

DOMBROVSKIY, A.V.

Meerwein reaction (haloarylation and arylation of unsaturated
compounds with aromatic diazo compounds). Reakt.org.soed 11:
285-373 '62. (MIRA 15:6)
(Unsaturated compounds) (Diazo compounds)

DOMBROVSKIY, A.V.; ZOLOTUKHINA, K.G.; GANUSHCHAK, N.I.

Complex compounds of cobalt and copper thiocyanates and antimony and bismuth iodides with 4-N-piperidine-2-methyl-1-phenyl-2-butene. Ukr.khim.zhur. 28 no.4:459-461 '62. (MIRA 15:8)

1. Chernovitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.
(Complex compounds) (Metals—Analysis)

DOMBROVSKIY, A.V.; BAL'ON, Ya.G.; TASHCHUK, K.G.

Haloarylation of unsaturated compounds by aromatic diazo
compounds. Part 14: Synthesis of α -methylstilbenes.
Zhur.ob.khim. 32 no.2:603-607 F '62. (MIRA 15:2)

1. Chernovitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.
(Stilbene)

DOMBROVSKIY, A.V.; GANUSHCHAK, N.I.

Halogenation of unsaturated compounds with aromatic diazo compounds.
Part 16: Synthesis of 1-aryl-1,3-pentadienes by arylation of piperylene.
Zhur.ob.khim. 32 no.6:1888-1892 Je '62. (MIRA 15:6)

1. Chernovitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.
(Piperylene) (Diazo compounds) (Pentadiene)

DOMBROVSKIY, A.V.; SHEVCHUK, M.I.; KRAVETS, V.P.

Preparation of α -bromoethyl aryl ketones by bromination of ethyl
aryl ketones with dioxane dibromide. Zhur.ob.khim. 32 no.7:2278-
2281 JI '62. (MIRA 15:7)

1. Chernovitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.
(Ketone) (Bromination)

DOMBROVSKIY, A. V.; T/SHCHUK, K. G.

Haloarylation of unsaturated compounds with aromatic diazo compounds. Part 17: Arylation of α -chlorostyrene and production of tolans. Zhur. ob. khim. 33 no.1:165-170 '63.
(MIRA 16:1)

1. Chernovitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

(Styrene) (Diazo compounds) (Acetylene)

SHWCHUK, M.I.; DCMBROVSKIY, A.V.

Preparation of α -monobromomethyl aryl ketones by bromination of methyl aryl ketones in dioxane. Zhur.ob.khim. 33 no.4:1135-1136
Ap '63. (MIRA 1615)

1. Chernovitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.
(Ketone) (Bromination)

ZOLOTUKHINA, K.G.; GANUSHCHAK, N.I.; YUKHOMENKO, M.M.; DOMEROVSKIY, A.V.

Tertiary amines and quaternary salts based on 4-chloro-1-aryl-2-butenes
of secondary and tertiary heterocyclic nitrogen bases. Zhur.ob.khim.
33 no.4:1222-1227 Ap '63. (MIRA 16:5)

1. Chernovitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.
(Amines) (Heterocyclic compounds)

DOMBROVSKIY, A.V.; SHEVCHUK, M.I.

Synthesis of arylmethylenetriphenylphosphoranes. Zhur.pp.khim. 33
no.4:1263-1269 Ap '63. (MIRA 16:5)

1. (chernovitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.
(Phosphorane)

YUKHOMENKO, M.N.; GANUSHCHAK, N.I.; DOMEROVSKIY, A.V.

Synthesis of 1-arylbuten-2-yl diethylmalonic esters and 1-arylbuten-2-ylacetic acids from chloroaryl butenes and sodium malonic ester.
Zhur. ob. khim. 33 no.8:2528-2532 Ag '63. (MIRA 16:11)

1. Chernovitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

GANUSHCHAK, N.I.; DOMIROVSKIY, A.V.; VISLOBITSKAYA, O.A.

Syntheses based on diene condensation. Part 1: 1-Methyl-4-
arylanthraquinones. Zhur. ob. khim. 33 no.8:2532-2534 Ag '63.
(MIRA 16:11)

1. Chernovitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

YUKHOMENKO, M.M.; GANUSHCHAK, N.I.; DOMBROVSKIY, A.V.

Synthesis of 1-arylbuten-2-ylacetylacetones. Ukr. khim. zhur.
30 no.6:615-618 '64. (MIRA 18:5)

1. Chernovitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

DOMBROVSKIY, A.V.; SHEVCHUK, M.I.

Preparation of vinyl aryl ketones by Wittig reaction from aroyl
methylene triphenylphosphorane and paraldehyde. Zhur.ob.khim. 34
no.1:192-196 Ja '64. (MIRA 17:3)

1. Chernovitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

SHCHUK, M.I.; DOMBROVSKIY, A.V.

Preparation of 2-vinyl furyl- and 2-vinyl thienyl ketones.
Zhur. ob. khim. 34 no. 3:916-919 Mr '64. (MIRA 17:6)

1. Chernovitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

NAYDAN, J.M.; DOMBROVSKIY, A.V.

New method for preparation of aryl ole acids. Zhur.
ob. khim. 34 no. 5:1469-1473 1964. (MIRA 1967)

1 Chernovitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

SHEVCHUK, M.I.; DOMBROVSKIY, A.V.

Preparation of isopropenyl aryl ketones by the Wittig reaction.
Zhur. ob. khim. 34 no. 5:1473-1477 My 1964. (USSR)

1. Chernovitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

GANUSHCHAK, N.I.; YUKHOMENKO, M.M.; STADNICHUK, M.D.; DOMBROVSKIY, A.V.

Haloarylation of unsaturated compounds with aromatic diazo
compounds. Part 18: Chloroarylation of diisopropenyl. Zhur. ob.
khim. 34 no.7:2238-2243 J1 '64 (MIRA 17:8)

1. Chernovitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet i Leningradskiy
tekhnologicheskiy institut imeni Lensoveta.

PASTUSHAK, N.O.; DOMBROVSKIY, A.V.; ROGOVIK, L.I.

Haloarylation of unsaturated compounds with aromatic diazo
compounds. Part 19: Chloroarylation of α -chloroacrylonitrile.
Zhur. ob. khim. 34 no.7:2243-2246 JI '64 (MIRA 17:8)

1. Chernovitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

SHEVCHUK, M.I.; GANUSHCHAK, N.I.; DCMEROVSKIY, A.V.

Syntheses based on diene condensation. Part 2: Condensation
of vinylaryl ketones with some conjugated diene hydrocarbons.
Zhur. ob. khim. 34 no. 7: 2247-2250 J1 '64 (MIRA 17:8)

1. Chernovitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

SHEVCHUK, M.I.; DOMBROVSKIY, A.V.

Ultraviolet spectra of aroylalkylenetriphenylphosphorane, Zhur.
ob. khim. 34 no.8:2717-2718 Ag '64. (MIRA 17:9)

1. Chernovitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

GANUSHCHAK, N.I.; YUKHOMENKO, M.M.; ROZVAGA, R.I.; DOMBROVSKIY, A.V.

Syntheses based on diene condensation. Part 3: 2-Methyl-laryl-
and 2,3-dimethyl-arylanthraquinones. Zhur. ob. khim. 34 no.8:
2718-2721 Ag '64. (MIRA 17:9)

1. Chernovitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

PASTUSHAK, N.O.; DOMBROVSKIY, A.V.

Haloarylation of unsaturated compounds by aromatic diazo compounds.
Part 20: Chloroarylation of α -methylacrylonitrile. Zhur. ob. khim.
34 no.9:3110-3115 S '64. (MIRA 17:11)

1. Chernovitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

NAYDAN, V.M.; DOMBROVSKIY, A.V.

