DEMIDOV. Georgiy Vasil'yevich; LERNER, Aleksandr Shaylovich; GIPP, V.V., red.; VOLKOV, S.V., tekhn.red.

[Introduction to the operation of gas supply services in cities and populated places] Vvod v ekspluatatsiiu gazovykh ktozisistv gorodov i naselennykh punktov. Moskva, Izd-vo M-va kcmmun. khoz. RSFSR. 1957. 53 p. (MIRA 11:3)

(Gas manufacture and works)

DEMIDOV, Georgiy Vasil'yevich; GIPP, V.V., red.; KONYASHINA, A.D., tekhn.

[Safety engineering and fire prevention in city gas systems]
Takhnika bezopasnosti i protivopozharnaja takhnika v gorodskom
gazovem khoziajstve. Moskve, Izd-vo M-va kommun. khoz. RSFSR, 1957. (FIRA 11:5) 162 p. (Gas distribution -- Safety measures)

GIPPENREYTER, B.S., kandidat meditsinskikh nauk; IVANOVA, S.I., redaktor; MANINA, M.P., tekhnicheskiy redaktor.

[I.P.Pavlov's teaching on the higher nervous activity is the natural science basis of physical education] Uchenia I.P.Pavlova o vysshei nervnoi deiatel'nesti - estestvenno-nauchnaia osnova fizicheskogo vospitaniia; nauchno-populiarnyi ocherk.

Moskva, Gos. izd-vo "Fizkul'tura i sport," 1953. 167 p.

(Pawlow, Ivan Petrovich, 1849-1936) (Physiology) (Physical education and training)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

CIA-RDP86-00513R000 ©IA-RDP86-00513R0005

TIMOPEYEV, N.V., professor, doktor meditsinskikh nauk, redaktor; GIPPEN-HEYTER, D.S., dotsent kandidat meditsinskikh nauk, redaktor; KHOTYAHOVA, G.B., redaktor; DOTSENKO, A.A., tekhnicheski; redaktor

[Human physiology] Fiziologiia cheloveka. Pod obshchei red. N.V. Timofeeva (1 chast'), i B.S.Gippenreitera (2 chast'). Moskva, Gos. izd-vo "Fizkul'tura i sport," 1956. 391 p. (MLRA 10:2) (PEYSIOLOGY)

CIA-RDP86-00E13R0005

CIPPENREYTER, B. YE.

BUNDEL', A.A., red.; GIPPELE YTER, B.Ye., red.; GVOZDETSKIY, N.A., red.;
GREKOV, L.I., red.; KUZ'MIN, K.K., red.; LETAVET, A.A., red.;
NEMYTSKIY, V.V., red.; ROTOTAYEV, P.S., red.; SIMONOV, Ye.D., red.;
TUSHINSKIY, G.K., red.; YUKHIN, I.V., red.; DOBRONRAVOVA, K.O., red.;
GLEIKH, D.A., tekhn.red.; MAL'CHEVSKIY, G.N., red. kart.

[Conquered peaks of 1954; a yearbook of Soviet mountaineering]
Pobezhdennye vershiny god 1954; ezhegodnik sovetskogo al'pinizma.
[Moskva] Gos.izd-vo geogr.lit-ry, 1957. 431 p. (MIRA 11:1)
(Mountaineering-Yearbooks)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

CIA-RDP86-00513R000

DP06-00513R0005

HERKOVA, N.M.; SIMONOV, Ye.D., red.; GIPPENREYTER, Ye.B., red.; KIZEL', V.A., red.; KUZ'MIN, K.K., red.; LETAVET, A.A., red.; POLYAKOV, A.I., red.p ROTOTAYEV, P.S., red.; FILIMDEOV, L.N., red.; KHRGIAN, A.Kh., red.; YUKHIN, I.V., red.; KONOVALYUK,, I.K., mlad. red.; GOLITSYN, A.V., red. kart; ARDANOVA, N.P. tekhn. red.

[Conquered summits; Soviet alpinism between 1958 and 1961] Pobezhdennye vershiny; sbornik sovetskogo al'pinizma, 1958-1961. Moskva, Geografgiz, 1963. 406 p. (MIRJ. 16:6) (Mountaineering) ADDROVED FOR DELEASE To the Control of the DDROG 00518 R0005

GIPPENREYTER, V.

Across the Sayan mountains. Sov.foto. 19 no.8:70 Ag '59.
(MIRA 13:1)
(Sayan mountains)

■R0005

GIPPENREITER, Yu.B.; VERGILES, N. Yu.; SHCHEDROVITSKIY, L.P.

Modified method for the registration of eye tremor. Vov. psikhol. no.5:118-121 S-0 164

1. Otdeleniye psikhologii Moskovskogo universiteta.

-RDP06-00518R0005

GIPPENREYTER, Yu.B.; URAZAYEVA, V.A.

Research on the eye movements in performing metric tasks. Vop. psikhol. 9 no.6:76-84 N-D '63. (MIRA 17:4)

1. Kafedra psikhologii Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

CIA-RDP86-00513R000 CIA-RDP86-00513R0005

GIPPENREYTER, Yu.B.

"Proper eye motor noises." Vop. psikhol. nc.4:69-82 J.-Ag *64. (NTRA 17:11)

1. Ordeleniye psikhologii Moskovskogo universiteta, laboratoriya inzhenermoy psikhologii.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 - APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

CIA-RDP86-00513R000 CIA-RDP86-00513R0005

GIPPERT, laszlo, dr., szakallatorvos

Diseases of the first stomachs of cattle. Magy allatorv lap 19 no.4:150-154 Ap 164.

1. Head, Bekescsaba State Animal Hospital, Bekescsaba.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R000

GIPPERT, L.; KOVACS, L.; PETERFALVI, S.

"Pledges", P. 91, (FAIPAR, Vol. 4, No. 3, Mar. 1954, Budarest, Fungary)
SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EEAL), LC, Vol. 3, No. 12,
Dec. 1954, Uncl.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

CIA-RDP86-00513R000 CIA-RDP86-00518R0005

GIPPERT, L.; KOVACS, L.; PETERFALVI, S.

"Increasing the Endurance of the Edge of Saw Blades by Costing Then With Hard Metal; An Innovation By J. Wildmann", P. 92, (FAIPAR, Vol. 1, No. 3, Mar. 1951, Budapest, Hungary)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (ERAL), LC, Vol. 3, No. 12, Dec. 1954, Uncl.

GIPPERT, L.; KOVACS, L.; PETERFALVI, S.

"Articles About Trees", P. 93, (FAIPAR, Vol. 4, No. 3, Mar. 1954, Budapest, Hungary)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EEAL), LC, Vol. 3, No. 12, Dec. 1954, Uncl.

₿R0005

GIPFERT, L.

The technology of using accumulated logs in plants for processing wood from leafy trees.

p. 149 (Faipar) Vol. 7, no. 4, Sept. 1957, Budapest, Hungary

SO: MONTHLY INDEX OF EAST EUROPEAN ACCESSIONS (EEAI) LC, VOL. 7, NO. 1, JAN. 1958

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

CIA-RDP86-00513R000 CIA-RDP86-00513R0005

GIPPERT, Laszlo

Is there a need for steaming beech lumber? Faipar 13 numl: 13-20 Ja 163.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R000

HUNGARY

GIPPERT, Tibor, SZEP, Ivan, Dr; University of Agricultural Sciences, Department of Animal Anatomy and Physiology (chairman: SZEP, Ivan, Dr, professor, cand. of agr. sci.) (Agrartudomanyi Egyetem, Allatbonc. es Elettani Tanszek), and Research Institute of Small Animal Breeding (director: PETOHAZI, Gabor, Dr, cand. of agr. sci.) (Kisallattenyesztesi Kutato Intezet).

