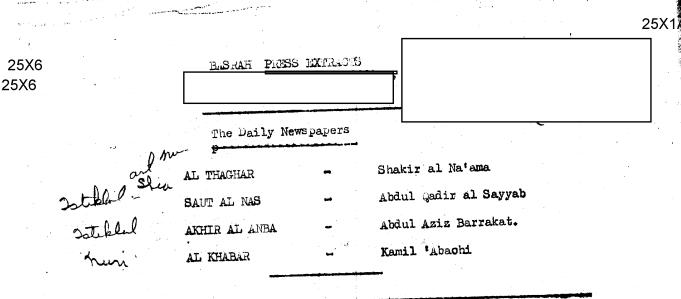
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Saturday 7th October 1950.

AL THAGHAR -

- 1. Publishes on the front page items of news about the meeting of U.N.C. the protest of Pakistan against the border incident caused by Afghan armed raiders, and the fighting in Korea.
- 2. Quotes excerpts from Baghdad papers of the talks of the Premier at a journalists' conference concerning the reform policy which his government means to pursue. Some of his declarations reveal that the projects he means to work upon, will abate unemployment and tend to ease the economic situation of the country. There will also be reform in the administrative machinery which will be of general benefit. The Basrah share of these reforms is to be a sum of ID.379,678, of which the sum of ID.356,678 will be used for municipal projects, and ID.23,000 for the administrative projects of the Liwa.

AKHIR AL ANBA -

- Publishes a leading article entitled" A tour of date packing stations by Salman Al Safwani on his recent visit to Basrah, in which he describes his visit to date packing stations belonging respectively to Messrs. Andrew Weir, Albert Asfar, and to Muhyi cheben Al Khedairi. He thinks most highly of the station of Albert Asfar, which he says is the best organized, the oldest, and the most lenient to the workmen. The workmen live in quarters specially built on the premises, either free of charge or at nominal rents. The writer calls attention to the nuisance caused these packing stations and to their immates by the clouds of dust coming from the adjoining grain sifting machines. This causes damage to the dates about to be packed and danger to the health of the workmen and others living at or near these seefs. The writer thinks that the wages given to work people at the date packing stations are low in proportion to the work turned out by them.
- 2. Among the projects to be undertaken in accordance with the Premier's development programme are the opening of new roads and the widening of existing ones such as those of Tanooma and Hartha; the metalling of 4 kilometres of the Qurna-Medayna road; the building of bridges over secondary channels; and the draining of pools-and marsh places at Basrah and Qurna.
- 3. The Ministry of Finance has agreed to bear half the expenses needed for dredging and deepening the Abul Khassib, Floos, Saynan, Mehejran, Sarraji and Kebasi canals. The Mallaks having properties on these canals had expressed willingness to bear the other half of the expense.

- The Bearch Chember of Commerce has nominated its Secretary, Haj Ibrahim Al Bachari, to represent it on the committee of the Directorate of Imports which is to meet at Baghdan for the purpose of classifying the new merchants applying for registration.
- 5. Publishes an article by its Qurna correspondent in which the writer gives warm praise to the Qaimmagam of that town for his endeavours with development work there.
- 6. The Basrah Branch of the Child welfare Association calls upon the public to contribute what clothing warm they can for needy children.
- In an article by Mahmood Al Habib entitled "Our schools and colleges threatened with paralysation", Iraq's as well as Egypt's Ministers of Education are praised. The first, for his endeavours to secure teachers from Egypt; and the second, for geoperating with him by having the request for teachers responded to.

AL KHABAR

- In the leading article the writer, Jwas Abdul Ameer Al Hashimi, says that demogratic rule and Party regulations in Britain, France, and America are worthy of all praise. He says that owing to the great freedom which every individual and the community enjoy there, the people as a whole live free and contented lives. Further, the surroundings in the countries are quite unfit for the seeds of communism to sprout up even with the presence there of Communist parties.
- 2. Our quena reporter says that while a lorry loaded with commodities liable to consumption tax was trying to flee from the Authorities, it was pursued by one of the collectors on a motor cycle. During the chase, the driver of the lorry took the opportunity of squeezing the motor Cycle and its rider against wall with the result that the collector was killed instantly.
- J. At a press interview in Baghdad the Fremier is reported to have told Journalists that it has been decided to establish a sanatorium at Amarah for surferers from tuberculosis. This hospital is to be fitted with all up to date appliances and designed on modern lines.
- Export of this season's dates amount, up to the end of September, to 22524 tons against 5722 for the same poriod last year.

Sunday Sth October 1950

AL THACHAR

- 1. Messages from Annan state that a treaty of friendship has been concluded between Jordan and Spain.
- Statistics made by the British Board of Trace about the purchases by Britain from Iraq during the first seven months of this year show that goods to the value of 5,291,7% have been traded which is two and a half million pounds in excess of the rigure for the same period last year.

SAUT AL NAS-

The leading article by Salman Al Safwani says that no sums spent by Tel-Aviv on the Pifth Column for Iraq, could have been of more service to them then the facilities opened for them by the government of Iraq. By allowing continuous batches of Jews to proceed to Palestine after discarding their nationality. These Jews furnish the Tel-Aviv Authorities with fresh information concerning the military, economic, and political conditions prevailing here. The article concludes with the statement that this period will blacken quite a few pages of Iraq's history. The next generation will remember bitterly and ourse those of the arabs and Moslems who have been "Judaised".

... 3 ...

2. Reports the news that Iraq is to sue the il Companies operating here in one of the London Courts, for its right share of dues from oil.

An article by the paper's local reporter says that he has made a tour of Bazaars in Basrah and found that food such as dates, cheese, and hipad lie exposed for sale, and that these are always covered with thousands of flies which render them unsafe for consumption. As for filthy and disgusting masses on the streets, these are without number.

The reporter further writes that on passing by the dispensary of Ashar, he found about 500 people waiting for treatment. He asks how this great number of people could be examined by one single physician. Moreover, he found the dispensary without the simplets and the most needed medicines and remedies.

4. Sayid Salman Al Safwani, proprietor of Al Yaqda left Basrah yesterday for Bashdad. He was seen off by with the deremony he merits for his struggle in the national interests.

- 6. The day before yesterday a motor bus slipped into Ashar Canal with the driver and fortunately only one passenger on board. They received only slight injuries.
- 6. Publishes the first section of the report made by the Education Department of Kuwait and which was distributed to members at the 2nd Congress of Arab Education which met at Alexandria this year. An account is given of the admirable efforts made by the Al Sabah Rulers in the field of educational uplift in that Emirate.

Behind the Iron Curtain.

The water question at Nuwait is a section of the curtain set around. The Zionist firm of Spinney's.

Al Muwait- our special correspondent:

7.

Among the matters that excite every Kuwaiti zealous for his country is the fact that Arabs who wish to visit the town are prevented from doing so. Permission can only be obtain through the British Consul who telegraphs to the Political Resident there for sanction for the entry of the person or persons wishing to proceed to Kuwait.

Many a time it had been desired to have Consulates of Kuwait in Iraq and of Iraq in Kuwait, but this desire could not be fulfilled owing to the "Iron Curtain" put up around that country which is plagued by its rulers. All Kuwaitis have been deprived the pleasure of seeing Salman Al Safwani, proprietor of Al Yaqua as well as that of meeting other prominent Arab personalities working in the Wield of Arab nationalism and Unity.

The question of Water.

Kuwait is bound with ties of brothembod and neighbourhood with Iraq from which it lies only at a short distance. Formerly of course it was a part of the province of Basrah. Yet today its population drink brackish vater, while the Shatt-el-Arab flows close by. Although a water supply project would not cost much and would pay good dividends to the government of Kuwait, such a vital scheme has not been taken up, and the reason for this is the "Iron Curtain set around that town. Hence water is now brought to the town in ships from far away places and costs as much as any high-priced commodity.

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The Zionist Wirm of Spinney's.

While an Iron Curtain is put between Kuwait and Arab countries and personalities, we find the doors open in Kuwait for the firm of Spinney'd which contracts with, and sells merchandise to the oil companies there and makes enormous profits thereby. Being Zionist in flesh and bone, this firm is free to sauggle Jewish property and persons out of the Arab countries, besides sauggling explosives. You might remember what I had written before about cases of explosives and the part played by this firm with regard to them. When then will this state of affairs be changed and arabs become masters of their own selves?.

Monday 9th October 1950.

AL TWGHIR -

1. Publishes the statements made by the Director-General of the Date Association at a Press Meeting about his tour in European countries at the head of his delegation. He says that the tour was crowned with success because he made known the products of this country to many Europeans. He believes that participation in exhibitions held in Murope will greatly benefit this country. His presence in Britain was useful as he was able, in cooperation with the Iraq Embassy and H.B. Nuri al Sa'aid and Diya Ja'afar to persuade the Foreign Office to use its good offices with the Ministry of Food, to have the ban on the import of Iraq dates into Britain lifted.

In reply to the Al Zaman newspaper of Bagadad which alleged that the Date Association had been active providing publicity for itself in this country, he said that the books of the Association are open for inspection, and that it would be seen that not a single fils has been spent of the Association's funds for this purpose.

as for the rumoured agreement for importing only North African dates into Britain H.R. said that trade is free in Britain and any commodities including dates from anywhere can be put on the markets there without any restrictions.

