

# **National Intelligence Daily**

Tuesday 26 April 1983

Top Secret

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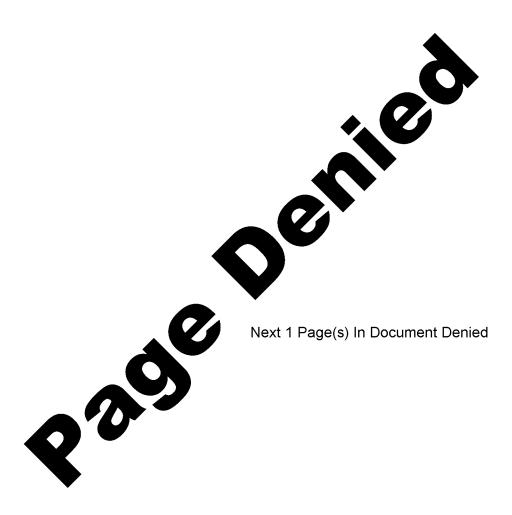
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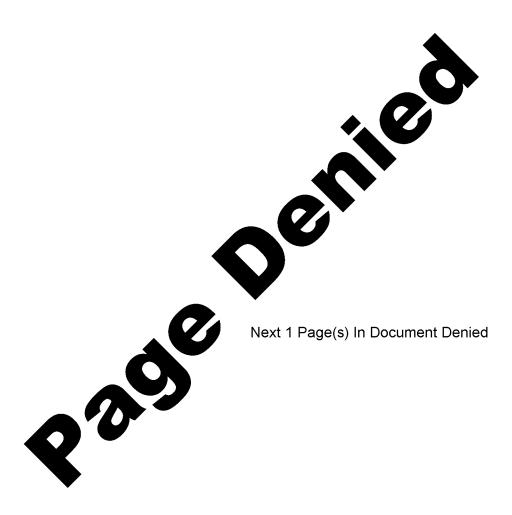
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CANADA-US: Trudeau's Visit			
Prime Minister Trudeau probably	v will emnhasize l	hilateral	
economic issues, the need for progre			
negotiations, and US involvement in	Central America	when he visits	
Washington this week.			
Last week the Canadian Govern	ment presented t	he new federal	
budget, which primarily was designe			
position, growth prospects, and job			
sector. It has been widely characterize budget" because it departs from the			
government involvement in, and dire			
Commont. The many hardwark will be	hala Ossadala Isra	. Valant and a	
<b>Comment</b> : The new budget will be recovery. Nonetheless, Trudeau prob			
and business leaders to take actions			
interest rates, which Ottawa conside			
He also will delineate Canada's firm would impede the growth of East-We		y measures that	
would impose the growth of Lust We	cot trade.		
Trudeau is faced with continuing			
of US air-launched cruise missiles in linked his government's willingness t			
US-Soviet arms control talks. Althou	ıgh Ottawa's ultin	nate approval	
remains likely, Trudeau probably will		w publicly that	
Canada has not yet decided to sanc	tion the tests.		
The Prime Minister also will seek			
intentions in the Caribbean Basin, who significant investments and Ottawa			
significant investments and Ottawa has refused to eliminate aid			
countries simply because they are le	eftist, and he has	condemned	
interference in the region by any maj		•	
continue his public criticism of US inv El Salvador and Nicaragua.	voivement in the c	dispute between	
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TURKEY: Political Activity Resuming	
Turkey is moving closer to civilian rule as the military gover over the weekend announced the resumption of political activity	
The generals, anticipating the formation of political parties the start of campaigning for the parliamentary election slated f October, have made clear they will not tolerate the rhetorical excesses and violence that have characterized past contests. I military council also has reviewed its ban on ideologically extre parties and religious parties. A proposed electoral law now unconsideration in the Consultative Assembly would limit the num	or The Ime der
parties to two or three.	25X1
Prime Minister Ulusu had been the leading candidate to fo conservative, military-backed party, but he has announced he do so.	
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Politicians of all persuasions are urging the generals to post the election until next spring. There is widespread concern that time remaining before October will not be enough to organize and conduct credible campaigns.	t the
<b>Comment:</b> The generals continue to be apprehensive, but apparently believe their constitutional framework provides ade safeguards against political turmoil. Although they are aware concerns about the lack of time to prepare for a campaign, the	quate f the
appear determined to hold an election this fall.	25X1