"The Effect of Different Bedding Materials on the Micro-Climate of Chick Nurseries."

Budaepst, Magyar Allatorvosok Lapja, Vol 21, No 3, Mar 66, pages 105-112.

Abstract: [Authors' English summary modified] The effect of different bedding materials on the micro-climate of chick nurseries and the results broilers were studied in 6 groups of New Hampshire chicks which were kept under identical conditions with the exception of the material used for bedding. The following materials were used for bedding in 7-10 cm layers: peat bran, corn cob (not pounded), shavings, corn stalk chaff (4-5 cm), pounded corn cob,(1-2 cm), chopped straw (3-4 cm). Their effect on the micro-climate was largely identical. Ammonia formation was pronounced after the 8th week and its level was highest in case of the corn cob. Peat and shavings bedding was favorable to vitamin B12 formation. With the exception of pounded corn cob, none of the other materials was a direct cause of death. Peat and shaving provided the best living and scraping conditions; weight gain and feed utilization were best under these cases. These are recommended for large-scale chicken raising. 2 Hungarian, 8 Western references. 1/1

9.3240 (1067, 1143, 1154)

86139 \$/112/59/000/012/084/097 A052/A001

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Elektrotekhnika, 1959, No. 12, 1. 253, #: 25684

AUTHORS:

Gippius, A.A., Kolyan, V.P.

TITLE:

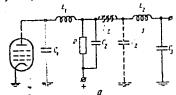
On Broadband Correction Circuits of Amplifiers

PERIODICAL:

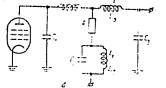
Sb. statey nauch. stud. o-va Mosk. energ. in-ta, 1956, No. 9, pp.

77-85

TEXT: Correction circuits in the h-f region described by differential equations of V and VI order are built on the base of spurious capacitances of the circuit, whereby the circuit of V order is built on three or two partial capacitances (see drawing 1a, 1b) and in circuits of VI order correcting inductances are added



Card 1/2



X

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R000 APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R000

86139

On Broadband Correction Circuits of Amplifiers

\$/112/59/001/012/004/097 A052/A001

(see drawing la and lb \perp dotted line). Circuits of higher orders give broader frequency characteristics with a number of extrema being less by one than the degree of the differential equation, i.e. the circuit of V order gives a gair on pass band (or by amplification at a constant band) of 2.3 times and the circuit of VI order by 2.75 times as compared with the most known circuit of II order. The variant with two capacitances C_1 and C_3 can give a broad pass band. The variant with three capacitances is appropriate in the case when C_2 is formed by spurious capacitances of the circuit, for instance when a stage works on a tube through a capacitances C_2 . When the circuit works as an interstage one (tubes C_3 capacitances C_4 and when the circuit works in the output stage (tube C_4 capacitation of C_4 capac

V.I.A.

Translator's note: This is the full translation of the criginal Russian abstract.

X

AUTHORS:

Vavilov, V S., Sipplier, A. A. Gorob ev, H. D. 57-1-3/32

TITLE:

On the Reflection Coefficients of Jerumium and Dilicor Crystels (O koeffitsiyentakh otrasheniya kristallov germaniya i krom-niya).

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal Tekhnicheshop Fiziki, 1998, Vol. 29, Nr. D. 19, 25, 4133 (MSSR)

ABSTRACT:

The integrating sphere (reference i) was here and for negating the diffusion-(as well as the operator) multivation of the light of or or Si pathics the range of wars denotes from Colling the measurement of A algorithm to the operator in the currence of the operator of the measurement of A algorithm at this contains a fixed and the space reflation of the operator of the surface of the space re (reference 7) and by the astronomy of the measurement of the space re (reference 7) and by the astronomy of the measurement of the space value of R to be astermined. The lead of the space of R to be astermined. The distribution deciliaries of the reflection of the space of the reflection of the space of the reflection of the space of the space of the reflection of the space of the space of the reflection of the space of the space of the reflection of the space of

Card 1/2

On the Reflection Coefficients of Jamania, and Disk on Organia, 1703-1732

lished salicon-school that of the botype, alloyed with pacopia-ran (surface-consentration possible to the advantage of the reflection coefficient on the nature of the surface treatment. In investigations whose results depend on the value of the reflection of efficient the rasple method of the radial of the reflection of efficient the rasple method feerabelier, makes it justifies to avoid assential electric by Alantov and Dominator addpted in the verbother are forum, and preferences of of which are played.

ASSOCIATION: Moss

Messow bysite Utarewstoy, Armine Department, (Mostovski) yestedarstvernyy universiter Firefoliosis, tallitet).

SUBLITTED:

June 27 1957

AVAILABLE:

Library of Congress

1. Single crystals 2. Crystals-Reflecture affects

21(7.) AUTHORS:

Vavilov, V. S., Gippius, A. A. A.

30V/56-37-1-3/64

Gorshkov, M. M., Kopylovskiy, B. D.

TITLE:

Radiation Combination in Germanium Crystals Subjected to a Bombardment by Fast Electrons (Izluchatel'naya rekombinatsi-ya v kristallakh germaniya, podvergnutykh bombardirovke

bystrymi elektronami)

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal eksperimental noy i teoreticheskoy fiziki, 1959,

Vol 37, Nr 1, pp 23-26 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The authors describe the results obtained by investigations of the infrared spectra accompanying the recombination of electrons and holes in germanium monocrystals. Three samples were investigated, in which radiation was excited by the injection of holes by means of various indium contacts; the third sample was irradiated with 0.7 Mev electrons. The concentration of the effective acceptor levels of the defects, formed in irradiation, was calculated as amounting to 5.10¹³ cm⁻³ near the surface, and as decreasing towards zero at ~ 0.3 mm. In first approximation it may be assumed that the concentration of recombination centers formed in irradiation is equal to that of the effective acceptor levels. The spectra of all

Card 1/3

RBB96-00-13R0005

Radiation Combination in Germanium Crystals Subjected to a Bombardment by Fast Electrons SOV/56-37-1-3/64

samples showed an emission band (Fig 1) with a maximum at 1.85 μ (0.67 ev) at room temperature and at 1.67 μ (0.74 ev) at 780 K. The displacement of the long-wave edge of this band corresponds well to the variation of the width of the forbidden band of germanium. The temperature coefficient β was determined as amounting to 3.2.10-4 ev/degrees, which agrees well with the results obtained by other authors (Refs 1,7). Figure 1 shows the shifting of the natural radiation hand of Ge in the case of a temperature variation of 300 per 78° K. Figure 2 shows the spectra of the impurity- and natural radiation of the Ge-samples at 78° K, figure 3 the spectrum of impurity radiation of a Ge-sample of the N-type without treatment at 78° K. The curve has a maximum at 1.35 μ (0.53 eV). Figure 4 shows the spectrum of a N-germanium sample, irradiated by 0.7 Mev electrons at 78° K (irradiation occurred at room temperature); also the curve for the sensitivity of the PbS photoresistor within the same λ -range is shown. The intensity B of radiation near the maximum of the natural radiation dpends on the injection current J (100 μa): $B \sim J^{m}$, $m \approx 1.7$. The experiments, among other things,

Radiation Combination in Germanium Crystals
 Subjected to a Bombardment by Fast Electrons

SOV/56-37-1-3/64

showed that an increase in the concentration of the Frenkel defects caused by fast electron bombardment causes an increase in the concentration of the relative intensity of the emission band (maximum at 2.35 μ). The authors finally thank B. M. Vul for his interest in this investigation, and M. V. Fok and M. N. Alentsev for their critique and valuable remarks; they also thank L. N. Silonov for his assistance. There are 4 figures and 9 references, 1 of which is Soviet.

