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Legal activities and general administration:

"Salaries and expenses, general administration", \$160,000;

"Salaries and expenses, general legal activities", \$400,000;

"Salaries and expenses, Antitrust Division", \$245,000;

"Salaries and expenses, United States attorneys and marshals", \$800,000;

Federal Prison System: "Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Prisons", \$1,130,000;

Office of Alien Property (trust fund): "Salaries and expenses" (increase of \$240,000 in the limitation upon the amount which may be used for administrative expenses);

"Federal Prison Industries, Incorporated" (increase of \$21,000 in the limitation upon the amount which may be used for administrative expenses, and increase of \$29,000 in the limitation upon the amount which may be used for expenses of vocational training of prisoners);

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Office of the Secretary:

"Salaries and expenses", \$76,000;

"Salaries and expenses, Office of the Solicitor", \$109,200;

"Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Labor Standards", \$43,700;

"Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Veterans' Reemployment Rights", \$18,000;

"Salaries and expenses, defense production activities", \$120,000;

Bureau of Apprenticeship: "Salaries and expenses", \$166,300;

Bureau of Employees' Compensation: "Salaries and expenses", \$138,700;

Bureau of Labor Statistics:

"Salaries and expenses", \$323,000;

"Revision of consumers' price index", \$83,600;

Women's Bureau: "Salaries and expenses", \$16,200;

Wage and Hour Division: "Salaries and expenses", \$521,500;

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

(Out of the postal revenues)

"General administration", \$1,675,000;

"Postal operations", \$241,479,000;

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

"Salaries and expenses", \$4,200,000;
 "International information and educational activities", \$1,750,000;
 "Government in occupied areas", \$700,000;

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

Office of the Secretary: "Salaries and expenses", \$175,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation "Operating expenses, Coast Guard";

Bureau of Accounts:

"Salaries and expenses", \$65,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation "Operating expenses, Coast Guard";

"Salaries and Expenses, Division of Disbursement", \$750,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation "Operating expenses, Coast Guard";

Bureau of the Public Debt: "Administering the public debt", \$617,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation "Operating expenses, Coast Guard";

Bureau of Customs: "Salaries and expenses", \$3,000,000;

Bureau of Narcotics: "Salaries and expenses", \$130,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation "Operating expenses, Coast Guard";

Secret Service Division:

"Salaries and expenses", \$172,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation "Operating expenses, Coast Guard";

"Salaries and expenses, White House police", \$10,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation "Operating expenses, Coast Guard";

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

(Out of revenues of the District of Columbia)

General Administration:

"Executive office", \$19,400;

"Office of the corporation counsel", \$18,000;

"Purchasing Division", \$8,500;

"Board of Tax Appeals", \$1,200;

Fiscal Service: "Salaries and expenses, Fiscal Service", \$106,700;

Compensation and retirement fund expenses:

"Workmen's compensation, administrative expenses", \$14,000;

"District government retirement and relief funds", \$70,000;

Regulatory agencies:

"Alcoholic Beverage Control Board", \$4,800;

"Board of Parole", \$2,400;

"Coroner's office", \$4,300;

"Department of Insurance", \$700;

"Department of Weights, Measures, and Markets", \$11,400;

"License Bureau", \$6,700;

"Minimum Wage and Industrial Safety Board", \$6,500;

"Office of Recorder of Deeds", \$10,000;

"Poundmaster's office", \$3,100;

"Office of Administrator of Rent Control", \$1,200;

"Zoning Commission", \$2,100;

Public schools:

"General administration", \$1,557,000;

"Vocational education, George-Barden program", \$19,000;

"Operation and maintenance of buildings, grounds and equipment", \$221,000;

All 66 Stat. 120.

Public Library: "Operating expenses", \$68,000;
 Recreation Department: "Operating expenses", \$133,000;
 "Metropolitan Police", \$944,000, of which \$132,650 shall be payable from the highway fund;
 Fire Department", \$440,000;
 Courts: "District of Columbia courts", \$42,100, of which \$1,700 shall be available for payment to the United States Public Health Service;
 Health Department:
 "General administration", \$56,000;
 "Operating expenses, Glenn Dale Tuberculosis Sanatorium", \$94,000;
 "Operating expenses, Gallinger Municipal Hospital and the Tuberculosis Hospital", \$341,000;
 Department of Corrections: "Operating expenses", \$150,500;
 Public welfare:
 "General administration", \$4,400;
 "Agency services", \$12,600;
 "Operating expenses, protective institutions", \$97,000;
 "Saint Elizabeths Hospital", \$575,000;
 Public works:
 "Office of chief clerk", \$5,700;
 "Office of Municipal Architect", \$8,800;
 "Operating expenses, Office of Superintendent of District Buildings", \$79,000;
 "Department of Inspections", \$36,000;
 "Operating expenses, Electrical Division", \$14,000;
 "Central garage", \$5,900;
 "Operating expenses, Street and Bridge Divisions" (payable from highway fund), \$60,000;
 "Capital outlay, Street and Bridge Divisions" (payable from highway fund), \$13,000;
 "Department of Vehicles and Traffic" (payable from highway fund), \$32,000;
 "Division of Trees and Parking" (payable from highway fund), \$21,300;
 "Operating expenses, Division of Sanitation", \$331,000;
 "Operating expenses, Sewer Division", \$85,000;
 "Operating expenses, Water Division" (payable from water fund), \$105,000;
 Washington Aqueduct: "Operating expenses" (payable from water fund), \$20,000;
 "National Guard", \$3,500;
 "National Capital Parks", \$146,000;
 "National Zoological Park", \$29,800;

DIVISION OF EXPENSES

The sums appropriated in this Act for the District of Columbia shall, unless otherwise specifically provided, be paid out of the general fund of the District of Columbia, as defined in the District of Columbia

65 Stat. 155.

Appropriation Act of 1952.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Appropriations or other funds made available by this or any other Act for personal services during the fiscal year 1952 shall be available for pay increases, comparable to those provided by Public Law 201, approved October 24, 1951, granted by administrative action pursuant to law: *Provided*, That such pay increases may be made retroactively effective on the same basis as if they had been authorized by said law:

65 Stat. 612.

Provided further, That this section shall not affect the availability of funds for compensation of personnel employed, by contract, pursuant to section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), or other similar authority, or of employees whose rates of pay are fixed in accordance with prevailing local wage rates upon recommendation of wage boards or other similar authority: *Provided further*, That (1) the position of Administrative Assistant Secretary of the Treasury established by Reorganization Plan Numbered 26 of 1950, the position of Administrative Assistant Attorney General established by Reorganization Plan Numbered 2 of 1950, the position of Administrative Assistant Secretary of the Interior established by Reorganization Plan Numbered 3 of 1950, the position of Administrative Assistant Secretary of Commerce established by Reorganization Plan Numbered 5 of 1950, and the position of Administrative Assistant Secretary of Labor established by Reorganization Plan Numbered 6 of 1950, shall be filled without reference to section 1310 of Public Law 253 of the Eighty-second Congress, as amended, shall be subject to the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, shall be placed in the highest grade set forth in the general schedule of such Act without regard to section 505 (b) of such Act, as amended, and shall be in addition to the number of positions authorized to be placed in such grade under such section, and (2) in the case of any other position for which compensation is expressly established by law at a rate equal to the rate payable prior to the enactment of Public Law 201, Eighty-second Congress, under the highest grade of the Classification Act of 1949, the rate of compensation shall hereafter be equal to the rate payable for such grade under said Public Law 201.

60 Stat. 810.

64 Stat. 1280.

5 U.S.C.

§ 1332-15

note.

64 Stat. 1261-

1263.

5 U.S.C.

§ 1332-15

note.

65 Stat. 757.

5 U.S.C.

§ 43 note.

63 Stat. 954.

5 U.S.C.

§ 1071 note.

65 Stat. 612.

Except where specifically increased or decreased elsewhere in this Act, the restrictions contained within appropriations, or provisions affecting appropriations or other funds, available during the fiscal year 1952, limiting the amounts which may be expended for personal services, or for specified types of personal services, or for other purposes involving personal services, or amounts which may be transferred between appropriations or authorizations available for or involving such services, are hereby increased to the extent necessary to meet increased pay costs authorized by Public Laws 201 and 204, approved October 24, 1951, and Public Law 207, approved October 29, 1951, and comparable pay increases granted by administrative action pursuant to law.

65 Stat. 612,

622,636.

CHAPTER XII

CLAIMS FOR DAMAGES, AUDITED CLAIMS, AND JUDGMENTS

For payment of claims for damages as settled and determined by departments and agencies in accord with law, audited claims certified to be due by the General Accounting Office, and judgments rendered against the United States by United States district courts and the United States Court of Claims, as set forth in House Document Numbered 471, Eighty-second Congress, and Senate Document Numbered 108, Eighty-second Congress, \$6,490,662, together with such amounts as may be necessary to pay interest (as and when specified in such judgments or in certain of the settlements of the General Accounting Office or provided by law) and such additional sums due to increases in rates of exchange as may be necessary to pay claims in foreign currency: *Provided*, That no judgment herein appropriated for shall be paid until it shall have become final and conclusive against the United States by failure of the parties to appeal or otherwise: *Provided further*, That, unless otherwise specifically required by law or by the judgment, payment of interest wherever appropriated for

herein shall not continue for more than thirty days after the date of approval of this Act.

CHAPTER XIII

Persons
engaging,
etc., in
strikes a-
gainst or
advocating
overthrow of
U.S. Govern-
ment.
Affidavit.

SEC. 1301. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act, or of the funds available for expenditure by any corporation included in this Act, shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who engages in a strike against the Government of the United States or who is a member of an organization of Government employees that asserts the right to strike against the Government of the United States, or who advocates, or is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: *Provided*, That for the purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the person making the affidavit has not contrary to the provisions of this section engaged in a strike against the Government of the United States, is not a member of an organization of Government employees that asserts the right to strike against the Government of the United States, or that such person does not advocate, and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: *Provided further*, That any person who engages in a strike against the Government of the United States or who is a member of an organization of Government employees that asserts the right to strike against the Government of the United States, or who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence and accepts employment the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropriation or fund contained in this Act shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: *Provided further*, That the above penalty clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of existing law.

Penalty.

65 Stat. 757. Congress is hereby amended as follows:
5 U.S.C.
§ 43 note.
Promotions.

SEC. 1302. Section 1310 of Public Law 253 of the Eighty-second Congress is hereby amended as follows:
At the end of subsection "a" before the period, insert: "*Provided further*, That any agency may promote any employee permanently to a position if such promotion will not increase the number of employees holding permanent positions in the grade of such position in such agency above the number in such grade in such agency prior to September 1, 1950: *Provided further*, That permanent promotions may be made to any position in a category for which the Civil Service Commission authorizes permanent appointments under the terms hereof".

And in the last proviso of subsection "c", after "register," insert: "or is eligible for appointment, in accordance with a regular appointment system or procedure established prior to September 1, 1950, to a higher grade position outside the competitive Civil Service".

And at the end of subsection "c", before the period, insert: "or being advanced to a grade level not exceeding that for which he had previously established eligibility as required by the terms hereof: *Provided further*, That, notwithstanding the provisions hereof, and in order to avoid undue hardship or inequity, the Civil Service Commission, when requested by the head of the agency involved, may authorize promotions in individual cases of meritorious nature".

Reductions in
amounts.

SEC. 1303. Amounts made available for pay increases in this Act, by appropriation, increase in administrative expense limitation, transfer and otherwise are hereby reduced in the sums hereinafter set forth, and such sums (except corporate funds, trust funds, and funds under the title "Control of emergency outbreaks of insects and plant diseases") shall be carried to the surplus fund and covered into the Treasury immediately upon the approval of this Act, as follows:

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

National Security Resources Board: "Salaries and expenses", \$3,000;

INDEPENDENT OFFICES

Civil Service Commission: "Salaries and expenses", \$40,000;
 Defense Production Administration: "Salaries and expenses", (transfer) (\$130,000);
 Economic Stabilization Agency: "Salaries and expenses", \$2,500,000;
 "Export-Import Bank of Washington" (administrative expenses) (\$7,000);
 Federal Communications Commission: "Salaries and expenses", \$20,000;
 Federal Power Commission: "Flood-control surveys", \$1,400;
 General Accounting Office: "Salaries", \$500,000;
 Interstate Commerce Commission:
 "General expenses", \$24,000;
 "Railroad safety", \$6,000;
 "Locomotive inspection", \$4,500;
 National Capital Housing Authority: "Maintenance and operation of properties", \$160;
 National Labor Relations Board: "Salaries and expenses", \$22,000;
 National Mediation Board: "Salaries and expenses", \$900;
 Railroad Retirement Board: "Salaries and expenses", (trust fund) (\$35,000);
 Selective Service System: "Salaries and expenses", \$100,000;
 Smithsonian Institution: "Salaries and expenses, National Gallery of Art", \$4,000;
 The Tax Court of the United States: "Salaries and expenses", \$1,000;

FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

Food and Drug Administration: "Salaries and expenses", \$17,300;
 Howard University: "Salaries and expenses", \$4,420;
 Howard University: "Salaries and expenses", (transfer) (\$21,610);
 Office of Vocational Rehabilitation: "Salaries and expenses", \$2,000;
 Social Security Administration:
 "Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Old-Age and Survivors Insurance", (trust fund) (\$173,000);
 "Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Public Assistance", \$3,900;
 "Salaries and expenses, Children's Bureau", \$5,250;
 "Salaries and expenses, Office of the Commissioner", \$250;
 "Salaries and expenses, Office of the Commissioner", (transfer) (\$325);
 Office of the Administrator:
 "Salaries, Office of the Administrator", \$6,275;
 "Salaries, Office of the Administrator", (transfer) (\$2,400);
 "Salaries and expenses, Division of Service Operations", \$975;
 "Salaries and expenses, Division of Service Operations", (transfer) (\$700);

HOUSING AND HOME FINANCE AGENCY

Office of the Administrator:
 "Salaries and expenses", \$20,700;
 "Advance planning of non-Federal public works", \$6,350;
 "Salaries and expenses, defense housing and community facilities and services", \$4,470;
 "Salaries and expenses, defense production activities", \$4,000;

Pub. Law 375

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All 66 Stat. 124.

"Federal National Mortgage Association", (administrative expense limitation) (\$24,400);
 "Loans for prefabricated housing", (administrative expense limitation) (\$1,800);
 Home Loan Bank Board:
 "Administrative expense limitation", (\$6,000);
 "Nonadministrative expense limitation", (\$9,500);
 Federal Housing Administration:
 "Administrative expense limitation", (\$33,400);
 "Nonadministrative expense limitation", (\$117,500);
 Public Housing Administration:
 "Administrative expenses", \$60,100;
 "Administrative expenses limitation", (\$33,300);
 "Nonadministrative expenses limitation", (\$103,100);

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

60 Stat. 1082. "Research and Marketing Act of 1946", \$10,000;
 7 U.S.C. Bureau of Agricultural Economics:
 §§ 427, 427h- "Economic investigations", \$10,500;
 427j, 1621- Agricultural Research Administration:
 1629. "Research on Agricultural problems of Alaska", \$2,000;
 "Research on strategic and critical agricultural materials", \$3,200;
 Bureau of Animal Industry: Salaries and expenses:
 "Animal disease control and eradication", \$15,800;
 "Marketing agreements, hog cholera virus and serum", \$200;
 Bureau of Dairy Industry: "Salaries and expenses", \$3,000;
 "Bureau of Agricultural and Industrial Chemistry", \$25,000;
 Bureau of Plant Industry, Soils, and Agricultural Engineering:
 "Plant, soil, and agricultural engineering research", \$30,920;
 Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine:
 "Control of emergency outbreaks of insects and plant diseases", (language) (\$4,200);
 Forest Service:
 "State and private forestry cooperation", \$3,000;
 Production and Marketing Administration: "Marketing Services", \$74,000;
 "Commodity Exchange Authority", \$1,200;
 Rural Electrification Administration: "Salaries and expenses", \$5,000;
 Farmers' Home Administration: "Salaries and expenses", \$174,500;
 "Commodity Credit Corporation" (language) (\$108,000);
 Farm Credit Administration: "Salaries and expenses", \$3,100;
 "Office of the Secretary", \$10,000;
 "Office of the Solicitor", \$17,000;

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Office of the Secretary:
 "Technical and scientific services", \$1,000;
 "Salaries and expenses, Defense production activities", \$400,000;
 Civil Aeronautics Administration:
 "Technical development and evaluation", \$7,000;
 "Maintenance and operation, Washington National Airport", \$8,000;
 Civil Aeronautics Board: "Salaries and expenses", \$15,000;
 Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce: "Export Control", \$12,400;

Maritime activities: "Maritime training", \$2,000;
 Patent Office: "Salaries and expenses", \$25,000;
 "Inland Waterways Corporation", (administrative expenses limitation) (\$1,000);

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Department of the Army—Civil Functions:

"Canal Zone Government", \$55,000;
 "Postal service", \$5,000;
 "Panama Canal Company", (administrative expenses limitation) (\$1,500);

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Office of the Secretary: "Salaries and expenses, defense production activities", \$15,000;
 Bonneville Power Administration:
 "Operation and Maintenance", \$16,000;
 "Construction", \$59,000;
 Bureau of Land Management:
 "Management of lands and resources", \$15,000;
 Bureau of Indian Affairs: "Health, education, and welfare services", \$75,000;
 Geological Survey: "Surveys, investigations, and research", \$64,900;
 Bureau of Mines: "Conservation and development of mineral resources", \$65,000;
 Fish and Wildlife Service:
 "Management of resources", \$10,000;
 "Investigations of resources", \$5,000;
 Office of Territories: "Administration of Territories", \$16,300;
 Administration, Department of the Interior: "Salaries and expenses", \$4,000;

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Legal Activities and General Administration:
 "Salaries and expenses, general legal activities", \$40,000;
 "Salaries and expenses, Antitrust Division", \$24,500;
 Federal Prison System: "Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Prisons", \$113,000;

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Office of the Secretary:
 "Salaries and expenses", \$1,500;
 "Salaries and expenses, Office of the Solicitor", \$2,200;
 "Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Labor Standards", \$700;
 "Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Veterans' Reemployment Rights", \$300;
 "Salaries and expenses, defense production activities", \$3,000;
 Bureau of Apprenticeship: "Salaries and expenses", \$3,500;
 Bureau of Employees' Compensation: "Salaries and expenses", \$2,700;
 Bureau of Employment Security: "Salaries and expenses", \$9,000;
 Bureau of Labor Statistics:
 "Salaries and expenses", \$6,000;
 "Revision of consumers' price index", \$1,600;
 Women's Bureau: "Salaries and expenses", \$200;
 Wage and Hour Division: "Salaries and expenses", \$11,500;

Pub. Law 375

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All 66 Stat. 126.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

(Out of the postal revenues)

"General Administration", \$16,750;
"Postal operations", \$2,414,790;

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

"Salaries and expenses", \$250,000;
"International information and educational activities", \$175,000;
"Government in occupied areas", \$70,000;

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

Bureau of the Public Debt: "Administering the public debt",
(transfer) (\$75,000);

Bureau of Narcotics: "Salaries and expenses", (transfer) (\$13,000);

Secret Service Division: "Salaries and expenses, White House
Police", (transfer) (\$5,000).

Publicity or
propaganda.

Sec. 1304. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall
be used for publicity or propaganda purposes not heretofore author-
ized by the Congress.

Short title.

This Act may be cited as the "Third Supplemental Appropriation
Act, 1952".

Approved June 5, 1952.

COPY

6 June 1952

Memorandum for: Deputy Director (Administration)
From: Legislative Counsel
Subject: Retroactive pay for CIA employees.
Report No. 13.

TAB 19

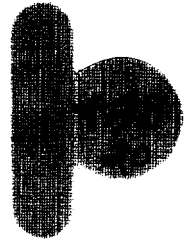
1. The President has signed Public Law 375, which authorizes the payment of retroactive pay to CIA employees.

2. In view of the above, no further reports in this series will be issued.

Walter L. Pforzheimer

Orig. 6 - Add.
1 - Col. Hansen
1 - Comptroller
1 - Stayback

COPY



TAB 30

Public Law 15 - 83d Congress
Chapter 16 - 1st Session
S. 1110

AN ACT

To amend the National Security Act of 1947 to authorize the appointment of a Deputy Director of Central Intelligence, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subsections (a) and (b) of section 102 of the National Security Act of 1947, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

National Security Act of 1947, amendment.

"Sec. 102. (a) There is hereby established under the National Security Council a Central Intelligence Agency with a Director of Central Intelligence who shall be the head thereof, and with a Deputy Director of Central Intelligence who shall act for, and exercise the powers of, the Director during his absence or disability. The Director and the Deputy Director shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, from among the commissioned officers of the armed services, whether in an active or retired status, or from among individuals in civilian life: *Provided, however,* That at no time shall the two positions of the Director and Deputy Director be occupied simultaneously by commissioned officers of the armed services, whether in an active or retired status.

Central Intelligence Agency: Director and Deputy Director.

67 Stat. 19.
67 Stat. 20.

"(b) (1) If a commissioned officer of the armed services is appointed as Director, or Deputy Director, then—

Commissioned officer as Director or Deputy Director.

"(A) in the performance of his duties as Director, or Deputy Director, he shall be subject to no supervision, control, restriction, or prohibition (military or otherwise) other than would be operative with respect to him if he were a civilian in no way connected with the Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy, the Department of the Air Force, or the armed services or any component thereof; and

"(B) he shall not possess or exercise any supervision, control, powers, or functions (other than such as he possesses, or is authorized or directed to exercise, as Director, or Deputy Director) with respect to the armed services or any component thereof, the Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy, or the Department of the Air Force, or any branch, bureau, unit, or division thereof, or with respect to any of the personnel (military or civilian) of any of the foregoing.

"(2) Except as provided in paragraph (1), the appointment to the office of Director, or Deputy Director, of a commissioned officer of the armed services, and his acceptance of and service in such office, shall in no way affect any status, office, rank, or grade he may occupy or hold in the armed services, or any emolument, perquisite, right, privilege, or benefit incident to or arising out of any such status, office, rank, or grade. Any such commissioned officer shall, while serving in the office of Director, or Deputy Director, continue to hold rank and grade not lower than that in which serving at the time of his appointment and to receive the military pay and allowances (active or retired, as the case may be, including personal money allowance) payable to a commissioned officer of his grade and length of service for which the appropriate department shall be reimbursed from any funds available to defray the expenses of the Central Intelligence Agency. He also shall be paid by the Central Intelligence Agency from such funds an annual compensation at a rate equal to the amount by which the compensation established for such position exceeds the amount of his annual military pay and allowances.

Military status, etc.

Pub. Law 15

- 2 -

All 67 Stat. 20.

"(3) The rank or grade of any such commissioned officer shall, during the period in which such commissioned officer occupies the office of Director of Central Intelligence, or Deputy Director of Central Intelligence, be in addition to the numbers and percentages otherwise authorized and appropriated for the armed service of which he is a member."

Approved April 4, 1953.

GPO-83-51536

Taken from Federal Register Vo. 18, No. 175
Saturday, September 5, 1953

TITLE 3 - THE PRESIDENT

EXECUTIVE ORDER 10483

ESTABLISHING THE OPERATIONS COORDINATING BOARD

By virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution and statutes, and as President of the United States, it is hereby ordered as follows:

Section 1. (a) In order to provide for the integrated implementation of national security policies by the several agencies, there is hereby established an Operations Coordinating Board hereinafter referred to as the Board, which shall report to the National Security Council.

(b) The Board shall have as members the following: (1) the Under Secretary of State, who shall represent the Secretary of State and shall be the chairman of the Board, (2) the Deputy Secretary of Defense who shall represent the Secretary of Defense, (3) the Director of the Foreign Operations Administration, (4) the Director of Central Intelligence, and (5) a representative of the President to be designated by the President. Each head of agency referred to in items (1) to (4), inclusive, in this section 1 (b) may provide for an alternate member who shall serve as a member of the Board in lieu of the regular member representing the agency concerned when such regular member is for reasons beyond his control unable to attend any meeting of the Board; and any alternate member shall while serving as such have in all respects the same status as a member of the Board as does the regular member in lieu of whom he serves.

(c) The head of any agency (other than any agency represented under section 1 (b) Hereof) to which the President from time to time assigns responsibilities for the implementation of national security policies, shall assign a representative to serve on the Board when the Board is dealing with subjects bearing directly upon the responsibilities of such head. Each such representative shall be an Under Secretary or corresponding official and when so serving such representative shall have the same status on the Board as the members provided for in the said section 1 (b).

(d) The Special Assistant to the president for National Security Affairs may attend any meeting of the Board. The Director of the United States Information Agency shall advise the Board at its request.

Section 2. The National Security Council having recommended a national security policy and the President having approved it, the Board shall (1) whenever the President shall hereafter so direct, advise with the agencies concerned as to (a) their detailed operational planning responsibilities respecting such policy (b) the coordination of the interdepartmental aspects of the detailed operational plans developed by the agencies to

carry out such policy (c) the timely and coordinated execution of such policy and plans, and (d) the execution of each security action or project so that it shall make its full contribution to the attainment of national security objectives and to the particular climate of opinion the United States is seeking to achieve in the world, and (2) initiate new proposals for action within the framework of national security policies in response to opportunity and changes in the situation. The Board shall perform such other advisory functions as the President may assign to it and shall from time to time make reports to the National Security Council with respect to the carrying out of this order.

Sec. 3. Consonant with law, each agency represented on the Board shall, as may be necessary for the purpose of effectuating this order furnish assistance to the Board in accordance with section 214 of the Act of May 3, 1945, 59 Stat. 134 (31 U.S.C. 691). Such assistance may include detailing employees to the Board, one of whom may serve as its Executive Officer, to perform such functions, consistent with the purposes of this order, as the Board may assign to them.

Sec. 4 The Psychological Strategy Board shall be abolished not later than sixty days after the date of this order and its outstanding affairs shall be wound up by the Operations Coordinating Board.

Sec. 5. As used herein, the word "agency" may be construed to mean any instrumentality of the executive branch of the Government, including any executive department.

Sec. 6. Nothing in this order shall be construed either to confer upon the Board any function with respect to internal security or to in any manner abrogate or restrict any function vested by law in, or assigned pursuant to law or, any agency or head of agency (including the Office of Defense Mobilization and the Director of the Office of Defense Mobilization).

DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER

The White House,
September 2, 1953

F. R. Doc. 53-7812: Filed, Sept. 3, 1953: 4:03 p.m.

Taken from Federal Register, Vol. 19, No. 95

Saturday, 15 May 1954

Pages 2833 and 2834

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

DIRECTOR, CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY WITH RESPECT TO APPOINTMENT OF SPECIAL POLICEMEN

1. Pursuant to authority vested in me by the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as amended, I hereby authorize the Director, Central Intelligence Agency to appoint not to exceed twenty special policemen, under section 9 of the act of May 27, 1924, as

amended (D. C. Code 4-208), to police buildings and grounds occupied in the District of Columbia by the Agency, such authority to be exercised only to protect Agency employees, property, and classified documents and material, or in the event of fire or enemy attack.

2. The Director, Central Intelligence Agency may redelegate this authority to the Chief, Physical Security Branch.

3. This delegation of authority is effective immediately.

Dated: May 12, 1954.

AL E. SNYDER,
Assistant Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 54-3738; Filed, May 13, 1954; 2:29 p. m.]

TAB
22

TITLE 32—NATIONAL DEFENSE
Subtitle A—Office of the Secretary of Defense

PART 50—RELEASE OF INFORMATION FROM MEDICAL RECORDS OF MEMBERS AND FORMER MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES

This part supersedes Part 50 appearing at 17 F. R. 696, 32 CFR 50.1 to 50.3.

- Sec.
 50.1 General.
 50.2 Individuals and agencies to whom medical records may be released.

AUTHORITY: §§ 50.1 and 50.2 issued under sec. 202, 61 Stat. 500, as amended; 5 U. S. C. 171a.

§ 50.1 *General.* This policy governs the release of information from the medical records of members and former members of the Armed Forces by those bureaus and offices designated by the Secretaries of the Army, Navy and Air Force, to the individuals and agencies hereinafter named. Those bureaus and offices will determine the extent of and the form in which medical information will be furnished. The information will be treated as confidential. Only that information will be furnished which is necessary to the accomplishment of the legitimate purpose for which the information is required.

§ 50.2 *Individuals and agencies to whom medical records may be released.*

- (a) Department of the Treasury.
- (b) Department of the Army.
- (c) Department of Justice.
- (d) The Post Office Department.
- (e) Department of the Navy.
- (f) Department of Commerce (Coast and Geodetic Survey).
- (g) Department of Labor (Bureau of Employees' Compensation).
- (h) Department of the Air Force.
- (i) Department of State and Central Intelligence Agency (for use in considering prospective employees).
- (j) Civil Service Commission (to consider claims under section 2, act of June 27, 1944 (5 U. S. C. 851; 58 Stat. 387), as amended by sections 205 (a) and 305 (a), act of July 26, 1947 (61 Stat. 501, 508), section 1, act of January 19, 1948 (62 Stat. 3), act of July 2, 1948 (62 Stat. 1233), act of August 26, 1949 (63 Stat. 666), section 1, act of December 27, 1950 (64 Stat. 1117), and section 1, act of July 14, 1952 (66 Stat. 626), and for personal security investigations conducted under act of April 5, 1952 (66 Stat. 43)).
- (k) Department of Health, Education and Welfare (Public Health Service).
- (l) Selective Service.
- (m) Veterans' Administration.
- (n) Duly accredited representatives of the National Academy of Sciences-National Research Council, when engaged in cooperative studies undertaken at the specific request or with the consent of The Surgeon General, U. S. Army; The Surgeon General, U. S. Navy; or The Surgeon General, U. S. Air Force.
- (o) Federal or State mental hospitals or penal institutions when the member or former member is a patient or inmate therein.
- (p) Registered civilian physicians, upon request of the individual or his

legal representative, when required in connection with the treatment of the member or former member of the above services.

(q) The member or former member upon request, except information contained in the medical record which would prove injurious to his physical or mental health. In the latter case the medical information may be furnished to the next of kin, upon request of the individual, or to his legal representative upon his furnishing a certified copy of the court order of appointment (see section 3, act of August 27, 1940 (54 Stat. 859), as amended (50 U. S. C. App. 403 (a)) and subsection 9 (a), Universal Military Training and Service Act (62 Stat. 614; 50 U. S. C. App. 459 (a))).

(r) Directly to the next of kin or legal representative (upon submission by the latter of a certified copy of the court order of appointment), when the member or former member has been adjudged insane or is dead. Next of kin or legal representative will be required to furnish the releasing office with a copy of the court order adjudging the member or former member to be insane, or to furnish adequate proof of death of the member or former member in cases where proof of death is not on file in the office concerned.

(s) A representative, other than a physician or legal representative, specifically authorized in writing by the individual whose records are involved, who is to perform a service for such individual. The next of kin may likewise authorize a representative, where the member or former member is insane or dead. The purpose for which the information is to be used and the nature of the service to be performed must be furnished.

Nothing in this statement of policy is intended to preclude the release of appropriate information concerning the current health and welfare of the individuals in the armed services, or vital statistical data, including proof of death, concerning such personnel, nor to preclude compliance with court orders calling for the production of medical records in connection with litigation or criminal prosecutions, nor to preclude release of information from medical records when required by law.

JOHN A. HANNAH,
 Assistant Secretary of Defense
 (Manpower and Personnel).

[F. R. Doc. 54-4441; Filed, June 10, 1954; 8:45 a. m.]

TAE
 23

Taken from Federal Register, Vol. 19, No. 127, Thursday July 1, 1954
Executive Order 10540

TITLE 3 - THE PRESIDENT - Executive Order 10540

Designating Certain Officers of the Government to which the Annual and Sick Leave Act of 1951, As amended, shall not apply, and delegating the Authority to Make Such Designations to the Chairman of the United States Civil Service Commission

By virtue of the authority vested in me by section 202 (c)(1)(C) of the Annual and Sick Leave Act of 1951, as added by the act of July 2, 1953, 67 Stat. 136, and by section 301 of title 3 of the United States Code, it is ordered as follows:

1. Subject to the provisions of section 2 hereof, officers in the executive branch of the Government and officers of the government of the District of Columbia, including officers of corporations wholly owned or controlled by the United States, who now or may hereafter occupy the positions set forth in the schedule attached hereto and made a part hereof are hereby designated as officers to whom the Annual and Sick Leave Act of 1951, as amended shall not apply.

2. The Chairman of the United States Civil Service Commission is hereby designated and empowered, without the approval, ratification, or other action of the President, to exercise the authority conferred upon the President by section 202 (c) (1) (C) of the said Annual and Sick Leave Act of 1951, as amended, to designate officers in the executive branch of the Government and officers of the government of the District of Columbia, including officers of corporations wholly owned or controlled by the United States, to whom the said Annual and Sick Leave Act of 1951, as amended, shall not apply. The authority delegated by this paragraph to the Chairman of the Civil Service Commission shall be deemed to include the authority to add positions to, or delete positions from, the schedule of positions attached hereto and made a part hereof, as the Chairman may from time to time consider appropriate.

3. This order shall become effective immediately except that paragraph 1 thereof shall become effective on the first day of the first pay period of the respective officers concerned which begins after the date of this order.

DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER

See Page 3

E.O. 10540

THE WHITE HOUSE

June 29, 1954

Schedule of Positions Referred to in the Executive Order Entitled "Designating Certain Officers of the Government to which The Annual and Sick Leave Act of 1951, as amended, Shall Not Apply, and Delegating The Authority To make Such Designations to the Chairman of the United States Civil Service Commission"

I. Executive Office of the President

1. Assistant Director, Bureau of the Budget, authorized by Title I of the First Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1954 (67 Stat. 298, 299).

II. Department of State

1. Legal Adviser.
2. Administrator, Bureau of Security and Consular Affairs.
3. Commissioner. International Boundary Commission - United States, Alaska and Canada.
4. Commissioner, International Boundary and Water Commission - United States and Mexico.
5. Commissioner, International Joint Commission- United States and Canada.
6. Representative, United States Mission to the United Nations.*
7. Deputy Representative, United States Mission to the United Nations.*

III. Department of the Treasury

1. Treasurer of the United States.
2. Assistant Treasurer of the United States.
3. General Counsel.

* Except when position is filled by a Federal officer or employee compensated for a position not exempted by or pursuant to section 202 (c) (1) (C) of the Annual and Sick Leave Act of 1951, as amended.

2

Federal Register 1 July 1954

IV. Department of the Army.

1. Commissioner, Mississippi River Commission.

V. Department of the Interior

(a) Office of Territories.

1. Governor of Guam
2. Government Secretary of Guam.
3. Governor of American Samoa.
4. Secretary of American Samoa.
5. Government Secretary for the Virgin Islands.
6. Secretary of the Territory of Alaska.
7. Secretary of the Territory of Hawaii.
8. High Commissioner of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.
9. Deputy High Commissioner of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

VI. Department of Labor

1. Solicitor.
2. Director, Women's Bureau.

VII Department of Commerce

1. General Counsel.

VIII Central Intelligence Agency

1. Deputy Director.

IX Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service.

1. Associate Director.

X. General Services Administration

1. Deputy Administrator.

XI. Housing and Home Finance Agency

1. Deputy Administrator.

XII. Indian Claims Commission

1. Chief Commissioner
2. Associate Commissioner

XIII. Small Business Administration

1. Deputy Administrator.

XIV. Veterans Administration

1. Deputy Administrator.

XV. War Claims Commission

1. Commissioner.

XVI. Government of the District of Columbia

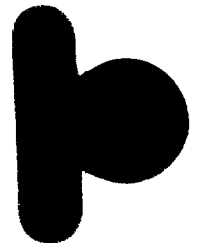
1. Member, Board of Commissioners

2. Member, Public Utility Commission.

(F. R. Doc. 54-5048; Filed, June 29, 1954; 3:51 p.m.)

Federal Register

4
1 July 1954



TAB
25

Public Law 76-583
Chapter 1208 - 2d Session
H. R. 2263

AN ACT

All 68 Stat. 1105.

To provide certain employment benefits for employees of the Federal Government, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, Fringe benefits for Government employees.

TITLE I—AMENDMENTS TO CLASSIFICATION ACT OF 1949

NUMBER OF POSITIONS IN GRADES 16, 17, AND 18 OF THE GENERAL SCHEDULE

SEC. 101. (a) Section 505 of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, is amended to read as follows: 63 Stat. 959. 5 USC 1105.

“Sec. 505. (a) No position shall be placed in grade 16 or 17 of the General Schedule except by action of, or after prior approval by, the Commission. Grades 16-18.

“(b) No position shall be placed in or removed from grade 18 of the General Schedule except by the President upon recommendation of the Commission.

“(c) At any one time there shall not be more than four hundred positions in grade 16 of the General Schedule, not more than one hundred and fifteen positions in grade 17 of the General Schedule, and not more than thirty-five positions in grade 18 of the General Schedule. Number of positions.

“(d) Positions that may be established under the proviso of section 203 (b) (1) of the Act of August 2, 1946 (60 Stat. 836), may be in addition to those authorized by the foregoing provisions of this section.”

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall not affect positions allocated to grades 16, 17, and 18 of the General Schedule of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, pursuant to provisions of law (other than the Classification Act of 1949, as amended) and reorganization plans in effect prior to the effective date of this section. 5 USC 1112.

LONGEVITY STEP-INCREASES

SEC. 102. (a) (1) Subsection (a) of section 703 of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, is amended by striking out the words “change of grade or rate of basic compensation except such change as may be prescribed by any provision of law of general application” and inserting in lieu thereof the words “increase in grade or rate of basic compensation except such increase as may be prescribed by any provision of law of general application”. 5 USC 1123(a).

(2) Subsection (b) (1) of section 703 of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

“(b) (1) No officer or employee shall be entitled to a longevity step-increase while holding a position in any grade above grade 15 of the General Schedule. Grades above 15.

(b) The amendments made by subsection (a) shall become effective at the beginning of the first pay period following the date of enactment of this Act. Effective date.

SEC. 103. (a) Section 704 of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, is amended to read as follows: 5 USC 1124.

“SEC. 704. In the case of officers and employees in grades 11 to 15, inclusive, of the General Schedule who are receiving compensation at or above the maximum scheduled rates for their respective grades on the date immediately preceding the effective date of this amendatory section, not to exceed three years of service performed immedi-

All 68 Stat. 1106.

ately preceding such effective date shall be counted toward longevity step-increases under section 703. Notwithstanding subsection (b) (4) of section 703, longevity step-increases for grade 15 of the General Schedule shall be \$200."

Effective date. (b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall become effective at the beginning of the first pay period following the date of enactment of this Act.

RECRUITMENT ABOVE THE MINIMUM RATE OF THE CLASS

5 USC 1132 note. SEC. 104. Section 803 of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 803. (a) Whenever the Commission shall find (1) that a sufficient number of qualified eligibles for positions in a given class cannot be secured in one or more areas or locations at the existing minimum rate for such class, and (2) that there is a possibility that a sufficient number of such eligibles can be secured by increasing the minimum rate for such class in such areas or locations to one of the higher rates within the grade in which such class is placed, the Commission may establish such higher rate as the minimum rate for that class in each area or location concerned.

"(b) Minimum rates established under subsection (a) may be revised from time to time by the Commission. Such actions or revisions shall have the force and effect of law.

5 USC 1121. "(c) Any increase in rate of basic compensation resulting from the establishment of minimum rates under this section shall not be regarded as an 'equivalent increase' in compensation within the meaning of section 701 (a)."

EXCLUSION FROM CLASSIFICATION ACT OF 1949 OF CRAFTS, TRADES, AND LABOR POSITIONS AND APPLICATION OF PREVAILING WAGE POLICY TO SUCH POSITIONS

5 USC 1082. SEC. 105. (a) Paragraph (7) of section 202 of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"(7) employees in recognized trades or crafts, or other skilled mechanical crafts, or in unskilled, semiskilled, or skilled manual-labor occupations, and other employees including foremen and supervisors in positions having trade, craft, or laboring experience and knowledge as the paramount requirement, and employees in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing the duties of whom are to perform or to direct manual or machine operations requiring special skill or experience, or to perform or direct the counting, examining, sorting, or other verification of the product of manual or machine operations: *Provided*, That the compensation of such employees shall be fixed and adjusted from time to time as nearly as is consistent with the public interest in accordance with prevailing rates: *Provided further*, That whenever the Civil Service Commission concurs in the opinion of the employing agency that in any given area the number of such employees is so few as to make prevailing rate determinations impracticable, such employee or employees shall be subject to the provisions of this Act which are applicable to positions of equivalent difficulty or responsibility."

5 USC 1084. (b) Section 204 (c) of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

Supra.
5 USC 1083. "(c) Section 202 (except paragraph (7) thereof) and section 203 shall not apply to the Office of the Architect of the Capitol."

TRANSFER OF CERTAIN POSITIONS FROM THE CRAFTS, PROTECTIVE, AND CUSTODIAL SCHEDULE TO THE GENERAL SCHEDULE

SEC. 106. (a) Not earlier than the first day of the second pay period which begins after the date of enactment of this Act, and not later than the first day of the first pay period which begins more than six months after the date of enactment of this Act, all positions in the Crafts, Protective, and Custodial Schedule of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, not excluded from such Act by section 202 (7) thereof, as amended by section 105 of this title, shall be placed in corresponding grades of the General Schedule as set forth below: 5 USC 1111
et seq.
Ante, p. 1106.

Grade of the Crafts, Protective, and Custodial Schedule	Corresponding new grade of the Gen- eral Schedule
1-----	1
2-----	1
3-----	1
4-----	2
5-----	3
6-----	4
7-----	5
8-----	6
9-----	7
10-----	8

(b) The rates of basic compensation of officers and employees to whom this section applies shall be initially adjusted as follows: Basic com-
pensation.

(1) If the employee is receiving a rate of basic compensation in the Crafts, Protective, and Custodial Schedule which is less than the minimum scheduled rate of that grade in the General Schedule in which his position is placed, his compensation shall be increased to such minimum rate;

(2) If the employee is receiving a rate of basic compensation in the Crafts, Protective, and Custodial Schedule which is equal to one of the scheduled or longevity rates of that grade in the General Schedule in which his position is placed, he shall receive a rate of basic compensation at such scheduled or longevity rate;

(3) If the employee is receiving a rate of basic compensation in the Crafts, Protective, and Custodial Schedule at a rate between two scheduled or two longevity rates, or between a scheduled rate and a longevity rate, of that grade in the General Schedule in which his position is placed, he shall receive a rate of basic compensation at the higher of such two rates;

(4) If the employee is receiving a rate of basic compensation in the Crafts, Protective, and Custodial Schedule in excess of the maximum longevity rate of that grade in the General Schedule in which his position is placed, he shall continue to receive basic compensation without change in rate until (A) he leaves such position, or (B) he is entitled to receive basic compensation at a higher rate by reason of the operation of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended; but when such position becomes vacant the rate of basic compensation of any subsequent appointee shall be fixed in accordance with such Act, as amended.

(c) The conversion to grades of the General Schedule of positions covered by this section, and the initial adjustments in compensation as prescribed herein, shall not be construed to be transfers or promotions within the meaning of section 802 (b) of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, and the regulations issued thereunder. 5 USC 1132.

ABOLISHMENT OF CRAFTS, PROTECTIVE, AND CUSTODIAL SCHEDULE

5 USC 1111. SEC. 107. Section 601 of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 601. There is hereby established for positions to which this Act applies a basic compensation schedule, to be known as the 'General Schedule', the symbol for which shall be 'GS'."

5 USC 602. SEC. 108. (a) Section 602 of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, is amended by striking out "(a)" after "Sec. 602."

Repeal. (b) Subsection (b) of such section 602 is hereby repealed.

5 USC 1113. SEC. 109. (a) Subsection (a) of section 603 of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"(a) The rates of basic compensation with respect to officers, employees, and positions to which this Act applies shall be in accordance with the compensation schedule contained in subsection (b)."

Repeal. (b) Subsection (c) of such section 603 is hereby repealed.

(c) Subsection (d) of such section 603 is amended to read as follows:

"(c) Whenever payment is made on the basis of a daily, hourly, weekly, biweekly, or monthly rate, such rate shall be computed from the appropriate annual rate specified in subsection (b) by the method prescribed in section 604 (d) of the Federal Employees Pay Act of 1945, as amended."

59 Stat. 304.

5 USC 944.

Effective dates.

SEC. 110. (a) Section 105 of this title shall take effect on the date or dates specified by the head of a department, but not earlier than the first day of the second pay period which begins after the date of enactment of this Act, and not later than the first day of the first pay period which begins more than twelve months after the date of enactment of this Act, with respect to each employee and position in such department within the purview of such section 105.

(b) Sections 107, 108, and 109 of this title shall take effect, with respect to employees and positions in a department, upon the completion of the actions required by sections 105 and 106 of this title to be taken with respect to such employees and positions, but in no event later than the first day of the first pay period which begins more than twelve months after the date of enactment of this Act.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

5 USC 1114. SEC. 111. Section 604 of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 604. Employees receiving basic compensation at a rate authorized by law, immediately prior to the effective date of this title, in excess of the appropriate new rate of the grade as determined under paragraphs (1) to (10), inclusive, of section 604 (b) of this Act, as in effect prior to the date of enactment of this amended section, may continue to receive such rate so long as they remain in the same position and grade, but when any such position becomes vacant, the rate of basic compensation of any subsequent appointee shall be fixed in accordance with this Act."

5 USC 1123, 1132. SEC. 112. Sections 703 (c) and 802 (b) of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, are amended by striking out "section 604 (b) (11)" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 604".

GSC regulations. SEC. 113. The Civil Service Commission is hereby authorized to issue such regulations as may be necessary for the administration of this title.

Basic compensation, decrease. SEC. 114. Nothing contained in this title shall be construed to decrease the existing rate of basic compensation of any present employee, but when his position becomes vacant any subsequent

appointee to such position shall be compensated in accordance with the scale of pay applicable to such position.

Sec. 115. The term "department" shall have the same meaning in this title as when used in the Classification Act of 1949, as amended. 5 USC 1071
note.

TITLE II—AMENDMENTS TO THE FEDERAL EMPLOYEES PAY ACT OF 1945, AS AMENDED

SEC. 201. This title may be cited as the "Federal Employees Pay Act Amendments of 1954". Short title.

SEC. 202. (a) Subsection (a) of section 101 of the Federal Employees Pay Act of 1945, as amended, is amended by striking out "titles II and III" and inserting in lieu thereof "titles II, III, and IV". 59 Stat. 295.
5 USC 901.
(b) Subsection (b) of such section 101 is hereby repealed. Repeal.

COMPENSATION FOR OVERTIME WORK

SEC. 203. Section 201 of the Federal Employees Pay Act of 1945, as amended, is amended to read as follows: 5 USC 911.

"SEC. 201. All hours of work officially ordered or approved in excess of forty hours in any administrative workweek performed by officers and employees to whom this title applies shall be considered to be overtime work and compensation for such overtime work, except as otherwise provided for in this Act, shall be at the following rates:

"(1) For each officer and employee whose basic compensation is at a rate which does not exceed the minimum scheduled rate of basic compensation provided for grade GS-9 in the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, the overtime hourly rate of compensation shall be an amount equal to one and one-half times the hourly rate of basic compensation of such officer or employee, and all of such amount shall be considered premium compensation. 5 USC 1113.

"(2) For each officer and employee whose basic compensation is at a rate which exceeds the minimum scheduled rate of basic compensation provided for grade GS-9 in the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, the overtime hourly rate of compensation shall be an amount equal to one and one-half times the hourly rate of such minimum scheduled rate of basic compensation, and all of such amount shall be considered premium compensation."

SEC. 204. Section 202 (a) of the Federal Employees Pay Act of 1945, as amended, is amended to read as follows: 5 USC 912.

"SEC. 202. (a) The head of any department, independent establishment, or agency, including Government-owned or controlled corporations, or of the municipal government of the District of Columbia, or the head of any legislative or judicial agency to which this title applies, (1) may, at the request of any officer or employee, grant such officer or employee compensatory time off from his scheduled tour of duty in lieu of payment for an equal amount of time spent in irregular or occasional overtime work, and (2) may, at his own discretion, provide that any officer or employee, whose rate of basic compensation is in excess of the maximum scheduled rate of basic compensation provided for grade GS-9 in the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, shall be compensated for irregular or occasional overtime work for which compensation would be due under this Act with an equal amount of compensatory time off from his scheduled tour of duty in lieu of such compensation." Irregular overtime.

SEC. 205. (a) Section 203 of the Federal Employees Pay Act of 1945, as amended, is redesignated as section 205, and wherever such section number appears in such Act or in any other provision of law it is amended to conform to the redesignation prescribed by this subsection. 5 USC 913;
post, p. 1110.

(b) The Federal Employees Pay Act of 1945, as amended, is amended by inserting after section 202 thereof the following new sections:

"CALL-BACK OVERTIME

"SEC. 203. For the purposes of this Act, any unscheduled overtime work performed by any officer or employee on a day when no work was scheduled for him, or for which he is required to return to his place of employment, shall be considered to be at least two hours in duration.

"TIME IN TRAVEL STATUS

"SEC. 204. For the purposes of this Act, time spent in a travel status away from the official-duty station of any officer or employee shall be considered as hours of employment only when (1) within the days and hours of such officer's or employee's regularly scheduled administrative workweek, including regularly scheduled overtime hours, or (2) when the travel involves the performance of work while traveling or is carried out under arduous conditions."

COMPENSATION FOR NIGHT AND HOLIDAY WORK

5 USC 921. SEC. 206. Section 301 of the Federal Employees Pay Act of 1945, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 301. (a) Any regularly scheduled work between the hours of six o'clock postmeridian and six o'clock antemeridian (including periods of absence with pay during such hours due to holidays, and any such hours within periods of leave with pay if such periods total less than eight hours during any pay period) shall be considered nightwork, except as provided in subsection (b), and any officer or employee performing such work to whom this title applies shall be compensated for such work at his rate of basic compensation plus premium compensation amounting to 10 per centum of such rate, unless otherwise provided in title IV of this Act. This section shall not operate to modify the provisions of the Act of July 1, 1944 (Public Law Numbered 394, Seventy-eighth Congress), or any other law authorizing additional compensation for nightwork.

Post, p. 1111.

58 Stat. 648.
31 USC 180.

"(b) The head of any department, independent establishment, or agency, including Government-owned or controlled corporations, may designate any time after six o'clock postmeridian and any time before six o'clock antemeridian as the beginning and end, respectively, of nightwork for the purpose of subsection (a) at any post outside the several States and the District of Columbia where customary hours of business extend into the hours of nightwork provided by such subsection."

5 USC 922. SEC. 207. Section 302 of the Federal Employees Pay Act of 1945, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 302. (a) All work not exceeding eight hours, which is not overtime work as defined in section 201 of this Act and which is performed on a holiday designated by Federal statute or Executive order, shall be compensated at the rate of basic compensation of the officer or employee performing such work on a holiday plus premium compensation at a rate equal to the rate of basic compensation of such officer or employee.

Ante, p. 1109.

"(b) Any officer or employee who is required to perform any work on such a holiday shall be compensated for at least two hours of such work, and any such premium compensation due under the provisions of this section shall be in addition to any premium compensation which may be due for the same work under the provisions of section 301 of this Act providing premium compensation for nightwork.

Supra.

"(c) Overtime work, as defined in section 201 of this Act, on Sunday and such holidays shall be compensated in accordance with the provisions of such section 201." Ante, p. 1109.

SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR CERTAIN TYPES OF WORK

SEC. 208. (a) The Federal Employees Pay Act of 1945, as amended, 5 USC 901 note. is amended by inserting after title III thereof a new title to read as follows:

"TITLE IV—SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR CERTAIN TYPES OF WORK

"SEC. 401. The head of any department, independent establishment, or agency, including Government-owned or controlled corporations, or of the municipal government of the District of Columbia may, with the approval of the Civil Service Commission, provide that— Premium compensation.

"(1) any officer or employee in a position requiring him regularly to remain at, or within the confines of, his station during longer than ordinary periods of duty, a substantial part of which consists of remaining in a standby status rather than performing work, shall receive premium compensation for such duty on an annual basis in lieu of premium compensation provided by any other provisions of this Act. Premium compensation under this paragraph shall be determined as an appropriate percentage (not in excess of 25 per centum) of such part of the rate of basic compensation for any such position as does not exceed the minimum scheduled rate of basic compensation provided for grade GS-9 in the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, by taking into consideration the number of hours of actual work required in such position, the number of hours required in a standby status at or within the confines of the station, the extent to which the duties of such position are made more onerous by night or holiday work, or by being extended over periods of more than forty hours a week, and any other relative factors; or

"(2) any officer or employee in a position in which the hours of duty cannot be controlled administratively, and which requires substantial amounts of irregular, unscheduled, overtime duty and duty at night and on holidays with the officer or employee generally being responsible for recognizing, without supervision, circumstances which require him to remain on duty, shall receive premium compensation for such duty on an annual basis in lieu of premium compensation provided by any other provisions of this Act, except for regularly scheduled overtime duty. Premium compensation under this paragraph shall be determined as an appropriate percentage (not in excess of 15 per centum) of such part of the rate of basic compensation for any such position as does not exceed the minimum scheduled rate of basic compensation provided for grade GS-9 in the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, by taking into consideration the frequency and duration of night, holiday, and unscheduled overtime duty required in such position."

