

24401

Fourier transformations in ...

Z/026/61/006/003/002/003
D256/D304

It is also shown that the Fourier transformation is a generalization of the classic Fourier transformation. Next comes the solution of the problem: division of a transformation by a polynomial. The results obtained so far are used in the solving integro-differential-equation systems, having distributions on the right hand side of the equations. The system of solution for such a system of equations is given, and the rule on the constant dependence of the solutions on the right hand side of the equation is proved. It is then shown that reactions of a linear physical system can be determined, if the disturbances act on the whole time axis $(-\infty; \infty)$; the determination of reaction by means of a transfer function is also shown. The article concludes with some concrete examples. The following Lemmas are given: 1) Let $n \leq 1$ be a whole number; there exist functions $\psi_0(s), \psi_1(s), \dots, \psi_{n-1}(s) \in Z$, so that $\psi_i^{(k)}(0) = 0$ for $k = i, \psi_i^{(i)}(0) = 1; i, k = 0, 1, \dots, n - 1$. (A system like $\psi_0, \psi_1, \dots, \psi_{n-1}$ for a given n is called a "normal system").

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2) Let $P(s) \neq 0$ be a polynom, having no root α , and let $g = \sum_{i=0}^k c_i \delta_\alpha^{(i)}$. There exist numbers $B_0, B_1 \dots B_k$ so that $P(s) \sum_{i=0}^k B_i \delta_\alpha^{(i)} = g$.

3) Let c_{ik} be numbers, α_i different numbers; if the equation $\sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{k=0}^{n_i} c_{ik} \delta_i^{(k)} = 0$ be fulfilled in Z' ; then $c_{ik} = 0$

for all values of i, k .
 4) Let $U(s)$ be a square matrix of the n -th order, whose elements are compact analytical functions, and let $d(s) = \det U(s)$; if α is k times the root $d(s)$, $0 \leq k \leq n$, then the value of the matrix $U(\alpha)$ is not less than $n - k$. One concrete example is shown in Fig. 1 the problem being to find the value of the voltage e across resistor R , if a voltage f acts on the input. There are 1 figure, and 3 Soviet-bloc references.

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24403

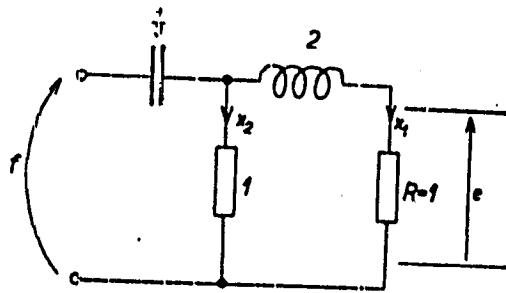
Fourier transformations in ...

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D256/D304

ASSOCIATION: Matematický ústav AV Praha (Mathematical Institute,
Czechoslovak AS, Prague)

SUBMITTED: May 5, 1960

Fig. 1.



Obr. 1.

Card 4/4

DOLEZAL, Vaclav, C.Sc., Int.

On the revival of Fourier's transformation by means of the distribution theory. Acta technica CSA 6 no.4:335-355 '61.

1. Ceskoslovenska akademie ved, Praha, Zitna 25.

(Fourier's series)

S/044/62/000/006/052/127
B177/B102

AUTHOR: Dolezal, Václav

TITLE: A class of linear operators

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Matematika, no. 6, 1962, 104, abstract
6B442 (Casop. pestov. mat., y. 86, no. 2, 1961, 200 - 232)

TEXT: A certain class of linear operators is studied which translate a Schwartz distribution space, given for $(-\infty, 0)$, into itself. The results are used to solve a specific type of integro-differential equations.
[Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

Card 1/1

38547

Z/042/62/000/006/002/003
E140/E435

9.3230

AUTHOR: Doležal, Václav, Engineer, Candidate of Sciences

TITLE: The solution of certain parametric systems by means of
the generalized Thevenin's theorem

PERIODICAL: Elektrotechnicky časopis, no.6, 1962, 343-349

TEXT: The concepts of impedance and admittance are generalized to parametric networks. It is shown that not all parametric networks have both admittance and impedance. One that does is termed "regular". A parametric network composed exclusively of series and parallel elements R_i , L_k and C_l , where $R_i(t)$, $L_k(t)$ and $C_l(t)$ are smooth functions of time and positive for all $t \geq 0$, is regular. Further, the author defines the concept I_k -normal parametric n-port, when the current i_k flowing through the k -th pair of terminals P_k is subject to the condition

$$i_k = \sum_{i=1}^n A_i e_i \quad (1)$$

where A_i are admittance operators. With these definitions, the
Card 1/2

The solution of certain ...

Z/042/62/000/006/002/003
E140/E435

author presents the generalized Thevenin's theorem in the following form. Let R be a parametric n-port ($n \geq 2$), \mathfrak{Z} a parametric 1-port, and let the following conditions be valid:

1. R is I_n -normal;
2. \mathfrak{Z} is regular;
3. \mathfrak{Z}_n is regular (\mathfrak{Z}_n is R with all pairs of terminals short-circuited except P_n)
4. The parallel connection of \mathfrak{Z} and \mathfrak{Z}_n is a regular 1-port. Let e^* be the open-circuit voltage on P_n if the voltages e_1, e_2, \dots, e_{n-1} act on P_1, P_2, \dots, P_{n-1} ; let further u be the voltage on P_n if P_n is loaded by the 1-port \mathfrak{Z} under the same conditions. Then if the emf e^* act on the series combination \mathfrak{Z}_n and \mathfrak{Z} , the voltage u will appear across \mathfrak{Z} . A proof is given in the author's previous paper (Applikace matem., no. 2, 1962). The article closes with a simple example to illustrate the application of the theorem. There are 2 figures.

ASSOCIATION: Matematicky ústav ČSAV (Mathematical Institute ČSAV)

Card 2/2

DOLEZAL, Vaclav, inz., C.Sc. (Praha 1, Zitna 25)

Generalization of Thevenin proposal and its application. Aplikace mat
7 ~o.2:104-115 '62.

1. Matematicky ustav, Ceskoslovenska akademie ved.

DOLEZAL, Vaclav, inz., C.Sc.; PROKOP, Josef; VOREL, Zdenek, inz., C.Sc.

The theory of graphs in the analysis of electrical networks.
Aplikace mat '7 no.5:331-343 '62.

1. Matematicky ustav, Ceskoslovenska akademie ved, Praha 1,
Zitna 25 (for Dolezal and Vorel). 2. Vyskumnny ustav
telekomunikaci, Praha 10 - Strasnice, Tretkhosticka (for
Prokop).

DOLEZAL, Václav, inz., C.Sc.

On the existence of admittance or impedance of parametric
twopoles. Aplikace mat 7 no.6:450-456 '62.

1. Matematicky ustav, Ceskoslovenska akademie ved, Zitna 25,
Praha 1.

DOLEZAL, Vaclav, inz., C.Sc.

On star-triangle equivalence. Aplikace mat 7 no.6:457-462
'62.

1. Matematicky ustav, Ceskoslovenska akademie ved, Zitna 25,
Praha 1.

DOLEZAL, V.; OSIOWSKI, J.