Haloarylation of unsaturated compounds by diazo compounds. Part 21:
1,1-dichloro-2-(p-nitrophenyl)ethane and p-nitrophenylacetaldehyde.
Zhur. ob. khim. 34 no.10:3351-3352 0 '64.

(MIRA 17:11)

1. Chernovitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

DOMEROVSKIY, A.V.; TASHCHUK, K.G.

Haloarylation of unsaturated compounds by aromatic diazo compounds.
Part 22: Mechanism of arylation. Zhur. ob. khim. 34 no.10:3353-3354
O '64. (MIPA 17:11)

1. Chernovitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

L 38289-65 EPF(o)/EMP(j)/EMT(m) PC-4/Pr-4 RM
ACCESSION NR: AP5011026 UR/0079/64/034/011/3741/3743

22
21
13

AUTHOR: Dombrovskiy, V. A.; Shershuk, M. I.; Dombrovskiy, A. V.

TITLE: p-Terephthaloyl-bis-methylenetriphenylphosphorane on the basis of p-diethylbenzene

SOURCE: Zhurnal obshchey khimii, v. 34, no. 11, 1964, 3741-3743

TOPIC TAGS: benzene, acetic acid, brominated organic compound, bromine, organic phosphorus compound

Abstract The reaction of p-diacetylbenzene in anhydrous acetic acid with bromine produced alpha, alpha-dibromo-p-diacetylbenzene, which reacted with triphenylphosphine to form a diquaternary salt -- bis-alpha, alpha'-triphenylphosphonium p-diacetyl bromide; the latter reacted readily with sodium ethylate undergoing dehydrobromination and giving p-terephthaloyl-bis-methylenetriphenylphosphorane. The latter, interacting with benzaldehyde, gave p-bis-cinnamoylbenzene, which was also produced by condensation of p-diacetylbenzene with benzaldehyde. The diketone character of the product was confirmed by the formation of bis-phenyl- or -2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazones. Orig. art. has 7 formulas and 4 graphs.

Card 1/2

L 38289-65

ACCESSION NO: AP5011026

ASSOCIATION: Chernovitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet (Chernovtsy State University)

SUBMITTED: 05Jul63

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: OC, GC

NO REF SOV: 003

OTHER: 001

JPRS

Card

2/2 pgs

PASTUSHAK, N.O.; DOMBROVSKIY, A.V.

Production of some unsaturated aliphatic-aromatic aldehydes by
the reduction of β -arylacrylic nitriles. Zhur.org.khim. 1 no.2:
323-325 F '65. (MIRA 18:4)

1. Chernovitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

SENYAVINA, L.B.; SHEYNER, Yu.N.; ZHELTOVA, V.N.; DOMBROVSKIY, A.V.;
SHEVCHUK, M.I.

Infrared spectra of aroylmethylenetriphenylphosphoranes and
their salts. Izv. AN SSSR. Ser. khim. no.5:895-898 '65. (MIRA 18:5)

1. Institut khimii prirodnykh soedineniy AN SSSR.

KABACHNIK, M.I.; MASTRYUKOVA, T.A.; MELENT'YEVA, T.A.; DOMBROVSKIY, A.V.;
SHEVCHUK, M.I.

Conjugation in the systems with a tetrahedral phosphorus atom.
Part 1: Substituted benzoyltriphenylphosphinomethylenes. Teoret.
i eksper. khim. 1 no.2:265-269 Mr-Ap '65. (MIRA 18:7)

1. Institut elementoorganicheskikh soedineniy AN SSSR, Moskva.
i Chenovitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

PASTUSHAK, N.O.; DOMBROVSKIY, A.V.; MUKHOVA, A.N.

Haloarylation of unsaturated compounds by aromatic diazo compounds. Part 23: Chloroarylation of α,β -chloromethylacrylate and the production of α,β -unsaturated acids and esters. Zhur.org.khim. 1 no.3:572-575 1965. (MIRA 18:4)

1. Chernovitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

TOLOCHKO, A.F.; LOMBROVSKIY, A.V.

Synthesis of ethyl esters of α,β -unsaturated acids by the
PO-olefination method. Ukr.khim.zhur. 31 no.2:220-223 '65.
(MIRA 18:4)

1. Chernovitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

GRIGORENKO, A.A.; SHEVCHUK, M.I.; DOMBROVSKIY, A.V.

Bromo derivatives of aroylmethylenetriphenylphosphoranes. Zhur.
ob. khim. 35 no.7:1227-1231 J1 '65. (MIRA 18:8)

1. Chernovitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

NAYDAN, V.M.; DZUMELZEY, N.V.; DOMBROVSKIY, A.V.

Haloarylation of unsaturated compounds by aromatic diazo compounds.
Part 25: Chloroarylation of vinyl chloride, 1,1-dichloro-2-
arylethanes, β -chlorostyrenes, and 2-arylmethyldioxolanes.
Zhur. org. khim. 1 no.8:1377-1383 Ag '65. (MIRA 18:11)

1. Chernovitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

NAYDAN, V.M.; DOMBOVSKIY, A.V.

Haloarylation of unsaturated compounds with aromatic diazo compounds. Part 28: Chloroarylation of trichloroethylene, 1,1,1,2-tetrachloro-2-arylethanes, α , β -trichlorostyrenes, and β , β -dichlorostyrenes. Zhur. org. khim. 1 no.11:1998-2002 N 165. (MIRA 18:12)

1. Cherncvitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet. Submitted December 19, 1964.

TASHCHUK, K.G.; DOMEROVSKIY, A.V.

Haloarylation of unsaturated compounds with aromatic diazo
compounds. Part 27: Chloroarylation of styrene. Preparation
of stilbens. Zhur. org. khim. 1 no.11:1995-1998 N '65.
(MIRA 18:12)
1. Chernovitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet. Submitted
December 19, 1964.

L 30707-66 EWT(m)/EMP(j) RM/CD-2

ACC NR: AP6012080

SOURCE CODE: UR/0062/65/000/005/0895/0898

AUTHOR: Senyavina, L. B.; Sheynker, Yu. N.; Zheltova, V. N.; Dombrovskiy, A. V.;
Shevchuk, M. I.; Kabachnik, M. I.; Mastryukova, T. A.; Melent'yeva, T. A.

ORG: Institute of the Chemistry of Natural Compounds, AN SSSR (Institut khimii
prirodnikh soyedineniy AN SSSR)

TITLE: Infrared spectra of aroylmethylenetriphenylphosphoranes and their salts

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Izvestiya. Seriya khimicheskaya, no. 5, 1965, 895-898

TOPIC TAGS: IR spectrum, organic salt, organic phosphorous compound, electron doncr,
cyclic group

ABSTRACT: The integral intensities of the carbonyl absorption in the infrared spectra of aroylmethylenetriphenylphosphoranes (in which the carbonyl group is bonded to a phenyl ring) and their salts were measured. The data were considered from the standpoint of electron donor and electron acceptor properties of the phosphorus atom and the aromatic rings of the aroyl group, as well as the influence of substituents in the aromatic ring on the absorption intensity. The addition of an aromatic group to the carbonyl in phosphoranes led to a decrease in the frequency and intensity of the valence vibration of the carbonyl group in comparison with the corresponding aliphatic derivatives, evidently as a result of the functioning of the aromatic ring as an electron acceptor, competing with the carbonyl group for electrons from the strong electron-donor phosphorus atom. The frequency and in-

Card 1/2

UDC: 543.422

L 39797-66

ACC NR: AP6012080

Intensity of the C=O vibration are also determined by the configuration of the molecule, determined in turn by the size of the substituent at the carbonyl group. In phosphorane salts, the tetravalent positive phosphorus plays the role of an electron acceptor, resulting in a sharp drop in the intensity of the C=O band in comparison with phosphoranes. The absorption bands in the region of $1317-1390\text{ cm}^{-1}$ for arylmethylenetriphenylphosphoranes and $1389-1412\text{ cm}^{-1}$ for aroylmethyltriphenylphosphoranes were tentatively assigned to the vibration of the P=C band. Orig. art. has: 2 tables. [JPRS]

SUB CODE: 07 / SUEM DATE: 20Jul64 / ORIG REF: 005 / OTH REF: 004

Card 2/2 MCLP

SHEVCHUK, M.I.; GRIGORENKO, A.A.; FOMBROVSKIY, A.V.