(b) Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to decrease the existing aggregate rate of compensation of any present employee, but when the position of such employee becomes vacant any subsequent appointee thereto shall receive premium compensation provided for such position in accordance with this section. Compensation decrease.

LIMITATION ON PREMIUM COMPENSATION

5 USC 943. SEC. 209. Section 603 of the Federal Employees Pay Act of 1945, as amended, and the heading immediately preceding such section are amended to read as follows:

"LIMITATION ON PREMIUM COMPENSATION

5 USC 1113. "SEC. 603. (a) No premium compensation provided by this Act shall be paid to any officer or employee whose rate of basic compensation equals or exceeds the maximum scheduled rate of basic compensation provided for grade GS-15 in the Classification Act of 1949, as amended.

"(b) In the case of any officer or employee whose rate of basic compensation is less than the maximum scheduled rate of basic compensation provided for grade GS-15 in the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, such premium compensation may be paid only to the extent that such payment would not cause his aggregate rate of compensation to exceed such maximum scheduled rate with respect to any pay period."

WORK SCHEDULES

5 USC 944. SEC. 210. (a) The heading immediately preceding section 604 of the Federal Employees Pay Act of 1945, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"ESTABLISHMENT OF BASIC WORKWEEK; WORK SCHEDULES; PAY COMPUTATION METHODS"

(b) Section 604 (a) of the Federal Employees Pay Act of 1945, as amended, is amended by inserting "(1)" after "(a)" and by adding at the end thereof a new paragraph as follows:

"(2) Except where the head of each such department, establishment or agency and of the municipal government of the District of Columbia determines that his organization would be seriously handicapped in carrying out its functions or that costs would be substantially increased, he shall provide, with respect to all officers and employees in his organization, (A) that assignments to tours of duty shall be scheduled in advance over periods of not less than one week, (B) that the basic forty-hour workweek shall be scheduled on five days, which shall be Monday through Friday wherever possible, and the two days outside the basic workweek shall be consecutive, (C) that the working hours in each day in the basic workweek shall be the same, (D) that the basic nonovertime workday shall not exceed eight hours, (E) that the occurrence of holidays shall not affect the designation of the basic workweek, and (F) that breaks in working hours of more than one hour shall not be scheduled in any basic workday."

Effective date. SEC. 211. This title shall become effective at the beginning of the first pay period which begins more than sixty days after the date of enactment of this Act.

TITLE III—GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES' INCENTIVE AWARDS

Short title. SEC. 301. This title may be cited as the "Government Employees' Incentive Awards Act".

CSC report to President. SEC. 302. The departmental awards program set forth in this title shall be carried out under such regulations and instructions as may be issued by the United States Civil Service Commission which shall annually report the results of the program, with related recommendations, to the President for transmittal to the Congress.

SEC. 303. As used in this title, the term "department" means an "Department," executive department or independent agency in the executive branch of the Government, including a Government-owned or controlled corporation (but not including the Tennessee Valley Authority), and also includes (a) the Administrative Office of the United States Courts, (b) the Library of Congress, (c) the Botanic Garden, (d) the Government Printing Office, (e) the Office of the Architect of the Capitol, and (f) the municipal government of the District of Columbia.

SEC. 304. (a) The head of each department is authorized to pay cash awards to, and to incur necessary expenses for the honorary recognition of, civilian officers and employees of the Government who by their suggestions, inventions, superior accomplishments, or other personal efforts contribute to the efficiency, economy, or other improvement of Government operations or who perform special acts or services in the public interest in connection with or related to their official employment.

(b) In instances determined by the President to warrant such action, he is authorized to pay cash awards to, and to incur necessary expenses for the honorary recognition of, civilian officers and employees of the Government who by their suggestions, inventions, superior accomplishments, or other personal efforts contribute to the efficiency, economy, or other improvement of Government operations, or who perform exceptionally meritorious special acts or services in the public interest in connection with or related to their official employment, and any such Presidential awards may be in addition to the departmental awards authorized in subsection (a) of this section.

(c) Awards under this section may be paid notwithstanding the death or separation from the service of the officer or employee concerned: *Provided*, That the suggestions, inventions, superior accomplishments, other personal efforts, or special acts or services in the public interest forming the basis for the awards are made or rendered while the officer or employee is in the employ of the Government.

(d) A cash award under this section shall be in addition to the regular compensation of the recipient and the acceptance of such cash award shall constitute an agreement that the use by the Government of the United States or the municipal government of the District of Columbia of any idea, method or device for which the award is made shall not form the basis of a further claim of any nature upon the Government of the United States or the municipal government of the District of Columbia by the employee, his heirs, or assigns.

(e) Awards to employees and expenses for the honorary recognition of employees may be paid from the funds or appropriations available to the activity primarily benefiting or may be paid from the several funds or appropriations of the various activities benefiting as may be determined by the President for awards under subsection (b) of this section, and by the head of the department concerned for awards under subsection (a) of this section.

(f) An award under this title shall be given due weight in qualifying and selecting employees for promotion.

(g) A monetary award granted under this title shall not exceed \$5,000, except that an award in excess of such amount but not in excess of \$25,000 may be granted, with the approval of the Commission, in special cases in which the head of a department certifies to the Commission that the suggestion, invention, superior accomplishment, or other meritorious effort for which such award is proposed to be made is highly exceptional and unusually outstanding.

SEC. 305. The following laws and parts of laws are hereby repealed: Repeals.

(a) Sections 702, 1002, and 1003 of the Classification Act of 1949 (63 Stat. 954; 5 U. S. C. 1122, 1152, 1153).

Departmental awards.

Presidential awards.

Honorary recognition.

Promotion.

Maximum monetary award.

Repeals.

(b) Section 14 of the Act entitled "An Act to authorize certain administrative expenses in the Government service, and for other purposes", approved August 2, 1946 (60 Stat. 809; 5 U. S. C. 116a).

(c) The Act entitled "An Act authorizing payments of rewards to postal employees for inventions", approved December 3, 1945 (59 Stat. 591; 39 U. S. C. 813).

(d) The Act entitled "An Act authorizing the Secretary of War to pay a cash award for suggestions submitted by employees of certain establishments of the Ordnance Department for improvement or economy in manufacturing process or plant", approved July 17, 1912 (37 Stat. 193; 50 U. S. C. 58).

(e) The Act entitled "An Act to provide equitable compensation for useful suggestions or inventions by personnel of the Department of the Interior", approved June 26, 1944 (58 Stat. 360; 5 U. S. C. 500).

(f) Subsections (a) and (b) of section 35 of the Act entitled "An Act to enact certain provisions now included in the Naval Appropriation Act, 1946, and for other purposes", approved August 2, 1946 (60 Stat. 857; 5 U. S. C. 416).

(g) The joint resolution entitled "Joint Resolution to provide cash awards to personnel of the Maritime Commission and the War Shipping Administration for useful suggestions to improve administration of their activities", approved March 13, 1944 (58 Stat. 115; 46 U. S. C. 1111b).

(h) All other laws or parts of laws inconsistent with this Act are hereby repealed to the extent of such inconsistency.

SEC. 306. The enactment of this title shall not affect the right of any employee to an award granted him under any provision of law repealed by this title.

SEC. 307. This title shall take effect on the ninetieth day after the date of its enactment.

Effective
date.

TITLE IV—UNIFORM ALLOWANCES

Short title. SEC. 401. This title may be cited as the "Federal Employees Uniform Allowance Act".

Appropriation. SEC. 402. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated annually to each agency of the Government of the United States or of the District of Columbia (including Government-owned corporations), upon a showing of the necessity or desirability thereof, an amount not to exceed \$100 multiplied by the number of the employees of such agency who are required by regulation (existing on the date of enactment of this Act) or by law to wear a prescribed uniform in the performance of his or her official duties and who are not being furnished with such uniform. The head of any agency to which any such appropriation is made shall, out of funds made available by such appropriation, (1) furnish to each such employee such uniform at a cost not to exceed \$100 per annum, or (2) pay to each such employee an allowance for defraying the expenses of acquisition of such uniform at such times and in such amounts, not to exceed \$100 per annum, as may be prescribed in accordance with rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to section 404. Where the furnishing of a uniform or the payment of a uniform allowance is authorized under any other provision of law or regulation existing on the date of enactment of this Act, the head of the agency may in his discretion continue the furnishing of such uniform or the payment of such allowance under such law or regulation, but where a uniform is furnished or allowance paid under any such law or regulation no uniform shall be furnished or allowance paid under this section.

All 68 Stat. 1116.

58 Stat. 387. " (e) This section does not and shall not be construed to amend or
5 USC 851 modify the Veterans' Preference Act of 1944 (Public Law 359,
note. Seventy-eighth Congress), as amended."

Ante, p. 736. Sec. 603. The Official Reporters of the proceedings and debates of
the Senate and their employees shall be considered to be officers or
employees in or under the legislative branch of the Government
within the meaning of the provisions of section 2 (a) of the Federal
Employees' Group Life Insurance Act of 1954.

24 Stat. 492. Sec. 604. The Act entitled "An Act authorizing the employment of
mail messengers in the postal service", approved March 3, 1887 (39
U. S. C., sec. 578), is amended by adding at the end thereof the fol-
lowing new paragraph:

"The Postmaster General may, in his discretion and under such
regulations as he may prescribe, readjust the compensation of the
holder of any contract for the performance of mail-messenger service
on account of increased or decreased costs occasioned by changed con-
ditions which could not reasonably have been anticipated at the time
such contract was made."

Approved September 1, 1954.

OCT 1 2 57 PM '54

COMPTROLLER

GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1954 O-52775

TAB
26

TAB
26

AN ACT

To amend various statutes and certain titles of the United States Code, for the purpose of correcting obsolete references, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That paragraph (a) of section 201 of Title 1, United States Code, entitled "General Provisions", is amended by striking out "Secretary of State," appearing at the end of such paragraph, and in lieu thereof inserting "Administrator of General Services", so that such paragraph will read as follows:

United States Code, amendments.

"(a) Publishing in Slip or Pamphlet Form or in Statutes at Large

Publication in slip or pamphlet form or in the Statutes at Large of any of the volumes or publications enumerated in sections 202 and 203 of this title, shall, in event of enactment, be dispensed with whenever the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives so directs the Administrator of General Services;".

SEC. 2. Section 209 of Title 1, United States Code, is amended by striking out, at the end thereof, "Secretary of State", and in lieu thereof inserting "Administrator of General Services", so that such section will read as follows:

"§ 209. Copies of Supplements to Code of Laws of United States and of District of Columbia Code and Supplements; Conclusive Evidence of Original

"Copies of the Code of Laws relating to the District of Columbia and copies of the supplements provided for by sections 202 and 203 of this title printed at the Government Printing Office and bearing its imprint, shall be conclusive evidence of the original of such code and supplements in the custody of the Administrator of General Services."

68 Stat. 1226.
68 Stat. 1227.

SEC. 3. Section 18 of Title 3, United States Code, entitled "The President", is amended by striking out "subchapter" in the one place where it appears therein, and in lieu thereof inserting "chapter", that such section will read as follows:

"§ 18. Same; Parliamentary Procedure at Joint Meeting

"While the two Houses shall be in meeting as provided in this chapter, the President of the Senate shall have power to preserve order; and no debate shall be allowed and no question shall be put by the presiding officer except to either House on a motion to withdraw."

SEC. 4. Subsection (b) of section 107 of Title 4, United States Code, entitled "Flag and Seal, Seat of Government, and the States", is amended by striking out, at the end thereof, the words "Army or Navy personnel, under regulations promulgated by the Secretary of War or the Secretary of the Navy", and in lieu thereof inserting "personnel of any branch of the Armed Forces of the United States, under regulations promulgated by the departmental Secretary having jurisdiction over such branch", so that such subsection will read as follows:

"(b) A person shall be deemed to be an authorized purchaser under this section only with respect to purchases which he is permitted to make from commissaries, ship's stores, or voluntary unincorporated organizations of personnel of any branch of the Armed Forces of the United States, under regulations promulgated by the departmental Secretary having jurisdiction over such branch."

Authorized purchasers.

SEC. 5. The paragraph in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1920 (July 24, 1919,

Department of Agriculture employees.

ch. 26, 41 Stat. 234), which commences near the bottom of page 270 of volume 41 of the Statutes at Large, and ends on page 271 thereof (5 U. S. C., secs. 67, 564), is amended (1) by striking out, after "shall not be subject to", the reference "the proviso contained in the / making appropriations for the legislative, executive, and judic... expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1918, and for other purposes, approved March 3, 1917, in Thirty-ninth Statutes at Large, at page 1106", and in lieu thereof inserting "the provisions of section 1914 of Title 18, United States Code"; and (2) by striking out, at the end of such paragraph, the words "the said proviso", and in lieu thereof inserting "such section", so that such paragraph will read as follows:

"The officials and the employees of the Department of Agriculture engaged in the activities described in the preceding paragraph and paid in whole or in part out of funds contributed as provided therein, and the persons, corporations, or associations making contributions as therein provided, shall not be subject to the provisions of section 1914 of Title 18, United States Code; nor shall any official or employee engaged in the cooperative activities of the Forest Service, or the persons, corporations, or associations contributing to such activities be subject to such section."

SEC. 6. The paragraph in section 1 of the Sundry Civil Expenses Appropriation Act for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1922 (March 4, 1921, ch. 161, 41 Stat. 1367), which constitutes the second paragraph on page 1424 of volume 41 of the Statutes at Large (5 U. S. C., sec. 68), is amended (1) by striking out, after "Nothing in" at the beginning of such paragraph, the reference "the proviso contained in the Legislative, Executive, and Judicial Appropriation Act of March 3, 1917", and in lieu thereof inserting "section 1914 of Title 18, United States Code"; and (2) by striking out, at the end of such paragraph, the quoted appropriation item "Expenses of regulating immigration", and in lieu thereof inserting "Immigration and Naturalization Service—Salaries and Expenses", so that such paragraph will read as follows:

68 Stat. 1227.

68 Stat. 1228.

Reimbursement
for inspecting
aliens.

"Nothing in section 1914 of Title 18, United States Code, relative to augmenting salaries of Government officials from outside sources shall prevent receiving reimbursements for services of immigration officials incident to the inspection of aliens in foreign contiguous territory, and such reimbursement shall be credited to the appropriate 'Immigration and Naturalization Service—Salaries and Expenses'."

SEC. 7. Section 3 of the Act approved June 20, 1874 (ch. 328, 18 Stat. 109; 5 U. S. C., sec. 71) is amended by striking out "Provided, That this shall not be construed to prevent the employment and payment by the Department of Justice of district attorneys as now allowed by law for the performance of services not covered by their salaries or fees", so that such section will read as follows:

Extra compen-
sation, etc.

"SEC. 3. That no civil officer of the Government shall hereafter receive any compensation or perquisites, directly or indirectly, from the treasury or property of the United States beyond his salary or compensation allowed by law."

SEC. 8. Section 303 of the Act approved July 26, 1947, chapter 343, Title III, 61 Stat. 507, as amended by section 10 (c) of the Act approved August 10, 1949, chapter 412, 63 Stat. 585 (5 U. S. C., sec. 171j; 50 U. S. C., sec. 405), is further amended (1) by striking out, in subsection (a) thereof, the words "the Chairman of the National Security Resources Board", and in lieu thereof inserting "the Director of the Office of Defense Mobilization"; and (2) by striking out, in subsection (b) thereof, the reference "109 or 113 of the Criminal Code (U. S. C., 1940 edition, Title 18, secs. 198 and 203), or section 19 (e)

of the Contract Settlement Act of 1944", and in lieu thereof inserting "281, 283, or 284 of Title 18, United States Code", so that such section will read as follows:

"SEC. 303. (a) The Secretary of Defense, the Director of the Office of Defense Mobilization, the Director of Central Intelligence, and the National Security Council, acting through its Executive Secretary, are authorized to appoint such advisory committees and to employ, consistent with other provisions of this Act, such part-time advisory personnel as they may deem necessary in carrying out their respective functions and the functions of agencies under their control. Persons holding other offices or positions under the United States for which they receive compensation, while serving as members of such committees, shall receive no additional compensation for such service. Other members of such committees and other part-time advisory personnel so employed may serve without compensation or may receive compensation at a rate not to exceed \$50 for each day of service, as determined by the appointing authority.)

Advisory committees, appointments, etc.

"(b) Service of an individual as a member of any such advisory committee, or in any other part-time capacity for a department or agency hereunder, shall not be considered as service bringing such individual within the provisions of section 281, 283, or 284 of Title 18, United States Code, unless the act of such individual, which by such section is made unlawful when performed by an individual referred to in such section, is with respect to any particular matter which directly involves a department or agency which such person is advising or in which such department or agency is directly interested."

SEC. 9. Subsection (c) of section 2 of the Act approved March 3, 1927 (ch. 348, 44 Stat. 1381, at page 1382; 5 U. S. C., sec. 281a (c)) is amended (1) by striking out, preceding "Bureau of Customs", the words "Bureau of Prohibition shall perform such duties as the Secretary of the Treasury or the Commissioner of Prohibition may prescribe, and the personnel of the"; (2) by striking out, after "such duties", the following: "(other than duties in connection with the administration of the National Prohibition Act, as amended, or any other law relating to the enforcement of the eighteenth amendment),"; and (3) by striking out, preceding "may prescribe" at the end of such subsection, the words "or the Commissioner of Customs",

68 Stat. 1228.
68 Stat. 1229.

that such subsection will read as follows:

"(c) The personnel of the Bureau of Customs shall perform such duties as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe."

Bureau of Customs personnel.

SEC. 10. Section 3 (a) of the Act approved March 3, 1927 (ch. 348, 44 Stat. 1382) is hereby repealed.

Repeal.

SEC. 11. Section 361 of the Revised Statutes (5 U. S. C., sec. 306) is amended by striking out, at the end of such section, the words "in the cases provided by section three hundred and sixty-three", and in lieu thereof inserting "in cases of services performed by attorneys appointed under section 503 of Title 28, United States Code, for whom compensation is provided under section 508 of that title", so that such section will read as follows:

"Sec. 361. The officers of the Department of Justice, under the direction of the Attorney-General, shall give all opinions and render all services requiring the skill of persons learned in the law necessary to enable the President and heads of Departments, and the heads of Bureaus and other officers in the Departments, to discharge their respective duties; and shall, on behalf of the United States, procure the proper evidence for, and conduct, prosecute, or defend all suits and proceedings in the Supreme Court and in the Court of Claims, in which the United States, or any officer thereof, as such officer, is a party or may be interested; and no fees shall be allowed or paid

Legal services for Departments.

to any other attorney or counselor at law for any service herein required of the officers of the Department of Justice, except in cases of services performed by attorneys appointed under section 503 of title 28, United States Code, for whom compensation is provided under section 508 of that title.”

SEC. 12. Section 4 of the Act approved August 1, 1946 (ch. 727, 60 Stat. 779, 780; 5 U. S. C., sec. 475c) is amended by striking out, in the proviso of such section, “sections 41, 109, and 113 of the Criminal Code (U. S. C., Title 18, secs. 93, 198, and 203); Revised Statutes, section 190 (U. S. C., title 5, sec. 99); in section 19 (e) of the Contract Settlement Act of 1944 (Public Law 395, Seventy-eighth Congress);”, and in lieu thereof inserting “section 281, 283, 284, or 434 of Title 18, United States Code, or section 190 of the Revised Statutes (5 U. S. C., sec. 99)”, so that such section will read as follows:

Naval Research
Advisory Com-
mittee.

“SEC. 4. The Secretary of the Navy is hereby authorized to establish a Naval Research Advisory Committee which shall consist of not exceeding fifteen persons to be appointed by the Secretary from those persons in civilian life who are preeminent in the fields of science, research, and development work. One member of such committee will be from the field of medicine. The members of such committee shall serve for such term or terms as the Secretary may specify, and shall meet at such times as may be specified by the Secretary to consult with and advise the Chief of Naval Operations and the Chief of the Office of Naval Research. Each member of the committee shall be entitled to compensation in the amount of \$50 for each day or part of a day he shall be in attendance at any regularly called meeting of the committee, together with reimbursement for all travel expenses incident to such attendance: *Provided*, That nothing in section 281, 283, 284, or 434 of Title 18, United States Code, or section 190 of the Revised Statutes (5 U. S. C., sec. 99), or in any other provision of Federal law imposing restrictions, requirements, or penalties in relation to the employment of persons, the performance of services, or the payment or receipt of compensation in connection with any claim proceeding, or matter involving the United States, shall apply to such persons solely by reason of their appointment to and membership on such committee.”

68 Stat. 1229.
68 Stat. 1230.

SEC. 13. (a) Section 1 of the Act approved July 31, 1946, chapter 714, 60 Stat. 749, as amended by the Act approved June 28, 1948, 694, 62 Stat. 1068, and the Act approved April 29, 1950, ch. 136, section 1, 64 Stat. 93 (5 U. S. C., sec. 645a), is amended by striking out, after “determined by the” in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of such section, the reference “Classification Act of 1923, as amended, an Act entitled ‘An Act to adjust the compensation of certain employees in the Customs Service’, approved May 29, 1928, as amended, or the second paragraph of section 24 of the Immigration Act of 1917, as amended”, and in lieu thereof inserting “Classification Act of 1949, as amended”, so that such section will read as follows:

Civil Service.
Postal field
service em-
ployees.

“That (a) any person—

“(1) whose name appeared on any list of eligibles either (A) at any time between May 1, 1940, and March 16, 1942, with respect to a position the rate of compensation of which is determined by the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, or (B) at any time between May 1, 1940, and October 23, 1943, with respect to a position in the field service of the Post Office Department, or (C) at any time between May 1, 1940, and the effective date of this Act, with respect to positions of officers and members of the Metropolitan Police or of the Fire Department of the District of Columbia, and officers and members of the United States Park Police and the White House Police; and

"(2) who, pursuant to Executive Order Numbered 9538, dated April 13, 1945, or regulations of the Civil Service Commission covering similar situations in which an eligible lost opportunity for probational appointment because of military service during World War II, was certified for probational appointment to such position, and, subsequently, was given such appointment, shall, for the purpose of (A) determining his rate of compensation and (B) his seniority rights in the postal field service, be held to have been appointed to such position as of the earliest date on which an eligible standing lower on the same list of eligibles received a probational appointment therefrom: *Provided*, That the grade, time in grade, and rate of compensation of any person so appointed to a position in the postal field service shall, at the time this Act first applies to such person, be not less than the grade, time in grade, and rate of compensation of the lower eligible (whether a substitute or regular employee) receiving the highest automatic rate of compensation at such time, but such adjustment in grade, time in grade, and rate of compensation shall not affect the status of such person as a substitute or regular employee: *Provided, however*, That no regular employee in the postal field service shall be reduced to substitute status by reason of the enactment of this Act.

"(b) No person shall be entitled to the benefits of this section who has reenlisted after June 1, 1945, in the Regular Military Establishment or after February 1, 1945, in the Regular Naval Establishment. *Reenlistments.*

"(c) Any person within the terms of this section, who, due to a disability incurred because of military service in World War II, is unable to perform the duties of the position designated by him at the time of taking the examination for appointment thereto, may upon written request at any time have his name entered upon any list of eligibles for any position for which a like examination is required and such entry shall be made without any loss of seniority or other rights of eligibility conferred by this section: *Provided however*, That this Act shall not be construed to extend the period of eligibility which such person would have otherwise had." *Disability. 68 Stat. 1230. 68 Stat. 1231.*

(b) Sections 1, 2, 3, and 4 of the Act approved May 29, 1928 (ch. 865, 45 Stat. 955), as amended by the Act approved December 12, 1930 (ch. 10, 46 Stat. 1026, 1027) (19 U. S. C., former secs. 6a-6d), are hereby repealed. *Repeals.*

SEC. 14. Subsection (d) of section 705 of the Act approved July 1, 1944 (ch. 373, title VII, 58 Stat. 713), as so renumbered by section 5 of the Act approved August 13, 1946 (ch. 958, 60 Stat. 1049) (5 U. S. C., sec. 800), is amended (1) by striking out the second sentence thereof reading: "Such beneficiaries, in addition to the right to receive six months' pay, shall have the same right of election and of revising elections as is provided by subsection (c) of this section, except that in case of a revised election no deduction shall be made on account of such six months' pay.", and (2) by inserting, immediately preceding "Service" in the first sentence thereof, the words "Public Health", so that such subsection will read as follows:

"(d) In the case of death of a commissioned officer of the Public Health Service which occurred after December 7, 1941, and prior to November 11, 1943, the rights provided to surviving beneficiaries by section 10 of the Public Health Service Act of 1943 shall continue notwithstanding the repeal of that Act." *PHS. Rights of certain beneficiaries.*

SEC. 15. Section 3 of Title 6, United States Code, entitled "Official and Penal Bonds", is amended (1) by striking out, preceding "19" in the third sentence, the word "title", and in lieu thereof inserting "Title"; (2) by striking out, preceding "shall be construed" in the fifth sentence, the words "said sections", and in lieu thereof inserting *Official bonds.*

"sections 1 to 3 of this title"; (3) by striking out, preceding "39" in the fifth sentence, the word "title", and in lieu thereof inserting "Title"; and (4) by inserting, after "Marine Corps," in the proviso in the fifth sentence, the reference "Air Force," so that such section will read as follows:

"§ 3. Renewal; Continuance of Liability

Every officer whose duty it is to take and approve official bonds shall cause all such bonds to be renewed every four years after their dates, but he may require such bonds to be renewed or strengthened oftener if he deem such action necessary. In the discretion of such officer the requirement of a new bond may be waived for the period of service of a bonded officer after the expiration of a four-year term of service pending the appointment and qualification of his successor. The nonperformance of any requirement of the provisions of sections 1 to 3 of this title, or of that part of section 27 of Title 19 relating to transmitting copies of oaths to the Secretary of the Treasury, on the part of any official of the Government shall not be held to affect in any respect the liability of principal or sureties on any bond made or to be made to the United States. The liability of the principal and sureties on all official bonds shall continue and cover the period of service ensuing until the appointment and qualification of the successor of the principal. Nothing in sections 1 to 3 of this title shall be construed to repeal or modify section 38 of Title 39: *Provided*, That the payment and acceptance of the annual premium on corporate surety bonds furnished by postal officers and employees, officers and employees of other civilian agencies of the United States and bonded officers and enlisted men of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Air Force, and Coast Guard shall be a compliance with the requirement for the renewal of such bonds within the meaning of sections 1 to 3 of this title."

68 Stat. 1231.

68 Stat. 1232.

SEC. 16. Section 4 of the Act approved March 3, 1905 (ch. 1501, 33 Stat. 1270; 7 U. S. C., sec. 144) is amended to read as follows:

Insect pests,
transportation.

Supervision of
deportable
alien.

"SEC. 4. Whoever violates the provisions of section 1 of this Act shall, for each offense, be fined not more than \$5,000 or imprisoned not more than 5 years, or both."

SEC. 17. Subsection (d) of section 242 of the Act of June 27, 1952 (ch. 477, Title II, chapter 5, 66 Stat. 208 (211); 8 U. S. C., sec. 1252 (d)) is amended by striking out, after "activity," in the third sentence thereof, the words "shall upon conviction be guilty of a felony, and shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or shall be", and in lieu thereof inserting "shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or", so that such subsection will read as follows:

Violation by
alien.

"(d) Any alien, against whom a final order of deportation as defined in subsection (c) heretofore or hereafter issued has been outstanding for more than six months, shall, pending eventual deportation, be subject to supervision under regulations prescribed by the Attorney General. Such regulations shall include provisions which will require any alien subject to supervision (1) to appear from time to time before an immigration officer for identification; (2) to submit, if necessary, to medical and psychiatric examination at the expense of the United States; (3) to give information under oath as to his nationality, circumstances, habits, associations, and activities, and such other information, whether or not related to the foregoing, as the Attorney General may deem fit and proper; and (4) to conform to such reasonable written restrictions on his conduct or activities as are prescribed by the Attorney General in his case. Any alien who shall willfully fail to comply with such regulations, or willfully fail to appear or to give information or submit to medical or psychiatric examination if required, or knowingly give false information in relation to the require-

ments of such regulations, or knowingly violate a reasonable restriction imposed upon his conduct or activity, shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned not more than one year, or both."

SEC. 18. Subsection (a) of section 340 of the Act of June 27, 1952 (Pub. Law 770, ch. 477, Title III, chapter 2, 66 Stat. 260; 8 U. S. C., sec 1451 (a)) is amended by striking out, in the first phrase of the first sentence thereof, the term "United States district attorneys", and in lieu thereof inserting "United States attorneys", so that such subsection will read as follows:

"(a) It shall be the duty of the United States attorneys for the respective districts, upon affidavit showing good cause therefor, to institute proceedings in any court specified in subsection (a) of section 310 of this title in the judicial district in which the naturalized citizen may reside at the time of bringing suit, for the purpose of revoking and setting aside the order admitting such person to citizenship and canceling the certificate of naturalization on the ground that such order and certificate of naturalization were procured by concealment of a material fact or by willful misrepresentation, and such revocation and setting aside of the order admitting such person to citizenship and such canceling of certificate of naturalization shall be effective as of the original date of the order and certificate, respectively: *Provided*, That refusal on the part of a naturalized citizen within a period of ten years following his naturalization to testify as a witness in any proceeding before a congressional committee concerning his subversive activities, in a case where such person has been convicted of contempt for such refusal, shall be held to constitute a ground for revocation of such person's naturalization under this subsection as having been procured by concealment of a material fact or by willful misrepresentation. If the naturalized citizen does not reside in any judicial district in the United States at the time of bringing such suit, the proceedings may be instituted in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia or in the United States district court in the judicial district in which such person last had his residence."

Revocation of naturalization.

Refusal to testify.

68 Stat. 1232.
68 Stat. 1233.

SEC. 19. Section 4 of Title 9, United States Code, entitled "Arbitration", is amended (1) by striking out, in the first sentence, "court of the United States" and in lieu thereof inserting "United States district court"; (2) by striking out, in the first sentence, "the judicial code at law, in equity," and in lieu thereof inserting "Title 28, in a civil action"; (3) by striking out, in the third sentence, "law for the service of summons in the jurisdiction in which the proceeding is brought", and in lieu thereof inserting "the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure"; and (4) by striking out, in the eighth sentence, "law for referring to a jury issues in an equity action", and in lieu thereof inserting "the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure", so that such section, exclusive of the section heading thereto, will read as follows:

"A party aggrieved by the alleged failure, neglect, or refusal of another to arbitrate under a written agreement for arbitration may petition any United States district court which, save for such agreement, would have jurisdiction under Title 28, in a civil action or in admiralty of the subject matter of a suit arising out of the controversy between the parties, for an order directing that such arbitration proceed in the manner provided for in such agreement. Five days' notice in writing of such application shall be served upon the party in default. Service thereof shall be made in the manner provided by the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The court shall hear the parties, and upon being satisfied that the making of the agreement for arbitration or the failure to comply therewith is not in issue, the court shall make an order directing the parties to proceed to arbitration in

Failure to arbitrate under agreements.

accordance with the terms of the agreement. The hearing and proceedings, under such agreement, shall be within the district in which the petition for an order directing such arbitration is filed. If the making of the arbitration agreement or the failure, neglect, or refusal to perform the same be in issue, the court shall proceed summarily to the trial thereof. If no jury trial be demanded by the party alleged to be in default, or if the matter in dispute is within admiralty jurisdiction, the court shall hear and determine such issue. Where such an issue is raised, the party alleged to be in default may, except in cases of admiralty, on or before the return day of the notice of application, demand a jury trial of such issue, and upon such demand the court shall make an order referring the issue or issues to a jury in the manner provided by the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, or may specially call a jury for that purpose. If the jury find that no agreement in writing for arbitration was made or that there is no default in proceeding thereunder, the proceeding shall be dismissed. If the jury find that an agreement for arbitration was made in writing and that there is a default in proceeding thereunder, the court shall make an order summarily directing the parties to proceed with the arbitration in accordance with the terms thereof."

Indebtedness to U. S., withholding of pay.

SEC. 20. The last paragraph, under the heading "MISCELLANEOUS", in the Act approved July 16, 1892 (ch. 195, 27 Stat. 174), appearing at page 177 of volume 27 of the Statutes at Large, and as amended by the Act approved July 10, 1952 (ch. 654, 66 Stat. 575; 10 U. S. C., sec. 877; 14 U. S. C., sec. 461 note; 34 U. S. C., sec. 890), is amended by striking out, after "Air Force," the following: "Marine Corps, and Coast Guard", and in lieu thereof inserting "and Marine Corps", so that such paragraph will read as follows:

68 Stat. 1233.
68 Stat. 1234.

"The pay of officers of the Army, Navy, Air Force, and Marine Corps may be withheld under section 1766, Revised Statutes, on account of an indebtedness to the United States admitted or shown by the judgment of a court, but not otherwise unless upon a special order issued according to the discretion of the Secretary of the Department concerned."

SEC. 21. Paragraph (d) of section 5144 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (12 U. S. C., sec. 61 (d)), is amended by striking out the reference "5209 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (U. S. C., title 12, sec. 592)", and in lieu thereof inserting "1005 of title 18, United States Code", so that such paragraph will read as follows:

False entries, penalties.

"(d) Every officer, director, agent, and employee of every such holding company affiliate shall be subject to the same penalties for false entries in any book, report, or statement of such holding company affiliate as are applicable to officers, directors, agents, and employees of member banks under section 1005 of Title 18, United States Code; and"

SEC. 22. Section 2 of the Act approved June 30, 1876 (ch. 156, 19 Stat. 63; 12 U. S. C., sec. 65) is amended (1) by striking out, after "such association", the words "by bill in equity, in the nature of a creditor's bill," and in lieu thereof inserting "by a civil action"; and (2) by striking out, after "shareholders thereof," the words "in any court of the United States having original jurisdiction in equity", and in lieu thereof inserting "in the United States district court", so that such section will read as follows:

Shareholder's liability, enforcement.

"Sec. 2. That when any national banking association shall have gone into liquidation under the provisions of section five thousand two hundred and twenty of said statutes, the individual liability of the shareholders provided for by section fifty-one hundred and fifty-one of said statutes may be enforced by any creditor of such association by a civil action brought by such creditor on behalf of himself

and of all other creditors of the association, against the shareholders thereof, in the United States district court for the district in which such association may have been located or established."

SEC. 23. Section 209 of the Act approved March 9, 1933 (ch. 1, Title 11, 48 Stat. 5; 12 U. S. C., sec. 209) is amended (1) by striking out the reference "section 5209 of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., Title 12, sec. 592)", and in lieu thereof inserting "sections 334, 656, and 1005 of Title 18, United States Code"; and (2) by striking out the reference "112, 113, 114, 115, 116 and 117 of the Criminal Code of the United States (U. S. C., Title 18, secs. 202, 203, 204, 205, 206 and 207)", and in lieu thereof inserting "202, 216, 281, 431, 432, and 433 of such Title 18" so that such section will read as follows:

"SEC. 209. Conservators appointed pursuant to the provisions of this title shall be subject to the provisions of and to the penalties prescribed by sections 334, 656, and 1005 of Title 18, United States Code; and sections 202, 216, 281, 431, 432, and 433 of such Title 18, in so far as applicable, are extended to apply to contracts, agreements, proceedings, dealings, claims and controversies by or with any such conservator or the Comptroller of the Currency under the provisions of this title."

SEC. 24. Section 1 of the Act approved August 17, 1950 (ch. 729, 64 Stat. 455; 12 U. S. C., sec. 214) is amended (1) by striking out, in subsection (a) of such section, the words "this Act", and in lieu thereof inserting "sections 1-4 and 8 of this Act (12 U. S. C., secs. 214-214c, 321)"; and (2) by striking out, in subsection (b) of such section, the words "this Act", and in lieu thereof inserting "sections 1-4 and 8 of this Act (12 U. S. C., secs. 214-214c, 321)", so that such section will read as follows:

"SECTION 1. (a) As used in sections 1-4 and 8 of this Act (12 U. S. C., secs. 214-214c, 321) the term 'State bank' means any bank, banking association, trust company, savings bank (other than a mutual savings bank), or other banking institution which is engaged in the business of receiving deposits and which is incorporated under the laws of any State, any Territory of the United States, Puerto Rico, or the Virgin Islands, or which is operating under the Code of Law for the District of Columbia (except a national banking association)."

"(b) For purposes of merger or consolidation under sections 1-4 and 8 of this Act (12 U. S. C., secs. 214-214c, 321) the term 'national banking association' means one or more national banking associations, and the term 'State bank' means one or more State banks."

SEC. 25. Section 4 of the Act approved August 17, 1950 (ch. 729, 64 Stat. 456, 457; 12 U. S. C., sec. 214c), as amended by Act July 12, 1952, ch. 696, 66 Stat. 590, is amended by striking out, in the two places where they appear in such section, the words "this Act", and in lieu thereof inserting "sections 1-4 and 8 of this Act (12 U. S. C., secs. 214-214c, 321)", so that such section will read as follows:

"SEC. 4. No conversion of a national banking association into a State bank or its merger or consolidation with a State bank shall take place under sections 1-4 and 8 of this Act (12 U. S. C., sec. 214-214c, 321) in contravention of the law of the State in which the national banking association is located; and no such conversion, merger, or consolidation shall take place under sections 1-4 and 8 of this Act unless under the law of the State in which such national banking association is located State banks may without approval by any State authority convert into and merge or consolidate with national banking associations under limitations or conditions no more restrictive than those contained in section 2 hereof with respect to the conversion of a national bank into, or merger or consolidation of a national bank with, a State bank under State charter."

Sec. 26. Section 10 of the Act approved June 11, 1942 (ch. 404, 56 Stat. 356; 12 U. S. C., sec. 265) is amended by striking out, at the end thereof, the reference "the Act of August 23, 1935 (49 Stat. 684) as amended (U. S. C., sec. 264)", and in lieu thereof inserting "section 3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, as amended (12 U. S. C., sec. 1813)", so that such section will read as follows:

Insured banks
as depos-
itaries of
public money.

"SEC. 10. All insured banks designated for that purpose by the Secretary of the Treasury shall be depositaries of public money of the United States (including, without being limited to, revenues and funds of the United States, and any funds the deposit of which is subject to the control or regulation of the United States or any of its officers, agents, or employees, and Postal Savings funds), and the Secretary is hereby authorized to deposit public money in such depositaries, under such regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary; and they may also be employed as financial agents of the Government; and they shall perform all such reasonable duties, as depositaries of public money and financial agents of the Government as may be required of them. The Secretary of the Treasury shall require of the insured banks thus designated satisfactory security by the deposit of United States bonds or otherwise, for the safekeeping and prompt payment of public money deposited with them and for the faithful performance of their duties as financial agents of the Government: *Provided*, That no such security shall be required for the safekeeping and prompt payment of such parts of the deposits of the public money in such banks as are insured deposits and each officer, employee, or agent of the United States having official custody of public funds and lawfully depositing the same in an insured bank shall, for the purpose of determining the amount of the insured deposits, be deemed a depositor in such custodial capacity separate and distinct from any other officer, employee, or agent of the United States having official custody of public funds and lawfully depositing the same in the same insured bank in custodial capacity. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no department, board, agency, instrumentality, officer, employee, or agent of the United States shall issue or permit to continue in effect any regulations, rulings, or instructions or enter into or approve any contracts or perform any other acts having to do with the deposit, disbursement, or expenditure of public funds, or the deposit, custody, or advance of funds subject to the control of the United States as trustee or otherwise which shall discriminate against or prefer national banking associations, State banks members of the Federal Reserve System, or insured banks not members of the Federal Reserve System, by class, or which shall require those enjoying the benefits, directly or indirectly, of disbursed public funds so to discriminate. All Acts or parts thereof in conflict herewith are hereby repealed. The terms 'insured bank' and 'insured deposit' as used in this Act shall be construed according to the definitions of such terms in section 3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, as amended (12 U. S. C., sec. 1813)."

68 Stat. 1235.
68 Stat. 1236.

Sec. 27. The sixth paragraph of section 9 of the Federal Reserve Act as amended (12 U. S. C., 324), is amended by striking out, in the second sentence of such paragraph, the reference "section fifty-two hundred and nine of the Revised Statutes", and in lieu thereof inserting "sections 334, 656, and 1005 of Title 18, United States Code", so that such paragraph will read as follows:

Laws applica-
ble on becom-
ing members.

"All banks admitted to membership under authority of this section shall be required to comply with the reserve and capital requirements of this Act and to conform to those provisions of law imposed on national banks which prohibit such banks from lending on or purchasing their own stock, which relate to the withdrawal or impairment of their capital stock, and which relate to the payment of

unearned dividends. Such banks and the officers, agents, and employees thereof shall also be subject to the provisions of and to the penalties prescribed by sections 334, 656, and 1005 of Title 18, United States Code, and shall be required to make reports of condition and of the payment of dividends to the Federal Reserve bank of which they become a member. Not less than three of such reports shall be made annually on call of the Federal Reserve bank on dates to be fixed by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. Failure to make such reports within ten days after the date they are called for shall subject the offending bank to a penalty of \$100 a day for each day that it fails to transmit such report; such penalty to be collected by the Federal Reserve bank by suit or otherwise. Such reports of condition shall be in such form and shall contain such information as the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System may require and shall be published by the reporting banks in such manner and in accordance with such regulations as the said Board may prescribe."

SEC. 28. Subsection (f) of section 22 of the Federal Reserve Act, as amended (12 U. S. C., 503), is amended by inserting, after "thereof," where it appears in such subsection, the words "or any of the provisions of sections 217, 218, 219, 220, 655, 1005, 1014, 1906, or 1909 of Title 18, United States Code," so that such subsection will read as follows:

"(f) If the directors or officers of any member bank shall knowingly violate or permit any of the agents, officers, or directors of any member bank to violate any of the provisions of this section or regulations of the board made under authority thereof, or any of the provisions of sections 217, 218, 219, 220, 655, 1005, 1014, 1906, or 1909 of Title 18, United States Code, every director and officer participating in or assenting to such violation shall be held liable in his personal and individual capacity for all damages which the member bank, its shareholders, or any other persons shall have sustained in consequence of such violation."

Liability of directors and officers by member banks, 68 Stat. 1236, 68 Stat. 1237.

SEC. 29. Section 11 of the Act approved July 31, 1945 (ch. 341, 59 Stat. 529; 12 U. S. C., sec 635h) is amended by striking out, after "provisions of", the reference "the Act of April 13, 1934 (48 Stat., Ch. 112, p. 574)", and in lieu thereof inserting "section 955 of Title 18, United States Code", so that such section will read as follows:

Export-Import Bank, participation with, etc.

"SEC. 11. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 955 of Title 18, United States Code, any person, including any individual, partnership, corporation, or association, may act for or participate with the Export-Import Bank of Washington in any operation or transaction, or may acquire any obligation issued in connection with any operation or transaction, engaged in by the Bank."

SEC. 30. Section 81 of Title 14, United States Code, entitled "Coast Guard", as amended by the Act approved June 22, 1951 (ch. 150, 65 Stat. 89), is amended by striking out, after "within the" in paragraph (2) of such section, the designation "National Military Establishment", and in lieu thereof inserting "Department of Defense", so that such section will read as follows:

Coast Guard.

§ 81. Aids to Navigation Authorized

"In order to aid navigation and to prevent disasters, collisions, and wrecks of vessels and aircraft, the Coast Guard may establish, maintain, and operate:

- "(1) aids to maritime navigation required to serve the needs of the armed forces or of the commerce of the United States;

“(2) aids to air navigation required to serve the needs of the armed forces of the United States as requested by the Secretary of the appropriate department within the Department of Defense; and

“(3) Loran stations (a) required to serve the needs of the armed forces of the United States; or (b) required to serve the needs of the maritime commerce of the United States; or (c) required to serve the needs of the air commerce of the United States as determined by the Administrator of Civil Aeronautics.

“Such aids to navigation other than loran stations shall be established and operated only within the United States, its Territories and possessions, the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, and beyond the territorial jurisdiction of the United States at places where naval or military bases of the United States are or may be located, and at other places where such aids to navigation have been established prior to June 26, 1948.”

63 Stat. 500.

Sec. 31. Section 82 of Title 14, United States Code, is amended by striking out, in the fourth sentence thereof, the reference “sections 175 (f) or 451-458 of Title 49”, and in lieu thereof inserting “section 175 (e) of Title 49 or subchapter III of chapter 9 of that title”, so that such section will read as follows:

“§ 82. Cooperation With Administrator of Civil Aeronautics

“The Coast Guard in establishing, maintaining, or operating any aids to air navigation herein provided shall solicit the cooperation of the Administrator of Civil Aeronautics to the end that the personnel and facilities of the Civil Aeronautics Administration will be utilized to the fullest possible advantage. Before locating and operating any such aid on military or naval bases or regions, the consent of the Secretary of the Army, the Secretary of the Navy, or the Secretary of the Air Force, as the case may be, shall first be obtained. No such aid shall be located within the territorial jurisdiction of any foreign country without the consent of the government thereof. Nothing in this title shall be deemed to limit the authority granted by the provisions of section 458 of Title 5, or by section 475 (e) of Title 49 or subchapter III of chapter 9 of that title.”

68 Stat. 1237.

68 Stat. 1238.

63 Stat. 509.

Sec. 32. Section 186 of Title 14, United States Code, is amended (1) by striking out, in the first sentence of such section, the reference “Classification Act of 1923”, and in lieu thereof inserting “Classification Act of 1949”; and (2) by striking out, in the second sentence thereof, the reference “sections 29a, 30b-30m, 84, 663, 667, 672a-673, and Chapter 18”, and in lieu thereof inserting “section 84, chapter 18, subchapter IV of chapter 21, sections 1112, 1113, and 1121-1125, and chapter 23”, so that such section will read as follows:

“§ 186. Civilian Instructors

“The Secretary may appoint in the Coast Guard, subject to the competitive provisions of the civil-service laws and regulations, such number of civilian instructors as the needs of the Service require, not to exceed eight, whose compensation shall be fixed in accordance with the Classification Act of 1949, as amended. Leaves of absence and hours of work for such civilian instructors shall be governed by regulations issued by the Secretary of the Treasury, without regard to section 84, chapter 18, subchapter IV of chapter 21, sections 1112, 1113, and 1121-1125, and chapter 23, of Title 5.”

Sec. 33. (a) The analysis of chapter 13 of Title 14, United States Code, preceding section 461 of such title, is amended by adding, immediately preceding the period at the end of item 461 in such analysis,

the following: “; pay of officers indebted to United States”, so that such item will read as follows: “461. Pay and allowances; pay of officers indebted to United States.”.

(b) Section 461 of Title 14, United States Code, is amended (1) ^{63 Stat. 530.} by adding, at the end of the catchline of such section, the following: “; pay of officers indebted to United States”; (2) by inserting the subsection symbol “(a)” at the beginning of the present paragraph in such section; and (3) by adding to such section the following new subsection: “(b) The pay of officers of the Coast Guard may be withheld under section 82 of Title 5 on account of an indebtedness to the United States admitted or shown by the judgment of a court, but not otherwise unless upon a special order issued according to the discretion of the Secretary.”, so that such section will read as follows:

“§ 461. Pay and Allowances; Pay of Officers Indebted to United States

“(a) Commissioned officers, commissioned warrant officers, cadets, warrant officers, and enlisted persons shall, except as otherwise provided by law, receive the same pay, allowances, increases, additions, and gratuities as prescribed by corresponding ranks, grades, or ratings for personnel of the Navy, including any extra pay and allowances for special duty.

“(b) The pay of officers of the Coast Guard may be withheld under section 82 of Title 5 on account of an indebtedness to the United States admitted or shown by the judgment of a court, but not otherwise unless upon a special order issued according to the discretion ^{68 Stat. 1239.} of the Secretary.” ^{68 Stat. 1239.}

SEC. 34. Subsection (a) of section 645 of Title 14, United States Code, is amended by striking out “chapter 20” in the first sentence of such subsection, and in lieu thereof inserting “sections 1346 (b) and 2401 (b), and chapter 171.”, so that such subsection will read as follows: ^{63 Stat. 547.}

“(a) The Secretary and, subject to appeal to the Secretary, such other officer as he may designate for such purposes and under regulations prescribed by him, may consider, ascertain, adjust, determine, settle, and pay in an amount not in excess of \$1,000, where accepted by a claimant in full satisfaction and final settlement, any claim against the United States arising on or after May 27, 1941, when such claim is substantiated in such a manner as the Secretary may by regulations prescribe, for damage to or loss or destruction of property, real or personal, or for personal injury or death, caused by military personnel or civilian employees of the Coast Guard while acting within the scope of their employment (excluding claims cognizable ^{62 Stat. 933,} under sections 1346 (b) and 2401 (b), and chapter 171, of Title 28), ^{971, 982.} or otherwise incident to noncombat activities of the Coast Guard, including claims for damage to or loss or destruction by criminal acts of registered or insured mail while in the possession of Coast Guard authorities, claims for damage to or loss or destruction of personal property bailed to the Government, and claims for damages to real property incident to the use and occupancy thereof, whether under a lease, express or implied, or otherwise. The provisions of this section shall not apply to claims for personal injury or death of military personnel or civilian employees of the Coast Guard if such injury or death occurs incident to their services. The provisions of this section shall not apply where the damage to or loss or destruction of property, or the personal injury or death, has been caused in whole or in part by any negligence or wrongful act on the part of the claimant, his agent, or employee. The amount allowed on account of personal injury or death shall be limited to reasonable medical, ^{Claims settle-} ^{ment.}

hospital, and burial expenses actually incurred, except that no payment shall be made to any claimant in reimbursement for medical or hospital services furnished at the expense of the United States nor, in the case of burial, of such portion of the expense thereof as may be otherwise paid by the United States."

SEC. 35. The analysis of chapter 229 of Title 18, United States Code, as amended by the Act approved October 24, 1951 (ch. 546, sec. 1, 65 Stat. 609), is amended by inserting, following and underneath item 3619 in such analysis, and preceding section 3611 of such title, the following item: "3620. Vessels carrying explosives and steerage passengers."

SEC. 36. Title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting, immediately following section 3619 of such title, and preceding chapter 231 thereof, the following new section:

"§ 3620. Vessels Carrying Explosives and Steerage Passengers

"The amount of any fine imposed upon the master of a steamship or other vessel under the provisions of section 2278 of this title shall be a lien upon such vessel, and such vessel may be libeled therefor in the district court of the United States for any district in which such vessel shall arrive or from which it shall depart."

62 Stat. 805.

Food, drug,
and cosmetic
regulations.
Subpoenas.

SEC. 37. Section 307 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (52 Stat. 1046; 21 U. S. C., sec. 337) is amended by striking out the words "Notwithstanding the provisions of section 876 of the Revised Statutes, subpoenas", in the second sentence of such section, and in lieu thereof inserting "Subpoenas", so that such section will read as follows:

68 Stat. 1239.

68 Stat. 1240.

"SEC. 307. All such proceedings for the enforcement, or to restrain violations, of this Act shall be by and in the name of the United States. Subpoenas for witnesses who are required to attend a court of the United States, in any district, may run into any other district in any such proceeding."

62 Stat. 898.

Court of
Claims.

SEC. 38. The analysis of chapter 7 of Title 28, United States Code, immediately preceding section 171 of such title, is amended by adding, immediately preceding the period at the end of item 171 in such analysis, the following: "; character of court", so that such item will read as follows: "171. Appointment and number of judges; character of court."

SEC. 39. (a) The catchline to section 171 of Title 28, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end hereof the following: "; character of court", so that such catchline will read as follows: "§ 171. Appointment and number of judges; character of court".

62 Stat. 900.

(b) Subsection (c) of section 291 of Title 28, United States Code, is amended by striking all of the subsections following "may," and in lieu thereof inserting "upon presentation to him by the chief judge of the Court of Claims of a certificate of necessity, designate and assign temporarily any circuit judge to serve as a judge of the Court of Claims," so that the subsection will read as follows:

"(c) The Chief Justice of the United States may, upon presentation to him by the chief judge of the Court of Claims of a certificate of necessity, designate and assign temporarily any circuit judge to serve as a judge of the Court of Claims".