ASSOCIATION:

SUBMITTED:

Fizicheskiy institut im. P. N. Lebedeva Akademii nauk SSSR (Physics Institute imeni P. N. Lebedev of the Academy of Sciences, USSR)

January 29, 1959

Card 3/3

RDP86-00518R0005

24.7700,

S/181/62/004/009/015/045 B108/B186

AUTHORS:

Gippius, A. A., and Vavilov, V. S.

TITLE:

Radiative recombination on dislocations in germanium

PERIODICAL: Fizika tverdogo tela, v. 4, no. 9, 1962, 2426 - 2435

TEXT: A mirror monochromator and a lead sulfide photoresistor were used to investigate the radiative recombination in Ge crystals whose dislocation density ranged from $5 \cdot 10^3$ to $1 \cdot 10^4$ cm⁻² and whose electron equilibrium concentrations varied between $5 \cdot 10^{13}$ and about 10^{16} cm⁻³. At nitrogen temperatures, an intrinsic band was established at 1.71μ , due to indirect band-to-band transitions. Another band, established at $2-2.5\mu$ occurs only in crystals which have dislocations and are the result of carrier transitions between local levels. It is better resolved in the case of high electron concentrations and it shows recombination levels at a distance of 0.22 and 0.14 ev from the conduction band. Probably another level or level group exists at a distance of about 0.18 ev from the conduction band. The half-width of the emission line related to the

Card 1/2

Radiative recombination...

3/181/62/004/009/015/045 B108/B18c

transition of holes to one of the levels equals $0.016~\rm ev$. The intensity of the intrinsic band is proportional to I^m (I is the injection current, m ~2). Contrary to expectation, the intensity of the dislocation band is not linearly dependent on I, because the recombination centers are saturated. The shape and intensity of the dislocation band are strongly affected by the surface treatment, this being due to different filling of the levels. There are 7 figures.

ASSOCIATION: Fizicheskiy institut im. P. N. Lebedeva AN SSSR, Moskva

(Physics Institute imeni P. N. Lebedev AS USSR, Moscow)

SUBMITTED: April 14, 1962

ACCESSION NR: AP4041737

S/0181/64/006/007/2200/2202

AUTHORS: Gippius, A. A.; Vavilov, V. S.; Konoplev, V. S.

TITLE: Determination of the yield of recombination radiation connected with dislocations in germanium

SOURCE: Fizika tverdogo tela, v. 6, no. 7, 1964, 2200-2202

TOPIC TAGS: recombination emission, quantum yield, dislocation effect, lead sulfide, photoconductive device

ABSTRACT: The yield is defined here as the ratio of the number of quanta of recombination radiation to the total number of acts of recombination on the given type of centers. Since this yield must be measured when the dislocations play a predominant role in the recombination of the non-equilibrium carriers, the tested sample was bombarded with a beam of ~1 MeV electrons from a Van de Graaff accelerator. The receiver was a lead-sulfide photoresistance calibrated with

Card 1/3

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R000

ACCESSION NR: AP4041737

the aid of a black body. n-type germanium with electron density $n_0 \sim 5 \times 10^{14}~\rm cm^{-3}$ and dislocation density $N \sim 10^5~\rm cm^{-2}$ was used. The dislocations were introduced by an abrupt change in the thermal conapproximately 80K. The quantum yield was found to be quite small, indicating that most recombinations on the dislocations are nonradiative. Some explanations for this phenomenon are discussed. The results obtained for the quantum yield and for some related quantities are compared with data by others. "The authors thank A. V. Spitsy*n for determining the carrier density in the sample and S. I. Vintovkin and V. V. Mikhaylov for help with the measurements."

ASSOCIATION: Fizicheskiy institut im. P. N. Lebedeva AN SSSR (Physics Institute, AN SSSR)

SUBMITTED: 24Feb64

SUB CODE: SS

NR REF SOV: 005

ENCL: 01

OTHER: 001

3R0005

ACCESSION NR: AP4041737

ENCLOSURE: 01

Results of determination of quantum yield

М образца 1	n ₀ ·10 ⁻¹⁴ , en-4	//d·10-+, cm-+	/. HES/CH ¹	#-10-15." Gar-4-com1	7-10 ⁻¹⁸ , em ⁻³ -ces. ⁻¹	t ₄ T ₈₈ ,-10 ⁴
4	6.5	5 {	0.5 0.75	1.7 2.5	6.2 7.7	3.7 3.1
5	5.2	4 {	0.5 1.0	1.7 3.4	3.8 6.4	2.2
7	3.8	10 {	1.25 2.25	4.2 7.4	8.2 12.8	1.9 1.7

1 - sample no. 2 - j (fast-electron density), microamp/cm³, 3 \div g.10⁻¹⁹ cm⁻³sec¹, 4 - quantum yield, 10⁴

Cardl 3/3

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R000

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 (54 - RD) 666

[LUBSINGS | LUBSINGS | LUBSI

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R000

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R000

ASSOCIATION: Exciclesky instigut in P. as Leberava AN SSSR, Boston, September 18, 2002

ENUIS CODE, SS SS STREET SOV. 005.

OTHER: UCUS STREET SOV. 005.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 - APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

CIA-RDP86-00513R000 CIA-RDP86-00513R0005

ACCESSION NR: AR4040822

S/0058/64/000/005/D025/D026

SOURCE: Ref. zh. Fizika, Abs. 5D190

AUTHOR: Kudryavtsev, Ye. M.; Gippius, Ye. F.; Pechenov, A. N.; Sobolev, N. N.

TITLE: Definition of matrix element of dipole moment of electron transition of violet system of bands of cyanogen. I.

CITED SOURCE: Teplofiz. vy*sokikh temperatur, v. 1, no. 1, 1963, 73-84

TOPIC TAGS: matrix element, dipole moment, electron transition, cyanogen, cyanogen band

TRANSLATION: It is established that by x-raying, by a pulse source of light, a mixture of CO and N₂, heated to 5000-7000°K with a reflected shock wave, it is possible to register the absorption spectrum of the violet system of bands of CN and, consequently, to determine the matrix element of the dipole moment of electron transition

. Card 1/2

ACCESSION NR: AR4040822

 $\left| R_{\rm e} \right|^2$ of this system. For selection of optimum experient conditions and obtaining data necessary for treatment of the results, there are conducted calculations of the state of the mixture of CO and N₂ behind the reflected shock wave over a wide range of initial pressures (10 - 200 mm Hg) and speeds of the shock wave (2.0 - 5.6 km/sec). The temperature of the mixture was measured by the generalized method of conversion by CN bands. The same method was used to control establishment of equilibrium concentration of CN. Bibliography: 29 references.

SUB CODE: NP, EM

ENCL: 00

ACCESSION NR: AR4040823

S/0058/64/000/005/D026/D026

SOURCE: Ref. zh. Fizika, Abs. 5D191

AUTHOR: Kudryavtsev, Ye. M.; Gippius, Ye. F.; Pechenov, A. N.; Sobolev, N. N.

TITLE: Definition of matrix element of dipole moment of electron transition of violet system of bands of cyanogen. II.

CITED SOURCE: Teplofiz. vy*sokikh temperatur, v. 1, no. 2, 1963, 218-227

TOPIC TAGS: matrix element, dipole moment, electron transition, cyanogen, cyanogen band, radioscopy

TRANSLATION: There is described the installation used for obtaining absorption spectrum of violet system of CN bands during radioscopy with a pulse source of a mixture of gases CO and N₂, heated by a reflected shock wave to a temperature of 4000 - 6000°K. This spectrum is used for measurement of rotary

Card 1/2

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R000
APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R0005

ACCESSION NR: AR4040823

temperature of CN. Results of measurement of temperature of gas by two independent methods by absorption spectra and by generalized methods of conversion (cf. abstract No. 5 D190) coincide with the data of gas-dynamic calculation. Bibliography: 16 references.