2. The Baghdad Al Sha'ab states that the numbers of Jews who have left-Iraq for Cyprus after discarding their nationality are as rollows:-

	Bagh dd	Bas rah
May	614	•
June	1752	
July	2 9 80	3 31
August	2) 20	532
September	2400	3 62
October (up to the 7th)	1114	
	11780	1225
Total 13005		

AKHIR AL ANBA-

- 1. In the leading article by AlS synt, the late Swelli Orlinet is criticised for aiding the Jews of Iraq and for Conlitating the solution of many of their problems in spite of the fact that the hostile disposition of the Jews towards this country is well known. He says that many of the Cabinet satellites were given scope to obtain passports for Jews against certain fees. Besides, officials and government servants had been discharged and others appointed in their places in order to have its plans executed without any hindrance. In conclusion the writer asks whether these persons ought to remain safe from the retribution they deserve for violating the true interests of their country.
- 2. Messages from Baghdad state that the Spanish Minister there is making

- 5 -

COMPANY SOMETHINGS OF THE PROPERTY OF THE SECOND SE

great endeavours to have trade between Iraq and Spain incressed. He suggests that Iraqi dates could be exchanged for cottons and cotton goods from Spain.

AL KHABAR-

- 1. Publishes no. second and concluding section of the leading article appearing in the previous issue and entitled "Surroundings favourable for the communism". The writer Jwad Abdul Ameer Al Hashimi, discusses here the effects of the Communist doctrine on democratic countries. He says that where large classes of people live in poverty and ignorance and the income of individuals is below standard, there will be found the soil for the growth of communism.
- 2. In the column for Individual Politics appears the statement that governments have the right to deprive their peoples of certain liberties and rights.
- 3. We learn that H.E. Al Sewaidi has waived his rights concerning his law-suit against al A'araji.
- 4. The Council of Ministers has agreed to bringing Dr. J. Calneer to Iraq. He is the technical adviser to the Egyptian Ministry of Commerce and Industry, and an expert in the silk industry. He will stay for a period of ten days, so as to study the possibilities of starting a silk industry in this country.
 - 5. Piers of reinforced concrete have been sunk into Hamdan Canal for the bridge that is to cross it. There will be a central span capable of being opened when necessary for the passage of water craft. A sum of 3000 dinars have been allocated for this work.
 - 6. The Authorities concerned have commissioned the Administration of the Agriculture Bank to take over from the Date Association the task of granting cash advances to mallake at a low rate of interest not exceeding 3%. 150,000 dinars have been reserved for this purpose.

Tuesday 10th October 1950

- 1. The Ministry of Social Affairs have transferred Dr. Mohammed Hasan Al Sa'adi (of Baghdad) and Dr. Mohammed Kadhim Al Hamdani (of the Middle Euphrates Hospital) to Basrah.
- 2. The paper gives its support to a campaign for measures to be taken by the Ministry of Education to deal with the problem of the enforced idleness of students due to lack of school space.

SAUT AL NAS-

1. In the leading article the writer, Salman Al Safwani, criticises the successive governments which have held power in this country. He labels them as unprogressive and even backward, because not only have they not started fresh and necessary construction and development, but they have neglected even to maintain in good order and repair that which is in existence. The writer reminds readers that the Basrah-Amarah-Kut-Baghdad railway line, the camps at Henaidi, Shuaiba, Safwan, and Um Qasir have all been in good order and useable but are all now been lying in Mains.

He mentions that on his last visit in 1941 to the Maud Lemorial Hospital, the grounds were covered with flowers and plants, but today nothing can be found round the hospital building but thorns, weeds, and insects. This inert and backward policy of the government has continued for so long that people have become used to it.

2. Messages indicate that at the latest session of the U.N.Q. America informed the Heads of the Arab delegations of the necessity of concluding peace Approved For Release 2003/10/22: CIA-RDP83-00415R006500210001-5

with land to statisting officers in the Middle 14 st.

Commenting on this news, the paper says that it is unfortunate that a power like the U.S.A. which plays an important role in many nations problems, should be blind to true standards of justice and ignore the rights of others when she believes that it is in her interests to do so.

- A few weeks ago the Abul Khassib Police laid hold of a Jew, in Arab dress, attempting to flee the country. He was brought before the Courts and has been sentenced to six months imprisonment.
- We are still receiving complaints from parents and guardians of boys and girls who have not been admitted to schools owing to overcrowding.
- We learn that the number of Basrah Jews whose nationality has been renounced amounts to about seven thousand, of which number only a small proportion has left the country.

Wednesday 11th October 1950

- Publishes the news that great political activity is noticeable in Cairo as a result of the meeting of Al Nahas Pasha with Sir Ralph Stephenson, the British Ambassador there.
- Publishes the names of new members of the administrative committee of the Amerah Chamber of Commerce who are as follows:-

Sadiq Moosa Ja'afar Hadi Haj Jassim Mohammed Saleh -Muhsan al-Hamahan. Sultan al-!Ars. Hamad al-Ali.

The Administration of European Recommic Co-operation in Lendon announces that 57 vehicles fitted with special equipment have been shipped to the Middle. East to help the British Authorities combat locusts there and in Africa. This is in accordance with the provisions of the Marshall Plan.

AMITIR AL ANBA-

- Publishes on the front page in bold letters news of fresh advances by South Koreans and of World payture of Wonsan Port; the continued advance of infantry and tanks north of 38th parallel; and of the greatest joined maneuvre of aerial defence ever held in pritain since the last world war.
- Three days ago the Police asserted Hamia Auda, a Sabian employee in the Teleghone Exchange, who was caught distributing Communist bills to Jews in which they re advised not to go to Palestine, but to remain here and work according to a Communist plan of sabotage and destruction. The search of his house revealed the existence of Communist bills for distribution.
- A person has been found murdered at Shatt-el-Arab Nahiya. The Police, after investigation, have identified the aurderers and further enquiries in the matter are going on.
- Publishes an article with the heading "Why does America refuse to lend a helping hand to the Arab East financially", in which it states that the cause for this is the fact that America believes that Arabs prefer a policy of economic

and successing shorteines on they are say in the matter of decembion with the Western Powers because and actions in the latter from the West means economic and political bondage to them. The writer concluss with the assertion that america is wrong in this estimate of the arabs and their ideas.

AL NHABAR -

- In the leading article the writer, Sayid Abdul Salam Al Manaseer, gives warm praise to the Director-General of the Date Association for the pains he took to make dates popular with European peoples.
- The central committee of the Al Itihaa Al Dastoori Party is expected to meet during the next few days when the date for the opening of its Basrah Branch will be fixed. 13.6. Al Sa'aid along with members of the central committee of the Party will attend the ceremony of the inauguration of the
- Salem Agha Ja'afar, Basrah Deputy, has, on behalf or students applying for admission to Secondary schools, telegraphed the quarters concerned requesting the opening of two new schools at Magil and Basrah.
- The Ministry of Education has sanctioned the request of the Teachers Association to open two Intermediate schools, one at Qurna and the other at Abul-Khassib, and also a Primary school at Zubeir:

Thursday 12th October 1950.

1. The following headings in bold type appear on the front page over various items of news:-

*The Moslems and the Kashmir problem".

"Rebels growing word effective in Indo-China".

" News of the fighting in Korea".

" America reinforcements for Western Germany".