67 Stat. 226.

(c) Subsection (d) of section 292 of Title 28, United States Code, is amended by striking all of the subsection following the word "may" and in lieu thereof inserting "upon presentation to him by the chief judge of the Court of Claims of a certificate of necessity, designate

and assign temporarily any district judge to serve as a judge of the Court of Claims", so that the subsection will read as follows:

"(d) The Chief Justice of the United States may upon presentation to him by the chief judge of the Court of Claims of a certificate of necessity, designate and assign temporarily any district judge to serve as a judge of the Court of Claims."

(d) Section 295 of Title 28, United States Code, is amended by 62 Stat. 901. inserting "of a circuit or district judge in active service" immediately after "assignment" and by striking out "a" and inserting "the" so that such section will read:

§ 295. Conditions Upon Designation and Assignment

"No designation and assignment of a circuit or district judge in active service shall be made without the consent of the chief judge or judicial council of the circuit from which the judge is to be designated and assigned.

"All designations and assignments of justices and judges shall be filed with the clerks and entered on the minutes of the courts from and to which made.

"The Chief Justice of the United States, a circuit justice or a chief judge of a circuit may make new designation and assignments in accordance with the provisions of this chapter and may revoke those previously made by him."

SEC. 40. The analysis of chapter 51 of Title 28, United States Code, 62 Stat. 923. immediately preceding section 791 of such title, is amended by striking out the item "793. Reporter-commissioners; stenographers", now appearing in such analysis.

SEC. 41. (a) Subsection (a) of section 792 of Title 28, United States Code, is amended (1) by striking out where it appears in such subsection "United States"; and (2) by striking out the period at the end 68 Stat. 1240. of such subsection and in lieu thereof inserting "and shall devote all 68 Stat. 1241. of their time to the duties of the office.", so that such subsection will read as follows:

"(a) The Court of Claims may appoint fifteen commissioners who shall be subject to removal by the court and shall devote all of their time to the duties of the office."

(b) Subsection (b) of section 792 of Title 28, United States Code, is amended (1) by striking out where it appears in such subsection "a salary of \$7,500 a year", and in lieu thereof inserting "basic compensation at the rate of \$14,800 a year"; (2) by striking out where it appears in such subsection "all necessary traveling expenses, and also his reasonable maintenance expenses actually incurred, not exceeding \$7 per day, while taking testimony or transacting other official business at a place other than Washington." and in lieu thereof inserting "also all necessary traveling expenses and a per diem allowance as provided in sections 835-842 of Title 5, while traveling on official business and away from Washington, District of Columbia", so that such subsection will read as follows:

"(b) Each commissioner shall receive basic compensation at the rate of \$14,800 a year, and also all necessary traveling expenses and a per diem allowance as provided in sections 835-842 of Title 5 while traveling on official business and away from Washington, District of Columbia."

(c) Subsection (c) of section 792 of Title 28, United States Code, is repealed.

(d) The concluding paragraph of section 792 of Title 28, United States Code, providing "Each commissioner shall devote all of his time to the duties of his office." is repealed.

SEC. 42. Section 1343 of Title 28, United States Code, is amended 62 Stat. 932. by striking out, in the two places where it appears in such section,

the reference "47 of Title 8", and in lieu thereof inserting "1985 of Title 42".

62 Stat. 940.

SEC. 43. The analysis of chapter 91 of Title 28, United States Code, immediately preceding section 1491 of such title, is amended (1) by adding, immediately preceding the period at the end of item 1491 in such analysis, the following: "; actions involving Tennessee Valley Authority"; so that such item will read as follows: "1491. Claims against United States generally; actions involving Tennessee Valley Authority."; and (2) by striking out the item "1493. Departmental reference cases.", now appearing in such analysis.

SEC. 44. (a) The catchline to section 1491 of Title 28, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "; actions involving Tennessee Valley Authority", so that such catchline will read as follows: "§ 1491. Claims against United States generally; actions involving Tennessee Valley Authority".

(b) Section 1491 of Title 28, United States Code, is amended by striking out where it appears in such section the following: "The United States Court of Claims shall have jurisdiction to render judgment upon any claim against the United States:

- "(1) founded upon the Constitution; or
- "(2) founded upon any Act of Congress; or
- "(3) founded upon any regulation of an executive department;

or

"(4) founded upon any express or implied contract with the United States; or

"(5) for liquidated or unliquidated damages in cases not sounding in tort.",

and in lieu thereof inserting "The Court of Claims shall have jurisdiction to render judgment upon any claim against the United States

68 Stat. 1241.

68 Stat. 1242.

founded either upon the Constitution, or any Act of Congress, or any regulation of an executive department, or upon any express or implied contract with the United States, or for liquidated or unliquidated damages in cases not sounding in tort.", so that such section will read as follows:

"The Court of Claims shall have jurisdiction to render judgment upon any claim against the United States founded either upon the Constitution, or any Act of Congress, or any regulation of an executive department, or upon any express or implied contract with the United States, or for liquidated or unliquidated damages in cases not sounding in tort.

TVA.

"Nothing herein shall be construed to give the Court of Claims jurisdiction in suits against, or founded on actions of, the Tennessee Valley Authority, nor to amend or modify the provisions of the Tennessee Valley Authority Act of 1933, as amended, with respect to suits by or against the Authority."

48 Stat. 58.

16 USC 831.

(c) Section 1494 of Title 28, United States Code, is amended by striking out "United States Court of Claims" and inserting in lieu thereof "Court of Claims" so that such section will read:

"§ 1494. Accounts of Officers, Agents or Contractors

"The Court of Claims shall have jurisdiction to determine the amount, if any, due to or from the United States by reason of any unsettled account of any officer or agent of, or contractor with, the United States, or a guarantor, surety or personal representative of any such officer, agent or contractor, and to render judgment thereof where—

- "(1) claimant or the person he represents has applied to the proper department of the Government for settlement of the account;

"(2) three years have elapsed from the date of such application without settlement; and

"(3) no suit upon the same has been brought by the United States."

SEC. 45. Section 1821 of Title 28, United States Code, as amended by the Act approved May 10, 1949 (ch. 96, 63 Stat. 65), the Act approved May 24, 1949 (ch. 139, sec. 94, 63 Stat. 103), and the Act approved Oct. 31, 1951 (ch. 655, sec. 51 (a), 65 Stat. 727), is amended by striking out, in the first sentence thereof, the words "or before a United States commissioner or person taking his deposition pursuant to any order of a court of the United States," and in lieu thereof inserting "or before a United States commissioner, or before any person authorized to take his deposition pursuant to any rule or order of a court of the United States," so that such section will read as follows:

"§ 1821. Per Diem and Mileage Generally; Subsistence

"A witness attending in any court of the United States, or before a United States commissioner, or before any person authorized to take his deposition pursuant to any rule or order of a court of the United States, shall receive \$4 for each day's attendance and for the time necessarily occupied in going to and returning from the same, and 7 cents per mile for going from and returning to his place of residence. Witnesses who are not salaried employees of the Government and who are not in custody and who attend at points so far removed from their respective residences as to prohibit return therefrom day to day shall be entitled to an additional allowance of \$5 per day for expenses of subsistence including the time necessarily occupied in going to and returning from the place of attendance: *Provided*, That in lieu of the mileage allowance provided for herein,^{68 Stat. 1242.} witnesses who are required to travel between the Territories, possessions, or to and from the continental United States, shall be entitled to the actual expenses of travel at the lowest first-class rate available at the time of reservation for passage, by means of transportation employed: *Provided further*, That this section shall not apply to Alaska.

"When a witness is detained in prison for want of security for his appearance, he shall be entitled, in addition to his subsistence, to a compensation of \$1 per day."

SEC. 46. The analysis of chapter 165 of Title 28, United States Code,^{62 Stat. 975.} immediately preceding section 2501 of such title, is amended by striking out of item 2510, in such analysis, the words "Departmental reference cases", and in lieu thereof inserting "Referral of cases by Comptroller General", so that such item will read as follows: "2510. Referral of cases by Comptroller General."

SEC. 47. (a) The first paragraph of section 2508 of Title 28, United States Code is amended by striking out "United States Court of Claims" and inserting in lieu thereof "Court of Claims" so that such paragraph will read:

"Upon the trial of any suit in the Court of Claims in which any setoff, counterclaim, claim for damages, or other demand is set up on the part of the United States against any plaintiff making claim against the United States in said court, the court shall hear and determine such claim or demand both for and against the United States and plaintiff."

(b) The catchline to section 2510 of title 28, United States Code, is amended by striking out the words "Departmental reference cases", appearing in such catchline, and in lieu thereof inserting "Referral

of cases by Comptroller General", so that such catchline will read as follows: "§ 2510. Referral of cases by Comptroller General".

SEC. 48. Section 2 of the Act approved August 7, 1888 (ch. 772, 25 Stat. 383; 47 U. S. C., sec. 10) is amended by striking out, after "provision of" near the beginning of such section, the reference "title sixty-five of the Revised Statutes", and in lieu thereof inserting "sections 5263 to 5269, inclusive, of the Revised Statutes, prior to the effective date of the repeal of such sections," so that such section will read as follows:

Telegraphs.

"SEC. 2. That whenever any telegraph company which shall have accepted the provisions of sections 5263 to 5269, inclusive, of the Revised Statutes, prior to the effective date of the repeal of such sections, shall extend its line to any station or office of a telegraph line belonging to any one of said railroad or telegraph companies, referred to in the first section of this Act, said telegraph company so extending its line shall have the right and said railroad or telegraph company shall allow the line of said telegraph company so extending its line to connect with the telegraph line of said railroad or telegraph company to which it is extended at the place where their lines may meet, for the prompt and convenient interchange of telegraph business between said companies; and such railroad and telegraph companies, referred to in the first section of this act, shall so operate their respective telegraph lines as to afford equal facilities to all, without discrimination in favor of or against any person, company, or corporation whatever, and shall receive, deliver, and exchange business with connecting telegraph lines on equal terms, and affording equal facilities, and without discrimination for or against any one of such connecting lines; and such exchange of business shall be on terms just and equitable."

68 Stat. 1243.

68 Stat. 1244.

SEC. 49. Section 7 of the Act approved August 7, 1888 (ch. 772, 25 Stat. 385; 47 U. S. C., sec. 15) is amended by striking out, after "premises", the words "now existing in the United States, or any authority that the Postmaster-General now has under title sixty-five of the Revised Statutes to fix rates, or, of the Government, to purchase lines as provided under said title, or to have its messages given precedence in transmission", and in lieu thereof inserting "now or hereafter existing in the United States, or the authority of the Federal Communications Commission under the provisions of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, to prescribe charges, classifications, regulations, and practices, including priorities, applicable to Government communications", so that such section will read as follows:

48 Stat. 1064.

47 USC 609.

"SEC. 7. That nothing in this Act shall be construed to affect or impair the right of Congress, at any time hereafter, to alter, amend, or repeal the said Acts hereinbefore mentioned; and this Act shall be subject to alteration, amendment, or repeal as, in the opinion of Congress, justice or the public welfare may require; and nothing herein contained shall be held to deny, exclude, or impair any right or remedy in the premises now or hereafter existing in the United States, or the authority of the Federal Communications Commission under the provisions of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, to prescribe charges, classifications, regulations, and practices, including priorities, applicable to Government communications."

Office of
Defense Mo-
bilization.

SEC. 50. Section 103 of the Act approved July 26, 1947 (ch. 343, title I, 61 Stat. 499; 50 U. S. C., sec. 404) is amended (1) by striking out subsection (a) thereof; (2) by redesignating present subsections (b), (c), and (d) as "(a)", "(b)", and "(c)", respectively; (3) by striking out, in subsection (a), as so redesignated by clause (2) of this section, "Chairman of the Board", and in lieu thereof inserting "Director of the Office of Defense Mobilization"; (4) by striking out,

in subsection (a), as so redesignated by clause (2) of this section, "Classification Act of 1923, as amended", and in lieu thereof inserting "Classification Act of 1949"; (5) by striking out, in subsection (a), as so redesignated, "Board in carrying out its", and in lieu thereof inserting "Director in carrying out his"; (6) by striking out, in subsection (b), as so redesignated by clause (2) of this section, the term "Board", and in lieu thereof inserting "Director of the Office of Defense Mobilization"; and (7) by striking out, in subsection (c), as so redesignated by clause (2) of this section, "its functions, the Board", and in lieu thereof inserting "his functions, the Director of the Office of Defense Mobilization", so that such section will read as follows:

"SEC. 103. (a) The Director of the Office of Defense Mobilization, subject to the direction of the President, is authorized, subject to the civil-service laws and the Classification Act of 1949, to appoint and fix ^{63 Stat. 954.} the compensation of such personnel as may be necessary to assist the ^{5 USC 1071 note.} Director in carrying out his functions.

"(b) It shall be the function of the Director of the Office of Defense Mobilization to advise the President concerning the coordination of military, industrial, and civilian mobilization, including—

"(1) policies concerning industrial and civilian mobilization in order to assure the most effective mobilization and maximum utilization of the Nation's manpower in the event of war;

"(2) programs for the effective use in time of war of the Nation's natural and industrial resources for military and civilian needs, for the maintenance and stabilization of the civilian economy in time of war, and for the adjustment of such economy to war needs and conditions;

^{68 Stat. 1244.}
^{68 Stat. 1245.}

"(3) policies for unifying, in time of war, the activities of Federal agencies and departments engaged in or concerned with production, procurement, distribution, or transportation of military or civilian supplies, materials, and products;

"(4) the relationship between potential supplies of, and potential requirements for, manpower, resources, and productive facilities in time of war;

"(5) policies for establishing adequate reserves of strategic and critical material, and for the conservation of these reserves;

"(6) the strategic relocation of industries, services, government, and economic activities, the continuous operation of which is essential to the Nation's security;

"(c) In performing his functions, the Director of the Office of Defense Mobilization shall utilize to the maximum extent the facilities and resources of the departments and agencies of the Government."

^{Status of certain judges.}
^{28 USC 136, 172 notes.}

SEC. 51. (a) Subsection (a) of section 2 of the Act approved June 25, 1948 (ch. 646, 62 Stat. 985) is amended by inserting at the end thereof the following: "The Chief Justice of the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia and the Associate Justices thereof, the Chief Justice of the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia (formerly named the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia) and the Associate Justices thereof, the Chief Justice of the Court of Claims, and the presiding judge of the Court of Customs and Patent Appeals, in office on the effective date of this Act, shall be judges of the United States within the meaning of section 451 of Title 28, Judiciary and Judicial Procedure, of the United States Code, set out in section 1 of this Act. The Chief Justice of the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia and the Associate Justices thereof in office on the effective date of this

^{62 Stat. 907.}

Act, shall be circuit judges of the District of Columbia Circuit and vested with all the rights, powers, and duties thereof, and the said Chief Justice of the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia shall be the Chief Judge of said Circuit. The Chief Justice of the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia (formerly named the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia) and the Associate Justices thereof, in office on the effective date of this Act, shall be district judges for the District of Columbia and vested with all the rights, powers and duties thereof."

so that such subsection will read as follows:

"(a) The Chief Justices of the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia, the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia, and the Court of Claims, and the presiding judge of the Court of Customs and Patent Appeals, in office on the effective date of this Act shall be the chief judges of their respective courts. The Chief Justice of the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia and the Associate Justices thereof, the Chief Justice of the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia (formerly named the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia) and the Associate Justices thereof, the Chief Justice of the Court of Claims, and the presiding judge of the Court of Customs and Patent Appeals, in office on the effective date of this Act, shall be judges of the United States within the meaning of Section 451 of Title 28, Judiciary and Judicial Procedure, of the United States Code, set out in Section 1 of this Act. The Chief Justice of the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia and the Associate Justices thereof, in office on the effective date of this Act, shall be circuit judges of the District of Columbia Circuit and vested with all the rights, powers, and duties thereof, and the said Chief Justice of the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia shall be Chief Judge of said Circuit. The Chief Justice of the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia (formerly named the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia) and the Associate Justices thereof, in office on the effective date of this Act, shall be district judges for the District of Columbia and vested with all the rights, powers, and duties thereof."

68 Stat. 1245.

68 Stat. 1246.

Effective date.

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) of this section shall be deemed to be in effect as of September 1, 1948.

Claims referrals.

62 Stat. 976.

SEC. 52. The first paragraph of section 2501 of Title 28, United States Code, is amended by striking out where they appear in such paragraph the words "or the claim is referred by the Senate or House of Representatives, or by the head of an executive department", so that such paragraph will read as follows:

"Every claim of which the Court of Claims has jurisdiction shall be barred unless the petition thereon is filed within six years after such claim first accrues."

Proceedings before commissioners.

SEC. 53. (a) The first paragraph of section 2503 of Title 28 of United States Code, is amended (1) by lettering the paragraph as subsection (a); (2) by striking out the second sentence of such paragraph and inserting in lieu thereof "In accordance with rules and orders of the court, commissioners shall fix times for trials, administer oaths or affirmations to and examine witnesses, receive evidence and report findings of fact and, when directed by the court, their recommendations for conclusions of law in cases assigned to them. Hearings shall, if convenient, be held in the counties where the witnesses reside."; and (3) by striking out the last two sentences of such paragraph, so that such paragraph will read as follows:

"(a) Parties to any suit in the Court of Claims may appear before a commissioner in person or by attorney, produce evidence and exam-

ine witnesses. In accordance with rules and orders of the court, commissioners shall fix times for trials, administer oaths or affirmations to and examine witnesses, receive evidence and report findings of fact and, when directed by the court, their recommendations for conclusions of law in cases assigned to them. Hearings shall, if convenient, be held in the counties where the witnesses reside."

(b) The second paragraph of section 2503 of Title 28, United States Code, is amended by (1) by lettering the paragraph as subsection (b); and (2) by striking out the first sentence of such paragraph and inserting in lieu thereof "The rules of the court shall provide for the filing in court of the commissioner's report of facts and recommendations for conclusions of law, and for opportunity for the parties to file exceptions thereto, and a hearing thereon before the court within a reasonable time," so that the paragraph will read as follows:

"(b) The rules of the court shall provide for the filing in court of the commissioner's report of facts and recommendations for conclusions of law, and for opportunity for the parties to file exceptions thereto, and a hearing thereon before the court within a reasonable time. This section shall not prevent the court from passing upon all questions and findings regardless of whether exceptions were taken before a commissioner."

SEC. 54. (a) The second paragraph of section 2505 of Title 28, United States Code, is repealed.

(b) The catchline to section 2505 of Title 28, United States Code, is amended by striking out the words "Place of taking evidence" and in lieu thereof inserting "Trial before judges", so that such catchline will read as follows:

68 Stat. 1246.
68 Stat. 1247.

"§ 2505. Trial before judges".

(c) The analysis of chapter 165 of Title 28 of United States Code, immediately preceding section 2501 of such title, is amended by striking out the item "2505. Place of taking evidence." and in lieu thereof inserting

"2505. Trial before judges."

SEC. 55. (a) Section 2507 of Title 28, United States Code, is amended (1) by striking out from the catchline to such section the words "Calls on departments for information" and in lieu thereof inserting "Calls and discovery"; (2) by inserting the subsection designation "(a)" immediately preceding the first word of the first paragraph of such section; (3) by inserting after the words "United States" where they appear in the first paragraph of such section the words "or upon any party"; and (4) by striking out where they appear in the first paragraph of such section the words "it deems necessary, and may use all recorded and printed reports made by the committees of the Senate and House of Representatives." and in lieu thereof inserting "not privileged, for purposes of discovery or for use as evidence. The head of any department or agency may refuse to comply with a call issued pursuant to this subsection when, in his opinion, compliance will be injurious to the public interest.", so that such paragraph redesignated as subsection (a) will read as follows:

"(a) The Court of Claims may call upon any department or agency of the United States or upon any party for any information or papers, not privileged, for purposes of discovery or for use as evidence. The head of any department or agency may refuse to comply with a call issued pursuant to this subsection when, in his opinion, compliance will be injurious to the public interest."

(b) Section 2507 of Title 28, United States Code is amended by striking out the second paragraph of such section which reads "The

head of any department or agency may refuse to comply when, in his opinion, compliance will be injurious to the public interest.”, and in lieu thereof inserting a new subsection to be numbered subsection “(b)” and to read as follows:

“(b) Without limitation on account of anything contained in subsection (a) of this section, the court may, in accordance with its rules, provide additional means for the discovery of any relevant facts, books, papers, documents or tangible things, not privileged.”

(c) Section 2507 of Title 28, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof a new subsection to be numbered subsection “(c)” and to read as follows:

“(c) The Court of Claims may use all recorded and printed reports made by the committees of the Senate or House of Representatives.”

(d) The analysis to chapter 165 of Title 28, United States Code, immediately preceding section 2501 of such title is amended by striking out therefrom the catchline to item 2507 reading “Calls on departments for information.” and in lieu thereof inserting “Calls and discovery.”, so that the item will read:

“2507. Calls and discovery.”

Pardons.

SEC. 56. Subsection (c) of section 2513 of Title 28, United States Code, is amended by striking out where it appears in such subsection the words “filed with” and in lieu thereof inserting “considered by” so that such subsection will read as follows:

“(c) No pardon or certified copy of a pardon shall be considered by the Court of Claims unless it contains recitals that the pardon was granted after applicant had exhausted all recourse to the courts and that the time for any court to exercise its jurisdiction had expired.”

68 Stat. 1247.
68 Stat. 1248.

Interest on judgments.

SEC. 57. The last sentence of subsection (b) of section 2516 of Title 28, United States Code, is amended by inserting immediately after the word “allowed” where it appears in such sentence the words “for any period”, so that such subsection will read as follows:

“(b) Interest on judgments against the United States affirmed by the Supreme Court after review on petition of the United States shall be paid at the rate of four percent per annum from the date of the filing of the transcript of the judgment in the Treasury Department to the date of the mandate of affirmance. Such interest shall not be allowed for any period after the term of the Supreme Court at which the judgment was affirmed.”

Fees.

SEC. 58. Subsection (a) of section 2520 of Title 28, United States Code, is amended by striking out where it appears in such subsection the words “and the hearing of any case before the court, a judge, or a commissioner”, so that such subsection will read as follows:

“(a) The Court of Claims shall by rules impose a fee not exceeding \$10, for the filing of any petition.”

SEC. 59. (a) Chapter 165 of Title 28, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof a new section to be designated as section 2521 entitled “Subpoenas” and to read as follows:

“§ 2521. Subpoenas

“Subpoenas requiring the attendance of parties or witnesses and subpoenas requiring the production of books, papers, documents or tangible things by any party or witness having custody or control thereof, may be issued for purposes of discovery or for use of the things produced as evidence in accordance with the rules and orders of the court.

Such subpoenas shall be issued and served and compliance therewith shall be compelled as provided in the rules and orders of the court.”.

(b) The analysis to chapter 165 of Title 28, United States Code, immediately preceding section 2501 of such title, is amended by adding at the end thereof a new item 2521 to read as follows:

“2521. Subpoenas.”.

Approved September 3, 1954.

Tuesday, November 2, 1954

**TITLE 32A—NATIONAL DEFENSE,
APPENDIX**

**Chapter I—Office of Defense
Mobilization**

[Defense Mobilization Order X-1]

**DMO X-1—ESTABLISHMENT OF AN INTER-
AGENCY COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL CEN-
SORSHIP PLANNING**

By virtue of the authority vested in me by the National Security Act of 1947, as amended; Reorganization Plan No. 3 of June 12, 1953; and White House Memorandum, dated January 7, 1954; and in order to facilitate the development and insure the coordination and effectiveness of readiness within the national censorship field, it is hereby ordered:

1. There is established in the Office of Defense Mobilization an Interagency Committee on National Censorship Planning which shall consist of a representative of the Office of Defense Mobilization who is hereby designated as Chairman, and a representative designated by the head of each of the following departments and agencies:

Department of State.
Department of the Treasury.
Department of Defense.
Department of Justice.
Post Office Department.
Department of Commerce.
Central Intelligence Agency.
Federal Civil Defense Administration.
Federal Communications Commission.

and such other agencies as the Director of the Office of Defense Mobilization may from time to time designate.

2. The Committee shall advise and assist the Assistant to the Director for Plans and Readiness on problems and policies related to national censorship planning; explore within their own departments and agencies areas of interest in the development of national censorship plans and review such plans periodically for adequacy.

3. This order shall take effect on October 29, 1954.

**OFFICE OF DEFENSE
MOBILIZATION,
ARTHUR S. FLEMMING,
Director.**

[F. R. Doc. 54-8655; Filed, Oct. 29, 1954;
4:22 p. m.]

TAB
27

Tuesday, November, 9, 1954

Executive Order No. 10574

TITLE 3—THE PRESIDENT
EXECUTIVE ORDER 10574

AMENDMENT OF EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 10480 PROVIDING FOR THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE DEFENSE MOBILIZATION PROGRAM

By virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution and laws of the United States, including the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended (50 U. S. C. App. 2061 *et seq.*), and as President of the United States, it is ordered as follows:

SECTION 1. Sections 301 and 312 of Executive Order No. 10480 of August 14, 1953, entitled "Further Providing for the Administration of the Defense Mobilization Program", are hereby amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 301. The Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy, the Department of the Air Force, the Atomic Energy Commission, the Department of Commerce, the Department of the Interior, the Department of Agriculture, and the General Services Administration, in this Part referred to as guaranteeing agencies, each officer having functions delegated to him pursuant to section 201 (a) of this order, and each other agency of the Government having mobilization functions, shall, within areas of production designated by the Director of the Office of Defense Mobilization, develop and promote measures for the expansion of productive capacity and of production and supply of materials and facilities necessary for the national defense."

"Sec. 312. The functions conferred by sections 303, 305 and 306 of this order shall be carried out in accordance with programs certified by the Director of the Office of Defense Mobilization. Each officer and agency of the Government having mobilization functions shall make recommendations to the Director of the Office of Defense Mobilization for the issuance of certificates or other action under sections 302 and 303 of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, and for the issuance of certificates

under subsections (e) and (g) of section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, with respect to the materials and facilities which are, pursuant to the designation of areas of production by the Director of the Office of Defense Mobilization under section 301 of this order, as amended, within the jurisdiction of such officer or agency."

SEC. 2. Any reference in any regulation or other Executive document issued or approved by the President to any provision of the Internal Revenue Code of 1939 shall, except as may be inconsistent with the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 or otherwise inappropriate, be deemed also to refer to the corresponding provision of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.

DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER

THE WHITE HOUSE,
November 5, 1954.

[F. R. Doc. 54-8874; Filed, Nov. 8, 1954;
10:08 a. m.]

TAB
28

Saturday, December 18, 1954

OFFICE OF DEFENSE MOBILIZATION

[Gen. Administrative Order X-1, Amdt. 1]

ESTABLISHING POSITION OF ASSISTANT DIRECTOR FOR PLANS AND READINESS

General Administrative Order X-1, dated September 20, 1954, is amended as follows:

1. The following paragraph is added, becoming paragraph 5, and paragraphs 5, 6, and 7 become 6, 7, and 8, respectively.

5. The Assistant Director for Plans and Readiness is responsible for developing suggestions for improving the coordination of the total mobilization program both within ODM and between ODM and other agencies. More specifically, he will:

a. Work with Assistant Directors and their staffs in examining, appraising, and making recommendations to the Director as to ways to improve mobilization programs.

b. Work with the staffs of other departments and agencies having mobilization responsibilities in examining, appraising, and making recommendations to the Director as to ways to improve the parts of the mobilization program for which they have operating responsibility.

c. Analyze the consistency or lack of consistency between the mobilization programs and the policies established by the National Security Council.

d. Prepare special reports for the Director evaluating the mobilization program and progress being made in carrying it out.

e. Assist the Director with respect to program problems which may arise in relation to ODM's responsibilities on various Cabinet Committees.

f. Assist the Director with respect to consideration of the relationship of mobilization activities of other Free Nations to those of the United States.

g. Assist the Mobilization Program Advisory Committee in its deliberations on the over-all mobilization program.

2. This amendment shall be effective December 17, 1954.

ARTHUR S. FLEMMING,
Director.

[F. R. Doc. 54-10087; Filed, Dec. 17, 1954;
10:31 a. m.]

Tuesday, March 1, 1955

Executive Order No. 10598

TITLE 3—THE PRESIDENT

EXECUTIVE ORDER 10598

AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 10483,¹ ESTABLISHING THE OPERATIONS COORDI- NATING BOARD

By virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution and statutes, and as President of the United States, it is ordered that subsections (b) and (d) of section 1 of Executive Order No. 10483 of September 2, 1953 (18 F. R. 5379) be, and they are hereby, amended to read, respectively, as follows:

“(b) The Board shall have as members the following: (1) the Under Secretary of State, who shall represent the Secretary of State and shall be the chairman of the Board, (2) the Deputy Secretary of Defense, who shall represent the Secretary of Defense, (3) the Director of the Foreign Operations Administration, (4) the Director of Central Intelligence, (5) the Director of the United States Information Agency, and (6) one or more representatives of the President to be designated by the President. Each head of agency referred to in items (1) to (5), inclusive, in this section 1 (b) may provide for an alternate member who shall serve as a member of the Board in lieu of the regular member representing the agency concerned when such regular member is for reasons beyond his control unable to attend any meeting of the Board; and any alternate member shall while serving as such have in all respects the same status as a member of the Board as does the regular member in lieu of whom he serves.”

“(d) The Special Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs may attend any meeting of the Board.”

DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER

THE WHITE HOUSE,
February 28, 1955.

[F. R. Doc. 55-1831; Filed, Feb. 28, 1955;
11:07 a. m.]

TAB
29

TAB 30

TAB
30

Chapter 368 - 1st Session
H. R. 6829

AN ACT

All 69 Stat. 324.

To authorize certain construction at military, naval, and Air Force installations,
and for other purposes.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the
United States of America in Congress assembled,*

Military,
naval, and
Air Force
construction.

TITLE I

SEC. 101. The Secretary of the Army is authorized to establish or
develop military installations and facilities by the acquisition, con-
struction, conversion, rehabilitation, or installation of permanent or
temporary public works in respect of the following projects, which
include site preparation, appurtenances, and related utilities and
equipment:

CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES

TECHNICAL SERVICES FACILITIES

(Ordnance Corps)

Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland: Troop housing, community
facilities, utilities, and family housing, \$1,736,000.

Black Hills Ordnance Depot, South Dakota: Family housing,
\$1,428,000.

Blue Grass Ordnance Depot, Kentucky: Operational and mainte-
nance facilities, \$509,000.

Erie Ordnance Depot, Ohio: Operational and maintenance facilities
and utilities, \$1,933,000.

Frankford Arsenal, Pennsylvania: Utilities, \$855,000.

Lordstown Ordnance Depot, Ohio: Operational and maintenance
facilities, \$875,000.

Pueblo Ordnance Depot, Colorado: Operational and maintenance
facilities, \$1,843,000.

Red River Arsenal, Texas: Operational and maintenance facilities,
\$140,000.

Redstone Arsenal, Alabama: Research and development facilities
and community facilities, \$2,865,000.

Rock Island Arsenal, Illinois: Operational and maintenance facil-
ities, \$347,000.

Rosford Ordnance Depot, Ohio: Utilities, \$400,000.

Savanna Ordnance Depot, Illinois: Operational and maintenance
facilities, \$342,000.

Seneca Ordnance Depot, New York: Community facilities, \$129,000.

Sierra Ordnance Depot, California: Operational and maintenance
facilities, \$1,075,000.

White Sands Proving Ground, New Mexico: Troop supporting
facility, and research and development facilities, \$1,247,000.

Wingate Ordnance Depot, New Mexico: Operational and mainte-
nance facilities, \$632,000.

(Quartermaster Corps)

Atlanta General Depot, Georgia: Storage facilities, \$84,000.

Belle Meade General Depot, New Jersey: Operational and mainte-
nance facilities, \$174,000.

Fort Lee, Virginia: Troop housing, community facilities, medical
facility, storage facilities, training facilities, operational and mainte-
nance facilities, and family housing, \$8,589,000.

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Memphis General Depot, Tennessee: Family housing, \$99,000.
 New Cumberland General Depot, Pennsylvania: Family housing,
 \$568,000.
 Sharpe General Depot, California: Utilities and family housing,
 \$337,000.

(Chemical Corps)

Army Chemical Center, Maryland: Troop housing, storage facilities, operational and maintenance facilities, and utilities, \$1,248,000.
 Deseret Chemical Depot, Utah: Maintenance facilities, \$92,000.
 Camp Detrick, Maryland: Utilities, \$452,000.
 Dugway Proving Ground, Utah: Troop housing, hospital and medical facilities, operational and maintenance facilities, and family housing, \$1,129,000.
 Pine Bluff Arsenal (including Midwest Chemical Depot), Arkansas: Land acquisition, \$3,000.
 Rocky Mountain Arsenal, Colorado: Operational and maintenance facilities and utilities, \$773,000.

(Signal Corps)

Decatur Signal Depot, Illinois: Operational and maintenance facilities, \$303,000.
 Fort Huachuca, Arizona: Airfield pavements, community facilities, storage facilities, operational and maintenance facilities, utilities, troop housing, and family housing, \$5,913,000.
 Lexington Signal Depot, Kentucky: Maintenance facility, and family housing, \$538,000.
 Fort Monmouth, New Jersey: Community facilities, \$615,000.
 Sacramento Signal Depot, California: Troop housing, maintenance facility, and family housing, \$715,000.
 Tobyhanna Signal Depot, Pennsylvania: Troop housing, \$649,000.
 Two Rock Ranch Station, California: Community facilities, and family housing, \$1,298,000.
 Vint Hill Farms Station, Virginia: Community facilities, storage facility, and operational and maintenance facility, \$695,000.

(Corps of Engineers)

Army Map Service, Maryland: Operational and maintenance facility, \$62,000.
 Fort Belvoir, Virginia: Troop housing, community facilities, research and development facilities, operational and maintenance facilities, utilities, and family housing, \$4,608,000.
 Granite City Engineer Depot, Illinois: Operational and maintenance facilities, and family housing, \$1,822,000.
 Marion Engineer Depot, Ohio: Storage facilities and utilities, \$1,146,000.

(Transportation Corps)

Brooklyn Army Base, New York: Utilities, \$1,055,000.
 Charleston Transportation Depot, South Carolina: Storage facilities and utilities, \$329,000.
 Fort Eustis, Virginia: Troop housing, community facilities, training facilities, medical facility, and operational and maintenance facilities, \$6,597,000.

New Orleans Army Base, Louisiana : Storage facility, \$117,000.

Oakland Army Base, California : Community facilities, storage facilities, and operational and maintenance facilities, \$1,923,000.

Fort Story, Virginia : Utilities, \$41,000.

West Coast Ammunition Terminal, California : Land acquisition, \$3,209,000.

(Medical Corps)

William Beaumont Army Hospital, Texas : Hospital and medical facilities, \$586,000.

Brooke Army Medical Center, Texas : Hospital and medical facilities, \$549,000.

Madigan Army Hospital, Washington : Hospital and medical facilities, \$333,000.

Walter Reed Army Medical Center, District of Columbia : Hospital facilities, and research and development facilities, \$3,557,000.

FIELD FORCES FACILITIES

(First Army Area)

Fort Devens, Massachusetts : Troop housing, administrative facilities, and family housing, \$7,275,000.

Fort Dix, New Jersey : Community facilities, medical facilities, administrative facilities, and family housing, \$6,698,000.

Fort Jay, New York : Waterfront facilities, \$731,000.

Fort Niagara, New York : Storage facilities, \$209,000.

Fort Totten, New York : Utilities, \$170,000.

(Second Army Area)

Fort Holabird, Maryland : Troop housing, \$612,000.

Fort Knox, Kentucky : Troop housing, training and administrative facilities, community facilities, medical facilities, operational and maintenance facilities, and family housing, \$8,990,000.

Fort George G. Meade, Maryland : Community facilities, training and medical facilities, and operational and maintenance facilities, \$923,000.

(Third Army Area)

Fort Benning, Georgia : Troop housing, community facilities, training and administrative facilities, medical facilities, storage facilities, operational and maintenance facilities, and family housing, \$10,392,000.

Fort Bragg, North Carolina : Troop housing, community facilities, training and administrative facilities, medical facilities, airfield pavements, operational and maintenance facilities, and family housing, \$15,659,000.

Fort Campbell, Kentucky : Troop housing, community facilities, training and administrative facilities, medical facilities, operational and maintenance facilities, and family housing, \$12,377,000.

Camp Gordon, Georgia : Community facilities, \$261,000.

Camp Jackson, South Carolina : Medical facilities, \$5,000,000.

Fort McClellan, Alabama : Community facilities, storage facilities, operational and maintenance facilities, and family housing, \$2,611,000.

Camp Rucker, Alabama : Airfield pavements, and operational and maintenance facilities, \$2,070,000.

Camp Stewart, Georgia : Troop housing, storage facilities, and operational and maintenance facilities, \$967,000.

(Fourth Army Area)

Fort Bliss, Texas: Troop housing, community facilities, training and administrative facilities, and operational and maintenance facilities, \$4,645,000.

Fort Hood, Texas: Troop housing, community facilities, training and administrative facilities, medical facilities, operational and maintenance facilities, and family housing, \$12,922,000.

Fort Sam Houston, Texas: Troop housing and operational facilities, \$805,000.

Fort Sill, Oklahoma: Community facilities, medical facilities, operational and maintenance facilities, and land acquisition, \$3,053,000.

(Fifth Army Area)

Fort Carson, Colorado: Troop housing, community facilities, training and administrative facilities, medical facilities, airfield pavements, storage facilities, and operational and maintenance facilities, \$7,487,000.

Fort Leavenworth, Kansas: Hospital and medical facilities, training facilities, and operational facilities, \$8,615,000.

Camp Lucas, Michigan: Community facilities, \$145,000.

Fort Riley, Kansas: Troop housing, community facilities, training and administrative facilities, medical facilities, storage facilities, operational and maintenance facilities, and family housing, \$8,657,000.

Fort Sheridan, Illinois: Storage facilities, and family housing, \$1,528,000.

(Sixth Army Area)

Camp Hanford, Washington: Waterfront facilities, \$167,000.

Fort Lewis, Washington: Troop housing, community facilities, training facilities, medical facilities, storage facilities, operational and maintenance facilities, and family housing, \$15,275,000.

Presidio of Monterey, California: Troop housing and training facilities, \$1,878,000.

Fort Ord, California: Community facilities, medical facilities, and utilities, \$1,407,000.

Presidio of San Francisco, California: Liquid fuel dispensing facilities, \$144,000.

United States Disciplinary Barracks, California: Community facilities, \$184,000.

Yuma Test Station, Arizona: Family housing, \$709,000.

(Military Academy)

United States Military Academy, New York: Community facilities and utilities, \$756,000.

(Armed Forces Special Weapons Project)

Sandia Base, New Mexico: Family housing, \$1,231,000.

Various installations: Maintenance facilities, community facilities, and utilities, \$3,014,000.

(Tactical Installations)

Various locations: Family housing, \$8,135,000.

(Rehabilitation)

Various locations: Rehabilitation of facilities for family housing, \$2,661,000.

OUTSIDE CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES

(Alaskan Area)

Big Delta: Troop housing and community facilities, and family housing, \$3,638,000.

Eielson Air Force Base: Maintenance and storage facility, \$1,047,000.

Ladd Air Force Base: Storage facilities and liquid fuel dispensing facilities, \$266,000.

Fort Richardson: Troop housing, community facilities, storage facilities, operational and maintenance facilities, and utilities, \$9,079,000.

Whittier: Community facilities, and operational and maintenance facilities, \$1,183,000.

Wildwood Station (Kenai): Troop housing and community facilities, \$469,000.

Various locations: Rehabilitation of facilities for family housing, \$1,656,000.

(Far East Command Area)

Okinawa: Community, troop supporting, and medical facilities, operational, maintenance, and administrative facilities, utilities, family housing, and land acquisition and resettlement, \$42,983,000 of which sum the total amount available for resettlement may be paid in advance to the Government of the Ryukyu Islands.

(Pacific Command Area)

Helemano, Hawaii: Family housing, \$714,000.

Camp O'Donnel, Philippine Islands: Utilities, \$832,000.

Schofield Barracks, Hawaii: Storage and community facilities, \$3,162,000.

Waiawa (Waipio) Radio Transmitting Station, Hawaii: Community facilities, and family housing, \$363,000.

(Icelandic Command Area)

Keflavik Airport: Operational and training facilities, and family housing, \$3,793,000.

Classified installations: Family housing, \$5,799,000.

SEC. 102. The Secretary of the Army is authorized to establish or develop classified military installations and facilities by the acquisition of land and the construction, rehabilitation, or installation of permanent or temporary public works, including site preparation, appurtenances, and related utilities and equipment, in a total amount of \$223,993,000. Classified installations and facilities.

SEC. 103. The Secretary of the Army is authorized through the construction, rehabilitation, or installation of permanent or temporary public works, including site preparation, appurtenances, and related utilities and equipment, to restore or replace facilities damaged or destroyed in a total amount of \$10,000,000. Replacement of damaged facilities.

SEC. 104. Public Law 534, Eighty-second Congress, is hereby amended as follows:

(a) Strike so much thereof under the heading "Continental United States" and subheading "Field Forces Facilities" (Second Army Area) in section 101 as follows:

66 Stat. 606.

"Fort Knox, Kentucky: Training buildings and facilities, research and development facilities, maintenance facilities, land acquisition, and utilities, \$11,411,000."

and insert in lieu thereof the following:

"Fort Knox, Kentucky: Training buildings and facilities, maintenance facilities, land acquisition, and utilities, \$9,411,000."

66 Stat. 608. (b) Strike so much thereof under the heading "Continental United States" and subheading "Technical Service Facilities" (Army Medical Service) in section 101 as follows:

"Walter Reed Army Medical Center, Washington, District of Columbia: Operational facilities and research and development facilities, \$731,000."

and insert in lieu thereof the following:

"Walter Reed Army Medical Center, Washington, District of Columbia, and Forest Glen, Maryland: Operational facilities, and research and development facilities, \$2,731,000."

68 Stat. 535. SEC. 105. Public Law 534, Eighty-third Congress, is hereby amended by striking so much thereof under the heading "Continental United States" and subheading "(Signal Corps)" in section 101 as follows:

"Department of the Army transmitting station, vicinity of Woodbridge, Virginia:"

and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"Department of the Army transmitting station, vicinity of Camp Detrick, Maryland:"

TITLE II

Navy.

SEC. 201. The Secretary of the Navy is authorized to establish or develop naval installations and facilities by the acquisition, construction, conversion, rehabilitation, or installation of permanent or temporary public works in respect of the following projects, which include site preparation, appurtenances, and related utilities and equipment:

CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES

SHIPYARD FACILITIES

Naval shipyard, Boston, Massachusetts: Utilities and replacement of piers, \$8,441,000.

Naval shipyard, Puget Sound, Bremerton, Washington: Drydock facilities, including plans and specifications, \$2,200,000.

David Taylor Model Basin, Carderock, Maryland: Research and development facilities, \$14,302,000.

Naval industrial reserve shipyard, Charleston, South Carolina: Land acquisition, \$427,000.

Naval minecraft base, Charleston, South Carolina: Site preparation, waterfront facilities, administrative facilities, training facilities, utilities, and land acquisition, \$5,800,000.

Naval shipyard, Mare Island, Vallejo, California: Waterfront facilities and sand-blasting facilities, \$4,553,000.

Naval shipyard, Norfolk, Virginia: Replacement of wharf, \$308,000.

Naval underwater sound laboratory, New London, Connecticut: Family housing, \$66,600.

Naval mine countermeasures station, Panama City, Florida: Administrative facilities, community facilities, training facilities, helicopter facilities, ammunition storage facilities, waterfront facilities, research and development facilities, and land acquisition, \$3,379,000.

Naval shipyard, Portsmouth, New Hampshire: Utilities, and drydock facilities, \$946,000.

Naval electronics laboratory, San Diego, California: Land acquisition, \$143,000.

Naval repair facility, San Diego, California: Utilities, \$629,000.

Naval shipyard, San Francisco, California: Waterfront facilities, steam test facilities, and land acquisition, \$4,369,000.

FLEET BASE FACILITIES

Navy Department, District of Columbia: Family housing, \$81,000.

Naval station, Green Cove Springs, Florida: Utilities, \$72,000.

Naval station, Newport, Rhode Island: Personnel facilities, \$1,583,000.

Naval base, Norfolk, Virginia: Waterfront facilities, pavements, utilities, and land acquisition, \$9,972,000.

Naval station, Orange, Texas: Personnel facilities, \$399,000.

Naval station, San Diego, California: Utilities, \$57,000.

Naval station, Treasure Island, San Francisco, California: Personnel facilities, and utilities, \$3,147,000.

Naval station, Tacoma, Washington: Waterfront facilities, \$3,024,000.

Naval station, Tongue Point, Astoria, Oregon: Personnel facilities, \$92,000.

AVIATION FACILITIES

(Naval Air Training Stations)

Naval auxiliary landing field, Alice-Orange Grove Area, Texas: Airfield pavements, and land acquisition, \$1,487,000.

Naval auxiliary air station, Barin Field, Foley, Alabama: Airfield lighting facilities, \$151,000.

Naval auxiliary air station, Chase Field, Texas: Storage facilities, fuel dispensing facilities, operational facilities, personnel facilities, community facilities, land acquisition, and family housing, \$1,953,500.

Naval air station, Corpus Christi, Texas: Navigational aids, training facilities, and land acquisition, \$664,000.

Naval air station, Glynco, Georgia: Aircraft, station and equipment maintenance facilities, administrative facilities, and utilities, \$1,886,000.

Naval air station, Hutchinson, Kansas: Utilities, \$81,000.

Naval auxiliary air station, Kingsville, Texas: Aircraft maintenance facilities, operational facilities, navigational aids, storage facilities, maintenance facilities, personnel facilities, community facilities, and land acquisition, \$3,686,000.

Naval air station, Memphis, Tennessee: Utilities, \$759,000.

Naval air station, Pensacola, Florida: Airfield pavements, navigational aids, personnel facilities, fuel dispensing facilities, operational facilities, research and development facilities, ammunition storage facilities, land acquisition, and plans and specifications for aircraft overhaul and repair facilities, \$3,453,000.

Naval auxiliary air station, Port Isabel, Texas: Airfield pavements, aircraft maintenance facilities, operational facilities, administrative facilities, community facilities, fuel storage facilities, ammunition storage and ordnance facilities, security facilities, utilities, and land acquisition, \$5,544,000.

Naval auxiliary air station, New Iberia, Louisiana: Aircraft maintenance facilities, airfield pavements, operational facilities, navigational aids, maintenance facilities, communication facilities, training facilities, administrative facilities, fuel storage and dispensing facilities, covered and cold storage facilities, ammunition storage facilities, personnel facilities, medical facilities, community facilities, utilities, and land acquisition, \$24,361,000.

(Fleet Support Air Stations)

Naval air station, Alameda, California: Aircraft maintenance facilities, seadrome lighting facilities, seawall, dredging, and land acquisition, \$3,729,000.

Naval air station, Atlantic City, New Jersey: Storage facilities, and utilities, \$233,000.

Naval auxiliary air station, Brown Field, California: Family housing, \$214,600.

Naval air station, Brunswick, Maine: Airfield pavements, airfield lighting facilities, communication facilities, storage facilities, ammunition storage facilities, personnel facilities, community facilities, utilities, and land acquisition, \$3,200,000.

Naval air station, Cecil Field, Florida: Aircraft maintenance facilities, airfield pavements, operational facilities, covered storage facilities, ammunition storage and ordnance facilities, fuel dispensing facilities, security facilities, personnel facilities, community facilities, and utilities, \$7,400,000.

Naval auxiliary air station, El Centro, California: Ordnance facilities, and land acquisition, \$366,000.

Naval auxiliary air station, Fallon, Nevada: Operational facilities, community facilities, and personnel facilities, \$1,041,000.

Naval air station, Jacksonville, Florida: Airfield pavements, communication facilities, operational facilities, and land acquisition, \$2,224,000.

Naval air station, Key West, Florida: Fuel storage facilities, and boathouse, \$211,000.

Naval auxiliary landing field, Mayport, Florida: Waterfront facilities, communication facilities, and security facilities, \$738,000.

Naval air station, Miramar, California: Storage facilities, training facilities, personnel facilities, fuel dispensing facilities, community facilities, and utilities, \$4,370,000.

Naval air station, Moffett Field, California: Fuel pipeline facilities, airfield pavements, and operational facilities, \$2,581,000.

Naval air station, Norfolk, Virginia: Aircraft maintenance facilities, training facilities, communication facilities, operational facilities, \$4,660,000.

Naval air station, Oceana, Virginia: Airfield pavements, storage facilities, personnel facilities, maintenance facilities, community facilities, and fuel dispensing facilities, \$5,281,000.

Naval air station, Quonset Point, Rhode Island: Airfield lighting facilities, operational facilities, and utilities, \$1,062,000.

Naval air station, San Diego, California: Training facilities, operational facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, fuel dispensing facilities, and utilities, \$2,748,000.

Naval auxiliary air station, Sanford, Florida: Family housing, \$188,900.

Naval air facility, Weeksville, North Carolina: Cold storage facilities, and maintenance facilities, \$342,000.

Naval air station, Whidbey Island, Washington: Airfield pavements, airfield lighting facilities, training facilities, and land acquisition, \$1,958,000.

Outlying field, Whitehouse Field, Duval County, Florida: Airfield pavements, and land acquisition, \$1,087,000.

(Marine Corps Air Stations)

Marine Corps auxiliary air station, Beaufort, South Carolina: Airfield pavements, communications facilities, navigational aids, fuel dispensing facilities, operational facilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, community facilities, and land acquisition, \$4,649,000.

Marine Corps air station, Cherry Point, North Carolina: Airfield pavements, aircraft maintenance facilities, waterfront facilities, navigational aids, airfield lighting facilities, ammunition storage and ordnance facilities, operational facilities, and land acquisition, \$1,762,000.

Marine Corps air station, El Toro, California: Airfield pavements, training facilities, communication facilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, community facilities, and land acquisition, \$2,492,000.

Marine Corps auxiliary air station, Edenton, North Carolina: Family housing, \$1,421,500.

Marine Corps air station, Miami, Florida: Land acquisition, \$1,223,000.

Marine Corps auxiliary air station, Mojave, California: Maintenance facilities, land acquisition, and family housing, \$2,305,400.

Marine Corps air facility, New River, North Carolina: Airfield pavements, medical facilities, administrative facilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, community facilities, operational facilities, training facilities, and utilities, \$2,762,000.

(Special Purpose Air Stations)

Naval auxiliary air station, Chincoteague, Virginia: Aircraft maintenance facilities, medical facilities, and operational facilities, \$2,858,000.

Naval ordnance test station, Inyokern, California: Research and development facilities, \$2,615,000.

Naval air station, Lakehurst, New Jersey: Research and development facilities, storage facilities, navigational aids, and aircraft maintenance facilities, \$16,311,000.

Naval air test center, Patuxent River, Maryland: Airfield pavements, aircraft maintenance facilities, oil storage facilities, and utilities, \$8,677,000.

Naval air missile test center, Point Mugu, California: Aircraft maintenance facilities, communication facilities, and research and development facilities, \$926,000.

Naval air station, South Weymouth, Massachusetts: Testing facilities, \$270,000.

Naval photographic interpretation center, Suitland, Maryland: Operational and photographic preservation facilities, \$2,345,000.

Various locations: Land acquisition, and obstruction removal, for flight clearance, \$23,000,000.

SUPPLY FACILITIES

Naval fuel depot, Jacksonville, Florida: Family housing, \$15,200.

Naval supply depot, Newport, Rhode Island: Waterfront facilities, administrative facilities, and utilities, \$1,041,000.

Naval supply center, Norfolk, Virginia: Cold storage facilities, and warehouse freight elevators, \$399,000.

Naval supply center, Oakland, California: Utilities, and easement, \$62,000.

MARINE CORPS FACILITIES

Marine Corps supply center, Albany, Georgia: Storage facilities, community facilities, cold-storage facilities, personnel facilities, and utilities, \$3,157,000.

Marine Corps supply center, Barstow, California: Storage facilities, community facilities, cold-storage facilities, personnel facilities, security facilities, and land acquisition, \$501,000.

Marine Corps base, Camp Lejeune, North Carolina: Personnel facilities, security facilities, and utilities, \$1,059,000.

Marine Corps recruit depot, Parris Island, South Carolina: Training facilities, maintenance facilities, and utilities, \$1,654,000.

Marine Corps base, Camp Pendleton, California: Utilities, \$648,000.

Marine Corps clothing depot, Annex Numbered 3, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania: Utilities, \$30,000.

Marine Corps schools, Quantico, Virginia: Covered and ammunition-storage facilities, medical facilities, training and personnel facilities, utilities, and land acquisition, \$8,857,000.

