

ANISIMOV, V.
ZAVALISHIN, A.: HANEYEV, S.: VOINOV, Yu.; FEDOROV, S.; KLYKOV, N.; TIMUSHEV, A.
~~ANISIMOV, V.~~ KOL'CHUGIN, M.P., redaktor; PULIN, L.I., tekhnicheskiy
redaktor.

[Chairman of collective farms speak about their experiences] Predsedateli
kolkhozov o svoem opyte [Tula] Tul'skoe knizhnoe izd-vo, 1956. 79 p.
[Microfilm] (MLRA 10:5)

(Collective farms)

GOLOKOLENKO, I., polkovnik; MANT, M., podpolkovnik; FEDOSEYEV, I., polkovnik;
ANISIMOV, V., polkovnik; YUDIN, I., mayor; SHMAGUN, V., mayor;
MATROSOV, V., kapitan; NEVREV, I., mayor; ANDRIANOV, V., mayor

Communism will become a reality. Voen.vest. 41 no.12:8-18 D '61.

(MIRA 15:3)

(Communist Party of the Soviet Union--Congresses)

(Russia--Armed forces--Political activity)

ANISIMOV, V.A., inzh.

Capron replacing nonferrous metals in peat machines. Torf. prom.
38 no. 3:28 '61. (MIRA 14:4)

1. Yuzhno-Alferovskoye torfopredpriyatiye Mosoblsovnarkhoza.
(Peat machinery) (Nylon)

SHIKHOV, V.N.; ~~ANISIMOV, V.A.~~; Prinimali uchastiye: MAKURIN, P.I.;
NIKULINA, L.P.; TKACHEV, V.V.; NEMTSEV, I.I.; MIKHEYEVA, G.P.;
GUSEV, V.P.; TARASOV, A.I.

Measures for the control of static electricity in rubber cement
coaters. Kauch. i rez. 24 no.11:42-45 '65. (MIRA 19:1)

1. Ural'skiy politekhnicheskii institut, Sverdlovsk, i Sverdlovskiy
zavod rezinovykh tekhnicheskikh izdeliy.

ANISIMOV, V. A.

ANISIMOV, V. A. "Water-overflow Gates and their Capacity." Min Agriculture USSR. Vsesoyuz. All-Union Sci Res Inst of Hydroinl Engineering and Soil Improvement. Moscow, 1956. (Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate in Technical Science)

See: Knizhnaya letopis', No. 10, 1956.

124-57-1-548D

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Mekhanika, 1957, Nr 1, p 68 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Anisimov, V.A.

TITLE: Weir-type Water Gates and Their Suitability as Measuring Devices (Zatvory vodoslivnogo tipa i ikh vodomernost')

ABSTRACT: Bibliographic entry on the author's dissertation for the degree of Candidate of Technical Sciences, presented to the Vses. n.-i. in-t gidrotekhn. i melior. (All-Union Scientific Research Institute for Hydraulic Engineering and Reclamation), Moscow, 1956

ASSOCIATION: Vses. n.-i. in-t gidrotekhn. i melior. (All-Union Scientific Research Institute for Hydraulic Engineering and Reclamation), Moscow

1. Water gates--Operation

Card 1/1

124-58-9-10216

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Mekhanika, 1958, Nr 9, p 115 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Anisimov V. A.

TITLE: On the Measurement of the Discharge of Submerged Sharp crested Weirs (K voprosu izmereniya raskhoda zatoplennymi podoslivami s tonkoy stenкой)

PERIODICAL: Tr. Vses. n. -i. in-ta gidrotekhn. i melior. 1957 Vol 29, pp 111-116

ABSTRACT: A formula is recommended for the determination of the discharge of a submerged sharp-crested weir without lateral constriction. The proposed formulas are predicated on the measurement of the thickness of the stream flowing over the weir crest instead of the measurement of the degree of submersion on the tailwater side and the height of the weir.

T. N. Astaficheva

1. Dams--USSR

Card 1/1

SOV/99-59-4-5/10

AUTHOR: Anisimov, V.A., Candidate of Technical Sciences, and
Kazatsker, A.A., Engineer

TITLE: On the Problem of Supplying Electric Power for the
Automation of Melioration Systems (K voprosu ener-
geticheskogo obespecheniya avtomatizatsii melio-
rativnykh sistem)

PERIODICAL: *Gidrotekhnika i melioratsiya*, 1959, pp 32-36 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The authors analyze the possibility of rendering
Soviet irrigation systems fully automatic and re-
ject it as being too expensive. For example, the
project concerning full automation of the Nizhne-
Donskoy magistral'nyy kanal (Lower Don Main Canal)
calls for construction of a special 6-kv line along
with several step-down transformer stations. This
alone brings about a 50% rise in the costs of con-
struction of the automation equipment. Therefore,
the idea of controlling the irrigation systems

Card 1/3

SOV/99-59-4-5/10

On the Problem of Supplying Electric Power for the
Automation of Melioration Systems

mechanically and telemechanically seems more economical since a water gate needs only a maximum of 0.76 kw/hr per irrigation season, i.e., the power to open and close the water gate 200 times. The most appropriate source of power would be in this case an alkali cadmium-nickel storage battery of the 10 NFN-100-type which is 884 x 173 x 388 mm. Its volume amounts to 100 ampere-hrs having a total reserve of electric power of 1.25 kw/hr. One such battery costs only 1,440 rubles according to the 1955 price index. The costs for installing such a battery into a water lock will not exceed 3-4,000 rubles as compared with 30-35,000 rubles to be spent on electric equipment of a single water lock of the Lower Don Main Canal project, not to speak of the additional personnel for maintenance and repair. An-

Card 2/3

30V/99-59-4-5/10

• On the Problem of Supplying Electric Power for the
Automation of Melioration Systems

other example for an estimate of low-cost tele-
mechanic control is the Kul'-Arykskaya irrigation
system (irrigation area - 22,000 hectares) which
would require only 30-100 storage batteries of
the 10 MHH-100-type.

ASSOCIATIONS: VASKHNIL, (Anisimov), VNIIGIM (Kozatsker)

Card 3/3

ANISIMOV, V.A., kand.tekhn.nauk; ZYULIKOV, G.M., inzh.; TALANTSEV, M.N.,
~~red.~~; ANTONOVA, N.M., khmd.-tekhn.red.

[Designing and planning closed irrigation systems] Proektirovanie
i raschet zakrytykh orositel'nykh sistem. Moskva, Izd-vo M-va
sel'.khoz.SSSR, 1960. 202 p. (MIRA 14:4)
(Irrigation)

ANISIMOV, V.A., kand. tekhn. nauk. RUSINOV, I.F., kand. tekhn. nauk;
RODIN, Ya.S., red. izd-va.

[Brief summary of the work research institutes in hydraulic engineering and soil improvement during 1960] Kratkii itog rabot nauchno-issledovatel'skikh institutov po gidrotekhnike i melioratsii za 1960 god. Moskva, 1961. 97 p. (MIRA 15:4)

1. Vsesoyuznaya akademiya sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk imeni V.I.Lenina. Otdeleniye gidrotekhniki i melioratsii. 2. Nauchnyye sekretari Otdeleniya gidrotekhniki i melioratsii Vsesoyuznoy akademii sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk im. V.I.Lenina (for Anisimov, Rusinov).