- The number of patients applying for treatment at the Dispensary of the Child Welfare Association during September amounted to 234 males and 306 females. The Association distributed during the same month 300 kilos of fresh 3.
- Publishes a list of price ruling in Besrah for week ending 7.10.1950 :

```
Ajiba Wheat
                            ID. 28/000 per ton
 Iragi "
 Cleaned barley
                               24/000 n
                            " 20/500 "
 Dukhun (millet)
                            " 17/500 "
" 15/000 "
Indian corn.
                            " 30/000 "
Clean rice of
 ambar Hish-Khab
                          " 75/000 "
" 45/000 "
Clean shital rice.
Cleaned Nataima rice
                           " 45/000 "
Ordinary flour
                           18
                               2/400 Per Beg of 88 bilos
Cnushed lentils (Adas)
                           " 46/666 per ton
Chiefs Tens (Tramas)
and because
 (Bagilla).
                           " 26/666
Dry Fesuliya bean
                          " 30/000 "
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ID. 46/666 per ton
Dry haricot bean. (Lubya)
                                  70/000 " "
Sesame secds.
Ghee Dehen or
(rectified butter)
                                " 33/000 per Maund.
                               " 330/000 per ton
Iraqi wool (Unwashed)
                               " 250/000 "
Hilasa wool ( washed)
                               " 200/000 "
Dry cow hides.
                                # 300/000 #
Goats hair (unwashed)
                                   -/750 to -/900 fils per hugga.
Tea (Good quality)
                                  9/400 per bag.
White sugar
                                " 36/000 per Maund.
" 4/500 " "
Coffee.
Tamrind.
                               7 1/400 "
" 2/500 "
Karachi Charoccal
Yellow " anggi soap"
                                t.
Baghdadi soap.
                                  1/000 per case.
                                · If
                                   9/000 "
Shamash soap.
Gunny bags (blue line)
Gunny bags (red line)
                                " 47/000 per bale
                             # 55/000 #
# 55/000 #
                                               11
                                               ton-
Angle Iron.
Corrugated iron sheets
                             " 100/000 "
Plain galvanized iron sheets " 110/000 "
                               " 11/500 per Korja.
" 11/000 per ton.
Building wood.
Cement.
                              " 3/850 each.
" 4/850 each
" 2/720 per Misgal
Gold Turkish Lira. (Worth)
English Gold Sovereign
Pure Gold.
                                   _-/038 fils "
Silver.
                                " 38/000 per ton.
Gleaned Marfi rice.
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SAUT AL NAS-

- 1. The leading article by the editor, criticises the successive governments holding power in Iraq for their following stereotyped methods of administration which have given no benefit to the country. He also says the only changes which have taken place, are those of individuals in the governing body.
- 2. An article by Al Faris says that there is in this country a class of people whom the writer calls local imperialists whose sole aim is to work for their own private interests, even at the expense of the people if it suits them.
- 3. The paper calls the attention of the Authorities responsible to the perpetual state of filth in the meat market of Ashar and to the offensive smells continuely emanating from it.
- 4. Our local reporter ascribes the high prices of fish at present to an exporter who has permission to export fish to On-el-Khassasiff village. He exports a quantity many times more than that he has licence for.

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BASRAH POSS EXTRACTS

The Daily Newspaper's

AL THAGRAR

Shakir al Natama

AL KHABAR

Kamil "Abachi

SAUT AL NAS

Abdul Qadir al Sayrab

AKHIR AL AMBA

Abaul Aziz Barrakat.

Saturday 30th September 1950.

AL THAGHAR-

- 1. The Syrian Government has announced to the Iraqi Authorities concerned its intention to conclude a trade and economic treaty by which goods and products surplus in either country could be exchanged.
- 2. The Director of Secondary and Professional Education, had declared that, at the conference of Mutassarrifs under the Presidency of the Minister of Education Sayid Khalil Kanna, the question of Primary education was discussed, as well as the various was in which the individual Mutassarrifs could help to spread education among the populace.
- 3. Massages from London state that the Writish Delegation in the U.N.O. have presented a project for the future of Korea representing the Writish point of view. The scheme aims at finding ways and means by which peace and security can be reinstated.

AKHIR AL ANTA -

- 1. News of Korea appears on the front page under these prominent headings:-
 - "Formal celabrations in connection with handing over Scoul to the President of Southern Korea".
 - "General MacArthur and the President of Southern Korea exchange speeches".
 - "Isolation of Mortherners by closing ways of escape towards the North".
- 2. Publishes an article by "Abu-welld", entitled "The Nobel prize for peace", in which the writer enquires whether peace means the cutting of Palestine from the body-politic of the Arab articles, or whether it means the driving away of a million Arabs from their howeland and the seizure, by the Jews, of their possessions and properties, or whether it means the continued show of oppression of and aggression against the Arabs.
- 3 Salman Al Sarwani, proprietor of the Al Yaqda, is still meeting with welcome and hospitality from his friends here.
- An article by Mahanod Tabib expresses pleasure at the spread of sportsmanship in Bascah where there are now 3 Athletic Clubs. He has special praise for the Agir Athletic Club, the latest to be established, which includes many advocates among its members.

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5. A lengthy article by Mohammed Badr El-Deen Khalil, states that is unlawful to put communism on a sound footing by declaring a Jihad "Crusade", in order to realise the country's aspirations. He criticizes the sayings of the Egyptian Bandari Pasha, and the Syrian Al-Dawalibi, which are opposed to this principle.

The lying of the Trawler Zubaidi at the entrance of the dock of Mesers. Gray Mackenzie at Dockyard since her arrival, has raised several rumburs concerning her origin. Some said that she was an old vessel and compulsorily sold to the Traq government. To find out the truth, our local reporter, during the Feast holiday, seized the opportunity to go to the spot and investigate matter for himself. On arrival on board, he was courtecastly reserved by the Capt. (Sheers) who, after learning the purpose of the visit began to explain everything about the vessel which are of great interest. They are in brief as follows:

Says the Captain:

"This Trawler specially fitted for research purpose was built for the Iraqi Government at the Fleetlands shippard, Fareham of John Merris & Co. ?Gosport) Ltd., The craft which has been named the Zubaidy, is 90 ft. overall length, 20" 6" Beam, 12" 6" Moulded Depth, 10 ft. Draught and will have a speed of 8½ knots. It is to carry a scientist in addition to a complement of crew and fishermen of 26.

Preliminary surveys have indicated that white fish normally caught in the colder waters of the Atlantic frequent the Persian Gulf as well as tropical varieties. The Zubaidy will be equipped for line fishing as well as for trawling in case that should prove to be more affective for catching certain classes of fish. If the experience is generally successful a change in the diet of a predominantly agricultural country may be brought about and the present craft may prove to be the fore-runner of a number. The trawler has a Diesel engine of 180 h.p. She will be able to carry 50 tons of fish, and will have refrigerating plant for dealing with five tons of fish an hour."

The Captain added that he himself had seen the first bolt driven into the hull of the new-laid vessel.

In reply to the question of our reporter why she was waiting to be docked, the captain said that this was for the purpose of testing every engine and apparatus on board to be sure that every thing was in sound condition, because it was feared least anything had gone wrong ith any part of her due to the long journey of over 7000 miles from England to Basrah. They wished to hand her over to the government in sound condition. The reason of the long wait at the dock is that they were waiting for the arrival of the expert of the builer so as to give a severe test to every part of her at the time of her delivery to the Trag Government.

The expert has now actually arrived, and in our turn we now expect orders to be issued by the General Manager of the Agriculture Bank in Bughdad to have the Trawler tested in action.

Our representative has seen many interesting apparatuses along which is a radio-telephone with a range of 150 miles an appliance that registers depths of water, various automatic machines along which an automatic pump with a capacity of 5000 gallons of water per hour for washing the fish. The Trawler is, as the captain says, is the first trawler fitted with such machinary and appliances. The Capt. further states that during the 40 years of service he did in fishing he had never seen any trawler fitted with equipment such as that of the Zubaidi. He added saying that the ship would catch 50 tons of fish a day

which would be stored in a large tank on board equipped with recreger ting and other machinery worked by electricity. In reply to the statement that old inscription have been found on the ship but have been hidden by paint, the captain said that that was the name of the builders which had been painted as the vessel had become the property of the Iraqi Government.

Our reporter then thanked the captain for this information and bade him good-bye.

AL KMABAR -

- A triple agreement between Iraq, the International Health Board, and the International Funds for the Relief of Children, has been signed at Enghdad, for the purpose of fighting syphilitic diseases. The average number of cases to be treated annually is 70.000.
- 2. The Authorities concerned in Iraq have received a message from the Egyptian Ministry of Supplies intimating Egypt's desire to import 50000 tons of wheat over and above the quota alloted to her, as per the provisions of the International wheat a resment of 1950/51.
- 3. The Premier has discussed the question of metalling the main roads of Iraq with a foreign expert.

Sunday 1st October 1950.

AL THAGHAR -

- 1. Messages from Lake Success indicate that Mr. Trigve Lie is in receipt of a protest from Iraq against aggression by Israel against Jordan.
- 2. The following orders have been issued by the Acting Mutasarrif of Basish is connection with keeping hely the first ten days of the month of Muharram.
 - 1. All places of intertainment to be closed day and night.
 - 2. Liquor shops to close up at night only.
- 3. Radios and Gramaphones should not be used in public places except to broadcast readings from the Kuran, talks, and news.
- 4. Contravention will be punished as per article 125 of Baghdad Penal Code.

SAUT AL NAS-

- 1. In a leading article, the writer Salman Al Safwani, criticizes Arab youths for holding their own nationals in contempt owing to the defeat of the Arabs in Palestine. He further adds that these same youths used to have a totally different at itude which was that of trust and belief in the invulnerability of the Arabs. The writer concludes by saying that such youths should not remain hopless, for if they have lost the fight today, they may wan it tomorrow. The title to the article is "To the youths whose nerves have given way but whose tongues play frealy".