Marine Corps recruit depot, San Diego, California: Pavements, and personnel facilities, \$120,000.

Marine Corps training center, Twenty-nine Palms, California: Family housing, \$47,300.

ORDNANCE FACILITIES

Naval ammunition depot, Charleston, South Carolina: Ordnance facilities, \$193,000.

Naval aviation ordnance test station, Chincoteague, Virginia: Research and development facilities, \$644,000.

Naval proving ground, Dahlgren, Virginia: Land acquisition, \$200,000.

Naval ordnance aerophysics laboratory, Daingerfield, Texas: Research and development facilities, \$1,111,000.

Naval ammunition depot, Earle, New Jersey: Refrigerated storage facilities, \$59,000.

Naval ammunition depot, Fallbrook, California: Ordnance and ammunition storage facilities, \$514,000.

Naval ammunition depot, Hawthorne, Nevada: Barricaded sidings, and utilities, \$1,424,000.

Naval powder factory, Indian Head, Maryland: Research and development facilities, and utilities, \$1,107,000.

Naval ordnance test station, Inyokern, California: Community facilities, \$375,000.

Naval torpedo station, Keyport, Washington: Ordnance facilities, \$376,000.

Naval ordnance plant, Louisville, Kentucky: Ordnance drawings storage facilities, \$927,000.

Naval ordnance plant, Macon, Georgia: Ordnance manufacturing facilities, \$3,800,000.

Naval underwater ordnance station, Newport, Rhode Island: Testing facilities, \$370,000.

Naval magazine, Port Chicago, California: Ordnance facilities, \$241,000.

Naval ammunition depot, Saint Juliens Creek, Virginia: Utilities, \$420,000.

Naval ammunition and net depot, Seal Beach, California: Water-front facilities, \$1,029,000.

Naval ammunition depot, Shumaker, Arkansas: Barricaded transfer depot facilities, \$765,000.

Naval ordnance laboratory, White Oak, Maryland: Research and development facilities, \$1,976,000.

Naval mine depot, Yorktown, Virginia: Ammunition storage and testing facilities, \$113,000.

SERVICE SCHOOL FACILITIES

Naval Academy, Annapolis, Maryland: Utilities, \$182,000.

Naval station, Annapolis, Maryland: Personnel facilities, \$307,000.

Naval receiving station, Charleston, South Carolina: Community facilities, \$553,000.

Naval amphibious base, Coronado, California: Personnel facilities, \$1,402,000.

Fleet air defense training center, Dam Neck, Virginia: Training facilities, and personnel facilities, \$1,942,000.

Naval training center, Great Lakes, Illinois: Training facilities, and personnel facilities, \$4,338,000.

Naval powder factory, Indian Head, Maryland: Personnel facilities, \$780,000.

Naval postgraduate school, Monterey, California: Personnel facilities, \$119,000.

Naval receiving station, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania: Personnel facilities, \$1,428,000.

Naval retraining command, Portsmouth, New Hampshire: Security facilities, \$42,000.

Fleet sonar school, San Diego, California: Training facilities, \$2,753,000.

MEDICAL FACILITIES

National naval medical center, Bethesda, Maryland: Plans and specifications for the Armed Forces Medical Library, \$350,000.

Naval hospital, Chelsea, Massachusetts: Family housing, \$192,800.

Naval hospital, Corona, California: Family housing, and conversion of existing structures to family housing, \$256,800.

Naval hospital, Great Lakes, Illinois: Plans and specifications for certain medical facilities, \$750,000.

Naval hospital, Jacksonville, Florida: Retaining wall, \$46,000.

Naval submarine base, New London, Connecticut: Medical research facilities, \$755,000.

Naval hospital, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania: Utilities, \$60,000.

COMMUNICATIONS FACILITIES

Naval radio station, Northwest, Virginia: Communication facilities, \$436,000.

OFFICE OF NAVAL RESEARCH FACILITIES

Naval research laboratory, Washington, District of Columbia: Research facilities, and utilities, \$163,000.

Naval research laboratory, Chesapeake Bay Annex, Randle Cliffs, Maryland: Research facilities, and land acquisition, \$52,000.

YARDS AND DOCKS FACILITIES

Naval construction battalion center, Davisville, Rhode Island: Waterfront facilities, and storage facilities, \$5,397,000.

Public works center, Norfolk, Virginia: Utilities, \$2,510,000.

Naval construction battalion center, Port Hueneme, California:
Maintenance facilities, \$1,225,000.

Various locations: Facilities for abatement of water pollution, including the acquisition of land, \$15,149,000.

OUTSIDE CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES

SHIPYARD FACILITIES

Fleet activities, Sasebo, Japan: Personnel facilities, \$57,000.

FLEET BASE FACILITIES

Naval station, Adak, Alaska: Family housing, \$2,485,000.

Naval base, Guam, Mariana Islands: Administrative facilities, \$1,835,000.

Naval Base, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba: Utilities, \$56,000.

Naval base, Subic Bay, Philippine Islands: Personnel facilities, medical facilities, utilities, and family housing, \$15,253,700.

Fleet activities, Yokosuka, Japan: Family housing, \$6,540,800.

AVIATION FACILITIES

Naval air station, Agana, Guam, Mariana Islands: Airfield pavements, operational facilities, personnel facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, and utilities, \$6,525,000.

Naval station, Argentia, Newfoundland: Operational facilities, and family housing, \$3,589,800.

Naval air station, Atsugi, Japan: Personnel facilities, and family housing, \$1,978,800.

Naval station, Bermuda, British West Indies: Aircraft maintenance facilities, \$91,000.

Naval air facility, Cubi Point, Philippine Islands: Airfield pavements, aircraft maintenance facilities, earthwork, personnel facilities, communication facilities, ordnance facilities, fuel-dispensing facilities, and utilities, \$8,260,000.

Naval air station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba: Fuel pipeline facilities, community facilities, utilities, and family housing, \$2,977,300.

Naval air facility, Iwakuni, Japan: Personnel facilities, \$975,000.

Marine Corps air station, Kaneohe Bay, Territory of Hawaii: Airfield pavements, fuel-dispensing facilities, and family housing, \$3,227,600.

Naval station, Kodiak, Alaska: Family housing, \$2,613,100.

Naval station, Kwajalein, Marshall Islands: Communication facilities, ammunition storage facilities, and personnel facilities, \$4,411,000.

Naval station, Midway Islands, Territory of Hawaii: Communication facilities and operational facilities, \$1,518,000.

Naples, Italy: Operational facilities and storage facilities, \$155,000.

Naval air facility, Port Lyautey, French Morocco: Cold-storage facilities, and family housing, \$1,958,500.

Naval station, Roosevelt Roads, Puerto Rico: Operational facilities and airfield pavements, \$3,721,000.

Naval station, Sangley Point, Philippine Islands: Family housing, \$522,900.

SUPPLY FACILITIES

Naval supply depot, Guam, Mariana Islands: Waterfront facilities and storage facilities, \$5,427,000.

Naval supply depot, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba: Cold-storage facilities, \$1,318,000.

Naval supply center, Pearl Harbor, Territory of Hawaii: Operational facilities, utilities, and land acquisition, \$270,000.

ORDNANCE FACILITIES

Naval ammunition depot, Oahu, Territory of Hawaii: Testing facilities, and railroad facilities and barricades, \$1,132,000.

Naval ordnance facility, Sasebo, Japan: Personnel facilities, \$66,000.

SERVICE SCHOOL FACILITIES

Fleet training center, Pearl Harbor, Territory of Hawaii: Training facilities, \$44,000.

MEDICAL FACILITIES

Naval hospital, Guam, Mariana Islands: Community facilities, \$269,000.

COMMUNICATION FACILITIES

Naval communication station, Adak, Alaska: Communication facilities, \$439,000.

Naval radio facility, Kami-Seya, Japan: Communication facilities, and family housing, \$2,564,700.

Naval communication station, Kodiak, Alaska: Site preparation, communication facilities, maintenance facilities, personnel facilities, and utilities, \$6,991,000.

Naval communication facility, Philippine Islands: Communication facilities, community facilities, utilities, and family housing, \$8,061,500.

Naval communication facility, Port Lyautey, French Morocco: Storage facilities, personnel facilities, community facilities, utilities, and family housing, \$2,848,600.

YARDS AND DOCKS FACILITIES

Fifteenth Naval District, Canal Zone: Utilities, and acquisition of family housing, \$3,069,000.

Guam, Mariana Islands: Utilities, \$940,000.

Sec. 202. The Secretary of the Navy is authorized to establish or develop classified naval installations and facilities by the acquisition of land, and the construction, conversion, rehabilitation, or installation of permanent or temporary public works, including site preparation, appurtenances, utilities, equipment and family housing, in the total amount of \$151,342,400. ^{Classified installations and facilities.}

Sec. 203. The Secretary of the Navy is authorized through the construction, rehabilitation or installation of permanent or temporary public works, including site preparation, appurtenances, and related utilities and equipment, to restore or replace facilities damaged or destroyed in a total amount of \$6,000,000. ^{Replacement of damaged facilities.}

TITLE III

Air Force.

SEC. 301. The Secretary of the Air Force is hereby authorized to establish or develop Air Force installations and facilities by the acquisition, construction, conversion, rehabilitation, or installation of permanent or temporary public works in respect of the following projects, which include site preparation, appurtenances and related utilities, equipment and facilities:

CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES

AIR DEFENSE COMMAND

Buckingham Weapons Center, Fort Myers, Florida: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, communications and navigational aids, operational facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, troop housing and messing facilities, utilities, land acquisition, medical facilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, administrative facilities, shop facilities, and family housing, \$11,577,000.

Duluth Municipal Airport, Duluth, Minnesota: Airfield pavements, aircraft maintenance facilities, utilities, medical facilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, and shop facilities, \$1,200,000.

Ent Air Force Base, Colorado Springs, Colorado: Utilities, personnel facilities, and family housing, \$1,808,000.

Ethan Allen Air Force Base, Winooski, Vermont: Fuel dispensing facilities, airfield lighting, and utilities, \$213,000.

Geiger Field, Spokane, Washington: Airfield pavements, troop housing, storage facilities, and family housing, \$1,716,000.

Glasgow site, Montana: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, navigational aids and airfield lighting facilities, operational facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, training facilities, utilities, medical facilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, administrative and community facilities, shop facilities, and family housing, \$4,706,000.

Grand Forks site, North Dakota: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, communications, navigational aids and airfield lighting facilities, operational facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, training facilities, troop housing, utilities, land acquisition, medical facilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, administrative and community facilities, shop facilities, and family housing, \$5,822,000.

Grandview Air Force Base, Kansas City, Missouri: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, airfield lighting facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, training facilities, utilities, land acquisition, storage facilities, personnel facilities, and family housing, \$3,402,000.

Greater Milwaukee area, Wisconsin, air base to be known as "Richard Bong Air Force Base": Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, communications and navigational aids, operational facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, troop housing and messing facilities, utilities, land acquisition, medical facilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, administrative and community facilities, shop facilities, and family housing, \$16,608,000.

Greater Pittsburgh Airport, Coraopolis, Pennsylvania: Training facilities, utilities, medical facilities, and personnel facilities, \$404,000.

Hamilton Air Force Base, San Rafael, California: Airfield pavements, operational facilities, troop housing, land acquisition, and personnel facilities, \$1,501,000.

Kinross Air Force Base, Sault Sainte Marie, Michigan: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, airfield lighting facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, training facilities, utilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, and family housing, \$2,029,000.

K. I. Sawyer Municipal Airport, Marquette, Michigan: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, airfield lighting facilities, operational facilities, utilities, personnel facilities, administrative facilities, relocation of facilities, and family housing, \$3,943,000.

Klamath Falls Municipal Airport, Klamath Falls, Oregon: Airfield pavements, relocation of facilities, utilities, land acquisition, medical facilities, personnel facilities, administrative facilities, and family housing, \$2,042,000.

McChord Air Force Base, Tacoma, Washington: Airfield pavements, training facilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, community facilities, and family housing, \$2,959,000.

McGhee-Tyson Airport, Knoxville, Tennessee: Airfield pavements, utilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, and shop facilities, \$582,000.

Minneapolis-St. Paul International Airport, Minneapolis, Minnesota: Airfield pavements, aircraft maintenance facilities, troop housing, storage facilities, personnel facilities, and community facilities, \$1,423,000.

Minot site, North Dakota: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, communications, navigational aids and airfield lighting facilities, operational facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, training facilities, troop housing, utilities, medical facilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, administrative and community facilities, and shop facilities, \$5,339,000.

New Castle County Municipal Airport, Wilmington, Delaware: Airfield pavements, airfield lighting facilities, land acquisition, and storage facilities, \$504,000.

Niagara Falls Municipal Airport, Niagara Falls, New York: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, airfield lighting facilities, operational facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, utilities, land acquisition, medical facilities, storage facilities, and personnel facilities, \$1,748,000.

Otis Air Force Base, Falmouth, Massachusetts: Airfield pavements, airfield lighting facilities, operational facilities, training facilities, messing facilities, medical facilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, administrative facilities, shop facilities, and family housing, \$6,076,000.

Oxnard Air Force Base, Oxnard, California: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, airfield lighting facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, training facilities, troop housing, utilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, and administrative facilities, \$2,445,000.

Paine Air Force Base, Everett, Washington: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, airfield lighting facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, land acquisition, storage facilities, and personnel facilities, \$1,039,000.

Portland International Airport, Portland, Oregon: Airfield pavements, utilities, storage facilities, and personnel facilities, \$554,000.

Presque Isle Air Force Base, Presque Isle, Maine: Airfield pavements, airfield lighting facilities, troop housing and messing facilities, land acquisition, storage facilities, and family housing, \$2,056,000.

Selfridge Air Force Base, Mount Clemens, Michigan: Airfield pavements, communications and airfield lighting facilities, troop housing and messing facilities, utilities, land acquisition, medical facilities, and personnel facilities, \$5,526,000.

Sioux City Municipal Airport, Sioux City, Iowa: Airfield pavements, airfield lighting facilities, and messing facilities, \$343,000.

Stewart Air Force Base, Newburgh, New York: Navigational aids and airfield lighting facilities, storage facilities, and community facilities, \$112,000.

Suffolk County Air Force Base, Westhampton, New York: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, airfield lighting facilities, troop housing, utilities, land acquisition, storage facilities, personnel facilities, and family housing, \$2,207,000.

Traverse City area, Michigan: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, operational facilities, training facilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, administrative and community facilities, and shop facilities, \$1,881,000.

Truax Field, Madison, Wisconsin: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, airfield lighting facilities, troop housing, land acquisition, storage facilities, personnel facilities, and shop facilities, \$1,263,000.

Wurtsmith Air Force Base, Oscoda, Michigan: Airfield pavements, airfield lighting facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, troop housing, utilities, storage facilities, administrative facilities, shop facilities, and family housing, \$2,511,000.

Youngstown Municipal Airport, Youngstown, Ohio: Airfield pavements, airfield lighting facilities, utilities, storage facilities, and personnel facilities, \$742,000.

Yuma County Airport, Yuma, Arizona: Airfield lighting facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, training facilities, troop housing, personnel facilities, and administrative facilities, \$2,107,000.

Various locations: Utilities, land acquisitions, storage facilities, and administrative facilities, \$14,196,000.

AIR MATERIEL COMMAND

Brookley Air Force Base, Mobile, Alabama: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, troop housing and messing facilities, utilities, and storage facilities, \$4,170,000.

Griffiss Air Force Base, Rome, New York: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, airfield lighting facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, troop housing, land acquisition, storage facilities, personnel facilities, administrative facilities, and family housing, \$15,803,000.

Hill Air Force Base, Ogden, Utah: Airfield pavements, and airfield lighting facilities, \$2,386,000.

Kelly Air Force Base, San Antonio, Texas: Airfield pavements, airfield lighting facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, and land acquisition, \$1,945,000.

McClellan Air Force Base, Sacramento, California: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, operational facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, training facilities, troop housing, utilities, land acquisition, and administrative facilities, \$9,522,000.

Norton Air Force Base, San Bernardino, California: Airfield pavements, airfield lighting facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, troop housing and messing facilities, land acquisition, and storage facilities, \$3,205,000.

Olmstead Air Force Base, Middletown, Pennsylvania: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, utilities, land acquisition, and storage facilities, \$21,264,000.

Robins Air Force Base, Macon, Georgia: Airfield pavements, communications and airfield lighting facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, troop housing, and land acquisition, \$3,375,000.

Searsport Air Force Tank Farm, Searsport, Maine: Fuel storage facilities, \$133,000.

Tinker Air Force Base, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma: Storage facilities, \$205,000.

Wilkins Air Force Station, Shelby, Ohio: Utilities, \$305,000.

Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Dayton, Ohio: Airfield pavements, training facilities, troop housing and messing facilities, utilities, land acquisition, and administrative facilities, \$12,001,000.

Various locations: Storage facilities, \$170,000.

AIR PROVING GROUND COMMAND

Eglin Air Force Base, Valparaiso, Florida: Airfield pavements, communications and navigational aids, troop housing and messing facilities, land acquisition, research, development and test facilities, and storage facilities, \$7,966,000.

AIR TRAINING COMMAND

Amarillo Air Force Base, Amarillo, Texas: Training facilities, \$98,000.

Bryan Air Force Base, Bryan, Texas: Troop housing and messing facilities, and utilities, \$914,000.

Chanute Air Force Base, Rantoul, Illinois: Land acquisition, \$3,000.

Craig Air Force Base, Selma, Alabama: Airfield pavements, troop housing, and land acquisition, \$1,650,000.

Ellington Air Force Base, Houston, Texas: Troop housing and messing facilities, land acquisition, and medical facilities, \$2,816,000.

Francis E. Warren Air Force Base, Cheyenne, Wyoming: Troop housing and messing facilities, \$1,403,000.

Goodfellow Air Force Base, San Angelo, Texas: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, troop housing and messing facilities, and land acquisition, \$4,081,000.

Greenville Air Force Base, Greenville, Mississippi: Aircraft maintenance facilities, land acquisition, and personnel facilities, \$349,000.

Headquarters technical training, Air Force, Gulfport, Mississippi: Acquisition of land and facilities, \$313,000.

Harlingen Air Force Base, Harlingen, Texas: Communications and navigational aids and troop housing, \$446,000.

James Connally Air Force Base, Waco, Texas: Troop housing and messing facilities, \$883,000.

Laredo Air Force Base, Laredo, Texas: Aircraft maintenance facilities, and family housing, \$1,525,500.

Laughlin Air Force Base, Del Rio, Texas: Airfield pavements, operational facilities, training facilities, land acquisition, and family housing, \$3,695,000.

Lowry Air Force Base, Denver, Colorado: Troop housing and messing facilities, \$1,217,000.

Luke Air Force Base, Phoenix, Arizona: Training facilities, troop housing and messing facilities, and land acquisition, \$1,557,000.

Mather Air Force Base, Sacramento, California: Communications and navigational aids, troop housing and messing facilities, and personnel facilities, \$1,516,000.

McConnell Air Force Base, Wichita, Kansas: Operational facilities, and land acquisition, \$104,000.

Moody Air Force Base, Valdosta, Georgia: Airfield pavements, aircraft maintenance facilities, troop housing and messing facilities, land acquisition, and family housing, \$4,322,000.

Nellis Air Force Base, Las Vegas, Nevada: Airfield pavements, aircraft maintenance facilities, and troop housing and messing facilities, \$1,153,000.

Perrin Air Force Base, Sherman, Texas: Troop housing and messing facilities, and land acquisition, \$956,000.

Randolph Air Force Base, San Antonio, Texas: Troop housing, \$549,000.

Reese Air Force Base, Lubbock, Texas: Troop housing and messing facilities, land acquisition, and personnel facilities, \$1,076,000.

Scott Air Force Base, Belleville, Illinois: Troop housing and messing facilities, \$1,247,000.

Sheppard Air Force Base, Wichita Falls, Texas: Messing facilities, \$80,000.

Stead Air Force Base, Reno, Nevada: Aircraft maintenance facilities, training facilities, troop housing, personnel facilities, and family housing, \$4,187,000.

Tyndall Air Force Base, Panama City, Florida: Airfield lighting facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, and land acquisition, \$478,000.

Vance Air Force Base, Enid, Oklahoma: Troop housing and messing facilities, and land acquisition, \$871,000.

Webb Air Force Base, Big Spring, Texas: Shop facilities, and family housing, \$2,410,000.

Williams Air Force Base, Chandler, Arizona: Operational facilities, and troop housing and messing facilities, \$1,045,000.

AIR UNIVERSITY

Gunter Air Force Base, Montgomery, Alabama: Troop housing, \$275,000.

Maxwell Air Force Base, Montgomery, Alabama: Troop housing and messing facilities, utilities, and medical facilities, \$2,661,000.

CONTINENTAL AIR COMMAND

Beale Air Force Base, Marysville, California: Land acquisition, personnel facilities, and family housing, \$2,125,500.

Brooks Air Force Base, San Antonio, Texas: Troop housing, \$590,000.

Dobbins Air Force Base, Marietta, Georgia: Airfield pavements, and personnel facilities, \$758,000.

Mitchel Air Force Base, Hempstead, New York: Airfield pavements, \$1,891,000.

Walters Air Force Base, Mineral Wells, Texas: Operational facilities, storage facilities, and personnel facilities, \$331,000.

HEADQUARTERS COMMAND

Bolling Air Force Base, Washington, D. C.: Personnel facilities, \$520,000.

MILITARY AIR TRANSPORT SERVICE

Andrews Air Force Base, Camp Springs, Maryland: Medical facilities, and personnel facilities, \$1,098,000.

Charleston Air Force Base, Charleston, South Carolina: Airfield pavements, operational facilities, personnel facilities, administrative and community facilities, and land acquisition, \$4,032,000.

Dover Air Force Base, Dover, Delaware: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, airfield lighting facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, land acquisition, personnel facilities, administrative facilities, and family housing, \$7,073,000.

McGuire Air Force Base, Wrightstown, New Jersey: Airfield pavements, airfield lighting facilities, operational facilities, utilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, and family housing, \$5,564,000.

Palm Beach Air Force Base, Palm Beach, Florida: Operational facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, troop housing and messing facilities, utilities, and personnel facilities, \$818,000.

Saint Louis Aeronautical Chart Information Center, Saint Louis, Missouri: Administrative facilities, \$861,000.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT COMMAND

Location to be determined: Headquarters building, \$6,000,000.

Carabelle Test Site, Carabelle, Florida: Land acquisition, \$1,000.

Edwards Air Force Base, Muroc, California: Airfield lighting facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, utilities, research, development and test facilities, personnel facilities, and community facilities, \$12,429,000.

Hartford Research Facility, Hartford, Connecticut: Research and development facilities, \$22,375,000.

Holloman Air Force Base, Alamogordo, New Mexico: Airfield pavements, airfield lighting facilities, utilities, research and development facilities, medical facilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, and community facilities, \$4,965,000.

Indian Springs Air Force Base (Kirtland Auxiliary Numbered 1), Clark, Nevada: Operational facilities, shop facilities, and family housing, \$555,500.

Kirtland Air Force Base, Albuquerque, New Mexico: Aircraft maintenance facilities, utilities, and shop facilities, \$905,000.

Laurence G. Hanscom Field, Bedford, Massachusetts: Airfield pavements, communications and airfield lighting facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, troop housing, utilities, land acquisition, research, and development facilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, shop facilities, and family housing, \$3,705,000.

Mount Washington Climatic Projects Laboratory, Mount Washington, New Hampshire: Research and development facilities, \$588,000.

Patrick Air Force Base, Cocoa, Florida: Airfield pavements, aircraft maintenance facilities, utilities, land acquisition, research and development facilities, and shop facilities, \$7,600,000.

Various locations: Research, development, and operational facilities, \$20,000,000.

STRATEGIC AIR COMMAND

Abilene Air Force Base, Abilene, Texas: Airfield pavements, fuel-dispensing facilities, training facilities, troop housing, utilities, land acquisition, medical facilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, and administrative and community facilities, \$4,214,000.

Altus Air Force Base, Altus, Oklahoma: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, airfield lighting facilities, operational facilities, training facilities, utilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, administrative facilities, and family housing, \$3,758,000.

Barksdale Air Force Base, Shreveport, Louisiana: Airfield pavements, fuel-dispensing facilities, communications and airfield lighting facilities, training facilities, medical facilities, storage facilities, and personnel facilities, \$7,379,000.

Bergstrom Air Force Base, Austin, Texas: Airfield pavements, operational facilities, utilities, land acquisition, personnel facilities, administrative facilities, and shop facilities, \$1,770,000.

Biggs Air Force Base, El Paso, Texas: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, operational facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, troop housing, storage facilities, and personnel facilities, \$5,063,000.

Campbell Air Force Base, Hopkinsville, Kentucky: Airfield pavements, communications, troop housing and messing facilities, utilities, land acquisition, and shop facilities, \$1,975,000.

Carswell Air Force Base, Fort Worth, Texas: Airfield pavements, airfield lighting facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, troop housing, utilities, medical facilities, personnel facilities, and land acquisition, \$5,929,000.

Castle Air Force Base, Merced, California: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, operational facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, utilities, land acquisition, storage facilities, and administrative facilities, \$5,550,000.

Clinton-Sherman Air Force Base, Clinton, Oklahoma: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, operational facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, training facilities, utilities, land acquisition, storage facilities, personnel facilities, administrative and community facilities, shop facilities, and family housing, \$10,208,500.

Columbus Air Force Base, Columbus, Mississippi: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, operational facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, training facilities, troop housing and messing facilities, utilities, land acquisition, medical facilities, storage facilities, administrative facilities, shop facilities, and family housing, \$6,629,000.

Davis-Monthan Air Force Base, Tucson, Arizona: Airfield pavements, training facilities, troop housing, medical facilities, storage facilities, and personnel facilities, \$7,803,000.

Dow Air Force Base, Bangor, Maine: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, operational facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, training facilities, troop housing, rehabilitation, land acquisition, personnel facilities, community facilities, and shop facilities, \$11,155,000.

Ellsworth Air Force Base, Rapid City, South Dakota: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, navigational aids and airfield lighting facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, troop housing, land acquisition, storage facilities, personnel facilities, and shop facilities, \$12,380,000.

Fairchild Air Force Base, Spokane, Washington: Airfield pavements, fuel-dispensing facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, training facilities, land acquisition, storage facilities, and personnel facilities, \$2,187,000.

Forbes Air Force Base, Topeka, Kansas: Airfield pavements, fuel-dispensing facilities, operational facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, utilities, land acquisition, medical facilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, and shop facilities, \$4,753,000.

Gray Air Force Base, Killeen, Texas: Troop housing, medical facilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, and community facilities, \$482,000.

Great Falls Air Force Base, Great Falls, Montana: Airfield pavements, communications, operational facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, training facilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, administrative and community facilities, and shop facilities, \$5,435,000.

Homestead Air Force Base, Homestead, Florida: Airfield pavements, fuel-dispensing facilities, airfield lighting facilities, operational facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, training facilities, utilities, medical facilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, and family housing, \$4,428,000.

Hunter Air Force Base, Savannah, Georgia: Airfield pavements, airfield lighting facilities, operational facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, training facilities, utilities, medical facilities, and personnel facilities, \$4,115,000.

Lake Charles Air Force Base, Lake Charles, Louisiana: Airfield pavements, fuel-dispensing facilities, airfield lighting facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, training facilities, troop housing, utilities, and personnel facilities, \$2,396,000.

Lincoln Air Force Base, Lincoln, Nebraska: Airfield pavements, fuel-dispensing facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, training facilities, land acquisition, medical facilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, and administrative facilities, \$6,595,000.

Little Rock Air Force Base, Little Rock, Arkansas: Airfield pavements, fuel-dispensing facilities, navigational aids and airfield lighting facilities, operational facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, training facilities, utilities, land acquisition, medical facilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, administrative and community facilities, and family housing, \$5,317,000.

Lockbourne Air Force Base, Columbus, Ohio: Airfield pavements, operational facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, training facilities, troop housing, utilities, land acquisition, medical facilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, and shop facilities, \$8,571,000.

Loring Air Force Base, Limestone, Maine: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, navigational aids, aircraft maintenance facilities, troop housing, utilities, land acquisition, personnel facilities, administrative and community facilities, and shop facilities, \$3,542,000.

MacDill Air Force Base, Tampa, Florida: Airfield pavements, airfield lighting facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, troop housing, land acquisition, and personnel facilities, \$5,251,000.

March Air Force Base, Riverside, California: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, airfield lighting facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, troop housing, land acquisition, and personnel facilities, \$3,741,000.

Mountain Home Air Force Base, Mountain Home, Idaho: Airfield pavements, operational facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, utilities, land acquisition, medical facilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, community facilities, and family housing, \$5,961,000.

Offutt Air Force Base, Omaha, Nebraska: Utilities, and land acquisition, \$128,000.

Pinecastle Air Force Base, Orlando, Florida: Airfield pavements, communications and airfield lighting facilities, operational facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, utilities, land acquisition, storage facilities, personnel facilities, and community facilities, \$4,118,000.

Plattsburg Air Force Base, Plattsburg, New York: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, airfield lighting facilities, operational facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, training facilities, utilities, land acquisition, medical facilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, administrative and community facilities, and family housing, \$21,988,000.

Portsmouth Air Force Base, Portsmouth, New Hampshire: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, training facilities, utilities, land acquisition, storage facilities, personnel facilities, administrative and community facilities, and family housing, \$24,850,000.

Sedalia Air Force Base, Knobnoster, Missouri: Airfield pavements, airfield lighting facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, utilities, land acquisition, storage facilities, personnel facilities, community facilities, shop facilities, and family housing, \$9,646,000.

Smoky Hill Air Force Base, Salina, Kansas: Airfield pavements, operational facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, troop housing, utilities, land acquisition, medical facilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, administrative facilities, shop facilities, and family housing, \$8,773,500.

Travis Air Force Base, Fairfield, California: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, navigational aids, aircraft maintenance facilities, troop housing, utilities, land acquisition, storage facilities, personnel facilities, administrative and community facilities, and shop facilities, \$9,769,000.

Turner Air Force Base, Albany, Georgia: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, airfield lighting facilities, operational facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, troop housing, utilities, and land acquisition, \$3,744,000.

Walker Air Force Base, Roswell, New Mexico: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, troop housing, utilities, land acquisition, medical facilities, storage facilities, and personnel facilities, \$6,657,000.

Westover Air Force Base, Chicopee Falls, Massachusetts: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, communications and navigational aids, aircraft maintenance facilities, training facilities, troop housing, land acquisition, storage facilities, personnel facilities, and community facilities, \$7,951,000.

TACTICAL AIR COMMAND

Alexandria Air Force Base, Alexandria, Louisiana: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, operational facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, training facilities, utilities, and personnel facilities, \$2,684,000.

Ardmore Air Force Base, Ardmore, Oklahoma: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, operational facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, personnel facilities, and family housing, \$6,800,000.

Blytheville Air Force Base, Blytheville, Arkansas: Airfield lighting facilities, training facilities, utilities, storage facilities, and community facilities, \$208,000.

Bunker Hill Air Force Base, Peru, Indiana: Airfield lighting facilities, operational facilities, training facilities, and administrative facilities, \$559,000.

Clovis Air Force Base, Clovis, New Mexico: Training facilities, and family housing, \$2,570,500.

Donaldson Air Force Base, Greenville, South Carolina: Airfield pavements, aircraft maintenance facilities, troop housing and messing facilities, and medical facilities, \$2,403,000.

Foster Air Force Base, Victoria, Texas: Airfield pavements, training facilities, troop housing, and family housing, \$4,624,000.

George Air Force Base, Victorville, California: Airfield pavements, navigational aids and airfield lighting facilities, training facilities, troop housing and messing facilities, land acquisition, and storage facilities, \$1,598,000.

Langley Air Force Base, Hampton, Virginia: Airfield pavements, training facilities, utilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, and administrative facilities, \$3,384,000.

Larson Air Force Base, Moses Lake, Washington: Airfield pavements, utilities, medical facilities, and personnel facilities, \$3,574,000.

Myrtle Beach Municipal Airport, Myrtle Beach, South Carolina: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, communications and navigational aids, aircraft maintenance facilities, training facilities, messing facilities, utilities, land acquisition, medical facilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, administrative and community facilities, and shop facilities, \$6,303,000.

Pope Air Force Base, Fort Bragg, North Carolina: Airfield pavements, communications and navigational aids, troop housing and messing facilities, land acquisition, medical facilities, and storage facilities, \$2,548,000.

Sewart Air Force Base, Smyrna, Tennessee: Airfield pavements, communications and navigational aids, operational facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, troop housing and messing facilities, land acquisition, personnel facilities, and administrative facilities, \$3,589,000.

Seymour Johnson Air Force Base, Goldsboro, North Carolina: Airfield pavements, fuel-dispensing facilities, communications and navigational aids, operational facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, training facilities, troop housing, utilities, land acquisition, medical facilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, administrative and community facilities, and shop facilities, \$7,429,000.

Shaw Air Force Base, Sumter, South Carolina: Airfield pavements, operational facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, troop housing and messing facilities, utilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, and family housing, \$7,035,000.

SPECIAL FACILITIES

Various locations: Operational facilities, and utilities, \$387,000.

AIRCRAFT CONTROL AND WARNING SYSTEM

Various locations: Fuel-dispensing facilities, communications and navigational aids, operational facilities, training facilities, troop housing and messing facilities, utilities, land acquisition, medical facilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, administrative and community facilities, and shop facilities, \$100,382,000.

OUTSIDE CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES

ALASKAN AIR COMMAND

Eielson Air Force Base: Medical facilities, storage facilities, and community facilities, \$1,307,000.

Elmendorf Air Force Base: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, airfield lighting facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, troop housing and messing facilities, utilities, land acquisition, medical facilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, and shop facilities, \$23,275,000.

Galena Airfield: Airfield lighting facilities, and storage facilities, \$518,000.

Kenai Airfield: Airfield pavements, \$356,000.

Ladd Air Force Base: Training facilities, land acquisition, and storage facilities, \$1,510,000.

Naknek Airfield: Airfield pavements, airfield lighting facilities, operational facilities, utilities, and storage facilities, \$1,863,000.

CARIBBEAN AIR COMMAND

Albrook Air Force Base, Canal Zone: Communication facilities, \$163,000.

FAR EAST AIR FORCES

Various locations: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, navigational aids and airfield lighting facilities, operational facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, utilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, and community facilities, \$42,017,000.

MILITARY AIR TRANSPORT SERVICE

Hickam Air Force Base, Honolulu, Hawaii: Airfield pavements, airfield lighting facilities, land acquisition, storage facilities, and harbor facilities, \$4,978,000.

Johnston Island Air Force Base, Johnston Island: Communication facilities, \$182,000.

Midway Island: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, and airfield lighting facilities, \$303,000.

Wake Island: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, and navigational aids, \$2,991,000.

Various locations: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, navigational aids and airfield lighting facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, troop housing, utilities, personnel facilities, and family housing, \$11,393,000.

NORTHEAST AIR COMMAND

Various locations: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, operational facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, training facilities, troop housing, utilities, storage facilities, and shop facilities, \$23,601,000.

STRATEGIC AIR COMMAND

Ramey Air Force Base, Puerto Rico: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, operational facilities, utilities, land acquisition, storage facilities, personnel facilities, and harbor facilities, \$9,739,000.

UNITED STATES AIR FORCES IN EUROPE

Various locations: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, communications, navigational aids and airfield lighting facilities, operational facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, training facilities, troop housing and messing facilities, utilities, medical facilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, administrative and community facilities, and shop facilities, \$234,996,000.

AREA CONTROL NAVIGATIONAL AIDS

Various locations: Communications and navigational aids, \$526,000.

SPECIAL FACILITIES

Various locations: Operational facilities, and utilities, \$293,000.

AIRCRAFT CONTROL AND WARNING SYSTEM

Various locations: Airfield pavements, fuel dispensing facilities, communications, navigational aids and airfield lighting facilities, operational facilities, troop housing and messing facilities, utilities, medical facilities, storage facilities, personnel facilities, administrative and community facilities, shop facilities, aircraft maintenance facilities, harbor facilities, and land acquisition, \$98,552,000.

SEC. 302. The Secretary of the Air Force is authorized through the construction, rehabilitation, or installation of permanent or temporary public works, including site preparation, appurtenances, and related utilities and equipment, to restore or replace facilities damaged or destroyed in a total amount of \$5,000,000.

SEC. 303. The Secretary of the Air Force is authorized to provide an off-base roadway approximately two miles in length in the vicinity

Replacement
of damaged
facilities.

of the south boundary of Keesler Air Force Base, Biloxi, Mississippi, by the acquisition of land and the construction of permanent and related facilities and appurtenances at a cost not to exceed \$350,000.

SEC. 304. Public Law 534, Eighty-third Congress, is hereby amended as follows:

(a) With respect to Carswell Air Force Base, Fort Worth, Texas, under the heading "Continental United States" and subheading "Strategic Air Command" in section 301 strike "\$2,248,000" and insert ^{68 Stat. 544.} in lieu thereof "\$2,750,000".

(b) With respect to Matagorda Island Air Force Range, Texas, under the heading "Continental United States" and subheading "Strategic Air Command" in section 301 strike "\$607,000" and insert ^{68 Stat. 546.} in lieu thereof "\$847,000".

(c) With respect to Bismarck-Minot area, North Dakota, under the heading "Continental United States" and subheading "Air Defense Command" in section 301 strike "Bismarck-Minot area, North ^{68 Stat. 548.} Dakota" and "\$6,494,000" and insert in lieu thereof "Minot Site, North Dakota" and "\$12,124,000", respectively.

(d) With respect to Fargo area, North Dakota, under the heading "Continental United States" and subheading "Air Defense Command" in section 301 strike "Fargo area, North Dakota" and ^{68 Stat. 548.} "\$7,055,000" and insert in lieu thereof "Grand Forks Site, North Dakota" and "\$10,903,000", respectively.

(e) With respect to Glasgow-Miles City area, Montana, under the heading "Continental United States" and subheading "Air Defense Command" in section 301 strike "Glasgow-Miles City area, Montana" ^{68 Stat. 548.} and "\$8,391,000" and insert in lieu thereof "Glasgow Site, Montana" and "\$10,660,000", respectively.

(f) With respect to K. I. Sawyer Airport, Marquette, Michigan, under the heading "Continental United States" and subheading "Air Defense Command" in section 301 strike "\$8,556,000" and insert in ^{68 Stat. 549.} lieu thereof "\$9,949,000".

(g) With respect to Traverse City area, Michigan, under the heading "Continental United States" and subheading "Air Defense Command" in section 301 strike "\$8,635,000" and insert in lieu thereof ^{68 Stat. 550.} "\$10,267,000".

(h) With respect to Ellington Air Force Base, Houston, Texas, under the heading "Continental United States" and subheading "Air Training Command" in section 301 strike "\$1,073,000" and insert in ^{68 Stat. 553.} lieu thereof "\$2,478,000".

(i) With respect to Webb Air Force Base, Big Spring, Texas, under the heading "Continental United States" and subheading "Air Training Command" in section 301 strike "\$100,000" and insert in lieu ^{68 Stat. 554.} thereof "\$135,000".

(j) With respect to Norton Air Force Base, San Bernardino, California, under the heading "Continental United States" and subheading "Air Materiel Command" in section 301 strike "\$4,303,000" and ^{68 Stat. 555.} "\$2,183,000" and insert in lieu thereof "\$4,735,000" and "\$2,615,000", respectively.

(k) With respect to Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Dayton, Ohio, under the heading "Continental United States" and subheading "Air Materiel Command" in section 301 strike "\$5,847,000" and insert ^{68 Stat. 556.} in lieu thereof "\$6,829,000".

(l) With respect to Atlantic City Consolan Station, Atlantic City, New Jersey, under the heading "Continental United States" and subheading "Air Defense Command" in section 301, strike "\$72,000" and ^{68 Stat. 548.} insert in lieu thereof "\$285,000".

(m) With respect to Nantucket Consolan Station, Nantucket, Massachusetts, under the heading "Continental United States" and

- 68 Stat. 549. subheading "Air Defense Command" in section 301, strike "\$107,000" and insert in lieu thereof "\$224,000".
(n) With respect to Pescadero Consolan Station, Pescadero, California, under the heading "Continental United States" and subheading "Air Defense Command" in section 301, strike "\$107,000" and insert in lieu thereof "\$224,000".
- 68 Stat. 550. (o) With respect to Point Conception Consolan Station, Point Conception, California, under the heading "Continental United States" and subheading "Air Defense Command" in section 301, strike "\$72,000" and insert in lieu thereof "\$232,000".
- 68 Stat. 550. (p) In clause (3) of section 502 thereof delete the amounts "\$389,125,000" and "\$398,954,000" and insert in lieu thereof the amounts "\$405,176,000" and "\$415,005,000", respectively.
- 68 Stat. 561. SEC. 305. Classified location: The authority granted by section 302, of the Act of July 14, 1952, may be utilized to the extent of \$8,127,400 for the direct construction of family housing.

TITLE IV

Central Intelligence Agency Headquarters installation.

SEC. 401. The Director of Central Intelligence is authorized to provide for a headquarters installation for the Central Intelligence Agency, in the District of Columbia or elsewhere, by the acquisition of land at a cost of not to exceed \$1,000,000, and construction of buildings, facilities, appurtenances, utilities, and access roads at a cost of not to exceed \$54,500,000, of which not more than \$8,500,000 shall be available for transfer to the National Capital Planning Commission and the Department of the Interior for acquisition of land for and construction to extend the George Washington Memorial Parkway to the present site of the research station of the Bureau of Public Roads at Langley, Fairfax County, Virginia: *Provided*, That at such time as it is determined that construction of such headquarters installation at said research station will not be commenced or continued, said amount of \$8,500,000, or the remainder thereof, shall no longer be available for obligation: *Provided further*, That at such time as the Central Intelligence Agency occupies the headquarters installation authorized by this title, the Administrator of General Services is authorized and directed to accomplish the demolition and removal of temporary Government building space in the District of Columbia of equivalent occupancy to that relinquished by the Central Intelligence Agency.

Demolition of temporary space.

TITLE V

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Acquisition of land, etc.

SEC. 501. The Secretaries of the Army, Navy, and Air Force are respectively authorized to proceed with the establishment or development of military and naval installations and facilities as authorized by titles I, II, and III of this Act, and the Director of Central Intelligence is authorized to proceed with the establishment of a Central Intelligence Agency Headquarters Installation as authorized by title IV of this Act, without regard to the provisions of sections 1136, 3648, and 3734, as respectively amended, of the Revised Statutes, and prior to approval of title to underlying land, as provided by section 355, as amended, of the Revised Statutes. The authority under this Act of the Secretary of a military department to provide family housing includes authority to acquire such land as the Secretary concerned determines, with the approval of the Secretary of Defense, to be necessary in connection therewith. The authority to establish or develop such installations and facilities shall include, in respect of those installations and facilities as to which family housing or the acquisition of land is specified in titles I, II, III, and IV of this Act, authority to make surveys and to acquire lands and rights and interests

- 10 USC 1339;
- 31 USC 529;
- 40 USC 259, 267.
- 33 USC 733 and note.

- 69 Stat. 349,
- 69 Stat. 350.

thereto or therein, including the temporary use thereof, by donation, purchase, exchange of Government-owned lands, or otherwise, and to place permanent or temporary improvements thereon whether such lands are held in fee or under lease or under other temporary tenure.

SEC. 502. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums of money as may be necessary to accomplish the purposes of this Act, but not to exceed—

Appropriations authorized.

(1) for public works authorized by title I: Inside continental United States, \$224,927,000; outside continental United States, \$74,984,000; section 102, \$223,993,000; section 103, \$10,000,000; or a total of \$533,904,000;

(2) for public works authorized by title II: Inside continental United States, \$299,690,600; outside continental United States, \$107,191,300; section 202, \$151,342,400; section 203, \$6,000,000; or a total of \$564,224,300;

(3) for public works authorized by title III: Inside continental United States, \$743,989,000; outside continental United States, \$458,563,000; section 302, \$5,000,000; section 303, \$350,000; or a total of \$1,207,902,000; and

(4) for public works authorized by title IV: \$54,500,000.

SEC. 503. Any of the approximate costs enumerated in titles I, II, and III of this Act may, in the discretion of the Secretary concerned, be varied upward by 5 per centum in the case of projects within the continental United States, and 10 per centum in the case of projects outside the continental United States, but the total cost of all projects so enumerated under each of such titles shall not exceed the total of all amounts specified in respect of projects in such title.

Cost variations.

SEC. 504. Appropriations made to carry out the purposes of this Act shall be available for expenses incident to construction, including surveys, administration, overhead, planning, and supervision.

Incidental expenses.

SEC. 505. Whenever—

Contracts.

(a) the President determines that compliance with the requirements of Public Law 245, Eighty-second Congress, in the case of contracts made pursuant to this Act with respect to the establishment or development of military installations and facilities in foreign countries would interfere with the carrying out of the provisions of this Act; and

65 Stat. 700.
41 USC 153,
254.

(b) the Secretary of Defense and the Comptroller General have agreed upon alternative methods for conducting an adequate audit of such contracts, the President is authorized to exempt such contracts from the requirements of Public Law 245, Eighty-second Congress.

SEC. 506. All contracts entered into by the United States pursuant to the authorization contained in this Act shall be awarded, so far as practicable, if the interest of the national security shall not be impaired thereby and if such award is consistent with the provision of the Armed Services Procurement Act of 1947, on a competitive basis to the lowest responsible bidder.

62 Stat. 21.
41 USC 151
note.

SEC. 507. Section 407 of Public Law 765, Eighty-third Congress, is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 407. In addition to family housing otherwise authorized to be constructed or acquired by the Department of Defense, the Secretary of Defense is authorized, subject to the approval of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, to construct, or acquire by lease or otherwise, family housing for occupancy as public quarters in foreign countries through housing projects which utilize foreign currencies to a value not in excess of \$100,000,000 acquired pursuant to the provisions of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (Public Law 480, Eighty-third Congress) or through other commodity transactions of the Commodity Credit Corporation.

Family housing.
Use of foreign currencies.
68 Stat. 1125.
5 USC 171z-1.

69 Stat. 350.
69 Stat. 351.

68 Stat. 454.
7 USC 1691 note.

Payment to
CCC.

~~"The Department of Defense shall pay the Commodity Credit Corporation, from appropriations otherwise available for the payment of quarters allowances for military personnel for the fiscal year 1956 and each succeeding fiscal year, amounts equal to the quarters allowances otherwise payable to personnel occupying any housing constructed or acquired under authority of this section after deducting amounts chargeable for the maintenance and operation of such housing: *Provided*, That such payments shall not exceed the dollar equivalent of the value of the foreign currencies used for all such construction or acquisition.~~

Reports to
Congressional
Committees.

~~"The Secretary of Defense shall furnish to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives quarterly reports, the first of which shall be submitted three months subsequent to the date of enactment of this Act, setting forth the cost, number, and location of housing units constructed or acquired pursuant to the authority contained in this section during the three-month period preceding the date of such report, and setting forth the cost, number, and location of the housing units intended to be constructed or acquired pursuant to such authority during the next succeeding quarter."~~

Floor area.

~~SEC. 508. All housing units constructed under the authority of this Act shall be subject to the net floor area permanent limitations prescribed in the second, third, and fourth provisos of section 3 of the Act of June 12, 1948 (62 Stat. 375), or in section 3 of the Act of June 16, 1948 (62 Stat. 459), other than the first, second, and third provisos thereof.~~

62 Stat. 379.
10 USC 1337b
and note.
62 Stat. 462.
34 USC 911b-
911d.
Housing units
Acquisition.

~~SEC. 509. The Secretaries of the Army, Navy, and Air Force are respectively authorized to acquire by purchase housing units which are located near military installations, which are adequate and suitable for housing military personnel and their dependents, and as to which a mortgage is insured by the Federal Housing Commissioner pursuant to title VI or title IX of the National Housing Act, subject to the outstanding mortgage thereon, and to assume the payments thereafter becoming due on such mortgage. The Secretary of the military department concerned may utilize appropriations available for the construction of military public works for the liquidation of any outstanding mortgage assumed by the Government.~~

55 Stat. 55;
65 Stat. 295.
12 USC 1736
et seq.;
1750 et seq.

Unit cost.

~~SEC. 510. None of the authority contained in titles I, II, and III of this Act shall be deemed to authorize any building construction project within the continental United States at a unit cost in excess of—~~

- ~~(a) \$20 per square foot for cold-storage warehousing;~~
- ~~(b) \$6 per square foot for regular warehousing;~~
- ~~(c) \$1,700 per man for permanent barracks;~~
- ~~(d) \$1,400 per man for ten-year-life barracks; or~~
- ~~(e) \$5,000 per man for bachelor officer quarters,~~

~~unless the Secretary of Defense determines that, because of special circumstances, application to such project of the limitation on unit costs contained in this section is impracticable.~~

Repeal of
prior au-
thorizations.

~~SEC. 511. As of July 1, 1956, all authorizations for military public works projects to be accomplished by the Secretary of a military department in connection with the establishment or development of military, naval, or Air Force installations and facilities, and all authorizations for appropriations therefor, that are contained in Acts approved prior to October 1, 1951, and not superseded or otherwise modified by a later authorization are repealed, except (1) authorizations for public works and for appropriations therefor that are set forth in such Acts in the titles that contain the general provisions, (2) authorizations for military public works projects as to which appropriated funds shall have been obligated in whole or in part prior to~~

69 Stat. 351.
69 Stat. 352.
Exceptions.

7
fm

July 1, 1956, and authorizations for appropriations therefor, and (3) the authorizations with respect to military public works and the appropriation of funds that are contained in the National Defense Facilities Act of 1950 (64 Stat. 829).

SEC. 512. Section 504 of Public Law 155, Eighty-second Congress, is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 504. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated without fiscal year limitation, funds for advance planning, construction design, and architectural services in connection with public works projects which are not otherwise authorized by law."

SEC. 513. (a) The first sentence of section 501 (b) of the Act entitled "An Act to authorize certain construction at military and naval installations, and for other purposes", approved September 28, 1951 (65 Stat. 36), is amended by striking out "used by such owners and tenants for residential or agricultural purposes,"

(b) The first sentence of section 401 (b) of the Act entitled "An Act to authorize certain construction at military and naval installations, and for other purposes", approved July 14, 1952 (66 Stat. 606), is amended by striking out "used by such owner and tenants for residential or agricultural purposes,"

SEC. 514. None of the authorization contained in section 101 of this Act for the construction of three-hundred-and-twenty-six-man barracks with mess shall be used to provide, with respect to any such barracks, for mess facilities other than a single, consolidated mess.

SEC. 515. During the fiscal years 1956 and 1957 the Secretaries of the Army, Navy, and Air Force, respectively, are authorized to lease housing facilities at or near military tactical installations for assignment as public quarters to military personnel and their dependents without rental charge upon a determination by the Secretary of Defense or his designee that there is a lack of adequate housing facilities at or near such military tactical installations: *Provided*, That not more than one thousand housing units may be so leased and the rental cost to the Government for any housing unit may not exceed \$150 per month.

Approved July 15, 1955.