SUB CODE: NP, OP

ENCL: 00

CIA-RDP86-00513R000 CIA-RDP86-00513R0005

ACCESSION NR: AP4017717

S/0294/63/001/003/0376/0385

AUTHORS: Kudryavtsev, Ye. M.; Gippius, Ye. F.; Derbeneva, S. S.; Pechenov, A. N.; Sobolev, N. N.

TITLE: Determination of the matrix element of the dipole moment of the electronic transition of the cyan violet band system. III

SOURCE: Teplofizika vy*sokikh temperatur, v. 1, no. 3, 1963, 376-385

TOPIC TAGS: cyan, cyan band system, cyan violet band system, dipole moment, matrix element, integral absorption exponent, internuclear distance, dissociation energy, electronic transition

ABSTRACT: This is a continuation of previously reported research (Teplofizika vy*sokikh temperatur v. 1, 73 and 218, 1963) and is devoted to the actual determination of the square of the matrix element of the dipole moment of the electronic transition $|R_e|^2$ from the measured integral absorption exponents of the rotational line of

Card 1/

BR0005

ACCESSION NR: AP4017717

the sequences $\Delta v=0$ and $\Delta v=-1$ of the violet system of CN bands. The value obtained for the $|R_e|^2$ was found to be 0.38 atomic units and to be independent of the internuclear distance of the transitions. The over-all error in the measurements due to imperfections in the spectral instrument and failure to take complete account of the skirts of the lines is less than 10%, since the half-width of the rotational line exceeds or is equal to the half-width of the apparatus function under the experimental conditions. The value obtained for $|R_e|^2$ is in satisfactory agreement with the values obtained earlier by other methods. A value of 7.6 eV is obtained for the dissociation energy of CN from the present results and those by others. Orig. art. has: 6 figures, 7 formulas, and 3 tables.

ASSOCIATION: Fizicheskiy institut im. P. M. Lebedeva AM SSSR (Physics Institute, AM SSSR)

Card 2/47

12002 17, 2002

s/0294/64/002/002/0181/0187

ACCESSION NR: AP4038432

AUTHORS: Gippius, Ye. F.; Kudryavtsev, Ye. M.; Pechenov, A. N.; Sobolev, N. N.; Fokeyev, V. P.

TITLE: Determination of the red cyan-band system electronic transition dipole moment matrix element

SOURCE: Teplofizika vy*sokikh temperatur, v. 2, no. 2, 1964, 181-187

TOPIC TAGS: absorption spectrum, shock wave, dipole moment, absorption band, matrix element, carbon dioxide, nitrogen

ABSTRACT: The investigation is a continuation of research on the determination of the matrix element of the dipole moment of the electronic transition of the violet system of the CN bands (Teplofizika vy*sokikh temperatur v. l. no. 1, 73, 1963; no. 2, 1963; no. 3, 1963). The absorption spectrum of the red system of the cyan band is obtained behind the front of the reflected shock wave in a mix-

Card 1/3

CIA-RDP86-00513R000 CIA-RDP86-

nber 17, 2002

ACCESSION NR: AP4038432

ture of CO and N_2 . The square of the matrix element of the dipole moment of the electronic transition is determined from the measured integral absorption coefficients in the wavelength region 6,330--6,550 Å and is found to be 0.19 \pm 0.09 atomic units. The ratio of the squares of the matrix elements for the violet and for the med bands is obtained from the integral intensities of the bands (1,0) of the red system and (0, 1) of the violet system of cyan, in the spectrum of an arc with carbon electrodes burning in air. Its value is found to be 1.9 \pm 0.6. The value obtained for the square of the matrix element of the red dipole moment calculated from this ratio, and from the value obtained for the violet band earlier, agrees with the value obtained in the present work by measurements with the aid of a shock tube. The ratio does not agree with calculations by King and Swings (Astrophys. J. v. 101, 6, 1945) if allowance is made of the Franck-Condon factors. The reason for the discrepancy are discussed. "In conclusion the author is thankful to V. N. Kolesnikov for useful advice, A. T. Matachun and L. L. Sabsovich for solving the

Card 2/3

SUB CODE: OP, ME

DATE ACQ: 09Jun64

NR REF SOV: 005

ENCL: 00

OTHER: 011 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R000 STA PDP86-00513R0005

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

CIA-RDP86-00513R000 CIA-RDP86-20513R0005

RIPKA, Otto; KOSTKOVA, Helena; GIPPOVA, Hana

Treatment of hypertension with ecolid. Shorn. lek. 50 no.4:119-130 Apr 58.

1. II. interni klinika fakulty vseobecneho lekarstvi Karlovy university
v Praze, prednosta prof. Dr. Frantisek Herles. O. R. II. interni klinika,
Praha 2, U nemocnice 2.

(HYPERTENSION, therapy
chlorisondamine chloride (Cz))

(AUTONOMIC DRUGS, therapeutic use chlorisondamine chloride in hypertension (Cz))

1

E48R0005

GIPR, I., inzh.; LUKESHOVA, M.

Rapid method for determining fat content in meat products.

Mias. ind. SSSR 29 no.5:53-54 58. (MIRA 11:10)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut myasnoy i rybnoy promyshlennosti, Brno, Chekhoslovakiya. (Meat--Analysis) (Oils and fats--Analysis) day, September 17, 2002

CIA-RDP86-00513R000 CIA-RDP86 BR0005

GIPS, A.A.

35. Zonal Origin of Synoptic Processes

"Certain Peculiar Synoptic Processes in the Arctic and Their Connection With the General Circulation of the Atmosphere, by A. A. Gipe, Tr. Th. geofiz. observe, Issue 56, 1956, pp 36-46 (from Referstivnyy Zhurnal - Geofizika, No 1, Jan 57, Abstract No 307, by L. M. Klimenko

"The synoptic precesses which are generated in the Artic are closely connected with the synoptic processes of the temperate and tropic zones. The investigation of the circulation of the atmosphere in the northern hemisphere by means of its separation into three basic forms (West, Bast, and Central) permits the determination of the peculiar synoptic processes in the Arctic and their dependence on the processes of a planetary scale. Thus, the formation of a high anticyclone in the Arctic occurs in meridional forms of circulation -- east and central, characterized by an increased development in a northern direction of high ridges, through the western peripheries of which the inflow of warm air into the Arctic also

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

CIA-RDP86-00513R000 CIA-RDP86-00513R0005

takes place. Abrupt fluctuations of the altitude and temperature of the tropopause are connected with these processes: formation of a high anticyclone causes a raising of the tropopause and, simultaneously, a lowering of the temperature in it. The influx of warm air into the troposphere of the temperature in it. The influx of varm air into the troposphere of the Arctic with the meridional development of ridges is accompanied by the intrusion of an inflow of cold air into its stratosphere, insofar as the rising and lowering movements in the isothermically stratified stratosphere rising and lowering movements and warm troughs.

Service

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

CIA-RDP86-00513R000 CIA-RDP86-00513R0005

"The intrusion of a warm mass in the troposphere of the Arctic and Of cold air in the troposphere of the temperate latitudes is closely connected with the character of the processes in the whole hemisphere. The warm air inflowing into the Arctic is blended with the cold air which is found there and produces conditions which strengthen the jet stream in the northern part of the ridges, which in turn evoke the activation of cyclonic activity. The analagous process of the activation of the jet stream and of cyclogenesis occurs in the southern part of the troughs during the influx of cold air from the Arctic. The determined localization of ridges and troughs in meridical forms of circulation determines the regions of the intensified cyclonic activity. For example, in the type E, in the European sector of the northern hemisphere the cyclogenesis is strengthened in the western sector of the Arctic and in the region of the Mediterranean Sea; analogous strengthening of the cyclogenesis of this form arises in the South American Continent. Any localization of ridges and troughs in the meridional form depends on the activation of cyclogenesis in the Scuth Atlantic and Pacific Oceans. In the western type the meridional exchange is weakened, and the trajectories of the barometric centers are regionalized. In this case their localization is determined by the position of the subtropical high pressure belt: the farther north it is situated, the farther north is the trajectory of the barometric formation. Ribliography, 18 titles." (U)

5111 1429

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

CIA-RDP86-00513R000 CIA-RDP86-00518R0005

GIPSH, A.A.