Synthesis of α -cyanoaroylmethylenetriphenylphosphoranes, Zhur,
ob.khim. 35 no.12:2216-2220 D '65. (MIRA 19:1)

1. Chernovitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet. Submitted December
30, 1964.

I 25605-66 EWT(m)/EWP(j) RM

ACC NR: AP6016703

SOURCE CODE: UR/0079/65/035/012/2216/2220

AUTHOR: Shevchuk, M. I.; Grigorenko, A. A.; Dombrovskiy, A. V.

27
B

ORG: Chernovitsy State University (Chernovitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet)

TITLE: Synthesis of alpha-cyanoaroylmethylenetriphenylphosphoranes 7

SOURCE: Zhurnal obshchey khimii, v. 35, no. 12, 1965, 2216-2220

TOPIC TAGS: organic synthetic process, organic phosphorus compound, organic nitrogen compound

ABSTRACT: Aroylmethylenetriphenylphosphoranes (AMTP) add one mole of bromine to form bromophosphinic salts in practically quantitative yields which are converted into the alpha-bromoaroylmethylenetriphenylphosphoranes by dehydrobromination. In the present work data are presented which were obtained in the study of the not previously described reaction of AMTP with bromocyanogen. It was established that these substances, heated in a benzene solution, react to give alpha-cyanoaroylmethylenetriphenylphosphoranes, $(C_6H_5)_3P = C(CN)-CO-Ar$, and the quaternary salts, aroylmethylenetriphenylphosphonium bromides which were obtained and described previously by one of the authors.

The infrared absorption spectra of the alpha-cyanoaroylmethyltri-phenylphosphoranes were determined, and it was shown that this group of phosphoranes has high sensitivity and does not enter the Wittig reaction with aldehydes. Orig. art. has: 1 figure and 1 table. [JPRS]

SUB CODE: C7 / SUBM DATE: 30 Dec 64 / ORIG REF: 005 / OTH REF: 002
Card 1/1 fv UDC: 547.341 : 547.491

2

L 31794-56 EWT(m)/ENP(j) - RM

ACC NR: AP6)21636 SOURCE CODE: UR/0079/66/036/003/0506/0512

AUTHOR: Grigoronko, A. A.; Shevchuk, H. I.; Dombrovskiy, A. V. 26
B

ORG: Chernovtsy State University (Chernovitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet)

TITLE: Reactions of aroylmethylenetriphenylphosphoranes with alkyl iodides 1

SOURCE: Zhurnal obshchey khimii, v. 36, no. 3, 1966, 506-512

TOPIC TAGS: aromatic phosphorus compound, iodide, alkyl radical, chemical reaction, chemical decomposition

ABSTRACT: The reactions of a series of aroylmethylenetriphenylphosphoranes with alkyl iodides (R = C₁-C₆) were studied. It was found that the reaction proceeds differently depending upon the nature of the alkyl iodide radical. Iodides of alpha-methylaroylmethylenetriphenylphosphoranes are formed with methyl iodide, and undergo dehydroiodination to yield a series of alpha-methylaroylmethylenetriphenylphosphoranes. Aroylmethylenetriphenylphosphoranes react with ethyl iodide and n-propyl iodide to form the corresponding alpha-alkoxystyrenetriphenylphosphonium iodides. When aroylmethylenetriphenylphosphoranes are heated with n-hexyl iodide, the latter is dehydroiodinated, resulting in the production of iodides of aroylmethylenetriphenylphosphoranes. Orig. art. has: 3 tables. [JPRS]

SUB CODE: 07 / SUBM DATE: 24Apr65 / ORIG REF: 003 / OTH REF: 002

1.5
Card 1/1

UDC: 547.558+547.22

L 06511-67 EWP(m)/EWP(j) RM
ACC NR: P7000481

SOURCE CODE: UR/0079/66/036/006/1121/1124

GRIGORENKO, A. A., SHEVCHUK, M. I., DOMBROVSKIY, A. V., Chernovitskii State University (Chernovitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet)

"Aroyliodomethyltriphenylphosphonium Bromides, Aroyliodomethylene- and Aroylthiocyanatomethylenetriphenylphosphoranes" 26
B

Moscow, Zhurnal Obshchey Khimii, Vol 36, No 6, 1966, pp. 1121-1124

Abstract: Aroylmethylenetriphenylphosphoranes were found to react exothermally with iodine bromide in chloroform, giving quantitative yields of colored, water-insoluble, crystalline aroyliodomethyltriphenylphosphonium bromides. The latter, when dehydrobrominated with an aqueous soda solution, are converted to aroyliodomethylenetriphenylphosphoranes. In the latter derivatives, the iodine has a tendency for nucleophilic substitution reactions; the reaction with potassium thiocyanate proceeds especially smoothly, leading to the formation of new aroylthiocyanatomethylenetriphenylphosphoranes in good yields. The ultraviolet absorption spectra of the new derivatives were studied. Orig. art. has: 1 table. [JPRS: 37,023]

TOPIC TAGS: organic phosphorus compound, brominated organic compound

SUB CODE: 07 / SUBM DATE: 07Jun65 / ORIG REF: 005

Card 1/1

UDC: 547.558.1

0903

1195

L 11398-67 FWT(m)/FMP(j) RM

ACC NR: AF7003654

SOURCE CODE: UR/0079/66/036/008/1421/1424

AUTHOR: Dombrovskiy, A. V.; Litstvan, V. N.; Grigorenko, A. A. Shovchuk, M. I. 3/

ORG: Chernovitskiy State University (Chernovitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet)

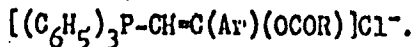
TITLE: Reactions of aroylmethylenetriphenylphosphoranes with acid chlorides

SOURCE: Zhurnal obshchey khimii, v. 36, no. 8, 1966, 1421-1424

TOPIC TAGS: organic phosphorus compound, nitrobenzene, nonmetallic organic derivative

ABSTRACT: The reactions of a number of aroylmethylenetriphenylphosphoranes, with the general formula $(C_6H_5)_3P=CHCOAr$, with acetyl, benzoyl, and p-

nitrobenzoyl chlorides were studied. When benzene solutions of benzoyl-, p-toluyyl-, p-chlorobenzoyl-, and p-bromobenzoylmethylenetriphenylphosphoranes were mixed with equivalent amounts of acetyl chloride or heated with benzoyl chloride in carbon tetrachloride, crystalline salts were formed, with the general formula $[(C_6H_5)_3P-CH=C(Ar)(OCOR)]Cl^-$. In the reaction with



p-nitrobenzoyl chloride (heating in benzene), a transylidation reaction occurred in which 2 moles of the aroylmethylenetriphenylphosphorane reacted with 1 mole of p-nitrobenzoyl chloride, giving crystalline C-acylation products: p-nitrobenzoylaroylmethylenetriphenylphosphoranes with the general formula $(C_6H_5)_3P=C(COC_6H_4NO_2-p)-COAr$, and aroylmethyltriphenylphosphonium chlorides in good yields. The formation of C-derivatives with p-nitrobenzoyl chloride, in contrast to the O-derivatives with the other chlorides tested, is explained by a substantially greater positive charge on the carbonyl carbon atom of

Card 1/2

UDC: 546.18 + 547.297

0926 0275

L 11398-67

ACC NR: AJ7003654

0

p-nitrobenzoyl chloride than in the other acid chlorides, resulting in electrophilic attack on the ylide carbon atoms of the aroylmethylenetriphenylphosphorane leading to the formation of a carbon-carbon bond without transfer of the reaction center. Orig. art. has: 2 tables. [JPRS: 38,970]

SUB CODE: 07 / SUBM DATE: 25Jun65 / OTH REF: 004

Card 2/2 jb

DOMBROVSKIY, B.A.