50 USC 881
note.
Funds for advance planning.
65 Stat. 364.
31 USC 723.

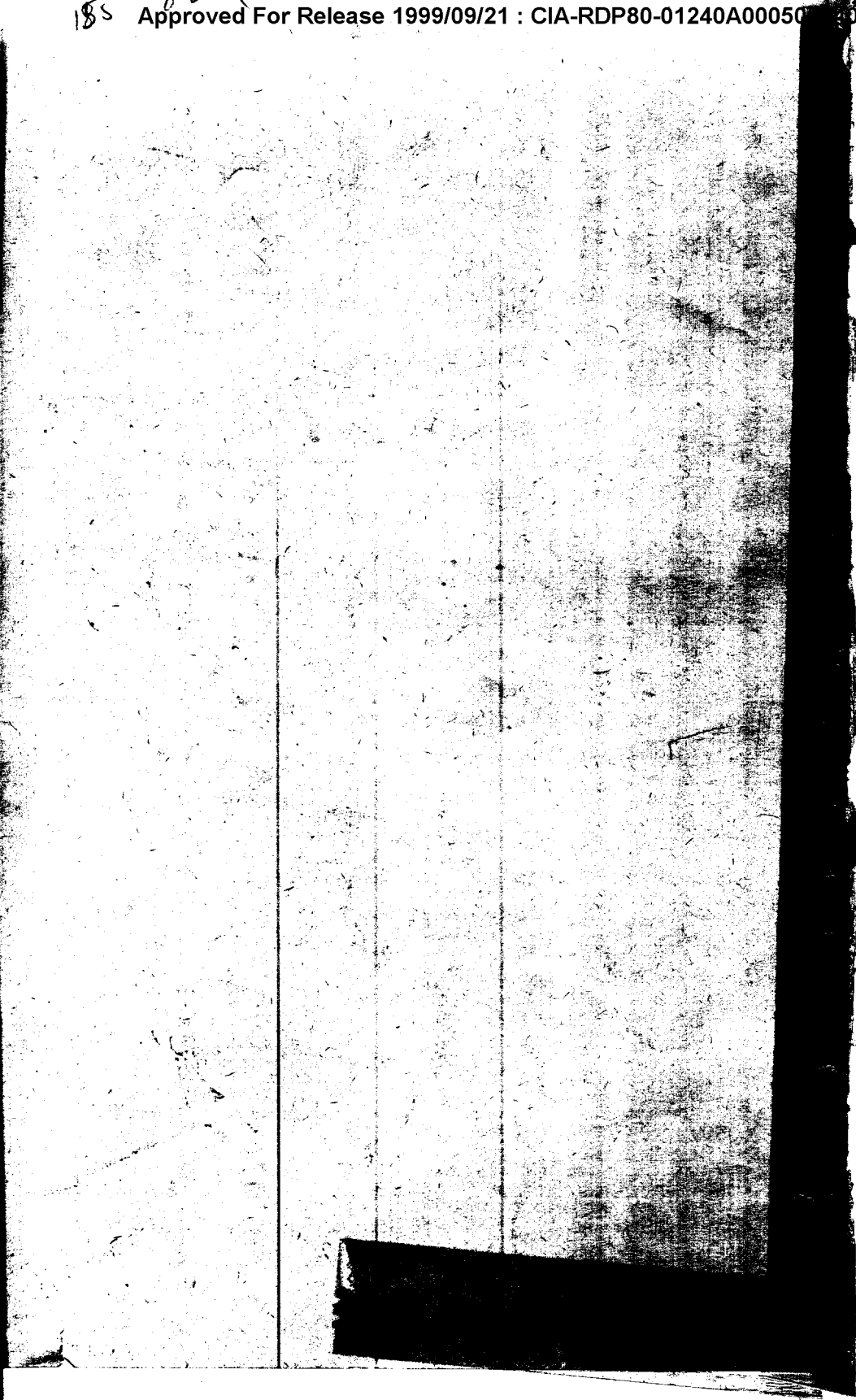
Reimbursement of owners and tenants.
68 Stat. 562.

68 Stat. 562.

Mess facilities for barracks.

Leasing of housing facilities.

185 82nd



TAB
31

Public Law 165 - 84th Congress
Chapter 372 - 1st Session
S. 609

AN ACT

To provide rewards for information concerning the illegal introduction into the United States, or the illegal manufacture or acquisition in the United States, of special nuclear material and atomic weapons.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Atomic Weapons Rewards Act of 1955".

Atomic Weapons.
Rewards Act of
1955.

SEC. 2. Any person who furnishes original information to the United States—

(a) leading to the finding or other acquisition by the United States of any special nuclear material or atomic weapon which has been introduced into the United States, or which has been manufactured or acquired therein contrary to the laws of the United States, or

(b) with respect to an attempted introduction into the United States or an attempted manufacture or acquisition therein of any special nuclear material or atomic weapon, contrary to the laws of the United States,

shall be rewarded by the payment of an amount not to exceed \$500,000.

SEC. 3. An Awards Board consisting of the Secretary of the Treasury (who shall be the Chairman), the Secretary of Defense, the Attorney General, the Director of Central Intelligence, and of one member of the Atomic Energy Commission designated by that Commission, shall determine whether any person furnishing information to the United States is entitled to any award and the amount thereof to be paid pursuant to section 2. In determining whether any person furnishing information to the United States is entitled to an award and the amount of such award, the Board shall take into consideration—

Awards Board.
Establishment.
69 Stat. 365.
69 Stat. 366.

(a) whether or not the information is of the type specified in section 2, and

(b) whether the person furnishing the information was an officer or employee of the United States and, if so, whether the furnishing of such information was in the line of duty of that person.

Any reward of \$50,000 or more shall be approved by the President.

SEC. 4. If the information leading to an award under section 3 is furnished by an alien, the Secretary of State, the Attorney General, and the Director of Central Intelligence, acting jointly, may determine that the entry of such alien into the United States is in the public interest and, in that event, such alien and the members of his immediate family may receive immigrant visas and may be admitted to the United States for permanent residence, notwithstanding the requirements of the Immigration and Nationality Act.

SEC. 5. The Board established under section 3 is authorized to hold such hearings and make, promulgate, issue, rescind, and amend such rules and regulations as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act.

SEC. 6. Any awards granted under section 3 of this Act shall be certified by the Awards Board and, together with the approval of the President in those cases where such approval is required, transmitted to the Director of Central Intelligence for payment out of funds appropriated or available for the administration of the National Security Act of 1947, as amended.

61 Stat. 495.
5 USC 171 note.

SEC. 7. As used in this Act—

(a) The term "atomic energy" means all forms of energy released in the course of nuclear fission or nuclear transformation.

Ch

(b) The term "atomic weapon" means any device utilizing atomic energy, exclusive of the means for transporting or propelling the device (where such means is a separable and divisible part of the device), the principal purpose of which is for use as, or for development of, a weapon, a weapon prototype, or a weapon test device.

(c) The term "special nuclear material" means plutonium, or uranium enriched in the isotope 233 or in the isotope 235, or any other material which is found to be special nuclear material pursuant to the provisions of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954.

(d) The term "United States," when used in a geographical sense, includes Puerto Rico, all Territories and possessions of the United States and the Canal Zone; except that in section 4, the term "United States" when so used shall have the meaning given to it in the Immigration and Nationality Act.

Approved July 15, 1955.

TAB
32

Chapter 541 - 1st Session
H. R. 7278

AN ACT

All 69 Stat. 450.

Making supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1956,
and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply supplemental appropriations (this Act may be cited as the "Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1956") for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1956, and for other purposes, namely: Supplemental
Appropriation
Act, 1956.

CHAPTER I

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

Not to exceed \$25,000 of funds appropriated under this head in the Department of Agriculture and Farm Credit Administration Appropriation Act, 1956, for research, shall be available for construction of a building at the United States Range Livestock Experiment Station, Miles City, Montana. Ante, p. 51.

ANIMAL DISEASE LABORATORY FACILITIES

For preparation of plans and specifications for construction of facilities for animal disease research and control, and for surveys to determine the cost of acquiring and altering facilities which may be made suitable for such work, including employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706 (a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (5 U. S. C. 574), as amended by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), \$250,000, to remain available until expended. 58 Stat. 742.
60 Stat. 810.

COMMODITY EXCHANGE AUTHORITY

For an additional amount for "Commodity Exchange Authority", \$33,000.

FARMERS' HOME ADMINISTRATION

LOAN AUTHORIZATIONS

For an additional amount for "Loan authorizations", for loans under title II of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, as amended, \$15,000,000: *Provided*, That not to exceed the foregoing amount shall be borrowed in one account from the Secretary of the Treasury in accordance with the provisions set forth under this head in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1952. 50 Stat. 524.
7 USC 1007-
1009.
65 Stat. 240.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", \$350,000.

OFFICE OF THE GENERAL COUNSEL

For an additional amount for "Office of the General Counsel", \$40,000.

AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM SERVICE

68 Stat. 311. Not to exceed \$5,000,000 of the appropriation under the head
"Agricultural Conservation Program Service", in the Department of
Agriculture and Farm Credit Administration Appropriation Act,
1955, shall be available for the purposes specified under the head
"Agricultural conservation program", in the Second Supplemental
Ante, p. 29. Appropriation Act, 1955, and shall be merged with the amount pro-
vided therein.

COMMODITY CREDIT CORPORATION

Ante, p. 172. For the purpose of assisting the Commodity Credit Corporation in
selling its agricultural commodities, the position of sales manager is
hereby authorized in grade 17 of the General Schedule of the Classi-
fication Act of 1949, as amended, in accordance with the standards and
procedures of that Act.

CHAPTER II

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

CIVIL AERONAUTICS ADMINISTRATION

OPERATION AND REGULATION

For an additional amount for "Operation and regulation",
\$600,000.

CONSTRUCTION, WASHINGTON NATIONAL AIRPORT

For an additional amount for "Construction, Washington National
Airport", including construction, alterations, and repairs, \$2,600,000,
to remain available until expended.

COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", \$159,000.

MARITIME ACTIVITIES

MARITIME TRAINING

Ante, p. 230. For an additional amount for "Maritime training", \$100,000; and
the limitation under this head in the Department of Commerce Appro-
priation Act, 1956, on the amount available for transfer to applicable
appropriations of the Public Health Service for services rendered to
the Maritime Administration is increased by \$5,000.

REPAIR OF RESERVE FLEET VESSELS (LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT
AUTHORIZATION)

Ante, p. 230. The limitation under this head in the Department of Commerce and
Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1956, on the amount which may
be advanced to the appropriation, "Salaries and expenses, maritime
activities," for administrative expenses is increased from "\$150,000"
to "\$225,000".

BUREAU OF PUBLIC ROADS

INTER-AMERICAN HIGHWAY

For an additional amount for "Inter-American Highway", as authorized by the Act of July 1, 1955 (Public Law 129), \$37,730,000, Ante, p. 244. to remain available until expended.

WEATHER BUREAU

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", \$500,000; and the limitation under this head in the Department of Commerce and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1956, on the amount available for improvement and operation of hurricane, severe storm, and tornado warning services, including research and construction of related facilities, is increased from "\$4,250,000" to "\$4,750,000". Ante, p. 234.

SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, of the Small Business Administration, including expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the purposes of this appropriation and hire of passenger motor vehicles, \$2,000,000; and in addition there may be transferred to this appropriation not to exceed \$2,865,000 from the Revolving Fund, Small Business Administration, and not to exceed \$535,000 from the fund for Liquidation of Reconstruction Finance Corporation Disaster Loans, Small Business Administration, for administrative expenses in connection with activities financed under said funds: *Provided*, That the amount authorized for transfer from the Revolving Fund, Small Business Administration, may be increased, with the approval of the Bureau of the Budget, by such amount as may be required to finance administrative expenses incurred in the making of disaster loans.

REVOLVING FUND

For additional capital for the Revolving Fund authorized by the Small Business Act of 1953, as amended, to be available without fiscal year limitation, \$25,000,000: *Provided*, That this appropriation and the appropriation to the Small Business Administration for "Salaries and expenses", for the fiscal year 1956, shall be available only upon the enactment into law of S. 2127, Eighty-fourth Congress, first session, or similar legislation, continuing the Small Business Administration during the fiscal year 1956. Ante, p. 232. 15 USC 631 note.

UNITED STATES TARIFF COMMISSION

That part of title III of Public Law 121, Eighty-fourth Congress, approved June 30, 1955, which pertains to the appropriation for the Tariff Commission for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1956, is hereby amended by changing the period at the end thereof to a colon and adding the following additional proviso: "*And provided further*, That that part of the foregoing appropriation which is for expenses of travel shall be available, when specifically authorized by the Chairman of the Tariff Commission, for expenses of attendance at meetings of organizations concerned with the functions and activities of the said Commission". Ante, p. 237.

CHAPTER III

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

CONSTRUCTION

Ante, p. 349. For the preparation of detail plans and specifications of a Central Intelligence Agency headquarters installation and for other purposes as authorized by title IV of the Act of July 15, 1955 (Public Law 161), to remain available until expended, \$5,500,000.

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—MILITARY FUNCTIONS

INTERSERVICE ACTIVITIES

ACCESS ROADS

23 USC 106 and note. For advances to the Bureau of Public Roads, Department of Commerce, for the purposes of section 6 of the Defense Highway Act of 1941 (55 Stat. 765), as amended, and section 12 of the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1950 (64 Stat. 785), as amended, when projects authorized therein are certified as important to the national defense by the Secretary of Defense, \$2,250,000, to remain available until expended.

LORAN STATIONS

Ante, p. 74. For construction of additional Loran Stations by the Coast Guard, to remain available until expended, \$4,200,000, which shall be transferred to the appropriation, "Acquisition, construction, and improvements", Coast Guard.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, ARMY

65 Stat. 336.
66 Stat. 606.
67 Stat. 440.
68 Stat. 537,
1119.
Ante, p. 324.
10 USC 1339;
40 USC 259,
267. For acquisition, construction, installation, and equipment of temporary or permanent public works, military installations, and facilities, for the Army, as authorized by the Act of September 28, 1951 (Public Law 155), the Act of July 14, 1952 (Public Law 534), the Act of August 7, 1953 (Public Law 209), the Act of July 27, 1954 (Public Law 534), the Act of September 1, 1954 (Public Law 765), and the Act of July 15, 1955 (Public Law 161), without regard to sections 1136 and 3734, Revised Statutes, as amended, including hire of passenger motor vehicles; to remain available until expended, \$485,077,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation for "Procurement and production, Army".

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, NAVY

65 Stat. 343.
66 Stat. 609.
67 Stat. 441.
68 Stat. 539,
1120.
Ante, p. 329.
10 USC 1339;
40 USC 259,267. For an additional amount for acquisition, construction, installation, and equipment of temporary or permanent public works, naval installations, and facilities for the Navy, as authorized by the Act of September 28, 1951 (Public Law 155), the Act of July 14, 1952 (Public Law 534), the Act of August 7, 1953 (Public Law 209), the Act of July 27, 1954 (Public Law 534), the Act of September 1, 1954 (Public Law 765), and the Act of July 15, 1955 (Public Law 161), without regard to sections 1136 and 3734, Revised Statutes, as amended; including hire of passenger motor vehicles; furniture for public quarters; and

personnel in the Bureau of Yards and Docks and other personal services necessary for the purposes of this appropriation; \$442,628,300, to remain available until expended.

AUDITED CLAIMS

Applicable current appropriations of the Department of the Navy shall be available for the payment of claims certified by the Comptroller General to be otherwise due, in the amounts stated below, from the following appropriations:

- "Maintenance, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts", fiscal year 1943, \$171.48;
- "Pay, subsistence, and transportation, Navy", fiscal year 1943, \$3,344.24;
- "Maintenance, Bureau of Ships", fiscal year 1946, \$5,838.42; and
- "Transportation of things, Navy", fiscal year 1948, \$1,359.86.

DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, AIR FORCE

For an additional amount for acquisition, construction, installation, and equipment of temporary or permanent public works, military installations, and facilities for the Air Force as authorized by the Act of September 11, 1950 (Public Law 783), the Act of September 28, 1951 (Public Law 155), the Act of July 14, 1952 (Public Law 534), the Act of August 7, 1953 (Public Law 209), the Act of April 1, 1954 (Public Law 325), the Act of July 27, 1954 (Public Law 534), the Act of September 1, 1954 (Public Law 765), and of the Act of July 15, 1955 (Public Law 161), without regard to sections 1136 and 3734, Revised Statutes, as amended; including hire of passenger motor vehicles, including research and development facilities at Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Dayton, Ohio; to remain available until expended, \$994,291,000 of which \$255,000,000 shall be derived by transfer from the appropriation "Procurement and production, Army": *Provided*, That not to exceed \$350,000 of this appropriation shall be used for the purposes authorized by section 303 of the Act of July 15, 1955 (Public Law 161).

GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 302. Funds appropriated to the military departments for military public works in prior years are hereby made available for military public works authorized for each such department by the Act of July 15, 1955 (Public Law 161).

SEC. 303. None of the funds appropriated in this chapter shall be expended for payments under a cost-plus-a-fixed-fee contract for work where cost estimates exceed \$25,000 to be performed within the continental United States without the specific approval in writing of the Secretary of Defense setting forth the reasons therefor.

SEC. 304. None of the funds appropriated in this chapter shall be expended for additional costs involved in expediting construction, unless the Secretary of Defense certifies such costs to be necessary to protect the national interest and establishes a reasonable completion date for each such project, taking into consideration the urgency of the requirement, the type and location of the project, the climatic and seasonal conditions affecting the construction and the application of economical construction practices.

SEC. 305. None of the funds appropriated in this chapter shall be used for the construction, replacement, or reactivation of any bakery,

64 Stat. 829.
50 USC 881 note.
65 Stat. 350.
66 Stat. 613.
67 Stat. 444.
68 Stat. 47, 543.
Ante, p. 337.
10 USC 1339; 40 USC 259, 267.

Ante, p. 347.

Ante, p. 324.
Cost-plus-a-fixed-fee contracts.

Expediting construction.

Bakeries, laundries, etc.

All 69 Stat. 455.

laundry, or dry-cleaning facility in the United States, its Territories or possessions, as to which the Secretary of Defense does not certify, in writing, giving his reasons therefor, that the services to be furnished by such facilities are not obtainable from commercial sources at reasonable rates.

65 Stat. 364. SEC. 306. Funds appropriated to the military departments for construction are hereby made available for advance planning, construction design and architectural services, as authorized by section 504 of the Act of September 28, 1951 (Public Law 155).

CHAPTER IV

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—CIVIL FUNCTIONS

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

GOVERNMENT AND RELIEF IN OCCUPIED AREAS

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary to meet the responsibilities and obligations of the United States in connection with the government or occupation of the Ryukyu Islands, including, subject to such authorizations and limitations as may be prescribed by the head of the department or agency concerned, tuition, travel expenses, and fees incident to instruction in the United States or elsewhere of such persons as may be required to carry out the provisions of this appropriation; travel expenses and transportation; services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 60 Stat. 810. U. S. C. 55a), at rates not in excess of \$50 per diem for individuals not to exceed ten in number; translation rights, photographic work, education exhibits, and dissemination of information, including preview and review expenses incident thereto; hire of passenger motor vehicles and aircraft; repair and maintenance of buildings, utilities, facilities, and appurtenances; and such supplies, commodities, and equipment as may be essential to carry out the purposes of this appropriation; \$3,000,000, of which not to exceed \$1,210,000 shall be available for administrative and information and education expenses: *Provided*, That the general provisions of the Appropriation Act for the current fiscal year for the military functions of the Department of the Army shall apply to expenditures made by that Department from this appropriation: *Provided further*, That expenditures from this appropriation may be made outside continental United States, when necessary to carry out its purposes, without regard to sections 355, 1136, 3648, and 3734, Revised Statutes, as amended, civil service or classification laws, or provisions of law prohibiting payment of any person not a citizen of the United States: *Provided further*, That expenditures from this appropriation may be made, when necessary to carry out its purposes, without regard to section 3709, Revised Statutes, as amended, and the Armed Services Procurement Act of 1947 (41 U. S. C. 151-161): *Provided further*, That expenditures may be made hereunder for the purposes of economic rehabilitation in the Ryukyu Islands in such manner as to be consistent with the general objectives of titles II and III of the Mutual Security Act of 1954, and in the manner authorized by sections 505 (a) and 522 (e) thereof: *Provided further*, That funds appropriated hereunder and unexpended at the time of the termination of occupation by the United States, of any area for which such funds are made available, may be expended by the President for the procurement of such commodities and technical services, and commodities procured from funds herein or heretofore appropriated for government and relief in occupied areas and not delivered to such an area prior to the time of the termination of occupation, may be

33 USC 733
and note;
10 USC 1339;
31 USC 529;
40 USC 259,
267.
41 USC 5.
62 Stat. 21.

68 Stat. 840,
841, 851,
855.
22 USC 1871,
1872, 1891-
1898, 1757,
1782.

utilized by the President, as may be necessary to assist in the maintenance of the political and economic stability of such areas: *Provided further*, That before any such assistance is made available, an agreement shall be entered into between the United States and the recognized government or authority with respect to such area containing such undertakings by such government or authority as the President may determine to be necessary in order to assure the efficient use of such assistance in furtherance of such purposes: *Provided further*, That such agreement shall, when applicable, include requirements and undertakings corresponding to the requirements and undertakings specified in section 303 of the Mutual Security Act of 1954: *Provided further*, That funds appropriated hereunder may be used, insofar as practicable, and under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the head of the department or agency concerned to pay ocean transportation charges from United States ports, including territorial ports, to ports in the Ryukyus for the movement of supplies donated to, or purchased by, United States voluntary nonprofit relief agencies registered with and recommended by the Advisory Committee on Voluntary Foreign Aid or of relief packages consigned to individuals residing in such areas: *Provided further*, That under the rules and regulations to be prescribed, the head of the department or agency concerned shall fix and pay a uniform rate per pound for the ocean transportation of all relief packages of food or other general classification of commodities shipped to the Ryukyus regardless of methods of shipment and higher rates charged by particular agencies of transportation, but this proviso shall not apply to shipments made by individuals to individuals: *Provided further*, That the President may transfer to any other department or agency any function or functions provided for under this appropriation, and there shall be transferred to any such department or agency without reimbursement and without regard to the appropriation from which procured, such property as the Director of the Bureau of the Budget shall determine to relate primarily to any function or functions so transferred.

22 USC 1893.

Transfer of functions.

CORPORATION

The following corporation is hereby authorized to make such expenditures, within the limits of funds and borrowing authority available to such corporation, and in accord with law, and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal year limitations as provided by section 104 of the Government Corporation Control Act, as amended, as may be necessary in carrying out the programs set forth in the budget for the fiscal year 1956 for such corporation, except as hereinafter provided:

61 Stat. 584.

31 USC 849.

EXPORT-IMPORT BANK OF WASHINGTON

ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE LIMITATION

Not to exceed \$1,500,000 (to be computed on an accrual basis) of the funds of the Export-Import Bank of Washington shall be available during the current fiscal year for all administrative expenses of the bank, including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a) at rates not to exceed \$50 per diem for individuals: *Provided*, That necessary expenses (including special services performed on a contract or fee basis, but not including other personal services, and fees or dues to international organizations of credit institutions engaged in financing foreign trade) in connection with the acquisition, operation, maintenance, improvement, or disposition of any real or personal property belonging to the bank

68 Stat. 810.

All 69 Stat. 457.

or in which it has an interest, including expenses of collections of pledged collateral, or the investigation or appraisal of any property in respect to which an application for a loan has been made, shall be considered as nonadministrative expenses for the purposes hereof.

CHAPTER V

GENERAL GOVERNMENT MATTERS

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

OFFICE OF DEFENSE MOBILIZATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", for carrying out the provisions of section 7 of the Act of June 21, 1955 (Public Law 86), \$50,000.
Ante, p. 166.

FOREIGN CLAIMS SETTLEMENT COMMISSION

INTERNATIONAL CLAIMS

For expenses necessary to enable the Commission to settle certain claims as authorized by the Act of March 10, 1950, as amended (22 U. S. C. 1621-1627), including expenses of attendance at meetings of organizations concerned with the purpose of this appropriation; services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), at rates not to exceed \$50 per diem for individuals; and employment of aliens; \$400,000: *Provided*, That this paragraph shall be effective only upon enactment into law of H. R. 6382, Eighty-fourth Congress, first session.
64 Stat. 12.
60 Stat. 810.

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION ON VETERANS' PENSIONS

For expenses necessary for a special study of the veterans' compensation and pensions program, to be expended as the President may direct, \$300,000.

Ante, p. 192. SEC. 502. Appropriations contained in title I of the General Government Matters Appropriation Act, 1956, available for expenses of travel shall be available, when specifically authorized by the head of the activity or establishment concerned, for expenses of attendance at meetings of organizations concerned with the function or activity for which the appropriation concerned is made.

CHAPTER VI

INDEPENDENT OFFICES

FEDERAL CIVIL DEFENSE ADMINISTRATION

OPERATIONS

For an additional amount for "Operations", \$825,000.

SURVEYS, PLANS, AND RESEARCH

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for studies and research to develop measures and plans for evacuation, shelter, and the protection of life and property, as authorized by section 201 (d)

of the Federal Civil Defense Act of 1950, as amended, including 64 Stat. 1248.
 services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 50 USC app. 2281.
 (5 U. S. C. 55a), \$10,000,000, to remain available until expended. 60 Stat. 810.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, CIVIL DEFENSE FUNCTIONS OF FEDERAL AGENCIES

For necessary expenses to enable departments and agencies to discharge civil defense responsibilities delegated under the authority of section 201 (b) of the Federal Civil Defense Act of 1950, as amended, including expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the purposes of this appropriation, and the purchase of materials and supplies necessary thereto, \$1,500,000. 50 USC app. 2281.

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

SITES AND PLANNING, PURCHASE CONTRACT, AND PUBLIC BUILDINGS PROJECTS

For expenses necessary in carrying out the provisions of the Public Buildings Purchase Contract Act of 1954 (68 Stat. 518), \$15,000,000, to remain available until expended and to be in addition to and available for the same purposes as any unobligated balances which have been or may be made available, by any law enacted during the first session of the Eighty-fourth Congress, for carrying out the purposes of said Act: *Provided*, That any such unobligated balances may be consolidated with this appropriation. 40 USC 356 note.

REPAIR, IMPROVEMENT, AND EQUIPMENT OF FEDERALLY OWNED BUILDINGS OUTSIDE THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

For an additional amount for "Repair, improvement, and equipment of federally owned buildings outside the District of Columbia", \$1,150,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That the limitation under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1956, on the amount available for expenses of travel, is increased Ante, p. 203. from "\$145,000" to "\$155,000".

OPERATING EXPENSES, FEDERAL SUPPLY SERVICE

For an additional amount for "Operating expenses, Federal Supply Service", \$200,000; and the limitation under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1956, on the amount available for travel expenses is increased by \$1,000. Ante, p. 203.

EXPENSES, GENERAL SUPPLY FUND

For an additional amount for "Expenses, general supply fund", \$1,000,000, of which \$300,000 shall be for nonrecurring moving and space costs in connection with the relocation of warehouse management and other employees into office space in regional warehouses; and the limitation under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1956, on the amount available for expenses of travel is increased Ante, p. 203. by \$22,500.

OPERATING EXPENSES, NATIONAL ARCHIVES AND RECORDS SERVICE

For an additional amount for "Operating expenses, National Archives and Records Service", \$122,500.

STRATEGIC AND CRITICAL MATERIALS

Ante, p. 204. The appropriation granted under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1956, shall be available for necessary expenses for transportation and handling, within the United States (including charges at United States ports), storage, security, and maintenance of strategic and critical materials acquired for the supplemental stockpile pursuant to section 104 (b) of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U. S. C. 1704 (b)).

68 Stat. 456.

HOUSING AND HOME FINANCE AGENCY

PUBLIC HOUSING ADMINISTRATION

ANNUAL CONTRIBUTIONS

Ante, p. 207. For an additional amount, fiscal year 1955, for "Annual contributions", \$4,100,000.

NATIONAL SECURITY TRAINING COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the National Security Training Commission, including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), at rates for individuals not in excess of \$50 per diem, and contracts with temporary or part-time employees may be renewed annually; and expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the purposes of this appropriation; \$40,000.

60 Stat. 810.

SELECTIVE SERVICE SYSTEM

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

Ante, p. 208. Not to exceed \$180,000 of the amount made available under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1956, for registration, classification, and induction activities of local boards, shall be available during the current fiscal year for expenses of the National Advisory Committee on the Selection of Physicians, Dentists, and Allied Specialists, including not to exceed \$30,000 for expenses of travel.

CHAPTER VII

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

MANAGEMENT OF LANDS AND RESOURCES

For an additional amount for "Management of lands and resources", \$250,000.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

PAYMENT TO CHEYENNE RIVER SIOUX TRIBE OF INDIANS

For deposit in the United States Treasury to the credit of the Cheyenne River Sioux Tribe of Indians for rehabilitation and relocation in accordance with the provisions of section V of the Act of September 3, 1954 (Public Law 776), \$5,160,000.

68 Stat. 1192.

TRIBAL FUNDS

For an additional amount for "Tribal funds", \$200,000, from funds to the credit of the Indians of California as defined and enrolled under the Act of May 18, 1928 (45 Stat. 602), as amended, the successors in interest to claims against the United States as therein provided, for payment of expenses, other than attorney fees, heretofore or hereafter incurred by attorneys prosecuting the claims of the Indians of California before the Indian Claims Commission under contracts approved by the Secretary of the Interior. ^{25 USC 651-657.}

BUREAU OF MINES

CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT OF MINERAL RESOURCES

For an additional amount for "Conservation and development of mineral resources", \$1,200,000.

DRAINAGE OF ANTHRACITE MINES

For contributions as authorized by the Act "To provide for the conservation of anthracite coal resources through measures of flood control and anthracite mine drainage, and for other purposes" (Public Law 162, approved July 15, 1955), \$8,500,000, to remain available until expended. Ante, p. 352.

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

INVESTIGATIONS OF RESOURCES

For an additional amount for "Investigations of resources", \$730,000.

CONSTRUCTION

For an additional amount for "Construction", \$750,000, of which \$455,000 shall be available for the construction of fish-cultural facilities below Norfork Dam, Arkansas, to remain available until expended.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

FOREST SERVICE—SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", for national forest protection and management, \$300,000: *Provided*, That this appropriation shall be effective only upon enactment into law of H. R. 5891, Eighty-fourth Congress. Ante, p. 367.

ALEXANDER HAMILTON BICENTENNIAL COMMISSION

For an additional amount for "Alexander Hamilton Bicentennial Commission", \$120,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That this appropriation shall become effective only upon the enactment into law of S. 1395.

BOSTON NATIONAL HISTORIC SITES COMMISSION

For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of the Act of June 16, 1955 (69 Stat. 136, 137, 138), \$40,000, to remain available until June 30, 1957.

JOHN MARSHALL BICENTENNIAL CELEBRATION
COMMISSION

For an additional amount for "John Marshall Bicentennial Celebration Commission" for carrying out the provisions of the Act of August 13, 1954 (68 Stat. 702), including entertainment, \$82,500, to remain available until December 31, 1955.

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

MUSEUM OF HISTORY AND TECHNOLOGY

Ante, p. 189. For necessary expenses of construction of a building for the Museum of History and Technology, as authorized by the Act of June 28, 1955 (Public Law 106), including the preparation of plans and specifications, not to exceed \$75,000 for services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), at rates not to exceed \$100 per diem for individuals, and incidental expenses of the Regents of the Smithsonian Institution and of the Joint Congressional Committee established by said Act, \$2,288,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That the expenses of the Joint Congressional Committee shall be paid upon certification of the Chairman of said Committee.

60 Stat. 810.

SOO LOCKS CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION COMMISSION

Ante, p. 32. Funds appropriated for the Soo Locks Centennial Celebration Commission in the Second Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1955 (Public Law 24, Eighty-fourth Congress), shall be available for expenses of official entertainment.

CHAPTER VIII

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

OFFICE OF THE SOLICITOR

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", \$250,000.

BUREAU OF EMPLOYMENT SECURITY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, MEXICAN FARM LABOR PROGRAM

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses, Mexican farm labor program", \$650,000: *Provided*, That this amount shall be available only upon enactment into law of H. R. 3822, Eighty-fourth Congress, or similar legislation, extending authority for the importation of Mexican agricultural workers.

WAGE AND HOUR DIVISION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", \$1,500,000: *Provided*, That this amount and the amount appropriated in this Act for "Salaries and expenses, Office of the Solicitor", shall be available only upon enactment into law of S. 2168, Eighty-fourth Congress, or similar legislation, increasing the minimum wage.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE

FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", including hire of motor vehicles, \$300,000, to be available for enforcement of food and drug laws relating to poliomyelitis vaccine.

GALLAUDET COLLEGE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", fiscal year 1955, for payment of retroactive pay increases granted by administrative action, comparable to those authorized by the Federal Employees Salary Increase Act of 1955 (69 Stat. 172), \$5,400, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation "Grants to States for public assistance", Social Security Administration, fiscal year 1955.

HOWARD UNIVERSITY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", fiscal year 1955, for payment of retroactive pay increases granted by administrative action, comparable to those authorized by the Federal Employees Salary Increase Act of 1955 (69 Stat. 172), \$76,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation "Grants to States for public assistance", Social Security Administration, fiscal year 1955.

OFFICE OF EDUCATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, WHITE HOUSE CONFERENCE ON EDUCATION

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses, White House Conference on Education", \$220,000.

PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

ASSISTANCE TO STATES, GENERAL

For an additional amount for "Assistance to States, general", \$4,500,000, to be available only for grants to States for planning and operating a program for distribution and use of poliomyelitis vaccine.

SANITARY ENGINEERING ACTIVITIES

For an additional amount for "Sanitary engineering activities", \$1,190,000, to remain available only until June 30, 1956, for the purposes of the Act of July 14, 1955 (Public Law 159). Ante, p. 322.

MENTAL HEALTH ACTIVITIES

For an additional amount for "Mental health activities", \$250,000.

GRANTS TO STATES FOR POLIOMYELITIS VACCINATION

For grants to States for carrying out the purposes of the Poliomyelitis Vaccination Assistance Act of 1955, \$30,000,000: *Provided*,

That this appropriation shall become effective only upon the enactment into law of H. R. 7126 or S. 2501, Eighty-fourth Congress.

CONSTRUCTION OF HOUSING FACILITIES FOR ANIMALS

For construction of facilities for housing animals for the National Institutes of Health, including equipment and preparation of plans and specifications, \$600,000.

CHAPTER IX

PUBLIC WORKS

ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION

PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

68 Stat. 919.
42 USC 2011
note.

For expenses of the Commission in connection with the purchase and construction of plant and the acquisition of equipment and other expenses incidental thereto necessary in carrying out the purposes of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, including the acquisition or condemnation of any real property or any facility or for plant or facility acquisition, construction, or expansion; purchase of aircraft; purchase (not to exceed four hundred and seventy-nine for replacement only) and hire of passenger motor vehicles; \$256,327,000, to remain available until expended and \$2,900,000 which shall be available for the construction of a community hospital at Oak Ridge, Tennessee: *Provided*, That, in addition to transfers otherwise authorized by law, \$90,000,000 of unexpended balances available under this head shall be transferred to the appropriation "Operating Expenses, Atomic Energy Commission."

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—CIVIL FUNCTIONS,
DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

RIVERS AND HARBORS AND FLOOD CONTROL

CONSTRUCTION, GENERAL

For an additional amount for "Construction, general", \$5,551,014.

CHAPTER X

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", \$1,970,000, of which \$233,000 shall be available for rents in the District of Columbia.

INTERNATIONAL CONTINGENCIES

For an additional amount for "International contingencies", \$1,000,000.

EXTENSION AND REMODELING, STATE DEPARTMENT BUILDING

For expenses necessary for planning the extension and remodeling, under the supervision of the General Services Administration, of the

State Department Building, Washington, District of Columbia, to remain available until expended, \$1,000,000, to be transferred to the General Services Administration.

PAYMENT TO THE REPUBLIC OF PANAMA

After the exchange of ratifications of the Treaty of Mutual Understanding and Cooperation, signed January 25, 1955, by the United States of America and the Republic of Panama (Senate Executive F, Eighty-fourth Congress, first session; ratification advised by the Senate), the Secretary of the Treasury shall cause to be paid annually (in lieu of the annual payment provided under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1954), out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$1,930,000 as a payment to the Republic of Panama in accordance with article I thereof. 67 Stat. 368.

INTERNATIONAL BOUNDARY AND WATER COMMISSION, UNITED STATES AND MEXICO

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", \$75,000.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

LEGAL ACTIVITIES AND GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, UNITED STATES ATTORNEYS AND MARSHALS

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses, United States attorneys and marshals", \$1,160,000.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, CLAIMS OF PERSONS OF JAPANESE ANCESTRY

For an additional amount, fiscal year 1955, for "Salaries and expenses, claims of persons of Japanese ancestry", \$275,000, for the payment of claims authorized by the Act of July 2, 1948 (50 U. S. C. 1981-7). 62 Stat. 1231.
50 USC app. 1981-1987.

THE JUDICIARY

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

SALARIES

For an additional amount for "Salaries", \$90,000.

COURT OF CUSTOMS AND PATENT APPEALS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", \$40,000.

CUSTOMS COURT

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", \$67,500.

COURT OF CLAIMS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", \$40,000.

COURTS OF APPEALS, DISTRICT COURTS, AND OTHER JUDICIAL SERVICES

SALARIES OF JUDGES

For an additional amount for "Salaries of judges", \$2,678,000.

SALARIES OF REFEREES

For an additional amount for "Salaries of referees", \$70,000, to be derived from the referees' salary fund established in pursuance to the 60 Stat. 325. Act of June 28, 1946, as amended (11 U. S. C. 68).

UNITED STATES INFORMATION AGENCY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", \$336,630.

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

EMERGENCY FUND FOR INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS

For expenses necessary to enable the President to take such measures as he deems appropriate to meet extraordinary or unusual circumstances arising in the international affairs of the Government, \$5,000,000, to remain available until expended, for use in the President's discretion and without regard to such provisions of law as he may specify: *Provided*, That the President shall transmit to the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and of the House of Representatives, not less often than quarterly, a full report of expenditures under this appropriation.

CHAPTER XI

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

BUREAU OF ACCOUNTS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", \$185,000.

COAST GUARD

OPERATING EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Operating expenses", \$7,000,000.

RETIRED PAY

For an additional amount for "Retired pay", \$2,600,000.

RESERVE TRAINING

For an additional amount for "Reserve training", \$228,000.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

OFFICE OF FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

CITY DELIVERY CARRIERS

For an additional amount, fiscal year 1947, for "City delivery carriers", \$10,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation "Railway Mail Service", fiscal year 1947. ^{60 Stat. 582.}

CORPORATION

FEDERAL FACILITIES CORPORATION

The amount of the Corporation's funds made available under this head in title I of the Treasury-Post Office Appropriation Act, 1956, Ante, p. 75. for administrative expenses of the Corporation, is increased from \$800,000 to \$975,000.

CHAPTER XII

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

OPERATING EXPENSES

DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

For an additional amount for "Department of General Administration", \$190,000: *Provided*, That for the purpose of assessing and re-assessing real property in the District of Columbia \$35,000 of this appropriation shall be available for services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), but at rates for individuals not in excess of \$100 per diem. ^{60 Stat. 810.}

COURTS

For an additional amount, fiscal year 1954, for "United States courts", \$132,812. ^{67 Stat. 283.}

HEALTH DEPARTMENT

For an additional amount, fiscal year 1954, for "Medical charities", \$43,120. ^{67 Stat. 284.}

PUBLIC WELFARE

For an additional amount, fiscal year 1954, for "Operating expenses, protective institutions", \$137,936. ^{67 Stat. 286.}

PERSONAL SERVICES, WAGE-SCALE EMPLOYEES

For pay increases for wage-scale employees, to be transferred by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to the appropriations and funds of said District for the fiscal year 1956 from which said employees are properly payable, \$448,047, of which \$65,645 shall be payable from the highway fund, \$75,108 from the water fund, and \$38,945 from the sanitary sewage works fund; said increases in compensation to be effective on the first day of the first pay period beginning after June 30, 1955: *Provided*, That no retroactive compensation or salary shall be payable in the case of any individual not in the service of the municipal government of the District of Columbia on the date of approval of this Act, except that such retroactive com-

pensation or salary shall be paid in the case of a deceased officer or employee, or of a retired officer or employee, for services rendered after the effective date of the increase.

SALARY INCREASES, POLICEMEN AND FIREMEN

Ante, p. 240. The provisions of title II of Public Law 123, approved June 30, 1955, shall apply also to costs in the fiscal year 1955 of pay increases granted by or pursuant to Public Law , Eighty-fourth Congress: *Provided*, That this paragraph shall be effective only upon enactment into law of either S. 2428 or H. R. 7159, or similar legislation.

CAPITAL OUTLAY

PUBLIC BUILDING CONSTRUCTION

Ante, p. 257. The appropriation for "Capital outlay, public building construction", contained in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1956, shall be available for preparation of plans and specifications for a warehouse at the Children's Center and the erection of the following structures, including the treatment of grounds: Branch library building in Woodridge, new Metropolitan Police Women's Bureau Building (including the installation of telephones, telephone switchboard, and teletypewriter system), and new fire engine house in the vicinity of Twenty-fourth and Irving Streets Southeast (including instruments for receiving alarms and connecting said house to the fire alarm system).

AUDITED CLAIMS

For an additional amount for the payment of claims, certified to be due by the accounting officers of the District of Columbia, under appropriations the balances of which have been exhausted or credited to the general fund of the District of Columbia as provided by law 58 Stat. 533. (D. C. Code, title 47, sec. 130a), being for the service of the fiscal year 1953 and prior fiscal years, as set forth in House Document Numbered 199 (Eighty-fourth Congress), \$252,036, together with such further sums as may be necessary to pay the interest on audited claims for refunds at not exceeding 4 per centum per annum as provided by law 66 Stat. 546. (D. C. Code, title 47, sec. 2413d).

DIVISION OF EXPENSES

The sums appropriated in this Act for the District of Columbia shall, unless otherwise specifically provided for, be paid out of the general fund of the District of Columbia, as defined in the District of Columbia Appropriation Acts for the fiscal years involved.

CHAPTER XIII

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

SENATE

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE SENATE

Miscellaneous items: For an additional amount for Miscellaneous items, exclusive of labor, fiscal year 1955, \$185,835.

CHAPTER XIV

CLAIMS FOR DAMAGES, AUDITED CLAIMS, AND
JUDGMENTS

For payment of claims for damages as settled and determined by departments and agencies in accord with law, audited claims certified to be due by the General Accounting Office, and judgments rendered against the United States by United States district courts and the United States Court of Claims, as set forth in Senate Document Numbered 75 and House Document Numbered 184, Eighty-fourth Congress, \$8,117,523, together with such amounts as may be necessary to pay interest (as and when specified in such judgments or in certain of the settlements of the General Accounting Office or provided by law) and such additional sums due to increases in rates of exchange as may be necessary to pay claims in foreign currency: *Provided*, That no judgment herein appropriated for shall be paid until it shall have become final and conclusive against the United States by failure of the parties to appeal or otherwise: *Provided further*, That, unless otherwise specifically required by law or by the judgment, payment of interest wherever appropriated for herein shall not continue for more than thirty days after the date of approval of this Act.

CHAPTER XV

GENERAL PROVISIONS

UNIFORM ALLOWANCES

SEC. 1501. The following appropriations and funds available to the departments and agencies, for the fiscal year 1956, shall be available for uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by the Act of September 1, 1954, as amended (68 Stat. 1114 and 69 Stat. 49):

5 USC 2131
note.

Legislative branch:

Architect of the Capitol:

- "Capitol Buildings";
- "Senate Office Buildings";
- "House Office Buildings";

Independent offices:

- Civil Service Commission: "Salaries and expenses";
- Federal Trade Commission: "Salaries and expenses";
- General Accounting Office: "Salaries and expenses";
- Interstate Commerce Commission: The appropriation available for the pay of employees entitled to uniforms or allowances therefor under said Act;
- National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics: "Salaries and expenses";
- National Labor Relations Board: "Salaries and expenses";
- Securities and Exchange Commission: "Salaries and expenses";
- Smithsonian Institution: "Salaries and expenses, National Gallery of Art";
- Veterans' Administration:
 - "General operating expenses";
 - "Medical administration and miscellaneous operating expenses";
 - "Maintenance and operation of supply depots";
- Department of Agriculture:
 - "Office of the Secretary";

Commodity Credit Corporation: "Limitation on administrative expenses";
 Department of Commerce:
 Office of the Secretary:
 "Salaries and expenses";
 "Working capital fund";
 Bureau of the Census: "Salaries and expenses";
 Civil Aeronautics Administration: "Operation and regulations";
 Maritime activities: "Salaries and expenses";
 National Bureau of Standards: "Working capital fund";
 Department of Health, Education, and Welfare:
 Freedmen's Hospital: "Salaries and expenses";
 Public Health Service:
 "Assistance to States, general";
 "Venereal diseases";
 "Tuberculosis";
 "Communicable diseases";
 "Sanitary engineering activities";
 "Disease and sanitation investigations and control, Territory of Alaska";
 "Hospitals and medical care";
 "Foreign quarantine service";
 "Indian health activities";
 "National Institutes of Health, operating expenses";
 "National Cancer Institute";
 "Mental health activities";
 "National Heart Institute";
 "Dental health activities";
 "Arthritis and metabolic disease activities";
 "Microbiology activities";
 "Neurology and blindness activities";
 Saint Elizabeths Hospital: "Salaries and expenses";
 Social Security Administration: "Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Old Age and Survivors Insurance";
 Department of the Interior:
 Office of the Secretary:
 "Salaries and expenses";
 "Working capital fund";
 Bureau of Indian Affairs: "Education and welfare services"; and
 Department of Labor:
 Office of the Secretary: "Salaries and expenses".

Strikes or
 overthrow
 of Govern-
 ment.

Affidavit.

Penalty.

Sec. 1502. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act, or of the funds available for expenditure by any corporation included in this Act, shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who engages in a strike against the Government of the United States or who is a member of an organization of Government employees that asserts the right to strike against the Government of the United States, or who advocates, or is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: *Provided*, That for the purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the person making the affidavit has not contrary to the provisions of this section engaged in a strike against the Government of the United States, is not a member of an organization of Government employees that asserts the right to strike against the Government of the United States, or that such person does not advocate, and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force, or violence: *Provided further*, That any person who engages in a strike against the Government of the United States or who is a member of an

organization of Government employees that asserts the right to strike against the Government of the United States, or who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence and accepts employment the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropriation or fund contained in this or any other Act shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: *Provided further*, That the above penalty clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of existing law.

Approved August 4, 1955.

Wednesday, February 8, 1956

Executive Order No. 10656

EXECUTIVE ORDER 10656

ESTABLISHING THE PRESIDENT'S BOARD OF CONSULTANTS ON FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES

By virtue of the authority vested in me as President of the United States, and in order to enhance the security of the United States and the conduct of its foreign affairs by furthering the availability of intelligence of the highest order, it is ordered as follows:

SECTION 1. There is hereby established the President's Board of Consultants on Foreign Intelligence Activities, hereinafter referred to as the President's Board. The members of the President's Board shall be appointed by the President, from among persons outside the Government and on the basis of ability, experience, and knowledge of matters relating to the national defense and security, and shall serve without compensation, but may receive transportation and per-diem allowances as authorized by law for persons serving without compensation.

Sec. 2. The President's Board shall conduct an objective review of the foreign intelligence activities of the Government and of the performance of the functions of the Central Intelligence Agency and shall report its findings to the President semi-annually or at more frequent intervals as the President's Board may deem appropriate. Such reports shall embrace the quality of the foreign intelligence provided to the Executive Branch of the Government, the performance by the Central Intelligence Agency of its functions, the performance of their respective foreign intelligence functions by the principal intelligence elements of executive departments and other agencies, and any other related foreign intelligence matter which the President's Board deems appropriate.

Sec. 3. The members of the President's Board, individually and sitting as the President's Board, shall consult from time to time with the Director of Central Intelligence concerning the activities of the Central Intelligence Agency and with intelligence elements of other depart-

ments and agencies. The Director of Central Intelligence and the intelligence elements concerned are authorized to make available to the President's Board or to its individual members any information concerning foreign intelligence activities relating to the national interest which the President's Board or its members may require to fulfill their responsibilities to the President under this order.

Sec. 4. Each member of the President's Board shall execute an undertaking not to reveal any classified information obtained by virtue of his service on the President's Board except to the President or to such persons as the President may designate.

Sec. 5. The transportation and per-diem allowances referred to in section 1 of this order, and any other expenditures arising in connection with the activities of the President's Board, shall be paid from the appropriation appearing under the heading "Special Projects" in Title I of the General Government Matters Appropriation Act, 1956 (Public Law 110, approved June 29, 1955), without regard to the provisions of section 3681 of the Revised Statutes and section 9 of the Act of March 4, 1909, 35 Stat. 1027, (31 U. S. C. 672 and 673).

Sec. 6. This order shall be effective as of January 13, 1956.

DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER

THE WHITE HOUSE,
February 6, 1956.

Taken from Federal Register, Vol. 21, No. 81

Thursday, 20 April 1956

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**TITLE 32A—NATIONAL DEFENSE,
APPENDIX**

**Chapter I—Office of Defense
Mobilization**

[Defense Mobilization Order IX-2]

**DMO IX-2—CREATING A TELECOMMUNICA-
TIONS ADVISORY BOARD**

By virtue of the authority vested in me pursuant to the National Security Act of 1947, as amended; Reorganization Plan No. 3, effective June 12, 1953; the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended; Executive Order 10460 of June 16, 1953 and Executive Order 10480 of August 15, 1953, it is hereby ordered:

1. There is established in the Office of Defense Mobilization a Telecommunications Advisory Board which shall consist of the Assistant to the Director for Telecommunications as Chairman, and a representative from each of the following departments and agencies: Department of State, Department of Defense, Department of Commerce, Central Intelligence Agency, Federal Civil Defense Administration, Federal Communications Commission.

2. The Telecommunications Advisory Board shall be called upon to furnish advice and guidance to the Director of the Office of Defense Mobilization with regard to:

(a) The relationship of national telecommunication policies to specific national mobilization plans.

(b) The compatibility of national telecommunication policies and programs with other policies and programs involving the national security.

(c) Such other related national telecommunication matters as may be requested.

3. This order shall take effect April 23, 1956.

OFFICE OF DEFENSE
MOBILIZATION,
ARTHUR S. FLEMMING,
Director.

[F. R. Doc. 56-3218; Filed, Apr. 25, 1956;
8:45 a. m.]

B-127069

April 12, 1956

Honorable Allen W. Dulles
Director, Central Intelligence Agency

Dear Mr. Dulles:

Reference is made to your letter of February 18, 1956, concerning the payment of cash awards to Agency personnel as an incentive for acquiring and maintaining competence in a foreign language.

You state that, in order effectively to accomplish its functions, your Agency requires an increasingly greater number of personnel who are proficient in one or more foreign languages and that future requirements may suddenly generate a demand far in excess of the Agency's capabilities. You further state that such qualified individuals cannot be recruited from sources outside the Agency because the source either is not adequate or there is insufficient time to make the source available and still observe proper security restrictions. To overcome the problem and meet the future needs of your Agency you proposed to establish a language resources program. In order to provide the necessary incentive among Agency personnel under this program it is proposed to make certain payments to them for acquiring competence in a language and additional periodic payments for maintaining such competence at fixed levels of proficiency. Under the program the relative difficulties of various languages will be evaluated and standards of competence in their use will be established.

On the foregoing you request our opinion as to whether such payments may properly be paid (1) under the authority of the Government Employees' Incentive Awards Act, approved September 1, 1954, 68 Stat. 1112, 5 U.S.C. Sup. II, 2121; or (2) the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949, 63 Stat. 208, 50 U.S.C. 403a.

Section 304(a) of the Government Employees' Incentive Awards Act, quoted in your letter, provides:

"The head of each department is authorized to pay cash awards to, and to incur necessary expenses for the honorary recognition of, civilian officers and employees of the Government who by their suggestions, inventions, superior accomplishments, or other personal efforts contribute to the efficiency, economy, or other improvement

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B-127069

of Government operations or who perform special acts or services in the public interest in connection with or related to their official employment."

From the facts presented in your letter it does not appear that the basis of your proposal to pay cash awards to personnel who learn and maintain a degree of proficiency in a foreign language--presumably on their own time and at their own expense--bears any relationship to the criteria set forth in the quoted statute as implemented by regulations issued by the Civil Service Commission. Such criteria condition the granting of monetary rewards to personnel for suggestions, inventions, or personal efforts which contribute to improvements or economies in Government operations. It seems to us that payment of cash awards to your personnel under the proposed language resources program is, in practical effect, nothing more than the holding out of a cash bonus or premium to an employee as an inducement to improve himself in order to help the Agency. Accordingly, we do not feel warranted in regarding the Government Employee's Incentive Awards Act as authorizing the payment of cash awards to personnel of your Agency for participating in the proposed language resources program.

With reference to the propriety of paying the subject cash awards under the authority of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949, your letter quotes section 10(a) thereof, in pertinent part, as follows:

"Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, sums made available to the Agency by appropriation or otherwise may be expended for purposes necessary to carry out its functions, including* * *."

In addition there are observed the provisions of section 10(b) that--

"The sums made available to the Agency may be expended without regard to the provisions of law and regulations relating to the expenditure of Government funds * * *."

In view of the broad discretion vested by these statutory provisions in your Agency to determine its expenditures without regard to the provisions of any other law or regulation governing the expenditure of public funds, and since you express the belief that the proposed language resources program is necessary to carry out the Agency's functions, we agree with your view that the provisions of the Central

B-127069

Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 constitute sufficient authority to make cash payments to Agency personnel participating in the proposed program.

Your questions are answered accordingly.

Sincerely yours,

Comptroller General
of the United States

TAB
36

Public Law 801 - 84th Congress
Chapter 730 - 2d Session
H. R. 10368

AN ACT

All 70 Stat. 652.

To amend the Civil Service Act of January 16, 1883, so as to require that certain reports and other communications of the executive branch to Congress contain information pertaining to the number of civilian officers and employees required to carry out additional or expanded functions, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Civil Service Act of January 16, 1883, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

Civil Service.
22 Stat. 403.
5 USC 632 et
seq.

