SUPPLEMENT 6

TO

JOINT EVALUATION OF SOVIET MISSILE THREAT IN CUBA

PREPARED BY

Guided Missile and Astronautics Intelligence Committee

Joint Atomic Energy Intelligence Committee

National Photographic Interpretation Center

0200 HOURS

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This supplement updates and amplifies previous reports. Emphasis is placed on the READINESS status, construction pace and any significant changes at the offensive missile sites in Cuba. This report is based primarily on preliminary analysis of the low-altitude photography, portions of which arrived during the preparation of this report (see Figure 1).

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SUMMARY

- 1. The photography of four MRBM sites shows continued rapid construction activity at each site. This activity apparently continues to be directed toward achieving a full operational capability as soon as possible. Camouflage and canvas covering of critical equipment is also continuing. As yet there is no evidence indicating any intention to move or dismantle these sites.
- 2. There is one change in the estimated dates of operational capability. San Cristobal MRBM Site 2 is estimated to achieve a full operational capability on 26 October instead of 25 October, probably as a result of the heavy rain that has recently hit this site (see Figure 2).
- 3. No additional missiles, missile transporters, or erectors have been identified (see Table 1).
- 4. No new missile sites have been identified, although continued analysis of previous photography has revealed some road improvement activity in the Remedios area which is considered indicative of plans for the second IRBM site estimated for this area.
- 5. The three Soviet ships suspected of being possible ballistic missile carriers continue their eastward course towards the USSR.

DISCUSSION

OFFENSIVE MISSILE READINESS (Figure 2)

General

- 1. The available evidence clearly indicates that the field-type MRBM sites are for the SS-4 (SANDAL)1020 nautical mile ballistic missile system. All of the essential elements of this system have been identified: canvascovered missile transporters, launch stands, erectors, oxidizer and fuel trucks, cabling, theodolite stations, power generators, and communications equipment.
- 2. The evidence also clearly indicates that the Guanajay and Remedios sites are for a different missile system than that employed at the field-type MRBM sites. The pad design, size, and separation are compatible with what are believed to be IRBM installations in the USSR.

MRBM (1020-nm) Sites

San Cristobal Area

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- 3. Site 1 (22-40-05N 83-17-50W)
 Last coverage: Low-level Mission
 - a. Readiness Status

This site has a full operational capability at this time.

b. Supporting Evidence

Photography confirms that all four launch stands and erectors are placed at the prepared launch positions and cabling has been laid from the launch stands to camouflaged control centers in the woods. Four probable

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theodolite stations have also been identified in the launch areas. Of the eight previously identified missile transporters, only four (without nosecones) are now visible. The four missing missile transporters are probably in the ready tents. All of the propellant trailers are present.

c. Significant Trends Since Last Report

Four missiles in open storage have not been checked out or mated with their nosecones. The status of the four which have probably been moved into the missile ready tents cannot be determined; however, cabling can be seen running from the missile-ready tent into the woods where power generators are probably located. This strongly suggests that the missile is either being checked out or is being held in readiness.

4. <u>Site 2</u> (22-41-00N 83-15-00W)

Last coverage: Low-level

a. Readiness Status

This site which was previously estimated to have a full operational capability on 25 October will not achieve this capability until 26 October. Heavy rains (mud and standing water can be observed) probably has delayed construction.

b. Supporting Evidence

All four launch positions have been prepared and erectors and launch stands are emplaced at two of them. These two launch positions were under construction

No erectors or launch stands are visible at the other two launch positions which were completed

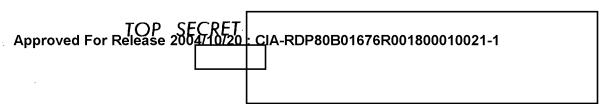
No cabling or theodolite stations can be observed at the launch positions. A total of three missile-ready tents have now been erected.

c. Significant Trends Since Last Report

Preparation of all launch pads has been completed. Three missileready tents are now visible and only three of the five missile transporters

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can be observed. Cabling from two missile-ready tents into the woods, probably to generators, is an indication that two missiles are being checked out.

