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I. A Summary of the Korean War

It was United States imperialism which directed its puppet, the Syngman Rhee regime, to start the Korean war after the latter had considerable time for preparation. But the United States imperialists made the mistake of overestimating their own strength and underestimating the strength of the Korean people in contempt. Consequently, they were defeated by the Korean People's Army in the first stage of the war. The People's Army pushed as far south as the southern sea coast and the vicinity of Taegu. Going from embarrassment to anger, United States imperialism threw into the Korean war the bulk of its troops stationed in Japan (or rather in the entire Far East) and gambled on the risk.

The United States sent seven divisions, one brigade, and one regiment to the Korean battlefield (four divisions were originally stationed in Japan, two divisions were transferred from the United States, and one division from the Marine Corps). In addition there are also one brigade of British-Australian troops and token forces from other "heeler" nations. Thus temporarily, the war picture in Korea changed. Against such heavy odds, the Korean People's Army was forced to adopt the strategy of a "long-range resistance war", and, in order to avoid a premature decisive battle with American forces, conducted a strategic withdrawal on its own initiative. Thus when the American troops landed at Inchon on 15 September, the Korean People's Army performed a "preplanned" withdrawal, while the heroic battle against overwhelming American troops continued. Only by so doing could North Korean strength be concentrated for inflicting a decisive blow on the enemy.

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CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

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There are not even ten million people in all North Korea. Besides, it has been a colony under imperialistic control for five decades and has been liberated for only five short years, yet it is able to fight heroically and gallantly against the United States of America, a nation of more than 130,000,000 people and by far the "leading devil" of the imperialistic camp. Moreover, United States imperialism alone has thrown into the Korean war a total of approximately 150,000 men; counting the strength of puppet Syngman Rhee and the combined forces of such war-heeler nations as Britain and the Philippines, the grand total is more than 200,000. Even so, their dream of victory did not come true. After four months of tenacious resistance, the Korean People's Army has maintained its principal strength; guerrilla warfare is developing all over South Korea; and anti-invasion morale is still high throughout the entire nation. This proves that, in this war of anti-American invasion, the Korean people, although suffering difficulties and setbacks at this moment, will eventually be able to launch their counter-offensive and obtain a final victory through their consistent and proper efforts. There is no question about it.

II. U.S. Forces Are Expanding Their Korean Invasion War. We Cannot Ignore It.

1. A precise concept of Sino-Korean geographic relations is important: There is only a river separating China and Korea, and the relation between these two nations is similar to that of teeth and lips. One's teeth are in jeopardy when the lips are gone. Historic experience tells us that there is no end to greedy imperialistic invasion; when you give an inch, they demand a foot. The American aggressors lost their heads when they occupied Seoul. Disregarding the opposition and repeated warnings from the USSR and four other nations, as well as the People's Republic of China, on 7 October they engineered the fifth UN General Assembly into passing illegally the blood-tainted resolution introduced by eight nations, including Britain and France, authorizing MacArthur to invade all of Korea. Having crossed the 38th Parallel, they have been ruthlessly pushing toward the Yalu River. Therefore, the safety of our nation is seriously threatened.
2. Extensive factual evidence: Having directed the Syngman Rhee group to start a civil war in Korea, the U.S. immediately sent its own armed forces to expand the war into an invasion. One of the sub-plots of direct participation is the invasion of our Northeast. The draft of the "Korean-American Alliance Treaty", captured by the Korean People's Army in September, read: "Both parties (Korea and U.S.) have reached an agreement that, if the liberation war (that is, the invasion war waged by the U.S. and its running dog) must be carried to Manchurian soil so as to repulse the Chinese Communist invasion of Korea (this is an excuse fabricated by the U.S.), the Honorable President of the United States of America will aid the Honorable President of the Republic of Korea to carry the liberation war to its victorious end. In return for such aid, the President of the Republic of Korea guarantees that, with the exception of North Korea, which is the main interest of the Korean Republic, the exploitation of natural resources in Manchuria and other parts of eastern China will be under U.S. - Korean joint administration." This clearly proves the victorious ambition of

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American imperialism and its running dog concerning Chinese territory.