"Status of Anatomy in Animals in the Soviet Union on the 30th Anniversary of the
Great October Revolution,"

SO: Trud Alma-Ata Vet.- Zootekh. Inst. Vol 5, 1948. pp 61-76.
From Letopis Zhurnalnykh Statey 1949.

DOMBROVSKIY, B.A.

~~System of peripheral nerves and the innervation of organs. Vest.~~
AN Kazakh. SSR 12 no.10:69-86 0 '56. (MLBA 9:12)
(NERVOUS SYSTEM)

DOMBROVSKIY, B.A.

[Principles of comparative animal morphology] Osnovy
sравnitel'noi morfologii zhivotnykh. Alma-Ata, Kazakhskii
gos. univ., 1961. 194 p. (MIRA 18:3)

DOMEROVSKIY, B.A.; KABYLBAEVA, R.Sh.

Materials on the morphology of the respiratory system of terrestrial vertebrates. *Sch. zap. Kazakh. un.* 41 :5-19'61.

(MIRA 16:6)

. (RESPIRATORY ORGANS--VERTEBRATES)

DOMBROVSKIY, B.A., akademik

From the editor. Trudy Inst. fiziol. AN Kazakh. SSR. 4:3-7
'63. (MIRA 17:10)

1. Akademiya nauk Kazakhskoy SSR.

LOMBROVSKIY, B.A., akademik

Functional morphology of vascular and nervous systems in vertebrates. Trudy Inst. fiziol. AN Kazakh. SSR. 4:8-20 '63.
(MIRA 17:10)

DOMBROVSKIY, G. A. (Khar'kov)

Approximate integration of the equations of one-dimensional
unsteady gas flow. Izv. AN SSSR, Mekh. i mashinostr. no.6:
111-115 N-D '63. (MIRA 17:1)

DOMBROVSKIY, G. A., Engineer-Captain

"Investigation of the Motion of Gas With Subsonic Velocities." Sub 17
Jan 51, Military Red Banner Order of Lenin Aeronautical Engineering Academy
imeni N. Ye. Zhukovskiy

Dissertations presented for science and engineering degrees in
Moscow during 1951

SO: Sum. No. 480, 9 May 55

DOMBROVSKIY, G. A.

Among the papers presented by the First All-Union Conference on Aerohydrodynamics (8-13 Dec 1952) convened by the Institute of Mechanics, Academy of Sciences USSR, was:

"The Problem of Supersonic Flow of Gas From a Nozzle" by Dombrovskiy, G. A.

SO: Izvestiya AN USSR, Otdeleniye Tekhnicheskikh Nauk, No. 6, Moscow, June 1953, (W-30662, 12 July 1954

DOMBROVSKIY, G. A.

USSR/ Mathematics - Aerodynamics

Card 1/1 Pub. 22 - 8/46

Authors : Dombrovskiy, G. A.

Title : Regarding the question on the integration of the equations of a stabilized plane parallel potential movement of a compressible liquid

Periodical : Dok. AN SSSR 103/1, 31-34, Jul 1, 1955

Abstract : Various cases of integration of the equations expressing a relation between the velocity potential (ψ) and the function of a gas flow (φ) are presented. The density of a gas (ρ) and its pressure are in the following relationship: $p = p(\rho)$. The subsonic and supersonic velocities of a gas are considered separately. Thirteen references: 4 Fr. and 9 USSR (1935-1954).

Institution : The Acad. of Sc., USSR, Mathematical Institute imeni V. A. Steklov

Presented by : Academician L. I. Sedov, March 22, 1955

DOMBROVSKIY, G.A.

Approximate solution for a problem on subsonic circulationless
gas flow past shaped bodies. Dokl. AN SSSR 103 no.5:777-779 Ag '55.
(MIRA 9:1)

1. Matematicheskiy institut imeni V.A. Steklova Akademii nauk SSSR.
Predstavleno akademikom L.I. Sedevyn.
(Gas flow) (Fluid mechanics)

DOMBROVSKIY, G.A.

Approximate solution of a problem on subsonic flow past a shaped body taking circulation into account. Dokl. AN SSSR 103 no.6:985-987 Ag '55. (MIRA 9:1)

1. Matematicheskiy institut imeni V.A. Steklova Akademii nauk SSSR.
Predstavleno akademikom V.I. Smirnovym.
(Gas flow) (Fluid mechanics)

DOMBROVSKIY, G. A.

124-11-12512

Translation from: Referativnyy Zhurnal, Mekhanika, 1957, Nr 11, p 29 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Dombrovskiy, G. A.

TITLE: Approximate Calculation Methods for Steady Two-Dimensional Gas Flow. (Metody priblizhennogo resheniya ploskikh zadach ob ostanovivshikhsya dvizheniyakh gaza)

PERIODICAL: Tr. 3-go Vses. matem.s"yezda.Vol 1.Moscow, A N SSSR, 1956, p 203

ABSTRACT: The paper relates to subsonic gas flow. As in the approximate Chaplygin method, the problem of a gas flow is reduced to a boundary problem of the theory of the function of a complex variable. The relationship between the pressure p and the density ρ , according to the approximate equations derived here, is closer to the adiabatic than according to Chaplygin's method.

The method affords solutions for a number of problems in gas-dynamics.

(Author's Abstract)

Card 1/1

Gombrovskii, G. A. An approximate solution of basic boundary problems for a plane supersonic steady potential motion of a gas. Dokl. Akad. Nauk SSSR (N.S.) 107 (1956), 799-802. (Russian)

The author has previously proposed [same Dokl. (N.S.) 103 (1955), 31-34; MR-17, 681] a certain approximation to a coefficient in the system of partial differential equations for the potential and stream functions φ and ψ in a distorted hodograph plane. Then general solutions φ and ψ can be found explicitly in terms of two arbitrary functions, and the corresponding pressure-density relation can be adjusted to approximate $p/p_0 = (\rho/\rho_0)^\gamma$ very well. In this paper he shows how to determine the arbitrary functions to satisfy the four following problems: φ and ψ prescribed (i) on a non-characteristic curve; (ii) on intersecting characteristics; (iii) on one characteristic, and $\psi=0$ on a free streamline; and (iv) on one characteristic, and $\psi=0$ on a prescribed profile in the physical plane. The first three can be solved by quadratures, at most. The last requires solution of a second order non-linear ordinary differential equation.

J. H. Giese (Aberdeen, Md.)

I-FW

DOMBROVSKIY, G.A.