- 2. Measages from Tunis state that the Labour Leader there has threatened to stop all traffic of oil to the Ports and to put difficulties in the way of the export of all oils if the government does not take measures to protect consumers from the high prices of olive oil there.
- 3. Publishes an article quoted from an Egyptian paper originally written by an Egyptian volunteer in the Palestine war. The writer says that the reason for the defeat of the Arab expedition to Palestine was the fact that the Palestinians were not allowed to fight pide by side with the invading Arab forces.

This, the writer aspriles to the lack of confidence on the part of the Allied forces in the Palestanians proper, which was again, according to the writer, due espionage activities and to treason.

In an article mention is made of an open letter addressed by a teacher to the Director of Education here, in which the writer requests the Director to use his good offices in the matter of selecting the teaching staff of the night school established by the Teachers' Association. The reason given is that the selection of teachers for this school is made not without prejudice.

Publishes an invitation by the Al Istitlal Party to all heids of semalttees conserved with the Party, in order to attend a general meeting of the Party to be held on 6.10.50 to discuss matters and affairs related with the Party so that any decisions taken here will be ready for presentation at the general annual meeting for the Party be held on 20.10.1950 in Baghdad.

Publishes a list of price ruling in Bastah for week unding 21.9.1950.

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10. 26/000
 Ajiba Wheat
                                   21/000
                              , . H. .
Tragi
                              ....
Cleaned burley
                                   17/000
Dukhun (millet)
                              * 15 /000
 Indian corn.
                                    30/000
 Mash
                                    75/000
Clean rice of Ambar wish-Khab"
                                   45/000
Clean shital rice.
                                   42/500
 Cleaned Na aima rice
                                           per bag of 88 kilos
                                    3/200
Ordinary flour
                                           per ton-
                                    45/666
 Crushed Lintils (Adas)
                                    60/000
                                             11
 Chick-peas (Hummas)
                                             **
                                    26/166
 Dry broad beans. (Baqilla).
                                    80/000
 Dry Fasuliya bean
                                    46/666
 Dry haricot bean (Lubya)
                                    60/000
 Sesame sceds.
 Glice Dehen or (rectified
                                    33/300 per Maund
                   butter)
                                   380/000 per ton
 Tragi wool (Umashed)
                                   320/000
 Hilasa mool(washed)
                                   190/000 "
 Dry our hides.
 Gosts hair (unwished)
                                   280/000 "
                                    -/740 per bag
9/500 per bag.
34/500 per Maund.
4/900 " "
 Tea (Good quality)
 White sugar
  Coffee.
  Tank ind.
                                    1/650 * 2/000 *
  Karachi charccoal
  Yellow "Paggi soap"
                                     7/000 per case.
  Baghdadi soap.
                                     8/500 "
  Shamash soap.
                                   47/000 per bale
  Gunay bags (blue line)
                                    54/000 "
  Guimy bags (red line)
                                    45/000 per ton
  Angle Iron.
                                     90/000
  Coraugated iron sheets
  Plain galvanined iron sheets # 95/000 "
                                11
                                     10/000 per Korja.
  Building wood.
                                     11/000 per ton. 3/300 each.
  Cement.
  Gold Turkis Lira (worth)
                                      4/850 each.
  English gold Sovereign
                                      2/720 per Miscal
  Pure Gold
                                      -/028 fils "
  Silve.
                                     38/000 per ton.
  Cleaned Marfi rice.
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- 5 -

Wonday 2nd October 1950.

AL THAGILAR-

1. The first page has the rollowing items of news about Korea:

"Advance guards of Southern forces cross latitude 38".

"Premier of Communist China threatens to intervene in case south Koreans cross into Northern territory".

- 2. The Egoptian Foreign Ministry publishes a denial to rumours that Britan, the U.S.A., and Austrilia have agreed upon the evacuation by British forces of the Suez Canal Zone. The British Embassy at Cairo has likewise denied the truth of the rumour.
- The Public Relations Section, Basrah, on Friday last, handed over the Public Zubeir Library, which it occupied during recent years, to the former Administrative Committee of the library, and in the presence of the hadir of the habiyah. The said Section has presented the books, furniture and other fittings which it had supplied to the library to the said committee.
- h. Messages from London state that on Monday next the greatest Labour conference will be held in Britain, which will be attended by more than 15,000 representatives of various boards councited with the party in all Britain. The representatives speak for 6 million voters.

AKHIR AL ANDA-

- 1. Messages from Karachi state that a Russian Moslow refugee in Pakistan has stated that there are 12,000,000 Mosloms in Russia living uncasily, and that deliberate propaganda is continually being pressed by Russia niming at slighting religion.
- 2. The Ministry of Works and Communications has reserved 15 thousand dimars for the rebuilding of the Al Shafi steel bridge lying between Basrah and Amarah.
- 3. Yesterday afternoon there arrived here by air H.H. the Narab of Rampur accompanied by his wife. He has come on pilgrimage to the hely places in Iraq.
- 4. The Public Relations Office banded over the day before yesterday, the Public Library building to the former Adminstrative Committee in the presence of Madir Al Nahiyah. The Public Relations Office has gifted all the furniture, and the other equipment etc. Treely to the said library. And we learned that a new Administrative Committee will be elected for organizing the affairs of the library and as uning its educational and literary message.

AL KHADAR -

- 1. In the column for the topics publishes a statement by "K" in which he declares his support and approval of what the Date Association has done in closing down a date packing station belonging to a party having great incluence in this country. He praises the association for instating on its decision to close down the station condermed impulse of the indecayours made by certain diplomatic quarters to revise its decision. The is also glad that the issociation has closed another proving at the belonging to a person of wealth.
- 2. Publishes a statement purporting to be that of the spokesher of the B.P.C. about the docatation of larger board of the new oil pipe line from Zubeir to Fac. The said statement automaces that furing October sork will be started at Fac on the expection of 8 oil storage tanks each having a capacity of 19 tons. It is further declared that work on oil boring was started shoutly effore the late world war, and that work had to be stopped during the war because of the difficulty of obtaining dollar credit to purchase the needful machinery from

America. On the other hand British factories were then too busy producing carequipment to be able to supply the needed machinery and equipment. During the last 30 months the company have bored for oil to a total depth of 89.000 rest, and has paid the Iraq Government over 5 million dinars against obtaining the concessions for boring and producing of oil. Not having obtained encouraging results in the borings at Nehr Ouar, the company restricted its attention in the Zubeir desert. And now intends erecting numerous buildings at Factories in the core for the rorks and refineries, water supply, electricity supply, storage tanks, pusping machinery as well as for dwelling etc. It is expected that the company will have 2000 workson a ployed when the work reaches its peak. These would be in addition to the rerisant the will be employed by contractors working for the company.

Tuesday 3rd October 1950

AL THAGEAL -

News of the fighting in Koren takes the place of the leading article on the rirst page. The titles to these items of news are:

"South Koreans advance in northern territory".

"Will American forces go beyond latatude 38".

"Froblems of Libra and the differences between Berca and Egopt over boundaries".

- Reports that a Western German $T_{\rm P}$ ade Mission is to arrive in India to negotiate for trade.
- Reports that messages from Pakistan indicate that trade with India has again come to a standstill because of the explay of the period of the temporary agreement which had been concluded between them and has not yet been extended further.
- 4. Quotes" Al Zaman " for the news that shoutly negotiations will be started in London between the Traq government and the Oil Companies concerned for the settlement of what remains outstanding of Lyaq's demands.
- 5. The acting Minister of the Enterior has issued notifications relative to by-elections for vacant seats in the Lower House.

SAUT AL NAS -

- In the editorial entitled "who is responsible for the bad conditions prevailing", the writer states that the ansatisfactory situation of the country is the result of the monopolising of positions of authority in the country by certain statesmen since the inauguration of nationalist rule in the country. Yet, when they are not in power, these same statesmen shed tears at bad conditions prevailing. The writer expresses surprise that these statesmen should ascribe the bud conditions to negligence on the part of the people themselves.
- 2. The correspondent of the Near Last Endlo in Benghazi states that the American Consul there has annotated to the Berca government that his government does not support the request of Egypt remained and difficultion of the frontier. This statement is given under this prominent heading: "An imperilalist finguremeddes in purely Apub domestic arrairs. When will then the Arabs awake?".
- our local reporter learns that about 600 girl and boy students have been left to walk about the streets because the primary schools available are too crowded to receive them. Besides this about 200 male and female students have been left out of secondary schools for the same reason. The paper carnestly

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hopes that measures will be taken to prevent these students from readining idlo.

- Publishes what hid preared in the New York Herald Tribune that the Tap-line company has laid down 1047 wiles of pipe line and that the production of percoleum will be increased owing to the present international situations
