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NATIONAL LECURITY COUNCIL WARHINGTON, D.G. 20508

April 5, 1982

MEMORANDUM FOR Nancy Beard Dyke Assistant to the Vice President for National Security Affairs

> L. Paul Bremer III **Executive Secretary** Department of State

David Pickford Executive Secretary Department of the Treasury

> Robert P. Meehan Assistant for Interagency Matters Office of the Secretary of Defense

Raymond Lett Executive Assistant to the Secretary Department of Agriculture

Jean Jones Director, Executive Secretariat Department of Commerce

William V. Vitale Director, Office of the Executive Secretarist Department of Energy

William Schneider Associate Director for Mational Security and International Affairs, Office of Management and Budget

Thomas B. Cormack, Executive Secretary Central Intelligence Agency

Dennis Whitfield Executive Assistant to the USTR

Roger Porter, Special Assistant to the President for Policy Development, OPD

James Burnham, Special Assistant to the Chairman, Council of Economic Advisers

Charles F. Stebbins, Executive Assistant to the Chairman, Joint Chiefs of Staff

SUBJECT:

Senior Interdepartmental Group Meeting re the Versailles Summit, April 6, 1982 10:00 a.m.

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## 1 WHILENIAL

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The Senior Interdepartmental Group for the Versailles Summit will meet at 10:00 a.m. on April 6, 1982, in Room 305, 0808.

- 2 -

Two draft documents, attached to this announcement, will be considered at the meeting:

- -- the "Strategy Paper" for the Versailles Summit
- -- a tasking memorandum, establishing responsibility and schedule for preparation of the President's Briefing Book.

A third draft document on the trade theme at the Summit will be circulated and discussed at a later meeting.

Agency representatives are requested to bring specific written comments, if any, on the draft tasking memorandum.

Whelm O. Wheeler

Michael O. Wheeler Staff Secretary

Attachmente

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### Versailles Economic Summit

June 4-5, 1982

### STRATEGY PAPER

### U.S. Objectives

Theme: The President's central theme throughout the European trip will be to affirm shared Western values and to revitalize Western economic and military strength in support of these values. He will stress the importance of the alliance as a symbol of shared values, and as the key to the deterence of war. He will project himself as a strong leader committed to the preservation of peace and freedom. At Versailles, the President will strike themes sounded at Ottawa to seek recovery on the tasis of long-term fundamental policies of non-inflationary growth and propose new initiatives to move forward toward further liberalization of world trade, and to monitor and restrain the flow of credit to the Soviet Union.

### Major Objectives:

- To confirm the necessity of reducing inflation, of promoting private sector activity, especially private investment, and of greater reliance on market signals as essential elements in revitalizing Western economies.
- To explore avenues for greater contribution or convergence of policies, thereby showing sensitivity to the international consequences of U.S. policy.
- To obtain a political commitment to (a) resolve problems facing the multilateral trading systems, without restoring to bilateralism or protectionist actions, (b) to extend the principles of free trade to new sectors such as services, investment, high technology and agriculture and to seek to include more fully new countries, such as the newly industrializing countries, and (c) to work for a productive GATT Ministerial this fall as an initial step in this direction.
- To reach final agreement among the Summit countries on the objective of, and a means for, monitoring and restricting the volume and terms of official credits to the Soviet Union.

### Other Objectives:

- To initiate a process leading toward a framework for international investment flows, similar to the GATT for trade in goods, thereby enhancing the climate for free international capital flows.

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- To reiterate the importance of agricultural policy for development, as presented at Cancun, and propose extending the "food teams" concept to a multilateral basis.

- To focus energy discussions on the value of market forces in addressing the global energy problem, but also to acknowledge the need for greater attention to secure supplies of energy in the West.

### Setting

The Annual Economic Summit takes place on June 4-6 in Versailles, France. This Summit is the eighth and the first of a new round of Economic Summits, which have become a major feature of the international economic system.

At Ottawa, President Reagan re-established U.S. leadership in the economic sphere by a forceful presentation and defense of his economic program. Despite sharp differences over interest rates, East-West trade and North-South relations, the communique issued at Ottawa reflected all of the United States' major objectives -- an upbeat tone, no hint of protectionism, unified albeit ambiguous positions on North-South and East-West issues, and a Chairman's Summary on political issues that expressed an extraordinary degree of consensus among the allies on the nature of the Soviet threat and the Western response to it. Much of the "upbeat" tone emanating from Ottawa can be attributed to the President's confidence that his economic program would lead to sharply lower inflation and sound, vigorous growth in the United States. While skeptical, the other participants adopted a "wait-and-see" attitude about the U.S. program, an imaginative and attractive economic plan that had not yet been fully implemented.