3. History tells us that imperialistic nations never attempt to materialize an entire invasion plan all at once. Instead, they always try to materialize it step by step. Let us take the Japanese invasion of China as an example: Japan first invaded Korea, Taiwan, the Pescadore, and the Ryukyus, and then the Northeast and North China. Not until Japan manufactured the Marco Polo Bridge incident did she wage general war to invade all China. What the U.S. forces are doing in Korea today is to follow the same track as Japan's China invasion plot! Let us consider German imperialistic invasion: Germany annexed Austria first, then swallowed Czechoslovakia, then destroyed Poland, then turned westward and pushed all the way to the English Channel. After a short pause, she turned to attack the USSR.
4. While the U.S. waged war in Korea, she also openly invaded Taiwan. Besides, she has continuously bombed and strafed our northeastern and Shantung boundaries. Under such circumstances, if we still ignore her, we are, from an objective viewpoint, inviting U.S. imperialism to carry out her invasion. Some might worry that once we take action, we would "invite the flame to burn our own bodies"; people of such opinions overlook the point that if we don't take action the fire will increase and become more vicious. U.S. imperialism would consider you a soft coward. When they reach the Yalu River bank, they would cross the river and push right into our northeastern interior.

III. To Obtain an Accurate Concept of U.S. Imperialism; To Establish Firm Confidence in Our Own Victory; To Extinguish Pro-U.S. Thought as well as the Wrong Psychology of Fear of the U.S.; To Create a Hostile, Scornful, and Contemptuous Attitude Toward U.S. Imperialism Among the Public.

- A. It should be clearly realized that U.S. imperialism is the most dangerous and most wicked enemy of China.
1. Judging from recent events:
 - a. The United States openly invaded our territory, Taiwan Province.
 - b. The United States openly bombed and strafed our northeastern and Shantung boundaries.
 - c. Disregarding our repeated warnings, the United States ruthlessly expanded her invasion war toward the Sino-Korean boundary.
 - d. The U.S. keeps on aiding the CHIANG Kai-shek reactionary bandit gang.
 - e. The U.S. has been conducting various types of espionage and subversive activities both within and without our nation.
 - f. The U.S. has been leading various imperialist nations to exert pressure on and blockade us, both diplomatically and militarily.
 - g. The U.S. is supporting and arming the reactionary party of Japan. Besides, she is also actively preparing to conduct single-handed peace negotiations with Japan.

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- h. The U.S. won't let our nation join the UN, the Security Council, and the Allied Council for Japan.
2. A string of historical facts also tells us that the U.S. has always invaded our nation:
 - a. The Wang Hsia (望厦) Treaty signed in 1844 with the Ching dynasty is the first vicious example of imperialist nations enjoying extraterritoriality and "equal rights" in our nation; many other unequal treaties were signed afterwards. This proves that the U.S. began a political invasion of China long, long ago.
 - b. In 1861, the U.S. helped the Ching dynasty repress the T'ai P'ing (太平天国) uprising; in 1872, the U.S. attacked Korea (then our feudatory state); in 1873, she attacked Taiwan; in 1900, she joined the Eight Nations Joint Army and attacked China. All these are proofs that substantiate the fact that the U.S. has conducted armed invasions of China from long ago.
 - c. In 1917, the Lansing-Ishii Agreement was signed in recognition of Japan's special privileges in Shantung Province in place of Germany (causing the 4 May demonstration).
 - d. The U.S. participated in the massacre of Chinese people both in the 30 May incident in 1925, which took place in Shanghai, and the Hsia Kuan (下关) incident, which took place in 1927.
 - e. During the ten years of civil war after CHIANG Kai-shek's rebellion, the U.S. actively aided CHIANG Kai-shek to oppress the Chinese people and also controlled China's politics and economy.
 - f. During the Japanese invasion of China, the U.S. made a tremendous amount of war supplies available to Japan.
 - g. After the Japanese surrender, the U.S. expedited the China invasion; a Sino-American trade pact was signed, aimed at turning China into a colony of U.S. imperialism.
 - h. After Japan's surrender, active aid and arms were given to CHIANG Kai-shek's bandit gang for waging a total civil war against the people and the revolution, and several million Chinese people were killed as a result.
 - B. The U.S. is the enemy of the world.
1. The U.S. is the enemy of peace, and the home base of invasion. Making money and killing people are the special professions of monopolistic capitalists in the U.S. U.S. imperialism acquired a fabulous amount of wealth by taking advantage of World Wars I and II. Rulers of the U.S., that is, monopolistic capitalists, attained their present position by killing. Right now they are not only actively preparing for a third world war but are also inciting it. They impose pressure on peace movements; they also refuse to ban the use of atomic weapons.

