

## DISSEMINATION CONTROL ABBREVIATIONS

NOFORN-

Not Releasable to Foreign Nationals

NOCONTRACT-

Not Releasable to Contractors or

Contractor/Consultants

PROPIN-

Caution-Proprietary Information Involved

USIBONLY-

**USIB** Departments Only

ORCON-

Dissemination and Extraction of Information

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Top Secret RUFF	25X <sup>-</sup>
UPDATE FOR NDS DOCUMENTATION June 1980	
QUERYING NPIC DATA SYSTEM (NDS) FILES VIA THE COINS NETWORK	
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REVISED PAGES	
Destroy old pages. Insert new pages.	

Top Secret

#### 1. THE QUERY LANGUAGE PROCESSOR (QLP)

At present only a limited version of QLP is available for COINS II. In this section you will find instructions for constructing and formatting a QLP query.

#### QUERY STATEMENTS

The following syntax skeleton summarizes the three QLP statements that comprise a query.

INVOKE subschema-name of PRODSCHEMA (newline)

 $\underline{\text{CALL}}$  procedure-name 'argument 1', 'argument 2',...', argument N' (newline)

EXIT (newline)

where: subschema-name will indicate the file to be queried

(newline) represents the carriage return or newline key on your terminal

procedure-name will indicate the predefined library query you want to use

 $\operatorname{argument}(s)$  will be the actual data base values for which you are querying the file

#### The INVOKE Statement

Each query is initiated by an INVOKE statement. The INVOKE statement establishes communication with the NDS data base system and states which file (subschema) of the NDS data base is to be queried. The subschema-name parameter of this statement should be selected based upon the file you wish to query. (See the following table.)

Subschema Name	File to be queried
COINSIDF	IDF
COINSEPF	EPF
COINSODF	ODF
COINSMPF	MPF

For example, if you want to query the Installations Data File (IDF), the first statement of your query would be:

INVOKE COINSIDF OF PRODSCHEMA (newline)

#### The CALL Statement

The CALL statement consists of a procedure-name followed by the appropriate number of arguments for the procedure-name you are using. A procedure-name is a combination of two acronyms. The first indicates the output you want as a result of your query and is called a report acronym. The second, indicates the type of data for which you are querying the file and is called a query acronym. Arguments consist of the actual data base values that must be matched in order to retrieve any output. Actually, procedure-names call predefined queries from the query library. (See sections 2, 3, and 4 for a discussion of the predefined queries available for the IDF, EPF, and ODF.)

For example, if you want to print output from a header record in the IDF for an installation with this BE number, 0123-45678, you would use the IHED1BE procedure-name. The report acronym, IHED, indicates that you want output from a header record, and the query acronym, IBE, indicates that the record is to be retrieved based on a single BE number. The IHED1BE procedure name requires one argument, namely, the value for the BE number to be match in the file. Arguments are always set off by single quotes. Thus the CALL statement for this query is:

CALL IHED1BE '0123-45678' (newline)

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#### The EXIT Statement

The EXIT statement terminates the query. Simply type the word EXIT and press the carriage return or the newline key on your terminal, e.g.:

EXIT (newline)

## Summary

Thus the QLP queries presently available for COINS consist of three query statements:

- $\star$  the INVOKE statement which indicates the file to be queried
- $\mbox{\ensuremath{\bigstar}}$  the CALL statement which indicates the data to be retrieved and the output format for the answer
- $\boldsymbol{\star}$  the EXIT statement which terminates the query

Here is an example of a query against the IDF:

INVOKE COINSIDF OF PRODSCHEMA (newline)
CALL IHED1BE '0123-45678' (newline)
EXIT (newline)

#### QUERY FORMAT

The format for a QLP query is very simple and must conform to the following rules.

- \* Each query must consist of an INVOKE statement, a CALL statement, and an EXIT statement in that order.
- \* Each statement must begin on a new line, therefore, you must terminate each statement by pressing the newline or carriage return key on your terminal.
- \* Each word in a statement must be separated by one or more spaces except when using multiple arguments; then separate each argument with a comma.

This exception does  $\underline{\text{not}}$  apply to the arguments for the CIRC query acronymn (see QUERY  $\overline{\text{CONDITIONS}}$ ) nor to the arguments used in MPF queries. (See Chapter VI.) Arguments used with the CIRC query acronymn and in MPF queries must be separated by one or more spaces.