Economic and political events since Ottawa have worsened certain alliance issues, particularly in monetary, trade and East-West relations:

- -- severe recession in the U.S.;
- sharply rising unemployment throughout the industrial world (except Japan);
- -- persisting high U.S. interest rates;
- -- projections of massive budget deficits in the U.S. and Europe, especially in France;
- collapse of the U.S. Trigger Price Mechanism for steel imports and more aggressive European marketing for subsidized agricultural products;

- heightened tensions within the EMS due to diverging economic policy among European countries; and
- imposition of martial law in Poland and tensions within the alliance over application of economic sanctions.

Given these events, the President's success at Ottawa will not be easy to duplicate. Even if economic activity is strengthening, unemployment in Europe will be at historic high levels, generating immense pressures for governments to "do" something. Meanwhile, many European leaders are engaging in a certain amount of "scape goatism" to transfer responsibility for their poor economic performance to the U.S., and U.S. interest rates in particular, rather than undertaking the necessary domestic policy actions to reduce inflation and revitalize growth in their economies. The poor macroeconomic setting, and the attempt to place blame on the U.S., will color trade, monetary and aid discussions.

As importantly, unless the U.S. economy is performing better than now expected by late Spring, the skeptics at home and abroad will be lobbying strongly for agreement on policy actions not consistent with our economic program. Economic difficulties will spill over into the more political discussions as well -- coloring the European approach to East-West relations, including Poland and Soviet credit restraint.

### Views of Other Participants and U.S. Strategy

The French and other Enropean Summit partners will stress short-term domestic economic issues -- unemployment, high interest rates, monetary policy -- with particular focus on U.S. economic policy. The United States prefers to stress longer-term and more international issues such as trade and Past-West relations, to stress areas where progress has been made such as energy and North-South relations, and to play out the adverse consequences of domestic politics, such as subsidies, demand stimulus measures, etc. on multilateral trading and financial relations and ultimately on prospects for domestic recovery and growth.

All other participants in the Summit will cite high U.S. interest rates as the factor now troubling strong economic recovery or otherwise disturbing international economic relations. For the French and perhaps the Italians, the recommended solution involves expansionary fiscal and monetary policy to attack unemployment directly. Most, however, support a firm anti-inflationary stance by the U.S. (and for themselves), but are critical of the projected U.S. budget deficits which they believe are holding U.S. interest rates far above.

justified levels. The concern about U.S. interest rates is tied to the dollar's role as an international currency, and the dominant influence of the Euro-dollar market over European interest rates. The Europeans, in particular, hold their position on all other issues, such as trade issues, restraint on credits to the Soviet Union, hostage to U.S. action on deficits and interest rates.

Japan will seek to avoid being isolated in the trade discussion, thus warding off direct criticism of its trade policies. In part, Japan will base its defense on the "undervalued" yen, caused by capital outflows attracted to the U.S. capital market by high interest rates.

For this setting, the U.S. must take the offensive by emphasizing positive objectives rather than dwelling on the criticisms of U.S. domestic policy. To this end, we have concentrated on the following topics in the preparatory process:

- -- greater economic policy coordination, especially as it relates to common objectives such as reducing inflation, controlling the growth of money supply, and promoting sound private sector growth:
- -- trade in the broadest sense as it relates to exchange of industrial goods, services, capital, and agriculture, to domestic adjustment policies, to technological innovation and to investment;
- -- energy security building on sound domestic market policies (which have been achieved now in most Summit countries) and international cooperation to protect against vulnerability of supplies; and
- -- East-West economic relations, with particular emphasis on means to avoid growing Western vulner-ability to the debt build-up in the Soviet Union.

Improvement in the U.S. economy or altered expectations in the U.S. financial markets would significantly improve the climate at the Summit, and may make more achievable U.S. objectives in the international areas.

### Versailles and NATO

The proximity of the Versailles Summit and the NATO Summit in Bonn makes particularly important a constructive meeting of the minds on the long-run economic prospects of the Western nations.