- The an article the paper criticities the Montetry of Recordics for insisting upon the recovery of the deferred instalments due from callaks on account of the advances, which had been made to them. The instalments in que tion include the interest due on the sums advanced. The writer further says that it although the Fremier has declared he would follow a policy aiming at keeping the nation is good condition; it would be suppressing if he intervened in the interests of the mallak.
- the paper says that the Directorate of Fetts had said that they would take the larges of its workmen and compensate those the sustained losses by reason of the storms which blow up. few months ago. Tet up tedate nothing of the port his been done. Therefore, the writer expresses the hope that these points to realised.
- 7. Owing to the increased copulation of the Shatt-el-Turk area, it has been necessary for a nost office to be set up there.
- The paper states that most of the work on of the Port Directorate suffer from Trachona which is mostly due to the unretalled road of the workment quarters. It therefore urges that this road night be paved.

Tednesday 4th October 1950.

AL MARIA

In the leading article the writer, Abdul Amir Al Masimi, says that the democratic counties have done well to check the aggression of Worth Korea, and that their resistance to and repulse of the north Koreans will serve as a lesson to any State contemplating such aggressions

- 2. Measages from London state that Rill King Paisal II has resumed studies at Harrow School after having had a holiday of two months. H.M. told a correspondent that he is very anxious to see his relations and his people at home.
- Bittish paper which says that the dates in the markets of Britain come from Smyrma where they are packed in boxes by being pressed down with the feet of sem, and that they are sold in this add condition in the markets there. The Director of the Association them wrote to the editor of the said paper explaining to him the real case and showed him that Smyrma does not export dates but figs, and that most of the dates on the markets in Britain come from Erah where they are packed and pressed down by modern methods, and that pressed of dates by feat is structly prohibited. A reply from the editor has come in which the director of the Association is thanked for the information he had supplied and premised that this information would be published in next dasses.

KETE AL ANGA-

In an article by Salman Al Sarwani, the writer says that he has been in the habit of visiting Basrah every other year, and that during all those years he had never seen any development or improvements in the term. On the contrary maps the liter, he has seen nothing except damage and dissepair all round, which he ascribes to the neglect of Baladiyah. In support of this statement he makes as comparison between the city of Eastah and Magil which has an the pendent Baladiyah of its own.

- 2. Publishes a lengthy article in which the writer shows the effect of Red influence in Pakistan where it is causing quarrels and dissensions.
- 3. Publishes news coming in about the opening of the second Islamic Economic conference in Teheran. In this connection it learns that the Agha Khan has contributed sun for the establishment of an Islamic Economic College.
- A fall in the price of wool has taken place in the local market where it is selling at 270 dinars per ton of 'Arabi wool against 360 dinar per ton for the same quality at the end of the last month.
- 5. The New York Trade Journal states that the quantities of dates imported into the U.S.A. are relatively small, and that local dates are in great demand in the markets there.
- 6. In the foremoon the day before yesterday, a jet plane passed over through the sky of Basrah and landed at the aerodrome at Maqil. It made an unusually loud noise as it passed over which made many people enquire as to the cause. This is the first plane of its kind to fly over Basrah.
- 7. A rise in the price of tea has taken place in Colombo, ranging between one penny and threepence per pound.

AL TRACTAR :

News of the fighting in Korea appears on the front page under the following heading:

"Who orders south Koreans to march into north Korean territory?,

Our local reporter says that the Basrah Water and Electricity supply Authority has take over the scheme of Electricity and Mater Supply to Zubeir and that work on this scheme of electricity supply to Zubeir will shortly be finished. Henceforth the Basrah Electricity and Mater Supply Authority will be known under the name of the Electricity and Mater Supply Authority for Basrah Liwa.

Thursday 5th October 1950.

- The Political Committee of the General Assembly of the U.N.O. has voted by a majority of 42, the adoption of the scheme for the future of Korea presented by Britain and 7 other States.
- 2. A leader of the American Republican Party, Mr. Stason, has asked Stalin to grant him audience for the purpose of discussing autstanding differences between American and Russia.
- 3. Mr. Thomas Rob the new Head of the British Middle East Office, has left London for Cairo to assume his post.
- Ali Ghalib Gharib, Police Chief of Amarah has arrived in Baghdad from Holland where he studied Police Institutions and methods there.
- The Basrah Chamber of Commerce has decided to form a branch committee to lock into the agenda of the conference of Chambers of Commerce, Agribulture, and Industry which is to meet at Alexandria in January next.
- The Al Itihad Al-Dastoori newspaper reports that an Iraqi delegation is to proceed to London to discuss the question of oil concessions with the oil concessions with the oil concessions.
- 3. Sayid Abdul Amin Al Sa'adi, Advocate, has been given a licence by the Ministry of the Interior to publish a daily newspaper under the name of the "Al-Mirat".

Thursday 5th October 1550.

SAUT AL MAS-

. The leading article by Salman Al Safvand proprietor of the Al Maqda of Baghdad, is entitled "Tron soreens arround the Arab homeland which Russia does't know of". The writer says that not only Russia is screened by iron walls, but that the Exitish and the French follow the same methods with regard to the Arab countries. The only difference between these screens is that the Russian guard their own homeland, but those around the Arab countries have been erected by people not native to those lands. I wished to pay a flying visit to Kuwait after the Id Al Adha, and was told that I must have my passport visued by the British Consul, Basrah. This made me feel very sorry for it was painful to think that I could not move from one land to another we thout permission from foreign quarters. This is all the more striking since Kuwait had in the past been a district of the Vilayet of Dasrah. At the Consulate I was asked who and what I was, the reason for the fourney to Kuwait, whom I know there, and was asked for my pasapost. When my identity was known to them, they began to consult among themselves, then told me that a telegram must be sent to the British Resident there at my expense to obtain the necessary permit. I paid two dinars for the telegram and am remained several days waiting in vain because Kuwait lies in the region surrounded by iron walls erected the hated imperialistic policy of the Tritish. I visited Bahrein in 1934 and was told by a prominent personality there to return to Iraq without delay or else. I would be fined 3 thousand rupees. And when I was in Beirut in 1938 I wished to visit Palestine but was prevented by the British Authorities there. Therefore, I address the rulers of Kuwait and say:

How have you agreed to have the British speak for you and on your behalf in the agab States.

Now have you agreed that the British should represent you and speak in your make in your own country.

If the British have promised to protect Rusalt against any enemies, this does not mean that they whould prevent your cousin visiting your town.

Does the visit of an Arab like myself expose the (Shetkhdom) to danger and threaten public security?

- 2. In the column for short talks appears the following: If the Anglo-Saxons left the East alone, it would be able to enduct its own affairs very well. It would not be a prey to the averies of others. It would then remain a singer friend to the Anglo-Saxon if its relations were set on a sound basis by reasonable treaties.
- A petition has been presented by one of the merchant-packers of dates for permission to start a factory for extracting flour from Zahdi dates and from dates which unfit for the market (Maria) but up to now no decision has been taken.
- The paper publishes a denial to the news it had received from its local correspondent and which it had published in a previous issue, that Mohammed Sa'aid Abdul Wahid had threatened to close down his date packing station and to sue Mosers. Andrew Weir for any damages that might ensue if the company insisted on receiving dates classified into grades.
- 5. The Mitsarriffyah of Basrah has been advised that the slaughter houses here are to be supplied with modern apparatus for inflating carrasses slaughtered for human use.

- 10 -

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Publishes a list of price ruling in Basrah for week ending 30.9.1950.
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ID. 26/000 per ton
Ajiba Theat
Iraqi "
                                 21/000
Cleaned barley
                             **
                                 20/000
                           " 17/000
" 15/000
" 30/000
Dukhun (millet)
Indian corn.
Mash
Clean rice of
                            " 70/000
Ambar Mish-Khab
Clean shital rice.
                             " 1,5/000 "
Cleaned Na aima rice " 45/000 "
Ordinary flour " 3/100 mer
                             * 3/100 per bag of 88 kilos 46/666
Ordinary flour
Crushed lentils (Adas)
Chick-peas(Humnas)
                            60/000
Dry Ercad beans (Bagilla). 26/666
Dry Fasuliva bean 80/000
Dry Fasuliya bean
                                80/000
                                46/666
Dry haricot bean (Lubya) "
Sesame seeds.
                                 60/000
Chee Dehen or (rectified
                   butter) "
                             " 33/000 per Maund.
" 270/000 per ton.
240/000 " "
Iraqi wool (unvashed)
Hilasa wool (washed)
Dry com hides.
                             " 150/000 "
Goats hair. (unrashed)
                             * 270/000 *
Tea (Good quality)
                                 -/750 fils per hugga.
                        -//90 fils per m
9/400 per bag.
38/000 per Maurd.
4/750
1/400
2/500
7/000 per case.
9/000
White sugar
Coffee.
Tamuand.
Karachi charecoal
Yellow "Raggi soap"
Baghdadi soap.
Shamash soap.
Gunny bags (blue line) 47/000 per bales
Gunny bags (red line) 54/000
                            54/000
50/000
Angle Irons
                                             ton.
                             " 110/000
Corrugated iron sheets
Plain galvanized iron
                             " 120/000 "
           sheets.
                             " 10/500 per Korja.
Euilding wood.
Cement.
                                10/500 per ton.
                              " 3/850 each.
" 4/900 each.
" 2/750 per Misqal
-/026 fils "
Gold Turkish Lira. (worth) "
English Geld Sovereign
Pure Gold.
Silver.
Cleaned Marti rice.
                              " 35/000 per ton.
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25X6

BASKAH . Press EXTRACTS

The Daily Newspapers

AL THAGHAR

Shakir al Na'ama

AL MINBAR

Kamil 'Abachi

SAUT AL NAS

- Abdul Qadir Al Sayyab

ANTR AL A BA

Abdul Azis Barrakat.

Saturday 23th September 1950.

WHILK OF WHILE

1. The front page has all the news of the fighting in Korea under the following prominent headings:-

"Nouse to house fighting at Seoul" "8000 communists desperately defend town".