- \* Arguments must be set off by <u>single</u> quotes. Each procedure-name has a required number of arguments and they must be entered in the CALL statement in a set order. (See Sections 2, 3, and 4 in this chapter.) As mentioned above, multiple arguments must be separated by commas and <u>not</u> spaces except when using the CIRC query acronymn and in MPF queries. In these two cases, separate multiple arguments with one or more spaces.
- \* Generally a statement will not require more than one line. But if you need or want to continue a statement on a new line, you can do so by keying in a semicolon. The semicolon can be placed anywhere within a line, even in the middle of a word, but you must press the carriage return or newline key immediately after entering the semicolon. When QLP encounters a semicolon, it appends the first character of the new line to the character preceding the semicolon on the previous line. Therefore if a semicolon is placed immediately after a completed argument the first character on the new line must be a comma for all queries except those using the CIRC query acronymn and MPF queries. In these two cases, use spaces instead of commas to separate multiple arguments. Note the following examples where (N/L) represents a new line and by represents a space.

Two Ways to Continue a Line With Commas as <u>Separators</u>

- 1. CALL procedure-name 'argument 1'; (N/L)
  ,'argument 2','argument 3' (N/L)
- 2. CALL procedure-name 'argument 1',; (N/L) 'argument 2', 'argument 3' (N/L)

Two Ways to Continue a Line With Spaces as Separators

- 1. CALL INHDCIRC 'argument 1'; (N/L) b'argument 2'b'argument 3' (N/L)
- 2. CALL INHDCIRC 'argument 1'b' (N/L) 'agrument 2'b'argument 3' (N/L)

	Query Acronym	Conditions in Query	Number and Order of Arguments
	WAC	Select targets with specified WAC	One argument: WAC from TGT-HDR
	CTWC	Select targets with specified WAC and specified IDHS code	Two arguments:     lst is WAC from TGT-HDR     2nd is IDHS from TGT-HDR
	NCWC	Select targets with specified WAC and with specified NPIC category code	Two arguments: 1st is WAC from TGT-HDR 2nd is NCAT from TGT-HDR
Тор	JDAT	Select targets and readouts which were input on a specified Julian date	One argument: Julian date; three digits, e.g., 050 is the 50th day of the current year, i.e., 19 Feb. 1980
Top Secret	CIRC	Select targets which fall with a circle with specified center point and radius	Three arguments: 1st is LAT from TGT-HDR 2nd is LONG from TGT-HDR 3rd is radius in nautical miles; three digits, lead- ing zeros, e.g., 025 expresses a radius of 25 nautical miles; NB: do not separate arguments with commas; use a space.

## QUERY PROCEDURES

The table on the following pages summarizes the library of available report and query combinations for the IDF. The entries inside the table represent the required procedurename and the order and meaning of the arguments for the CALL statement.

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#### TABLE OF PROCEDURE-NAMES AND ARGUMENTS FOR IDF QUERIES

						QUERY ACRONYM					
	1BE	5BE	1ØBE	COUN	CTCN	NCCN	WAC	NCWC	CTWC	JDAT	CIRC
IHED	IHED1BE 'BWAC'	IHED5BE lst 'BWAC' 2nd 'BWAC' 5th 'BWAC'	IHED1ØBE 1st 'BWAC' 2nd 'BWAC' 10th 'BWAC'	'COUN'	IHEDOTON 'COUN' 'IDHS'	IHEDNCCN 'NGAT' 'COUN'	IHEDWAC'	IHEDNOWC 'WAC' 'NCAT'	IHEDCTWC 'WAC' 'IDHS'	IHEDJDAT 'NNN' (Julian day)	NOT ALLOWED
R INHD	INHD1BE	INHD5BE lst 'BWAC' 2nd 'BWAC'  5th 'BWAG'	INHD1ØBE lst 'BWAC' 2nd 'BWAC'  løth 'BWAC'	INHDCOUN 'COUN'	INHDCTCN 'COUN' 'IDHS'	INHONCON 'NCAT' 'COUN'	INHDWAC 'WAC'	INHDNCWC 'WAC' 'NCAT'	INHDCTWC 'WAC' 'IDHS'	NOT ALLOWED	INHDCIRC 'LAT' 'LONG' 'NNN' (radius)
T IDES	IDES1BE 'BWAC'	IDES5BE 1st 'BWAC' 2nd 'BWAC'  5th 'BWAC'	IDES1ØBE 1st 'BWAC' 2nd 'BWAC'  1Øth 'BWAC'	IDESCOUN !COUN'	IDESCTCN 'COUN' 'IDHS'	IDESNCCN 'NCAT' 'COUN'	IDESWAC 'WAC'	IDESNCWC 'WAC' 'NCAT'	IDESCTWC 'WAC' 'IDHS'	IDESJDAT 'NNN' (Julian day)	NOT ALLOWED
R O N Y IOBJ M	IOBJ1BE 'BWAC'	IOBJ5BE lst 'BWAC' 2nd 'BWAC' 5th 'BWAC'	IOBJIØBE 1st 'BWAC' 2nd 'BWAC'	IOBJCOUN 'COUN'	IOBJCTCN 'COUN' 'IDHS'	IOBJNCCN 'NCAT' 'COUN'	IOBJWAC 'WAC'	IOBJNCWC 'WAC' 'NCAT'	IOBJCTWC 'WAC' 'IDHS'	NOT ALLOWED	NOT ALLOWED
ІРНО	IPHO1BE 'BWAC'	IPHO5BE 1st 'BWAC' 2nd 'BWAC' 5th 'BWAC'	IPHO1ØBE 1st 'BWAC' 2nd 'BWAC' 1Øth 'BWAC'	IPHOCOUN 'COUN	IPHOCTON 'COUN' 'IDHS'	IPHONCCN 'NCAT' 'COUN'	IPHOWAC 'WAC'	IPHONCWC 'WAC' 'NCAT'	IPHOCTWC 'WAC' 'IDHS'	IPHOJDAT 'NNN' (Julian day)	NOT ALLOWED

