COUNTRY Albania	DATE DISTR. 11 JAN 50
SUBJECT General Albanian Domestic Information	NO. OF PAGES 3
PLACE 25X1A ACQUIRED 25X1A 25X1X DATE OF INFO.	NO. OF ENCLS. (LISTED BELOW) SUPPLEMENT TO REPORT NO.
	REPORT NO.

- In order to establish their identity, Albanians must at all times, carry their identity card "Letra Mioftimi" with them. All persons reaching the 1. age of 12 are required to have an identity card. The card has a red cover. The cover page has at the top a red star and in the center the words "Istra Mioftimi" in black. There are three pages; on the first is contained the photograph of the holder, and his signature. On the second page there is a personal description and the third page is blank. The identity cards are issued by Town Hall officials; their validity is not clear yet. They were issued in 1945 without being recalled. Aliens are supplied with special identity cards which differ from the regular identity cards. They have nine inner pages; on the first there is a personal description of the holder as well as his photograph, and the other pages are used for entries by the police for changes and travel. In order to travel within Albania, aliens must declare their intention to the police.
- In the distribution of food and clothing, the following are eligible to 20 receive rationed items:
 - Communists. \mathbf{a}_{i}
 - Those working in state enterprises or those who are civil servants Ъ.
 - Farmers who surrender their crops to the cooperative. C.

The families of the above categories are also entitled to rationed items but they receive only 50 per cent of that which the head of the family receives (this is only a "part ration" and is given to wives and children under 10). Those not working and farmers who do not turn in their produce to the collective are not entitled to rations.

- For the distribution of food, there are four categories. Ration books of various colors, one for each category, are used. These are valid generally 3. for one year and are used throughout the country.
 - First Category: Foodstuffs (for Communists) issued include 750 grams of bread per day. However, this ration book is replaced every three months. a For the acquisition of other food items special "blocks of coupons" have been issued bearing the stamp and signature of the secretary of the Party on each coupon. This gives the holder the right to receive rations from any cooperative.

any suoperatives	
OF ACCULICATION SECTOR	DIM ROL - U. S. OFFICIALS ONLY
CLASSIFICATION	A DESCRIPTION OF A DESC
STATE # X NAVY X NSRB	
ARMY AIR FBI	
have a first of the second sec	
	Document No.
	NO CHANGE in Class.
	DECLASSIFIED
	Class. CHANGED TO: TS S (C)
	DDA Memo, 4 Apr 77
Approved For Polesso 2001/02/05 · CIA	
Approved For Release 2001/03/05 : CIA	ALL STATES
	DODDELEBA

Approved For Release 2001/03/05 : CIA-RDP82-00457R004100030004-3

CONFIDENT CONTROL - U. S. OFFICIALS ONLY CENTRAL THREE 2 -

25X1A

b. <u>Second Category:</u> Workers employed in heavy industry and farmers who surrender their produce to the cooperatives receive rations on the basis of their ration card, each coupon of which carries the amount of each item per month (including bread), the date and the daily amount authorized. Allowances are as follows:

```
750 grams of bread daily - (cost 5½ Lek)

½ kilo of sugar

50 grams of coffee

200 grams of soap

1 kilo of flour

1 kilo beans or 3/4 kilo of magayoni

½ kilo of oil
```

c. Third Category: Workers employed in government-controlled enterprises and civil service employees receive:

600 grams of bread daily 50 grams of coffee 400 grams of sugar 300 grams of soap 1 kilo of beans 400 grams of cil

- d. Fourth Category: Includes the members of a family, who receive one-half ration (or 2 of that which the head of the family receives). They draw the ration only when they are not members of a cooperative mess; if they are members of a cooperative mess, they have to surrender their ration coupons and pay from 1,200 to 1,300 lok per month.
- h_{\circ} In order to receive rations at a government-controlled mess or restaurant, the customer must be in the possession of a special pass. Such a pass is issued to members of the Communist Party who are actively engaged in work for the government, regardless of whether or not they are married. Drivers need only show their driver's license. There are other restaurants where anyone can eat without a special pass, the only difference being that the prices are double those of the government-controlled messes.
- 5. For the distribution of clothing, a clothing ration card is issued. Those who are entitled to draw food rations are also entitled to clothing rations. There are three categories:
 - a. <u>First Category:</u> Those belonging to the Communist Party and those employed in heavy industry. They are allowed 120 points per year. With these 120 points they can buy:

One suit Two shirts Two undershirts One pair of shoes

They have the right to choose the quality as long as they pay the appropriate price. First quality shows coat 2,950 lek while the lowest quality shoes cost 2,000 lek.

CONFRONTED/CONTROL - U. S. OFFICIAIS ONLY

Approved For Release 2001/03/05 : CIA-RDP82-00457R004100030004-3

CONFIDENT	CONTROL	,	υ.	s. C	FI	CIALS ONLY	
CALINE	CENTRAL	INT	relj	LIGEN	CE	AGENCY	25X1A
65		64.	3	-			

- b. Second Category: Those in this category are allowed 80 points; persons employed in state enterprises, civil servants and farmers who turn over their produce to the cooperatives, are included. Those belonging to this category are allowed the same things as those in the first category, but the clothing is not of the first quality. The prices, however, are lower.
- c. <u>Third Category:</u> Those in this category are allowed 40 points. Members of the families of those belonging to the first and second category belong to this category, and this excludes all but the wives and children under 10 years old.
- 6. These who receive food and clothing through the use of ration cards compose only 25 per cent of the entire population; the rest of the people are obliged to get their rations in the black market. Many items cannot be found in the black market, and exist only in the cooperative stores. However, those without ration cards can acquire the rationed items by exchanging items of food for them, in addition to money.
- 7 Albanians are allowed to travel freely throughout all of Albania with the exception of the frontier areas. No special passes are needed for travel, the identity card being sufficient. There are, however, control points at the entrances of the following cities where the identity cards of those traveling by car, bus, or rail (not the foot travelers) are inspected.
 - a. At Korce: There is only one post, and that is located at the end of the town on the road which leads toward the Greek border and which goes through Premet.
 - b. At Vlone: There is a post in the direction of Dorres.
 - c. At Tirama: There are four posts on all the roads entering or leaving the city.
 - d. At Snkoder: There are two posts, one towards the fugoslav border and the other towards Tirana.
- 8. In order to transfer residences, one must report his intent to the police of the town he leaves, and also to the police of the town where he intends to transfer residence; these are the only requirements. The same applies to aliens, with the only difference that when aliens report their intent to the police, relative control is made of their identity cards.
- 9. All means of transportation, including 2- and 4-wheeled wagons, belong to the State. Anyone may use the operating passenger means of transport without any restrictions, as long as the necessary tickets have been purchased.
- 10. Minorities have the same citizenship rights as other Albanians. Greek schools exist in Himare. At Gjinokaster, a Greek Communist newspaper, Popular Novement, is published; it has a circulation throughout Albania, and is sold by Albanian newspaper dealers.

CONFIDENTET/CONTROL - U. S. OFFICIALS ONLY