Some properties of the transfer matrix of a linear network.
Bul Ac Pol tech 10 no.9:571-573 '62,

1. Institute of Mathematics, Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences,
Praha, and Department of the Theory of Communications, Institute
of Fundamental Technical Problems, Polish Academy of Sciences,
Warsaw. Presented by J.Grosskowaki.

DOLEZAL, Vaclav (Praha 1, Zitna 25)

On certain linear operators. Cas pro pes mat 87 no.2:198-224
'62.

1. Matematicky ustav, Ceskoslovenska akademie ved.

DOLEZAL, Vaclav; VOREL, Zdenek

The theory of Kirchhoff networks. Cas pro pes mat 87 no.4:440-476
O '62.

1. Matematicky ustav, Ceskoslovenska akademie ved, Praha 1, Zitna
25.

DOLEZAL, Vaclav (Praha)

"Fourier transforms and convolutions for the experimentalist" by
R.C. Jennison. Reviewed by Vaclav Dolezal. Cas pro pes mat 87
no.4:497 0 '62.

2/026/62/007/006/003/005
D234/D308

AUTHOR: Dolezal, Václav

TITLE: Existence of admittance or impedance of parametric two-terminal networks

PERIODICAL: Aplikace matematiky, v. 7, no. 6, 1962, 450-455

TEXT: The author proves that a parametric two-terminal network consisting of R, L, C elements has both an admittance A and an impedance Z if all R, L, C are real positive smooth functions of time between 0 and ∞ . For T and Π links formed from three such networks

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} A_1(A_1+A_2+A_3)^{-1} & (A_2+A_3); & -A_1(A_1+A_2+A_3)^{-1} & A_2 \\ -A_2(A_1+A_2+A_3)^{-1} & A_1; & A_2(A_1+A_2+A_3)^{-1} & (A_1+A_3) \end{bmatrix}$$

Card 1/3

Existence of admittance ...

Z/026/62/007/006/003/005
D234/D508

$$Z = \begin{bmatrix} z_1 + z_3; & z_3 \\ z_3; & z_2 + z_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

and

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} A_1 + A_3; & A_3 \\ A_3; & A_2 + A_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Z = \begin{bmatrix} z_1(z_1+z_2+z_3)^{-1} & (z_2+z_3); & -z_1(z_1+z_2+z_3)^{-1} & z_2 \\ -z_2(z_1+z_2+z_3)^{-1} & z_1; & z_2(z_1+z_2+z_3)^{-1} & (z_1+z_3) \end{bmatrix}$$

respectively. There is 1 figure.

Card 2/3

Existence of admittance ...

Z/026/62/007/006/003/005
D234/D308

ASSOCIATION: Matematický ústav CSAV (Institute of Mathematics,
Czechoslovak AS)

SUBMITTED: September 11, 1961

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Z/026/62/007/006/004/005
D234/D308

AUTHOR: Dolezal, Vaclav

TITLE: Star-triangle equivalence

PERIODICAL: Aplikace matematiky, v. 7, no. 6, 1962, 457-461

TEXT: The author studies the conditions of equivalence of stars and polygons formed by parametric two-terminal networks. It is proved that for every star there is an equivalent polygon if the admittances of the networks of the star form a subcommutative system (a system of regular operators is called subcommutative if

$$x_{\alpha} x_B^{-1} x_{\beta} = x_{\beta} x_B^{-1} x_{\alpha}$$

for any three operators in it). If a triangle fulfills the same condition there is a 3-star equivalent to it. There are 2 figures.

Card 1/2

Star-triangle equivalence

Z/026/62/007/006/004/005
D234/D308

ASSOCIATION: Matematicky ústav CSAV (Institute of Mathematics,
Czechoslovak AS)

SUBMITTED: November 13, 1961

Card 2/2

L 13244-63
IJP(G)

EWT(d)/MXC(w)/BDS AFFTC

AUTHOR: Doležal, Václav

TITLE: On certain linear operators

(2)

S/044/63/000/003/027/047

51

PERIODICAL: Referativnyj Zhurnal, Matematika, no. 3, 1963, 63, Abstract 3B294
(Casop. Pěstov. Mat., v. 87, no. 2, 1962, 198-224; Czech, summary
in Russian and German).TEXT: The article is devoted to an investigation of a certain class of
integro-differential operators in generalized D_n function spaces where the D_n
are derivatives of the nth order of functions summed over the entire axis and
vanishing at $(-\infty, 0)$. Let the generalized function be $f = F^{(n)}$, where $F(x)$
 $\in L_1$ and $F(x) = 0$ when $x < 0$. The operators considered in this article are
generated by operators of the form

$$Af = \sum_{i=0}^n a_i F^{(i)} + \int_0^t K(x, t) F(x) dx (f = F^{(n)}).$$

Card 1/2

L 13244-63

On certain linear operators

5/044/63/000/003/027/047

where the a_1 is a function differentiated a sufficient number of times with the aid of addition and superposition. The properties of the introduced operators are investigated; inverse operators are constructed. A norm is introduced in D_n space by the equality

$\|f\| = \int_0^1 |F(t)| dt$ ($f = F^{(n)}$). This permits one to regard the introduced operators as linear bounded operators and to construct the inverse operator in an approximate manner.

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

Card 2/2

DOLEZAL, Vaclav, inz., C.Sc.; VOREL, Zdenek, inz., C.Sc.

Some basic properties of Kirchhoff networks. Aplikace
mat 8 no.1:30-54 '63.

1. Matematicky ustav, Ceskoslovenska akademie ved,
Praha 1, Zitna 25.

DOLEZAL, Vaclav

On an approximate construction of inverse operators. Cas
pro pest mat 88 no.2:173-177 '63.

1. Matematicky ustav, Ceskoslovenska akademie ved, Praha 1,
Zitna 25.

DOLEZAL, Vaclav, inz., CSc.

A bound for the damping coefficient of RC- and RL- networks.
Aplikace mat 8 no.5:341-355 '63.

1. Matematicky ustav, Ceskoslovenska akademie ved, Praha 1,
Zitna 25.

DOLEZAL, Vaclav; VOREL, Zdenek

Periodic solutions of Kirchhoff's networks. Cas pro pest
mat 88 no.4:479-491 '63.

1. Matematicky ustav, Ceskoslovenska akademie ved. Praha 1,
Zitna 25.

DOLEZAL, Vaclav, inz., CSc.; VOREL, Zdenek, inz., CSc.

Periodic states in Kirchhoff networks. Aplikace mat 9 no.1:
31-38 '64.

1. Matematicky ustav, Ceskoslovenska akademie ved, Praha 1,
Zitna 25.

DOLEJAL, Vaclav

The existence of a continuous basis of certain linear subspace
of E_x which depends on a parameter. Cas pro pest mat 89 no.4:466-
469 0 '64.

Some properties of non-canonical systems of linear integrodifferential
equations. Cas pro pest mat 89 no.4:470-491 0 '64.

1. Institute of Mathematics of the Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences,
Prague 1, Zitna 25. Submitted December 19, 1963.