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## TABLE OF PROCEDURE-NAMES AND ARGUMENTS FOR IDF QUERIES (CONTINUED)

						QUERY ACRONYM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	1BE	5BE	1ØBE	COUN	CTCN	NCCN	WAC	NCWC	CTWC	JDAT	CIRC
ILOC	ILOCLBE 'BWAC'	ILOC5BE lst 'BWAC' 2nd 'BWAC' 5th 'BWAC'	ILOC1ØBE 1st 'BWAC' 2nd 'BWAC' 1Øth 'BWAC'	'COUN'	ILOCCTCN 'COUN' 'IDHS'	ILOCNCCN 'NCAT' 'COUN'	ILOCWAC'	ILOCNCWC 'WAC' 'NCAT'	ILOCCTWC 'WAC' 'IDHS'	NOT ALLOWED	NOT ALLOWED
R E ICOL P	ICOLIBE 'BWAC'	ICOL5BE 1st 'BWAC' 2nd 'BWAC' 5th 'BWAC'	ICOLIØBE 1st 'BWAC' 2nd 'BWAC'  1Øth 'BWAC'	ICOLCOUN 'COUN'	ICOLCTCN 'COUN' 'IDHS'	ICOLNCCN 'NCAT' 'COUN'	ICOLWAC 'WAG'	ICOLNOWC 'WAC' 'NCAT'	ICOLCTWC 'WAC' 'IDHS'	NOT ALLOWED	NOT ALLOWED
R T IREQ A C	IREQ1BE 'BWAC'	IREQ5BE lst 'BWAC' 2nd 'BWAC' 5th 'BWAC'	IREQ1ØBE lst 'BWAC' 2nd 'BWAC'  lØth 'BWAC'	IREQCOUN 'COUN'	IREQCTCN 'COUN' 'IDHS'	IREQNCCN 'NCAT' 'COUN'	'IREQWAC'	IREQNCWC 'WAC' 'NGAT'	IREQCTWC 'WAC' 'IDHS'	NOT ALLOWED	NOT ALLOWED
R O N Y ISTA	ISTALBE 'BWAC'	ISTA5BE 1st 'BWAC' 2nd 'BWAC' 5th 'BWAC'	ISTALØBE lst 'BWAC' 2nd 'BWAC' løth 'BWAC'	ISTACOUN 'COUN'	ISTACTON 'COUN' 'IDHS'	ISTANCCN 'NCAT' 'COUN'	ISTAWAC 'WAC'	ISTANCWC 'WAC' 'NGAT'	ISTACTWC 'WAC' 'IDHS'	ISTAJDAT 'NNN' (Julian day)	NOT ALLOWED
IIBF	IIBR1BE 'BWAC'	IIBR5BE - lst 'BWAC' 2nd 'BWAC'  5th 'BWAC'	IIBR1ØBE lst 'BWAC' 2nd 'BWAC'  løth 'BWAC'	IIBRCOUN 'COUN'	IIBRCTCN 'COUN' 'TDHS'	IIBRNCCN 'NCAT' 'COUN'	IIBRWAC 'WAC'	IIBRNCWC, 'WAC' 'NCAT'	IIBRCTWC 'WAC' 'IDHS'	NOT ALLOWED	NOT ALLOWED

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#### TABLE OF PROCEDURE-NAMES AND ARGUMENTS FOR IDF QUERIES (CONTINUED)