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JAMAICA: Seaga's Declining Political Prospects		
Prima Minister Seega and his Labor Party apparently	, ctill trail in	
Prime Minister Seaga and his Labor Party apparently the opinion polls behind the opposition led by former Pri		
Manley.		25 <b>X</b> 1
A well-regarded poll conducted in mid-April says the		
Manley and his People's National Party continue to lead		
48 percent. Seaga is being blamed by many for not impreconomic situation, and he trails Manley in personal pop		
43 percent. Although the poll indicates Manley would win		
were held now, the government is not required to call an	election	
before late 1985.		25X1
Manley's party is having financial difficulties. Contrib	outions are	
down, largely because party moderates and former supp	porters in the	
business community remain skeptical of Manley's claims	s to have	05.74
eliminated leftwing influence from the party.		25X1
		25 <b>X</b> 1
<b>Comment</b> : Support for the Labor Party remains fragit has not lost much ground since a poll last October. Sea		
to alleviate economic hardships has damaged his reputa		
economic expert.		25 <b>X</b> 1
Managina of Manlayla arm fallings are fading Mills	- d	
Memories of Manley's own failures are fading. With a funds to capitalize on economic discontent and on the o		
disarray in the ruling party, Manley is likely at least to be		
inroads into Seaga's dominant position in Parliament.		25 <b>X</b> 1



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#### PAKISTAN-AFGHANISTAN-USSR-UN: Talks Recess

The second round of UN-sponsored indirect talks in Geneva on Afghanistan recessed last week until 16 June. UN officials say the Pakistani and Afghan representatives agreed the UN High Commissioner for Refugees should consult refugees on terms for possible repatriation.

Comment: The latest talks made enough progress to allow Islamabad and Moscow to appear flexible, but neither side seems prepared to compromise. Consulting the refugees will expose the lack

of consensus among both the refugees and the Afghan insurgents.

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## **SWEDEN-USSR: Submarine Commission Report**

The US Embassy reports that the Swedish Government will issue its official report today claiming Soviet submarines have been violating Swedish waters and that it will follow up with a diplomatic protest to the USSR. The report will state the Soviets are engaged in reconnaissance and training activity and in preparations for military operations in wartime. Stockholm also will specify that there is no evidence of intrusions by NATO submarines. There are indications that the Swedes informed the Soviet Embassy of the report's findings last week and that the Soviets were taken by surprise.

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**Comment:** Moscow will feel compelled to rebut the public accusation and to reject the official protest. Soviet media may draw on recent Swedish press reports of intrusions by NATO submarines to deflect attention from the USSR's own operations and to support the Soviets' standard allegations about a US and NATO threat to Sweden's neutrality. Moscow probably hopes the public controversy will die down quickly in order to avoid serious damage to bilateral relations.

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## **JAPAN: Local Election Results**

Candidates backed by the ruling Liberal Democratic Party won overwhelmingly in the second round of local elections on Sunday. Prime Minister Nakasone publicly has played down any connection between the victories and the timing of national elections, but the media speculate that the results probably will prompt him to call early elections for the lower house of the Diet. Upper house elections already are slated for 26 June.

**Comment**: Nakasone has to decide within a few weeks whether to call double elections. A decision to do so could work in his favor by allowing him to exploit media coverage of his coming trips to the ASEAN countries and to the Williamsburg Summit. In addition, opposition parties are short of campaign funds, and the Japanese press continues to highlight the recent spy scandal, charging that leading Socialist Party members acted as Soviet agents.

### **SPAIN-US-NATO: Use of Gibraltar**

Prime Minister Gonzalez has asked that US and NATO forces not use Gibraltar during an impending ASW exercise in the approaches to the Mediterranean. Gonzalez says he would support Spanish-NATO exercises and use of Spanish ports by US warships exercising in the area. Conspicuous use of Gibraltar by other countries, however, would further irritate the Spanish public, which is already upset by a visit of British warships to Gibraltar in mid-April.

**Comment:** In view of Spanish sensitivity, Gonzalez's suspicions about the US, and lingering questions among the public about the value of military ties to the West, major operational use of Gibraltar during the exercise probably would provoke more criticism. Gonzalez's interest in developing good mutual understanding with the US makes it unlikely, however, that US use of Gibraltar in the exercise would seriously harm bilateral relations.