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2. The U.S. is the enemy of democracy and the home base of Fascist reaction. Domestically, the U.S. has already been overwhelmed by Fascist terrorism; overbearing "special service men" are free for their perverse conduct. With the exception of big capitalists and their running dogs, ordinary American people don't have freedom of speech, nor are they enjoying the right of assembling at public meetings. In all U.S. -dominated colonies, the U.S. is wholeheartedly supporting blood-stained dictators such as CHIANG Kai-shek and Syngman RHEE. The U.S. is also exerting full efforts to "fascize" all capitalistic nations under her domination.
 3. The U.S. is the enemy of civilization and the home base of the spiritual deterioration of mankind. Rulers of the U.S. are forcing science, arts, and religion to serve their imperialistic invasion. Science is developed not for reconstruction but for war; arts are promoting not progress but backwardness; religion participates not in peace movements but in espionage activities. The American rulers are using both pressure and bait to smash the people's morality. The atrocities of the American invaders in Korea are much worse than those of Hitler and Tojo.
- C. The U.S. is a "paper tiger."

Should the U.S. dare incite a world war at this moment, she shall suffer a more complete defeat than German and Japanese imperialism, because militarily American imperialism is not yet fully prepared. On the other hand, the strength of the peace camp is already greater than that of the Anglo-American aggressor bloc. U.S. imperialism is a "paper tiger"; she is not frightful at all. Although the U.S. is using all her strength fanatically to attack "young" Korea and has already occupied a certain number of spots and lines, such temporary victory will eventually turn into defeat, the same as CHIANG Kai-shek's temporary occupation of Yenan. The U.S. is not only politically isolated but is also suffering military drawbacks.

1. Too long a front: The U.S. scope of operations includes Europe, Asia, and Africa. It also includes the Atlantic, the Pacific, and the Indian Oceans, which is far longer a line than that of Hitler and Japan. Such a long front will dissipate much U.S. war materiel as well as disperse combat strength. Moreover, such a long front is also vulnerable to isolation and break throughs.
2. Zone of Interior too far away: Replenishments of war supplies and manpower must cross either the Pacific or the Atlantic. A vessel has to cover 4,619 miles from Seattle to Pusan, Korea; this takes an ordinary liberty ship 19 1/2 days. It takes 40 hours to fly from an air base in Montana to Tokyo. Each combat soldier requires seven tons of equipment, which must move with him, and at least a ton of replacements per month. This is the reason the U.S. wants so badly to rebuild west German and Japanese war industries. But so far this plot has not yet been accomplished.
3. Low morale, insufficient combat experience, and poor battle efficiency: American troops didn't encounter any terrific battle tests during the last two world wars. Besides, the U.S. is waging an imperialistic invasion war; that's why American troops cannot possibly have strong battle efficiency. This statement can be substantiated by the Korean war. The Eighth Army is the main body of U.S. forces in the Pacific, and yet during the first stage of the Korean war both its 24 Division and 1 Cavalry Division were defeated.

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with great losses. The American soldiers are either forced or swindled into crossing the great oceans to risk their lives either in the Far East or in Europe. But they don't know why they are risking their lives. That's why U.S. imperialism finds no way to solve the morale problem. During the assault on Seoul, MacArthur tried to boost his troop morale by promising three-day vacations, providing the city was occupied and that the troops could loot at will during the short interval. Troops with such rotten discipline, like the troops of China's old war-lords, would of course be utterly routed when encountering a stubborn enemy.

- h. Allies all fragile: West Germany and Japan have not yet been re-armed. Britain, France, and the others are too "sick" even to take care of their own colonies; they are not only unable to offer any help to the U.S. but are instead begging the U.S. for both money and men. Although the U.S. is attacking Korea under the UN flag, at the beginning of the war her allies all tried to put off the dispatch of their contingents. Although the U.S. used diplomatic pressure again and again, so far only about 10,000 troops have been sent from her ward-heeler nations such as Britain, Australia, and others. This, of course, is crystal-clear evidence.

The only odds in favor of the U.S. are her 90,000,000 tons of steel output per year. This single factor, however, cannot outweigh the above-mentioned drawbacks. Besides, this superiority in natural resources can be reversed when Western Europe is liberated.