SUBJECT USSR / PHYSICS CARD 1 / 2 PA - 1976
 AUTHOR DOMBROVSKIY, G.A.
 TITLE On the Beam-Like Flow (with Subsonic Velocity) round a Lattice
 consisting of Plane Plates.
 PERIODICAL Dokl.Akad.Nauk 111, fasc.2, 312-315 (1956)
 Issued: 1 / 1957

In the plane $Z = X + iY$ an infinite lattice with the period $le^{i\gamma}$ is investigated which consists of plane plates of the length L . At first a formula for the complex potential w in case of the jet-like flow round such a lattice by a compressible liquid is given. By a certain image of the flow contained in a period (of the lattice ?) a semicircle is obtained as the domain of the flow. In connection with the present investigation of the flow a subsonic-like gas flow round a lattice of plane plates, not the exact method by S.A.CAPLYGIN, O gasovych strujach (= on gas jets)(1949) is used, but a more simple method with approximation ansatz. Instead of the exact equations for the velocity potential φ and for the flow function ψ the approximated equations

$$\frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial \theta} = \left[n \operatorname{th} m (s - s_0) \right]^2 \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial s}, \quad \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial s} = - \left[n \operatorname{th} m (s - s_0) \right]^2 \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial \theta}$$

are used here. Here s denotes a variable instead of the velocity modulus; θ - the angle of inclination of the velocity vector, m , n , and s_0 - any constant. Next, the relations for the connection between the quantity $s_1 = s - s_0$ on the one hand and the density ρ , the velocity v as well as the pressure p are explicitly written down. The arbitrary constants m, n, s_0, A, B and C are determined from the

Dokl. Akad. Nauk 111, fasc. 2, 312-315 (1956) CARD 2 / 2

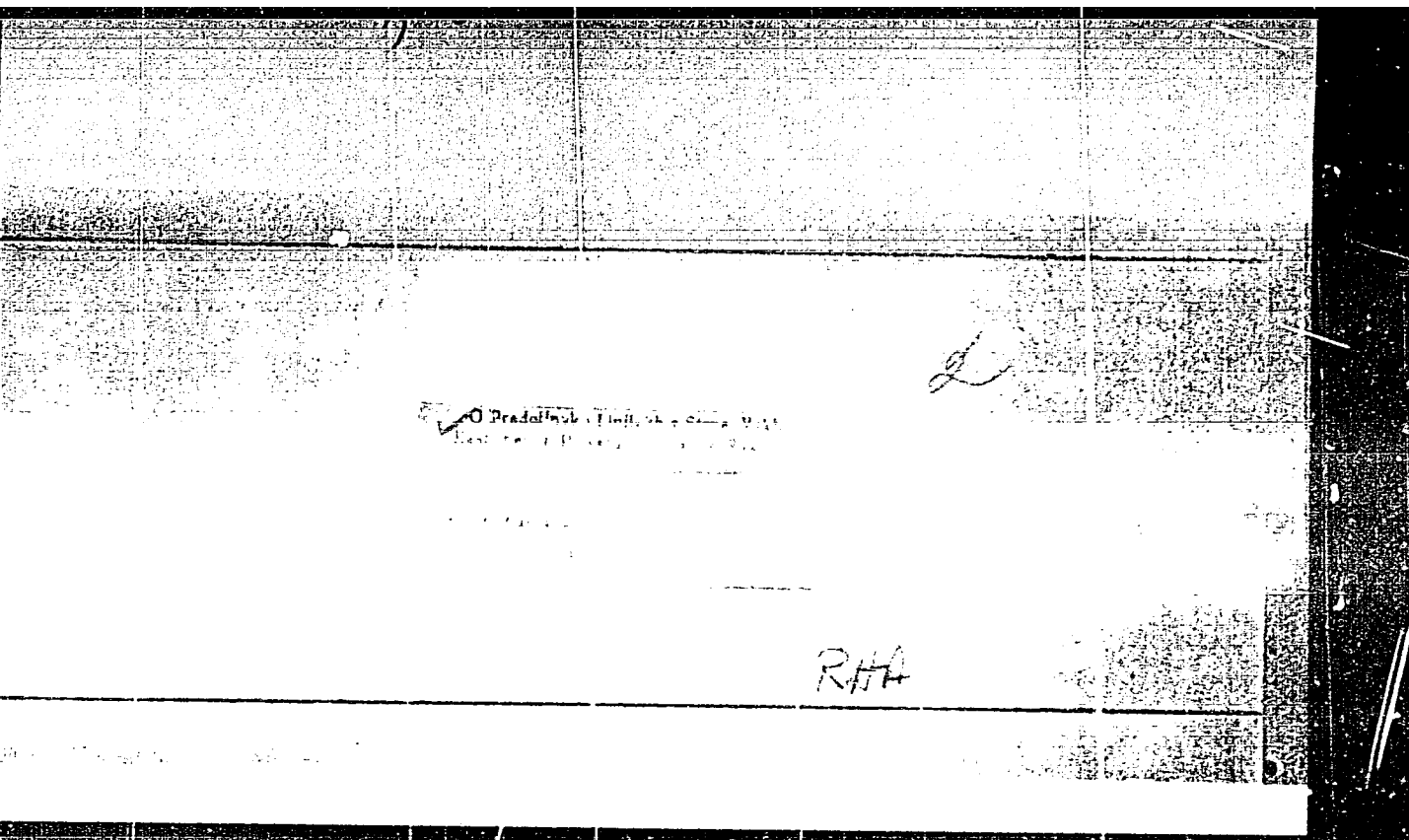
PA - 1976

condition for the best approximation to the adiabatic flow of a gas. The general solutions of the above mentioned equations are expressed by any analytic function F of the complex variable $z = s - i(\theta)$ as follows: $\varphi = n\text{Re}(-mF + \text{th } m s_1 \partial F / \partial z)$, $\Psi = (1/n) \text{Im}(-mF + \text{oth } m s_1 \partial F / \partial z)$. Next, an expression for transition to the physical plane of the gas flow is given. If we put $e^z = \zeta = \zeta e^{-i\theta}$ the motion of a gas is represented in the ζ -plane on a semicircle. The boundary of the semicircle corresponds to a flow line upon which it is assumed that $\Psi = 0$. The solution of this problem is set up in form of a sum. By inserting this solution ansatz into the above mentioned general solutions for φ and Ψ the required functions φ and Ψ with logarithmic singularities are obtained which are analogous to the singularities in the case of a corresponding flow of an incompressible liquid. The formulae found are explicitly given. The gas flow investigated is periodic. The method of constructing logarithmic source-like and vortex-like singularities which are demonstrated here on the basis of a concrete example is also suited for the solution of other problems connected with gas jets.

INSTITUTION: Mathematical Institute "V.A. STEKLOV" of the Academy of Science in the USSR.

DOMBROVSKIY, G. A. Doc Phys-Math Sci -- (diss) "Study of steady plane-parallel
potential ^{gao}flows ^{with} high-velocity ² ⁴⁴." Mos, 1957. 8 pp 20 cm. (Acad Sci UBSR.
Math Inst im V. A. Steklov), 110 copies. (KL, 24-57, 115)

-1-



AUTHOR: DOMBROVSKIY, G.A. (Moscow) PA - 3084
 TITLE: Concerning the Construction of a Flat Nozzle According to the Distribution of the Supersonic Velocities along the Walls. (O postroyenii ploskogo sopla po raspredeleniye sverkhzvukovykh skorostey vdol' stenok, Russian)
 PERIODICAL: Izvestia Akad.Nauk SSSR, Otdel.Tekhn. 1957, Vol 21, Nr 3, pp 163-164 (U.S.S.R.)
 Received: 6 / 1957 Reviewed: 7 / 1957

ABSTRACT: This problem was solved by TUMASHEV in "Izvestiya Kazanskogo Filiala AN SSSR", 1950, Nr 2 with the help of the approximated method of S.A.KHRISTIANOVICH (PMN, Vol 11, Nr 2, 1947). Here an approximated method proposed by DOMBROVSKIY in Doklady Akademii Nauk SSSR, 1955, Vol 103, Nr 1, and 1956, Vol 107, Nr 6 and in other works is recommended. The exact equations were replaced by approximated ones and a general solution given. The free selection of the arbitrary constants A, B, m and n were used in order to find a sufficiently high approximation for the adiabatic flow of the gas. The required dependence η on ξ along the wall was produced in the form $\eta = h(\xi)$.
 $\xi = \frac{1}{2}(t - \vartheta)$ and $\eta = \frac{1}{2}(t + \vartheta)$, where ϑ is the angle of inclination of the velocity vector and t is a variable quantity

Card 1/2

PA - 3084

Concerning the Construction of a Flat Nozzle According to the Distribution of the Supersonic Velocities along the Walls.

which stands in relation to the density ρ and the velocity v . For η and ξ the arbitrary functions $f_2(\eta)$ and $f_1(\xi)$ were written down and $f_1(\xi)$ is differentiated with respect to ξ . Then a differential equation for the determining of $\eta = h(\xi)$ is derived. The function f_2 was determined from the condition $\xi = \xi_0$. As soon as the relation $\eta = h(\xi)$ is established, the solution for the investigated domain can be found with the help of the general solution first set up and the equations for $f_1(\xi)$ and $f_2(\eta)$. (1 Illustration and 6 Citations from Slav Publications).