						QUERY ACRONYM					
	1BE	5BE	1 <b>Ø</b> BE	COUN	CTCN	NCCN	WAC	NCWC	CTWC	JDAT	CIRC
ISEC	ISEC1BE 'BWAC'	ISEC5BE lst 'BWAC' 2nd 'BWAC'	ISEC1ØBE lst 'BWAC' 2nd 'BWAC'	ISECCOUN 'COUN'	ISECCTON 'COUN' 'IDHS'	ISECNCCN 'NCAT' 'COUN'	ISECWAC 'WAC'	ISECNCWC 'WAC' 'NCAT'	ISECCTWC 'WAC' 'IDHS'	NOT ALLOWED	NOT ALLOWED
		5th 'BWAC'	10th 'BWAC'								
IPRO	IPRO1BE 'BWAC'	IPRO5BE lst 'BWAC' 2nd 'BWAC'	IPRO1ØBE 1st 'BWAC' 2nd 'BWAC'	IPROCOUN 'COUN'	iproctcn 'coun' 'idhs'	IPRONCCN 'NCAT' 'COUN'	IPROWAC 'WAC'	IPRONCWC 'WAC' 'NCAT'	IPROCTWC 'WAC' 'IDHS'	NOT ALLOWED	NOT ALLOWED
		5th 'BWAC'	10th 'BWAC'								
CON1	CON11BE 'BWAC'	CON15BE 1st 'BWAC' 2nd 'BWAC'	CON11ØBE lst 'BWAC' 2nd 'BWAC'	NOT ALLOWED	NOT ALLOWED	NOT ALLOWED	NOT ALLOWED	NOT ALLOWED	NOT ALLOWED	NOT ALLOWED	NOT ALLOWED
	ļ.	5th 'BWAC'	10th 'BWAC'								
I IDAT	IDATIBE 'BNAC' low 'MISS-DAT' high 'MISS-DAT'	IDATSBE lst 'BWAC' 2nd 'BWAC' 5th 'BWAC' low 'MISS-DAT' high 'MISS-DAT'	IDATIØBE lst 'BWAC' 2nd 'BWAC' løth 'BWAC' low 'MISS-DAT' high 'MISS-DAT'	IDATCOUN 'COUN' low 'MISS-DAT' high 'MISS-DAT'	IDATCTCN 'COUN' 'IDHS' low 'MISS-DAT' high 'MISS-DAT'	IDATNCCN 'NCAT' 'COUN' low 'MISS-DAT' high 'MISS-DAT'	IDATWAC 'WAC' low 'MISS-DAT' high 'MISS-DAT'	IDATNOWC 'WAC' 'NCAT' low 'MISS-DAT' high 'MISS-DAT'	IDATCTWC 'WAC' 'IDHS' low 'MISS-DAT' high 'MISS-DAT'	NOT ALLOWED	NOT ALLOWED
IALL	IALL1BE 'BWAC'	IALL5BE 1st 'BWAC' 2nd 'BWAC' 5th 'BWAC'	IALL1ØBE 1st 'BWAC' 2nd 'BWAC' 1Øth 'BWAC'	NOT ALLOWED	NOT ALLOWED	NOT ALLOWED	NOT ALLOWED	NOT ALLOWED	NOT ALLOWED	NOT ALLOWED	NOT ALLOWED

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				TGT	-HDR RECOI
ITEM	ENTRY	CHARACTER		RMAT OF ENT	
		POSITIONS	N=number	A=letter	b=blank
TGT-STAT (Cont.	)				
	R = retired target				
	S = SALT target				
	<pre>X = record retired by IEG but re- activated by CIA/OIA</pre>				
AGEN	Codes for agencies responsible for installation exploitation	4	AAAA		
P1-SAT-AGEN	Code for agency responsible for lst phase satellite exploitation	1	A		
P1-AC-AGEN	Code for agency responsible for lst phase aircraft exploitation	1	A		
P2-SAT-AGEN	Code for agency responsible for 2nd phase satellite exploitation	1	A		
P2-AC-AGEN	Code for agency responsible for 2nd phase aircraft exploitation	1	A		

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			TGT-HDR RECO
ITEM	ENTRY	CHARACTER POSITIONS	FORMAT OF ENTRY N=number A=letter b=blank
MAP-REF	WAC WAG cell for this installation	10	Alphanumeric; no adjustment
PI-SKILL	Code for Photo Interpretation skills necessary for this target	2	NA
P2-RPT-DUE-DAT	Date that next second phase read- out of this target is due; YYMMDD format	6	NNNNN
FR-MISS-ID	Last film return mission on which target was exploited	9	Alphanumeric; left justified; trailing blanks
FR-COLL-DAT	Last film return collection date; YYMMDD format	6	NNNNN
FR-RD-OUT-DAT	Last film return exploitation date; YYMMDD format	6	NNNNN

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FUNCTION

25X1

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PROGRAM CALL AND TIME LIMITS

The MPFQRY Program is called and run from a teletype in the COINS network. The structure of your input query is identical to all other NDS query structures with the following exception. When using multiple arguments, separate them with one or more spaces; do  $\underline{\text{not}}$  use commas. See Chapter II for a discussion of this structure. To query the MPF, the first statement of your query should read INVOKE COINS MPF of PRODSCHEMA. The possible CALL statements and their meaning are given in the following paragraph. Instructions for accessing the network and making a batch NDS request are available in your office.

The program may be used 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