(Agricultural research)

MIKHAYLOV, V.A.; CHIZHOV, V.V.; ANISIMOV, V.A.; YERMILOV, P.I.; CHUPEYEV, M.A.

Intensification of the grinding of pigments in binders.

Lakokras . mat. i ikh prim. no.5:64-65 '63. (MIRA 16:11)

ZYULIKOV, Grigoriy Maksimovich, kand. tekhn. nauk; ANISIMOV,
Vladimir Alekseyevich, kand. tekhn. nauk;

[Designing and constructing subsurface irrigation systems
with mechanized irrigation] Proektirovanie i stroitel'stvo
zakrytykh orositel'nykh sistem s mekhanizatsiei poliva.
Moskva, Stroiizdat, 1964. 99 p. (MIRA 17:6)

ANISIMOV, V.F.; PALAMARCHUK, A.K.

Comparative evaluation of drains made of rubber and polyvinyl
alcohol. Ekspoz. Khir. i anest. 8 no.4:19-20 JI-Ag '63.
(MIRA 17:5)

ANISIMOV, V.

USSR/Radio - Television Long-Distance Reception	Dec 51
"Moscow Television Transmissions Are Received in Vladimir," V. Anisimov	
"Radio" No 12, pp 46, 47	
In Aug 1950, expts in the reception of Moscow Television Center at Vladimir were renewed with the participation of the Chair of Television, Moscow Elec Eng Inst of Communications. A KVM-49 receiver was modified (1-f pass band was compressed to 3 Mc, addnl synchronization stage was added, etc.) for	
USSR/Radio - Television (Contd)	Dec 51
the expts. A good picture was obtained in Apr 51 but signal level still fluctuated. Describes effects of weather conditions on reception.	
208197	

USSR/Electronics - Television
Long-Distance Reception

Jun 52

"Selection of the Antenna and Input Unit of a Television Receiver for 'Long-Distance' Reception,"
V. Anisimov

"Radio" No 6, p 45

Recommends a multistory wide-band antenna having 6-8 fold voltage amplification and a narrow radiation pattern in the vertical and horizontal planes. An adapter consisting of an rf amplifier using a

236T30

Grounded-cathode circuit gives the greatest power voltage and gain. Should not use too many rf amplification stages; instead, the necessary amplification should be obtained by adding 1-2 stages in the i-f amplifier.

ANISIMOV, V.

236T30

ANISIMOV, V.

Thumb-size radio tubes. Radio no.7:48-49 J1 '53.

(MLBA 6:7)
(Vacuum tubes)

ANISIMOV, V.

USSR/Electronics - Tubes

Card 1/1

Author : Anisimov, V.
Title : Miniature tubes
Periodical : Radio, 3, 54 - 56, Mar, 1954
Abstract : The vacuum tube industry has put a series of miniature tubes on the market. Their construction, application and characteristic diagrams are presented together with a table of specifications.
Institution :
Submitted :

Translation D 389515

ANISIMOV, V.

USSR/ Electronics - Antenna amplifier

Card : 1/1

Authors : Anisimov, V.

Title : An antenna amplifier with miniature tubes

Periodical : Radio, No. 4, 33 - 34, April 1954

Abstract : A special three-stage amplifier, assembled with miniature tubes, is described. The antenna amplifier stages, the power supply sources, the coil windings and the other component parts are described in detail, and a general circuit diagram of the unit is given.

Institution :

Submitted :

~~ANISIMOV, Vladimir Fedorovich~~; GRIGOR' YEVA, A.I., redaktor; KARYAKINA, M.S.,
tekhnicheskii redaktor

[Remote television reception] Dal'nii priem televideniia. Moskva,
Izd-vo DOSAAF, 1956. 95 p. (MIRA 10:1)
(Television--Receivers and reception)

ANISIMOV, V

Subject : USSR/Electronics

AID P - 4925

Card 1/1 Pub. 89 - 9/17

Author : Anisimov, V.

Title : New kinescopes

Periodical : Radio, 7, 38-39, J1 1956

Abstract : The author describes the new types of kinescopes of Soviet construction with screens of 35, 43, and 53 cm on the diagonal. The various types of kinescopes are presented in tabular form with specifications for each type. Four tables, 4 drawings.

Institution : None

Submitted : No date

ANISIMOV, V.

Television receiving antennas. V pom. radioljub. no. 4:16-35 '57,
(Television--Antennas) (MIRA 15:2)

KUSHNIR, Yu.M.; FETISOV, D.V.; RASPLETIN, K.K.; POCHTAREV, B.I.; SPEKTOR, F.U.;
KABANOV, A.N.; ANISIMOV, V.F.

Scanning electron microscope, an X-ray microanalyzer. Izv. AN SSSR.
Ser. fiz. 25 no. 6: 695-700 Je '61. (MIRA 14:6)
(X-ray microscope)

AGAPOV, Ye.S.; ANISIMOV, V.F.; NIKONOV, V.B.; PROKOF'YEVA, V.V.; SINENOK, S.M.

Experimental application of television technique for observations
of stars. Izv. Krym. astrofiz. obser. 30:3-18 '63.
(MIRA 17:1)

AGAPOV, E. S.; ANISIMOV, V. F.; MOZHERIN, V. N.; MLONOV, V. B.; PROKOFYEVA, V. V.;
PERFAMEV, V. I.

"The TV observations of faint satellites."

report submitted for 15th Intl Astronautical Cong, Warsaw, 7-12 Sep 64.

1-61123-65 220-2/REF-2/REG(1)-2/ST(1)/ST(1)/KRD/ES(1)-3/T-2/DIA(d)/ZED(1)
 ACCESSION NO: AP5021256 128-2 04/78 UR/6293/65/003/004/0630/0635
 621.397.13:629.19

AUTHOR: Agadov, Ye. S., Anisimov, V. L., Mozhsherin, V. M., Nikonov, V. B.,
 Prokof'yeva, V. V., Pergament, V. I., Sinenok, S. M.

TITLE: Observations of artificial earth satellites by television

SOURCE: Kosmicheskiye issledovaniya, v. 3, no. 4, 1965, 630-635

TOPIC TAGS: satellite observation, earth satellite, television observation, optical
 satellite observation, Celios 53 lens

ABSTRACT: The results are given of observations of artificial earth satellites made
 with a highly sensitive television system employing a Celios-53 lens (D = 80 mm,
 F = 200 mm) and mounted on an APSh-10 parallax stand. The observations were made
 in accordance with computed ephemerides. All predicted satellite passages were de-
 tected visually and recorded photographically. These visual observations proved that
 the television system was capable of detecting and tracking satellites having a
 stellar magnitude of 8-9 with relative ease. Notwithstanding the short focal length,
 the satellite's position on the negative could be determined with an acceptable
 degree of accuracy. Orig. art. has 8 figures. [DN]

Cord 1/4

11-61121-65	
ACCESSION NR	AP5021256
ASSOCIATION	none
SUBMITTED	28 Feb 66
NO. REF. BOV	000
OTHER	000
SUB CODE	51, 62
ATD PRESS	4270

Card 2/2

L 04002-65 ENI (1)/ENG (1) Pg. 5/Pag. 2

ACCESSION NR: AP5012758

UR/0020/65/161/006/1299/1300

AUTHOR: Abramenko, A. E.; Anisimov, G. B.; Anisimov, V. V.; Yefimov, Yu. B.;
Nikonov, V. B.; Prokofyev, V. V.; Sidorenko, G. N.