ASSOCIATION: Not given
PRESENTED BY:
SUBMITTED: 8.10.1956
AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 2/2

DOMEROVSKIY, G.A.

AUTHOR DOMEROVSKIY G.A. PA - 2647

TITLE On a Periodicity of a Jet Coming Out of a Symmetrical Nozzle Under
Rated Conditions.
 (O periodichnosti strui, vykhedyashchey iz simmetrichnogo sepla na
 raschetnom rezhime -Russian)

PERIODICAL Doklady Akademii Nauk SSSR, 1957, Vol 113, Nr 1, pp 58-61 (U.S.S.R.)
 Received 5/1957 Reviewed 6/1957

ABSTRACT The present work examines the plane problem of the supersonic outflow of
 a gas from a symmetric nozzle and the problem of the periodicity of the
 jet if there are no compression jumps in the flow. With the analytical ap-
 proximations methods applied the CHAPLYGIN function $K_1(t)$ in the equations
 $\partial\varphi/\partial\xi = -\sqrt{K_1} \partial\psi/\partial\xi$, $\partial\varphi/\partial\eta = \sqrt{K_1} \partial\psi/\partial\eta$ is replaced by more simple
 functions. In the equations just given, ψ - the flow function, and for the
 characteristic variables $\xi = (1/2)(t - \nu)$, $\eta = (t + \nu)/2$ applies. Here ν deno-
 tes the angle of inclination of the velocity vector towards the X-axis
 and t a variable instead of the velocity modulus. The motion of the gas
 in the nozzle is assumed to be known. Because of the symmetry with re-
 spect to the x-axis only the upper half of the motion need be examined.
 At $K_1 = \text{const}$ $\psi = f_1(\xi) - f_2(\eta)$ applies, where $f_1(\xi)$ and $f_2(\eta)$ deno-
 te arbitrary functions of the characteristic variables. The functions
 are determined by successive solution of the boundary problems. The so-
 lution found in this way for the various domains are explicitly given. At
 $K_1 = \text{const}$ (i.e. if the adiabatic in the plane pressure - specific vo-

Card 1/2

On a Periodicity of a Jet Coming Out of a Symmetrical Nozzle Under Rated Conditions. PA - 2647

lume is replaced by a straight line), the gas jet coming out of the nozzle has a strong periodic character. The accuracy of the solution is increased by the application of the approximation method by S.A.KHRISTIANOVICH (Priklad.mat. i mekh, Vol 11, 2 (1947) (where $K_1 = \text{const.}t^4$) is assumed). In the case of sufficiently low values of \sqrt{t} the gas jet is of a nearly periodical structure. In conclusion it is shown that by the application of a method formerly suggested by the author aperiodic solution cannot be obtained. At a sufficiently great distance from the nozzle, however, a steady potential flow cannot exist.
(2 ill.)

ASSOCIATION
PRESENTED BY
SUBMITTED
AVAILABLE
Card 2/2

Mathematical Institute V.A.STEKLOV of the Academy of Science of the USSR.

1.10.1956

Library of Congress

10.5000

26.2161

S/040/60/024/005/009/028
87786
C111/C222AUTHOR: Dombrovskiy, G.A. (Khar'kov)

TITLE: Supersonic Gas Flow Out of a Jet Into a Low-Pressure Area

PERIODICAL: Prikladnaya matematika i mekhanika, 1960, Vol.28, No.5,
pp.879-884

TEXT: According to the method proposed in (Ref.8) the author investigates the Prandtl problem on the supersonic gas flow out of a plane jet into a low-pressure area. The author especially considers questions combined with the appearance of shock waves in the jet. X

If $\xi = \frac{t-\theta}{2}$, $\eta = \frac{t+\theta}{2}$ are the characteristic variables, t is a variable replacing the amount of velocity, θ is the angle of inclination of the velocity with respect to the x -axis, $K_1(t) = (n \operatorname{tg} m t)^4$ is the Chaplygin's function then, according to (Ref.8), for the velocity potential φ and the flow function ψ one obtains the expressions

$$\varphi = n \left\{ -m [f_1(\xi) + f_2(\eta)] + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{tg} m(\xi + \eta) [f_1'(\xi) + f_2'(\eta)] \right\}$$

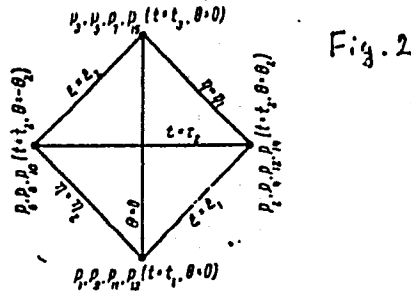
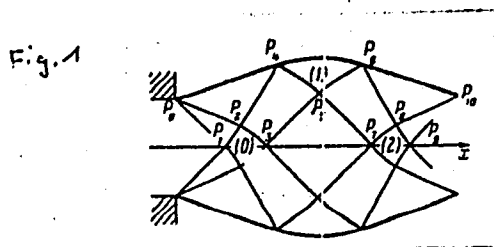
$$(1.3) \quad \psi = n^{-1} \left\{ m [-f_1(\xi) + f_2(\eta)] + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ctg} m(\xi + \eta) [-f_1'(\xi) + f_2'(\eta)] \right\},$$

Card 1/4

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 C111/C222

Supersonic Gas Flow Out of a Jet Into a Low-Pressure Area

where $f_1(\xi)$, $f_2(\eta)$ can be determined from the boundary conditions, and n and m are arbitrary constants.



The characteristic regions in which $f_1(\xi)$ and $f_2(\eta)$ shall be determined are shown in figure 1 (physical flow plane) and figure 2 (t, θ -plane). Here it is assumed that

(1.9) $2t_2 - t_1 < \pi/2m$ ($t_3 = 2t_2 - t_1$)

Card 2/4

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S/040/60/024/005/009/028
C111/C222

Supersonic Gas Flow Out of a Jet Into a Low-Pressure Area

is satisfied, where t_1 is the t-value at the end of the jet, t_2 is the constant t-value on the surface of the jet and in $P_0 P_2 P_4$ and $P_6 P_8 P_{10}$.

At the end of the jet there appear centered waves.

Putting $\psi = Q$ in P_0 and on the surface of the jet, where Q is the value of the flow function in the center, and $\psi = 0$ on the axis of symmetry, then at first one obtains

(2.3)
$$\psi_{P_1 P_2} = Q \left(1 - \frac{\text{tg } m t_1}{\text{tg } m(\xi_1 + \eta_1)} \right).$$

Then for $f_1(\xi)$ and $f_2(\eta)$ in $P_1 P_2 P_3$ and $P_4 P_5 P_6$ the results of (Ref.11) are used.

The obtained solutions are used for showing that in the jet there always appear boundary curves, in a certain finite distance from the opening of the jet the continuous potential flow becomes impossible; this statement is valid for small as well as for large differences of pressure. If (1.9) is not satisfied and if

Card 3/4

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C111/C222

Supersonic Gas Flow Out of a Jet Into a Low-Pressure Area

$$(4.1) \quad t_2 \geq \frac{t_1}{4m} + \frac{t_1}{2} \quad (t_1 < \frac{t_1}{2m}),$$

then there always appears a boundary line at the right side of the characteristic curve $P_4 P_5$.