What is against the enemy is in our favor. The enemy has too long a front, but ours is centralized; the USSR, the new democratic nations in Eastern Europe, and China can inflict a fatal blow on the U.S. soft spots any time we want to. Our interior zone rests on the continent; we can use our manpower and material on the continent to support the war. Our allies are all very strong; each is able to take care of one front independently. The various new democratic nations in Eastern Europe all have had five or six years of reconstruction. Each of them is not only economically rehabilitated but has even been greatly augmented. Our troop morale is high and our combat experience rich.

Some people are afraid of the atom bomb. But atom bombs cannot decide a war, which is clearly explained by Joliot-Curie, world-renowned authority on atomic energy, in his article: "Why the A-Bomb Can't Decide a War." The atom bomb, after all, is only one type of bomb; generally speaking, its devastation is equivalent to an ordinary 3000-ton bomb. The cost of manufacturing one atomic bomb ranges from one to three billion francs. Besides, the USSR also has the atomic bomb. The atomic bomb is highly effective in killing peaceful metropolitan residents; that's why we are against the use of the atomic bomb. However, the atomic bomb isn't so effective against ground troops in combat. An editorial in the Christian Science Monitor said: "74 percent of industrial productivity in Hiroshima, Japan, was not damaged by the atomic bomb." According to an estimate by an atomic scientist, one thousand atomic bombs would be needed to devastate Stalingrad to the same degree the Germans did; therefore, the entire stockpile of atomic bombs in U.S. possession is not sufficient to destroy even a medium-sized city like Stalingrad.

Besides, airplanes are required for the delivery of atomic bombs. The Soviet airplanes in comparison with American planes are far superior in mechanics and speed, not to mention the piloting techniques. On the other hand, it

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would be very effective if we use the atomic bomb to attack the U.S. fleets. One atomic bomb is enough to de-functionalize one American fleet completely. Several atomic bombs would turn the American port cities such as New York and San Francisco into dead ports. That's why the U.S. cannot help considering whether she should use her atomic bomb or not. Therefore, the atomic bomb can only frighten people with weak nerves but cannot play a decisive role in a war.

In conclusion, if U.S. imperialism becomes crazy and dares to wage a third world war, we have great confidence in winning the victory, and imperialism will then be exterminated in three continents, or rather in the whole world. That's why American imperialism is not frightening and is capable of being defeated. Victory must belong to the people of the world!

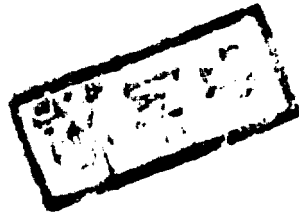
Propaganda Department, Provincial Committee

4 November.

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軍事圖書參考資料



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大的規模獲得勝利，帝國主義的制度將在三大洲或全世界覆滅。因此美帝國主義並不可怕，甚可以摧毀的，勝利一定屬於世界人民！

省委宣傳部

十一月四日

時事學習參考資料（對內文件、不得外傳）
（發至各黨支部工作隊長）

（一）朝鮮戰爭的簡單經過：

朝鮮戰爭是美帝國主義直接指使其傀儡李承晚政權，經過了相當時期的準備所發動的；但由於美帝國主義錯誤地過高估計了自己的力量，輕視了朝鮮人民的力量，因此在戰爭的第一階段，被朝鮮人民軍打敗了。人民軍一直打到南邊海岸和大邱附近。美帝老羞成怒，把他在日本的甚至整個遠東的大部份軍事力量，都投入到朝鮮來進行戰爭冒險。共計美國在朝鮮出動陸軍七個師另兩個旅，其中四個師駐日本，兩個師由其本國調出，一個師是海軍陸戰隊；加上英澳軍一個旅及其他僕從國少數象徵性軍隊，這就構成所謂「美軍」的形態。朝鮮人民軍在抗擊侵略敵人情況下，不能不採取長期抗戰的方針，主動的避過美軍與美軍主力決戰，而採取

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行有計劃的向後撤退。以朝鮮人民軍自一九五〇年五月在平壤二川港登陸
 後，一方面抗擊在數量上佔絕對優勢的美軍，一方面進行有計劃的遷移，
 以便集中力量給敵人以決定性的打擊，是必然的和必要的。