5. <u>Site 3</u> (22-42-40N 83-08-25W)

Last coverage: Low-level 25X1

a. Readiness Status

This site is considered to have a full operational capability.

b. Supporting Evidence

All four erectors and launch stands appear to be in place at the prepared launch positions. Cabling has been laid and four probable theodolite stations have been identified about 60 to 70 feet from the pads. Only four missile-ready tents have been erected. Construction activity is still continuing in the probable regimental support area adjacent to the launch site. Only four of the eight permanent barracks-type buildings have been completed. Personnel are still quartered in tents.

c. Significant Trends Since Last Report

No propellant trailers have arrived at this site, and only one possible missile transporter has been observed. Although this site has a full operational capability, missiles and propellants would have to be brought in from another location.

6.	Site 4 (22-46-55	N 82-58-50W)	
	Last coverage:		

a. Readiness Status

This site will probably achieve full operational capability on 28 October.

b. Supporting Evidence

There has been no new photographic evidence However, available evidence and comparison with other sites in this area tend

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c. Significant Trends Since Last Report

Low-level photography was not available at the time this 25X1 report was prepared.

Sagua La Grande Area

7. Site 1 (22-43-44N 80-01-40W)

Last coverage: Low-level

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a. Readiness Status

This site is considered to have a full operational capability.

b. Supporting Evidence

Only one launch position was covered by this mission, but it appeare i to be complete with erector, launch stand and installed cabling. Fiftee oxidizer and eight fuel trailers are in the propellant storage area

c. Significant Trends Since Last Report

Construction activity is continuing.

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8. Site 2 (22-39-10N 79-51-55W)

Last coverage: Low-level

a. Readiness Status

This site is considered to have a full operational capability.

b. Supporting Evidence

Four canvas-covered erectors and launch stands are in place on prepared launch positions, with cabling in place. There are now three missile transporters and six missile-ready tents in the site area. Additional camouflage measures are being taken at one position to cover the entirelaunch area. A full complement of eight fuel and sixteen oxidizer trailers are present.

c. Significant Trends Since Last Report

It appears that increased activity and site preparation is taking place.

IRBM (2200 nm) Sites

Guanajay Area

9. Site 1 (22-57-00N 82-39-25W)

Last coverage: Low-level

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a. Readiness Status

It is estimated that this IRBM site will have an emergency operational capability on 15 November and full operational capability by 1 December providing construction activity continues.

b. Supporting Evidence

The four concrete pads and control building are in a late stage of construction.

c. Significant Trends Since Last Report

Preliminary analysis of new photography indicates that further construction progress has been made at the site, although no personnel could be observed in the area at the time of photography.

10. <u>Site 2</u> (22-57-25N 82-36-<u>55W)</u>

Last coverage: Low-level

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a. Readiness Status

It is estimated that this IRBM site will have an emergency operational capability by 1 December and full operational capability by 15 December providing construction activity continues as previously observed.

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b. Supporting Evidence

There is construction activity at the launch control building at the west pair of pads and at all four pad areas.

c. Significant Trends Since Last Report

Preparation of this launch site continues.

Remedios Area

11.	Site 1	(22-25-00)	79-35-00W)		
	Last c	overage: [

a. Readiness Status

This site should have an emergency operational capbility by 1 December and full operational capability by 15 December.

b. Supporting Evidence

No new photography of this site is available.

c. Significant Trends Since Last Report

Additional analysis of low-level photography shows that an improved road with wide radius turns has been observed approximately 3 1/2 miles southeast of this site. The road terminates at the edge of a wooded area which may possibly be the planned location for a second site in the Remedios area. The large amount of prefabricated concrete forms and other construction material in open storage areas would be adequate to support an additional site.