TITLE: Evaluation of the threshold sensitivity of a TV system through stellar observations

SOURCE: AN 688R; Doklady, v. 161, no. 6, 1965, 1299-1300

TOPIC TAGS: light flux measurement; TV detection system; stellar observation;
night sky radiation/MIN 500 telescopes

ABSTRACT: The threshold sensitivity of a TV observation system with a high quantum output, minimum noise level, and high contrast sensitivity has been experimentally determined from stellar observations carried out at the Crimean Astrophysical Observatory with the MIN-500 (D = 500 mm, F = 65 m) telescopes. The highly sensitive TV system was developed for observing distant stars by measuring extremely weak light fluxes against a background of the night sky radiation. About 20 TV photographs of the M3 cluster were made under conditions of continuous data readout and storage on an image orthicon target. The results are presented.

Cord 1/3

1. 34009-65

ACCESSION NR: AP5012758

graphically in Fig. 3 of the Enclosure, which shows that the experimentally determined threshold sensitivity of the TV system is close to the calculated. It is concluded that the use of such a highly sensitive TV system together with a medium-size telescope will make it possible to record radiation from 20^m — 21^m stars with exposures ranging from several seconds to one minute. This approaches the theoretical limit of detecting extremely weak light fluxes. Orig. art. has 2 figures and 1 table.

ASSOCIATION: Krymskaya astrofizicheskaya observatoriya Akademii nauk SSSR (Crimean Astrophysical Observatory, Academy of Sciences SSSR)

SUBMITTED: 24 Nov 65

ENCLOSURE: 0

SUB CODE: AA

NO. REP. BY: 000

OTHER: 000

AND PRESS: 4002

Card 2/3

1-54009-46

ACCESSION NR

AP5012758

ENCLOSURE 01

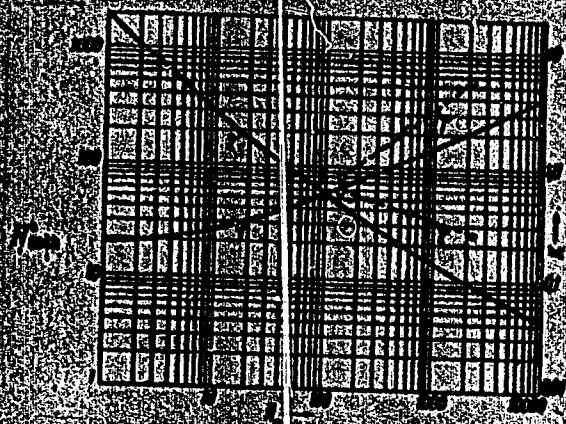


Fig. 1. Dependence of detectable number of quanta N_{min} (curves 1 and 1') and contrast K (curves 2 and 2') on the number of quanta N_p in the background of night sky radiation. Curves 1 and 2 represent an ideal receiver, and curves 1' and 2' the experimental results.

Doc 3/3

ANISIMOV, V. I.

Chemical Abstracts
Vol. 48 No. 5
Mar. 10, 1954
General and Physical Chemistry

Dependence of the index of refraction of a binary liquid system on the specific gravities and concentrations of its components. V. I. Anisimov. *Zhur. Fiz. Khim.* 27, 674-68 (1953); *cf. Hubbard, Z. Phys. Chem.* 74, 207 (1910).—The refractive index (n) of a binary liquid system can be calcd. by means of the equation $n - 1 =$

$$d \left[\frac{n_1 - n_2}{d_1 - d_2} + \frac{(n_1 - 1)d_1 - (n_2 - 1)d_2}{d_1 + x(d_2 - d_1)} \right] [1 + Cx(1 - x)],$$

where d , d_1 , and d_2 are d of the system and of each component, resp.; n_1 and n_2 are the refractive indexes of the components; C is a const. for any given temp. and wave length; and x is the vol. fraction of component 1 in the system. The value of C is found by trial. Tables of n are given for the following 20 binary systems: H_2O - $MeOH$, H_2O - $EtOH$, H_2O - $PrOH$, H_2O - $iso-PrOH$, H_2O - $dioxane$, H_2O - $CHCl_3$, $COOH$, H_2O - H_2SO_4 , $EtOH$ - $MeOH$, $PrOH$ - $MeOH$, $EtOH$ - $iso-BuOH$, benzene- Me_2CO , turpentine-benzene, benzene-tetrahydronaphthalene, benzene-1-2-octanol, benzene- CCl_4 , $CHCl_3$ - Me_2CO , Et_2O -turpentine, $EtOH$ -nicotine, toluene- m -toluidine, and Me_2CO - $iso-PrOH$. Calcd. values of n agree with observed values within 3×10^{-4} .

I. W. Townshend Jr.

ANISIMOV, V. I.

① 2

✓ Index of refraction of binary liquid systems. V. I. Anisimov, *Zhur. Fiz. Khim.* 27, 1707-1807 (1953) ~~cf. C.A. 48, 2450~~.--The n_D and d_4^{20} were measured (for concns. of either component between 0 and 100%) of the following binary systems: H_2O with Me_2CO , $PrOH$, and $AcOH$; benzene with $PhNMe_2$, anisole, $AcOH$, "1- β -octyl" acetate, m -toluidine, aniline, and $PhCN$; $BuOH$ with $iso-BuOH$, $PrOH$, and $iso-PrOH$; cyclohexane with Tetralin and Decalin; m -nitrotoluene with toluene; $BtOH$ with CS_2 and aniline; $AcOH$ with BtI ; hexane with m -toluidine; and 1,2-dibromoethane with $PrOH$. J. W. Loweberg, Jr.

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SOV/146-58-5-1/24

~~9(2,5)~~ 9.2540
AUTHOR:

Anisimov, V.I., Candidate of Technical Sciences, Do-
cent

TITLE:

Calculation of Annular Phase-Sensitive Rectifier

PERIODICAL:

Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy - Priborostroy-
eniye, 1958, Nr 5, pp 3-10 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

In this article the author analyzes transitional sys-
tems and frequency characteristics of an annular phase-
sensitive rectifier with two half periods. In this
connection it was investigated to what degree the
transitional and frequency characteristics of the rec-
tifier is dependent on the amplitude of the voltage
pulsation. Figure 1 shows an annular, phase-sensitive
rectifier to which a filter condenser is added. The
construction is based on the following factors: 1) The
shift phase between the input voltage and the commuta-
tor voltage is equal to zero or 180° ; 2) The valves
have an ideal characteristic; 3) The resistance of
the input signal, of the commutator voltage and of
the winding, and the inductivity of the transformer

Card 1/2

(Soviet)

8(2)

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

SOV/1953

Anisimov, Vladimir Ivanovich, Aleksandr Aleksandrovich Vavilov, and
Aleksandr Vasil'yevich Fateyev

Sbornik primerov i zadach po lineynoy teorii avtomaticheskogo
regulirovaniya. (Collection of Examples and Problems on Linear
Theory of Automatic Control) Moscow, Gosenergoizdat, 1959.
254 p. 10,000 copie printed.