DOLEZAL, Vaclav, inz. CSc.

Some fundamental properties of electrical networks with
time-varying elements. Aplikace mat. 10 no. 1: 31-48 '65.

1. Institute of Mathematics of the Czechoslovak Academy of
Sciences, Prague 1, Zitna 25. Submitted March 23, 1964.

DOLEZAL, V.; HAUSNER, M.

Our experience with individual and group psychotherapy with the aid
of LSD. Activ. nerv. sup. 4 no.2:241-242 '62.

1. I ustanovka lekarske chemie fakulty všeobecného lekarství Karlovy
university v Praze, Psychiatrické oddělení polikliniky fakulty
všeobecného lekarství Karlovy university v Praze.

(LYSERGIC ACID DIETHYLAMIDE ther)
(PSYCHOTHERAPY) (PSYCHOTHERAPY GROUP)

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

M. HAUSNER and V. DOLEZAL, Psychiatric Department of Medical School Polyclinic (Psychiatrické oddelení fakultní polikliniky) and First Department for Medicinal and Forensic Chemistry (I. učebav pro chemii lékarskou a soudní) Faculty of General Medicine, Charles University, Prague.

"Catamnestic Evaluations of Effects of LSD Psychotherapy."

Prague, Activitas Nervosa Superior, Vol 5, No 2, May 63; pp 215-216.

Abstract : Tests with LSD in neurosis rehabilitation clinic: 11 controls, 11 receiving individually 100 gamma LSD, 11 receiving 'collectively' 50 gamma; 5 on placebo. All improved, especially those on 100 gamma. Authors consider drug valuable in the context of all other proved psycho- and pharmaco-therapeutic measures. Graph, 1 Western and 1 Czech reference.

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HAUSNER, M.; DOLEZAL, V.; SAVOSNIKOVA, O.

Various psychodiagnostic testing methods during psychotherapy
using LSD. Activ. nerv. sup. 5 no. 2:218-219 My '63.

1. Psychiatrické oddělení fakultní polikliniky, Praha - I
ustav pro chemii lekárskou a součinnou fakulty všeobecného
lekarského KU, Praha.

(PSYCHOTHERAPY) (LYSERGIC ACID DIETHYLAMIDE)
(PROJECTIVE TECHNICS) (PSYCHOSES, TOXIC)

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

M. KAUSNER, V. DOLEZAL and H. JUNOVA, First Department of Medicinal and Forensic Chemistry, Faculty of General Medicine of Charles University, and Psychiatric Department of Medical School Polyclinic, Prague.

"Evaluating Effect of Psychopharmaca in Outpatient Psychiatric Practice."

Prague, Activitas Nervosa Superior, Vol 5, No 2, May 63; pp 219-220.

Abstract : Brief schematic plan for evaluation of such drugs - patients' own comments spontaneous and structured; micro- (physiologic and psychologic) and macro- (psychologic and clinical) behavior, general synthesis. A questionnaire, "N-5" is discussed briefly as used in a manner so as to get most reliable and valid response data. Table, 2 Czech references.

1/1

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

HAUSNER, M; DOLEZAL, V.; Faculty of General Medicine-Charles University Prague; Psychiatric Clinic (Dir. Prof. V. Vondracek M.D., D. Sc.); Outpatient Department (Head: Asst. Prof. F. Knoch M.D., C. Sc.); First Department of Medical Chemistry and Toxicology (Dir. Prof. K. Kacil M.D., D. Sc.).

"Effects of Imipramine Upon Various Mental Syndromes In Ambulatory Treatment."

Prague, Activitas Nervosa Superior, Vol 5, No 4, 1963, pp 358 - 365

Abstract: (Authors' English abstract modified) 20 outpatients were treated with imipramine and their cases followed from a period of 3 months to 2 years. In "vital" depressions syndromes of depression and anxiety are affected within 2 weeks. In old age decrease appears later. Neurasthenic and autonomic syndromes increase during 3rd and 4th week, decrease subsequently. In depressive neuroses Imipramine without psychotherapy is not adequate. 3 Figures, 3 Tables, 3 Western, 4 Czech references.

1/1

DOLEZAL, V.; PIPAL, M.

Alteration of respiratory functions in man by acute starvation.
Bratisl. lek. listy 43 no.4:201-209 '63.

1. Ustav leteckeho zdravotnictvi, Praha.
(RESPIRATORY FUNCTION TESTS) (STARVATION)
(BASAL METABOLISM)

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

HAJSNER, M.; DLEZAL, V.; Clinic of Psychiatry at the Faculty of General Medicine at Charles University [*Psichiatricka Klinika Fakulty Vseobecneho Lekarstvi KU*], Prague; Institute for Medicinal and Forensic Chemistry at the Faculty for General Medicine at Charles University [*Ustav pro lekarskou a soudni Chemii Fakulty Vseobecneho Lekarstvi KU*], Prague.

"Practical Experience with Hallucinogens in Psychotherapy."

Prague, Ceskoslovenska Psychiatrie, Vol 59, No 5, 1963, pp 326-335

Abstract: The authors describe therapeutic mechanism, techniques, indications, contraindications, and complications experienced during individual and group psychotherapy applied to patients who were under the influence of hallucinogens (LSD). Advantages and disadvantages of this method are discussed. Best results were obtained when LSD was used in combination with individual interviews for patients residing in the therapeutic community. Six paintings by patients show how inner conflicts are relieved and expressed in an artistic way.
6 Figures, 6 Western, 6 Czech references.

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L 10399-66 EWT(d) IJP(c)

AN5024746

Monograph

CZ/

40

B41

Dolezal, ⁵³ ²⁴ Václav

Dynamics of linear systems. Prague, NCAV, 1964. 224 p. illus.,
biblio., index.

TOPIC TAGS: linear system, function theory, Schwartz distribution,
linear dynamic system, network theory

PURPOSE AND COVERAGE: This book presents a general and systematic
analysis of linear dynamic systems with lumped elements. Schwartz
distributions are used as a general tool for solving linear system ^{16,40}
problems. Systems with constant and time-variable elements are ⁵⁵
considered; the former are solved by using Laplace transforms, and
the latter by means of certain operators. Since the behavior of
physical systems with lumped elements is described by a system of
integro-differential equations, the analysis of such systems is the
main topic of the book. The last chapter is devoted to investigating
the properties of general linear systems and the generalization
of some theorems of classical network theory. The book

16,44,55

Card 1/3

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AM5024746

is intended primarily for electrical and mechanical engineers familiar with the fundamentals of analysis, Laplace transforms, the theory of functions of a complex variable, and higher algebra.

TABLE OF CONTENTS [abridged]:

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Ch. I. The behavior of linear systems with constant elements on the positive time axis (classical approach) -- 9

Ch. II. Function theory -- properties of a class of matrices -- 28

Ch. III. The behavior of linear systems with constant elements on the positive time axis (general approach) -- 36

Ch. IV. The behavior of linear systems with constant elements on the entire time axis -- 82

Ch. V. The behavior of linear systems with time-variable ele-

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AM5024746

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Ch. VI. General properties of m-poles and n-ports -- 188

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SUB CODE: MA / . / SUBM DATE: 0000064/ ORIG REF: 002/

OTH REF: 033

Rich
Card 3/3

L 2952³-66 RO

ACC NR: AP6020020

SOURCE CODE: CZ/0079/65/001/003/0303/0305

AUTHOR: Dolezal, V. (Prague); Hausner, M.