Organization of seismic prospecting beyond the Arctic Circle. Geolis. razved. no.4:14-23 '61. (MIRA 14:7) (Bol'shesemsl'skaya Tundra-Seismic prospecting)

BR0005

RABINOVICH, G.I.; GIPSH, B.I.

Checking the skewing of keyways. Stan. i instr. 29 no.7:37 J1 158. (MIRA 11:9)

(Gauges)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R000 APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, Septe BR0005 INVENTOR: Dunayev, A. S.; Gipsman, I. K.; Katsin, V. M.; Chursin, D. G.; Volkov, L. G. ORG: None TITLE: A current density analyzer. Class 21, No. 190408 SOURCE: Izobreteniya, promyshlennyye obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 2, 1967, 40 TOPIC TAGS: current density, electron beam, measuring instrument ABSTRACT: This Author's Certificate introduces an instrument for analyzing the current ADDITACT: This Author's Certificate incroduces an insurument for analyzing the current density of an electron beam. The installation contains a vacuum chamber, a mechanical density of an electron beam. The installation contains a vacuum chamber, a mechanical stally slotted rotating drum, and a collector. For rapid and thorough analysis of electron-beam structure, the mechanical scanner is made in the form of a carriage with a rectangular slot which moves both lengthwise and crosswise Form of a carriage with a rectangular slot which moves both lengthwise and crosswise with respect to the beam. The drum is located inside the carriage and the collector **Card 1/2** 11-UDC: 621.397.331.1 __vacuum chamber; 2-mechanical scanner; lector; 6--rectangular slot; 7--drum axle CODE: 14, 09/ SUBM DATE: 01Sep64

POC 00518R0005

GIPS MAN IN K

ALATORTSEV, S.A., prof., doktor tekhn.nauk; ANDREYEV, A.V., kand.tekhn. nouk; ANCHAROV, I.L., inzh.; BALINSKIY, S.I., inzh.; EELOUSOV, V.G., inzh.; VINHITSKIY, K.Ye., kand.teknn.neuk; VLASCV, V.M., inzh.; VORONTSOV, N.P., kand. tekhn. nauk; GIPSMAN, M.K., inzh.; GLUZMAN, I.S., kand.tekhn.nauk; GUR'YKV, S.V., kand.tekhn.nauk [decessed]; DEMIN, A.M., kand.tekhn.nauk; YEGURNOV, G.P., kand.tekhn.nauk; YEFIMOV, I.P., inzh.; ZHUKOV, L.I., kand.tekhn. nauk; ZEL'TSER, N.M., inzh.; KOSACHEV, M.N., kand.tekhn.nauk; KOTOV, A.F., inzh.; KUDINOV, G.P., inzh.; LAPOVENKO, N.A., kand. tekhn.nauk; MAZUROK, S.F., inzh.; MEL'NIKOV, N.Y.; MUDRIK, N.G., inzh.; NIKONOV, G.P., kand.tekhn.nauk; ORLOV, Ye.I., inzh.; POTAPOV, M.G., kand.tekhn.nauk; PRISEDSKIY, G.V., inzh.; RZHEVSKIY, V.V., prof., doktor tekhn.nauk; RYAKHIN, V.A., kand. tekhn.nauk; SIMKIN, B.A., kand.tekhn.nauk; SITNIKOV, I.Ye., inzh.; SOROKIN, V.I., inzh.; STASYUK, V.N., kand.tekhn.nauk; STAKHEVICH, Ye.B., inzh.; SUSHCHENKO, A.A., inzh.; TYUTIN, I.F., inzh.; TYMOVSKIY, L.G., inzh.; FISENKO, G.L., kand.tekhn.nauk; FURMANOV, B.M., inzh.; SHATAYEV, M.G., inzh.; SHESHKO, Ye.F., prof., doktor tekhn.nauk; TERPIGOREV, A.M., glavnyy red. [deceased]; (Continued on next card)

BR0005

ALATORTSEY, S.A.---(continued) Card 2.

KIT, I.E., zamestitel glavnogo red.: SHESHKO, Ye.P., zamestitel otv.red.; BUGOSLAVSKIY, Yu.K., red., BYKHOVSKAYA, S.M., red.; DIONIS'YEV, A.I., kand.tekhm.nauk, red.; KOZIN, Yu.V., red.; SOKOLOVSKIY, M.M., red.; YASTREBOV, A.I., red.; DEMIDYUK, G.P., kand.tekhn.nauk, red.; KRIVSKIY, M.N., kand.tekhn.nauk, red.; LYUBIMOV, B.N., inzh., red.; MOLOKANOV, P.L., inzh., red.; REISH, A.K., inzh., red.; RODIONOV, L.Ye., kand. tekhn. nauk, red.; SLA-VUTSKIY, S.O., inzh., red.; TRAKHMAN, A.I., inzh., red.; TRYMOV-SKIY, L.G., inzh., red.; FIDELEV, A.S., doktor tekhn.rauk, red.; SHUKHOY, A.N., kand.tekhn.nauk, red.; TER-IMRAEL YAN, T.G., red. izd-va; PROZOROVSKAYA, V.L., tekhn.red.; KONDRAT'YEVA, M.A., tekhn.red.

(Continued on next card)

BR0005

ALATORTSEV, S.A. --- (continued) Card 3.

[Mining; an encyclopedic dictionary] Gornoe delo; entaikle-pedicheskii spravochnik. Glav.red.A.M.Terpigorev. Chleny glav. red.A.I.Baranov i dr. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo lit-ry po gornomu delu. Vol.10. [Mining coal devosits by the open-cut method] Razrabotka ugol'nykh mestorozhdenii otkrytym sposobom. Redkollegiia tom; N.Y.Mel'nikov i dr. 1960. 625 p.

(MIRA 13:2)

1. Chlen-korrespondent AN SSSR (for Mel'nikov). (Coal mines and mining) (Strip mining)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R000 -APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 CIA-RDP96-00513R0005

ACCESSION NR: AP4041736 S/0181/64/006/007/2198/2200

AUTHORS: Girayev, M. A.; Karpovich, I. A.; Zvonkov, B. N.

TITLE: Frequency dependence of the field effect in photosensitive films of CdS

SOURCE: Fizika tverdogo tela, v. 6, no. 7, 1964, 2198-2200

TOPIC TAGS: thin film, cadmium sulfide, photoconductivity, frequency dependence, carrier mobility, photosensitivity

ABSTRACT: The investigation was undertaken in view of recent interest in such films, brought about by the development of field-effect transistors on their basis (P. K. Weimer, Proc. IRE v. 50, 1526, 1962). The films were prepared on glass substrates by evaporation in vacuum, and activated by heat treatment with air in a photoconductor powder. The frequency dependence was investigated by the method of Aigrain et al. (J. Phys. Rad. v. 13, 587, 1952). Constant

Card 1/5

ACCESSION NR: AP4041736

illumination was used to reduce the layer resistance and to make the method usable at high temperatures. The effective carrier mobility was found to be practically independent of the temperature but highly dependent on the intensity of illumination. For unactivated CdS layers with increased dark conductivity and weak photosensitivity, the effective mobility did not exceed 1 cm²/V-sec and was practically constant up to 20 kcs. The appreciable change in the effective mobility of photosensitive layers occurs in the same frequency interval in which the photocurrent changes strongly as a frequency of the light modulation frequency and is apparently connected with relaxation of the photoconductivity. The decrease in mobility beyond about 20 kcs may be due to disturbance of the equilibrium of the induced carriers with rapid surface states. A somewhat unexpected effect is that in polycrystalline CdS films the effective mobility at high frequencies may become comparable with that for CdS single crystals. This is confirmed by Hall-effect measurements, which will be reported elsewhere. "The authors thank S. Abdiyev

Card 2/5

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R000 APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 13, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R0005

ACCESSION NR: AP4041736

for preparing the samples for the investigation." Orig. art. has: 2 figures.