“Sec. 11. (a) Each report, recommendation, or other communication, of an official nature, of any department, agency, or independent establishment of the executive branch of the Federal Government (including any corporation wholly owned by the United States) which—

Reports to
Congress.
Requirements.

“(1) relates to pending or proposed legislation which, if enacted, will entail an estimated annual expenditure of appropriated funds in excess of \$1,000,000,

“(2) is submitted or transmitted to the Congress or any committee thereof in compliance with law or on the initiative of the appropriate authority of the executive branch, and

“(3) officially proposes or recommends the creation or expansion, either by action of the Congress or by administrative action, of any function, activity, or authority of any such department, agency, independent establishment, or corporation, to be in addition to those functions, activities, and authorities thereof existing at the time such report, recommendation, or communication is submitted or transmitted to the Congress or any committee thereof,

shall contain a statement, with respect to such department, agency, independent establishment, or corporation, for each of the first five fiscal years during which each such additional or expanded function, activity, or authority so proposed or recommended is to be in effect, disclosing the following information:

“(A) the estimated maximum additional—

“(i) man-years of civilian employment, by general categories of positions,

“(ii) expenditures for personal services, and

“(iii) expenditures for all purposes other than personal services,

which are attributable to such function, activity, or authority and which will be required to be effected by such department, agency, independent establishment, or corporation in connection with the performance of such function, activity, or authority, and

“(B) such other statement, discussion, explanation, or other information as may be deemed advisable by the appropriate authority of the executive branch or which may be required by the Congress or a committee thereof.

Pub. Law 801
All 70 Stat. 652.

-2-

CIA, nonappli-
cability.
Effective date.

“(b) Subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to the Central Intelligence Agency.”

SEC. 2. The amendment made by the first section of this Act shall become effective on January 1, 1957.

Approved July 25, 1956.

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COMPTROLLER

GPO 71139

TAB
37

Public Law 814 - 84th Congress
Chapter 748 - 2d Session
H. R. 12138

AN ACT

All 70 Stat. 678.

Making supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957,
and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply supplemental appropriations (this Act may be cited as the "Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1957") for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957, and for other purposes, namely:

Supplemental
Appropriation
Act, 1957.

CHAPTER I

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH SERVICE

For an additional amount for "Salaries and Expenses," for "plant and animal disease and pest control", \$2,500,000 to be apportioned for use pursuant to section 3679 of the Revised Statutes, as amended, for the control of outbreaks of insects and plant diseases under the joint resolution approved May 9, 1938 (7 U. S. C. 148-148e), and the Act of August 13, 1954 (7 U. S. C. 148), to the extent necessary to meet emergency conditions.

31 USC 665.

52 Stat. 344.

68 Stat. 717.

ANIMAL DISEASE LABORATORY FACILITIES

For an additional amount for "Animal disease laboratory facilities," for establishment of such facilities, including construction and alteration of buildings and acquisition of necessary land by purchase, donation, or exchange, \$16,250,000, to remain available until expended.

COMMODITY STABILIZATION SERVICE

SUGAR ACT PROGRAM

The limitation under this head in the Department of Agriculture and Farm Credit Administration Appropriation Act, 1957, on the amount of expenditures (including transfers) from this appropriation for other than payments to sugar producers is increased by \$189,000.

Ante, p. 235.

FEDERAL CROP INSURANCE CORPORATION

SUBSCRIPTION TO CAPITAL STOCK

To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to subscribe and pay for capital stock of the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation, as provided in section 504 of the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U. S. C. 1504), \$13,000,000.

52 Stat. 72.

81424 - 56 O (748)

CHAPTER II

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

CIVIL AERONAUTICS ADMINISTRATION

LAND ACQUISITION, ADDITIONAL WASHINGTON AIRPORT

For an additional amount for "Land acquisition, additional Washington airport", for payment of deficiency judgments rendered by United States District Courts, \$2,429, together with such amounts as may be necessary to pay interest as specified in such judgments.

COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

Not to exceed \$10,000 of the funds appropriated under this head for the fiscal year 1957 shall be available during the calendar year 1957 for expenses of appropriate activities commemorating the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the establishment of the Coast and Geodetic Survey.

BUSINESS AND DEFENSE SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", \$75,000.

BUREAU OF FOREIGN COMMERCE

EXPORT CONTROL

For expenses necessary for carrying out the provisions of the Export Control Act of 1949 as amended, relating to export controls, including awards of compensation to informers under said Act and as authorized by the Act of August 13, 1953 (22 U. S. C. 401), \$3,000,000, of which not to exceed \$950,000 may be advanced to the Bureau of Customs, Treasury Department, for enforcement of the export control program, and of which not to exceed \$88,000 may be advanced to the appropriation for "Salaries and expenses" under General administration.

BUREAU OF PUBLIC ROADS

JONES POINT BRIDGE

For expenses necessary for the construction of a bridge over the Potomac River pursuant to the provisions of the Act of August 30, 1954 (68 Stat. 963, 964), as amended, \$14,325,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That the unexpended balance of the appropriation granted under this head in the Second Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1955, is hereby merged with this appropriation: *Provided further*, That this paragraph shall be effective only upon the final consummation of agreements for the maintenance and operation of the bridge and approaches by the States of Virginia and Maryland.

Ante, p. 316

63 Stat. 7.
50 USC app. 2021
note.
67 Stat. 577.

69 Stat. 30.

INDEPENDENT OFFICES

ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON WEATHER CONTROL

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Advisory Committee on Weather Control, established by the Act of August 13, 1953 (67 Stat. 559), as amended, including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), \$300,000. 60 Stat. 810.

CHAPTER III

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

CONSTRUCTION

For the preparation of detail plans and specifications and the construction of a Central Intelligence Agency headquarters installation, and for other purposes as authorized by title IV of the Act of July 15, 1955 (69 Stat. 349), to remain available until expended, \$49,000,000.

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

INTERSERVICE ACTIVITIES

LORAN STATIONS

For construction of additional loran stations by the Coast Guard, to remain available until expended, \$5,450,000, which shall be transferred to the appropriation, "Acquisition, construction, and improvements", Coast Guard.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS

For an additional amount for "Maintenance and operations", \$88,000,000.

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, ARMY

For acquisition, construction, installation, and equipment of temporary or permanent public works, military installations, and facilities, for the Army, as authorized by section 505 of the Act of September 28, 1951 (Public Law 155), the Act of July 14, 1952 (Public Law 534), the Act of August 7, 1953 (Public Law 209), the Act of July 27, 1954 (Public Law 534), the Act of September 1, 1954 (Public Law 765), the Act of July 15, 1955 (Public Law 161), and the additional projects as may be authorized by law during the second session of the Eighty-fourth Congress, without regard to sections 1136 and 3734, Revised Statutes, as amended, including hire of passenger motor vehicles; to remain available until expended, \$202,000,000, to be derived by transfer during the current fiscal year from the "Army stock fund".

65 Stat. 343.
66 Stat. 609.
67 Stat. 441.
68 Stat. 539,
1120.
69 Stat. 329.
10 USC 1339;
40 USC 259, 267.

REDUCTION IN APPROPRIATION

ARMY STOCK FUND

The amount available in the Army Stock Fund is hereby reduced by \$357,000,000, such sum to be covered into the Treasury no later than December 31, 1956.

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, NAVY

For acquisition, construction, installation, and equipment of temporary or permanent public works, naval installations, and facilities for the Navy as authorized by section 505 of the Act of September 28, 1951 (Public Law 155), the Act of July 14, 1952 (Public Law 534), the Act of August 7, 1953 (Public Law 209), the Act of July 27, 1954 (Public Law 534), the Act of September 1, 1954 (Public Law 765), the Act of July 15, 1955 (Public Law 161), and the additional projects as may be authorized by law during the second session of the Eighty-fourth Congress, without regard to sections 1136 and 3734, Revised Statutes, as amended, including hire of passenger motor vehicles; and personnel in the Bureau of Yards and Docks and other personal services necessary for the purposes of this appropriation; to remain available until expended, \$400,000,000, of which \$200,000,000 shall be derived by transfer during the current fiscal year from the "Navy stock fund" and \$35,000,000 shall be derived by transfer from the "Marine Corps stock fund".

65 Stat. 343.
66 Stat. 609.
67 Stat. 441.
68 Stat. 539,
1120.
69 Stat. 329.

10 USC 1339;
40 USC 259,
267.

DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

For an additional amount for "Operation and maintenance", \$18,500,000.

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, AIR FORCE

For acquisition, construction, installation, and equipment of temporary or permanent public works, military installations, and facilities for the Air Force as authorized by the Act of September 11, 1950 (Public Law 783) by section 505 of the Act of September 28, 1951 (Public Law 155), the Act of July 14, 1952 (Public Law 534), the Act of August 7, 1953 (Public Law 209), the Act of April 1, 1954 (Public Law 325), the Act of July 27, 1954 (Public Law 534), the Act of September 1, 1954 (Public Law 765), the Act of July 15, 1955 (Public Law 161), and of the additional projects as may be authorized by law during the second session of the Eighty-fourth Congress, without regard to sections 1136 and 3734, Revised Statutes, as amended, including hire of passenger motor vehicles, to remain available until expended, \$1,228,000,000, including \$1,000,000 for additional facilities to increase the water supply for Holloman Air Force Base.

64 Stat. 829.
65 Stat. 343.
66 Stat. 609.
67 Stat. 441.
68 Stat. 539,
1120.
69 Stat. 329.

10 USC 1339; 40
USC 259, 267.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 301. Funds appropriated to the military departments for construction in prior years are hereby made available for construction authorized for each such department by the authorizations enacted into law during the second session of the Eighty-fourth Congress.

SEC. 302. None of the funds appropriated in this chapter shall be expended for payments under a cost-plus-a-fixed-fee contract for work where cost estimates exceed \$25,000 to be performed within the continental United States without the specific approval in writing of the Secretary of Defense setting forth the reasons therefor.

SEC. 303. None of the funds appropriated in this chapter shall be expended for additional costs involved in expediting construction unless the Secretary of Defense certifies such costs to be necessary to protect the national interest and establishes a reasonable completion date for each project, taking into consideration the urgency of the requirement, the type and location of the project, the climatic and

Cost-plus-a-
fixed-fee
contracts.

Expediting con-
struction.

seasonal conditions affecting the construction and the application of economical construction practices.

Sec. 304. None of the funds appropriated in this chapter shall be used for the construction, replacement, or reactivation of any bakery, laundry, or dry-cleaning facility in the United States, its Territories or possessions, as to which the Secretary of Defense does not certify, in writing, giving his reasons therefor, that the services to be furnished by such facilities are not obtainable from commercial sources at reasonable rates.

Bakeries, laundries, etc.

Sec. 305. Funds appropriated to the military departments for construction are hereby made available for advance planning, construction design and architectural services, as authorized by section 504 of the Act of September 28, 1951, as amended, 69 Stat. 352.

Funds for advance planning.

31 USC 723.

Sec. 306. Appropriations to the military departments for construction may be charged for the cost of administration, supervision and inspection of family housing authorized pursuant to title IV of the Act of August 11, 1955 (Public Law 345), in an amount not to exceed three and one-half per centum of the cost of each such project: *Provided*, That such appropriations shall be reimbursed from the proceeds of any mortgage executed on each such project.

Family housing.

69 Stat. 646.

12 USC 1743

et seq.

Sec. 307. Any limitations contained in the Department of Defense Appropriation Act, 1957, on the unit cost of construction of family quarters shall not be applicable to forty-seven units of family quarters at the United States Air Force Academy, the individual cost of which shall not exceed the following limitations: \$75,000 on one unit for the superintendent; \$50,000 on two units for the deans; and \$30,000 on forty-four units for department heads.

Ante, p. 455.

Sec. 308. Funds appropriated to the military departments for construction may be used for advances to the Bureau of Public Roads, Department of Commerce, for the purposes of section 6 of the Defense Highway Act of 1941 (55 Stat. 765), as amended, and section 12 of the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1950 (64 Stat. 785), as amended, when projects authorized therein are certified as important to the national defense by the Secretary of Defense.

23 USC 106.

23 USC 106

note.

Sec. 309. Any funds appropriated for Reserve Facilities by this or any other Act shall be used for the sole purpose for which they were appropriated.

Sec. 310. Not exceeding \$5,000,000 of the funds available to the Department of Defense for military construction may be used for capital expenditures other than for amortization of outstanding mortgages on any housing project constructed under title VIII of the National Housing Act as in effect prior to the Housing Amendments of 1955, in accordance with applicable provisions as may be authorized by law during the second session of the Eighty-fourth Congress: *Provided*, That the Secretary of Defense or his designee, in acquiring such housing projects, may make purchases subject to any existing mortgage or assume such mortgage.

63 Stat. 571.

12 USC 1748 et

seq.

69 Stat. 635,

646.

CHAPTER IV

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—CIVIL FUNCTIONS

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

GOVERNMENT AND RELIEF IN OCCUPIED AREAS

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary to meet the responsibilities and obligations of the United States in connection with the government or occupation of the Ryukyu Islands, including, subject to such authorizations and limitations as may be prescribed by the head of the department or agency concerned, tuition, travel expenses, and fees incident to instruction in the United States or elsewhere of such persons as may be required to carry out the provisions of this appropriation; travel expenses and transportation; services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a), at rates not in excess of \$50 per diem for individuals not to exceed ten in number; translation rights, photographic work, education exhibits, and dissemination of information, including preview and review expenses incident thereto; hire of passenger motor vehicles and aircraft; purchase of four passenger motor vehicles for replacement only; repair and maintenance of buildings, utilities, facilities, and appurtenances; and such supplies, commodities, and equipment as may be essential to carry out the purposes of this appropriation; \$2,350,000, of which not to exceed \$1,280,000 shall be available for administrative and information and education expenses: *Provided*, That the general provisions of the Appropriation Act for the current fiscal year for the military functions of the Department of the Army shall apply to expenditures made by that Department from this appropriation: *Provided further*, That expenditures from this appropriation may be made outside continental United States when necessary to carry out its purposes, without regard to sections 355, 1136, 3648, and 3734, Revised Statutes, as amended, civil service or classification laws, or provisions of law prohibiting payment of any person not a citizen of the United States: *Provided further*, That expenditures may be made hereunder for the purposes of economic rehabilitation in the Ryukyu Islands in such manner as to be consistent with the general objectives of titles II and III of the Mutual Security Act of 1954, and in the manner authorized by sections 505 (a) and 522 (e) thereof: *Provided further*, That funds appropriated hereunder and unexpended at the time of the termination of occupation by the United States, of any area for which such funds are made available, may be expended by the President for the procurement of such commodities and technical services, and commodities procured from funds herein or heretofore appropriated for government and relief in occupied areas and not delivered to such an area prior to the time of the termination of occupation, may be utilized by the President, as may be necessary to assist in the maintenance of the political and economic stability of such areas: *Provided further*, That before any such assistance is made available, an agreement shall be entered into between the United States and the recognized government or authority with respect to such area containing such undertakings by such government or authority as the President may determine to be necessary in order to assure the efficient use of such assistance in furtherance of such purposes: *Provided further*, That such agreement shall, when applicable, include requirements and undertakings corresponding to the requirements and undertakings specified in section 303 of the Mutual Security Act of 1954: *Provided further*, That funds appro-

60 Stat. 810.

33 USC 733 and
note; 10 USC 1339;
31 USC 529; 40
USC 259, 267.

68 Stat. 840,
841, 851, 855.
22 USC 1871, 1872,
1891-1898, 1757,
1782.

22 USC 1893.

priated hereunder may be used, insofar as practicable, and under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the head of the department or agency concerned to pay ocean transportation charges from United States ports, including territorial ports, to ports in the Ryukyus for the movement of supplies donated to, or purchased by, United States voluntary nonprofit relief agencies registered with and recommended by the Advisory Committee on Voluntary Foreign Aid or of relief packages consigned to individuals residing in such areas: *Provided further*, That under the rules and regulations to be prescribed, the head of the department or agency concerned shall fix and pay a uniform rate per pound for the ocean transportation of all relief packages of food or other general classification of commodities shipped to the Ryukyus regardless of methods of shipment and higher rates charged by particular agencies of transportation, but this proviso shall not apply to shipments made by individuals to individuals: *Provided further*, That the President may transfer to any other department or agency any function or functions provided for under this appropriation, and there shall be transferred to any such department or agency without reimbursement and without regard to the appropriation from which procured, such property as the Director of the Bureau of the Budget shall determine to relate primarily to any function or functions so transferred.

Transfer of
functions.

CORPORATION

The following corporation is hereby authorized to make such expenditures, within the limits of funds and borrowing authority available to such corporation, and in accord with law, and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal year limitations as provided by section 104 of the Government Corporation Control Act, as amended, as may be necessary in carrying out the programs set forth in the budget for the fiscal year 1957 for such corporation, except as hereinafter provided:

61 Stat. 584.
31 USC 849.

EXPORT-IMPORT BANK OF WASHINGTON

ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE LIMITATION

Not to exceed \$1,670,000 (to be computed on an accrual basis) of the funds of the Export-Import Bank of Washington shall be available during the current fiscal year for all administrative expenses of the bank, including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U. S. C. 55a) at rates not to exceed \$50 per diem for individuals, and not to exceed \$9,000 for entertainment allowances for members of the board of directors when specifically authorized by the chairman of the board: *Provided*, That necessary expenses (including special services performed on a contract or fee basis, but not including other personal services, and fees or dues to international organizations of credit institutions engaged in financing foreign trade) in connection with the acquisition, operation, maintenance, improvement, or disposition of any real or personal property belonging to the bank or in which it has an interest, including expenses of collections of pledged collateral, or the investigation or appraisal of any property in respect to which an application for a loan has been made, shall be considered as nonadministrative expenses for the purposes hereof.

60 Stat. 810.

CHAPTER V

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

BUREAU OF THE BUDGET

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", \$385,000: *Provided*, That the limitation under this head in the General Government Matters Appropriation Act, 1957, on the amount available for expenses of travel is increased from "\$70,000" to "\$110,000".

Ante, p. 277.

INDEPENDENT OFFICE

COMMISSION ON GOVERNMENT SECURITY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the Commission on Government Security, including expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the purposes of this appropriation, \$632,500.

CHAPTER VI

INDEPENDENT OFFICES

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The limitation under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1957, on the authorization for land and structures is increased from "\$4,200" to "\$18,300", and the limitation on the amount available for expenses of travel is increased from "\$118,000" to "\$118,650".

Ante, p. 341.

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

OPERATING EXPENSES, PUBLIC BUILDINGS SERVICE

For an additional amount, fiscal year 1956, for "Operating expenses, Public Buildings Service", including payments in lieu of taxes pursuant to the Act of August 12, 1955 (69 Stat. 721), \$1,450,000.

For an additional amount for "Operating expenses, Public Buildings Service", including payments in lieu of taxes pursuant to the Act of August 12, 1955 (69 Stat. 721), \$3,550,000.

40 USC 472,
521-524.

REPAIR, IMPROVEMENT, AND EQUIPMENT OF FEDERALLY OWNED BUILDINGS
OUTSIDE THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

For an additional amount for "Repair, improvement, and equipment of federally owned buildings outside the District of Columbia", not to exceed \$35,000, to remain available until expended.

ACQUISITION OF LAND, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for the acquisition by condemnation of a portion of the land, including improvements thereon, in square 62, District of Columbia, pursuant to the provisions of the Public Buildings Act of May 25, 1926 (40 U. S. C. 341),

44 Stat. 630.

as amended, \$250,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That the Administrator of General Services is authorized to exchange the same or a part thereof for any other land in said square on such terms and conditions as the Administrator may determine.

ADDITIONAL COURT FACILITIES

The unobligated balance of the appropriation granted under this head in the Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1955, shall remain available until June 30, 1957. 68 Stat. 815.

UNITED STATES POST OFFICE AND COURTHOUSE, NOME, ALASKA

For an additional amount for "United States post office and courthouse, Nome, Alaska", \$200,000, to remain available until expended.

EXPENSES, GENERAL SUPPLY FUND

For an additional amount for "Expenses, general supply fund", \$300,000.

GENERAL SUPPLY FUND

To increase the general supply fund established by the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as amended (5 U. S. C. 630g), \$8,000,000. 63 Stat. 382.

ACQUISITION OF TIN

For expenses necessary to carry out the purposes of section 5 (b) of the Act of June 22, 1956 (Public Law 608), for acquisition of tin, and expenses of its storage and handling, \$8,000,000. *Ante*, p. 329.

HOUSING AND HOME FINANCE AGENCY

PUBLIC HOUSING ADMINISTRATION, ANNUAL CONTRIBUTIONS

For an additional amount, fiscal year 1956, for "Annual contributions", \$450,000.

NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE FOR AERONAUTICS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", \$789,000.

NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION

SYNTHETIC RUBBER RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

Not to exceed \$500,000 of the funds transferred from the Federal Facilities Corporation to the National Science Foundation for support of the Government's synthetic rubber research program, including funds from operations of the Government laboratories at Akron, Ohio, which are unobligated on June 30, 1956, shall remain available until June 30, 1957, for necessary expenses of terminating operations of the Government laboratories and concluding the research responsibilities transferred from the Federal Facilities Corporation to the Foundation.

CHAPTER VII

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

OFFICE OF OIL AND GAS

For an additional amount for "Office of Oil and Gas", \$100,000.

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

CONSTRUCTION

For an additional amount for "Construction", \$100,000, to remain available until expended.

VIRGIN ISLANDS CORPORATION

REVOLVING FUND

For an additional amount for the revolving fund established under this head in the Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1950, to provide for advances to the Virgin Islands Corporation as authorized by law, \$125,000.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

FOREST SERVICE

ACQUISITION OF LANDS FOR NATIONAL FORESTS

Special Acts

For the acquisition of forest land within the Superior National Forest, Minnesota, under the provisions of the Act of June 22, 1948 (62 Stat. 570; 16 U. S. C. 577c-577h), as amended, \$500,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for the acquisition of any land without the approval of the local government concerned.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISION

The Forest Service is hereby authorized to construct a ski shelter in the Mount Baker National Forest, Washington, at a cost of not to exceed \$40,000, without regard to any limitation on the cost of such a structure contained in any other Act.

INDEPENDENT OFFICES

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA AUDITORIUM COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of the Act of July 1, 1955 (Public Law 128), as amended by the Act of April 27, 1956 (Public Law 491), to be available from October 25, 1955, and to be expended on the authority or approval of the Chairman of the District of Columbia Auditorium Commission, \$150,000.

63 Stat. 875.
69 Stat. 243.
Ante, p. 115.

CHAPTER VIII

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE

PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

For additional amounts for appropriations to the Public Health Service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1956, as follows:

"Assistance to States, general", \$11,000; and
"Hospitals and medical care", \$268,500.

For additional amounts for appropriations to the Public Health Service, as follows:

"Assistance to States, general", \$90,000;
"Venereal diseases", \$55,000;
"Tuberculosis", \$35,000;
"Communicable diseases", \$540,000;
"Foreign quarantine service", \$70,000;
"Indian health activities", \$650,000; and
"Salaries and expenses", \$720,000.

DISEASE AND SANITATION INVESTIGATIONS AND CONTROL, TERRITORY OF ALASKA

For an additional amount for "Disease and sanitation investigations and control, Territory of Alaska", for the purpose of making a comprehensive survey of the need for the construction of mental health facilities, \$25,000: *Provided*, That this paragraph shall be effective only upon the enactment into law of H. R. 6376, Eighty-fourth Congress. Post p. 709.

HOSPITALS AND MEDICAL CARE

For an additional amount for "Hospitals and medical care", including payment of claims for certain structures at Carville, Louisiana, as authorized by law, \$1,225,000.

REDUCTIONS IN APPROPRIATIONS

GRANTS TO STATES FOR POLIOMYELITIS VACCINATION

Funds heretofore appropriated under this head are hereby reduced by \$4,000,000, which sum shall be covered into the Treasury immediately upon approval of this Act.

GRANTS FOR HOSPITAL CONSTRUCTION

The paragraph under this head in the Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1955 (68 Stat. 810), is amended by striking out "to remain available until expended" and inserting in lieu thereof "to remain available until June 30, 1957"; the paragraph under this head in the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare Appropriation Act, 1956 (69 Stat. 405), and the paragraph under this head in the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare Appropriation Act, 1957 (70 Stat. 431), are amended by striking out in each the words "to remain available until expended"; and funds appropriated under this head in the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare Appropriation Act, 1955 (68 Stat. 441), and all appropriation acts prior thereto, remaining unobligated on June 30, 1956, are hereby rescinded and ordered to be covered into the Treasury immediately upon approval of this Act.

CHAPTER IX

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

EXTENSION AND REMODELING, STATE DEPARTMENT BUILDING

For expenses necessary for planning, and the extension and remodeling, under the supervision of the General Services Administration, of the State Department Building, Washington, D. C., and for expenses necessary for providing temporary office space, including payment of rent in the District of Columbia, alterations, purchase and installation of air conditioning equipment, to remain available until expended, \$44,920,000, to be transferred to the General Services Administration.

INTERNATIONAL FISHERIES COMMISSIONS

For an additional amount for "International fisheries commissions", \$620,000.

VATICAN CITY CLAIMS

For claims of the Vatican City, to be transferred to the Secretary of the Treasury for payment as authorized by the Act of July 3, 1956 (Public Law 656), \$964,200.

Ante, p. 495.

THE JUDICIARY

COURTS OF APPEALS, DISTRICT COURTS, AND OTHER JUDICIAL SERVICES

FEES OF JURORS AND COMMISSIONERS

For an additional amount fiscal year 1956, for "Fees of jurors and commissioners", \$100,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation for "Salaries of supporting personnel", fiscal year 1956.

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

PRESIDENT'S SPECIAL INTERNATIONAL PROGRAM

For expenses necessary to enable the President to carry out the provisions of the "International Cultural Exchange and Trade Fair Participation Act of 1956", \$5,900,000 to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That the unexpended balances of appropriations for "Emergency fund for international affairs", granted in the Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1956, and the Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1955, shall be merged with this appropriation: *Provided further*, That this paragraph shall be effective only upon enactment into law of S. 3116, Eighty-fourth Congress, or similar legislation.

69 Stat. 465.
68 Stat. 824.

CHAPTER X

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

BUREAU OF ACCOUNTS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", \$82,000.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, DIVISION OF DISBURSEMENT

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", \$175,000.

INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", \$750,000.

BUREAU OF THE MINT

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", \$3,500: *Provided*, That this paragraph shall be effective only upon enactment into law of H. J. Res. 569, Eighty-fourth Congress, or similar Ante, p. 577. legislation.

STRIKING OF GOLD MEDAL FOR GUSTAF E. LAMBERT

For striking a gold medal for Gustaf E. Lambert in recognition of his service in the interest of humanity and science in connection with the yellow fever investigations in Cuba, as authorized by the Act of February 28, 1929 (45 Stat. 1409), as amended by the Act of July 2, 1956 (Public Law 644), not to exceed \$350. Ante, p. 484.

COAST GUARD

RETIRED PAY

For an additional amount for "Retired pay", \$425,000.

FEDERAL FACILITIES CORPORATION FUND

The amount of the Corporation's funds made available under this head under title I of the Treasury-Post Office Appropriation Act, 1957, for administrative expenses of the Corporation, is increased Ante, p. 95. from \$250,000 to \$425,000.

CHAPTER XI

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

OPERATING EXPENSES

DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

For an additional amount for "Department of General Administration", including purchase of two passenger motor vehicles, \$308,990.

OFFICE OF CORPORATION COUNSEL

For an additional amount for "Office of Corporation Counsel", \$3,600.

DEPARTMENT OF OCCUPATIONS AND PROFESSIONS

For an additional amount for "Department of Occupations and Professions," \$3,200.

REGULATORY AGENCIES

For an additional amount for "Regulatory agencies", \$21,800.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS

For an additional amount for "Public schools", \$155,000.

For an additional amount, fiscal year 1956, for "Public schools", for increased salaries for teachers and officers in the evening and summer schools and for per diem educational employees in the regular day schools, to be effective on and after July 1, 1955, \$155,000: *Provided*, That no retroactive compensation or salary shall be payable in the case of any individual not in the service of the municipal government of the District of Columbia on the date of approval of this Act, except that such retroactive compensation or salary shall be paid in the case of a deceased officer or employee, or of a retired officer or employee, for services rendered after the effective date of the increase.

METROPOLITAN POLICE

For an additional amount for "Metropolitan Police", \$758,100, of which \$92,000 shall be payable from the highway fund, and \$62,000 from the motor-vehicle parking fund, as defined in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1957.

Ante, p. 439.

COURTS

For an additional amount for "Courts", \$398,850.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH

For an additional amount for "Department of Public Health", \$191,520.

For an additional amount, fiscal year 1955, for "Department of Public Health", \$75,000.

PUBLIC WELFARE

For an additional amount for "Department of Public Welfare", \$450,000.

NATIONAL GUARD

For an additional amount for "National Guard", including compensation to the commanding general at not to exceed \$9,000 per annum, \$9,000.

The appropriation for the National Guard contained in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1956, shall be available for the payment, beginning January 1, 1956, of compensation to the commanding general at not to exceed \$9,000 per annum.

69 Stat. 256.

PERSONAL SERVICES, WAGE-SCALE EMPLOYEES

For pay increases for wage-scale employees, to be transferred by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to the appropriations and funds of said District for the fiscal year 1957, from which said employees are properly payable, \$943,000, of which \$134,500 shall be payable from the highway fund, \$75,400 from the water fund, and \$46,100 from the sanitary sawage works fund; said increases in compensation to be effective on the first day of the first pay period beginning after June 30, 1956: *Provided*, That no retroactive compensation or salary shall be payable in the case of any individual not in the service of the municipal government of the District of Columbia on the date

of approval of this Act, except that such retroactive compensation or salary shall be paid in the case of a deceased officer or employee, or of a retired officer or employee, for services rendered after the effective date of the increase.

CAPITAL OUTLAY

PUBLIC BUILDING CONSTRUCTION

For an additional amount for "Public building construction", for acquisition of a site for repair shop and engine house No. 7, Fire Department; preparation of plans and specifications for rehabilitation of psychiatric building at District of Columbia General Hospital; erection of the following structures, including building improvement and alteration and the treatment of grounds: replacement of dormitory for resident physicians and interns at the District of Columbia General Hospital, Youth Correctional Center, industrial facilities at the Reformatory, and a detention unit, warehouse, two junior units, and staff housing at the Children's Center; equipment for new buildings; survey of facilities of District of Columbia government hospitals, by contract or otherwise, as may be determined by the Commissioners; improvement of various recreation units, including preparation of architectural plans and erection of recreation structures without regard to the Act of August 24, 1912 (40 U. S. C. 68); and permanent improvement of buildings and grounds (including purchase and installation of furnishings and equipment, road construction, and elimination of fire hazards) of schools, firehouses, hospitals, correctional institutions, welfare institutions, and other District of Columbia buildings; to remain available until expended, \$7,922,829, of which \$2,110,500 shall not become available for expenditure until July 1, 1957, and \$100,180 shall be available for construction services by the Director of Buildings and Grounds or by contract for architectural engineering services, as may be determined by the Commissioners, and the funds for the use of the Director of Buildings and Grounds shall be advanced to the appropriation account, "Construction services, Department of Buildings and Grounds". 37 Stat. 444.

For an additional amount for public building construction projects included in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1956, to cover increased estimated costs of the following projects: nursery cottage at the Children's Center, new operating suite District of Columbia General Hospital, Anacostia Senior High School addition, elementary school in the vicinity of Sixth Street and Riggs Road, Northeast, and Garfield Elementary School addition, to remain available until expended, \$335,000, of which \$210,000 shall not become available for expenditure until July 1, 1957. 69 Stat. 246.

The Commissioners are authorized to construct on land owned by the District of Columbia at the Lorton Reformatory a warehouse building for the storage of materials at a cost of not to exceed \$35,000, to be paid from the permanent revolving fund created by the Act of July 9, 1946 (60 Stat. 514).

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS

For an additional amount (payable from the highway fund) for "Capital outlay, Department of Highways", for major improvements to the 11th Street Bridge, \$140,000, to remain available until expended.

DEPARTMENT OF SANITARY ENGINEERING

For an additional amount for "Capital outlay, Department of Sanitary Engineering", to remain available until expended, \$5,000,000, of which \$1,000,000 shall be payable from the sanitary sewage works fund: *Provided*, That the amount payable from the sanitary sewage works fund and \$1,500,000 of the amount payable from the general fund shall not become available for expenditure until July 1, 1957.

SETTLEMENT OF CLAIMS AND SUITS

For the payment of claims in excess of \$250, approved by the Commissioners in accordance with the provisions of the Act of February 11, 1929, as amended (45 Stat. 1160; 46 Stat. 500; 65 Stat. 131), \$22,281.

D. C. Code 1-902 to 1-905.

JUDGMENTS

For the payment of final judgments rendered against the District of Columbia, as set forth in House Document Numbered 424 (Eighty-fourth Congress), \$13,461, together with such further sums as may be necessary to pay the interest at not exceeding 4 per centum per annum on such judgments, as provided by law, from the date the same became due until the date of payment.

AUDITED CLAIMS

For an additional amount for the payment of claims, certified to be due by the accounting officers of the District of Columbia, under appropriations the balances of which have been exhausted or credited to the general fund of the District of Columbia as provided by law (D. C. Code, title 47, sec. 130a), being for the service of the fiscal year 1954 and prior fiscal years, as set forth in House Document Numbered 424 (Eighty-fourth Congress), \$83,093, together with such further sums as may be necessary to pay the interest on audited claims for refunds at not exceeding 4 per centum per annum as provided by law (Act of July 10, 1952, 66 Stat. 546, sec. 14d).

58 Stat. 533.

D. C. Code 47-2413.

DIVISION OF EXPENSES

The sums appropriated in this Act for the District of Columbia shall, unless otherwise specifically provided for, be paid out of the general fund of the District of Columbia, as defined in the District of Columbia Appropriation Acts for the fiscal years involved.

CHAPTER XII

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

SENATE

For payment to Jane R. Barkley, widow of Alben W. Barkley, late a Senator from the State of Kentucky, \$22,500.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE SENATE

Miscellaneous items: For an additional amount for miscellaneous items, fiscal year 1956, \$84,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation, "Salaries, officers and employees, Senate", fiscal year 1956.

Joint Committee on Inaugural Ceremonies of 1957: For salaries and expenses of conducting the inaugural ceremonies of the President

and Vice President of the United States, January 21, 1957, in accordance with such program as may be adopted by the joint committee authorized by concurrent resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives, \$215,000.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

For the payment to Kathryn Elizabeth Granahan, widow of William T. Granahan, late a Representative from the State of Pennsylvania, \$22,500.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE HOUSE

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS

For an additional amount, fiscal year 1956, for "Miscellaneous items", \$100,000.

GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

REVOLVING FUND

The statute reference in the third paragraph under this head in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1957, is hereby amended to Ante, p. 369. read "67 Stat. 330, August 1, 1953".

CHAPTER XIII

CLAIMS FOR DAMAGES, AUDITED CLAIMS, AND
JUDGMENTS

Sec. 1301. For payment of claims for damages as settled and determined by departments and agencies in accord with law, audited claims certified to be due by the General Accounting Office, and judgments rendered against the United States by United States district courts and the United States Court of Claims, as set forth in House Document Numbered 426, Eighty-fourth Congress, \$2,683,396, together with such amounts as may be necessary to pay interest (as and when specified in such judgments or in certain of the settlements of the General Accounting Office or provided by law) and such additional sums due to increases in rates of exchange as may be necessary to pay claims in foreign currency: *Provided*, That no judgment herein appropriated for shall be paid until it shall have become final and conclusive against the United States by failure of the parties to appeal or otherwise: *Provided further*, That, unless otherwise specifically required by law or by the judgment, payment of interest wherever appropriated for herein shall not continue for more than thirty days after the date of approval of this Act.

Sec. 1302. There are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury Appropriation. not otherwise appropriated, and out of the postal revenues, respectively, such sums as may hereafter be necessary for the payment, not otherwise provide for, as certified by the Comptroller General, of judgments (not in excess of \$100,000 in any one case) rendered by the district courts and the Court of Claims against the United States which have become final, together with such interest and costs as may be specified in such judgments or otherwise authorized by law: *Provided*, That, whenever a judgment of a district court to which the provisions of subsection 2411 (b) of title 28, United States Code apply, 63 Stat. 106. is payable from this appropriation, interest shall be paid thereon only when such judgment becomes final after review on appeal or petition by the United States, and then only from the date of the filing of the

Pub. Law 814
All 70 Stat. 695.

-18-

62 Stat. 978.

transcript thereof in the General Accounting Office to the date of the mandate of affirmance (except that in cases reviewed by the Supreme Court interest shall not be allowed beyond the term of the Court at which the judgment was affirmed) : *Provided further*, That whenever a judgment rendered by the Court of Claims is payable from this appropriation, interest payable thereon in accordance with subsection 2516 (b) of title 28, United States Code, shall be computed from the date of the filing of the transcript thereof in the General Accounting Office.

Approved July 27, 1956.

TAB
38

AN ACT

All 70 Stat. 736.

To adjust the rates of compensation of the heads of the executive departments and of certain other officials of the Federal Government, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

TITLE I—BASIC COMPENSATION FOR HEADS OF EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENTS AND OTHER FEDERAL OFFICIALS Federal Executive Pay Act of 1956.

SEC. 101. This title may be cited as "Federal Executive Pay Act of 1956".

SEC. 102. The annual rate of basic compensation of each of the offices or positions listed in this section shall be \$25,000. Annual rates of basic compensation.

- (1) Secretary of State.
- (2) Secretary of the Treasury.
- (3) Secretary of Defense.
- (4) Attorney General.
- (5) Postmaster General.
- (6) Secretary of the Interior.
- (7) Secretary of Agriculture.
- (8) Secretary of Commerce.
- (9) Secretary of Labor.
- (10) Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare.

SEC. 103. (a) The annual rate of basic compensation of each of the offices or positions listed in this subsection shall be \$22,500.

- (1) Director of the Bureau of the Budget.
- (2) Comptroller General of the United States.
- (3) Director, Office of Defense Mobilization.
- (4) Under Secretary of State.
- (5) Deputy Secretary of Defense.

(b) The annual rate of basic compensation of each of the offices or positions listed in this subsection shall be \$22,000.

- (1) Secretary of the Army.
- (2) Secretary of the Navy.
- (3) Secretary of the Air Force.

SEC. 104. (a) The annual rate of basic compensation of each of the offices or positions listed in this section shall be \$21,000.

- (1) Commissioner of Internal Revenue.
- (2) Director of Central Intelligence.
- (3) Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
- (4) Administrator of the Federal Civil Defense Administration.
- (5) Administrator of General Services.
- (6) Administrator of the Housing and Home Finance Agency.
- (7) Administrator of Veterans' Affairs.
- (8) Director of the International Cooperation Administration.
- (9) Director of the United States Information Agency.
- (10) Governor of the Farm Credit Administration.
- (11) President of the Export-Import Bank of Washington.
- (12) Under Secretary of the Treasury.
- (13) Under Secretary of the Treasury for Monetary Affairs.
- (14) Deputy Postmaster General.
- (15) Under Secretary of the Interior.
- (16) Under Secretary of Agriculture.
- (17) Under Secretary of Commerce.
- (18) Under Secretary of Commerce for Transportation.

Director of
FBI.

(19) Under Secretary of Labor.

(20) Under Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a), the annual rate of basic compensation of the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall be \$22,000 so long as such office is held by the present incumbent.

SEC. 105. The annual rate of basic compensation of each of the offices or positions listed in this section shall be \$20,500.

(1) Chairman, Civil Aeronautics Board.

(2) Chairman of the United States Civil Service Commission.

(3) Chairman of the Council of Economic Advisers.

(4) Chairman, Federal Communications Commission.

(5) Chairman, Board of Directors, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

(6) Chairman of the Federal Maritime Board.

(7) Chairman, Federal Power Commission.

(8) Chairman, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

(9) Chairman, Federal Trade Commission.

(10) Chairman, Foreign Claims Settlement Commission of the United States.

(11) Chairman of the Federal Home Loan Bank Board.

(12) Chairman, Interstate Commerce Commission.

(13) Chairman, National Labor Relations Board.

(14) Chairman, National Mediation Board.

(15) Chairman, Railroad Retirement Board.

(16) Chairman of the Renegotiation Board.

(17) Chairman, Securities and Exchange Commission.

(18) Chairman, Subversive Activities Control Board.

(19) Chairman, Board of Directors of the Tennessee Valley Authority.

(20) Chairman, United States Tariff Commission.

(21) Comptroller of the Currency.

(22) Assistant Comptroller General of the United States.

(23) Deputy Administrator of the Federal Civil Defense Administration.

(24) Deputy Administrator of Veterans' Affairs.

(25) Deputy Director of the Bureau of the Budget.

(26) Deputy Director of Central Intelligence.

(27) Deputy Director of the Office of Defense Mobilization.

(28) Deputy Director of the United States Information Agency.

(29) Deputy Under Secretary of the Department of State (3).

(30) Director of the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service.

(31) First Vice President of the Export-Import Bank of Washington.

SEC. 106. (a) The annual rate of basic compensation of each of the offices or positions listed in this subsection shall be \$20,000.

(1) Administrator, Bureau of Security and Consular Affairs, Department of State.

(2) Administrator of Civil Aeronautics.

(3) Administrator, Commodity Stabilization Service.

(4) Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration.

(5) Administrator of the Small Business Administration.

(6) Administrator of the Saint Lawrence Seaway Development Corporation.

(7) Administrator, Wage and Hour and Public Contracts Divisions, Department of Labor.

(8) Archivist of the United States.

(9) Assistant Directors of the Bureau of the Budget (2).

(10) Assistant Postmasters General (5).

- (11) Assistant Secretaries of Agriculture (3).
- (12) Assistant Secretaries of Commerce (3).
- (13) Assistant Secretaries of Defense (9).
- (14) Assistant Secretaries of Health, Education, and Welfare (2).
- (15) Assistant Secretaries of the Interior (3).
- (16) Assistant Secretaries of Labor (3).
- (17) Assistant Secretaries of State (10).
- (18) Assistant Secretaries of the Treasury (3).
- (19) Assistant Secretaries of the Air Force (4).
- (20) Assistant Secretaries of the Army (4).
- (21) Assistant Secretaries of the Navy (4).
- (22) Associate Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
- (23) Chairman of the Military Liaison Committee to the Atomic Energy Commission, Department of Defense.
- (24) Commissioner, Community Facilities, Housing and Home Finance Agency.
- (25) Commissioner, Federal Housing Administration.
- (26) Commissioner, Public Housing Administration.
- (27) Commissioner, Urban Renewal Administration.
- (28) Counselor of the Department of State.
- (29) Deputy Administrator of the Housing and Home Finance Agency.
- (30) Deputy Administrator of General Services.
- (31) Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts.
- (32) Director of the Bureau of Prisons.
- (33) Director of the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics.
- (34) Director of the National Science Foundation.
- (35) Director of Selective Service.
- (36) Fiscal Assistant Secretary of the Treasury.
- (37) General Counsel of the National Labor Relations Board.
- (38) Librarian of Congress.
- (39) President of the Federal National Mortgage Association.
- (40) Public Printer.
- (41) Special Assistant to the Secretary (Health and Medical Affairs), Department of Health, Education, and Welfare.
- (42) Under Secretary of the Army.
- (43) Under Secretary of the Navy.
- (44) Under Secretary of the Air Force.
- (45) Members of boards and commissions (excluding chairmen) :
 - Civil Aeronautics Board (4).
 - United States Civil Service Commission (2).
 - Council of Economic Advisers (2).
 - Board of Directors of the Export-Import Bank of Washington (3).
 - Federal Communications Commission (6).
 - Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (1).
 - Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (6).
 - Federal Maritime Board (2).
 - Foreign Claims Settlement Commission of the United States (2).
 - Federal Power Commission (4).
 - Federal Trade Commission (4).
 - Federal Home Loan Bank Board (2).
 - Interstate Commerce Commission (10).
 - National Labor Relations Board (4).
 - National Mediation Board (2).
 - Railroad Retirement Board (2).
 - Renegotiation Board (4).
 - Securities and Exchange Commission (4).

- Subversive Activities Control Board (4).
 Board of Directors of the Tennessee Valley Authority (2).
 United States Tariff Commission (5).
- (b) The annual rate of basic compensation of each of the offices or positions listed in this subsection shall be \$19,000.
- (1) Architect of the Capitol.
 - (2) Assistant to the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
 - (3) Commissioner of the United States Court of Claims (12).
 - (4) Governor of Alaska.
 - (5) Governor of the Canal Zone.
 - (6) Governor of Guam.
 - (7) Governor of Hawaii.
 - (8) Governor of the Virgin Islands.
 - (9) Legal adviser, solicitor, or general counsel of an executive or military department (excluding the Department of Justice).
- (c) The annual rate of basic compensation of each of the offices or positions listed in this subsection shall be \$18,000.
- (1) Commissioner of the Indian Claims Commission (3).
- Sec. 107. (a) The annual rate of basic compensation of each of the offices or positions listed in this subsection shall be \$17,500.
- (1) Administrator, Agricultural Research Service, Department of Agriculture.
 - (2) Administrator, Bonneville Power Administration.
 - (3) Administrator, Farmers' Home Administration.
 - (4) Administrator, Soil Conservation Service, Department of Agriculture.
 - (5) Assistant Architect of the Capitol.
 - (6) Assistant Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts.
 - (7) Associate Director of the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service.
 - (8) Chief Assistant Librarian of Congress.
 - (9) Chief Forester of the Forest Service, Department of Agriculture.
 - (10) Chief of Staff of the Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation.
 - (11) Commissioner of Customs.
 - (12) Commissioner, Federal Supply Service, General Services Administration.
 - (13) Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization.
 - (14) Commissioner of Narcotics.
 - (15) Commissioner, Public Buildings Service.
 - (16) Commissioner of Public Roads.
 - (17) Commissioner of Reclamation.
 - (18) Commissioner of Social Security.
 - (19) Deputy Administrator of the Saint Lawrence Seaway Development Corporation.
 - (20) Deputy Commissioner of the Internal Revenue Service.
 - (21) Deputy Public Printer.
 - (22) Manager, Federal Crop Insurance Corporation, Department of Agriculture.
- (b) The annual rate of basic compensation of each of the offices or positions listed in this subsection shall be \$17,000.
- (1) Deputy Administrator, Small Business Administration (3).
 - (2) Treasurer of the United States.
- Sec. 108. Except as otherwise specifically provided in this title, the chairman or other head of each independent board or commission in the executive branch shall receive, during the period of his service as

Chairman, independent board or commission.

chairman or other head of such board or commission, annual basic compensation at a rate which is \$500 more than the annual rate of basic compensation prescribed by this title for the other members of such board or commission.

Sec. 109. Section 105 of title 3 of the United States Code is amended ^{62 Stat. 678.} to read as follows:

"§ 105. Compensation of secretaries and executive, administrative, and staff assistants to President.

"The President is authorized to fix the compensation of the six administrative assistants authorized to be appointed under section 106 of this title, of the Executive Secretary of the National Security Council, and of eight other secretaries or other immediate staff assistants in the White House Office, as follows: Two at rates not exceeding \$22,500 per annum, three at rates not exceeding \$21,000 per annum, seven at rates not exceeding \$20,000 per annum, and three at rates not exceeding \$17,500 per annum."

Sec. 110. (a) The Surgeon General of the Public Health Service shall receive such compensation, in addition to his pay and allowances under the Career Compensation Act of 1949, as amended, as will make his compensation equal to \$20,000 per annum in addition to such allowances. ^{63 Stat. 802.}
^{37 USC 231 note.}

(b) The Deputy Surgeon General of the Public Health Service shall receive such compensation, in addition to his pay and allowances under the Career Compensation Act of 1949, as amended, as will make his compensation equal to \$19,000 per annum in addition to such allowances.

(c) The Director, National Institutes of Health, the Chief, Bureau of Medical Services, and the Chief, Bureau of State Services, of the Public Health Service, shall each receive such compensation, in addition to his pay and allowances under the Career Compensation Act of 1949, as amended, as will make his compensation equal to \$17,500 per annum in addition to such allowances.

Sec. 111. The annual compensation for each of the offices established by section 1 (d) of Reorganization Plan Numbered 7 of 1953, effective August 1, 1953 (67 Stat. 639) shall be established by the Secretary of State at a rate not more than \$19,000.

Sec. 112. Section 2 of Public Law 565, Seventy-ninth Congress, approved July 30, 1946 (60 Stat. 712), is amended by striking out ^{22 USC 287n.} "\$12,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "\$15,000".

Sec. 113. Section 527 (b) of the Mutual Security Act of 1954, approved August 26, 1954 (Public Law 665, Eighty-third Congress (68 Stat. 832)) is amended by striking out ^{22 USC 1787.} "\$15,000 per annum" and inserting in lieu thereof "\$19,000 per annum".

Sec. 114. (a) The compensation schedule for the General Schedule contained in section 603 (b) of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, is amended by striking out: ^{63 Stat. 965.}
^{5 USC 1113.}

"GS-17----- 13,975 14,190 14,405 14,620
GS-18----- 14,800"

and inserting in lieu thereof:

"GS-17----- 13,975 14,190 14,405 14,620 14,835
GS-18----- 16,000"

(b) The rates of basic compensation of officers and employees to whom this section applies shall be initially adjusted as follows:

(1) If the officer or employee is receiving basic compensation immediately prior to the effective date of this section at a scheduled rate of grade 17 or 18 of the General Schedule, he shall receive a rate of basic compensation at the corresponding scheduled rate in effect on and after such date;

(2) If the officer or employee, immediately prior to the effective date of this section, is in a position in grade 17 of the General Schedule and is receiving basic compensation at a rate between two scheduled rates of such grade, he shall receive a rate of basic compensation at the higher of the two corresponding rates in effect on and after such date;

(3) If the officer or employee, immediately prior to the effective date of this section, is in a position in grade 17 of the General Schedule and is receiving basic compensation at a rate which is in excess of the maximum scheduled rate of his grade as provided in this section, he shall continue to receive such higher rate of basic compensation until (A) he leaves such position, or (B) he is entitled to receive basic compensation at a higher rate by reason of the operation of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended; but when such position becomes vacant, the rate of basic compensation of any subsequent appointee thereto shall be fixed in accordance with such Act, as amended.

63 Stat. 954.
5 USC 1071
note.

Sec. 115. The Postal Field Service Schedule in section 301 (a) of the Act of June 10, 1955 (Public Law 68, 84th Congress), is amended by striking out:

69 Stat. 118.
39 USC 971.

"18-----	12, 500	12, 800	13, 100	13, 400	13, 700	14, 000	14, 300
19-----	13, 600	13, 900	14, 200	14, 500	14, 800		
20-----	14, 800"						

and inserting in lieu thereof:

"18-----	12, 800	13, 100	13, 400	13, 700	14, 000	14, 300	14, 600
19-----	14, 000	14, 300	14, 600	14, 900	15, 200		
20-----	16, 000"						

59 Stat. 675. Sec. 116. Section 3 of the Act of January 3, 1946, as amended (38 U. S. C. 15b), is hereby amended as follows:

(a) The last sentence of section 3 (b) is amended to read: "During the period of his service as such, the Chief Medical Director shall be paid a salary of \$17,800 a year."

(b) The last sentence of section 3 (c) is amended to read: "During the period of his service as such, the Deputy Chief Medical Director shall be paid a salary of \$16,800 a year."

(c) That portion of section 3 (d) which precedes the proviso is amended to read: "Each Assistant Chief Medical Director shall be appointed by the Administrator upon the recommendation of the Chief Medical Director and shall be paid a salary of \$15,800."

5 USC 171p
and note.

Sec. 117. (a) The first section of the Act approved August 1, 1947 (61 Stat. 715; Public Law 313, Eightieth Congress), as amended, relating to salary limitations on research and development positions requiring the services of specially qualified scientific or professional personnel in certain departments and agencies, is amended by striking out "\$10,000" and "\$15,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "\$12,500" and "\$19,000", respectively.

64 Stat. 447.

(b) Section 208 (g) of the Public Health Service Act, as amended (42 U. S. C. 210 (g)), relating to salary limitations on research and development positions requiring the services of specially qualified scientific or professional personnel in the Public Health Service is amended by striking out "\$10,000" and "\$20,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "\$12,500" and "\$19,000", respectively.

Sec. 118. The salary amendments contained in section 117 shall not affect the authority of the Civil Service Commission or the procedure for fixing the pay of individual officers or employees under the statutes therein amended; except that the existing rate of basic compensation of any officer or employee to whom such section applies which is less than a rate of \$12,500 per annum shall be increased to such rate on the effective date of this title.