RL
BORG: First Institute for Medical and Forensic Chemistry, Faculty of Medicine,
Charles University, Prague; Psychiatric Clinic, Faculty of Medicine, Charles
University, PragueTITLE: Verbal spectrum test for evaluation of psychodelics [This paper was presented
at the 7th Annual Psychopharmacological Meeting, Jesenik, 20-23 January 1965.]

SOURCE: Activitas nervosa superior, v. 7, no. 3, 1965, 303-305

TOPIC TAGS: drug treatment, behavior pattern, psychoneurotic disorder

ABSTRACT: The verbal spectrum test was used as a model for a discriminating analysis of mental states defined within a limited variety of vocabulary. There is not enough discrimination as yet, but the method appears to be promising. Correlations between the patterns of LSD-induced happiness and anxiety and the therapeutic prognosis of the LSD intoxication are discussed. The patients who showed the highest correlation between the LSD anxiety and happiness have a better therapeutic prognosis.
Orig. art. has: 1 table. [Orig. art. in Eng.] [JPRS]

SUB CODE: 06 / SUBM DATE: none / OTH REF: 003

Card 1/1 LS

L 29486-66

ACC NR: AP6020023

SOURCE CODE: CZ/C079/65/C07/003/0308/0309

SL4
BAUTHOR: Hausner, M. (Prague); Dolezal, V.ORG: Psychiatric Clinic, Faculty of Medicine, Charles University, Prague; First Institute of Medical and Forensic Chemistry, Prague

TITLE: Psychodynamics of LSD hallucinations and their bearing on individual psychotherapy [This paper was presented at the 7th Annual Psychopharmacological Meeting, Jesenik, 20-23 January 1965.]

SOURCE: Activitas nervosa superior, v. 7, no. 3, 1965, 308-309TOPIC TAGS: psychotherapy, behavior pattern

ABSTRACT: A case of a 33 year old patient is discussed. The patient was administered LSD on two occasions, and under the influence of the drug he painted several pictures that are described and discussed in the article. The authors conclude that there is no sharp border line between the organic and the functional, the structural and the dynamic, and the physiological and the psychological. [Orig. art. in Eng.] [JPRS]

SUB CODE: 06 / SUBM DATE: none

Card 1/1 JS

L 27639-66 EWT(1) SCTB DD

ACC NR: AP6015119

(A)

SOURCE CODE: CZ/OC60/66/000/002/0056/0059

AUTHOR: Dolezal, Vladimir (Doctor of medicine; Candidate of science); Slayka, ²³
Vladimir (Doctor of medicine); Luxa, Josef (Engineer); Rybak, Frantisek; Zemanova,
ZdenkaORG: Institute of Aviation Medicine, Prague (Ustav leteckeho zdravotnictvi); Research
Institute of Physiatrics, Balneology, and Climatology, Bratislava (Vyzkumny ustav pro
fyziatrii, balneologii a klimatologii)TITLE: Adaptive reaction of the organism to mountain altitudes of 1500—2000 m

SOURCE: Vojenske zdravotnické listy, no. 2, 1966, 56-59

TOPIC TAGS: alpine physiology, human physiology, high altitude physiology, high
altitude conditioning, physical stress

ABSTRACT: A group of 8 mountain climbers was observed for 6 days under physical
stress in the Tatra Mountains at an altitude of 1500—2000 m. The tests were es-
pecially designed to study kidney reaction. The following substances were measured
at 12-hour intervals: vanillylmandelic acid (3-methoxy-4-hydroxymandelic acid),
ketosteroids, mucoproteins, eosinophile, and dehydroepiandrosterone. On the first day
high secretion of ketosteroids and low secretion of vanillylmandelic acid were ob-
served. A significant rise in vanillylmandelic acid occurred after the second
day when the men had suffered a severe emotional disturbance (news of an accident).
Significant changes were observed in the secretion of mucoproteins.. The highest

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UDC: 616-001.12-092.25

L 27639-66

ACC NR. AP6015119

values were registered the first day; a decrease was observed in the following days, and a sharp drop after return from the mountains. Eosinophile values did not change considerably during the 6-day stay in the mountains. Dehydroepiandrosteron was the

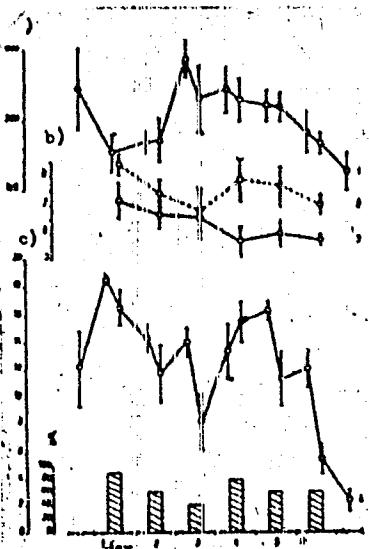


Fig. 1. Deposits of: 1) vanillylmandelic acid in microgram/hr in 12-hr portions of urine; 2) neutral 17-keto-steroids in mg/24 hr; 3) dehydroepiandrosterone in mg/24 hr; 4) units of mucoproteins in 12-hr portions of urine; 5) load in %. (The first and last values indicate the control figures taken before and after return from the mountains.)

a - Vanillylmandelic acid; b - 17-keto-steroids and dehydroepiandrosterone;
c - mucoproteins.

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only substance tested which was reduced without regard to physical or emotional stress (see Fig. 1). The authors conclude that dehydroepiandrosteron can be used as an index of the adaptability of the organism to altitude. A connection was established between the degree of physical stress and deposits of 17-ketosteroids and mucoproteins. Vanillylmandelic acid was found to be a highly sensitive indicator of emotional stress. Further research is indicated to learn how the organism adjusts to altitude when not under physical stress, and whether the process of adjustment can be shortened by repeated exposure to altitude. Orig. art. has: 1 figure and 5 tables. [KS]

SUB CODE: 06/ SUBM DATE: none/ ORIG REF: 006/ OTH REF: 010/ ATD PRESS: 5002

Card 3/3 C.C.

L 30942-66 ENT(1) ECTB DD SOURCE CODE: CZ/0060/65/000/004/0164/0166
ACC NR: AP6023157

AUTHOR: Dolezal, Vladimír - Dolezhal, V. (Doctor of medicine; Candidate of sciences);
Luká, Josef - Lukša, I. (Major; Engineer)

ORG: Institute of Aviation Medicine, Prague (Ustav leteckého zdravotnictví)

TITLE: Excretion of 3-methoxy-4-hydroxy-mandelic acid in pilots

SOURCE: Vojenské zdravotnické listy, no. 4, 1965, 164-166

TOPIC TAGS: excretion, hydroxy carboxylic acid, pilot training, urology, protein

ABSTRACT: Pilots undergoing training for flying supersonic aircraft were investigated. 3-Methoxy-4-Hydroxy-Mandelic acid was determined in the urine of pilots. The excretion increased by 80% compared to normal values. In night samples of urine, the acid content was double the normal value; this was no doubt due to the emotions before the flight. At the same time the excretion of macroteins in the urine also increased. Technical participants in this investigation were Božena Sváčinková, Zdenka Žemanová, and František Rybák. Orig. art. has: 2 figures and 2 tables. [JPRS]

39
B
SUB CODE: 06 / SUBM DATE: none / ORIG REF: 003 / OTH REF: 010

Cord 1/1 C

UDC: 613.693.007:616-034/1547.588.11/
0915 73 68

DOLEZAL, Vladimír, dr.