ASSOCIATION: Gor'kovskiy gosudarstvenny*y universitet (Gorkiy Stat: University)

SUBMITTED: 22Feb64

ENCL: 02

SUB CODE: SS, EC

NR REF SOV: 002

OTHER: 004

Card 3/5

APPROVED FOR RELEASE. Tuesday, September

POS-20513R0005

ACCESSION NR: AP4041736

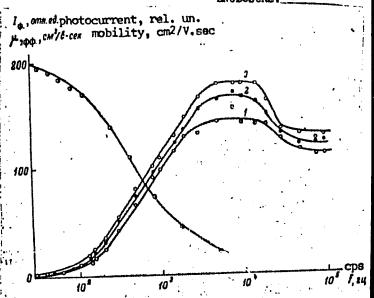
Frequency dependence of effective carrier mobility in CdS film (sample 1) under constant illumination

T, °C: 1 - 25, 2 - 58, 3 - 88;

4 - photocurrent vs. light modulation frequency at 25C

Card 4/5 .

ENCLOSURE: 01



"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

CIA-RDP86-00513R000 CIA-RDP86-00513R0005

GIRBACEA, V.

Morphologic observations in the northeastern part of the Transylvanian Plateau. Probleme geog 7:99-108 '60. (EEAT 10:3) (Transylvania--Geomorphology)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R000

POSEA, Gr.; GIRBACEA, V.

A geomorphological study of the depression of Bozovici. Probleme geog 8:41-57 '61.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

CIA-RDP86-00513R000

513R0005

GIRBACEA, V.; BELOZEROV, V.

The Deda-Porcesti Depression. Probleme geog 9:281-288 '62. (publ. '63)

BR0005

GIRBASOV, G.P.

Economical use of water in factories and apartment houses. Gor. khoz. Mosk. 36 no.8:46-48 Ag '62. (MIPA 16:1)

1. Chlen Postoyannoy komissii kommunal'nogo khozyaystva Ispolnitel'nogo komiteta Moskovskogo soveta deputatov trudya shchikhaya.

(Moscow-Water supply)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

CIA-RDP86-00513R000

CIA-RDP86-22518R0005

KHARITONOV, G. V.; PURIKOVA, V. P.; GIRBASCVA, N. I.

Study of the kinetics and mechanism of oxidation of coals. Izv. AN Kir SSSR.Ser.est.i tekh.nauk 4 no. 6:61-70 162. (MIRA 17:5)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

OR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

CIA-RDP86-00513R000

CIA-RDP86_00548R0005

GIRBASOVA, Ye.

Sie

Instructors' brigades in the struggle for the improvement of labor organisation in the underground repair of oil wells. Biul.nauch.inform.: trud i zar.plata 3 no.4: 44-46 '60. (MIRA 13:8)

CIA-RDP86-00513R000

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 CIA RDP06 00518R0005

GIRBASOVA, Ye.I., red.; LADZHEVSKIY, L.G., red.; KULIYEV, M.K., red.; MIGAY, L.S., vedushchiy red.; MUKHINA, E.A., tekhn.red.

[Tachnical instruction charts of the complete cycle of the underground repair of wells] Instruktivno-tekhnologicheskie karty polnogo tsikla podzemnogo remonta skvazhin. Moskva, Gos. nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo neft. i gorno-toplivnoi lit-ry, 1960.
223 p. (MIRA 13:12)

1. Moscow. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut truda. TSentral'noye byuro promyshlennykh normativov po trudu.

(Oil wells--Equipment and supplies)

DP06-00513R0005

GADIYEV, S.M.; LAZAREVICH, I.A.; MURAV'YEV, V.M., red.; GIRBASOVA. Ye.I., ved. red.; LAKANOVA, I.S., tekhn. red.

[Underground repair of oil wells; survey of foreign literature] Podzemnyi remont neftianykh skvazhin; obzor zarubezhnoi literatury. Lazarevich. Moskva, 1963. 143 p. (MIRA 16:9)

1. Institut tekhnicheskoy informatsii i ekonomicheskikh issledovaniy po neftyanoy i gazovoy promyshlennosti. (Oil wells--Maintenance and repair) "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

CIA-RDP86-00513R000

CIA-RDP86-20543R0005

GIRBEA, Dan. ing.

Plastics reinforced with glass fibers used in motorcar construction. Rev transport 10 no.6:279 Je 363.

GIRBEA, St.; SAIAMON, E.; BODEA, I.; ALBU, B.; SUCEAVA, I.; BOLZA, R.; DUNAHRANU, O.; VASIU, I.

The treatment of laryngenl cancer at the ORL Clinic, Timisoara. Rumanian M. Rev. 3 no.1:68-72 Jan-Mar 59.

(IANYNX, neoplasma surg. statist.)

BR0005

GIRBEA, St., prof.; SALAMON, E.; BODEA, I.; MARGINEANU, N.

Radiotherapy in tubel deafness. Rumanian M Rev. no.4:69-71 0-D '60. (DEAFNESS radiotherapy) (EUSTACHIAN TUBE diseases) (SINUSITIS complications) (RHINOPHARTIX diseases)

IA RDP86-**8**0[18R0005

GIRBEA, Et , prof.; POPESCU, D., prof.; TURCEANU, L., conf.; DUNAREANU,O., dr.; POPOVICI, V., dr.

The role of diseases of mothers in pregnancy, labor and the puerperium in the origin of deatness in the newborn. Otorinc-laringologie (Bucur) 10 no.1:80-88 Ja-Mr¹65.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

CIA-RDP86-00513R000

CIA-RDP86:20513R0005

GIRBEA, St., prof.

Some problems of deontology in otorhir laryngology. Otorino-laringologie (Bucur) 10 no.1:1-4 Ja-Mr 65.

1. Clinica de otorinolaringologie, Bucuresti.

BR0005

SCHIOPU, U.; DAN-SPINOIU, G.; GIRBOVEANU, M.; TURCU, A.

Some aspects of the development of concepts in the operations of setting up electric installations. Rev psihologie 9 no.2:203-224 '63.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R000

SCHIOPU, U.; GIRBOVEANU, M.; TURCU, A.; VERZEA, E.

Organization of the reaction system in teaching driving. Rev psihologie 10 no. 2:149-161 '64.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R000

Trickness let stat, the 20, 2000. States.

s/137/62/000/009/026/033 ··· A006/A101

AUTHORS:

Yanitskiy, I. V., Stul'pinas, B. B., Girchene, B. Yu., Shulyakas,

A.K.

TITLE:

Some problems of electrolytical manganese deposition

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, no. 9, 1962, 124, abstract 91807-(In collection: "Vopr. usoversh. gal'vanopokrytiy", Vil'nyus, 1961,

40 - 47)

The addition of small amounts of selenious acid (I) or selenite to a sulfate electrolyte for Mn deposition, makes it possible to increase current efficiency of Mn up to 9) - 94%, i.e. almost twice as compared with average data. Addition of I also increases considerably the current efficiency in the deposition of Mn alloys with Ni, Co and Fe. The same admixture I improves the throwing power and penetration of the bath, and the anticorrosion resistance of the coatings produced. Addition of I reduces the effect of numerous harmful impurities of the electrolyte and makes it possible to increase considerably the permissible content of these admixtures in the electrolyte. To reduce the Se content in galvanic coatings, I may be partially replaced by sulfite. Properties

Card 1/2

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

CIA-RDP86-00513R000

PROVED FOR DELEASE. Tuesday, September 17, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00518R0005

PYATROSHYAVICHYUTE, O.S. [Petroseviciute, O.]; STUL'PINAS, B.B. [Stulpinas, B.]; GIRCHENE, B. Yu. [Girciene, E.]