"U.N.O. forces enter Seoul in face of stout opposition".

- 2. A picture of H.M.S. "Warrior" appears on the first page, taken at the moment of her departure from Portsmouth for Korea.
- The authorities of the Port Club have gone a long way in the way of giving instruction about athletics and sportsmanship to the young men of this town. One of the means used for this purpose is the showing of cinema films having athletics and physical culture matters as their subjects. These are shown every Monday evening by the British Public Relations Section. The films show how far progressive countries have advanced in the field of physical culture.
- Publishes an article entitled "A Message to teachers" by Mahmood Al Habib, in which he says that the Administrative Board of the Teachers' Association has some knotty problems to solve. Among these is the question of the increase in the fees of teachers engaged in teaching at night schools from 300 fils to 350 for Intermediate classes, and from 350 to 400 fils for Secondary classes. The writer leans that some of the teachers have threatened to cease holding classes if this increased rate of fees is not paid them. He exhorts teachers not to deprive the night schools of the fruits of their talents for the sake of a paltry sum.
- 5. Publishes a list of names of players of the Port Club who are to go to Teheran to compete with football teams there. It has a few words of encouragements to the players and expresses wishes for their success.
- 6. Let week a consignment of oil pipes arrived. They have been transported to the base of the oil company operating at Kirkuk. The said pipes are to be for the pipe line being laid down to Benyas on the Mediterranean, to replace the old pipe line which runs to Haifa.

- 20 -

- 7. Sailing ships are arriving here almost duily to carry dutes, packed in bashets, to ports in India and elsewhere in the Bast.
- 8. The Trade Scoretary of the Indian Legation at Baghdad visited the Mutassarrif of Berah Liwa yesterday, and discussed local matters with him.
- 9. The Basrah Chamber of Commerce has nominated Maj Mohammed Al 'Ingeel to represent it on the Islamic Economic Conference which is to be held at Teheran next month.

Tuesday 26th September 1950.

SAUT AL MAS-

- 1. The leading article entitled "Thoughts inspired by the Id" by "Ain" states that there were times when Ids fell during happy days, when most of the people were content and comfortable. But in these latter times Ids have fallen during days of uncappiness and adversity caused for the most part by a certain number of people whose principles are to put their own private interests before anything else.
- 2. The following came to Basrah during the Id:-
- Sayid Ismael al Ghanim advocate, Baghdad
 Deputy, and member of the Migher committee of the Al Istiklal Party
- Sayid Salman Il Safwani, Proprietor of the Al Yaqda of Bayhdad, and member of the higher committee of the Al Istiklal Party.
- Sayid Qasim Hamoodi advocate, member of the higher committee of the Al Istiklal Party.
- Sayid Faisal Hassoon, Editor of the Al "Istiklal" of Baghdad.
- Sayid Zainal & Sayid Attar of Baghdad.
- 3. The Date Association has decided to close down the date packing station of Messrs. African and Mastern Co., for its breach of the provisions of the date monopoly contract. The paper hopes that this incident may not as a lesson to all those who intend to contravent the conditions of the said contract.
- Publishes the text of the statement issued by the Acting Director-General of the Date Association in which it is stated the present date season is going through a critical stage of its life owing to the small quantities of dates being packed in boxes and to the small number of boxes distributed to packers. The monopolist firm mas, on several occasions, notified the date Association of its intention to stand by the conditions of its contracts, expressing at the same time deep sympathy with the mallaks. The company wishes to have the assistance or mallaks and packers in certain directions, so as to tide it over difficulties temporarily in its way, and to have time to find fresh markets for the disposal of dates before the packing season is over. It has also declared that it will take delivery of all the Basrah area dates gradually. The statement further makes it clear that greed has stimulated certain palicers to make it a condition, for taking delivery of dates from mallaks, that they should either give up their dates at a price lower than that officially fixed, or to deduct a certain amount from the quantities received from the millians. The reason given for this action by poblers is that they have fewer boxes for packing and that Messrs. Andrew Woir are insisting of having dates of certain qualities alone for packing. The statement further says that in view of the many complaints received concerning the prices of the dates and the irregularity in taking delivery that the Association has a committee of mallaks to look into the causes of these complaints. The members of the said committee are:
 - 1. Hed Yesin Abdul Wehid
 - 2. Haj Abdul Gadir Hamdani
 - 3. Had Yacob al ha attog.

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The committee has authority to inspect the records of dates received at each packing station as well as so see sale agreements of such dates, and to give its opinion and recommunations concerning those uniters to the Association. The statement further calls upon all mallaks and date packers to give every facility possible to the committee in this task of theirs, but warms that it will treat severely any mallak who dares to gut the rights of other mallaks in Joopandy.

Wednesday 27th September 1950.

AL THACHLE-

- 1. A telegram received here states that the British Government has issued orders that all dates can be imported into Britain without any restrictions as from the beginning of next wouth. This has been due to the endeavours made by the Government and the Date Association with the British government.
- 2. The Mubassarrifs who attended the comference of Mutassarrifs under the Presidency of the Munister of the Interior have each now returned to his own liws. It is learned that the conference have prepared a programme embodying the needs of the various liws during the next six nonths which form the remaining period for which the Budget of the country is calculated. It has decided that the Mutassarrifs of liws are each to prepare a list of projects and developments needed by each live during the next three years.
- 3. The Council of Ministers has agreed to the particlestion of Iraq in the Interactional Oil Conference. Sayid Abdul Mazzaq Ibrahim, Director of Public works and Security, is to represent Iraq there.

Thursday 28th September 1950.

AL Traffing-

- 1. The day before yesterday, the Mutassarrif proceeded by air to Baghdad to meet the Minister of the Interior and to Lay before him the difficulties from which this town is suffering. He will stay for about ten days in the capital. The Rais Baladiyah has accompanied him on this trip.
- 2. The Near East Radio this morning announced that a communique issued at Damasous states that a number of civil and military officials have been arrested on the charge of high treason. Among these is Munir Al-injlani, Deputy for Damasous.
- 3. A message from Alexandria states that the 22nd of October next has been fixed as the day on which the Council of the Arab League is to nect.
- 4. Publishes the text of the talegram sent by the Minister of Defence, on behalf of the rank and file of the army, to H.M. the Ring and H.R.H. the Regent, congratulating them on the occasion of the Feast. The telegram expresses wishes for the speedy recovery of Her Majesty the Queen Mother. In reply, H.R.H. the Regent has sent a telegram of thanks to all concerned.

SAUT AL MAS-

1. The leading article by Salman Al Safwani is a commentary on the news received from Egypt that the Egyptian authorities have examined the residences of certain high civil and military officials for the purpose of finding clues to possible treason on the part the officials concerned, which led to the defeat of seven Arab states, having a population of 50 millions, in the Palestine war against Jewish bands picked out of a population not exceeding a million. The writer expresses the opinion that the disaster was not due to treason on the part of statesmen and politicians, but was accompanied by that of military officials as well.

- 4 -

2. The front page contains miscellaneous news some of which appears under these president headings:-

"Fighting continues in parts of Scoul".

"Maerican flag flies over government building in the town."

"American marines accupy Embassics and Legations of Allied powers".

"The North Atlantic Council decides to form a joint army",

- J. In an article the paper domments on the statement made lately by the acting Director-General of the Date Association. The paper says that there is nothing new revealed by the statement of the Director and that it presents no solution to the problem now facing multicks. The statement nerely advises that mallace should cooperate with the monopolist who will take dates gradually and by installements. This would still give scope to packers to demand low rates for dates which must be taken classified into several grades, which is, says the paper, contrary to the provisions of the monopoly contract. The writer further advises that the Date Association should separately as the British Government have now allowed the importation of dates, without any restrictions, into Britain.
- 4. Messages from Zubeir states that fighting has taken place between members of two tribes of Bedouins of the Southern desert with the result that several persons on both sides were wounded. The reason for the quarrel is the shortage of vater at the well at Raf'syiah from which both draw their supplies. The said well requires deepening and certain repairs and improvements which would not cost more than 500 dinars. The wounded were carried to Mospital by the Police after the fight was over.
- 5. The Date Association has issued instructions and regulations concerned with strict supervision of exporting dates of bad qualities. These instructions have been circulated to the branch committees of the Association in the various liws.
- 6. It is rearned that the Ministry of Justice is to issue shortly a list of names of judges whose services have been dispensed with.
- 7. The B.P.C. have discovered an oil well in a wood of "Hthel" trees in the Zubeir desert.
- 8. We learn that the oil company of Kuwait have imported machinary for converting salt water into fresh to supply the population of the town. This arrangement is a temporary measure, pending the conclusion of negotitions with the Iraqi authorities about drawing supplies of water for Kuwait from the Shatt-el-Arab.

AL Minbar -

- 1. Publishes an article entitled "Two great questions" by Abdul Salam Al Manaseir, in which the writer gives warm praise to H.E. Nuri Al Salaid for declaring that he would make the edministration popular with the people, and that he would work to raise the economic standards of the country.
- 2. It has been decided that Iraq should join the International Canal and Irrigation Organisation which the government of India is to establish. The quarters of more have earmarked 400 dinars so that Iraq may participate.
- 3. The Ministry of Education has sanctioned the entry of 30 girl students of the Southern Area into the Alementary School Teachers' Training College at Amarah.

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DAILY REVIEW

Of the

BAGHDAD PRESS

Embassy of the U.S.A.