Ed. (Title page): A.V. Fateyev, Doctor of Technical Sciences, Pro-
fessor; Ed. (Inside book): V.G. Kepperman; Tech. Ed.: Ye.M. Soboleva

PURPOSE: This collection of examples and problems may be used by
students of higher technical schools and by engineering and tech-
nical personnel engaged in the design and study of automatic
control systems. This book is intended to help the reader to acquire
experience in applying linear automatic control theory to the solu-
tion of practical problems. The book may be used by students
taking the course in automatic control offered by the Leningradskiy
elektrotekhnicheskii institut (Leningrad Electrical Engineering
Institute imeni V.I. Ul'yanov).

Card 1/4

Collection of Examples (Cont.)

SOV/1953

Ch. II. Investigation of Stability of Automatic Control Systems	118
3. Investigation of stability of automatic control systems by means of the Hurwitz criterion	118
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6. Investigation of stability of automatic control systems by means of the Nyquist criterion	136
a) Frequency characteristics of elements and systems of automatic control	136
b) Investigation of automatic control system stability by the method of attenuation-phase characteristics	171
c) Investigation of automatic control system stability by the method of logarithmic frequency characteristics	174
Ch. III. Investigation of Quality of Automatic Control Systems	179
7. Construction of a transient response curve for automatic control systems by means of direct solution of differential equations	179

Card 3/4

8(2), 9(6)
AUTHOR:

Anisimov, V. I., Engineer

SOV/119-59-3-13/15

TITLE:

The Inter-university Scientific Conference
on Electrical Measuring Instruments and on the Technical
Means of Automation (Mezhvuzovskaya nauchnaya
konferentsiya po elektroizmeritel'nym priboram i
tekhnicheskim sredstvam avtomatiki)

PERIODICAL:

Priborostroyeniye, 1959, Nr 3, pp 30-31 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

This Conference was held at the Leningradskiy elektrotekhnicheskii
institut im. V. I. Ul'yanova (Lenina) (Leningrad Institute
of Electrical Engineering imeni V. I. Ul'yanov (Lenin)) in
November 1958. It was attended by more than 500 representatives
of universities, scientific research institutes, of the OKB,
the SKB (Special Design Office), of industries and other
organizations. More than 30 lectures were delivered in
the meetings of this Conference. In opening the conference
N. P. Boroditskiy underlined the outstanding importance of automation
and of measuring technique for the development of national
economy. N. N. Shumilovskiy in his lecture reported on
"The Trends in the Development of Methods of Radioactive
Control of Production Data" and outlined the extensive

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The Inter-university Scientific Conference on
Electrical Measuring Instruments and on the Technical
Means of Automation

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possibilities of using radioactive methods in such control. Ye. G. Shramkov and S. A. Spektor reported on a new method of measuring heavy direct currents with the help of the nuclear magnetic resonance. M. A. Rozenblat investigated problems of the application of magnetic amplifiers in automation and in measuring technique. A. V. Fateyev reported on the present-day state on the prospects of automatic control technique. Ya. Z. Tsypkin investigated some peculiar features of and the prospects offered by automatic pulse systems. The lecture by N. G. Boldyrev dealt with problems of stability of discrete automatic systems. V. B. Ushakov discussed the main trends in the development of mathematical analog computers and of computers designed for industrial use. The report by V. S. Ryabyshkin deals with an electronic analog correlator for the calculation of correlation functions in the investigation of winds in the ionosphere. R. I. Yurgenson reported on the most important methods, which guarantee both an active and passive freedom from disturbances in

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The Inter-university Scientific Conference on
Electrical Measuring Instruments and on the Technical
Means of Automation

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discrete selective systems. Ya. V. Novosel'tsev discussed problems of averaging, differentiation, and balancing of time-dependent functions which can be represented by electric signals. V. P. Skuridin investigated new computing devices with polarized relays. A. V. Fremke and Ye. M. Dushin reported on instrument transformers for automatic instruments with automatic recording. V. B. Ushakov and N. N. Kopay-Gora reported on a computer for the automatic centralized control of production specifications. M. M. Fetisov discussed fundamental problems of the theory of automatic measuring instruments with an inverse conversion for the measurement of non-electric quantities. Ye. I. Tenyakov dealt with problems of the construction of automatic d. c. potentiometers with high accuracy. D. I. Malov discussed a high-precision automatic d. c. bridge for digital computations. The participants in the Congress listed below discussed the following subjects (which, however, are not given by the exact wording of the titles):
V. A. Ivantsov: The planning of measuring elements for

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The Inter-university Scientific Conference on
Electrical Measuring Instruments and on the Technical
Means of Automation

SOV/119-59-3-13/15

accurate automatic quotient-type meters in digital computations. R. R. Kharchenko: Methods of determining the dynamic errors of a magnetic oscilloscope by simulation. P. P. Ornatskiy: Problems in measuring electric quantities at extremely low frequencies by electrical indicating instruments of various systems. L. F. Kulikovskiy: Novel types of a. c. compensators. A. S. Ryzhenkrants: Automatic bridges and a. c. compensators suited for the control of the parameters of condensers in series production. L. I. Stolov: Some characteristics of midget induction motors which can be used in measuring technique and automation. D. A. Borodayev: Ultrasonic pressure- and liquid level gages. Yu. A. Skripnik: The circuitry of a phase-sensitive commutation indicator for a. c. semi-equilibrium bridges. N. F. Suvid: The application of instruments with magnetic bridges, which permit a considerable simplification of the design of the apparatus and the circuitry used in the measurement of non-electric quantities. V. A. Ferents: Method of increasing the sensitivity of oxygen gas analyzers. P. V. Novitskiy:

Card 4/5

The Inter-university Scientific Conference on
Electrical Measuring Instruments and on the Technical
Means of Automation

SOV/119-59-3-13/15

Design of apparatus for measuring vibration quantities.
V. V. Pasyukov: Main types of non-linear semiconductor
resistors and possibilities of their application to
circuitry in automation and measuring technique. G. N.
Novopashenny: Development of measuring amplifiers with
semiconductor triodes. Ya. V. Novosel'tsev, N. A. Smirnov,
Ye. Ye. Afanas'yev, Ye. P. Ugryumov: Precision semiconductor
frequency meter operating according to the pulse-counting
principle. P. G. Nikitin and A. Bezukladnikov: Methods of
measuring the magnetic field strength by means of bismuth
resistors and transducers operating on the Hall effect
principle. A resolution was adopted by the closing plenary
meeting of the Conference, which indicates ways of
improving and coordinating scientific research work in the
field of automation, electric measuring- and computing
technique.

Card 5/5

ANISIMOV, V.I.; GOLUBEV, A.P.