整個北朝鮮地區不到一千萬人口，五十年來一直是帝國主義所統治
 的新殖民地，解放僅有五年的時間，竟能更勇敢地對抗着帝國主義先頭擁有一
 億三千餘萬人口的美國；而另一方面，美帝國主義投入侵略朝鮮的兵力達
 十五萬餘人，加上李承晚偽軍和美、菲等僕從國雜牌軍，總數超過二十萬
 人，但並沒有達到他所企望的勝利。朝鮮人民軍英勇堅持了四個月戰役，
 主力仍然保存着，游擊戰爭正在南朝鮮各地展開，全國反對侵略戰爭的鬥
 志仍然十分堅強，這就證明了朝鮮人民抵抗美帝侵略，目前雖進入艱苦困
 難階段，但經過持久的正確的努力，仍將轉入反攻，取得最後勝利，這是
 無可懷疑的。

有的人怕原子彈，但原子彈不能決定戰爭的勝負。這在世界原子能權
 威的華沙十屆年會所寫的宣言中，什麼不能決定戰爭勝負一文已說得
 很清楚。原子彈也不過是一種炸彈，其威力一般的約相當三千噸大的普通
 炸彈。製造一枚原子彈要用十噸到廿噸黃鈾。而且蘇聯也有原子彈。原子
 彈對殺傷集中城市的和平居民威力很大，所以我們要反對使用原子武器。
 但原子彈對作戰地面部隊作用并不太大，例如基督教科學派雜誌一頁社論
 上曾說：曾投原子彈的日本廣島，工業生產力有百分之七十四尚未受損傷。
 原子科學家估計，要炸到像德國人在廣太林格勒所造成的那種損害，需
 要原子彈一千枚，把美國所擁有的原子彈都用光也還不足以毀滅如同斯大
 林格勒那樣大小的一個中等的大城市。而且投原子彈必須用飛機輸送，而
 蘇聯飛機比美國飛機無論在構造、得勝技術與速度上都強得多。反過來，
 如果我們用原子彈襲擊美軍，則其損傷作用很大，每個美國陸隊投上了個原子
 彈則這個陸隊就完全不起作用了。如果在美國紐約港金山等港口投上幾枚原
 子彈則美國的港口就會成爲死港。所以美國就不該不考慮是否要使用原子

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一、要正確認識朝鮮形勢對中國的關係。我們中國與朝鮮邊界只有
 江之隔，是朝鮮和牙齒的關係，沒有口。牙可勿保不住了。歷史的經
 驗證明帝國主義的侵略是得寸進尺，貪而無厭。美長以爲因爲漢城
 告退而沖昏了頭腦，不顧蘇聯第五國及民主黨人民共和國的人民對其三降告
 白，竟派了聯合國第五組大會，於十月七日非法通過美國第八國關於授權
 麥克阿瑟侵略朝鮮全島國土的血腥提案。這提案通過三天後，悍然向鴨綠江
 邊推進，這勢嚴重地威脅我國的安全。

二、許多事實證明：美國指使李承晚集團發動朝鮮內戰，並接着直接
 派遣武裝擴大侵略戰爭，其直接的證據之一，乃是侵略我國東北。九月間
 爲朝鮮人民軍繳獲之「韓美同盟條約」草案，其中就曾寫道：「（韓美）
 雙方將採取一切必要之措施，以解決朝鮮半島之爭端，並向新動向之發展。」

(二)美軍擴大侵略戰爭，我們不能置之不理。

(四)同盟軍不強。野戰軍日本國軍隊規模大，英法等國都備是屬
 將隊軍均非的人，自己解民地都要不悔，不啻有刀幫幫助美國，還要同
 美國軍隊要往支援。美國並以爲，雖打贏了國，但它的同盟
 國空開口都拒絕派兵。雖然美國一官用外交壓力，但自到現在，英、澳
 美使派往朝鮮的軍隊均不到一萬人，這是最明顯的證據。

美國只有一個空軍師駐紮在朝鮮，空軍飛機五千架，但在上述幾
 個特約條件下，美國空軍師等就不敢不守其限制。且如二傳勢在西
 歐被解放後是可以改變的。

韓人對這點，在我們方面則是毫無。以人體總太，我則戰線集中，
 蘇聯及東歐各新民主主義國家與中國青年軍一軍可以隨時找美海軍給予以
 實戰打擊。我們的後方在大陸上，可以用大陸人力物力支援戰線。我們同
 盟國都是強國，都可以獨攬一壺。東歐各新民主主義國家都有五、六年
 建國的歷史，不但經濟已恢復而且大大發展了。民主黨士氣旺盛，戰鬥英雄
 當。