SEC. 119. Section 12 of the Act of May 29, 1884, as amended (21 U. S. C. 113a), relating to salary limitation on technical experts or scientists for research and study of foot-and-mouth disease and other animal diseases, is hereby amended by striking out "\$15,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "\$19,000". 62 Stat. 198.

SEC. 120. This title shall take effect at the beginning of the first pay period commencing after June 30, 1956. Effective date.

TITLE II—PROVISIONS RELATING TO ORGANIZATION OF CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

SEC. 201. (a) The first section of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate and improve the civil service of the United States", approved January 16, 1883, as amended (5 U. S. C., sec. 632), is amended by inserting immediately after the first paragraph thereof a paragraph as follows: 22 Stat. 403.

"The term of office of each such Commissioner shall be six years, except that (1) the terms of office of the Commissioners holding office on the effective date of this paragraph (including the term of office of an individual appointed to fill any vacancy in the Commission existing on such effective date) shall expire, as designated by the President, one at the end of two years, one at the end of four years, and one at the end of six years, after such effective date; (2) any Commissioner appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of the term of his predecessor shall be appointed for the remainder of such term; and (3) upon the expiration of his term of office a Commissioner may continue to serve until his successor is appointed and has qualified."

(b) Such first section of such Act of January 16, 1883, is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following paragraph:

"In addition to designating a Chairman of the Commission from time to time, pursuant to section 1 of Reorganization Plan Numbered 5 of 1949, the President shall from time to time designate one of the Commissioners as Vice Chairman of the Commission. During the absence or disability of the Commissioner designated as Chairman, or in the event of a vacancy in the office of such Commissioner, the Commissioner designated as Vice Chairman shall perform those functions of the Chairman which were transferred to the Chairman by the provisions of section 2 (a) (2) to 2 (a) (6), inclusive, of such Reorganization Plan. During the absence or disability of both the Commissioner designated as Chairman and the Commissioner designated as Vice Chairman, or in the event of vacancies in the offices of both such Commissioners, the remaining Commissioner shall perform such functions. During the absence or disability of all three Commissioners, or in the event of vacancies in the offices of all three Commissioners, the Executive Director shall perform such functions; but the Executive Director shall at no time sit as a member or acting member of the Commission." 63 Stat. 1067.
5 USC 632 note.

SEC. 202. (a) This section and section 201 (b) shall take effect on the date of enactment of this Act. Effective dates.

(b) Section 201 (a) shall take effect on March 1, 1957.

TITLE III—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

SEC. 301. (a) The President shall hereafter appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, a General Counsel of the Post Office Department, a General Counsel of the Department of Agriculture, and a General Counsel of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare. Appointment of certain General Counsels.

(b) The existing office of Solicitor of the Post Office Department and the existing offices of General Counsel of the Department of Agriculture and the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, shall be abolished effective upon the appointment and qualification of the General Counsels of such respective departments provided for by subsection (a) or April 1, 1957, whichever is earlier.

SEC. 302. The positions of three Deputy Administrators of the Agricultural Research Service, Department of Agriculture, shall be in grade GS-18 of the General Schedule established by the Classification Act of 1949, as amended. Such positions shall be in addition to the number of positions authorized to be placed in such grade by section 505 (b) of such Act.

Ante, p. 740.

5 USC 1105.

Civil Service
Retirement Act
Amendments of
1956.

46 Stat. 468.

5 USC 691

note.

TITLE IV—CIVIL SERVICE RETIREMENT

SEC. 401. The Civil Service Retirement Act of May 29, 1930, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

“DEFINITIONS

“SECTION 1. Wherever used in this Act—

“Employee”.

“(a) The term ‘employee’ shall mean a civilian officer or employee in or under the Government and, except for purposes of section 2, shall mean a person to whom this Act applies.

“Member”.

“(b) The term ‘Member’ shall mean the Vice President, a United States Senator, Representative in Congress, Delegate from a Territory, or the Resident Commissioner from Puerto Rico, and, except for purposes of section 2, shall mean a Member to whom this Act applies.

“Congressional employee”.

“(c) The term ‘congressional employee’ means an employee of the Senate or House of Representatives or of a committee of either House, an employee of a joint committee of the two Houses, an elected officer of the Senate or House of Representatives who is not a Member of either House, the Legislative Counsel of the Senate and the Legislative Counsel of the House of Representatives and the employees in their respective offices, an Official Reporter of Debates of the Senate and a person employed by the Official Reporters of Debates of the Senate in connection with the performance of their official duties, a member of the Capitol Police force, an employee of the Vice President if such employee’s compensation is disbursed by the Secretary of the Senate, and an employee of a Member if such employee’s compensation is disbursed by the Secretary of the Senate or the Clerk of the House of Representatives.

“Basic salary”.

“(d) The term ‘basic salary’ shall not include bonuses, allowances, overtime pay, military pay, or salary, pay, or compensation given in addition to the base pay of the position as fixed by law or regulation: *Provided*, That for employees paid on a fee basis, the maximum amount of basic salary which may be used shall be \$10,000 per annum. For a Member, the term ‘basic salary’ shall include, from April 1, 1954, to February 28, 1955, the amount received as expense allowance under section 601 (b) of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946, as amended, and such amount from January 3, 1953, to March 31, 1954, provided deposit is made therefor as provided in section 4.

60 Stat. 850.
2 USC 31.

“Average salary”.

“(e) The term ‘average salary’ shall mean the largest annual rate resulting from averaging, over any period of five consecutive years of creditable service, or at a Member’s option over all periods of Member service subsequent to the date of enactment of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946 used in the computation of an annuity under this Act, a Member’s or an employee’s rates of basic salary in effect during such period, with each rate weighted by the time it was in effect.

2 USC 72a
note.

"(f) The term 'fund' shall mean the civil service retirement and disability fund created by the Act of May 22, 1920. "Fund".

"(g) The terms 'disabled' and 'disability' shall mean totally disabled for useful and efficient service in the grade or class of position last occupied by the employee or Member by reason of disease or injury not due to vicious habits, intemperance, or willful misconduct on his part within the five years next prior to becoming so disabled. "Disability".

"(h) The term 'widow', for purposes of section 10, shall mean the surviving wife of an employee or Member who was married to such individual for at least two years immediately preceding his death or is the mother of issue by such marriage. "Widow".

"(i) The term 'widower', for purposes of section 10, shall mean the surviving husband of an employee or Member who was married to such employee or Member for at least two years immediately preceding her death or is the father of issue by such marriage. The term 'dependent widower', for purposes of section 10, shall mean a 'widower' who is incapable of self-support by reason of mental or physical disability, and who received more than one-half his support from such employee or Member. "Widower".

"(j) The term 'child', for purposes of section 10, shall mean an unmarried child, including (1) an adopted child, and (2) a stepchild or recognized natural child who received more than one-half his support from and lived with the Member or employee in a regular parent-child relationship, under the age of eighteen years, or such unmarried child regardless of age who because of physical or mental disability incurred before age eighteen is incapable of self-support. "Child".

"(k) The term 'Government' shall mean the executive, judicial, and legislative branches of the United States Government, including Government-owned or controlled corporations and Gallaudet College, and the municipal government of the District of Columbia. "Government".

"(l) The term 'lump-sum credit' shall mean the unrefunded amount consisting of (1) the retirement deductions made from the basic salary of an employee or Member, (2) any sums deposited by an employee or Member covering prior service, and (3) interest on such deductions and deposits at 4 per centum per annum to December 31, 1947, and 3 per centum per annum thereafter compounded annually to December 31, 1956 or, in the case of an employee separated or transferred to a position not within the purview of this Act before he has completed five years of civilian service or a Member separated before he has completed five years of Member service, to the date of the separation or transfer. The lump-sum credit shall not include interest if the service covered thereby aggregates one year or less, nor shall it include interest for the fractional part of a month in the total service. "Lump-sum credit".

"(m) The term 'Commission' shall mean the United States Civil Service Commission. "Commission".

"(n) The term 'annuitant' shall mean any former employee or Member who, on the basis of his service, has met all requirements of the Act for title to annuity and has filed claim therefor. "Annuitant".

"(o) The term 'survivor' shall mean a person who is entitled to annuity under this Act based on the service of a deceased employee or Member or of a deceased annuitant. "Survivor".

"(p) The term 'survivor annuitant' shall mean a survivor who has filed claim for annuity.

"(q) The term 'service' shall mean employment which is creditable under section 3. "Service".

"(r) The term 'military service' shall mean honorable active service in the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard of the United States, but shall not include service in the National Guard except when ordered to active duty in the service of the United States. "Military service".

"Member service".

"(s) The term 'Member service' shall mean service as a Member and shall include the period from the date of the beginning of the term for which the Member is elected or appointed to the date on which he takes office as a Member.

"COVERAGE

Nonapplicability.

62 Stat. 907.

"SEC. 2. (a) This Act shall apply to each employee and Member, except as hereinafter provided.

"(b) This Act shall not apply to the President, to any judge of the United States as defined under section 451 of title 28 of the United States Code, or to any employee of the Government subject to another retirement system for Government employees.

"(c) This Act shall not apply to any Member or to any congressional employee until he gives notice in writing to the officer by whom his salary is paid of his desire to come within the purview of this Act.

"(d) This Act shall not apply to any temporary congressional employee unless such employee is appointed at an annual rate of salary and gives notice in writing to the officer by whom his salary is paid of his desire to come within the purview of this Act.

"(e) The Commission may exclude from the operation of this Act any employee or group of employees in the executive branch of the United States Government, or of the District of Columbia government upon recommendation by its Commissioners, whose tenure of office or employment is temporary or intermittent.

62 Stat. 915.

"(f) This Act shall not apply to any temporary employee of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts, of the courts specified in section 610 of title 28 of the United States Code, or to construction employees or any other temporary, part-time, or intermittent employees of the Tennessee Valley Authority; and the Architect of the Capitol and the Librarian of Congress are authorized to exclude from the operation of this Act any employees under the office of the Architect of the Capitol and the Library of Congress, respectively, whose tenure of employment is temporary or of uncertain duration.

"(g) Notwithstanding any other provision of law or any Executive order, this Act shall apply to each United States Commissioner whose total compensation for services rendered as United States Commissioner is not less than \$3,000 in each of the last three consecutive calendar years (1) ending prior to the effective date of the Civil Service Retirement Act Amendments of 1956 or (2) ending prior to the first day of any calendar year which begins after such effective date. For the purposes of this Act, the employment and compensation of each such United States Commissioner coming within the purview of this Act pursuant to this subsection shall be held and considered to be on a daily basis when actually employed; but nothing in this Act shall affect, otherwise than for the purposes of this Act, the basis, under applicable law other than this Act, on which such United States Commissioner is employed or on which his compensation is determined and paid.

"CREDITABLE SERVICE

Pan American Sanitary Bureau.

Military service.

"SEC. 3. (a) An employee's service for the purposes of this Act including service as a substitute in the postal service shall be credited from the date of original employment to the date of the separation upon which title to annuity is based in the civilian service of the Government. Credit shall similarly be allowed for service in the Pan American Sanitary Bureau. No credit shall be allowed for any period of separation from the service in excess of three calendar days.

"(b) An employee or Member shall be allowed credit for periods of military service prior to the date of the separation upon which title to annuity is based; however, if an employee or Member is awarded

retired pay on account of military service, his military service shall not be included, unless such retired pay is awarded on account of a service-connected disability (1) incurred in combat with an enemy of the United States or (2) caused by an instrumentality of war and incurred in line of duty during an enlistment or employment as provided in Veterans Regulation Numbered 1 (a), part I, paragraph I, or is awarded under title III of Public Law 810, Eightieth Congress, except that for purposes of section 9 (c) (1), a Member (A) shall be allowed credit only for periods of military service not exceeding five years, plus any military service performed by the Member upon leaving his office, for the purpose of performing such service, during any war or national emergency proclaimed by the President or declared by the Congress and prior to his final separation from service as Member and (B) may not receive credit for military service for which credit is allowed for the purposes of retired pay under any other provision of law. Nothing in this Act shall affect the right of an employee or a Member to retired pay, pension, or compensation in addition to the annuity herein provided.

38 USC ch. 12A.
62 Stat. 1087.
10 USC 1036-
10361.

“(c) Credit shall be allowed for leaves of absence granted an employee while performing military service or while receiving benefits under the Federal Employees’ Compensation Act of September 7, 1916, as amended. Except for a substitute in the postal service, there shall be excluded from credit so much of any other leaves of absence without pay as may exceed six months in the aggregate in any calendar year.

39 Stat. 742.
5 USC 751
et seq.

“(d) An employee who during the period of any war, or of any national emergency as proclaimed by the President or declared by the Congress, has left or leaves his position to enter the military service shall not be considered, for the purposes of this Act, as separated from his civilian position by reason of such military service, unless he shall apply for and receive a lump-sum benefit under this Act: *Provided*, That such employee shall not be considered as retaining his civilian position beyond December 31, 1956, or the expiration of five years of such military service, whichever is later.

“(e) The total service of an employee or Member shall be the full years and twelfth parts thereof, excluding from the aggregate the fractional part of a month, if any.

Total service.

“(f) An employee must have completed at least five years of civilian service before he shall be eligible for annuity under this Act.

Eligibility.

“(g) An employee or Member must have, within the two-year period preceding any separation from service, other than a separation by reason of death or disability, completed at least one year of creditable civilian service during which he was subject to this Act before he or his survivors shall be eligible for annuity under this Act based on such separation. If any employee or Member, other than an employee or Member separated from the service by reason of death or disability, fails to meet the service requirement of the preceding sentence, the amounts deducted from his salary during his period of service for which no eligibility for annuity is established based on such separation shall be returned to him upon such separation. Failure to meet this service requirement shall not deprive the individual or his survivors of any annuity rights which attached upon a previous separation.

“(h) An employee who (1) has at least five years’ Member service and (2) has served as a Member at any time after August 2, 1946, shall not be allowed credit for any service which is used in the computation of an annuity under section 9 (c).

“(i) In the case of each United States Commissioner who comes within the purview of this Act pursuant to section 2 (g) of this Act,

U. S. Commission-
ers.

service rendered prior to, on, or after the effective date of the Civil Service Retirement Act Amendments of 1956 as United States Commissioner shall be credited for the purposes of this Act on the basis of one three-hundred-and-thirteenth of a year for each day on which such United States Commissioner renders service in such capacity and which is not credited for the purposes of this Act for service performed by him in any capacity other than United States Commissioner. Such credit shall not be granted for service rendered as United States Commissioner for more than three hundred and thirteen days in any one year.

Military service after Dec. 1956.

“(j) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, any military service (other than military service covered by military leave with pay from a civilian position) performed by an individual after December 1956 shall be excluded in determining the aggregate period of service upon which an annuity payable under this Act to such individual or to his widow or child is to be based, if such individual or widow or child is entitled (or would upon proper application be entitled), at the time of such determination, to monthly old-age or survivors benefits under section 202 of the Social Security Act based on such individual's wages and self-employment income. If in the case of the individual or widow such military service is not excluded under the preceding sentence, but upon attaining retirement age (as defined in section 216 (a) of the Social Security Act) he or she becomes entitled (or would upon proper application be entitled) to such benefits, the Commission shall redetermine the aggregate period of service upon which such annuity is based, effective as of the first day of the month in which he or she attains such age, so as to exclude such service. The Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall, upon the request of the Commission, inform the Commission whether or not any such individual or widow or child is entitled at any specified time to such benefits.

49 Stat. 623.
42 USC 402.

42 USC 416.

“DEDUCTIONS AND DEPOSITS

“SEC. 4. (a) From and after the first day of the first pay period which begins on or after the effective date of the Civil Service Retirement Act Amendments of 1956, there shall be deducted and withheld from each employee's basic salary an amount equal to 6½ per centum of such basic salary and from each Member's basic salary an amount equal to 7½ per centum of such basic salary. From and after the first day of the first pay period which begins after June 30, 1957, an equal sum shall also be contributed from the respective appropriation or fund which is used for payment of his salary, pay or compensation, or in the case of an elected official, from such appropriation or fund as may be available for payment of other salaries of the same office or establishment. The amounts so deducted and withheld by each department or agency, together with the amounts so contributed, shall, in accordance with such procedures as may be prescribed by the Comptroller General of the United States, be deposited by the department or agency in the Treasury of the United States to the credit of the fund. There shall also be so credited all deposits made by employees or Members under this section. Amounts contributed under this subsection from appropriations of the Post Office Department shall not be considered as costs of providing postal service for the purpose of establishing postal rates.

Consent to deductions.

“(b) Each employee or Member shall be deemed to consent and agree to such deductions from basic salary, and payment less such deductions shall be a full and complete discharge and acquittance of all claims and demands whatsoever for all regular services during the

period covered by such payment, except the right to the benefits to which he shall be entitled under this Act, notwithstanding any law, rule, or regulation affecting the individual's salary.

"(c) Each employee or Member credited with civilian service after July 31, 1920, for which, for any reason whatsoever, no retirement deductions or deposits have been made, may deposit with interest an amount equal to the following percentages of his basic salary received for such service:

Deposits for
service after
July 31, 1920.

	Percentage of basic salary	Service period
Employee-----	2½-----	August 1, 1920, to June 30, 1926
	3½-----	July 1, 1926, to June 30, 1942
	5-----	July 1, 1942, to June 30, 1948
	6-----	July 1, 1948, to October 31, 1956
	6½-----	After October 31, 1956
	Member for Mem- ber service.	2½-----
3½-----		July 1, 1926, to June 30, 1942
5-----		July 1, 1942, to August 1, 1946
6-----		August 2, 1946, to October 31, 1956
7-----		After October 31, 1956
7½-----		After October 31, 1956

"(d) Each employee or Member who has received a refund of retirement deductions under this or any other retirement system established for employees of the Government covering service for which he may be allowed credit under this Act may deposit the amount received, with interest. No credit shall be allowed for the service covered by the refund until the deposit is made.

"(e) Interest under subsection (c) or (d) shall be computed from the midpoint of each service period included in the computation, or from the date refund was paid, to the date of deposit or commencing date of annuity, whichever is earlier. The interest shall be computed at the rate of 4 per centum per annum to December 31, 1947, and 3 per centum per annum thereafter compounded annually. Such deposit may be made in one or more installments.

"(f) Under such regulations as may be prescribed by the Commission, amounts deducted under subsection (a) and deposited under subsections (c) and (d) shall be entered on individual retirement records.

"(g) No deposit shall be required for any service prior to August 1, 1920, for periods of military service or for any service for the Panama Railroad Company prior to January 1, 1924.

"MANDATORY SEPARATION

"SEC. 5. (a) Except as hereinafter provided, an employee who shall have attained the age of seventy years and completed fifteen years of service shall be automatically separated from the service. Such separation shall be effective on the last day of the month in which such employee attains the age of seventy years or completes fifteen years of service if then beyond such age, and all salary shall cease from that day.

"(b) Each employing office shall notify each employee under its direction of the date of such separation from the service at least sixty days in advance thereof: *Provided*, That subsection (a) shall not take effect without the consent of the employee until sixty days after he has been so notified.

"(c) The President may, by Executive order, exempt from automatic separation under this section any employee when, in his judgment, the public interest so requires.

Exemption by
President.

Nonapplica-
bility.

"(d) The automatic separation provisions of this section shall not apply to any person named in any Act of Congress providing for the continuance of such person in the service, to any Member, to any congressional employee, to the Architect of the Capitol or any employee under the office of the Architect of the Capitol, or to any employee in the judicial branch who has been appointed to hold office for a definite term of years.

Alaska Rail-
road and
Canal Zone
employees.

"(e) In the case of an employee of The Alaska Railroad, Territory of Alaska, or an employee who is a citizen of the United States employed on the Isthmus of Panama by the Panama Canal Company or the Canal Zone Government, the provisions of this section shall apply upon his attaining the age of sixty-two years and completing fifteen years of service on the Isthmus of Panama or in the Territory of Alaska.

"IMMEDIATE RETIREMENT

"SEC. 6. (a) Any employee who attains the age of sixty years and completes thirty years of service shall, upon separation from the service, be paid an annuity computed as provided in section 9.

"(b) Any employee who attains the age of fifty-five years and completes thirty years of service shall, upon separation from the service prior to attainment of the age of sixty years, be paid a reduced annuity computed as provided in section 9.

"(c) Any employee the duties of whose position are primarily the investigation, apprehension, or detention of persons suspected or convicted of offenses against the criminal laws of the United States, including any employee engaged in such activity who has been transferred to a supervisory or administrative position, who attains the age of fifty years and completes twenty years of service in the performance of such duties, may, if the head of his department or agency recommends his retirement and the Commission approves, voluntarily retire from the service and be paid an annuity computed as provided in section 9. The head of the department or agency and the Commission shall give full consideration to the degree of hazard to which such employee is subjected in the performance of his duties, rather than the general duties of the class of the position held by such employee. The word 'detention', as used in this subsection, shall be construed to include the duties of—

"Detention".

"(1) all employees of the Bureau of Prisons and Federal Prison Industries, Incorporated,

"(2) all employees of the Public Health Service assigned to the field service of the Bureau of Prisons or to the field service of Federal Prison Industries, Incorporated,

"(3) all civilian employees employed in the field services at Army or Navy disciplinary barracks or at confinement and rehabilitation facilities operated by any of the United States armed services, and

"(4) all employees of the Department of Corrections of the District of Columbia, its industries and utilities,

whose duties in connection with persons in detention suspected or convicted of offenses against the criminal laws of the United States or of the District of Columbia or offenses against the punitive articles of the Uniform Code of Military Justice require frequent (as determined by the appropriate administrative authority with the concurrence of the Commission) direct contact with such persons in the detention, direction, supervision, inspection, training, employment, care, transportation, or rehabilitation of such persons.

"(d) Any employee who completes twenty-five years of service or who attains the age of fifty years and completes twenty years of service shall upon involuntary separation from the service not by removal for cause on charges of misconduct or delinquency, be paid a reduced annuity computed as provided in section 9.

"(e) Any employee who attains the age of sixty-two years and completes five years of service, shall, upon separation from the service, be paid an annuity computed as provided in section 9.

"(f) Any Member who attains the age of sixty-two years and completes five years of Member service, or who attains the age of sixty years and completes ten years of Member service, shall, upon separation from the service, be paid an annuity computed as provided in section 9. Any Member who attains the age of fifty-five years and completes thirty years of service shall, upon separation from the service prior to attainment of the age of sixty years, be paid a reduced annuity computed as provided in section 9. Any Member who completes twenty-five years of service, or who attains the age of fifty years and completes twenty years of service, shall, upon separation from the service (other than separation by resignation or expulsion), be paid a reduced annuity computed as provided in section 9. No Member or survivor of a Member shall be entitled to receive an annuity under this Act unless there shall have been deducted or deposited the amounts specified in section 4 with respect to his last five years of Member service.

"DISABILITY RETIREMENT

"Sec. 7. (a) Any employee who completes five years of civilian service and who is found by the Commission to have become disabled shall, upon his own application or upon application by his department or agency, be retired on an annuity computed as provided in section 9. Any Member who completes five years of Member service and who is found by the Commission to have become disabled shall, upon his own application, be retired on an annuity computed as provided in section 9.

"(b) No claim shall be allowed under this section unless the application is filed with the Commission prior to separation of the employee or Member from the service or within one year thereafter. This time limitation may be waived by the Commission for an individual who at the date of separation from service or within one year thereafter is mentally incompetent, if the application is filed with the Commission within one year from the date of restoration of such individual to competency or the appointment of a fiduciary, whichever is the earlier.

"(c) Each annuitant retired under this section or under section 6 of the Act of May 29, 1930, as amended, unless his disability is permanent in character, shall at the expiration of one year from the date of such retirement and annually thereafter, until reaching age sixty, be examined under the direction of the Commission. If the annuitant fails to submit to examination as required under this section, payment of the annuity shall be suspended until continuance of the disability is satisfactorily established.

"(d) If such annuitant, before reaching age sixty, recovers from his disability or is restored to an earning capacity fairly comparable to the current rate of compensation of the position occupied at the time of retirement, payment of the annuity shall cease (1) upon reemployment by the Government, (2) one year from the date of the medical examination showing such recovery, or (3) one year from the date of determination that he is so restored, whichever is earliest.

5 USC 710.

Recovery from disability.

Earning capacity shall be deemed restored if in each of two succeeding calendar years the income of the annuitant from wages or self-employment or both shall equal at least 80 per centum of the current rate of compensation of the position occupied immediately prior to retirement.

Involuntary
separation.

“(e) If such annuitant whose annuity is discontinued under subsection (d) is not reemployed in any position included in the provisions of this Act, he shall be considered, except for service credit, as having been involuntarily separated from the service for the purposes of this Act as of the date of discontinuance of the disability annuity and shall, after such discontinuance, be entitled to annuity in accordance with the applicable provision of this Act.

39 Stat. 742.
5 USC 751
et seq.

“(f) No person shall be entitled to receive an annuity under this Act and compensation for injury or disability to himself under the Federal Employees' Compensation Act of September 7, 1916, as amended, covering the same period of time. This provision shall not bar the right of any claimant to the greater benefit conferred by either Act for any part of the same period of time. Neither this provision nor any provision in such Act of September 7, 1916, as amended, shall deny to any person an annuity accruing to such person under this Act on account of service rendered by him, or deny any concurrent benefit to such person under such Act of September 7, 1916, as amended, on account of the death of any other person.

5 USC 764.

“(g) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the right of any person entitled to an annuity under this Act shall not be affected because such person has received an award of compensation in a lump sum under section 14 of the Act of September 7, 1916, as amended, except that where such annuity is payable on account of the same disability for which compensation under such section has been paid, so much of such compensation as has been paid for any period extended beyond the date such annuity becomes effective, as determined by the Department of Labor, shall be refunded to the Department of Labor, to be covered into the Federal Employees' Compensation Fund. Before such person shall receive such annuity he shall (1) refund to such Department the amount representing such commuted payments for such extended period, or (2) authorize the deduction of such amount from the annuity payable to him under this Act, which amount shall be transmitted to such Department for reimbursement to such fund. Deductions from such annuity may be made from accrued and accruing payments, or may be prorated against and paid from accruing payments in such manner as the Department of Labor shall determine, whenever it finds that the financial circumstances of the annuitant are such as to warrant such deferred refunding.

“DEFERRED RETIREMENT

“SEC. 8. (a) Any employee who is separated from the service or transferred to a position not within the purview of this Act after completing five years of civilian service may be paid an annuity beginning at the age of sixty-two years computed as provided in section 9.

“(b) Any Member who on or after January 1, 1956, has been or is separated from the service as a Member after completing five years of Member service may hereafter be paid an annuity beginning at the age of sixty-two years, computed as provided in section 9. Any Member who is separated from the service after completing ten or more years of Member service may be paid an annuity beginning at the age of sixty years, computed as provided in section 9.

"COMPUTATION OF ANNUITY

"SEC. 9. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the annuity of an employee retiring under this Act shall be (1) the larger of (A) $1\frac{1}{2}$ per centum of the average salary multiplied by so much of the total service as does not exceed five years, or (B) 1 per centum of the average salary, plus \$25, multiplied by so much of the total service as does not exceed five years, plus (2) the larger of (A) $1\frac{3}{4}$ per centum of the average salary multiplied by so much of the total service as exceeds five years but does not exceed ten years, or (B) 1 per centum of the average salary, plus \$25, multiplied by so much of the total service as exceeds five years but does not exceed ten years, plus (3) the larger of (A) 2 per centum of the average salary multiplied by so much of the total service as exceeds ten years, or (B) 1 per centum of the average salary, plus \$25, multiplied by so much of the total service as exceeds ten years: *Provided*, That the annuity shall not exceed 80 per centum of the average salary: *Provided further*, That the annuity of an employee retiring under section 7 shall be at least (1) 40 per centum of the average salary or (2) the sum obtained under this subsection after increasing his total service by the period elapsing between the date of separation and the date he attains the age of sixty years, whichever is the lesser, but this proviso shall not increase the annuity of any survivor.

"(b) The annuity of a congressional employee retiring under this Act shall, if he so elects at the time his annuity commences, be (1) $2\frac{1}{2}$ per centum of the average salary multiplied by his military service and service as a congressional employee, not exceeding a total of fifteen years, plus (2) $1\frac{1}{2}$ per centum of the average salary multiplied by so much of the remainder of his total service as does not exceed five years, plus (3) $1\frac{3}{4}$ per centum of the average salary multiplied by so much of the remainder of his total service as exceeds five years but does not exceed ten years, plus (4) 2 per centum of the average salary multiplied by so much of the remainder of his total service as exceeds ten years: *Provided*, That the annuity shall not exceed 80 per centum of the average salary. This subsection shall not apply unless the congressional employee (1) has had at least five years' service as a congressional employee, (2) has had deductions withheld from his salary or made deposit covering his last five years of civilian service, and (3) has served as a congressional employee during the last eleven months of his civilian service: *Provided further*, That the annuity of a congressional employee retiring under section 7 shall be at least (1) 40 per centum of the average salary or (2) the sum obtained under this subsection after increasing his service as a congressional employee by the period elapsing between the date of separation and the date he attains the age of sixty years, whichever is the lesser, but this provision shall not increase the annuity of any survivor.

Congressional
employee.

"(c) The annuity of a Member retiring under this Act shall be an amount equal to—

Member.

"(1) $2\frac{1}{2}$ per centum of the average salary multiplied by the total of his Member and creditable military service;

"(2) $2\frac{1}{2}$ per centum of the average salary multiplied by his total years of service, not exceeding fifteen, performed as a congressional employee prior to his separation from service as a Member, other than any such service which he may elect to exclude;

"(3) $1\frac{1}{2}$ per centum of such average salary multiplied by so much of his total service, other than service used in computing annuity under clauses (1) and (2), as does not exceed five years, performed prior to his separation from service as a Member, and other than any such service which he may elect to exclude;

"(4) $1\frac{3}{4}$ per centum of such average salary multiplied by so much of his total service, other than service used in computing annuity under clauses (1) and (2), as exceeds five years but does not exceed ten years, performed prior to his separation from service as a Member, and other than any such service which he may elect to exclude; and

"(5) 2 per centum of such average salary multiplied by so much of his total service, other than service used in computing annuity under clauses (1) and (2), as exceeds ten years, performed prior to his separation from service as a Member, and other than any such service which he may elect to exclude.

Limitations. In no case shall an annuity computed under this subsection exceed 80 per centum of the basic salary that he is receiving at the time of such separation from the service, and in no case shall the annuity of a Member retiring under section 7 be less than (A) 40 per centum of the average salary or (B) the sum obtained under this subsection after increasing his Member service by the period elapsing between the date of separation and the date he attains the age of sixty years, whichever is the lesser, but this provision shall not increase the annuity of any survivor.

"(d) The annuity as hereinbefore provided, for an employee retiring under section 6 (b) or 6 (d) or a Member retiring under the second or third sentence of section 6 (f), shall be reduced by one-twelfth of 1 per centum for each full month not in excess of sixty, and one-sixth of 1 per centum for each full month in excess of sixty, such employee or Member is under the age of sixty years at date of separation.

"(e) The annuity of an employee retiring under section 6 (c) shall be 2 per centum of the average salary multiplied by the total service: *Provided*, That the annuity shall not exceed 80 per centum of the average salary.

Reduced
annuities.
Ante, p. 748.

"(f) The annuity as hereinbefore provided shall be reduced by 10 per centum of any deposit described in section 4 (c) remaining unpaid, unless the employee or Member shall elect to eliminate the service involved for purposes of annuity computation.

"(g) Any employee or Member retiring under section 6, 7, or 8 may at the time of retirement elect a reduced annuity, in lieu of the annuity as hereinbefore provided, and designate in writing his wife or husband to receive an annuity after the retired individual's death computed as provided in section 10 (a) (1). The annuity of the employee or Member making such election, excluding any increase because of retirement under section 7, shall be reduced by $2\frac{1}{2}$ per centum of so much of the portion thereof designated under section 10 (a) (1) as does not exceed \$2,400 and by 10 per centum of so much of the portion so designated as exceeds \$2,400.

"(h) Any unmarried employee or Member retiring under section 6 or 8, and found by the Commission to be in good health, may at the time of retirement elect a reduced annuity, in lieu of the annuity as hereinbefore provided, and designate in writing a person having an insurable interest in the employee or Member to receive an annuity after the retired individual's death. The annuity payable to the employee or Member making such election shall be reduced by 10 per centum of an annuity computed as provided in section 9 and by 5 per centum of an annuity so computed for each full five years the person designated is younger than the retiring employee or Member, but such total reduction shall not exceed 40 per centum.

Alaskan and
Canal Zone
employees.

"(i) The annuity as hereinbefore provided, for an employee who is a citizen of the United States, shall be increased by \$36 multiplied by total service in the employ of either the Alaska Engineering Com-

mission or The Alaska Railroad in the Territory of Alaska between March 12, 1914, and July 1, 1923, or in the employ of either the Isthmian Canal Commission or the Panama Railroad Company on the Isthmus of Panama between May 4, 1904, and April 1, 1914.

"SURVIVOR ANNUITIES

"Sec. 10. (a) (1) If a Member or employee dies after having retired under any provision of this Act and is survived by a wife or husband designated under section 9 (g) such wife or husband shall be paid an annuity equal to 50 per centum of so much of an annuity computed as provided in subsections (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), and (f) of section 9, as may apply with respect to the annuitant, as is designated in writing for such purpose by such Member or employee at the time he makes the election provided for by section 9 (g). Death after retirement.

"(2) An annuity computed under this subsection shall begin on the first day of the month in which the retired employee or Member dies, and such annuity or any right thereto shall terminate upon the survivor's death or remarriage.

"(b) The annuity of a survivor designated under section 9 (h) shall be 50 per centum of the reduced annuity computed as provided in subsections (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), and (h) of section 9 as may apply with respect to the annuitant. The annuity of such survivor shall begin on the first day of the month in which the retired employee or Member dies, and such annuity or any right thereto shall terminate upon the survivor's death.

"(c) If an employee dies after completing at least five years of civilian service, or a Member dies after completing at least five years of Member service, the widow or dependent widower of such employee or Member shall be paid an annuity equal to 50 per centum of an annuity computed as provided in subsections (a), (b), (c), (e), and (f) of section 9 as may apply with respect to the employee or Member. The annuity of such widow or dependent widower shall begin on the first day of the month after the employee or Member dies, and such annuity or any right thereto shall terminate upon death or remarriage of the widow or widower, or upon the widower's becoming capable of self-support. Death after 5 years of service.

"(d) If an employee dies after completing five years of civilian service or a Member dies after completing five years of Member service, or an employee or a Member dies after having retired under any provision of the Act, and is survived by a wife or by a husband, each surviving child who received more than one-half of his support from such employee or Member shall be paid an annuity equal to the smallest of (1) 40 per centum of the employee's or Member's average salary divided by the number of children, (2) \$600, or (3) \$1,800 divided by the number of children. If such employee or Member is not survived by a wife or husband, each surviving child shall be paid an annuity equal to the smallest of (1) 50 per centum of the employee's or Member's average salary divided by the number of children, (2) \$720, or (3) \$2,160 divided by the number of children. The child's annuity shall begin on the first day of the month after the employee or Member dies, and such annuity or any right thereto shall terminate upon (1) his attaining age 18 unless incapable of self-support, (2) his becoming capable of self-support after age 18, (3) his marriage, or (4) his death. Upon the death of the surviving wife or husband or termination of the annuity of the child, the annuity of any other child or children shall be recomputed and paid as though such wife, husband, or child had not survived the employee or Member.

"(e) In case a Member separated from service with title to a deferred annuity under this Act, either prior to, on, or after the effective date of the Civil Service Retirement Act Amendments of 1956, shall hereafter die before having established a valid claim for annuity and is survived by a wife or husband to whom married at date of separation, such surviving wife or husband (1) shall be paid an annuity equal to one-half of the deferred annuity of such Member beginning the first day of the month following the death of such Member and terminating upon the death or remarriage of such surviving wife or husband or (2) may elect to receive a lump-sum credit in lieu of annuity if such wife or husband is the person who would be entitled to the lump-sum credit and files application therefor with the Commission prior to the award of such annuity.

"LUMP-SUM BENEFITS

"Sec. 11. (a) Any employee or Member who is separated from the service, or is transferred to a position wherein he does not continue subject to this Act, shall be paid the lump-sum credit provided his separation or transfer occurs and application for payment is filed with the Commission at least thirty-one days before the earliest commencing date of any annuity for which he is eligible. The receipt of payment of the lump-sum credit by the individual shall void all annuity rights under this Act, unless and until he shall be reemployed in the service subject to this Act. This subsection shall also apply to any employee or Member separated prior to the effective date of the Civil Service Retirement Act Amendments of 1956 after completing at least twenty years of civilian service.

Designation
of benefi-
ciary.
Precedence
of payment.

"(b) Each present or former employee or Member may, under regulations prescribed by the Commission, designate a beneficiary or beneficiaries for the purposes of this Act.

"(c) Lump-sum benefits authorized under subsections (d), (e), and (f) of this section shall be paid in the following order of precedence to such person or persons surviving the employee or Member and alive at the date title to the payment arises, and such payment shall be a bar to recovery by any other person:

"First, to the beneficiary or beneficiaries designated by the employee or Member in a writing received in the Commission prior to his death:

"Second, if there be no such beneficiary, to the widow or widower of the employee or Member:

"Third, if none of the above, to the child or children of the employee or Member and descendants of deceased children by representation;

"Fourth, if none of the above, to the parents of the employee or Member or the survivor of them;

"Fifth, if none of the above, to the duly appointed executor or administrator of the estate of the employee or Member;

"Sixth, if none of the above, to other next of kin of the employee or Member as may be determined by the Commission to be entitled under the laws of the domicile of the individual at the time of his death.

"(d) If an employee or Member dies (1) without a survivor, or (2) with a survivor or survivors and the right of all survivors shall terminate before claim for survivor annuity is filed, or if a former employee or Member not retired dies, the lump-sum credit shall be paid.

"(e) If all annuity rights under this Act based on the service of a deceased employee or Member shall terminate before the total annuity paid equals the lump-sum credit, the difference shall be paid.

"(f) If an annuitant dies, any annuity accrued and unpaid shall be paid.

“(g) Any annuity accrued and unpaid upon the termination (other than by death) of the annuity of any annuitant or survivor annuitant shall be paid to such person. Any survivor annuity accrued and unpaid upon the death of any survivor annuitant shall be paid in the following order of precedence, and such payment shall be a bar to recovery by any other person:

“First, to the duly appointed executor or administrator of the estate of the survivor annuitant;

“Second, if there is no such executor or administrator, payment may be made, after the expiration of thirty days from the date of death of such survivor annuitant, to such next of kin of the survivor annuitant as may be determined by the Commission to be entitled under the laws of the survivor annuitant’s domicile at the time of his death.

“ADDITIONAL ANNUITIES

“Sec. 12. (a) Any employee or Member may, under regulations prescribed by the Commission, voluntarily contribute additional sums in multiples of \$25, but the total may not exceed 10 per centum of his basic salary for his creditable service from and after August 1, 1920. The voluntary contribution account in each case shall be the sum of such unrefunded contributions, plus interest at 3 per centum per annum compounded annually to date of separation or transfer to a position not within the purview of this Act or, in case of an individual who is separated with title to a deferred annuity and does not claim the voluntary contribution account, to the commencing date fixed for such deferred annuity or date of death, whichever is earlier. Voluntary contributions.

“(b) Such voluntary contribution account shall be used to purchase at retirement an annuity in addition to the annuity otherwise provided. For each \$100 in such voluntary contribution account, the additional annuity shall consist of \$7, increased by 20 cents for each full year, if any, such employee or Member is over the age of fifty-five years at the date of retirement.

“(c) A retiring employee or Member may elect a reduced additional annuity in lieu of the additional annuity described in subsection (b) and designate in writing a person to receive after his death an annuity of 50 per centum of his reduced additional annuity. The additional annuity of the employee or Member making such election shall be reduced by 10 per centum, and by 5 per centum for each full five years the person designated is younger than the retiring employee or Member, but such total reduction shall not exceed 40 per centum. Reduced additional annuity.

“(d) Any employee or Member who is separated from the service before becoming eligible for immediate or deferred annuity or who transfers to a position wherein he does not continue subject to this Act shall be paid the voluntary contribution account. Any employee or Member who is separated from the service after becoming eligible for a deferred annuity under section 8 may elect to receive, in lieu of additional annuity, the voluntary contribution account, provided his separation occurs and application for payment is filed with the Commission at least thirty-one days before the commencing date of annuity. Separation prior to or after eligibility.

“(e) If any present or former employee or Member not retired dies, the voluntary contribution account shall be paid under the provisions of section 11 (c). If all additional annuities or any right thereto based on the voluntary contribution account of a deceased employee or Member terminate before the total additional annuity paid equals such account, the difference shall be paid under the provisions of section 11 (c). Death prior to retirement. Payment of voluntary contribution.

"REEMPLOYMENT OF ANNUITANTS

"SEC. 13. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an annuitant heretofore or hereafter retired under this Act shall not, by reason of his retired status, be barred from employment in any appointive position for which he is qualified. An annuitant so reemployed shall serve at the will of the appointing officer.

"(b) If an annuitant under this Act (other than (1) a disability annuitant whose annuity is terminated by reason of his recovery or restoration of earning capacity, (2) an annuitant whose annuity was based upon an involuntary separation from the service, excluding a separation under the automatic separation provisions of this Act, or (3) a Member retired under this Act) hereafter becomes employed, or on the date of enactment of the Civil Service Retirement Act Amendments of 1956 is serving, in an appointive or elective position, his service on and after the date he was or is so employed shall be covered by this Act. No deductions for the fund shall be withheld from his salary, but there shall be deducted from his salary, except for lump-sum leave payment purposes under the Act of December 21, 1944, a sum equal to the annuity allocable to the period of actual employment, and this provision concerning the lump-sum leave payments shall also be effective in the case of each retired employee separated from reemployment after December 15, 1953, and before the effective date of the Civil Service Retirement Act Amendments of 1956: *Provided*, That if such annuitant serves on a full-time basis for at least one year in employment not excluding him under section 2 (b) from coverage, (1) his annuity upon termination of employment shall be increased by an annuity computed under subsections (a), (b), (d), (e), and (f) of section 9 as may apply based upon the period of and the basic salary (before deduction) averaged during such employment, and (2) his lump-sum credit shall not be reduced by annuity paid during such employment. The employment of an annuitant under this subsection shall not operate to create an annuity for or in any manner affect the annuity of any survivor.

Appointive or
elective po-
sitions.

"(c) If a Member heretofore or hereafter retired under this Act hereafter becomes employed in an appointive or elective position, annuity payments shall be discontinued during such employment and resumed in the same amount upon termination of such employment: *Provided*, That if such retired Member takes office as Member and gives notice as provided in section 2 (c), his service as Member during such period shall be credited in determining his right to and the amount of his subsequent annuity: *Provided further*, That this subsection shall not apply to a Member appointed by the President of the United States to a position not requiring confirmation by the Senate.

Nonapplica-
bility.

"PAYMENT OF BENEFITS

"SEC. 14. (a) Each annuity is stated as an annual amount, one-twelfth of which, fixed at the nearest dollar, accrues monthly and is payable on the first business day of the month after it accrues.

"(b) Except as otherwise provided, the annuity of an employee shall commence on the first of the month after separation from the service, or on the first of the month after salary ceases provided the employee meets the service and the age or disability requirements for title to annuity at that time. The annuity of a Member or of an elected officer of the Senate or House of Representatives shall commence on the day following the day on which salary shall cease, provided the person entitled to such annuity meets the service and the age or disability requirements for title to annuity at that time. The annuity of an

employee or Member under section 8 shall commence on the first of the month after the occurrence of the event on which payment of the annuity is based.

“(c) An annuity shall terminate on the last day of the month preceding the month in which death or any other terminating event provided in this Act occurs. Termination.

“(d) Any person entitled to annuity from the fund may decline to accept all or any part of such annuity by a waiver signed and filed with the Commission. Such waiver may be revoked in writing at any time, but no payment of the annuity waived shall be made covering the period during which such waiver was in effect. Waiver.

“(e) Where any payment is due a minor, or a person mentally incompetent or under other legal disability, such payment may be made to the person who is constituted guardian or other fiduciary by the law of the State of residence of such claimant or is otherwise legally vested with the care of the claimant or his estate: *Provided, That* where no guardian or other fiduciary of the person under legal disability has been appointed under the laws of the State of residence of the claimant, payment may be made to any person who in the judgment of the Commission is responsible for the care of the claimant, and such payment shall be a bar to recovery by any other person. Payment to guardian.

“EXEMPTION FROM LEGAL PROCESSES

“SEC. 15. (a) None of the moneys mentioned in this Act shall be assignable, either in law or equity, or be subject to execution, levy, attachment, garnishment, or other legal process.

“(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there shall be no recovery of any payments under this Act from any person when, in the judgment of the Commission, such person is without fault and such recovery would be contrary to equity and good conscience; nor shall there be any withholding of recovery of any moneys mentioned in this Act on account of any certification or payment made by any former employee of the United States in the discharge of his official duties unless the head of the department or agency on behalf of which the certification or payment was made certifies to the Commission that such certification or payment involved fraud on the part of such employee.

“ADMINISTRATION

“SEC. 16. (a) This Act shall be administered by the Commission. Except as otherwise specifically provided herein, the Commission is hereby authorized and directed to perform, or cause to be performed, any and all acts and to make such rules and regulations as may be necessary and proper for the purpose of carrying the provisions of this Act into full force and effect. Rules and regulation.

“(b) Applications under this Act shall be in such form as the Commission shall prescribe, and shall be supported by such certificates from departments or agencies as the Commission may deem necessary to the determination of the rights of applicants. The Commission shall adjudicate all claims under this Act.

“(c) Questions of dependency and disability arising under this Act shall be determined by the Commission and its decisions with respect to such matters shall be final and conclusive and shall not be subject to review. The Commission may order or direct at any time such medical or other examinations as it shall deem necessary to determine the facts relative to the disability or dependency of any person receiving or applying for annuity under this Act, and may suspend or deny any such annuity for failure to submit to any such examination.

- “(d) An appeal to the Commission shall lie from any administrative action or order affecting the rights or interests of any person or of the United States under this Act, the procedure on appeal to be prescribed by the Commission.
- Fees for examinations. “(e) Fees for examinations made under the provisions of this Act, by physicians or surgeons who are not medical officers of the United States, shall be fixed by the Commission, and such fees, together with reasonable traveling and other expenses incurred in connection with such examinations, shall be paid out of the appropriations for the cost of administering this Act.
- Annual report. “(f) The Commission shall publish an annual report upon the operations of this Act and shall include in each such report a statement with respect to the status of the fund on a normal cost plus interest basis.
- Actuaries. “(g) The Commission is hereby authorized and directed to select three actuaries, to be known as the Board of Actuaries of the Civil Service Retirement System. It shall be the duty of such Board to report annually upon the actuarial status of the system and to furnish its advice and opinion on matters referred to it by the Commission, and it shall have the authority to recommend to the Commission and to the Congress such changes as in the Board’s judgment may be deemed necessary to protect the public interest and maintain the system upon a sound financial basis. The Commission shall keep or cause to be kept such records as it deems necessary for making periodic actuarial valuations of the Civil Service Retirement System, and the Board shall make such valuations at intervals of five years, or oftener if deemed necessary by the Commission. The compensation of the members of the Board of Actuaries, exclusive of such members as are in the employ of the United States, shall be fixed by the Commission.

“CIVIL SERVICE RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY FUND

- Appropriations. “Sec. 17. (a) The fund is hereby appropriated for the payment of benefits as provided in this Act.
- Gifts. “(b) The Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to accept and credit to the fund moneys received in the form of donations, gifts, legacies, or bequests, or otherwise contributed for the benefit of civil-service employees generally.
- Investment. “(c) The Secretary of the Treasury shall immediately invest in interest-bearing securities of the United States, such currently available portions of the fund as are not immediately required for payments from the fund, and the income derived from such investments shall constitute a part of the fund.
- 40 Stat. 288. “(d) The purposes for which obligations of the United States may
31 USC 774. be issued under the Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended, are hereby extended to authorize the issuance at par of public-debt obligations for purchase by the fund. Such obligations issued for purchase by the fund shall have maturities fixed with due regard for the needs of the fund and bear interest at a rate equal to the average rate of interest computed as to the end of the calendar month next preceding the date of such issue, borne by all marketable interest-bearing obligations of the United States then forming a part of the public debt that are not due or callable until after the expiration of five years from the date of original issue; except that where such average rate is not a multiple of one-eighth of 1 per centum, the rate of interest of such obligations shall be the multiple of one-eighth of 1 per centum nearest such average rate. Such obligations shall be issued for purchase by the fund only if the Secretary of the Treasury determines that the purchase in the market of other interest-bearing obligations of the United States, or of obligations guaranteed as to both principal and

interest by the United States on original issue or at the market price, is not in the public interest.

“(e) The Commission shall submit estimates of the appropriations necessary to finance the fund on a normal cost plus interest basis and to continue this Act in full force and effect. Estimates of appropriations.”

“SHORT TITLE

“SEC. 18. This Act may be cited as the ‘Civil Service Retirement Act.’”

MEMBERS OF FACULTY OF NAVAL ACADEMY

SEC. 402. (a) On and after the effective date of this title persons employed as members of the civilian faculties of the United States Naval Academy and the United States Naval Postgraduate School shall be included within the terms of the Civil Service Retirement Act, and on and after that date the Act of January 16, 1936 (49 Stat. 1092), as amended, shall not apply to such persons.

34 USC 1073-1073e-3.

(b) In lieu of the deposit prescribed by section 4 (c) of the Civil Service Retirement Act, an employee who by virtue of subsection (a) is included within the terms of such Act shall deposit, for service rendered prior to the effective date of this title as a member of the civilian faculty of the United States Naval Academy or of the United States Naval Postgraduate School, a sum equal to so much of the repurchase price of his annuity policy carried as required by the Act of January 16, 1936, as amended, as is based on the monthly allotments which were registered with the Navy Allotment Office toward the purchase of that annuity, the deposit to be made within six months after the effective date of this title. Should the deposit not be made within that period no credit shall be allowed under the Civil Service Retirement Act for service rendered as a member of the civilian faculty of the United States Naval Academy or of the United States Naval Postgraduate School subsequent to July 31, 1920, and prior to the effective date of this title. If the deposit is made, such service shall be held and considered to be service during which the employee was subject to the Civil Service Retirement Act.

Ante, p. 748.

CONTINUATION OF PRIOR RIGHTS

SEC. 403. Except as otherwise provided, the amendments made by this title shall not apply in the case of employees or Members retired or otherwise separated prior to its effective date, and the rights of such persons and their survivors shall continue in the same manner and to the same extent as if this title had not been enacted. In the case of any Member heretofore separated with title to an annuity under the Act of May 29, 1930, as amended, the annuity of such Member and of any survivor of such Member shall be computed, and shall be paid only from and after the effective date of this title, as if the Act of August 11, 1955 (69 Stat. 692), had been in effect on the date of the separation of such Member.

5 USC 691 note.

5 USC 693-1, 736e.

VICE PRESIDENT

SEC. 404. In the case of any person holding the office of Vice President on the effective date of this title, service performed in such office shall be considered service during which he was subject to the Civil Service Retirement Act for the purpose of section 3 (g) thereof.

Ante, p. 745.

FORFEITURE OF ANNUITIES OF PERSONS REMAINING OUTSIDE UNITED STATES
TO AVOID PROSECUTION

SEC. 405. The Act entitled "An Act to prohibit payment of annuities to officers and employees of the United States convicted of certain offenses, and for other purposes", approved September 1, 1954 (68 Stat. 1142), is amended by adding at the end of section 2 thereof a new subsection as follows:

5 USC 740b-
7401; 18 USC
3282.

"(c) In any case in which, after the date of enactment of this subsection, any person under indictment for any offense within the purview of the first section of this Act willfully remains outside the United States, its Territories, and possessions, for a period in excess of one year with knowledge of such indictment, no annuity or retired pay shall be paid, for any period subsequent to the end of such one-year period to such person or to the survivor or beneficiary of such person, on the basis of the service of such person, as an officer or employee of the Government unless and until a nolle prosequi to the entire indictment is entered upon the record or such person returns and thereafter the indictment is dismissed or after trial by court the accused is found not guilty of the offense or offenses charged in the indictment."

EFFECTIVE DATE

SEC. 406. This title shall take effect on the first day of the first month which begins more than sixty days after the date of enactment of this Act.

SHORT TITLE

SEC. 407. This title may be cited as the "Civil Service Retirement Act Amendments of 1956."

