

CLASSIFICATION ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ SECRET/CONTROL - U.S. OFFICIALS ONLY
SECURITY INFORMATION
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY REPORT

INFORMATION REPORT

CD NO.

50X1-HUM

TELETYPE 14

COUNTRY Poland

DATE DISTR. 29 November 1951

SUBJECT The Polish Armament Industry

NO. OF PAGES 1

PLACE ACQUIRED

REFERENCE COPY

OF ENCLS.
(LISTED BELOW)

DATE OF INFO.

DO NOT CIRCULATE SUPPLEMENT TO REPORT NO.

50X1-HUM

THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS INFORMATION AFFECTING THE NATIONAL DEFENSE OF THE UNITED STATES WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE ESPIONAGE ACT 50 U.S.C. 31 AND 32, AS AMENDED. ITS TRANSMISSION OR THE REVELATION OF ITS CONTENTS TO ANY UNAUTHORIZED PERSON IS PROHIBITED BY LAW. REPRODUCTION OF THIS FORM IS PROHIBITED.

THIS IS UNEVALUATED INFORMATION

50X1-HUM

1. The Borkowski Bros. Electrical Equipment Factory, located on ul. Grochowska in Warsaw, makes fuzes for artillery shells on a large scale. The Szpotanski Factory on ul. Grochowska also makes fuzes. The Panstwowe Zaklady Optyczna (State Optical Works) on ul. Grochowska assembles all military optical equipment of Russian and German production, such as telescopes, binoculars, periscopes, rifle sights, aircraft sights, etc. This establishment is being expanded to enable it to undertake its own production of these items. The technical director is Engineer Matysiak. 50X1-HUM
2. The glass factory at Jelenia Gora makes rifle sights and bomb sights, which first are planned by the Centralne Biuro Konstrukcyjne No. 4 (CBK-4) at Wola in Warsaw and partly tested at the Instytut Mechaniki Precyzyjnej in Powazki, Warsaw. The managing director of CBK-4 is Engineer Brink. 50X1-HUM
3. In Autumn 1950, a metal laboratory in Silesia was given the parts of three Soviet T-34 tanks to study, with a view to starting production in Poland. The Russians did not provide either plans of the tanks or chemical and technical data.
4. The Fabryka Wyrobow Metalowych, on ul. Lakowa in Gdansk, makes lathes for the production of shells. Plans for these lathes which in Polish are popularly called "pociskowki" (projectile-makers) were drawn by the Wiepofana Tool and Machine Works in Poznan. The factory turns out 30 lathes per month.
5. The arms factory at Radom makes Soviet model rifles, PPSH and PSJ automatics, "panzerfausts" based on the original German model, and Mossin sport rifles. The prototype of the last of these was tested in June 1950 at the testing ground in Zielonka. Fifty rifles were tested, and were supposed to fire 15,000 rounds each. After 11,000 rounds the barrels were unusable.
6. The prewar explosives factory at Pionki (R 52/L 30) is producing large quantities of explosives for military and industrial purposes.

CLASSIFICATION ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ SECRET/CONTROL - U.S. OFFICIALS ONLY

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| STATE | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NAVY | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NSRB | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ARMY | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AIR | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FBI | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Document No. 2
 No Changes
 []
 []
 []
 5 0 1