Transistorized RC-coupled sine wave generator. Radiotekhnika
16 no.9:55-59 S '61. (MIRA 14:9)
(Oscillators, Transistor)

S/103/62/023/001/010/014
D201/D304

9,3240
AUTHOR:

Anisimov, V.I. (Leningrad)

TITLE:

Comparative analysis of frequency response of a d.c. amplifier type MDM (modulator-demodulator) for two modes of its operation

PERIODICAL:

Avtomatika i telemekhanika, v. 23, no. 1, 1962,
98 - 105

TEXT: The author considers the frequency response of chopper-stabilized d.c. amplifiers type MDM as a function of two so-called a.c. section of the amplifier parameters. The a.c. section consists of the chopper (modulator), L.F. amplifier and demodulator (another chopper). It is shown that the frequency response of a d.c. chopper-stabilized amplifier changes noticeable when the modulator and the demodulator change over from the in-phase to the opposite phase operation. It is shown that, with the output filter included, the slope of the logarithmic amplitude-frequency response is - 40 db/decade for the opposite-phase operation of the modulator and demodulator and that the phase shift introduced at higher frequencies

Card 1/2

B

S/146/62/005/002/001/004
D201/D307

9.3240

AUTHOR:

Anisimov, V.I.

TITLE:

Frequency characteristics of d.c. chopper amplifiers

PERIODICAL:

Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy. Priboros-
troyeniye, v. 5, no. 2, 1962, 3 - 11

TEXT:

By making a theoretical circuit analysis of a syn-
chronous chopper-stabilized D.C. amplifier the author shows that even
when the a.c. signal amplification channel has no noticable frequency
distortions within a range near the chopper frequency, these charac-
teristics substantially affect shape of the overall amplifier frequency
response. The overall frequency response depends on the amplifier inter-
stage coupling time-constants, which should be made much larger than the
root of the product of input and of modified output time constants. If
the above parameters are chosen as recommended, it becomes possible in
practice to avoid their effect on the frequency response, and the latter
becomes determined only by the parameters of the filter after the de-
✓
B

Card 1/2

ANISIMOV, V.I.; GOLUBEV, A.P.

Using quadrature feedback for the stabilization of the amplification
factor of semiconductor amplifiers with a fixed frequency. Priborostroenie
no.4:8-10 Ap '63. (MIRA 16'4)

(Amplifiers (Electronics))

S/108/63/018/002/008/010
D413/D308

AUTHOR: Anisimov, V. I.

TITLE: Equivalent transistor circuits suitable for calculating the temperature instability of its working-point coordinates

PERIODICAL: Radiotekhnika, v. 18, no. 2, 1963, 61-65

TEXT: A large number of papers have been published on the calculation of temperature stabilization of transistor operating conditions in various circuits, but have only considered the variation of one or two parameters such as initial collector junction resistance r_k ; several have indicated the further need to take into account the temperature variation in emitter-base voltage. The author sets up several alternative equivalent circuits taking into account all possible temperature variations of transistor parameters, together with an approximate form for the common case $r_k = \infty$, which considerably simplifies the analysis. As an example, he takes a generalized

Card 1/2

Card 2/2

S/108/63/018/003/007/008
D201/D308

AUTHOR:

Anisimov, V. I.

TITLE:

Directly coupled low frequency transistor
amplifiers with d.c. feedback

PERIODICAL:

Radiotekhnika, v. 18, no. 3, 1963, 65-71

TEXT: The author considers the theory of multi-stage, directly coupled transistor LF amplifiers with a heavy overall d.c. feedback. The design procedure of such three-stage amplifiers using p-n-p or two p-n-p and one n-p-n transistor is given. The procedure makes it possible to design amplifiers in which the operating point of every transistor is practically independent of ambient temperature. There are 4 figures.

SUBMITTED:

March 28, 1962

Card 1/1

ACCESSION NR: AT4017562

S/3074/62/000/047/0195/0211

AUTHOR: Anisimov, V. I. (Candidate of Technical Sciences, Docent); Golubev, A. P. (Engineer)

TITLE: Temperature stabilization of output voltage of semiconductor sinusoidal RC oscillators

SOURCE: Leningrad. Elektrotekhnicheskiiy institut. Izv., no. 47, 1962, 195-211

TOPIC TAGS: Rc oscillator, RC generator, sinusoidal generator, oscillator temperature stabilization, thermistor stabilization, semiconductor RC oscillator, nonlinear feedback stabilization

ABSTRACT: The generator output is temperature-stabilized by means of a selective time-delay nonlinear negative-feedback RC network containing a thermistor. Different variants of such a feedback network are shown and their operation analyzed on the basis of the thermistor current-voltage characteristic. The stability of the output oscillator voltage is analyzed as a function of the changes in the amplifier gain, thermistor resistance, and positive-feedback loop of the oscillator. The instability of the generator output can be reduced to about 0.06 -- 0.1% per 10C, but if the ambient is lower than + 50C the instability can be made

Card 1/2

ACCESSION NR: AT4017562

much smaller. The effect of the individual components of the network on the instability is also briefly discussed. The over-all output voltage instability of semiconductor RC generators designed in accordance with the conclusions of this investigation do not exceed ± 20 for a total ambient temperature change from - 60 to + 60C. Orig. art. has: 6 figures and 29 formulas, and 1 table.

ASSOCIATION: Leningradskiy elektrotekhnicheskii institut (Leningrad Electro-technical Institute).

SUBMITTED: 00Jan61

DATE ACQ: 20Mar64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: GE

NR REF SOV: 001

OTHER: 000

Card

2/2

ANISIMOV, Vladimir Ivanovich; KOCHINEV, Yu.G., red.

[Direct coupling of stages in low-frequency transistor
amplifiers] Neposredstvennaya svyaz' kaskadov v tran-
zistornykh usiliteliakh nizkoi chastoty. Leningrad,
1964. 22 p. (MIRA 17:12)

ANISIMOV, Vladimir Ivanovich; GOLUBEV, Aleksandr Pavlovich;
KOCHINEV, Yu.G., red.

[Transistorized modulators] Tranzistornye modulyatory.
Moskva, Izd-vo "Energiia," 1964. 222 p. (NIRA 17:8)

L 10227-65 SSD/APM/ASD(a)-5/ESD(c)/ESD(dp)/ESD(gs)

ACCESSION NR: AP4048289

S/0146/64/007/005/0041/0046

AUTHOR: Anisimov, V. I., Likhodiyevskiy, Yu. F.

TITLE: Differentiating circuits for AM signal envelopes

SOURCE: IVUZ, Priborostroyeniye, v. 7, no. 5, 1964, 41-46

TOPIC TAGS: differentiating circuit, AM signal, envelope differentiation

ABSTRACT: Based on E. V. Bohn's demodulator-modulator correction circuit (IRE Trans., Circuit Theory, v. CT-9, 1961, no. 3), two circuits are considered for differentiating the envelopes of AM signals in which the functions of both the modulator and demodulator are performed by the same switching element. One of the circuits is designed with a transistor, the other, with two semiconductor diodes. Both are reduced to a single equivalent circuit, and formulas proving its differentiating nature are developed. Orig. art. has: 5 figures and 16 formulas.

ASSOCIATION: Leningradskiy elektrotekhnicheskiy institut im. V. I. Lenina (Leningrad Electrotechnical Institute)

SUBMITTED: 16Nov63

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: EC

NO REF SOV: 000

OTHER: 002

Card 1/1

ANISIMOV, V.I.; GOLUBEV, A.P.

Equivalent circuits of a transistor operating in a weak signal
chopping mode. Elektrosviaz' 18 no.8:44-51 Ag '64.
(MIRA 17:8)

ACCESSION NR: AP4042894

S/0108/64/019/007/0061/0068

AUTHOR: Anisimov, V. I.

