

## CONFIDENTIAL

VII - 66 - e - 12/41

## YUGOSLAVIA

30 September 1933, "Die Chemische Industrie," No. 39

The Marinsulan Petroleum Corporation has discovered oil near Peklenica. Four wells are producing three to four tons of oil per day.

28 November 1935, "Die Chemische Industrie," No. 47

Uljanik Company has sunk productive wells in the Dujavica area. Production is said to equal that of Czech deposits. The oil contains 15 percent gasoline, 20 percent petroleum, and 65 percent first-class machine oil.

20 August 1936, "Jugoslawische Kurier," No. 182

There is a refinery in Brod with a storage capacity sufficient for five months.

25 November 1936, "Jugoslawische Kurier," No. 222

A new company, "Yugoslavian Exploration Company, Ltd.," has been founded for exploration and exploitation of all bituminous and other minerals and the processing and shipping of products, also for the purchase and exploitation of oil fields, refining installations, etc. Headquarters are in Belgrade; share capital is ten million dinars.

16 October 1937, "Die Chemische Industrie," No. 42

Petroleum deposits have been located in the Sava and Drina Banat and recently in the Morava Banat also. However, only two deposits in the Sava Banat are being exploited. Production was 629 tons in 1933, and dropped to 260 tons in 1935 and 137 tons in 1936.

27 September 1938, "Neue Freie Presse," Vienna, No. 26598

Official statistics state that crude oil production in Yugoslavia

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in the Medjumarje wells amounted to 151 tons during the month of August, compared to 82 tons in July.

19 October 1938, "Machrichten fur Aussenhandel," No.244

There are two large and three small refineries in the Yugoslavian petroleum cartel. There are reports that a new refinery is to be built in Snedereve.

26 January 1939, "Morgnerblatt," Zagreb

The Bujavica enterprise produces large quantities of natural gas (methane).

4 June 1939, "Deutsbhe Bergw. (?) Zeitung," No. 121

Yugoslavian oil production:

|      |          |
|------|----------|
| 1930 | 277 tons |
| 1933 | 629 "    |
| 1936 | 137 "    |
| 1937 | 527 "    |
| 1938 | 1,118 "  |

Most of this production was at Medjumarje.

27 September 1939, "Morgenblatt," Zagreb, No. 228

Refining capacity in Yugoslavia:

Jugoslavenako Vacman Oil Company, D. D., Bos. Brod

Current output: 80,000 tons; capacity: 130,000 tons

Jugoslavenako Shell D. D., Caprag

Current output: 50,000 tons; capacity: 90,000 tons

"Ipoil," Geijek

Current output: 20,000 tons, capacity: 20,000 tons.

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The refineries could thus cover total requirements, except that they are not in a position to produce high-grade special oils.

26 January 1940, "Die Chemische Industrie," No. 4

The Rudokop Petroleum Company, Inc., in Belgrade has changed its name to "Jugopetrol Corporation" and increased its capital from one million to 25 million dinars.

23 January 1940, "Die Chemische Industrie," No. 8

The Madjumarje Petroleum Company, Inc. (Medjumarsko Petrolsjeko d.d.) in Selnica intends to increase its capital from 2.5 to 12.5 million dinars and to move its headquarters to Zagreb.

20 March 1940, "Dresdner Bank," No. 8

Oil has been found in Murtal, near Luttenburg, and in the area around Zagreb.

22 March 1940, "Die Chemische Industrie," No. 12

Natural gas wells and small sources of petroleum have been located in northeastern Croatia.

Yugoslav production of petroleum:

|      |          |
|------|----------|
| 1937 | 456 tons |
| 1938 |          |
| 1938 | 1,036 "  |
| 1939 | 1,114 "  |

13 September 1940, "Die Chemische Industrie," No.

Production of petroleum in Yugoslavia during the first half of 1940: was 535 tons; it was 572 tons during the same period in 1939.

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