Baturday, October 14,1950

* * * * * * * * * *

Said Pasha Al-Mufti has completed the task of selecting the members of the new Jordan government. The list has been approved by King Abdulla and it will be released on Sunday, October 15, 1950. (Az-Zaman)

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The Arab League Council will convene on October 22. Its agenda includes 8 items; among them, the report of the Secretariat about developments since the last session.(Az-Zaman)

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The plan of granting 600 donums to the family of Saad Saleh has been submitted to the Council of Ministers for Approval. (Az-Zaman)

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Amin Al-Mumayiz, DG of the Arab Division, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, returned in Baghdad from Lebanon. (Az-Zaman)

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Najib Ar-Rawi, Iraq Minister in Cairo, will be leaving for his post the next two days. He will carry a memorandum to the Egyptian authorities embodying Premier Nuri As-Said's views on current Arab problems.

It was learned that Nuri As-Said wishes to lead the Iraqi delegation to the Arab Le gue meeting to be held after the Arab delegations and Azzam Pasha return from Lake Success. (Al-Akhbar)

E N D

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	of	the			
P.A	G H D	A D	Р	R	E

Embassy of the U.S.A. Baghdad, Iraq.

Sunday, October 15, 1950 Monday, October 16, 1950

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KING ABDULLA TO VISIT BAGHDAD.

According to the Sharq Al-Adna Radio, King Abdulla will pay a week-long visit to Baghdad, beginning next Saturday, October 21, on the occasion of the Royal Family's return.

(Al-Istiglal. 10/16)

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KING FARUK'S SOJOURN IN SYRIA OFFICIALLY DENIED.

The Egyptian Legation in Baghdad reports to have received an official denial of the story that the Egyptian Minister of Trade went to Damascus to arrange King Faruk's sojourn. The story is branded as "purely fanciful." (Al-Istiqlal. 10/16)

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ARABS TO END STATE OF WAR WITH GERMANY.

According to a Damascus report, the U.S., British and French representatives in the Syrian capital have approached the government to end the state of war with West Germany. The Syrian Foreign Office will contact the other Arab states for information and for reaching a joint decision. In Lebanon, the British and the American representatives have approached the Lebanese government also. (Al-Istiqlal. 10/16)

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OIL DELEGATION.

According to Az-Zaman (10/16), the oil delegation has postponed its trip to London until next Monday, October 23, for completing the examination of the problem and for selecting the two members to attend Oil DG Nadim Al-Pachachi.

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MUZAHIM AL-PACHACHI EXPECTED HERE NEXT FRIDAY.

Ex-Premier Muzahim Al-Pachahei is expected in Baghdad next Friday, October 20, after a five-month peregrination.

(Az-Zaman. 10/16)

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RAVE IND HASRI LEAVE FOR CAIRO.

Najib Ar-Rawi, Minister in Cairo, departed to take up his post after several days of consultations in Baghdad.

On board of the same plane, was Sate! Al-Hasri, who was leaving for Cairo en route to Tunis, (Al-Nabaa. 10/16)

Az-Zaman (10/16) reports that Sate' Al-Hasri has applied for the Traqi nationality of which he was stripped some nine years ago.

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BY-ELECTION AT KOYSENJEO.

The Ministry of Interior announced by-election at the Koysenjeq district on November 26, 1950, as on June 10 electors failed to constitute the necessary quorum. (Al-Nabaa. 10/15)

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MEETING TO DISCUSS POINT IV PROGRAM.

Al-Ittihad Ad-Dasturi (10/16) reports:

"This morning, at 9:00 a.m., the official committee, charged with examining technical aid to Iraq under President Truman's Point IV Program of assistance to underdeveloped areas, will confer at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs in the light of the memorandum submitted by Mr. Allen, of the American Embassy in Baghdad, who attended one of its latest meetings.

"The Ministry of Foreign Affairs advised the appropriate persons of the meeting. It is stated that Mr. Allen was summoned to the committee's meeting at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs on October 5 and after conferring with Darwish Al-Haidari, the DG of Agriculture, and Bahir Faiq, the DG of the Economic Department, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, it was decided that Mr. Allen will submit a memorandum about the Point IV Program to be examined at today's meeting.

is composed of Dr. Abdul Hadi Al-Pachachi, DG of Social Affairs, Abdul Jabbar Chalabi, DG of Works and Communications, Dr. Nadim Al-Pachachi, DG of Oil and acting DG of Economics, Nadhem Az-Zahawi, DG of Imports, and Bahir Faiq, DG of the Economic Department, Ministry of Foreign Appropred For, Release 2003/10/22: CIA-RDP83-00415R006500210001-5

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REPORTED COTTON EXPORT BAN DRAWS PRESS COMMENTS.

The DG of Propaganda issued the following official

"Rumors in the local press that the Government considers the ban of cotton exports are unfounded." (Az-Zaman. 10/16)

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In <u>Liwa Al-Istiqual</u> (10/15), Faiq As-Samerrai wrote an editorial dencouncing the government's intention of banning cotton exports.

Az-Zaman, says As-Samerrai, reported that to examine the measure a committee was formed under Abdul Wahab Merjan, Minister of Works and Communications and acting Minister of Finance, of Imports DG Nadhem Az-Zahawi, Industrial Bank DG Abdul Ghani Ad-Dalli, Industry DG Shit Na'man, and the Manager of the Cotton Spinning and Weaving Company. The story sent down cotton price from ID. 92 to ID. 85 per ton.

It is meant, he says, to afford the Cotton Spinning and Weaving Company favorable prices as abroad a sharp price rise is recorded, because of shortage in the U.S. and relatively small crops in India and Pakistan. Indeed, such an action on the part of the government denies cotton growers and dealers of a good opportunity. Moreover, it places exporters who concluded deals with businessmen abroad in a very difficult position.

Indeed, this year's 50,000-bale production exceeds local needs which amount to 12,000 bales.

Faiq is-Samerrai concludes by warning the government against the danger of manipulating trade.

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Sada Al-Ahali (10/16) says that world prices afford good propects to cotton growers and will encourage this type of agriculture. But, the ban on cotton exports on the ground of ensuring local consumption will prevent the surplus from being exported. The solution which the paper proposes is that the good quality be exported and a lower grade be imported as it is adequate to making brown sheeting.

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Ash-Shaab (10/17) deems that the government has well done to deny the rumor of cotton export ban, because rising world prices offer a good prospect. This year's production is estimated at 40,000 bales, which represent a sum of ID. 2,500,000. The Iraqi cotton is of excellent quality. Farmers are swtiching from tobacco and fruit trees to cotton, because the latter is more remunerative. CIARDPS 00415R00650621000 to cotton cultivation in Iraq.

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LIBYA.

Commenting on the UN deliberation on Libya, Al-Yaqdha says that the "Anglo-American conspiracy" has been unveiled. The Arab states have to adopt a "firm stand" in order to benefit of the available opportunity and to induce the UN to realize genuine unity and independence of Libya.

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"It is the duty of the Arab states' delegates to the UN," says <u>Sada Al-Ahali</u> (19/15) in connection with the Libyan case, "to draw its attention to the present conditions in Libya. These conditions foretell that Britain and France, seconded by the U.S. and the UN High-Commissioner, are endeavoring to undermine the UN decision and to prevent by every possible means a genuine unitary and independence state to be set up in Libya."

According to the paper, the maneuver consists in engineering a shadow federal government so that Britain and France will preserve their respective control over Cyrenaica and Fezzan.

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SHORT NELS.

The Ministry of Education has agreed to open a secondary school of commerce at Hilla. (Sada Al-Ahali. 10/16)

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Fuad Al-Bir, Asst DG of Post and Telegraph, has been made Inspector General of Post and Telegraph. (Al-Ittiahd Ad-Dasturi.1015)

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DAILYEREVIEW

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BAGHDAD PRE

Embassy of the U.S.A. Baghdad, Iraq.

Tuesday, October 17, 1950.

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KING ABDULLA EXPECTED IN BAGHDED

Preparations are under way to receive King Abdulla due in Baghdad next Saturday, October 21. He will stay, it is understood, at the "Gasr El-Harthiya". (Az-Zaman)

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IRAO TO SIGN COMMON DEFENSE TREATY, asserts Najib Ar-Rawi.

Iraq Minister in Cairo Najib Ar-Rawi told the Sharq Al-Adna Radio correspondent in the Egyptian capital that during his consultations in Baghdad he conferred over Egypto-Iraqi relations, the Palestine question, the economic boycott of Israel, and the Arab Common Defense Treaty. The treaty, he asserted, will "undoubtedly" be signed by Iraq. He disclosed that Iraq had received reports of Arab-made products in Israel; he added that it is necessary to take effective action to prevent it. (Az-Zaman)

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OIL DELEGATION.

The oil delegation to leave for London next week has been formed of Dr. Madim Al-Pachachi as Chairman, of Judge Prichard and Sabih Mumtaz Ad-Daftari as members, and of Rashid Rauf, Superintendent of Economics, as Secretary. The Council of Ministers selected the Chairman and Judge Prichard, leaving the choice of another member to the Prime Minister. (Liwa Al-Istiglal)

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SECTARIANISM TO BE PUNISHED AS CRIME.

Sectarianism is to be placed on equal footing with Communism and Zionism. The government forwarded to the Codification Department a draft amendment of the Supplement No. 51 of 1938 to the Penal Code for inserting the word "sectarianism" after "Communism" in para 1 of Article 1 of the said supplement. (Liwa Al-Istiglal)

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TRIBAL COURT OF REVISION.

A tribal court of revision is to be created at the Ministry of Interior. The government has drafted an amendment of the Approved For Release 2003/10/22; CIA-RDP83-00415R006500210001-5 the members the number of Asst DG of Tribes to three to Constitute the members

Approved For Release 2003/10/22: CIA-RDP83-00415R006500210001-5 of the proposed court. (Liwa Al-Istiqlal)

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EDITORIAL COMMENTS.