TITLE: Generalized analysis of the instability of operation of transistors

SOURCE: Radiotekhnika, v. 19, no. 7, 1964, 61-68

TOPIC TAGS: transistor, transistor stability, transistor amplifier

ABSTRACT: For investigating the temperature instability of an amplifying transistor, the latter is represented by an autonomous quadripole whose parameters are determined by the effect of temperature on transistor characteristics. Matrix equations of such an equivalent quadripole are set up. Any real transistor circuit can be replaced with a combination of two autonomous quadripoles, one of which replaces the transistor in question and another, the rest of the bias circuit (which in the general case may include other transistors). Equations are set up that describe such a 2-quadripole equivalent circuit; these

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ACCESSION NR: AP4042894

formulas for voltage and current instability factors in terms of h parameters are developed:

Instability factor \ I	1	2
$Y_I = \frac{i_I}{e_h} \Big _{I_h=0}$	$-\frac{1}{h_{11} + z_{11} + h_{21} z_{12}}$	$h_{21} Y_1$
$S_{II} = \frac{i_I}{I_h} \Big _{e_h=0}$	$z_{12} Y_1$	$-(h_{11} + z_{11}) Y_1$
$S_{UI} = \frac{u_I}{e_h} \Big _{I_h=0}$	$-(z_{11} + h_{21} z_{12}) Y_1$	$-(z_{21} + h_{21} z_{22}) Y_1$
$R_I = \frac{u_I}{I_h} \Big _{e_h=0}$	$h_{11} z_{12} Y_1$	$(z^* + h_{11} z_{22}) Y_1$

Card 2/3

ACCESSION NR: AP4042894

Use of the above formulas is illustrated by an example of the instability of transistor operation in a generalized bias circuit. Orig. art. has: 5 figures and 60 formulas.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 10Dec62

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: EC

NO REF SOV: 004

OTHER: 000

Card 3/3

ACCESSION NR: AP4043717

S/0106/64/000/008/0044/0051

AUTHOR: Anisimov, V. I.; Golubev, A. P.

TITLE: Equivalent circuits of a transistor operating as a weak-signal chopper

SOURCE: Elektrosvyaz', no. 8, 1964, 44-51

TOPIC TAGS: transistor, transistorized switch, chopper transistor

ABSTRACT: The well-known formulas describing static equivalent circuits of a unipolar- and bipolar-controlled weak-signal chopper transistor are reviewed. Experimentally determined parameters which enter the above formulas, for P15, P103, and P106 Soviet-made transistors, are tabulated; the effects of temperature and the mode of operation on these parameters are explained. Because of diffusion-process inertia and p-n-junction capacitance, transient spikes appear on the output waveform and may distort the operation of a weak-signal chopper considerably. These spikes create an additional keying-frequency noise or shift

Card 1/2

ACCESSION NR: AP4043717

the zero level in d-c amplifiers. Simple equivalent circuits (Figs 7 and 8) are suggested to allow for the switching transients. Formulas are developed for determining the parameters of these circuits, and numerical values of the parameters for P15, P103, and P106 transistors are given. Orig. art. has: 8 figures, 20 formulas, and 2 tables.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 30Mar64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: EC

NO REF SOV: 001

OTHER: 005

Card 2/2

ANISIMOV, V.I.; LIKHODIYEVSKIY, Yu.F.

Circuits for the differentiation of the envelope of amplitude modulation signals. Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.;prib. 7 no.5:41-46 '64.

(MIRA 17:12)
1. Leningradskiy elektrotekhnicheskiy institut imeni V.I.Ulyanova
(Ienina). Rekomendovano kafedroy avtomatiki i telemekhaniki.

ANISIMOV, V.I.

Generalized analysis of the nonstable operation of transistors.
Radiotekhnika 19 no.7:61-68 J1 '64. (MIRA 17:12)

ANISIMOV, V.I.

Operational instability of transistor amplifiers with direct
d.c. feedback. Elektrosviaz' 19 no.5:30-35 My '65.

(MIRA 18:6)

L 8886-66 EWA(h)/EWT(1)

ACC NR: AP5028031

AUTHOR: Anisimov, V. I. (Candidate of technical sciences); Golubev, A. P. (Candidate of technical sciences)

SOURCE CODE: UR/0119/65/000/011/015/0017

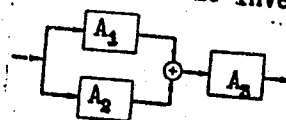
ORG: none

TITLE: Broadband transistorized operational d-c amplifier 22
B

SOURCE: Priborostroyeniye, no. 11, 1965, 15-17

TOPIC TAGS: dc amplifier, transistorized amplifier

ABSTRACT: The development of a new transistorized low-drift high-accuracy operational d-c amplifier is reported. Intended for integration and scale inversion, the amplifier has this parallel-channel structure: Here, A_1 is a h-f a-c amplifier; A_2 is a modem (chopper) d-c amplifier; A_3 is a broadband d-c amplifier with directly coupled stages. These characteristics are reported: At 20C, the voltage gain and the input resistance are 100,000 and 200 kohms for d.c. or 5000 and 75 kohms for 1000 cps, respectively. Stable operation with supply-voltage



Card 1/2

UIC:621.375.024:621.382.3

L 8886-66

ACC NR: AP5028031

variations of $\pm 2\%$ is reported. Maximum supply current taken from +50 v and -50 v sources is 25 and 45 ma, respectively. Turn-on transient time, 2-3 sec. A non-linear negative feedback sharply reduces the A_v gain when the output voltage exceeds 30 v. The new amplifier is intended for operation at -60 to +80C and is not critical to usual transistor-parameter deviations. Orig. art. has: 6 figures and 2 tables. [03]

SUB CODE: 09/

SUBM DATE: none/ ORIG REF: 00001/ OTH REF: 00001/ ATD PRESS:

4152

Card 2/2

AP5026967

AUTHOR: Anisimov, V. I., (Leningrad), Golubev, A. P. (Leningrad)
ORG: None 4455

SOURCE CODE: UR/0103/65/026/010/1832/1837

TITLE: Selection of the optimum frequency response for transistorized operational amplifiers 25 35 B

SOURCE: Avtomatika i telemekhanika, v. 26, no. 10, 1965, 1832-1837

TOPIC TAGS: frequency characteristic, transistorized amplifier, mean square error

ABSTRACT: The authors consider the relationship between the standard error of an operational amplifier and the modulus of the frequency response for loop amplification $W(j\omega)$, as well as the relationship between the critical frequency of this response and the transistor parameters. It is recommended that the average decay of $W(j\omega)$ should be 30 db/decade in operational amplifiers with parallel amplification channels. A circuit is given for a transistorized operational amplifier which gives the optimum shape of frequency response characteristic for loop amplification. Orig. art. has: 6 figures and 8 formulas.

SUB CODE: 09 / SUBM DATE: 10Feb65 / ORIG REF: 003 / OTH REF: 002

jw
Card 1/1

UDC 621.375.147.3

ANISIMOV, V.I. (Leningrad)

Calculation of the nonstability (drift) of the zero level
of a d.c. amplifier. Avtom. i telen. 26 no.5:876-881
My '65. (MIRA 18:12)

1. Submitted March 27, 1964.

ANISIMOV, V.I., kand.tekhn.nauk; GOLUBEV, A.P., kand.tekhn.nauk

Wide-band transistor operational d.c. amplifier.
Priboroostroenie no.11:15-17 N '65.