Ozone danger. Letecký obzor 6 no. 7:202-203 '62.

LEDVINA, Milos; KACL, Karel; Mraz, Miroslav; DOLEZAL, Vladimir

Metabolism of 5-methyl-barbituric acid. Cas. lek. cesk. 98 no.27:
840-842 3 July 59.

1. Laborator pro toxikologii a soudni chemii KU, prednosta prof. dr.
Karel Kacl. Farmakologicky ustanov KU, povereny vedouci doc. dr. Maximilian
Wenke. M.L., Praha 2, Katerinska 32.

(BARBITURATES, metab.

5-methyl-5-phenyl-barbituric acid (Cs))

DOLEZAL, Vladimir

"Polamides, their chemistry, preparation, and use" by R.Vesely,
M.Sochor, and others. Reviewed by Vladimir Dolezal. Chem prum
14 no.4:223-224 Ap '64.

1. Ministry of Chemical Industry.

P/013/60/000/002/003/0C3
B124/B220

AUTHOR: Doležal, Vladimír, Engineer

TITLE: Plastics

PERIODICAL: Chemik, no. 2, 1960, 62-64

TEXT: In Czechoslovakia, the production of cast resins and Galalith was introduced first; a plant was installed at Lipník nad Bečvou for the production of cast resins, and Galalith was produced in the "Argolit" works (now MCHZ, Lučební závody) at Přerov, and later, in the "Ambrolit" works at Jablonec (now VCHZ Synthesia, Lučební závody Kolín). The cable plant at Bratislava has bought from the bakelite company in Hamburg the license for the production of molded materials and laminated plastics based on phenol resins. Phenol resin moldings were manufactured at Ostrava, Semtín and Lutín, and Celluloid and laminated plastics at Sentin and in some plants in Prague and other places. In the course of the two-year plan, some small works were united to larger units, e.g. "Plastimat". The increase in the production of plastics from 1950 to 1957 amounted to 397%.

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Plastics

P/013/60/000/002/003/003
B124/B220 ✓

At present, about 15 types of base plastics are produced, i.e., phenoplasts, aminoplasts, Galalith, fibers, unsaturated polyester resins, epoxy resins, ionexchangers, some types of varnish resins and some silicone resins on a pilot-plant scale; moreover, polyvinyl chloride, polyamides, methacrylates, Celluloid, Cellophane, carboxy methyl cellulose, coumarone indene resins, some types of varnish resins and foam plastics on the basis of polystyrene. A series of further plastics is in an advanced stage of development for industrial production. The quality of the products, however, does not always meet the requirements, and the standards of Czechoslovakian plastics industry are not in keeping with that of other branches of industry, such as the machine building industry. In the German Federal Republic, for instance, the production of plastics per head amounted to about 9.5 kg, and in Czechoslovakia merely to about 2.6 kg, whilst the standards of steel production nearly equal, and the coal production surpasses, those of the German Federal Republic. By a resolution adopted by the XI Congress of the Communist Party of Czechoslovakia, the plastics industry has been assigned the task of increasing its production

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P/013/60/000/002/003/003
B124/B220

Plastics

until 1965 by at least 4 times. Thus, in 1965 about 160,000 t of plastics would be produced, corresponding to a production per head of about 11.2 kg; this means that the present level of the German Federal Republic and the USA will be reached in 1965. By 1965, the production of polyvinyl chloride has to be increased substantially, and the production of polystyrene and polyethylene should be initiated; for the production of the two last-mentioned materials, a particularly large amount of raw materials is available. Besides, an intensified production of emulsion polyvinyl chloride, and also the production of the suspension polymer and PVC copolymers shall be initiated. At the state-owned establishment "Kaučuk", a production unit for polystyrene shall be created. Moreover, the production of high-impact and foam polystyrene, of polyethylene, and of polyester resins is intended. With regard to the new types of plastics, the production of fluoro-plastics is planned. By the foundation of a plant producing vinyl acetate, a basic material for the production of glues and emulsions will be obtained; furthermore, the production of decorative melamine laminates (Umacart D), organic glass, phenoplasts, etc. will be increased.

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Plastics

P/013/60/000/002/003/003
B124/B220

ASSOCIATION: Ministry of the Chemical Industry of the Czechoslovakian
Republic

Card 4/4

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

CZECH/5379

Doležal, Vladimír, Engineer

Plastické hmoty (Plastics) Praha, SNTL, 1961. 199 p. 6,215 copies printed.

Reviewer: Jaroslav Hnátek, Engineer; Resp. Ed.: Jana Mikulášová; Tech. Ed.: Vladislav Lacina; Managing Ed. for Literature on Chemical Engineering (Chief Ed.): Adolf Balada, Doctor.

PURPOSE: This book is intended for the general public, for advanced students in secondary and special technical schools, and to familiarize technical personnel with the fundamentals of plastics.

COVERAGE: The book reviews in popular form the most important types of plastics and explains the general and specific laws governing their formation. The preparation and treatment of raw materials, methods of machining and working plastics, and the applications and uses of plastics are discussed. In a special section the author discusses the economic importance of the development of plastics. The whole production process from raw materials to finished

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Plastics

CZECH/5379

product is illustrated by simple, clear, pictorial diagrams. No personalities are mentioned. There are 27 references: 4 Soviet, 12 Czech, 6 German, and 5 English.

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Classification of Plastics	18
Manufacture of Plastics	29
Vulcanized Fiber	34
Viscous Film (Cellophane) and Viscous Synthetic Fiber	37
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Card 2/5	

DOLEZAL, Vladimir (Praha)

Second theorem about the mean value of the integral calculus. Cas
pro pest mat 85 no.1:84-86 F '60. (EEAI 9:10)
(Calculus)

DOLEZAL, Vladimir (Praha)

Nonuniqueness of solutions of a system of differential equations.
Cas pro pest mat 85 no.3;311-337 Ag '60. (EEAI 10:1)
(Differential equations)

DOLEZAL, Vl.; PROKES, J.; KACL, K.

A perfusion pump operating on the autopulsation principle. Acta
univ. carol. [med.] Suppl. 14:323-327 '61.

1. I. ustav pro chemii lekarskou a soudni fakulty vseobecneho lekarstvi
University Karlovy v Praze, prednosta prof. dr. K. Kacl.
(PERFUSION equip & supply) (IDENTIFICATION MEDICOLEGAL)

DOLEZAL, Vlad., MUDr.