Effect of certain additions on the electrodeposition of manganesenickel alloys. Trudy AN Lit. SSR. Ser. B. no. 4:27-34 165 (MIRA 19:2)

1. Kaunasskiy politekhnicheskiy institut. Submitted May 11, 1965.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R000 APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R0005

L 11923-66 EWT(d)/EWT(1)/EWT(m)/ETC(F)/EPF(n)-2/EWG(m)/EWA(d)/EWP(t)/EWP(k)/EWP(h)

ACC NR: AT5028696 IJP(c) SOURCE CODE: UR/2910/64/D04/004/0529/0536

RDW/JD/WW/GG qq

AUTHOR: Babonas, G. A. Zakarka, A. B.; Girchang, Y. L. (Girciane, V.);

Kavalyauskas, Yu. F. (Kavaliauskas, J.); Shileyka, A. Yu. (Sileika, A.) ORG: Institute of Physics and Mathematics, anian SSR Academy of Sciences Lithu-21,44,55 TITLE: Effect of temperature and pressure on the fundamental absorption edge of cadmium telluride SOURCE: AH LitSSR. Litovskiy fizicheskiy sbornik, v. 4, no. 4, 1964, 529-536 TOPIC TAGS: cadmium telluride, absorption edge, forbidden some width 21, 44,5 ABSTRACT: The effect of hydrostatic pressure up to 2400 kg/cm3 on the absorption spectrum of CdTe crystals was first studied at room temperature. The coefficient of variation of the forbidden gap width with pressure $(\partial E_i \partial P)$ was found to be 8.0 * 0.4 × 10⁻⁶ eV cm²/kg. It was determined from the rate of shift of the fundamental spectral absorption edge toward shorter wavelength with increasing pressure. According to temperature studies conducted in the 120-480°K range, the forbidden gap width of cadmium telluride $E_q = (1.59-4.6 \times 10^{-4} \text{ T}) \text{ eV}$. Comparison Card 1/2

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R000

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R0005

L 11923-66

ACC NR: AT5028696

of experimental results with theoretical results shows that in CdTe the variation of forbidden gap width with temperature is chiefly due to a variation in the interaction of electrons with optical phonons, whereas the effect of thermal expansion of the crystal is nearly one order of magnitude smaller. The authors are grateful to V. B. Tolutis who kindly supplied the CdTe crystals for optical measurements. Orig. art. has 7 figures, 6 formulas.

SUB CODE: 20/ SUBH DATE: 18Jan64/ ORIG REF: 004/ OTH REF: 017

Card 2/2

BR0005

GIRCHENKO, L., inzh.

Electric motors should not burn out. Izobr. i rats. no.9:27 S '61. (MIRA 14:8) (Electric motors, Induction—Safety measures)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

CIA-RDP86-00513R000

CIA-RDP86-22513R0005

GIRCHENKO, L., inzh.

Selecting an electric motor. Izobrai rate. no.12 34-35 D 161. (MIRA 14:12)

(Electric motors)

BR0005

DUBROVSKAYA, N.; GIRCHENKO, L.

Ice and snow as building materials. Izobr. i rats. no.1:14 15 Ja 162. (MIRA 14.12)

(Icehouses)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R000
APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R0005

GIRCHENKO, L., izobretatel:

Automation wants to know everything. Izobr.i rats. no.3:24-26 Mr 162. (MIRA 15:2)

(Automation)

79

GIRCHENKO, L., inzh.

Idle work. Izobr.i rats. 5 no.27-28 Je (61. (IIRA 15:6) (Technological innovations)

BR0005

GIRCHENKO, L., inzh.

Fundamentals of automatic control. Izobr.i rats. no.12:32-33 D '62.
(MIRA 15:12)
(Automatic control)

CIA-RDP86-20513R0005

GIRCHENKO, L.

Let's get acquainted with bionics: IUn.nat. no.3:1-3 Mr '63.
(MIPA 16:4)
(Cybernetics)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

CIA-RDP86-00513R000 CIA-RDP86-00513R0005

GIRCHENKO, L. V. and I. S. KHANDURIN

Gazogeneratornye ustanovki. Vybor gazo-generatornoi ustanovki malci moshchnosti i perebborudovanie na gaz nekotorykh sistem dvigatelei vnut-rennego sgoraniia. Moskva, Vses. kooperativnoe otmedinennoe izd-vo, 1947. 111 p. diagrs.

Gas plants. Selection of a low-power gas plant and the reequipment to gas of certain systems of internal combustion engines.

DLC: TF762.G54

SO: Manufacturing and Mechanical Engineering in the Soviet Union, Library of Congress, 1953.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

CIA-RDP86-00513R000 CIA-RDP86-Q9513R0005

GIRCHENKO, L. V., jt. au.

Conserving fuel in boiler installations and increasing the steam capacity Moskva, Koiz, 1952. 70 p. (54-17498)

TJ288.K5

GIRCHENKO, L. inzhener

The fertilizing effect of lightning. Tekh. mol. 23 no.4:23 Ap (MLRA 8:6)

(Lightning) (Fertilizers and manures)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R000 CIA-RDP86-Q BR0005

GIRCHIS, A.

AID - P-149

Subject

: USSR/Aeronautics

Card

: 1/1

Author

: Girchis, A., Deputy Director of the Moskva City

Aeroclub

Title

: Stronger Bond with Primary Organizations

Periodical : Kryl. Rod., 1, 20 - 21, Ja 54

Abstract

: This is an address urging USSR Aeroclubs and Aero-technical Clubs to increase their cooperation with the

primary institutions of the DOSAAF. Photo.

Institution: None

Submitted

: No date

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R000

GIRCIENE. P.

SCIENCE

PERIODICAL: DARBAI. SERIJA B. TRUDY. SERIIA B. No. 3, 1958

Girciene, B. Electric deposition of mananese-nickel alleys. In Russian. p. 69.

Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, No. 2, February 1959, Unclass.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R000

GIRCIENE, P.

SCIENCE

FERICOICAL: DARBAI. SERIJA B. TRUDY. SERIIA B. No. 3, 1958

Girciene, B. Electric deposition of mananese-iron alloys. In Russian. p. 95.

Monthly list of East European Accessions (EFAI) 1.C, Vol. 8, No. 2, February 1959, Unclass.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002

CIA-RDP86-00513R000

CIA-RDP86-00E18R0005

GIRCZYS, Janusz, mgr inz.

Determination of the basic properties of dusts of a lead refining plant. Rudy i metale 8 no. 11:447-450 N 163.

CIA-RDP86-02518R0005

NICOIAU, St.S.; DEAGANESCO, N.; NICOIAU, Cl.S.; FUERER, B.; GIRD, E.; IONESCO, N.I.

A new type of anti-rables vaccine; investigations into the migration of the vaccine virus in the unimal organism by means of radioactive substances. Acta virol, ingl. Ed., Praha 3 (Supplem.): 91-96-1959.

1. Institute of Inframicrobiology, Academy of the Rumanian People's Republic, Bucharest.

(RABIES, immunology)

CIA-RDP86-00518R0005

DEMA, I.; DUMITRU, M.; GIRD, E.; GAINAR, E.; RUSI, A.; SPIRIDON, St.; SABAU, G.; CONSTANTINESCU, O.; IONESCU, S.