(MIRA 18:12)

I 23091-66 EWA(h)/EWT(1)
ACC NR: AT5025638

SOURCE CODE: UR/2657/65/000/013/0199/0212

AUTHOR: Anisimov, V. I.; Golubev, A. P.

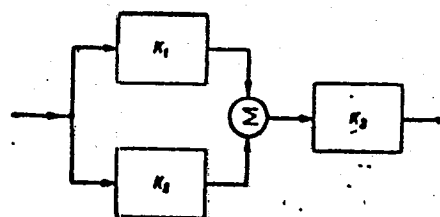
ORG: none

TITLE: Some problems in designing broadband transistorized operational amplifiers

SOURCE: Poluprovodnikovyye pribory i ikh primeneniye; sbornik statey, no. 13, 1965, 199-212

TOPIC TAGS: electronic amplifier, transistorized amplifier, operational amplifier

ABSTRACT: An optimal structure (see figure) of the operational amplifier consists of h-f a-c amplifier K_1 , l-f modulator-demodulator d-c amplifier K_2 , and broadband direct-coupled d-c amplifier K_3 . The zero-point drift is considered in a theoretical circuit consisting of a zero-drift amplifier and drift-emf and drift-current sources.



Three circuits of transistorized modulators are analyzed as to their zero-point-drift,

Card 1/2

UDC: 621.375.147.3

L 23091-66

ACC NR: AT5025638

and formulas describing their drift voltages and currents are developed. Drift sources in direct-coupled d-c amplifiers mainly depend on the instability of parameters of the first stage; drift formulas are also developed. The amplifier passband, under h-f integrating conditions, is analyzed. To stabilize the operation of such an amplifier, correction means are recommended which bring the slope of its frequency-dependent $K_f = i_{out}/i_{in}$ characteristic within -20 db/dec. Orig. art. has: 8 figures and 26 formulas.

SUB CODE: 09 / SUBM DATE: none / ORIG REF: 003

Card 2/2

28

L 20339-66 EWT(1)/EWA(h)
ACCESSION NR: AP5013843

UR/0103/65/026/005/0876/0881
621.375.024.016.35.001.24

AUTHOR: Anisimov, V. I. (Leningrad)

TITLE: Calculating the zero-level drift in d-c amplifiers

SOURCE: Avtomatika i telemekhanika, v. 26, no. 5, 1965, 876-881

TOPIC TAGS: dc amplifier, zero drift

ABSTRACT: A generalized method is considered of calculating the reduced-to-the-input zero-level drift in d-c amplifiers; the method is based on the theory of autonomous quadripoles. The d-c amplifier regarded as an autonomous quadripole is replaced by an equivalent circuit comprising a nonautonomous quadripole (which represents a driftless amplifier) and two autonomous voltage and current sources (which represent two components of the drift). Formulas for these components are developed for parallel-parallel, series-parallel, series-series, and parallel-series circuits of the amplifier feedback. Orig. art. has: 5 figures and 25 formulas.

Card 1/2

L 20339-66

ACCESSION NR: AP5013843

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 27Mar64

NO REF SOV: 003

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: EC

OTHER: 000

Card

2/2

ACC NR: AP6022202

SOURCE CODE: UR/0115/66/000/005/C-048/0050

AUTHOR: Anisimov, V. I.; Golubev, A. P.

ORG: none

TITLE: Switching of transistorized weak-signal choppers

SOURCE: Izmeritel'naya tekhnika, no. 5, 1966, 48-50

TOPIC TAGS: transistorized circuit, dc ac inverter, switching circuit

ABSTRACT: Switching processes in two transistor-switch circuits are theoretically considered. In a "two-pole" circuit (see Figure 1), the transistor is turned off by a bias voltage; in a "single-pole" circuit (Fig. 2), no bias voltage is needed for turning off the transistor. It is found that the "two-pole" circuit is most suitable for Ge-transistorized weak-signal choppers because it provides higher conversion factor and its zero-point drift is practically independent of the method of switching. For Si-transistorized choppers, the "single-pole" circuit is preferable because it has considerably lower zero-point level. Orig. art. has: 4 figures, 7 formulas, and 1 table.

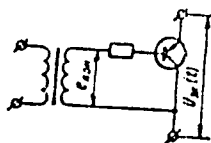


Fig 1

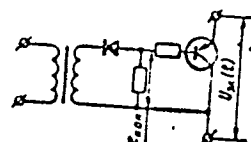


Fig 2

SUB CODE: 09 / SUBM DATE: none / ORIG REF: 001 / OTH REF: 004
Card 1/1

UDC: 621.314.5+621.375.024

ANISIMOV, V.I. (Moskva)

Refraction index of a binary liquid system. Zhur.fiz.khim.
35 no.9:1911-1917 '61. (MIRA 14:10)
(Systems (Chemistry)) (Refraction)

SINEGUB-LAVRENKO, Anna Antonovna; ANISIMOV, Viktor Ivanovich; TARASOVA,
Lyudmila Aleksandrovna; MIKLASHEVSKIY, S.P., retsenzent; SHUB, L.S.,
spets. red.; VERBITSKAYA, Ye.M., red.; SHVETSOV, S.V., tekhn. red.

[Photomechanical methods for the production screens for textile
printing] Fotomekhanicheskie sposoby izgotovleniia form dlia pe-
chati na tkaniakh. Moskva, Izd-vo nauchno-tekhn.lit-ry RSFSR,
1961. 142 p. (MIRA 15:1)

(Textile printing)

(Photomechanical processes)

ANISIMOV, V.I., kapitan 3 ranga

Give greater attention to the special training of personnel.
Mor.sbor. 44 no.3:51-57 Mr '61. (MIRA 14:4)
(Naval education)

ANISIMOV, V.K.

Diagnosis of ancylostomiasis. Lab.delo 9 no.3:44-45 Mr '63.
(MIRA 16:4)
1. Bol'nitsa goskhoza Dong-zyao, Demokraticheskaya Respublika
V'yetnam.
(HOOKWORMS)

ANISIMOV, V. M., Cand Agr Sci -- (diss) "Standardization of protein in intensive semi-tallow fattening of hogs on high-concentrate rations of the barley-corn type." Kiev, 1960. 8 pp; (Ministry of Agriculture Ukrainian SSR, Ukrainian Academy of Agricultural Sciences); 150 copies; price not given; (KL, 26-60, 140)

ANISIMOV, V.M.; SOKOLOV, V.N.

Valuable initiative of railroad bridge workers. Put' put.khoz.
8 no.2:38-40 '64. (MIRA 17:3)

1. Nachal'nik Kiyevskoy mostoispytatel'noy stantsii (for Anisimov).
2. Nachal'nik mostoispytatel'noy stantsii Belorusskoy dorogi, stantsiya Lida (for Sokolov).

ANISIMOV, V.M.