Use of oxygen in civil air transport. Letecky obzor 6 no.3:76-79 '62.

DOLEZAL, V.

The effect of longlasting oxygen inhalation upon respiratory parameters in man. Physiol. Bohemoslov. 11 no.2:149-158 '62.

1. Institute of Aviation Medicine, Prague.

(OXYGEN metabolism) (RESPIRATION)

DOLEZAL, V.; VOREL, F.; ANDEL, J.

Effect of prolonged oxygen inhalation at normal barometric pressure
on carbohydrate metabolism in rats. Physiol. bohemoslov. 11 no.3:
236-242 '62.

1. Institute of Aviation Medicine, Prague, Faculty of Mathematics and
Physics, Charles University, Prague.

(CARBOHYDRATES metabolism) (OXYGEN pharmacology)

DOLEZAL, V.

Effects on the body of prolonged inhalation of oxygen during normal barometric pressure. Cesk. fysiol. 11 no.4:326-355 '62.

1. Ustav leteckeho zdravotnictvi, Praha.
(OXYGEN pharmacol)

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

Vladimir DOLEZAL MD and Frantisek NADVORNÍK graduate physician (Právování říkání), Institute for Flight Medicine (Ústav leteckého zdravotnictví) and Institute of Forensic Medicine of FVL-KU (Ústav pro souduří legeřství FVL-KU [abbreviation not identified: Fakulta vojenského zdravotnictví Karlova Univerzity = Faculty of Military Medicine of Charles University?]) Prague.

"Some Pathologic Findings in Experimental Animals After Prolonged Oxygen Breathing."

Prague, Vojenské Zdravotnické Listy, Vol 31, No 6, Dec 63 pp 245-249.

Abstract: Guinea pigs in (95 to 98%) O₂ chamber showed increasing respiratory difficulties. At 30 hours, no gross behavioral change and but slight histological ones; at 48, alveolar RBC diapedesis, capillary congestion, increasing interalveolar septal inflammatory changes, alveolar haemorrhage; beyond 96 hours, dyspnea orthopnea, gasping, congestive right heart failure, much pleural exudate. *Escherichia coli* in pulmonary parenchyma, but antibiotics failed to modify symptoms.
Graph, 2 tables, 4 photomicrographs; 6 Soviet and 36 Western references.
--- 1/1

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

DOLEZAL, Vladimir, MD, CSc, Institute of Aviation Medicine, Prague.

"Comments about the Therapeutic Use of Oxygen."

Prague, Vojenske zdravotnicke listy, Vol 32, No 2, Apr 63; pp 71-74.

Abstract [English summary modified]: A review of the literature with discussion of non-inhalatory routes, paradoxal effects, positive-pressure breathing, all with regard to requirements of flying personnel. Six Czech, 16 Soviet and 28 Western references.

1/1

DOLEZAL, Vladimir, MUDr., CSc.

Spreading of contagious diseases. Letecky obzor. 7 no.12:
371 D'63.

*

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000410810004-3

DOLEZAL, Vladimir, MUDr. CSc.

Health conditions of pilots and the safety of passengers.
Letecky obzor 9 no.1:13 Ja '65.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000410810004-3"

DOLEZAL, V.; HAUSNER, M.

Sociometric perspectives in relation to mental health in the
work process. Acta nerv. sup. (Praha) 6 no.4:404-405 '64.

1. Psychiatrické oddelení, ZÚNZ ČKD Praha.

L 41519-65 ARG/EO-2/ENG(j)/EMT(d)/FBD/FSS-2/ENG(r)/EMT(1)/FBO/EPF(e)^{40c}/EPF(e),
EMT(m)/FS(v)-3/EPF(c)/FBD(k)-2/ENG(a)-2/EPF(i)/EPF(f)/ENG(v)/EPF(c)/EPF(v)/EMA(1)/
EPF/EPF(j)/T-2/ENG(a)-2/EPF(h)/EPF(bb)-2/EPF(c)-2/EPD-2/ENG(c)/FCS(k)/EPF(b)
AMU/5110 F1-4/Pm-4/Pn-4 BOCK EXPLOITATION P1-4/Fh-4/Pm-2/Pn-4/Pe-4/163
Po-4/Pe-5/Fq-4/Pac-4/Fr-4 IJP(e) AST/TP/EM/DD/EM/GM/BC/H
Barvir, Miroslav, (Engineer); Dences, Konrad, (Professor, Doctor); Bouška, Jiří,
(Doctor); Hudil, Ivo, (Graduate in Philosophy); Čepička, Zdenek, (Candidate of Physical and Mathematical Sciences); Čodr, Milan, (Doctor); Klement, Vladimír, (Doctor); Dvořák, Antonín, (Candidate of Medical Sciences); Dvořák, Josef, (Doctor); Guth, Vincimir, (Candidate of Medical Sciences, Docent, Doctor); Horák, Zdenek, (Doctor of Physical and Mathematical Sciences, Corresponding Member of the Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences, Professor, Doctor); Hostopadský, Jan, (Doctor of Physical and Mathematical Sciences, Doctor); Kleček, Josip, (Doctor); Klest, Emil, (Candidate of Physical and Mathematical Sciences); Kolodovský, Milan; Korník, Vladimír (Doctor); Kopecký, Miloslav, (Candidate of Legal Sciences); Krivský, Ladislav, (Candidate of Physical and Mathematical Sciences); Kvíz, Zdenek, (Candidate of Physical and Mathematical Sciences); Ledvina, Milan, (Engineer); Malcik, Vladimír, (Doctor); Morávek, Milan, (Candidate of Medical Sciences); Mrazek, Jaroslav, (Candidate of Medical Sciences, Engineer); Mrazek, Jiří, (Candidate of Technical Sciences); Neuzil, Luděk, (Doctor); Novotný, Zdenek, (Candidate of Physical and Mathematical Sciences); Novotný, Zdenek, (Doctor); Pernegr, Jaronlav, (Doctor); Candidate of Physical and Mathematical Sciences; Pešek, Rudolf, Professor, Doctor, Engineer); Pipal, Miloslav, (Doctor of Technical Sciences, Corresponding member of the Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences); Plavec, Miroslav, (Doctor); Pokorný, Zdenek, (Candidate of Physical and Mathematical Sciences, Docent, Doctor);
Card 1/8 2.

L 41519-65;
AM4045110

14

Ruml, Vladimír, (Candidate of Medical Sciences, Doctor); Sadil, Josef, (Doctor of Physiological Sciences); Schrahl, Ladislav; Štverák, Jiří, (Doctor); Sveták, Zdenek, (Doctor); Tuma, Jaroslav, (Candidate of Physical and Mathematical Sciences, Doctor); Tyrš, Václav, (Docent, Engineer); Ulčha, Ivan, (Candidate of Technical Sciences, Professor, Doctor); Valnásek, Boris, (Candidate of Physical and Mathematical Sciences, Doctor); Vanysek, Vladimír, (Candidate of Physical and Mathematical Sciences, Docent, Doctor); Vlásák, Marian, (Candidate of Physical and Mathematical Sciences, Doctor); Voda, Miloslav, (Engineer)

Principles of astronautics (Základy kosmonautiky) Prague, Orbis, 1964. 445 p. illus., biblio. 5000 copies printed.