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SAUDI ARABIA: Minister Dismissed			
Minister of Information Muhammad Abduh Yama on Sunday, is the first high-level official to be dismis Fahd ascended the throne last June. The King report Ali Hassan al-Sha'ir, the current Saudi Ambassador Yamani's replacement.	ssed since King rtedly has named	25 <b>X</b> 1	
<b>Comment</b> : Fahd probably hopes the dismissal varieticism by members of the royal family and by senithis slowness to make needed cabinet changes. The little political risk for the King because Yamani seen strong supporters and is widely viewed as incompeted however, may now push harder for other and more	or bureaucrats of change carries ns to have no ent. Fahd's critics,		
changes.	pontioun, unificant	25 <b>X</b> 1	
NORTH KOREA-SEYCHELLES: Military Advisers	Arrive		
Some 24 North Korean military advisers have a Seychelles during the past several weeks, according			
Embassy.		25 <b>X</b> 1 25 <b>X</b> 1	
Comment: It is not clear whether additional No	rth Koreans will		
be arriving. Rene has little confidence in the approx			
200 Tanzanian troops on whom he has depended for now, and he probably believes that North Koreans v			
reliable. The President currently is on a trip to North			
and is likely to ask P'yongyang for additional troops	s, particularly if he		
concludes that Tanzania intends to proceed with pla			
forces by the end of the year. The North Koreans pu unwilling, however, to provide a large contingent or			
and a large contingent of	15 GOOGING INCID		

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than an advisory role.

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PORTUGAL: Election Outcome	
The Socialist Party won the greatest number of seats in the parliamentary election in Portugal yesterday but fell short of a majority that would enable it to govern alone. With 70 percent of the returns in, the Socialists led with 36 percent of the votes, and the Social Democrats—senior partner of the last coalition—followed with 27 percent. The Communist Party ran third with about 18 percent—slightly less than it had in 1980—and the Center Democrats—who governed with the Social Democrats from 1979 until this election—held 12 percent. Socialist leader Soares announced his party would not serve in a minority status and must hold a party "referendum" to clear the way for a parliamentary alliance.	25 <b>X</b> 1
<b>Comment</b> : The next government is not likely to end the political instability that has characterized Portugal since 1974. The country faces severe economic problems, and the new government must adopt unpopular austerity measures to combat a growing current account deficit and inflation. US-Portuguese relations would remain	
strong under a Socialist-led administration, but there may be some problems in working out military agreements, particularly on US use of Portugal's mainland facilities.	25 <b>X</b> 1

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El Salvador: Factions of the Insurgent Alliance



**Popular** Liberation **Forces** 

FPL Salvador Guerra

1,500-1,800<sup>a</sup>

People's Revolutionary Army

**ERP** 

Joaquin Villalobos

1,300-1,700<sup>a</sup>

**Armed Forces** of National Resistance

**FARN** 

Ferman Cienfuegos

700-900<sup>a</sup>

**Central American** Worker's Revolutionary

Party **PRTC** 

Roberto Roca

500-800<sup>a</sup>

Communist Party-Armed Forces of Liberation

**PCS-FAL** 

Jorge Shafik Handal

500-800<sup>a</sup>

Note: Each factional leader serves on General Command of FMLN.

<sup>a</sup>Estimated Strength.

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Special Analysis		
EL SALVADOR: Prospects for Guerrilla Leadership		
The turmoil in guerrilla ranks caused by the recent d top commanders in Managua offers the potential for a po the insurgent alliance. Although the short-term implication guerrillas appear largely adverse, a political struggle res eventual domination by one faction could over time stren	ower shift in ons for the culting in the	
insurgents' military prospects.		25 <b>X</b> 1
Cayetano Carpio and Melida Anaya were the preeming of the Popular Liberation Forces, the largest and most of the five Marxist-Leninist guerrilla organizations. Their lost weakens the faction but also opens a leadership gap in the alliance as a whole. Other factions will be likely to try to political and military influence.	doctrinaire of ss not only the insurgent	25X1
Short-Term Effects		
The five factions—in concert with the Cubans and S are trying to reduce damage to their image of unity at he abroad. Recent public announcements by individual insuspokesmen have emphasized cooperation among the guorganizations and have pledged increased military effort government.	ome and urgent uerrilla	25 <b>X</b> 1
The reaction of insurgents in El Salvador to the deat unknown, but field units almost certainly will be anxious direction of leadership in Managua and over military tact relationships among the factions. The Popular Liberation recently appeared to be making serious efforts to coord operations with other factions, and the deaths of Carpio may interrupt this process. Nevertheless, the current offestrategy of all factions suggests field commanders of the Liberation Forces may be instructed by their new leaders continue working with the other groups toward large-sca	over the tical n Forces linate military and Anaya ensive e Popular eship to	
against economic and military targets.		25X1
New Leaders		
The positions held by Carpio and Anaya probably wi delegated to a number of junior leaders about whom little	ill be le is known.	2574
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Army's leadership probably would be more successful than the Popular Liberation Forces in strengthening cooperation with other factions and in dictating tactics and strategy throughout the country.

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	- Particle - Particl	
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	마르크 보고 있는 것이 되었다. 그는 사람들은 기계를 가장 되었다. 그런 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은	
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	그는 그는 사람이 있는 바람들이 그렇게 하는 사람들이 되었다.	
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(4) (44 (4) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1		
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