TITLE V—ADDITIONAL SCIENTIFIC AND
PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS

5 USC 171p
and note.

SEC. 501. (a) Subsections (a) and (b) of the first section of the Act of August 1, 1947 (61 Stat. 715; Public Law 313, Eightieth Congress), as amended, are amended to read as follows: "(a) The Secretary of Defense is authorized to establish and fix the compensation for not more than one hundred and twenty positions in the Department of Defense and not more than twenty-five positions in the National Security Agency, each such position being established to effectuate those research and development functions, relating to the national defense, military and naval medicine, and any and all other activities of the Department of Defense and the National Security Agency, as the case may be, which require the services of specially qualified scientific or professional personnel.

"(b) The Chairman of the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics is authorized to establish and fix the compensation for, in the headquarters and research stations of the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, not to exceed thirty positions in the professional and scientific service, each such position being established in order to enable the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics to secure and retain the services of specially qualified personnel necessary in the discharge of the duty of the Committee to supervise and direct the scientific study of the problems of flight with a view to their practical solution."

(b) Nothing contained in the amendment made to such Act of August 1, 1947, by subsection (a) of this section shall affect any position existing under authority of subsection (a) of the first section of such Act of August 1, 1947, as in effect immediately prior to the effective date of such amendment, the compensation attached to any such position, and any incumbent thereof, his appointment thereto, and his right to receive the compensation attached thereto, until appropriate action is taken under authority of subsection (a) of such first section of such Act of August 1, 1947, as contained in the amendment made by subsection (a) of this section.

SEC. 502. Section 505 (b) of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended (69 Stat. 179; 5 U. S. C., sec. 1105), is amended to read as follows:

"(b) Subject to subsections (c), (d), and (e) of this section, a majority of the Civil Service Commissioners are authorized to establish and, from time to time, revise the maximum numbers of positions (not to exceed twelve hundred and twenty-six) which may be in grades 16, 17, and 18 of the General Schedule at any one time, except that under such authority such maximum number of positions shall not exceed three hundred and twenty-nine for grade 17 and one hundred and thirty for grade 18." GS-16, 17, 18
Maximum number

SEC. 503. (a) The United States Civil Service Commission, the Librarian of Congress, the Comptroller General of the United States, and the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation of the Department of Justice, respectively, with respect to those positions within the purview of subsections (b), (c), (d), and (e), respectively, of section 505 of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, and the appropriate authority, with respect to those positions under jurisdiction of such authority which are allocated to or placed in grades 16, 17, and 18 of the General Schedule of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended (including such positions so allocated or placed on a temporary or present incumbency basis), under any provision of law (including any reorganization plan) other than the above-specified subsections, which is in effect on or after the date of enactment of this subsection, shall submit, so long as such provision of law or reorganization plan remains in effect, to the Congress, not later than February 1 of each year, a report which sets forth— Report to
Congress.

(1) the total number of such positions allocated to or placed in all of such grades during the immediately preceding calendar year, the total number of such positions allocated to or placed in each of such grades during such immediately preceding calendar year, and the total number of such positions in existence during such immediately preceding calendar year and the grades to or in which such total number of positions in existence are allocated or placed,

(2) the name, rate of compensation, and description of the qualifications of each incumbent of each such position, together with the position title and a statement of the duties and responsibilities performed by each such incumbent,

(3) the position or positions in or outside the Federal Government held by each such incumbent, and his rate or rates of compensation, during the five-year period immediately preceding the date of appointment of each such incumbent to such position, and

(4) such other information as the Commission, officer, or other appropriate authority submitting such report may deem appropriate or which may be required by the Congress or a committee thereof.

Nothing contained in this subsection shall require the resubmission of any information required under paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subsection which has been reported pursuant to this subsection and which remains unchanged.

(b) In any instance in which the Commission, officer, or other appropriate authority so required to submit such report may find full public disclosure of any or all of the above-specified items to be detrimental to the national security, such Commission, officer, or authority is authorized—

(1) to omit in such annual report those items with respect to which full public disclosure is found to be detrimental to the national security,

(2) to inform the Congress of such omission, and

(3) at the request of any congressional committee to which such report is referred, to present all information concerning such items.

Approved July 31, 1956, 5:10 p. m.

TAB
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Public Law 893 - 84th Congress
Chapter 849 - 2d Session
H. R. 3882

AN ACT

All 70 Stat. 899.

To require the registration of certain persons who have knowledge of or have received instruction or assignment in the espionage, counterespionage, or sabotage service or tactics of a foreign government or foreign political party, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 20 of the Internal Security Act of 1950 is amended by repealing subsection (a), and by deleting the designation "(b)" which appears in said section.

Foreign agents.
Registration.
64 Stat. 1005.
22 USC 611.

Sec. 2. Except as provided in section 3 of this Act, every person who has knowledge of, or has received instruction or assignment in, the espionage, counterespionage, or sabotage service or tactics of a government of a foreign country or of a foreign political party, shall register with the Attorney General by filing with the Attorney General a registration statement in duplicate, under oath, prepared and filed in such manner and form, and containing such statements, information, or documents pertinent to the purposes and objectives of this Act as the Attorney General, having due regard for the national security and the public interest, by regulations prescribes.

Filing statement.
64 Stat. 989.
50 USC 782.

Sec. 3. The registration requirements of section 2 of this Act do not apply to any person—

Nonapplicability.

(a) who has obtained knowledge of or received instruction or assignment in the espionage, counterespionage, or sabotage service or tactics of a foreign government or foreign political party by reason of civilian, military, or police service or employment with the United States Government, the governments of the several States, their political subdivisions, the District of Columbia, the Territories, or the Canal Zone;

(b) who has obtained such knowledge solely by reason of academic or personal interest not under the supervision of or in preparation for service with the government of a foreign country or a foreign political party;

(c) who has made full disclosure of such knowledge, instruction, or assignment to officials within an agency of the United States Government having responsibilities in the field of intelligence, which disclosure has been made a matter of record in the files of such agency, and concerning whom a written determination has been made by the Attorney General or the Director of Central Intelligence that registration would not be in the interest of national security;

(d) whose knowledge of, or receipt of instruction or assignment in, the espionage, counterespionage, or sabotage service or tactics of a government of a foreign country or of a foreign political party, is a matter of record in the files of an agency of the United States Government having responsibilities in the field of intelligence and concerning whom a written determination is made by the Attorney General or the Director of Central Intelligence, based on all information available, that registration would not be in the interest of national security;

(e) who is a duly accredited diplomatic or consular officer of a foreign government, who is so recognized by the Department of State, while he is engaged exclusively in activities which are recognized by the Department of State as being within the scope of the functions of such officer, and any member of his immediate family who resides with him;

(f) who is an official of a foreign government recognized by the United States, whose name and status and the character of whose duties as such official are of record in the Department of State, and while he is engaged exclusively in activities which are recognized by the Department of State as being within the scope of the functions of such official, and any member of his immediate family who resides with him;

(g) who is a member of the staff of or employed by a duly accredited diplomatic or consular officer of a foreign government who is so recognized by the Department of State, and whose name and status and the character of whose duties as such member or employee are a matter of record in the Department of State, while he is engaged exclusively in the performance of activities recognized by the Department of State as being within the scope of the functions of such member or employee;

(h) Who is an officially acknowledged and sponsored representative of a foreign government and is in the United States on an official mission for the purpose of conferring or otherwise cooperating with United States intelligence or security personnel;

(i) who is a civilian or one of the military personnel of a foreign armed service coming to the United States pursuant to arrangements made under a mutual defense treaty or agreement, or who has been invited to the United States at the request of an agency of the United States Government; or

(j) who is a person designated by a foreign government to serve as its representative in or to an international organization in which the United States participates or is an officer or employee of such an organization or who is a member of the immediate family of, and resides with, such a representative, officer, or employee.

Retention of registration statements.

SEC. 4. The Attorney General shall retain in permanent form one copy of all registration statements filed under this Act. They shall be public records and open to public examination at such reasonable hours and under such regulations as the Attorney General prescribes, except that the Attorney General, having due regard for the national security and public interest, may withdraw any registration statement from public examination.

Rules and regulations.

SEC. 5. The Attorney General may at any time, make, prescribe, amend, and rescind such rules, regulations, and forms as he deems necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

Violation and penalties.

SEC. 6. (a) Whoever willfully violates any provision of this Act or any regulation thereunder, or in any registration statement willfully make a false statement of a material fact or willfully omits any material fact, shall be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than five years, or both.

8 USC 1151. Offense.

(b) Any alien convicted of a violation of this Act or any regulation thereunder is subject to deportation in the manner provided by chapter 5, title II, of the Immigration and Nationality Act (66 Stat. 163).

SEC. 7. Failure to file a registration statement as required by this Act is a continuing offense for as long as such failure exists, notwithstanding any statute of limitation or other statute to the contrary.

Compliance.

SEC. 8. Compliance with the registration provisions of this Act does not relieve any person from compliance with any other applicable registration statute.

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Pub. Law 893
All 70 Stat. 900.

SEC. 9. If any provision of this Act or the application thereof to *Separability* any person or circumstances is held invalid, the remainder of the Act, and the application of such provisions to other persons or circumstances, is not affected thereby.

Approved August 1, 1956.

GPO 71139

EXECUTIVE ORDER 10700

**FURTHER PROVIDING FOR THE OPERATIONS
COORDINATING BOARD**

By virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution and statutes, and as President of the United States, it is hereby ordered as follows:

SECTION 1. (a) In order to assist in the effective coordination among certain agencies of certain functions relating to the national security and to provide for the integrated implementation of national security policies by the said agencies, there is hereby established within the structure of the National Security Council the Operations Coordinating Board, hereinafter referred to as the Board, which shall report to the National Security Council.

(b) The Board shall have as members the following: (1) the Under Secretary of State, who shall represent the Secretary of State, (2) the Deputy Secretary of Defense, who shall represent the Secretary of Defense, (3) the Director of Central Intelligence, (4) the Director of the United States Information Agency, (5) the Director of the International Cooperation Administration, and (6) one or more representatives of the President to be designated by the President. The Board shall have a chairman and a vice chairman, each of whom shall be designated by the President from among its members. Each head of agency referred to in items 1 to 5, inclusive, in this subsection may provide for an alternate

COA

TAB 40

Wednesday, February 27, 1957

Executive Order No. 10700

member who shall serve as a member of the Board in lieu of the regular member representing the agency concerned whenever such regular member is, for reasons beyond his control, unable to attend any meeting of the Board.

(c) The head of any agency (other than any agency represented under section 1 (b) hereof) to which the President from time to time assigns responsibilities for the implementation of national security policies shall assign a representative to serve on the Board when the Board is dealing with subjects bearing directly upon the responsibilities of such head. Each such representative shall be an Under Secretary or corresponding official. Each such head may provide for an alternate representative of his agency who shall attend any meeting of the Board, requiring representation of such agency, in lieu of the representative when the latter is, for reasons beyond his control, unable to attend.

(d) Any alternate member of the Board serving under section 1 (b) of this order, and any representative or alternate representative serving under section 1 (c) of this order, shall, while so serving, have in all respects the same status on the Board as the members of the Board provided for in section 1 (b) hereof.

SEC. 2. The President having approved any national security policy after receiving the advice of the National Security Council thereon, the Board shall (1) whenever the President shall hereafter so direct, advise with the agencies concerned as to (a) their detailed operational planning responsibilities respecting such policy, (b) the coordination of the interdepartmental aspects of the detailed operational plans developed by the agencies to carry out such policy, (c) the timely and coordinated execution of such policy and plans, and (d) the execution of each security action or project so that it shall make its full contribution to the attainment of national

security objectives and to the particular climate of opinion the United States is seeking to achieve in the world, and (2) initiate new proposals for action within the framework of national security policies in response to opportunity and changes in the situation. The Board shall perform such other advisory functions as the President may assign to it and shall from time to time make reports to the National Security Council with respect to the carrying out of this order.

SEC. 3. Subject to the provisions of section 101 (c) of the National Security Act of 1947, as amended (50 U. S. C. 402 (c)):

(a) (1) The Board shall have, within the staff of the National Security Council, such staff as may be necessary to assist the Board in the performance of its functions, (2) the said staff of the Board shall be headed by an Executive Officer of the Board, and (3) employees of agencies may, consonant with law, be detailed to the aforesaid staff of the Board.

(b) Members of the staff of the Operations Coordinating Board provided for in Executive Order No. 10483, as amended, who are immediately prior to the taking effect of this order receiving compensation directly out of funds available to the said Board shall be transferred to the staff of the Board referred to in paragraph (a) of this section as of the effective date of this order. The said transfers shall be accomplished in consonance with applicable law, including the last proviso of section 12 of the Veterans Preference Act of 1944, as amended (5 U. S. C. 861).

(c) Appropriate arrangements may be made for the detail to the staff of the Board referred to in paragraph (a) of this section of employees of agencies who are immediately prior to the taking effect of the provisions of this order detailed to the staff of the Operations Coordinating Board provided for in Executive Order No. 10483, as amended.

SEC. 4. As used herein, the word "agency" may be construed to mean any instrumentality of the executive branch of the Government, including any executive department.

SEC. 5. Nothing in this order shall be construed either to confer upon the Board any function with respect to internal security or to abrogate or restrict in any manner any function vested by law in, or assigned pursuant to law to, any agency or head of agency (including the Office of Defense Mobilization and the Director of the Office of Defense Mobilization).

SEC. 6. This order supersedes Executive Order No. 10483 of September 2, 1953, and provisions amendatory thereof contained in other Executive orders (including, to the extent that it relates to the Operations Coordinating Board provided for in Executive Order No. 10483, the proviso of section 303 (b) of Executive Order No. 10610 of May 9, 1955). Subject to the provisions of this order (including the limitations imposed by section 3 hereof), the Board may be deemed to be a continuation of the Operations Coordinating Board provided for in Executive Order No. 10483, as amended.

SEC. 7. The foregoing provisions of this order shall become effective on July 1, 1957, except that if funds appropriated for the National Security Council shall not have become available on that date for the support of the Board in consonance with this order, the said provisions shall become effective on such later date as funds so appropriated become so available.

DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER

THE WHITE HOUSE,
February 25, 1957.

TAB
40

Thursday, 19 September 1957

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

[Delegation of Authority No. 199, Rev. 1]
DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO APPOINT SPECIAL POLICEMEN

1. Pursuant to authority vested in me by the provisions of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as amended (63 Stat. 377), authority is hereby delegated to the Director, Central Intelligence Agency to appoint not to exceed twenty special policemen, under section 9 of the Act of May 27, 1924 as amended (D. C. Code 4-208) to police buildings and grounds occupied in the District of Columbia by the Agency, such authority to be exercised only to protect Agency employees,

property, and classified documents and material, or in the event of fire or enemy attack.

2. This authority shall be exercised strictly in accordance with the "Authority of Special Police" set forth below and any other standards, procedures or regulations hereafter prescribed by the General Services Administration.

3. There shall be submitted to the General Services Administration an annual report at the close of each fiscal year summarizing operations under this delegation of authority. The report shall be in the form prescribed by the General Services Administration for the purpose.

4. The Director, Central Intelligence Agency may redelegate this authority to the Chief, Physical Security Branch.

5. This delegation shall be effective as of the date hereof. The prior delegation to the Director, Central Intelligence Agency on the same subject dated May 13, 1954 (19 F. R. 2833) is hereby rescinded.

FRANKLIN G. FLOETE,
Administrator.

SEPTEMBER 12, 1957.

AUTHORITY OF SPECIAL POLICE

Special police. The Administrator of General Services and duly authorized officers of the General Services Administration are authorized by law to appoint special policemen. Pursuant to the provisions of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as amended (40 USC 471) the Administrator may delegate that authority to the heads of Federal agencies when requested by such agencies. The Act of May 27, 1924 as amended (D. C. Code 4-208), and the Act of June 1, 1948, as amended (40 USC 510) the pertinent provisions of which are set forth hereunder, specify the degree of police power conferred and the scope of activity of such special police.

1. Act of May 27, 1924. Under this enactment and subsequent transfers of jurisdiction and authorities, the Administrator of General Services is authorized to appoint special policemen, without compensation, to police reservations under his jurisdiction in the District of Columbia. These special policemen shall have the same powers and perform the same duties as the United States Park Police and the Metropolitan Police Force of the District of Columbia, but such powers are restricted to reservations within the District of Columbia and shall be exercised only to protect property, and classified documents and material, or in the event of fire or enemy attack.

Pages 7498 and 7499

2. Act of June 1, 1948. Under this enactment, the Administrator of General Services is authorized to appoint uniformed guards as special policemen, without additional compensation, for duty in connection with the policing of public buildings and other areas under the jurisdiction of the General Services Administration. These special policemen have the same powers as sheriffs and constables, upon such Federal property, to enforce the laws enacted for the protection of persons and property, to prevent breaches of the peace, to suppress affrays or unlawful assemblies, and to enforce rules and regulations made and promulgated by the Administrator or other duly authorized officials. The jurisdiction and police powers of these special policemen are restricted to Federal property over which the United States has acquired exclusive or concurrent criminal jurisdiction.

Definitions. 1. Exclusive Federal Criminal Jurisdiction exists when the Federal Government has the exclusive right to enforce the criminal laws in effect in a location or area, ordinarily one which is owned by the United States. Such jurisdiction is obtained through legislation by the State in which the

property is located, or in the enabling act governing the admission of the State. Where such jurisdiction exists the State and local authorities have no responsibility for criminal law enforcement, which rests entirely upon the Federal Government.

2. Concurrent Federal Criminal Jurisdiction exists when the Federal Government and the State in which the property is located both enforce criminal laws in a location or area. The State jurisdiction usually results from the reservation by the State of the right concurrently to exercise the same or part of the same powers as are vested in the Federal Government.

Local procedures. When properties over which the Federal Government has exclusive or concurrent criminal jurisdiction are guarded by special police every effort must be made to obtain the co-operation of local and Federal law enforcement agencies, as well as other protection organizations in the vicinity. Mutual assistance agreements should be entered into with these agencies in order to cope with large scale disorders, the handling and prosecution of Federal prisoners, fire fighting, and any other mission of the special police which might require more manpower, equipment, or facilities than are at their immediate disposal. Special policemen must be thoroughly instructed in the type of jurisdiction applicable to each facility in which they operate, their authorities under such jurisdiction, and the procedures which they should follow.

Pub. H. Res. 87-1950; Filed, Sept. 18, 1957; S. Res. 11; S. Res. 11.]

TAB
41

TAB

4/2

September 6, 1960

AN ACT

74 STAT. 792.

To improve the administration of overseas activities of the Government of the United States, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That titles I to V, inclusive, of this Act may be cited as the "Overseas Differentials and Allowances Act".

Overseas Dif-
ferentials
and Allowances
Act.

TITLE I—PURPOSE AND DEFINITIONS

PART A—PURPOSE

Sec. 101. The Congress hereby declares that it is the purpose of this Act to improve and strengthen the administration of overseas activities of the Government by—

- (1) providing a means for more effectively compensating Government employees for the extra costs and hardships incident to their assignments overseas,
- (2) providing for the uniform treatment of Government employees stationed overseas to the extent justified by relative conditions of employment,
- (3) establishing the basis for the more efficient and equitable administration of the laws compensating Government employees for the extra costs and hardships incident to their assignments overseas, and
- (4) facilitating for the Government the recruitment and retention of the best qualified personnel for civilian service overseas.

PART B—DEFINITIONS

Sec. 111. As used in this title, title II, and section 522 of title V, the term—

- (1) "Government" means the Government of the United States of America;
- (2) "Government agency" means (A) each executive department of the Government, (B) each independent establishment or agency in the executive branch of the Government, including each corporation wholly owned (either directly or through one or more corporations) by the Government, (C) the General Accounting Office, and (D) the Library of Congress;
- (3) "Employee" means an individual employed in the civilian service of a Government agency and more specifically defined in regulations prescribed by the President, but including ambassadors, ministers, and officers of the Foreign Service of the United States under the Department of State;
- (4) "United States", when used in a geographical sense, means the several States of the United States of America and the District of Columbia;
- (5) "Continental United States" means the several States of the United States of America, excluding Alaska and Hawaii but including the District of Columbia; and
- (6) "Foreign area" means any area (including the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands) situated outside the United States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Canal Zone, and the possessions of the United States.

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TITLE II—ALLOWANCES AND DIFFERENTIALS IN
FOREIGN AREAS

PART A—GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 201. Notwithstanding section 1765 of the Revised Statutes (5 U.S.C. 70), the allowances and differentials provided by this title are authorized for and may be granted only to an employee officially stationed in a foreign area unless otherwise provided in this title—

- (1) who is a citizen of the United States, and
 - (2) whose rate of basic compensation is fixed by statute or, without taking into consideration the allowance and differentials provided by this title, is fixed by administrative action pursuant to law or is fixed administratively in conformity with rates paid by the Government for work of a comparable level of difficulty and responsibility in the continental United States,
- except that such allowances and differentials may be paid to an employee officially stationed in a foreign area who is not a citizen of the United States to the extent that the payment of such allowances and differentials to such noncitizen employee is authorized by any provision of law other than this title.

SEC. 202. Allowances granted under this title may be paid in advance, or advance of funds may be made therefor, through the proper disbursing officer in such sums as may be deemed advisable in consideration of the need and the period of time during which expenditures must be made in advance by the employee or employees. Any advance of funds not subsequently covered by allowances accrued to the employee or employees under this title shall be recoverable by the Government by setoff against accrued salary, pay, compensation, amount of retirement credit, or other amount due from the Government to such employee or employees and by such other method as may be provided by law for the recovery of amounts owing to the Government.

The head of the Government agency concerned may, in accordance with regulations of the President, waive in whole or in part any right of recovery under this section, if it is shown that such recovery would be against equity and good conscience or against the public interest.

SEC. 203. The allowances and differentials authorized by this title shall be paid in accordance with regulations prescribed by the President establishing rules governing payments thereof and the respective rates at which such payments shall be made, the foreign areas, the groups of positions, and the categories of employees to which such rates shall apply, and other related matters.

PART B—QUARTERS ALLOWANCES

SEC. 211. Whenever Government-owned or Government-rented quarters are not provided without charge for an employee in a foreign area, one or more of the following quarters allowances may be granted to such employee where applicable:

- (1) A temporary lodging allowance for the reasonable cost of temporary quarters incurred by the employee and his family (A) for a period not in excess of three months after first arrival at a new post of assignment in a foreign area or a period ending with the occupation of residence quarters, whichever shall be shorter, and (B) for a period of not more than one month immediately preceding final departure from the post subsequent to the necessary evacuation of residence quarters;

(2) A living quarters allowance for rent, heat, light, fuel, gas, electricity, and water, without regard to the limitations of section 3648 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (31 U.S.C. 529); and

(3) Under unusual circumstances payment or reimbursement for extraordinary, necessary, and reasonable expenses, not otherwise compensated for, incurred in initial repairs, alterations, and improvements to an employee's privately leased residence at a post of assignment in a foreign area, if such expenses are administratively approved in advance and if the duration and terms of the lease justify payment of such expenses by the Government.

PART C—COST-OF-LIVING ALLOWANCES

SEC. 221. The following cost-of-living allowances may be granted, where applicable, to an employee in a foreign area:

(1) A post allowance to offset the difference between the cost of living at the post of assignment of the employee in a foreign area and the cost of living in Washington, District of Columbia;

(2) A transfer allowance for extraordinary, necessary, and reasonable expenses, not otherwise compensated for, incurred by an employee incident to establishing himself at any post of assignment in a foreign area or at a post of assignment in the United States between assignments to posts in foreign areas;

(3) A separate maintenance allowance to assist an employee who is compelled, by reason of dangerous, notably unhealthful, or excessively adverse living conditions at his post of assignment in a foreign area or for the convenience of the Government, to meet the additional expense of maintaining, elsewhere than at such post, his wife or his dependents, or both;

(4) An education allowance or payment of travel costs to assist an employee with the extraordinary and necessary expenses, not otherwise compensated for, incurred by reason of his service in any foreign area or foreign areas in providing adequate education for his dependents, as follows:

(A) An allowance not to exceed the cost of obtaining such elementary and secondary educational services as are ordinarily provided without charge by the public schools in the United States, plus, in those cases where adequate schools are not available at the employee's post, board and room, and periodic transportation between such post and the nearest locality, where adequate schools are available, without regard to the limitations of section 3648 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (31 U.S.C. 529); but the amount of the allowance granted shall be determined on the basis of the educational facility used;

(B) The travel expenses of dependents of an employee to and from a school in the United States to obtain an American secondary or undergraduate college education, not to exceed one trip each way for each dependent for the purpose of obtaining each type of education; but no allowance payments under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph (4) shall be made for any dependent during the twelve months following his arrival in the United States for secondary education pursuant to authority contained in this subparagraph (B). Notwithstanding section 111(6) of this Act, travel expenses, for the purpose of obtaining undergraduate college education, may be authorized under this subparagraph (B), under such regulations as the President may prescribe, for dependents of employees who are citizens of the United States stationed in the Canal Zone.

PART D—POST DIFFERENTIAL

Sec. 231. A post differential may be granted on the basis of conditions of environment which differ substantially from conditions of environment in the continental United States and warrant additional compensation as a recruitment and retention incentive. Such differential also may be granted to any employee who is officially stationed in the United States and who is on extended detail in a foreign area. Additional compensation paid as a post differential shall not in any instance exceed 25 per centum of the rate of basic compensation.

TITLE III—MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES

PART A—STORAGE

60 Stat. 1026. Sec. 301. (a) Paragraphs (4) and (5) of section 911 of the Foreign Service Act of 1946 (22 U.S.C. 1136 (4) and (5)) are amended to read as follows:

“(4) the cost of packing and unpacking, transporting to and from a place of storage, and storing the furniture and household and personal effects of an officer or employee of the Service, when he is absent from his post of assignment under orders, or when he is assigned to a post to which he cannot take or at which he is unable to use such furniture and household and personal effects, or when it is in the public interest or more economical to authorize storage; but in no instance shall the weight or volume of the effects stored together with the weight or volume of the effects transported exceed the maximum limitations fixed by regulations, when not otherwise fixed by law;

“(5) the cost of packing and unpacking, transporting to and from a place of storage, and storing the furniture and household and personal effects of an officer or employee of the Service in connection with assignment or transfer to a new post, from the date of his departure from his last post or from the date of his departure from his place of residence in the case of a new officer or employee and for not to exceed three months after arrival at the new post, or until the establishment of residence quarters, whichever shall be shorter; and, in connection with separation of an officer or employee of the Service, the cost of packing and unpacking, transporting to and from a place of storage, and storing for a period not to exceed three months, his furniture and household and personal effects; but in no instance shall the weight or volume of the effects stored together with the weight or volume of the effects transported exceed the maximum limitations fixed by regulations, when not otherwise fixed by law.”

(b) Paragraphs (1) (D) and (E) of section 4 of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (63 Stat. 209, 72 Stat. 337; 50 U.S.C. 403e(a) (1) (D) and (E)) are amended to read as follows:

“(D) pay the cost of packing and unpacking, transporting to and from a place of storage, and storing the furniture and household and personal effects of an officer or employee of the Agency, when he is absent from his post of assignment under orders, or when he is assigned to a post to which he cannot take or at which he is unable to use such furniture and household and personal effects, or when it is in the public interest or more economical to authorize storage; but in no instance shall the weight or volume of the effects stored together with the weight or volume of the effects transported exceed the maximum limitations fixed by regulations, when not otherwise fixed by law;

“(E) pay the cost of packing and unpacking, transporting to and from a place of storage, and storing the furniture and household and personal effects of an officer or employee of the Agency in connection with assignment or transfer to a new post, from the date of his departure from his last post or from the date of his departure from his place of residence in the case of a new officer or employee and for not to exceed three months after arrival at the new post, or until the establishment of residence quarters, whichever shall be shorter; and in connection with separation of an officer or employee of the Agency, the cost of packing and unpacking, transporting to and from a place of storage, and storing for a period not to exceed three months, his furniture and household and personal effects; but in no instance shall the weight or volume of the effects stored together with the weight or volume of the effects transported exceed the maximum limitations fixed by regulations, when not otherwise fixed by law.”

(c) The first section of the Administrative Expenses Act of 1946 (60 Stat. 806), as amended (5 U.S.C. 73b-1), is amended—

(1) by striking out “(not to exceed seven thousand pounds if uncrated or eight thousand seven hundred and fifty pounds if crated or the equivalent thereof when transportation charges are based on cubic measurement)” in subsection (a) of such section and inserting in lieu thereof “(not to exceed seven thousand pounds net weight)”; and

(2) by adding at the end of such section the following new subsection:

“(e) Whenever any civilian officer or employee (including any new appointee in accordance with section 7 of this Act) is assigned to a permanent duty station outside the continental United States to which he cannot take or at which he is unable to use his household goods and personal effects or whenever the head of the department concerned authorizes storage of any such property in the public interest or for reasons of economy, storage expenses (including related transportation and other expenses) may be allowed such officer or employee in accordance with regulations prescribed by the President; but in no instance shall the weight of the property stored under this subsection, together with the weight of property transported under subsection (a), exceed the maximum weight limitation provided by subsection (a).”

5 USC 73b-3.

(d) The term “furniture and household and personal effects”, as used in the amendments made by this part to the Foreign Service Act of 1946, as amended, and the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949, as amended, and the term “household goods and personal effects”, as used in the amendments made by this part to the Administrative Expenses Act of 1946, as amended, mean such personal property of an employee and the dependents of such employee as the Secretary of State and the Director of Central Intelligence, as the case may be, with respect to the term “furniture and household and personal effects”, and the President, with respect to the term “household goods and personal effects”, shall by regulation authorize to be transported or stored under the amendments made by this part to such Acts (including, in emergencies, motor vehicles authorized to be shipped at Government expense). Such motor vehicle shall be excluded from the weight and volume limitations prescribed by the laws set forth in this part.

60 Stat. 999.
22 USC 801
note.
63 Stat. 208.
50 USC 403a
note.

PART B—OFFICIAL RESIDENCE EXPENSES

5 USC 73b-1 note.
74 STAT. 796.
74 STAT. 797.
SEC. 311. (a) The Administrative Expenses Act of 1946 (60 Stat. 806), as amended, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"SEC. 22. Under such regulations as the President may prescribe, funds available to the departments for administrative expenses may be allotted to posts in foreign countries for the purpose of defraying the unusual expenses incident to the operation and maintenance of official residences suitable for the chief representatives of the United States at such posts and such other senior officials of this Government in foreign countries as the President may designate."

63 Stat. 736.
(b) Section 8 of the United Nations Participation Act of 1945, as amended (22 U.S.C. 287e), is amended by striking out "and the allotment of funds, similar to the allotment authorized by section 902 of the Foreign Service Act of 1946, for unusual expenses incident to the operation and maintenance of such living quarters, to be accounted for in accordance with section 903 of said Act;" and inserting in lieu thereof "and unusual expenses similar to those authorized by section 22 of the Administrative Expenses Act of 1946, as amended by section 311 of the Overseas Differentials and Allowances Act, incident to the operation and maintenance of such living quarters;"

PART C—TRANSPORTATION OF MOTOR VEHICLES

SEC. 321. The first section of the Administrative Expenses Act of 1946 (60 Stat. 806), as amended (5 U.S.C. 73b-1), is amended by adding thereto, immediately following the new subsection (e) added to such first section by section 301(c) of this Act, the following new subsection:

5 USC 73b-3.
"(f) Under such regulations as the President may prescribe, the privately owned motor vehicle of any employee (including any new appointee, in accordance with section 7 of this Act) assigned to a post of duty outside the continental United States on other than temporary duty orders may be transported to, from, and between the continental United States and such post of duty, or between posts of duty outside the continental United States, whenever it is determined by the head of the department concerned to be in the interest of the Government for such employee to have the use of a motor vehicle at his post of duty. Not more than one motor vehicle of any employee may be transported under authority of this subsection during any four-year period, except that, as a replacement for such motor vehicle, one additional motor vehicle of any employee may be so transported during such period upon approval, in advance, by the head of the department concerned and upon a determination, in advance, by such department head that such replacement is necessary for reasons beyond the control of the employee and is in the interest of the Government. After the expiration of a period of four years following the date of transportation under authority of this subsection of a privately owned motor vehicle of any employee who has remained in continuous service outside the continental United States during such period, the transportation of a replacement for such motor vehicle for such employee may be authorized, in accordance with this subsection, by the head of the department concerned. The head of each department may, in accordance with this subsection, authorize the transportation of privately owned motor vehicles of employees of such department, assigned to duty outside the continental United States, by commercial means if available at reasonable rates and under reasonable conditions or by Government means on a space-available basis. This subsection shall not apply to the Foreign Service of the United States under the

Department of State and to the Central Intelligence Agency but shall not affect the authority contained in section 913 of the Foreign Service Act of 1946 (60 Stat. 1027; 22 U.S.C. 1138) or paragraph (4) of section 4 of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (63 Stat. 210, 72 Stat. 337; 50 U.S.C. 403e(a)(4)).”

74 STAT. 797.

Sec. 322. Section 913 of the Foreign Service Act of 1946 (60 Stat. 1027; 22 U.S.C. 1138) is amended to read as follows:

74 STAT. 798.

“TRANSPORTATION OF MOTOR VEHICLES

“Sec. 913. The Secretary may, notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, transport for or on behalf of an officer or employee of the Service, a privately owned motor vehicle in any case in which he shall determine that water, rail, or air transportation of the motor vehicle is necessary or expedient for all or any part of the distance between points of origin and destination. Not more than one motor vehicle of any such officer or employee may be transported under authority of this section during any four-year period, except that, as a replacement for such motor vehicle, one additional motor vehicle of any such officer or employee may be so transported during such period upon approval, in advance, by the Secretary and upon a determination, in advance, by the Secretary that such replacement is necessary for reasons beyond the control of the officer or employee and is in the interest of the Government. After the expiration of a period of four years following the date of transportation under authority of this section of a privately owned motor vehicle of any officer or employee who has remained in continuous service outside the continental United States (excluding Alaska and Hawaii) during such period, the transportation of a replacement for such motor vehicle for such officer or employee may be authorized by the Secretary in accordance with this section.”

Sec. 323. (a) That part of section 4(a) of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949, as amended (63 Stat. 209, 73 Stat. 337; 50 U.S.C. 403e), which precedes paragraph (1) thereof, is amended—

(1) by striking out “(a)”; and

(2) by striking out “permanent-duty stations outside the continental United States, its territories, and possessions,” and inserting in lieu thereof “duty stations outside the several States of the United States of America, excluding Alaska and Hawaii, but including the District of Columbia.”

(b) Paragraph (4) of section 4 of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949, as amended (63 Stat. 210, 73 Stat. 337; 50 U.S.C. 403e(a)(4)), is amended to read as follows:

“(4) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, transport for or on behalf of an officer or employee of the Agency, a privately owned motor vehicle in any case in which it shall be determined that water, rail, or air transportation of the motor vehicle is necessary or expedient for all or any part of the distance between points of origin and destination, and pay the costs of such transportation. Not more than one motor vehicle of any officer or employee of the Agency may be transported under authority of this paragraph during any four-year period, except that, as a replacement for such motor vehicle, one additional motor vehicle of any such officer or employee may be so transported during such period upon approval, in advance, by the Director and upon a determination, in advance, by the Director that such replacement is necessary for reasons beyond the control of the officer or employee and is in the interest of the Government. After the expiration of a period of four years following

the date of transportation under authority of this paragraph of a privately owned motor vehicle of any officer or employee who has remained in continuous service outside the several States of the United States of America, excluding Alaska and Hawaii, but including the District of Columbia, during such period, the transportation of a replacement for such motor vehicle for such officer or employee may be authorized by the Director in accordance with this paragraph."

74 STAT. 798.
74 STAT. 799.

TITLE IV—AMENDMENTS TO ANNUAL AND SICK
LEAVE ACT OF 1951

SEC. 401. Subsections (d), (e), and (f) of section 203 of the Annual and Sick Leave Act of 1951, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2062 (d), (e), and (f)), are amended to read as follows:

65 Stat. 679.
Annual leave.
Maximum accumu-
lation.

"(d) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (c), a maximum accumulation not to exceed forty-five days at the beginning of the first complete biweekly pay period, or corresponding pay period in the case of an officer or employee who is not paid on the basis of biweekly pay periods, in any year is authorized for the following categories of employees of the Federal Government stationed outside the United States:

"(1) Persons directly recruited or transferred by the Federal Government (A) from the United States, or (B) from the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or the possessions of the United States for employment outside the area of recruitment or from which transferred.

"(2) Persons employed locally but (A) (i) who were originally recruited from the United States, or from the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or the possessions of the United States but outside the area of employment, (ii) who have been in substantially continuous employment by other Federal agencies, United States firms, interests or organizations, international organizations in which the United States Government participates, or foreign governments, and (iii) whose conditions of employment provide for their return transportation to the United States or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or the possessions of the United States, or (B) (i) who were at the time of employment temporarily absent, for the purpose of travel or formal study, from the United States, or from their respective places of residence in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or the possessions of the United States and (ii) who, during such temporary absence, have maintained residence in the United States or in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or the possessions of the United States but outside the area of employment.

"(3) Persons who are not normally residents of the area concerned and who are discharged from service in the Armed Forces of the United States to accept employment with an agency of the Federal Government.

"(e) The leave granted pursuant to this title shall be exclusive of the time actually and necessarily occupied in going to and from the post of duty and exclusive of such time as may be necessarily occupied in awaiting transportation, in the case of an officer or employee (1) who is within the purview of subsection (d) of this section, (2) whose post of duty is outside the United States, and (3) who returns on leave to the United States, or to his place of residence, which is outside the area of employment, in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or the possessions of the United States. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to more than one period of leave in a prescribed tour of duty at a post outside the United States.

“(f) Upon completion of twenty-four months of continuous service outside the United States, officers and employees may be granted, in accordance with regulations of the President, leave of absence at a rate not to exceed one week for each four months of such service without regard to any other leave provided by this title, for use in the United States, or, if their respective places of residence are outside the area of employment, in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or the possessions of the United States. Such leave so granted may be accumulated for future use without regard to the limitation in subsection (d) of this section but no such leave shall be made the basis for any terminal leave or for any lump-sum payment.”

74 STAT. 799.
74 STAT. 800.

SEC. 402. (a) Section 202(b)(2) of the Annual and Sick Leave Act of 1951, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2061(b)(2)), is amended to read as follows:

“(2) This title, except section 203(g), shall not apply to alien employees who occupy positions outside the United States.”

Exceptions.

(b) Section 203(g) of such Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2062(g)), is amended by striking out “the several States and the District of Columbia” and inserting in lieu thereof “the United States”.

(c) Section 202 of such Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2061), is amended by adding at the end of such section the following new subsection:

“(d) As used in this title, the term ‘United States’ means the several States of the United States of America and the District of Columbia.”

“United States”.

SEC. 403. The amendments made by this title to the Annual and Sick Leave Act of 1951, as amended, shall take effect on the first day of the first pay period following the date of enactment of this Act.

Effective date.

TITLE V—APPROPRIATION, REPEAL, AMENDATORY, AND MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

PART A—APPROPRIATION PROVISIONS

SEC. 501. (a) There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act and the amendments made by this Act.

(b) Appropriations or funds otherwise available, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1960, to any department, agency, establishment or corporation of the Government of the United States of America within the purview of this Act or of any amendment made by this Act are hereby made available for the purposes of this Act and of any such amendment in accordance with the authority contained in this Act or contained in any law amended by this Act and in accordance with such regulations as the President may prescribe.

PART B—REPEAL AND AMENDATORY PROVISIONS

SEC. 511. (a) The following provisions of law are hereby repealed:

(1) Sections 443, 902, 903, and 911(9) of the Foreign Service Act of 1946, as amended (60 Stat. 1006, 1025, and 1026; 69 Stat. 27; 22 U.S.C. 888, 1132, 1133, and 1136(9));

(2) Sections 2(b), 13, and 14 of the Act entitled “An Act to provide certain basic authority for the Department of State”, approved August 1, 1956 (70 Stat. 890, 892; Public Law 885, Eighty-fourth Congress; 5 U.S.C. 170g(b), 170r, and 170s); and

(3) Sections 1(d) and 4(b) of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949, as amended (63 Stat. 208 and 211; 50 U.S.C. 403a(d) and 403e(b)).

(b) Any provision of law which is not repealed by subsection (a) of this section but is inconsistent with any provision of this Act or of any amendment made by this Act shall be held and considered to be amended, modified, or superseded to the extent necessary to carry out the purposes of and conform to such provision of this Act or of such amendment.

74 STAT. 800.
74 STAT. 801.

(c) (1) Section 1(c) of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (63 Stat. 208; 50 U.S.C. 403a(c)) is amended by striking out "Government; and" and inserting in lieu thereof "Government."

(2) Paragraph (1)(A) of section 4 of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949, as amended (63 Stat. 209; 72 Stat. 337; 50 U.S.C. 403e(a)(1)(A)), is amended to read as follows:

"(1)(A) pay the travel expenses of officers and employees of the Agency, including expenses incurred while traveling pursuant to authorized home leave;"

(3) Paragraph (3)(A) of section 4 of such Act (63 Stat. 209 and 210; 72 Stat. 337; 50 U.S.C. 403e(a)(3)(A)) is amended to read as follows:

"(3)(A) Order to any of the several States of the United States of America (including the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and any territory or possession of the United States) on leave of absence each officer or employee of the Agency who was a resident of the United States (as described above) at time of employment, upon completion of two years' continuous service abroad, or as soon as possible thereafter."

(4) Paragraph (3)(B) of section 4 of such Act (63 Stat. 210; 72 Stat. 337; 50 U.S.C. 403e(a)(3)(B)) is amended to read as follows:

"(B) While in the United States (as described in paragraph (3)(A) of this section) on leave, the service of any officer or employee shall be available for work or duties in the Agency or elsewhere as the Director may prescribe; and the time of such work or duty shall not be counted as leave."

(5) Paragraph (3)(C) of section 4 of such Act (63 Stat. 210; 72 Stat. 337; 50 U.S.C. 403e(a)(3)(C)) is amended to read as follows:

"(C) Where an officer or employee on leave returns to the United States (as described in paragraph (3)(A) of this section), leave of absence granted shall be exclusive of the time actually and necessarily occupied in going to and from the United States (as so described) and such time as may be necessarily occupied in awaiting transportation."

(6) The Act entitled "An Act to provide living quarters, including heat, fuel, and light, for civilian officers and employees of the Government stationed in foreign countries", approved June 26, 1930 (46 Stat. 818; Public Law 445, Seventy-first Congress; 5 U.S.C. 118a), is amended—

(A) by striking out "and, where such quarters are not available, may be granted an allowance for living quarters, including heat, fuel, and light, notwithstanding the provisions of section 1765 of the Revised Statutes (U.S.C., title 5, sec. 70)"; and

(B) by striking out that part of the first proviso of such Act of June 26, 1930, which reads "or allowances in lieu thereof".

(7) Section 901 of the Foreign Service Act of 1946, as amended (22 Stat. 1025; U.S.C. 1131), is amended to read as follows:

"REPRESENTATION ALLOWANCES

"SEC. 901. In accordance with such regulations as the President may prescribe and notwithstanding the provisions of section 1765 of the Revised Statutes (5 U.S.C. 70), the Secretary is authorized to

grant to any officer or employee of the Service who is a citizen of the United States allowances in order to provide for the proper representation of the United States by officers or employees of the Service."

74 STAT. 801.
74 STAT. 802.

PART C—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

SEC. 521. Whenever reference is made in any other law or in any regulation to any provision of law which is repealed, modified, amended, or superseded by reason of section 511 of this Act, such reference, unless inconsistent with this Act, shall be held and considered to refer to this Act or the appropriate provision of, or amendment made by, this Act.

SEC. 522. Notwithstanding any provision of this Act and until such time as regulations are issued under this Act, employees shall continue to be paid allowances and differentials in accordance with rules and regulations issued pursuant to the laws in effect immediately prior to the enactment of this Act and such rules and regulations may be amended or revoked in accordance with the provisions of such laws.

26 USC 912.

SEC. 523. (a) Section 912 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to exemption for certain allowances) is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 912. EXEMPTIONS FOR CERTAIN ALLOWANCES.

"The following items shall not be included in gross income, and shall be exempt from taxation under this subtitle:

"(1) FOREIGN AREAS ALLOWANCES.—In the case of civilian officers and employees of the Government of the United States, amounts received as allowances or otherwise (but not amounts received as post differentials) under—

"(A) title IX of the Foreign Service Act of 1946, as amended (22 U.S.C., sec. 1131 and following),

"(B) section 4 of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949, as amended (50 U.S.C., sec. 403e),

"(C) title II of the Overseas Differentials and Allowances Act, or

"(D) subsection (e) or (f) of the first section of the Administrative Expenses Act of 1946, as amended, or section 22 of such Act.

"(2) COST-OF-LIVING ALLOWANCES.—In the case of civilian officers or employees of the Government of the United States stationed outside the continental United States (other than Alaska), amounts (other than amounts received under title II of the Overseas Differentials and Allowances Act) received as cost-of-living allowances in accordance with regulations approved by the President."

(b) Paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 912 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended by subsection (a) of this section, shall apply only with respect to amounts received on or after the date of the enactment of this Act in taxable years ending on or after such date.

Applicability.

Approved September 6, 1960.

TAB
43

Executive Order 10899
AUTHORIZATION FOR THE COMMUNICATION OF RESTRICTED DATA BY THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

By virtue of the authority vested in me by the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (hereinafter referred to as the Act; 42 U.S.C. 2011 *et seq.*), and as President of the United States, it is ordered as follows:

The Central Intelligence Agency is hereby authorized to communicate for intelligence purposes, in accordance with the terms and conditions of any agreement for cooperation arranged pursuant to subsections 144a, b, or c of the Act (42 U.S.C. 2162 (a), (b), or (c)), such Restricted Data and data removed from the Restricted Data category under subsection 142d of the Act (42 U.S.C. 2162 (d)) as is determined

- (i) by the President, pursuant to the provisions of the Act, or
- (ii) by the Atomic Energy Commission and the Department of Defense, jointly pursuant to the provisions of Executive Order No. 10841,

to be transmissible under the agreement for cooperation involved. Such communications shall be effected through mechanisms established by the Central Intelligence Agency in accordance with the terms and conditions of the agreement for cooperation involved: *Provided*, that no such communication shall be made by the Central Intelligence Agency until the proposed communication has been authorized either in accordance with procedures adopted by the Atomic Energy Commission and the Department of Defense and applicable to conduct of programs for cooperation by those agencies, or in accordance with procedures approved by the Atomic Energy Commission and the Department of Defense and applicable to conduct of programs for cooperation by the Central Intelligence Agency.

DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER

THE WHITE HOUSE,

December 9, 1959.

[P.R. Doc. 60-11640; Filed, Dec. 15, 1959; 10:20 a.m.]

12 December 1961

The Honorable Joseph Campbell
Comptroller General of the
United States
Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Mr. Campbell:

There are a number of statutory provisions in which the Director of Central Intelligence is authorized to take certain actions. Some of these involve the expenditure of funds while others do not. Examples of the former are found in sections 3, 4, 5, and 8 of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949, as amended.

The office of the Director of Central Intelligence was established by the National Security Act of 1947, which at the time of the original enactment made no provision for a Deputy Director. Consequently, it has been the practice in those cases where statutes granted authorization to the Director for him personally to take the actions specified.

The National Security Act of 1947 was amended by the act of April 4, 1953 (67 Stat. 20) to provide for the establishment of the office of a Deputy Director of Central Intelligence, who, like the Director, is appointed by the President by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. In explaining the need for this amendment, it was pointed out that among other considerations there was at that time no provision of law establishing a Deputy Director to perform such functions as the Director might assign to him (House Committee on Armed Services, Full Committee Hearings on S.1110, March 24, 1953).

It is my belief that with the growing complexity of the activities of this Agency it would be in the interest of efficiency and the orderly administration of the functions vested by law in

the head of the Agency to have, except where the law specifically precludes delegations, certain authorities exercised by the Deputy Director. I believe this would be in accord with your principles concerning the expenditure of Government funds. If, therefore, you see no objection, I intend to prescribe certain areas in which the Deputy Director of Central Intelligence will take final action in connection with the expenditure of funds under the above acts, including certification of expenditures provided for in section 8 of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949, as amended.

Sincerely,

/s/

John A. McCone
Director

COMPTROLLER GENERAL OF THE UNITED STATES
Washington 25

B-147798

2 January 1962

Honorable John A. McCone
Director, Central Intelligence Agency

Dear Mr. McCone:

We refer to your letter of December 12, 1961, regarding the propriety of your delegating to your Deputy Director the exercise of certain functions involving the expenditure of funds which by law are vested in the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency.

As you say, the National Security Act of 1947, 61 Stat. 495, 497, which established the office of the Director of the Central Intelligence, did not provide for a Deputy Director. Subsequently, the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949, 63 Stat. 208, was enacted for the purpose of granting the Central Intelligence Agency necessary authority for its proper and efficient administration. That act contains several provisions involving the expenditure of funds. It vests action thereon in the Director. Section 3(b) of that act defines the term "Agency head" as including "Deputy Director." It is significant too that section 6(a) of the Executive Pay Act of 1949, 63 Stat. 880, 881, likewise refers to the Deputy Director of Central Intelligence and sets his basic compensation. On April 4, 1953, the National Security Act of 1947 was amended (Public Law 15, 67 Stat. 19) to provide for the statutory office of a Deputy Director of Central Intelligence who, like the Director, is appointed by the President by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

You point out that "it has been the practice in those cases where statutes granted authorization to the Director for him personally to take the actions specified." You believe that, with the growing complexity of the activities of your Agency, it would be in the interest of efficient and orderly administration of the functions vested by law in the head of the Agency to have, except when the law specifically precludes delegation, certain authorities exercised by the Deputy Director. Therefore, if we do not object you intend to prescribe certain areas in which the Deputy Director of Central Intelligence will take final action in connection with the expenditure of funds under the National Security and Central Intelligence Agency acts, including the certification of expenditures provided in section 8 of the 1949 act, as amended.

B-147798

Section 102 of the National Security Act of 1947 as amended April 4, 1953, provides, in part, as follows:

"(a) There is hereby established under the National Security Council a Central Intelligence Agency with a Director of Central Intelligence who shall be the head thereof, and with a Deputy Director of Central Intelligence who shall act for, and exercise the powers of, the Director during his absence or disability. The Director and the Deputy Director shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate * * *.

"(b) (1) If a commissioned officer of the armed services is appointed as Director, or Deputy Director, then --

* * * * *

"(B) he shall not possess or exercise any supervision, control, powers, or functions (other than such as he possesses, or is authorized or directed to exercise, as Director, or Deputy Director) with respect to the armed services or any component thereof, * * *."

Section 8(b) of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949, provides:

"(b) The sums made available to the Agency may be expended without regard to the provisions of law and regulations relating to the expenditure of Government funds; and for objects of a confidential, extraordinary, or emergency nature, such expenditures to be accounted for solely on the certificate of the Director and every such certificate shall be deemed a sufficient voucher for the amount therein certified."

Our Office has held that notwithstanding the absence of specific statutory authority for an Assistant Secretary of a department to act in lieu of the head of the department in matters of discretion vested by law in such head, the title and nature of the position of such Assistant Secretary is such as to authorize him to assist and to act in lieu of the head in matters requiring his attention or discretion when authorized by him to so do. 20 Comp. Gen. 27, id. 797; 29 id. 151.

B-147798

Section 102(a), above, does not set forth the duties of the Deputy Director of Central Intelligence or provide specifically that he shall perform such duties as the Director may prescribe. He is, however, authorized to "act for, and exercise the powers of, the Director during his absence or disability." We do not construe such authorization as limiting the otherwise proper exercise by the Deputy Director of duties vested in the Director. The authorization to act as Director would seem more properly to be construed as limiting his right to function as "Acting Director." Cf. 5 U.S.C. 4. We have no reason to doubt that the Congress, in providing for a Deputy Director in the 1953 amendment, was well aware of the general rule in our decisions above referred to, and had the Congress intended to restrict the assignment of duties by the Director to his Deputy Director it would have so stated. Moreover, in House of Representatives Report No. 219, on S. 1110, enacted as Public Law 15, above, we find the statement that "There is no existing provision of law establishing a Deputy Director with statutory authority to act for the Director or to perform such functions as the Director may assign to him." The same statement was made in the debate on the bill in the House of Representatives, Congressional Record, April 1, 1953, page 2742. Our view is that it is inherent in the statutory position of the Deputy Director that the holder will assist the Director in the performance of his duties, including these vested by law in the Director.

It is our opinion, therefore, that there is no legal objection to your providing the areas in which the Deputy Director of Central Intelligence will take final action regarding the expenditure of funds under the National Security and Central Intelligence Agency acts, including the certification of expenditures provided for in section 8 of the Central Intelligence Act of 1949, as amended.

Sincerely yours,

JOSEPH CAMPBELL

Comptroller General
of the United States