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1. Park in Reykjavik. The two buildings on the left belong to the University of Reykjavik and the large building on the right is the museum.
2. Hotel Skjaldbreio.
3. Post card photograph of the Great Geysir, supposedly the world's largest, located about 75 miles east of Reykjavik.
4. Post card photograph of typical old farm.
5. Post card aerial view of Reykjavik.
6. Post card view of interior of Iceland showing volcano in the distance.
7. Post card photograph of the Hot Wells near the Great Geysir.
8. Post card photograph of the Mountain of Snow.
9. Colored post card view of Thingvellir, the original outdoor parliament site.
10. Oxararfoss in winter.
11. Post card photograph of the mountain across the bay from Reykjavik.
12. Post card photograph of Skogafoss.
13. Post card photograph of heavy weather in the bay, Reykjavik.
14. Another post card photograph of Thingvellir.
15. No photograph.
16. Photograph looking into a boiling sulphur well.
17. Photograph of a steam hole that was capped in 1946 outside of Reykjavik. It is estimated that 7500 h.p. of steam has been constantly flowing for seven years through a 10-inch release exhaust pipe.
18. Photograph of (fnu) Johnsson (on left in center of photograph), President of the Sogsvirkjunin Power Company, Reykjavik.
19. Country scene showing the main road from Reykjavik to Gullfoss. Note that it is a single-lane, dirt road.
20. Downstream view of the Sogs River looking upstream toward the Kistufoss hydroelectric power station, 35 miles from Reykjavik.
21. Photograph of a salmon stream in the center of Iceland.

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22. Photograph of the 15,000 KVA transformer installed in the hydroelectric station in Reykjavik. The unit in the center is the heat exchanger for drying unit.
23. Photograph of a typical farm food storage dugout including photograph of farmer and his family.
24. Main building of the University of Reykjavik.
25. The heat exchanger unit disassembled from a 15,000 KVA transformer.
26. Photograph of fishermen preparing nets at the fishing dock in Reykjavik.
27. Photograph of the port of Reykjavik.
28. Another photograph, closer up, of the University of Reykjavik main building.
29. Photograph of the Hotel Borg, best hotel in Reykjavik located very close to the capital of Iceland.
30. Photograph of fishing vessels in the harbor at Reykjavik.
31. Experimental greenhouse located about 30 miles east of Reykjavik. All of the heat for this greenhouse is obtained from natural steam.
32. View of the tail race at the underground hydroelectric power station at Irafoss.
33. A 10,000 KVA transformer installed in the rear of the thermal power station in Reykjavik.
34. A front view of the thermal power station in Reykjavik.
35. Photograph of the transmission towers used in carrying power from Kistufoss and Irafoss hydroelectric power stations to Reykjavik. These transmission towers were manufactured in the UK. 199 had been installed and they carry 138,000 volts in a single three-phase line.
36. Photograph of two-5,000 KVA substation transformer units that were installed in the western part of Reykjavik off of Grimmell station. The two people in the photograph are an engineer of the power company and his helper.
37. Photograph of a fish drying plant in Reykjavik.

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38. Another close-up photograph of the fish drying plant showing the fish under the canvas. The fish look like cod but are not cod and I do not know the name of them.
39. Fishing schooners tied up in the harbor at Reykjavik.
40. Post card photograph showing the park and lake in Reykjavik with the university buildings in the background. This park is located between the city airport and the main part of the city.
41. Photograph showing a 10,000 KVA transformer unit in back of the thermal power station in Reykjavik being moved by trucks. It is interesting to note that guy lines are attached to both the top and bottom of the unit to two different trucks.
- 42.) These photographs were taken at the dedication of the new Irafoss
- 43.) underground hydroelectric plant located about 31 miles east and upriver from Reykjavik. The President of Iceland can be seen in photograph number 42 standing in front of doorway looking toward the camera. In number 43, the President of Iceland is in his car. In the background of photograph number 43 is seen a 4,000 KVA transformer which is an old unit.
44. Seine nets across Sogs River to catch female salmon. This is a government project in which roe is milked from the female salmon for the hatcheries and the salmon are then put back in the river.
45. Photograph of the two oil storage tanks for the thermal station located in back of the station on the main road from Reykjavik to the east coast of Iceland.
46. Photograph of the new hospital under construction in the eastern part of Reykjavik.
47. Two-25,000 KVA transformers installed at the new hydroelectric power station in Reykjavik.
48. New combination freighter and passenger steamer owned by Iceland in Reykjavik harbor.
49. Photograph of the "Lagarfoss" tied up to the dock in Reykjavik harbor. Note the emblem on the bow which resembles a swastika. It is legend in Iceland that Hitler tried to buy this monogram from Iceland and was refused. He consequently stole the emblem and developed the swastika in which the tips turn the other way.
50. Street scene in Reykjavik. This is one of the streets from the main part of town to the Reykjavik power station.

51. Close-up photograph of a fishing vessel tied up at the dock in Reykjavik harbor.
52. Photograph of John Gudjohnsson (in dark suit on left), Division Superintendent and Assistant to the President of the Sogsvirkjunin Power Company. The person in the center (fourth from the left) is an Icelandic engineer who was trained in the US. I do not remember his name.
53. Photograph of the shack built around the 10,000 KVA transformer in back of the hydroelectric station to protect it from the elements while it was being dried out after installation.
54. Front view of the shack referred to in photograph number 53.
55. A new tank truck purchased by the Sogsvirkjunin Power Company to transport transformer oils from Reykjavik to the three main stations of this company.
56. Close-up of a 25,000 KVA transformer unit showing the heat exchanger unit.
57. The Gullfoss River in about the center of Iceland.
58. Photograph of a modern Icelandic fishing vessel which has a complete processing plant in the stern.
59. The "Dettifoss," a new combination freight and passenger ship tied up at the dock in Reykjavik harbor.
60. Another view of the natural steam well capped, previously referred to in photograph number 17.
61. Photographs of houses in Reykjavik.
62. A modern home in Reykjavik which is typical of most homes. It is made from concrete and has a beautiful finish both inside and outside.
63. Photograph of the capital of Iceland.
64. Tame mallard ducks on the pond in the park in Reykjavik.
65. A 10,000 KVA transformer unit after drying out, being installed in the Reykjavik hydroelectric plant.
66. Photograph of the coast taken in back of Reykjavik airport looking south.