Use continuous rail tracks on br dges. Put' i put'khoz. 3 no.3:
32 '64. (MIRA 17:9)

1. Nachal'nik Kiyevskoy mostoispytatel'noy s antsil.

TERESHCHENKO, I.P.; MOSKVIN, O.I.; DARAGAN, M.V.[Darahan, M.V.];
ANISIMOV, V.P.; YARMOLINSKIY, M.R.[Iarmolyns'kyi, M.R.];
 BULGAKOV, P.S.[Bulhakov, P.S.]; KUTS, V.K.; KASHPUR, A.V.;
 VASILENKO, G.K.[Vasylenko, H.K.]; KUKOLEV, V.D.[Kukoliev,
 V.D.]; SIGOV, S.G.[Sihov, S.H., deceased]; NAGIRNYAK, P.A.
 [Nahirniak, P.A.]; VETCHINOV, I.A.[Vietchynov, I.A.];
 ZADOROZHNYI, V.K.; DROSOVSKAYA, L.I.[Drosovs'ka, L.I.];
 SHKITINA, M.I.; PROSHCHAKOV, O.M.; MOKIYENKO, B.F.
 [Mokiienko, B.F.]; GOLOVACH, A.V.[Holovach, A.V.];
 IVANITSKIY, I.V.[Ivanyts'kyi, I.V.]; KOZAK, V.Ye.;
 BORYAKIN, V.M., red.izd-va; NESTERENKO, O.O., glav. red.;
 DAKHNO, Yu.B., tekhn. red.

[National income of the Ukrainian S.S.R. during the period
 of the large-scale building of communism] Natsional'nyi
 dokhod Ukraini's'koi RSR v period rozhornutoho budivnytstva
 kommunizmu. Red.kol.: O.O.Nesterenko ta inshi. Kyiv, Vyd-
 vo AN URSSR, 1963. 333 p. (MIRA 16:12)

1. Akademiya nauk URSSR, Kiev. Instytut ekonomiky.
 (Ukraine--Income)

ANISIMOV, V.S.

A rivet set. Stan. 1 instr. 26 no.10:36-37 0'55. (MLRA 9:1)
(Rivets)

Country : USSR
Category : Microbiology. Microbes Pathogenic For Man and Animals
Aerobic Bacilli.
Abs. Jour : Ref Zhur-Biol., No 23, 1958, No 103867
Author : Anisimov, V. S; Chabarova, M. A.
Institut. : Institute of Veterinary Medicine, Kazakh Affiliate of*
Title : Duration of Immunity After Anthrax Vaccine Inoculation
According to the S. B. Gurak Method
Orig. Pub. : Tr. In-ta vet. Kazakhsk. Fil. VASKhNIL, 1957, 8, 95-97
Abstract : No abstract.
*the All-Union Academy of Agricultural Sciences in
Moscow

Card: 1/1

F-60

Anisimov, V.V.
ANISIMOV, V.V.

Excitation of biharmonic oscillations in a generator with two degrees of freedom. Vest.Mosk.un.Ser.mat.,mekh.,astron.,fiz.,khim. 11 no.1:137-146 '56. (MIRA 10:12)

1. Kafedra teorii kolebaniy Moskovskogo universiteta.
(Oscillators, Electron-tube)

ANSIMOV, V.V.; VASIL'YEV, V.G.; GRISHIN, G.L.; ROVNIN, L.I.; ERV'YE, Yu.G.

Berezovo gas-bearing region and prospects for its development.
Geol. nefti i gaza 3 no.9:1-6 S '59. (MIRA 13:1)

1. Tyumenskoye geologicheskoye upravleniye.
(Berezovo region (Tyumen Province)--Gas, Natural--Geology))

ACCESSION NR: AP4040584

S/0040/64/028/003/0557/0563

AUTHORS: Anisimov, V. V. (Moscow); Khokhlov, R. V. (Moscow)

TITLE: Shock waves formed by viscous gas flow about thin profiles

SOURCE: Prikladnaya matematika i mekhanika, v. 28, no. 3, 1964, 557-563

TOPIC TAGS: shock wave, viscous gas flow, thin profile, weak viscosity, wave parameter, quasilinear parabolic equation, condensation jump, wave front, pointed profile

ABSTRACT: The authors reduce the problem of a plane steady-state supersonic flow about a thin profile to the solution of a quasilinear parabolic equation

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + 2\alpha u \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = \delta \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} \quad \left(\alpha = \frac{1}{4} (\gamma + 1) \frac{M^2}{m}, \delta = \frac{1}{2} \nu \frac{M^2}{m} \right), \quad (1)$$

under the following assumptions. The gas has weak viscosity, and the arising shock waves have small intensity. Also, the characteristics of the flow are not only functions of the wave parameter $\tau = x - my$ but also weakly depend on one of the coordinates. In the approximation they use, they are able to compose a complete picture of the behavior of the shock wave at any distances from the profile. The interaction of the shock wave with a wave of vacuum has an essential effect on

Card 1/2

ACCESSION NR: AP4040584

the dissipation of the front of the shock wave. The authors show (by estimating the width of the front of the jump of condensation on the basis of the parabolic equation) that before the front of the shock wave contacts the wave of vacuum its width is almost constant. When interaction of the waves occurs, the front begins to spread, proportional to the square root of the distance from the profile, and the position of the shock wave also changes, while its rectilinearity is violated. The authors reduce this problem, in certain cases, to simplified equations:

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = \delta \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \tau^2} \quad (2)$$

linear

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + 2au \frac{\partial u}{\partial \tau} = 0 \quad (3)$$

and quasilinear

Limits of applicability of these equations are indicated. "The authors are grateful to Kh. A. Rakhmatulin, M. D. Ladyzhenskiy and V. A. Yeroshin for their valuable discussions." Orig. art. has: 6 figures and 47 formulas.

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~~ANALYST~~ ANISIMOV, V.V.

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Самая сложная на магнитных материалах

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	G. M. Kopylov	On the Burning Probability for Droplets of Liquid Fuel in a Turbulent Flow
	S. M. Rogovin	Amplification of Compression Waves in the Combustion Zone
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	Yu. M. Baidakov	On the Mechanism of Detonative Combustion
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	ELIUTCH, L. N.	
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	O. A. Tushenova	The Investigation of the State of Explosion Products Behind the Shock Wave
	V. A. Puzov	On the Location in the Flame Front
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USSR/Medicine - Hepatopathy
 Medicine - Antitoxic Function

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"Dynamic Observations on the Antitoxic Functions of the Liver in the Clinical Aspects of Internal Diseases," V. Ye. Anisimov, Stud, Faculty Therapeutics Clinic, Kazan State Med Inst, 8 pp

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Author carried out research on antitoxic functions of the liver of hepatopathy and cardiopathy indicating decompensation by the hippuric acid test, and proved that antitoxic functions were considerably lowered. Observed that large doses of sulfamide preparations for treating abscesses of the lungs do

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not depress subject functions. Nicotinic acid in many cases improved the functions, and riboflavin also showed a favorable effect.

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(ARTERIOSCLEROSIS, ther. salt-less diet, eff. on choline,
cholesterol & protein in blood)
(DIET, in various, salt-less in arteriosclerosis,
eff. on choline, cholesterol & protein in blood)
(CHOLINE, in blood, eff. of salt-less diet in arteriosclerosis)
(CHOLESTEROL, in blood, same)
(BLOOD PROTEINS, in various dis.
arteriosclerosis, eff. of salt-less diet)