TOPIC TAGS: cosmonautics, rocket, satellite, space flight, missile

PURPOSE AND COVERAGE: This publication is a popular scientific reference book for people working in cosmonautics. The book presents a survey of cosmonautics and space flight up to 1 June 1963.

TABLE OF CONTENTS:

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Y CZECHOSLOVAKIA

CZ/0060/00/0007002/0056/0059

AUTHOR: Dolezal, Vladimir (Doctor of medicine; Candidate of science); Slavka, Vladimir (Doctor of medicine); Luxa, Josef (Engineer); Rybak, Frantisek; Zemanova, Zdenka

ORG: Institute of Aviation Medicine, Prague (Ustav leteckeho zdravotnictvi); Research Institute of Physiatrics, Balneology, and Climatology, Bratislava (Vyzkumny ustav pro fyziatrii, balneologii a klimatologii)

TITLE: Adaptive reaction of the organism to mountain altitudes of 1500—2000 m

SOURCE: Vojenske zdravotnické listy, no. 2, 1966, 56-59

TOPIC TERMS: alpine physiology, human physiology, high altitude physiology, high altitude conditioning, physical stress

ABSTRACT: A group of 8 mountain climbers was observed for 6 days under physical stress in the Tatra Mountains at an altitude of 1500—2000 m. The tests were especially designed to study kidney reaction. The following substances were measured at 12-hour intervals: vanillylmandelic acid (3-methoxy-*4*-hydroxymandelic acid), ketosteroids, mucoproteins, eosinophils, and dehydroepiandrosterone. On the first day high secretion of ketosteroids and low secretion of vanillylmandelic acid were observed. A significant rise in vanillylmandelic acid occurred after the second day when the men had suffered a severe emotional disturbance (news of an accident). Significant changes were observed in the secretion of mucoproteins.. The highest

1/2

DOLEZAL, Zdenek; SRP, Emil

Meeting of the Standardisation Group of the Permanent Coal Commission
of the Council for Mutual Economic Assistance. Uhli 5 no.3:101-102
Mr '63.

1. Ministerstvo paliv.

DOLEZAL, Zdenek; SRP, Emil

Principles of standardization within the cooperation of the
Council for Mutual Economic Assistance. Uhli 5 no.81283 Ag '63.

1. Ministerstvo paliv.

DOLEZAL, Zdenek; SRP, Emil

Conference of mining standardization specialists of the Permanent Coal Commission of the Council for Mutual Economic Assistance. Uhli 5 no.8:285 Ag '63.

DOLEZAL, Zdenek; SFP, Emil

Meeting of the Standardisation Group of the Permanent Coal Commission of the Council for Mutual Economic Assistance in Leipzig. Normalisace 11 no.4120-121 Ap '63.

1. Ministerstvo paliv, Praha.

DOLEZAL, Zdenek; SRP, Emil

International conference of mining standardization specialists
of the Permanent Coal Commission of the Council for Mutual
Economic Assistance in Ostrava. Normalizace 11 no.8:257-258
Ag '63.

1. Ministerstvo paliv, Praha.

HELCL, J.; DOLEZALEK, J.

Awakener of the people, Dr. Jan Melichar (1810-1901). Cas. lek.
cesk. 102 no.17:464-466 26 Ap '63.
(BIOGRAPHIES) (HISTORY OF MEDICINE, XIX CENT)

Oct 1948
CA

12

Influences acting on the content of diacetyl in the butter culture. Jiri Dubalick. (Agr. Faculty Inst., Prague).
Sbornik Cudulov. Akad Zemelni 24, 333-00 (1931).—
Polarographic method was for the first time used in studying the development of the diacetyl formation. It is claimed that the butter culture as a whole does not influence by its plus or minus varieties the diacetyl content and it is, therefore, possible to study independently the influence of temp., kind of milk, lactic acid, citric acid, etc. The optimal temp. for the formation of the diacetyl was 25°. At this temp. diacetyl begins to develop after 7-9 hrs. depending on the kind of culture, and an intensive mothering takes place after 12 hrs. If the ripe culture is kept at temp. optimal for the development of microorganisms constituting the substance of the butter culture, then a drop in diacetyl takes place. Important factors to observe are the quality of the milk used for the production of pure cultures (starters) and the mother used. Direct relation between diacetyl in sour milk and in the starter prep'd. from the same milk was ascertained. Citric acid was found to have favorable influence on diacetyl formation. It has been proved that not only *Streptococcus cibarius* and *S. paracibarius*, but also *S. faecalis*, *S. cremoris*, *Thermobacterium bulgaricum*, *T. jogurtum*, *T. casei* and other milk bacteria can develop diacetyl if given a suitable medium. L. A. Helwach

(Handwritten)

Microbiology
U.S.

A practical method for biacetyl enrichment of fats by lactic acid bacteria. J.H. Doležálek (Výzkum Mlékařství a les. ink., Prague, Czechoslovakia) Abstr. Zemědělství 25, 317-42 (1932). Optimum temp. for biacetyl (I) formation in whey is 28° and the amt. varies from 1 to 2%. Addn. of 0.1% citric acid or 0.01 to 0.2% L-ascorbic acid to whey has a favorable effect on I formation. Aeration with sterile air increases the amt. of I 8-10 times. It is necessary to acclimate lactic acid bacteria cultures to new whey medium. Acetoin formation in whey is so weak that it cannot be utilized for conversion to I. With addn. of citric and L-ascorbic acids to whey and aeration at 28° 0.02% I is produced. Jan Mikša

✓ Free amino acids in cheese. Jiří Iváček (Tech. Univ., Prague). *Prága d. Polzav. 7, 175 83 (1950).* -- Decompr. products and free amino acids (I) were detd. in 24 kinds of cheese by quant. 2-dimensional paper chromatography. The dependence was studied of the content of I on the type and manufg. process. Valine, methionine, leucine, isoleucine, alanine, tyrosine, and glutamic acid were present in all cheeses in the highest relative amounts. J. J. U.

DOLEZALEK, J.

Effect of a salt bath on salt penetration and quality of the Moravian loaf
cheese. p. 177

PRYMSL, POTRAVIN. Praha, Czechoslovakia, Vol. 10, no. 4, April 1959.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, No. 7, July 1959.
Uncl.

DOLEZALEK, Jiri, doc., inz., dr.; ZAVODSKY, Karel, inz.

Hydrogen peroxide treatment of milk and its use in hard cheese production. Prum potravin 13 no.4:200-204 Ap '62.

1. Vysoka skola chemicko-technologicka, katedra technologie mleka a tuku, Praha.

DOLEZALEK, Jiri, doc., inz., dr.; JANIOVA, Danuse, inz.

Effect of sodium chloride on the quality of Nalzov cheese. Prum
potravin 14 no.1:10-11 Ja '63.

1. Vysocka skola chemicko-technologicka, katedra technologie
mleka a tuku, Praha.

STIES, Bohumil, inz., C.Sc.; DOLEZALEK, Jiri, doc., inz., dr.