三、歷史上帝國主義的侵略殖民地計劃，並不是一下子全部實現的，而多是逐步進行的。如日本侵略中國，即是首先侵略朝鮮、台灣、澎湖、琉球，後再逐步侵略東北、再攻華北，直到製造盧溝橋事件，發動了侵略全中國的戰爭。現在美帝在朝鮮的舉動，與日本的侵華陰謀如出一轍！我們再回顧一下帝國主義的侵略，也是先併與吞掉，滅亡波蘭，再回頭再來進軍西歐，打到英倫的海岸，稍事休整後反轉才向蘇聯進攻。

四、美國在發動侵略朝鮮的同時，公然侵略我國台灣，並運糧轟炸與掃射我東北、山東邊境。

在此種情況下，如果我們再置之不理，就會在客觀上縱容美帝國主義

將會巨大的消耗美國的作戰物資，並且將使美國作戰的兵力被迫分散。而這樣的作戰線，總歸是到國府立到國府可以破壞的。

二、兵力太遠，兵力與作戰物資的供應必須橫跨太平洋、大西洋。船隻從美國西雅圖到朝鮮的釜山有四千六百四十九英里，一般自由輪要奔十九天；由美國華盛頓州的大福爾斯空軍基地飛至日本東京要四十小時；每個士兵每月需有七噸物資隨之前往，并至少每月另加一噸供應品。這也是美帝急於重奪西德與日本戰時工業的原因，但現在這一陰謀尚未完成。

三、士氣不高。美國軍隊在過去兩次世界大戰中，沒有受到巨大的戰爭考驗。美國所從事的是帝國主義侵略戰爭，這都使美國軍隊不可能有堅強的戰鬥力。從朝鮮戰爭中可以看出來。美第八軍在太平洋是美軍的主力，但其二十四師、騎一師，在朝鮮第一階段戰爭中，吃了敗仗，被打得頭破血流。美軍戰士被迫被驅逐隔重洋到遠東歐洲拼命，但他們不知道為什麼要拼命，拼命對他們是沒有什麼好處的。所以美帝國主義是無法提高士氣的。麥克阿瑟在德波蘭戰時，曾九次士兵

④美國領導帝國主義各國在外交上與軍事上共同壓迫和包圍我國。

⑤美國不讓我國參加聯合國和安理會及明國對日委員會。

二、從歷史上看美國亦一貫侵略我國。

①在一八四二年與滿清訂立之望廈條約，有開帝國主義在我國的治外法權與利益均霑的惡例，後來又陸續訂了許多不平等條約。這證明美國早已對中國從事政治侵略。

②一八六一年美國曾援助滿清鎮壓太平天國，一八七二年又進攻朝鮮（當時朝鮮是中國屬地），一八七三年進攻台灣，一九〇〇年參加八國聯軍進攻中國，這些均證明美國早已對中國從事武裝侵略。

③在一九一七年訂立藍辛石井協定，承認日本繼承德國在山東的特權（五四運動即由此而起）。

④一九二五年上海五卅慘案與一九二七年下半年慘案中，參加了屠殺我中國人民。

⑤在蔣介石叛變後十年內戰期間美國積極援助蔣介石壓迫中國人民并

控制中國政治經濟。

⑥在日本侵華期間曾大量供給日本作戰物資。

⑦在日本投降以後，發動侵略中國，訂立了中美商約，陰謀變中國為美帝國主義的殖民地。

⑧在日本投降後，積極協助蔣武裝蔣介石匪幫，發動進攻人民的反革命大內戰，殺死了數百萬中國同胞。

(乙)美國是全世界的敵人

一、美國是和平的敵人和發動侵略的本營。美國的壟斷資本家就是專以發財殺人為職業的。第一次世界大戰和第二次大戰中，美帝國主義都從戰爭中發了大筆的財，美國統治者獨占資本家是從戰爭中殺人取家的，目前則發動侵略和鼓吹第三次世界大戰，壓迫和平運動，拒絕禁止使用原子武器。

二、美國是民主的敵人和法西斯反動的本營。美國國內已成法西斯

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