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The two Summits could set in motion a process of shaping a reinvigorated world economy system for the 1980s beginning in the trade area with the GATT Ministerial scheduled for November 1982. Convergence of views on economic policy and on a stronger economic future will go far to insure a more positive attitude toward Western defense needs at Somm. The Summits should reaffirm fundamental Western values of political freedom and economic opportunity in the face of political/ military challenge and economic failure of Communist systems.

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DRAFT

To: (Distribution List Here)

Subject: Versailles Summit - Briefing Materials

State Liaison: Marshall Casse - E, Rm. 7250 NS, 632-1089

MSC Liaison: Beary Nau - Pm. 192, 0808, 395-6961

State S/S-S Project Officer: Tom White , Sm. 7241 NS; 632-8062

The President will participate in the Summit meeting of industrialized countries, to be held June 4-6, 1932 at Versailles, France. The purpose of this memorandum is to assign responsibility for the preparation of briefing materials to be included in the President's briefing book for the Summit; see Attachment 1.

The guiding principles for all Summit briefing material are brevity, clarity and, most importantly, relevance to the issues and level of the meeting.

Drafters should be particularly careful to include material on issues which the President's colleagues may raise, and provide appropriate responses. Drafters should also seek to insure that the President is informed of the economic and political constraints influencing his colleague's positions on the various issues.

Forms aboutd be prepared on 8 1/2" by 11" plain white band paper observing the sample formats at little and 2. Deafting and oblaving information for all pages about be provided on a supersite sheet.

Overview papers should not exceed 5 pages; key issuepapers should be as concise as possible and should not exceed one page; bilateral issues papers and country background papers should not exceed 2 pages in length.

The Executive Secretariat of the Department of State 15/5-S) will receive all briefing materials and nacrble the briefing books. It is essential that all appropriate inter-agency clearances be obtained by the drafter prior to submission of papers to State 5/5-S.

The following timetable has been established for briefing materials:

April 7: SIG meets to confirm tasking.

April 27: First cleared drafts of all papers due in State S/S-S.

May 17: Final papers due in State S/S-S.

Michael J. Wheeler Staff Secretary

#### Attachmonts:

- 1. Table of contents designating drafting responsibilities for Papars.
- Temple formats.

#### Attachment 1

#### VERSAILLES SUMMIT

### President's Briefing Book

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

I. Scope Paper - will contain the President's objectives in priority order, the substantive setting for the objectives of other participants and US strategy to achieve our objectives.

Length: 4-5 pages Drafter: NSC/State

II. Annohated Scenario - the "script" for the entire Summit from Andrews departure to Paris departure; listing each event with bullets indicating the participants, subject matter and objectives for each event; cross-referenced with the rest of the briefing book.

Length : As required Drafter : NSC/State

### III. Overview and Key Issues Papers - Economic Topics

- An overview paper will be prepared on each major substantive topic to be covered in Sammit plenary sessions. It will contain U.S. objectives, essential background and analysis, other country positions and a obschlist of key issues.

Rey issues papers - in "point/counterpoint" style, if appropriate, will be prepared on all key issues raised in the "Overview" paper and selected other topics, as deemed assential.

Tangth : 1 page — Drafter : See balow in maximum — paronthesis

## A. Overview: Macroeconomics and International Monetary Issues (Treasury/CEA)

#### Key Issues:

Interest Rates/Budget Deficits (Treasury) Exchange Rate Policy (Treasury) Economic Policy Coordination (Treasury) U.S. Economic Situation (CEA)

### B. Overview : Trade and Investment (USTR/Treasury)

### Key Issues:

GAIT Ministerial (USTR)
Trade in Services (USTR)
Investment (Treasury/in conjunction with
State and USTR)
MTBS, Subsidies, etc. (USTR)
Sectoral Issues - Steel (USTR)
- Agriculture (Agriculture)
Reciprocity (USTR)
US/Japan (USTR)
Trade in High-Technology (USTR/Commerce)

### C. Overview : East/Mest (State)

#### Key Issues:

COCOM/Strategic Trade (State)
Financial Issues - Volume of Debt (Treasury/State)
Subsidies (Treasury/State)
Countertrade (State)
E/W Trade Composition (State)
Yamal Pipeline (State)

### B. Overview : North/South (State /NSC)

#### Hay Tastes:

Giobal Magnitiation (State /NSC)

Michal Grawth Collegator (Trassury)

