35408 \$/076/62/036/003/006/011 B101/B108

12.1152

AUTHORS:

Gratsianskiy, N. N., and Bogacheva, N. A. (Kiyev)

TITLE:

Study of corrosion resistance of solid metal solutions of

the system Mo - W

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal fizicheskoy khimii, v. 36, no. 3, 1962, 546 - 548

TEXT: Mo - W solid solutions were produced from pure metal powders in an electric arc furnace with tungsten electrodes, and corroded at 20°C in aqua regia (I) or in saturated solution of nitric acid and oxalic acid (II). The composition of the solution formed by corrosion was analyzed. The surface layer was removed electrolytically at high current density, and also analyzed. Results:

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S/076/62/036/003/006/011 B101/B108

Study of corrosion resistance of ...

	A	B		C		D	E	
No.		W	Mo	W	Mo		W	Mo
2 3 4 2 3 4*	I I II II	77.41 56.44 27.17 77.41 56.44	22.11 43.10 72.91 22.11 43.10 72.91	70.0 51.0 11.0 64.7 40.8 27.17	30.0 49.0 89.0 35.3 59.2 72.9	~0.3 ~0.45 ~0.4 ~0.2 0.35	90.9 85.4 45.4 89.5 66.6	9.1 14.6 54.6 10.5 33.4

* Samples dissolved within 12 hr. Legend: (A) Corroding solution, (B) content in the alloy, % by weight, (C) solution after corrosion, % by weight, (D) thickness of the removed surface layer, μ , (E) analysis of the dissolved surface layer, % by weight. In aqua regia, the limit of corrosion resistance is at ~20 atom% W, in HNO $_3$ + $_2^{0}$ O $_4^{H}$ D at ~50 atom%.

W. The main cause of a limit of corrosion resistance is the formation of a phase consisting of a metal compound and a corrosion resistant, 0.1 - 0.2 μ thick layer of almost pure W. With ~20 atom% W, a corrosion Card 2/3

s/076/62/036/003/006/011 B101/B108

Study of corrosion resistance of ...

resistant layer is also formed in Mo - W alloys. The position of the limit of corrosion resistance in the composition - corrosion resistance diagram depends on the type of the corroding solution. There are 1 figure, 1 table, and 4 references: 2 Soviet and 2 non-Soviet.

Akademiya nauk USSR, Institut obshchey i neorganicheskoy khimii (Academy of Sciences UkrSSR, Institut of General ASSOCIATION:

and Inorganic Chemistry)

SUBMITTED:

June 3, 1960

Card 3/3

GRATSTANSKIY, N. N.

Dissertation defended for the degree of <u>Doctor of Chemical Sciences</u> at the Institute of Physical Chemistry in 1962:

"Corrosion Resistance of Two-Component Solid Metal Solutions."

Vest. Akad. Nauk SSSR. No. 4, Moscow, 1963, pages 119-145

RYABOV, A.K.; GRATSIANSKIY, N.N.

1. Institut obshchey i neorganicheskoy khimii.

GRATSIANSKIY, N.N.; BOGACHEVA, N.A.

Corrosion resistance of solid solutions of metals of the system Mo - W. Zhur. fiz. khim. 36 no.3:546-548 Mr 162.

1. Institut obshchey i neorganicheskoy khimii AN UkrSSR.

8/073/63/029/004/002/003 A057/A126

AUTHORS:

Gratsianskiy, N.N., Ryabov, A.K., Tobolich, V.V.

TITLE:

Surface phenomena in the corrosion of solid metal solutions. The

system Pb - Tl

PERIODICAL: Ukrainskiy khimicheskiy zhurnal, v. 29, no. 4, 1963, 408 - 410

In continuation of earlier investigations (Zh. fiz. khim., v. 33, no. 2 and 6, 1959) the surface tension d of liquid Pb - Tl solution and the pure components were measured in dependence on the concentration of the components, and the surface activity of the components in relation to each other was determined. The alloys were prepared in a vacuum from pure Pb and Tl and the value of measured in a vacuum-gravitation apparatus with special capillaries. The structural diagram Tl - Pb shows that with an addition of Tl to Pb, o rises up to 30 at% T1. The minimum of corresponds to the composition of the transition from σ - to the γ -phase. The maximum is at the ratio Tl : Pb = 2 : 1, and a second minimum at a composition corresponding to the transition from the γ to the β -modification. Addition of Pb to Tl causes a sharp drop of the surface