Sada Al-Lhali says that the talk about the economic boycott of Israel is renewed following the statement made by the Pakistan Minister of Finance in his capacity of Chairman of the Islamic economic conference at Tehran. The Arab states, says the paper have to prevent any kind of smuggling of Arab-produced foodstuffs or their re-export from urkey and yprus. The economic boycott has a double purpose; the immediate one is to force Israel to cease its acts of aggression, and the long-range one, to throttle it by all means.

Commenting on Vishinsky's peace campaign, Al-Nazir says, t"It is obvious that the Soviet Union's peace maneuvers stem from cowardice and fear; it cannot arise form a genuine desire for peace. Should it complete its armament program, peace will have no respectful meaning for it."

Speaking of the international situation and the possibility of a thrid world war, kl-Nabaa says that the big question is, What the Kremlin will do? The U.S. and the nations in its camp are preparing themselves to meet any eventuality. Some say that Russia will not fight a direct war but will resort to Korean campaigns. Others say that she has armed superiority but she is deterred by the atomic power of the United States.

Al-Ittihad Ad-Dasturi brands as "Zionist-inspired" the press reports about inter- rab misunderstanding which induced Iraq, Syria and Lebanon not to support Egypt's candidature to the UN Economic and Social Council. The denial was given by the Egyptian Minister of forei n Minister himself who stated that all the Arab delegations backed Egypt and displayed unity of action and of purpose.

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SHORT NEWS.

At its October 11 meeting, the Council of Ministers denationalized 2,534 Jewish applicants. (Al-Umma)

The Iraqi committee charged with the Point IV aid program convened at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs to consider the technicapproved For Release 2003/10/22nt CIA-ROP83-00415-R006500210001-5 of the memorandum submitted by Mr. Allen, of the American Embassy in Baghdad, (Ash-Shaab)

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In an interview, Iraqi Airways Mahager Sabah As-Said disclosed that his air service has secured the permission to cyllide on a line to Cyprus, Istanbul, Greece and Geneva.

About the transportation of denationalized Jews, he said, "It should have been entrusted to the Iraqi Airways from the beginning, as it is a governmental organization. But, I am still ready to undertake the job if the government wants me to do it." He added, "The Iraqi Airways can handle it on a larger scale than it is being done now." (Az-Zaman)

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Between 20 and 40 Turkish teachers and students will visit Iraq next February. (Al-Ittihad Ad-Dasturi)

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The Iraq Academy was asked by the Ministry of Education to submit its views on the draft international copyright convention proposed by UNESCO to member nations. (Al-Ittihad Ad-Dasturi)

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The Telephone Department will have available 3,000 additional numbers on the Baghdad Switchboard when the works under way for enlarging it will be completed. (Al-Umma)

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The Arab League Secretariat has requested member states to nominate their representatives on the Arab Court of Justice for submission to the Arab League Council at its next meeting. The Iraqi government will make its choice very soon. (Al-mma)

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The Ministry of Social Affairs plans to build up an hospital for nervous diseases at a cost of ID. 100,000, at Abu Ghereib. (Al-Hatif)

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BAGHDAD PR

Embassy of the U.S.A. Baghdad, Iraq.

Wedensday, Uctober 18, 1950

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MORE ARRESTS IN SYRIA.

According to Reuter, the military police arrested Ahmed Ash-Sharbati, former Defense Minister, Amin Ruweiha, prominent Syrian personality, Hussein Towfiq, would-be murderer of Amin Othman Pasha, and Abdulla Atfa, Defense Minister of Hosni Az-Zayim regime.

According to the Sharq Al-Adna correspondent in Damascus, these arrests are connected with the attempt made against Col. Shishakly's life. (Al-Alam Al-Arabi)

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OPPOSITION IN EGYPT AIRS RESENTMENT.

Following the arms scandal in Egypt, the opposition parties have petitioned the King that all its authors should be exiled from public life.

The King is arriving today in Alexandria. The opposition parties mean to submit a new petition warning him that the people have lost patience and unless tackled the situation will lead to a national outburst. (Liwa Al-Istiqlal)

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REGENT TO VISIT PAKISTAN NEXT JANUARY.

According to Sharq Al-Adna radio correspondent in Karachi, Iraq Regent Emir Abdul Ilah will pay a 10-day state visit to Pakistan during the last week of next January. The reception program includes a tour of Peshawar and of the Afghan- akistan borders. (Az-Zaman)

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HASHEM AL-HILLI'S VIEWS ON THE ACHESON PALN.

In a personal letter to Abdul Majid Mahmud, DG of the Agricultural Bank and President of the Arab Renaissance Club, Hashem Al-Hilli remarks that Lebanon withdrew her candidature to the Security Council "although it was in a "stronger position" than Turkey.

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Speaking of the Acheson plan for amending the UN charter, Al-Hilli observes, "It means that the Security Council will be stripped of its authority and will be supplanted by the General Assembly as the executive body, in violation of Articles 10, 12 and 15 of the Charter. (Az-Zaman)

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DEVELOPMENT BOARD.

After having selected the Iraqi members of the Development Board, the Council of Ministers decided the salary to be granted to every member; it will amount to ID. 2,500 per arnum.

As for the selection of the foreign members, it is still under consideration. (Al-Umma)

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OIL DELEGATION.

The four-man oil delegation is to leave for London next Monday, October 23. The Council of Ministers has provided it with its instructions and has instructed the Ministry of Finance to open a credit of ID. 6,000 to be placed at the disposal of the delegation chairman to meet judicial fees. (Al-Umma)

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IRAQ SIGNS UNESCO AGREEMENT OF AID.

Education Minister Khalil Kanna signed a technical agreement with UNESCO on behalf of Iraq. Under it, Iraq will get the services of three experts. (Al-Umma)

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ANTI-VENERAL CAMPAGIN.

The campaign to be launched against veneral diseases under Dr. Hudson, of WHO, will begin early next month. The Ministry of Social Affairs cabled to the WHO Bureau in Cairo asking for two assistants to Dr. Hudson. (Al-Umma)

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SEVERER ECONOMIC BLOCKADE OF ISRAEL.

According to a Reuter message from Baghdad broadcast by Sharq Al-Adna Radio, Iraq has forwarded to the other Arab governments a plan for severer economic blockade of Israel. A government spokesman said, "Iraq is convinced that economic blockade is the most effective weapon against Israel, especially regarding foodstuffs and sheeting." (Al-Umma)

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COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES.

Hamid Oda, telephone oper to at Ashar, Basra, was arrested on October 8, while distributing Communist leaflets. When his house was searched, 500 old and new Communist leaflets were found, and the "Qaida", organ of the underground Communist Party. (Al-Yaqdha)

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A Communist cell has been cracked down at the AUB, says an ANA message from Beirut. Four of the detainees are Iraqi. (Al-Yaqdha)

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NO GOVERNMENT PROGRAM BEFORE INAUGURATION OF PARLIAMENT.

The present government has no intention of releasing a program. It has been substituted by the Prime Minister's statements to the press for the time being. However, its program will be embodied in the Speech from the Throne to be delivered on inaugurating the new session of parliament on December 1.

Some bills submitted to parliament will be withdrawn in order to effect some "fundamental" changes. However, the authorities refused to say anything about the new press law and the new emergencies law, remarking that their fate will be made kn n in the government program. (Al-Istiqlal)

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SHORT NEWS.

Lately, the Council of Ministers denationalized 2,534 Jews. They include persons from Mosul, Diwaniya, Diyala, Sulaimaniya, Amara, Kut and Baghdad. (Az-Zaman)

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Mohammed Mahdi Aj-Jawahery means to return to journalism. He has applied for a license to the Ministry of Interior. His paper will be called "Al-Balad" (The Country). (Az-Zaman)

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Censorship has prohibited the film "Viva Villa", as having provocative scenes inconsistent with the country's present situation. (Az-Zaman)

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Abdul Razzak Ibrahim, DG of SocialSecurity, will represent Iraq at the oil conference in Geneva. (Liwa Al-Istiqlal)

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Three pharmacists have been given UN grants for nutrition studies in Egypt. (Liwa Al-Istiqlal)

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The government has allocated ID. 360,000 to buy medicines and drugs to be stored for emergencies only. In addition, it has allocated ID. 225,000 to expand the other government drug stores. (Liwa Al-Istiglal)

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Overtures were made to Egyptian and other medical laboratories for setting up branches in Iraq; they were provided with data on the cost of raw materials available in Iraq. (Liwa Al-Istiglal)

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EDITORIAL COMMENTS.

Commenting on the military operations in Indo-China, Al-Alam Al-Arabi calls it "the direct war" borrowing the epithet from the French Communist Party. The defeat inflicted on the French troops have drawn the world's attention. The French government is seeking American aid to restore its control of the situation. MacArthur believes that Communists are looking to a compessation for Korea. The French Communist Party wants its immediate end, The French Socialist Party suggests that the case be referred to the UN.

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Arabs cannot act like ostriches by blinding themselves to the menace, says Al-Akhbar. They have to choose between the two camps. This need is emphasized by the report of an East Mediterranean Pact. Of course, alliance with the Soviet Union is out of question because of ideological divergence. As for the West, the Arabs have to settle their many problems before siding with it this time too.

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Speaking of the case to be instated by the oil delegation against the IPC before a British court, Al-Isticlal is confident that Iraq will win its case because it is based on the fraud argument.

The oil delegation should choose an able lawyer who would be convinced of the justness of 'raq's case and who would be immune to the oil companies' coax. Moreover, Premier Nuri As-Said should use his influence with his many British friends to ensure the successful outcome of the case which is so vital to Iraq.