Contributions to the utilization of organic solvents as eluting agents in cation exchange. II. On the possibilities of a selective elution of lanthanides. Studii cerc fiz 11 no.2:397-405 '60. (EMAI 10:1)

(Solvents) (Elution) (Rare-earth metals)
(Base-exchanging compounds) (Organic compounds)

R/003/61/012/012/001/001 D282/D305

BR0005

AUTHORS:

Chiotan, C., Dema, I., Frangorol, F. T., Gird, E.,

and Voicu, V.

TITLE:

Preparation of I-131 of high specific activity

FERIODICAL:

Revista de Chimie, v. 12, no. 12, 1901, 706-708

This paper was presented at the Institutul de fizică (Institute of Atomic Physics), on May 4 - 5, 1901. It describes TEXT: experiments on reparing I-131 from tellurium dioxide. In the first part of the article, the authors briefly describe some preparation methods of radioiodine, referring to a great number of restern publications and to the following Soviet scientists: D. J. Riabchikov, A. H. Ermakov, L. S. Kozyreva and V. S. Oreshko. In the second cart of the article they describe their exteriments as follows. part of the article, they describe their experiments as follows. Fowered tellurium dioxide was irradiated in the I.F.A. reactor for 3 - 4 weeks, 40 hrs every week, at a flux of 1 , 1013 n/sq cm s. The irradiated powder was then dissolved in a 100 MaOH solution by

Cara 1/3

R/003/61/012/012/001/001 D282/D305

Freparation of I-131 ...

using magnetic agitation. The solution was filtrated and acidulated with ${\rm H_2SO}_4$ to a ratio of 1:1. This mixture was then introduced into a balloon flask, and a 1.5% solution of ${\rm Fe}_2({\rm SO}_4)_3$ was added to guarantee the oxidation of the iodine. This solution was distilled in vacuum, while the product obtained was collected in a second balloon flask, already containing a titrated solution of NaOH. The distillation process lasted 2 + 4 hrs. The concentration of the I-131 solution was achieved by evaporation in the second balloon flask. Thus, specific activity of the I-131 solution was considerably increased. The I-131 solution obtained was removed and neutralized with n HCl, up to a pH = 7. The separation efficiency of I-131 from ${\rm TeO}_2$ irradiated under these conditions was approx 750. Thus, ${\rm 300-400~mC}$ of radiolodine were obtained from a charge of 40 g ${\rm TeO}_2$. The separation of the inpurities. Chamical analyses for the identification of traces of seavy metals, argents

Card 2/3

BR0005

Preparation of I-181 ...

R/003/61/012/01.70 1.001 02 070305

Fe²⁺, SO₄²⁻, etc., did not indicate their presence above the limits admitted for medical purposes. Acknowledgement is made to E. A. Ivanov, M. J. Cristu and D. Papse for their cooperation. There are 1 figure and 22 references: 2 Soviet-bloc and 20 non-Soviet-bloc. The 4 most recent references to the English-language publications read as follows: L. Burkinshaw, Fhys. in Med. Biol., 1956, 2, p. 255; of NSA, 1958, 12, 10.183, D. S. Ballantine, Natl. Nucl. Eng. Series, Div. IV, 9, Radiochem. Studies, The Fission Froducts, 1991, 3, p. 1039, McGraw Hill, London, 1901; Pallantine D. S., MDDC - 1600, C. C. Evans and J. Stevenson, Erit. Fat. 765.669; cf. CA 1997, 31, 76970; and M. Inarida, J. Chem. Soc. Japan, Fure Chem. Sect., 1900, co., p. 400.

ASSUCIATION:

Institutul de Fizica Atomica al Academiei a.1.R. (Institute of Atomic Physics Rumanian Academy of Sciences) and Laboratorul de Preparare a Radio-izotopilor (Laboratory for the Preparation of Radio-oisotopes)

Cará 5/3

■R0005

FITI, Maria; GAINAR, I.; GHERGHESCU, Ileana; GIRD, E.

Possibility of applying ion exchangers in the catalytic reaction of acetylene hydration. Studii cerc chimie 10 n c.2:243-249 162.

1. Institutul de fizica atomica, Bucuresti.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R000 APPROVED FOR RELEASE. THE STATE SERTEMBER 17, 2002 CIA-RDP8 BR0005 -100 ... GIRDA, A. B - • • . . . -00 to -•• ... Crystallization of second-strike massecuite in molarers. A. Giffin. Nauk Zapriki Tsukron Prom. 23, 67-71(1032). G. shows from his calen, that the time of crystn of second-strike massecuite can be decreased to about 20 hrs. Diln and crystn may be controlled by viscosity, which is measured by the resistance of the mass in molarers. If the molarers are driven by electric motors, the amperage will show the resistance. -•• F**O** 0 .**.** • za 🛡 .. 3 **= 0** •• .. · # O O . . **:00** . . , **0** • .00 :.0 0 . . ti 🛭 🖨 AS O S LA DETALLUPURAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R000 APPROVED FOR RELEASE TIMESTAY SERTEMPTER 17,52002 . CIA-RDPS BR0005 • B | 28 -•• 00 --. 00 4 ... Crystallization of massecultes in crystallizers. I. B. Mintr, A. D. Guda, M. N. B'm and A. F. Mozaev. Nauk. Zapsiki Finkings From 10, No. 31, 29–30, 1983). ... A description of a crystallizer with artificial cooling, the construction of which is simpler than that of a Lafemille crystallizer rain. -00 •• . . **:●●** • • o .00 • • J; : **4** • **●●** 2 :00 ... •• i •• : :

••

ASA SEA BETACCIPORAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R000 • ARPROYED FOR BELEASE AND AND PROPERTY OF 17,2002 ... CIA-ROPE BR0005 --... · Ca •• , ---... -00 Combating the high yield of final molanes. 1. It Mints, A. D. Girda, N. I. Zaduikhaibo and F. M. Gontar. Nash. Zapisib Tsukrosov Pross. 33, 77 83(1933).—A high yield of final molanes was caused intainly by the high yield of final molanes. Decreasing of the final sugars, chiefly nitrogenous. Decreasing of the final molanes yield must start with the lexeding of the keeple molanes plant operations must be controlled. Treat. All field and plant operations must be controlled. Treat. ament of greens with 3% CaO (on the wt. of greens by 10 carbonation decreases the yield of final molanses by 10 20%. -00 ... a 🗣 🗣 **40 € = ♦ •** •• 0 :00 2 0 O 200 . . :00 100 ... 7 z 0 0 80 O 7.0 1 **20** ● ±0 € 11000 LV 01000 10000 V 01000 **□0 •** z0 0 ASB-SEA BETALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION # # # # # 1 Cad 12%

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, September 17, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R000 APPROVED-FOR-RELEASE; Tuesday Suptember 17, 2002 ÇIA:RD₽8€ BR0005 -40 PRICESSES AND PROPERTIES INDER -- --•• Crystalusation of a second-strike massecuite in crystal-lizers. A. D. Girda, Nauch. Zapiri Subhirmol From. 12, No. 3 4, 200–0 (1935).— Boiling of second strike masse-cuite to a high first and dig. it with water in the crystal-lizers with artificial cooling is not recommended. The same results could be obtained by boiling the strike to 94° first and dilg. it with final molasses. The water is added only just before purging to reduce the viscosity and to give a more flowing massecuite. The temp. of cooling water should be 35-30° at the beginning of crystin, 25-20° in the middle and 15° at the end. The crystin, must be completed in 8 0 hrs. Diln. of massecuite with molasses must be continuous and the temp. of the latter 2-3° above the temp. of the massecuite. Dilg. of a massecuite in crystallizers must be started when the temp. is not higher than 65°. -4 . ·•• -00 **** -00 :#** 🛊 =0 O ****** =0 • F# • .:0 ● • **20 0** hØ 🗣 ... t:0 0 S LA BETALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION 10 DE