Mid Tasous - MS Findationbloom (Trassury)

The Magniticate (Trassury)

### Morth/South Key Issues: (Continued)

Caribbean Basin Initiative (USTR/State)
Multilateral Food Corps (AID)
LDC Economic Gutlook (Treasury/CIA)
Population (State)

E. Overview : Energy (State)

#### Key Issues:

Finergy Security (NSC)
European Energy Supplies (CIA)
U.S. Supply Developments (DOE)
Surge/Stockpiling (State/DOE)
Price Trends/Outlook (DOE)
Matural Gas - Pricing and Supplies (DOE)

F: Overview : Technology (NSC)

#### Rey Issues:

High-Technology Trade Issues (USTR)
UN Code on Technology Transfer (State)
Paris Convention (State)
35D Investment (Commerce)

IV Overview and Key Issues Papers - Political Topics

Gverview : Political Topics - Drafter : State

### Key Issues :

A. East/Rest
Soviet Union
Foland
Asns Cuntrol: DE/SIME
(Feelivinary to NAIO Similar)
Alghanistan (contingency)

B. Regional State
Middle East "

Enhanon (contingency) "

Central America/Caribbean "

including CBT

Southern Africa "

China (contingency) "

Southcast Asia (contingency) "

C. Separate

Law of the Sea

Terrorism

Nuclear Non-Proliferation

V. Bilateral Issues Papers - will contain major issues between the US and each Summit country, including US objectives for bilateral meetings and topics the other Heads of State may raise with the President.

Length: 2 pages Brafter: State per country

VI. Country Background Papers - two papers on each country — one economic: one political -- providing information on the country pertinent to the issues likely to be raised at the Summit. Tapers should cover major domestic accounts and political constraints on policy, and provide a critique of economic policy in the country.

Length: 2 pages per Brafter:

Country per Economic Paper + Treasury/CIA

paper Political Paper - Scate/CIA

- VII. Texts/Talking Points for Major Statements
  - A. Presidential Statements:
    - First Dinner -Political/Tone (State/RSC)
    - Opening Plenary (MSC, with input from Treasury and State)
    - Closing Arias Confesence (State)
  - 3. Sa wit Bookmarts:
    - # Draft Communique with USG oritique (to is ratigues)

### FORMATS

### Overview Paper (4-5 Pages)

### I. U.S. Objectives and Initiatives

- A. Principal U.S. Objective the top priority U.S. objective in the subject area, may be expanded to two items if essential.
- Supplementary Objectives other objectives suitable for Presidential attention and possible Summit discussion, may include more specific objectives designed to reinforce the principal objective.
- C. Initiatives specific proposals initiated by the U.S. for which Summit action is sought.
- II. Background and Pre-Summit Preparation a brief section indicating the "state of play" on this subject, both in the Summit Preparatory process and in relevant international forums, including the positions taken by the U.S.
- Section indicating objectives of other countries at Summit with brief comment on rationale for country's position, e.g., domestic constraints, traditional policy, unique features, and likely line-up of countries on issues.

### IV. Discussion of Objectives -

- Brief elaboration of objectives
- Key points to make

on each objective.

### Key Issues Paper (1 page)

I. Descriptive statement of the issue.

II. Essential factors, including significant country positions and rationals for U.S. position.

III. Key points to make, preferably in Point-Counterpoint format - use telegraphic style, but not everly cryptic.

### Bilateral Issues Pagers

(One paper per Summit country, 2 pages each)

- T. Ray Tasues Bilateral Issues Paper is intended to inform the President of the outstanding lasues between the U.S. and each Summit country, and to indicate the overall state of relations with the country. Summit issues, occupately addressed in other briefing papers, need not be included.
  - II. State of Relations
    - A. U.S. Perception
    - B. Other country perceptions
  - III. Discussion of issues
    - Brief elaboration of issue, if necessary

- Key points to make

for each

### Country Background Paper

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(Two for each Summit country - one economic, one political - two pages each)

MOTE: These papers must concentrate on aspects of the country situation which are relevant to the objectives and issues to be discussed at the Surmit, in particular they should give insights into the political/economic/social pressures, and policy philosophy, which lay behind positions the head of state will take at Versailles.

- I. Essential factors of economic or (political) situation bullet format
  - II. Brief economic (political) overview
- III. Domestic problems facing the head of state, including cogent statement of the problems and the demestic pressures brought to bear on it.