The author mentions S.A.Khristianovich. There are 3 figures and 12 references: 6 Soviet, 3 Japanese, 2 German and 1 American.

[Abstracter's note: (Ref.8) is a paper of the author in Doklady Akademii nauk SSSR, 1955, Vol.103, No.1. (Ref.11) is a paper of the author in Sbornik "Teoreticheskaya gidromekhanika", 1954, No.12, vyp.4]

SUBMITTED: May 19, 1960

Card 4/4

GUREVICH, Maksim Isidorovich. Priginal uchastiye DOMBROVSKIY, G.A.;
SHUSTOV, S.N., red.; AKHLAMOV, S.N., tekhn. red.

[Theory of flows of an ideal liquid] Teoriia strui ideal'noi
zhidkosti. Moskva, Gos.izd-vo fiziko-matem.lit-ry, 1961. 496 p.
(MIRA 15:2)

(Hydrodynamics)

DOMBROVSKIY, Georgiy Arsen'yevich; SHUSTOV, S.N., red.

[Method of approximation of an adiabatic curve in the theory of two-dimensional gas flow] Metod approksimatsii adiabaty v teorii ploskikh techenii gaza. Moskva, Nauka, 1964. 158 p. (MIRA 17:10)

1. DOMBROVSKIY, G. D.; LENARSKIY, I. I.; DRAGUN, I. Ye.

2. USSR (600)

4. Oatmeal

7. Hydrothermic treatment as a method for improving the food values of oatmeal.
Vop. pit. 12, No. 2, 1953.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, April 1953, Uncl.

Dombrovskiy, G.D.

✓ Effects of some organic dyes on microflora of cereals and their activity. V. P. Milovskaya, G. D. Dombrovskiy and L. G. Atanas. (I. V. Stalin Tech Inst., USSR). *Microbiologiya* 24, 718-22 (1965).—Brilliant green, methylene blue and auramine vary in bactericidal power against epiphytes on wheat, millet, corn, etc. The most active (brilliant green), was found to have a toxic bactericidal concn. of 0.25%. Much of the effect is exerted on respiration of the microflora, which is about equal to that of the seed grain at 17-20% H₂O content, whereas in grain with 12-13% H₂O the seed has 2-3 times more respiration activity than the bacteria. Total respiration is diminished by dyes, but the greater effect is on bacterial respiration. J. R. S.

(3)

DOMBROVSKIY, G. D.

BARRER, G.O.; BELETSKIY, V.Ya.; VOHONKOV, P.I.; DEMIDOV, P.G.; DZYADZIO, A.M.;

DOMBROVSKIY, G. D.; ZOLOMAREV, S.M.; KRAVCHENKO, I.K.; PLATONOV, P.N.;

PAVLENKO, A.V.; UGOLIK, N.F.

V. IA. Girshson. Muk.-elev. prom. 23 no.4:23 Ap '57. (MLRA 10:5)
(Girshson, Vasilii Iakovlevich, 1880-1957)

MILOVSKAYA, V.F.; ~~DOMBROVSKIY, G.F.~~; ATANAS, L.G.

Effect of certain organic dyes on microflora of grain and on its
vitality. Mikrobiologiya 24 no.6:718-722 N-D '55. (MLRA 9:4)

1. Odeskij tekhnologicheskiy institut imeni I.V. Stalina.

(DYES, effects,
organic dyes, on bact. & yeasts of grain)

(BACTERIA,
in grain, eff. of organic dyes)

(YEASTS,
in grain, eff. of organic dyes)

(GRAIN,
bact. & yeasts, eff. of organic dyes)

L 20983-65 EWT(d)/BWP(1) EDO(b)

S/0028/64/000/1008/0042/0043

ACCESSION NR: AP5003785

AUTHOR: Anfilogov, A. D.; Belostotskiy, K. B.; Dombrovskiy, G. Ya.TITLE: New forms of leadership in the standardization program are needed (B)SOURCE: Standardizatsiya, no. 8, 1964, 42-45TOPIC TAGS: scientific conference, industrial management, precision instrument industryAbstract: The article is a summary of a recent conference held by the Latvian Sovnarkhoz and the Authorized State Committee on Standards, Measures and Measuring Apparatus — USSR (under the Council of Ministers Latvian SSR). The conferencedealt with the forms and methods of leadership in the area of standardization and normalization in the Latvian SSR, and the interrelationships between (1) standardization-normalization sections in industry and offices of the Sovnarkhoz, and (2) base organizations, state committees for the industrial branches, and the State Committee mentioned above.

The conference noted the following, in connection with the mechanization program in the Latvian SSR:

(1) Serious criticism is deserved by All-Union Scientific-Research Institute of Normalization in Machine-Building, notably in failing to secure realistic balances between new standards and the practical exigencies of industry; (2) there is frequently no proper correspondence between standards imposed on finished articles

Card 1/2

L 20983-65

ACCESSION NR: AP5003785

and those imposed upon the raw materials from which they are manufactured; (3) often machine-building norms reflect obsolete designs and older technical methods; (4) the norms for other branches of industry often sharply contradict those for machine-building; and in instances where they actually correspond, delayed publication prevents the necessary adjustments in machine-building; (5) certain base organizations fail in general to concern themselves with branch standardization; and (6) partly contradictory instructions and technical materials are being issued in connection with standardization.

The conference addressed an appeal to the Communist Party -- Latvia SSR and the Council of Ministers -- Latvian SSR to examine the question of creating within the Latvian SSR a scientific-research organization, structurally associated with the State Committee on Standards, Measures and Measuring Apparatus -- USSR, which would possess the appropriate powers for carrying out the standardization program in a manner consistent with the Latvian economic plan.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 00

NO REF SOV: 000

Card 2/2

ENCL: 00

OTHER: 000

SUB CODE: 00

JPRS

DOMEROVSKIY, G.Ye.; BELOSTOTSKIY, K.B.

Conference on standardization in Latvia. Standartizatsia 27
no.4:58-59 Ap '63. (MIRA 16:4)
(Latvia—Standardisation)

KNYAZEV, D.S.; DOMEROVSKIY, G.Ye.; BELOSTOTSKIY, N.G.

Standardization control in enterprises and organizations of the
Latvian S.S.R. Standartizatsiia 27 no.9:35-37 S '63.
(MIRA 16:10)

ANFILOGOV, A.D.; BELOSTCTSKIY, K.B.; DOMBROVSKIY, G.Ye.

New methods for the management of standardization work are
needed. Standartizatsiiz 28 no.8:42-43 Ag '64. (MIRA 17:11)

DOMBROVSKIY, I.A.

Dispensary services for tuberculous patients in rural areas. Sov.
zdrav. 13 no.4:41-44 JI-Ag '54. (MLRA 7:9)

1. Zaveduyushchiy Samarskim rayonnym otdelom zdavookhraneniya
Rostovskoy oblasti.

(TUBERCULOSIS, prevention and control,
Russia, rural dispensary centers)

(OUTPATIENT SERVICES,
tuberc. rural dispensary centers in Russia)

(RURAL CONDITIONS,
in Russia, rural tuberc. dispensary centers)

SHIRMAN, Yakov Davidovich; KATSEHELENBAUM, B.Z., kand.tekhn.nauk, retsenzent;
DOMBROVSKIY, I.A., kand.tekhn.nauk, retsenzent; PERSIKOV, M.V.,
kand.tekhn.nauk, otv.red.; NOVIKOVA, Ye.S., red.; KARABILOVA, S.F.,
tekhn.red.