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		:
	Nuclear Warheads for Offensive Missiles	
	No change	
	Support and Supply	25X ⁻
	14. The three Soviet ships suspected of being possible ballistic missile carriers, reported yesterday to have altered their course, continue their eastward course toward the USSR.	- ;
	Coastal Defense Missiles	
	No change	
	Air Defense Missiles	
£	15. During the past 24-hour period there has been no change in the status of the 24 operational SAM sites.	25X
•		:

25X1	TOP SECRET Approved For Release 2004/10/20 : CIA-RDP80B01676R001800010021-1					
•		25X1				
25X1	17. The low-level photographic coverage of the Bahia Hondo SAM site indicates that three permanent barracks-type buildings have been constructed and have apparently taken the place of the personnel tents observed previously. If all three buildings are EM barracks, the personnel strength at the SAM sites in Cuba would appear to be consistent with that of a SAM site in the Soviet Union (estimated 35 officers and 112 EM). Preliminary analysis of the Cuban SAM sites appears to indicate that the standard SA-2 associated support equipment is being deployed at the sites and their support facilities.					
25X1	18. construction activity on the SAM sites as continuing.					

TABLE 1 $^{\prime\prime}$ SUMMARY OF MRBM AND IRBM THREAT IN CUBA

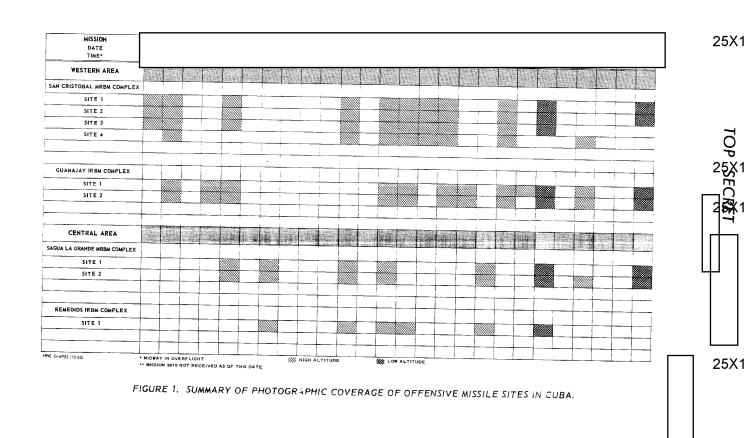
Status as of 0200 hours on 26 October 1962

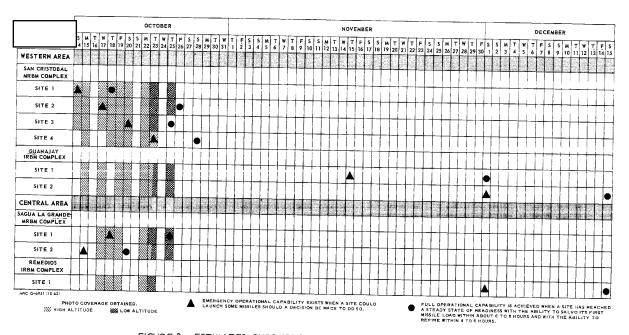
	Sites		Launchers		Missiles		Facilities For	
Locations	Total Identified	Probably Planned	Total Identified	Probably Deployed*	Total Identified	Prob Basic Load**	Nuclear Warheads	
		MRB	M - Range 1	020-nm (no:	n-rotating e	arth)		
San Cristoba (2 regts)	al 4	4	15	16	23	32	2 prob facilities under construction	
Sagua La Grande (1 regt)	2	2	8	8	10	16	l prob facility under construction	
MRBM TOT.	AL 6	6	23	24	33	48		
		IRB	M - Range 2	200-nm (noi	n-rotating ea	arth)	Γ	
Guanajay (1 regt)	2	2	8 under constructio	8 n	0	16	l prob facility under construction	

TABLE 1 (Continued)

_	Sites		Launchers		Missiles		E :1::: E
Locations	Total	Probably	Total	Probably	Total	Prob Basic	Facilities For
	Identified	Planned	Identified	Deployed*	Identified	Load**	Nuclear Warheads
Remedios (1 regt)	1	2	4 under constructio	8 on	0	16	l prob facility under construction
IRBM TOTA	L 3	4	12 under construction	16 .	0	32	
GRAND TOT	AL 9	10	35	40	33	80	

This reflects an estimate of 8 operational launchers authorized per regiment. This reflects an estimate of 16 operational missiles per regiment.





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FIGURE 2. ESTIMATED CHRONOLOGY OF OFFENSIVE MISSILE READINESS IN CUBA