The 16th International Dairy Congress. Prum potravin 14 no.1:
37-40 Ja '63.

1. Vyzkumný ustav mlekařensky, Praha (for Sties). 2. Vysoká
škola chemicko-technologická, katedra technologie mléka a tuku,
Praha.

Bib. ab.
DOE/DOE/NY

82-522 v. 1
82-522 v. 2

Removal of sulphur from town's gas. R. Verna and
D. P. Hinde (Patent, 1958, 30, 2-7).—Town's gas, having S=14,
where 1 in g. of eng. l. per 100 cu. m. of gas, is passed over a 10:3
mixture of Tax catalyst and Na₂CO₃ at 200-300°, when CS₂, COS,
and thiosulphite are removed, leaving a residual S of ~3,
due to thiophene. 10% w/w NaOH was added to mixtures of industrial
catalyst with various ratios, to give catalysts containing 10% of
hydroxides or oxides of metals, and desulphurising activity was
determined at 200°; the residual S was: Ca(OH)₂, 3-6; Zn(OH)₂, 3-6;
CuO 6-9; 1:1 Fe(OH)₂-Al(OH)₃, 6-6; 1:1 Zn(OH)₂-Al(OH)₃, 6-6;
Al(OH)₃, 1-6; ZnO 7-1; Mn(OH)₂, 11-4; NiO 11-4; Mn₂O₃, 18-7. The
activity of the catalyst was unaffected by varying the CO₂ and H₂O
content of the gas, and was not significantly affected by addition to
catalyst of 1-10% of Ni²⁺, Ti, Cu²⁺, Zr, Zn, Cd²⁺, Co²⁺, Th,
U⁴⁺, or Pb hydroxide, or of Mg²⁺, Al₂O₃, or H₂WO₄. Scrubbing
with methanesoil (1-10 or 0-8 l. per cu. m.), followed by catalytic
oxidation reduces the val. of S to 1-8 or 0-8, respectively, but the
process is uncommercial, owing to the need for frequent replacement
of the oil. Preliminary scrubbing with 90% H₂SO₄ allows of reduction
of S to 0-11-0-98, and prevents inactivation of the catalyst by
tarry matter; the gas should be dried before scrubbing, as the activity
of Na₂CO₃ diminishes rapidly as Na₂SO₄ falls below 50%.

R. TRUSCOT

Dolezalik, V.

(1) Hydrogenation of styrene to toluene. P. F. T. L. and
V. Dolezalik, J. Polym. Sci., 145-7 (1954). A. Cyanide, "do."
The liquor of paper pulp mill, was hydro-
genated at 100°C. and 435-500 mm Hg. without a catalyst or
MoO₃. It was found that MoO₃ was used as a catalyst for
hydrogenation of styrene to toluene. The cleavage is
also of the aromatic hydrocarbons to α -xylene to toluene;
fractions were determined by infrared spectroscopy on a Perkin-
Elmer instrument.
J. Lederr

(2)

CZECHOSLOVAKIA/Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their Applications. H-2
Chemical Engineering.

Abs Jour : Hof Zhur-Khimiya, No 7, 1959, 23638

Author : Kohoutek, J., Dolezalik, V., Vormouzek, C.
Inst : ..

Title : Effect of the Concentration of Separating Mixtures on the Efficiency of Rectifying Units.

Orig Pub : Chem. listy, 1958, 52, No 5, 869-873

Abstract : It is established that changes in the diffusion coefficient and in viscosity as a function of concentration of a mixture have considerable effect on the efficiency of rectifying apparatus. It is particularly

Card : 1/2

H - 4

DOLEZHALK, Vitešlav [Dolezalik, Viteslav], dots., doktor; STUHLIK, I.,
[translator]; GEL'PERIN, N.I., prof., red.; KOROBTSOVA, N.A., red.;
TROFIMOV, A.V., tekhn. red.

[Similitude and modeling in chemical engineering] Podobie i mo-
delirovaniye v khimicheskoi tekhnologii. Moskva, Gos. nauchno-
tekhn. izd-vo neft. i gorno-toplivnoi lit-ry, 1960. 95 p.

(Chemical engineering) (Dimensional analysis) (MIRA 14:5)

S/081/63/000/002/051/088
B171/B102

AUTHORS:

Doležalík, Vítězslav, Rihanek, Stanislav, Foniok, Alfred

TITLE:

Preparation of pure formaldehyde with a low content of formic acid

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 2, 1963, 401, abstract 2N24 (Czechosl. patent 100705, Aug. 15, 1961)

TEXT: The mixture obtained by dehydrating an aqueous solution of CH_2O in the presence of an aliphatic or alicyclic alcohol is distilled in the presence of an organic liquid forming no stable compounds with the components of the mixture, and having a boiling point $< 120^\circ\text{C}$. It is more convenient to use a liquid that has a relatively high vapor pressure and is able to absorb alcohols, HCOOH , and water from gaseous CH_2O . Such liquids are, e.g. water-soluble ethers [n-dioxan (I), trioxan, $(\text{CH}_3\text{OCH}_2)_2$], and also C_6H_6 , C_6H_{14} , cyclohexane. The dissociation of the dehydrated mixture in the presence of a liquid, having a boiling point lower than the

Card 1/2

Preparation of pure formaldehyde with ... S/081/63/000/002/051/088
dissociation temperature of the mixture, takes place at temperatures < 720°C. There is no increase in the acidity of the product, as the Cannizzaro reaction does not occur. An example: 71.5 parts of 58%-aqueous solution of CH₂O and 60 parts of cyclohexanol are introduced into a still and water is removed by vacuum distillation. With water, 1.5 parts of CH₂O are also removed. Subsequently, 100 parts of water-free I are added into the still and boiling is conducted at the usual pressure. I returns to the still from the reflux condenser, whereas the condenser discharges the purified and water-free CH₂O, containing 33% less of HCOOH than the raw material. [Abstracter's note: Complete translation.] ✓

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"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000410810004-3

DOLEZALIK, V., doc. inz. dr.

Seventieth birthday of Professor Frantisek Perna, Paliva
44 no. 7240 J1 '64.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000410810004-3"

DOLEZALOVA, A.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA/Chemical Technology - Chemical Products and
Their Applications - Fermentation Industries.

H.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 11, 1958, 37768
Author : Olbrecht, M., Dolezalova, A.
Inst : -
Title : Selection of Brewing Barley Varieties for the Production
of Diastatic Malt.
Orig Pub : Kvasny Prumysl, 1957, 3, No 1, 243-247

Abstract : As a result of technical breed testing (in laboratory
and plant conditions) it has been demonstrated that,
as far as diastatic activity is concerned, best re-
sults were obtained in Czechoslovakia from Kashtitzki,
Detenicky, Bogatyr and Rotborzhasky barleys.
Those varieties yield a special diastatic malt.

Card 1/1

DOLEZALOVA, A. TRKAN, M.

Determining the odor of malt by an objective method. p. 98.

(Kvasny Prumysl. Vol. 3, no. 5, May 1957, Praha, Czechoslovakia)

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creased after the operation and reached the original value after 10
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