[Radio wave guides and cavity resonators] Radiovolnovody i ob'em-
nye rezonatory. Moskva, Gos.izd-vo lit-ry po voprosam svyazi i
radio, 1959. 378 p. (MIRA 12:4)

(Wave guides)

L 3512-66 EWT(d)/FSS-2/EWT(1)/FS(v)-3/EEC(k)-2/EA(1) TT/AST/GW

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BOOK EXPLOITATION

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Dombrovskiy, I. A. 44.55 9

46
BT-1

Radio communications satellite systems, 1963 (Radio-sistemy svyazi s iskusstvennymi sputnikami Zemli, 1963) Moscow, 1964. 289 p. illus., biblio. Errata slip inserted. 1,000 copies printed. (At head of title: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Institut nauchnoy informatsii) Series note: Itogi nauki i tekhniki

TOPIC TAGS: ^{1244.55}communications satellite, active relay passive relay, discrete source, radio emission, EM wave propagation, noise suppression, cosmic noise, space communication

PURPOSE AND COVERAGE: This book is intended for radio communication and electronic engineers as well as for scientific and technical personnel concerned with communications satellites. It may also be used by students taking advanced courses in related fields at schools of higher technical education. The book discusses modern trends in the development of communications satellite systems for long-distance multichannel telephone and TV transmission.

Card 1/10

L 3512-66

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A short history on the development of these systems in the last 10 years is given. Scientific and technical achievements in equipment design and installation are discussed. The role of radio astronomy and radio physics in designing these radio systems is noted. A systematic account is given of investigations of radio systems used for communications satellites. These are taken primarily from non-Soviet sources.

TABLE OF CONTENTS:

Foreword ---3

Introduction. Basic trends in the development of modern radio communication systems ---5

1. Role of scientific inventions and technical improvements in the development of some new trends in radio communication ---5
2. Development of works on the building of radio communications systems with a wide range of capabilities -- 6
3. Artificial active and passive relaying at high altitudes ---12

Card 2/10

L 3512-66
AM5013307

4. Increasing the capacity of radio-communications systems by creating an artificial ionosphere ---16
5. Era of space navigation and the development of radio communication systems ---20
 - Era of space navigation in the USSR ---20
 - Program of scientific research in the USSR with the Cosmos artificial Earth satellites ---21
 - Development of engineering in the U.S.A. ---25
6. Space communication links of the future in the optical and ultraviolet frequency ranges and in the radiation range ---38
 - Ch. I. Extraterrestrial radiation ---43
 - 1. The emergence of a new astronomy ---43
 - 2. Radio astronomy techniques ---45
 - 3. Characteristics of radio-emission sources ---49
 - Solar radio emission ---49
 - Cosmic radio waves ---50
 - Emission line of interstellar hydrogen ---52
 - Planetary radio emission ---53

L 3512-66

AM5013307

4. Problems of the new astronomy and communications technique-55
Search for intelligent life in the universe. Methods of establishing communication with the intelligent life on other planets ---55
5. Computation of the Doppler shift in a bistatic system by means of a passive reflector ---58
6. Generalization of the Doppler effect ---59
7. Galactic noise temperature ---60
8. Determination of antenna noise temperature ---62
9. Discrete source noise temperature ---64
10. Absorption in the Earth's atmosphere ---67
11. Equivalent noise temperature at the receiver input ---70
12. Noise factor ---74
13. Loss effect in very low noise equipment ---76
14. Noise factor after detection and a method of improving it ---77
15. Effect of the noise factor on transmission capacity -- 80

L 3512-66
AM5013307

- Ch. II. Electromagnetic wave propagation in circumterrestrial and interplanetary space ---81
1. Structure of circumterrestrial space ---81
 2. Ionosphere ---82
 3. Wave propagation in circumterrestrial space during a quiet Sun ---88
 4. Wave propagation in circumterrestrial space during solar disturbances ---90
 5. Wave propagation in interplanetary space ---93
 6. Zones of trapped radiation -- 95
 7. Operational range of radio communications systems and their frequency allocation ---98
 8. Scattering cross section of artificial reemissions ---107
 9. Classification of frequencies and the frequencies allocated for radio astronomy and space research ---109
 10. Very long distance space transmissions ---111
- Ch. III. Basic problems of creating space communication services ---114

Card 5/10

L 3512-66
AM5013307

1. Calculation of basic parameters of communication lines under ideal geometrical relationships---114
2. Character of satellite motion in orbit and orbit instability ---126
3. Possible types of satellites for passive relaying ---126
4. Satellites for active relaying -- 129
5. Satellite orientation control ---131
6. Ensuring the reliability of communication lines by increasing the number of satellites in cases of straying into random orbits ---133
7. Optimum altitudes for relay satellites ---137
8. Capacity of a communications system using artificial Earth satellites. Communications systems for telephone and radio and TV broadcasting.

Ch. IV. Network of ground stations and stations of a radio system for an aerospace communications service (ACS) -- 152

1. Organization of an ACS radio system -- 152
2. Elements of satellite orbit and their determination -- 154
3. Ground stations of the ACS experimental radio systems -- 156

Card 6/10

I-3512-66
AM5013307

- Experimental station at Holmdel (USA) -- 158
- Experimental station at Andover (USA) -- 160
- Standard U.S. ground station transmitter -- 164
- Standard U.S. ground station receiver -- 167
- Methods of ground station development in the U.S.A. -- 170
- European ground stations of the ACS experimental systems -- 170
- 4. Basic tracking equipment -- 175
 - Optical tracking -- 175
 - Radar tracking -- 176
 - Range and speed measurements according to the Doppler frequency shift of the signal in relation to the satellite -- 178
 - Doploc system -- 179
 - Transit system -- 180
- 5. Use of radio interferometers -- 182
 - Principle of radio interferometer operation -- 182
 - Radio interferometer antennas -- 182
- 6. Minitrack system -- 185
- 7. Measurement accuracy -- 190
- 8. Directions of future development -- 191

Card 7/10

L 3512-66
AM5013307

Ch. V. Experimental research of ACS radio-communication systems -- 193

1. Experimental study of a communications system with the Echo-1 satellite -- 193
 - Experimental set-up research -- 193
 - Use of Maylar balloons for passive relay systems -- 195
 - Organization of experimental works and preliminary experiments with the Echo-1 satellite -- 197
 - Description of experimental communications system -- 200
 - Satellite tracking system -- 203
 - Results of the experiments -- 206
2. Designing new communications systems with passive satellites -- 213
 - Technical requirements for passive relay satellites -- 213
 - Passive relay system without need of orientation -- 213
 - Relay systems which require limited stabilization for orientation ---222
 - Activation of reflecting systems -- 225
 - Plans for the new Echo-2 passive satellites in the rebound communications system -- 226

Card 8/10

L-3512-66
AM5013307

3. Experimental research on communication system with an active satellite under project SCORE -- 227
4. Experimental research with the Courier-1B satellite -- 228
Description of the basic satellite equipment -- 228
Method of operation of the delayed relay with the Courier-1B satellite -- 232
Significance of the delay relay system in the development of long distance communications and TV transmissions -- 233
5. Some data on the Samos-2 satellite -- 234
6. Problems of delayed speech in the building of ACS two-way telephone radio systems -- 235
7. Active relay satellites -- 242
8. Experimental research under project Telstar -- 245
9. Experimental research under project Relay -- 252
10. Experimental research under project Syncom -- 255

Conclusion. Results of ACS investigations and prospects -- 263

1. Prospects of introducing various types of radio-communication systems -- 263
2. Radio-communications system under the West Ford project -- 264

Card 9/10

L 3512-66

AM5013307

3. Commarray quasi-passive communications system -- 266
4. Worldwide communications system consisting of the RACEP satellite ring -- 267
5. Conclusions -- 268

Bibliography -- 269

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