Card 1/2

Surface phenomena in the corrosion of solid

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\$/073/63/029/004/002/003 A057/A126

tension of thallium. Hence, in this system lead is the surface-active component. In corrosive media, where lead is more resistant than thallium, the former will diffuse to the limit alloy - corrosion medium and promote the formation of a corrosion resistant surface layer. The surface tension of pure thallium at 390°C was determined to be 507 erg/cm². There is 1 figure.

ASSOCIATION: Institut obshchey i neorganicheskoy khimii AN USSR (Institute of General and Inorganic Chemistry of the AS UkrSSR)

SUBMITTED:

June 23, 1962

Card 2/2 ·

VDOVENKO, I.D.; GRATSIANSKIY, N.N.

Effect of organic additions on the corrosion of binary alloys of nonferrous and rare metals in aggressive media. Ukr. khim.zhur. 29 no.9:983-987 163. (MIRA 17:4)

1. Institut obshchey i neorganicheskoy khimii AN UkrSSR.

GRATSIANSKIY, N.N.; RYABOV, A.K.; TUBOLICH, V.V.

Effect of small additions of metals on the surface phenomena during hot lead plating. Report No.2. Ukr. khim. zhur. 29 no.11:1219-1222 '63. (MIRA 16:12)

1. Institut obshchey i neorganicheskoy khimii AN UkrSSR.

RYABOV, A.K.; GRATSIANSKIY, N.N.

Effect of small admixtures of metals on the physicochemical properties of zinc coatings. Ukr. khim. zhur. 30 nc.8:883-886 '64. (MIRA 17:11)

1. Institut obshchey i neorganicheskoy khimii AN UkrSSR.

L 1591-66 EWT(m)/EWP(t)/EWP(z)/EWP(b) IJP(c) JD/HW/JG/MJW(GL)
ACCESSION NR: AP5020953 UR/0073/65/031/008/0799/0804

AUTHOR: Lisogor, A. I.; Gratsianskiy, N. N.

TITLE: Electrolytic deposition of a nickel-molybdenum alloy

SOURCE: Ukrainskiy khimicheskiy zhurnal, v. 31, no. 8, 1965, 799-804

TOPIC TAGS: electrolytic deposition, electrolyte, nickel base alloy, molybdenum containing alloy, nickel compound, molybdenum compound

ABSTRACT: The work deals with the combined deposition of molybdenum and nickel from peroxymolybdate containing electrolytes. The deposition was conducted with a platinum anode and copper bar anode for 30 minutes at 30-70 C, at a cathode current density of 40 amp/dm², with electrolytes containing varying amounts of Na₂MoO₄. 2 H₂O, hydrogen peroxide and nickel sulfate, and a pH varying from 2 to 0.2 (through 2 H₂O₄ addition). Results obtained with the various concentrations are described and the influence and optima are reported for each factor of the process. Optimal conditions for obtaining dense, shiny depositions

Card 1/2

L 1591-66

ACCESSION NR: AP5020953

with 20% molybdenum content require the following electrolyte: NiSO₄. $7H_2O-400 \text{ g/lt}$, Na₂MoO₄- $2H_2O-10 \text{ g/lt}$, hydrogen peroxide (30%) - 15 ml/lt, H_2SO_4 to a pH 0.7. The electrolysis should be conducted at a current density of 40 amps/cm² at 50 C. Yield in respect to current is about 15%. With an electrolyte of the composition 600 g/lt nickel, 10g/lt molybdenum compound, 20 ml/lt peroxide, and with a pH of 2 and a d_c of 10 amps/dm² at the same temperature, an alloy with a 17% molybdenum content and a 50% yield in respect to current is obtained. The deposits are easily removed from the cathode and may be used as master alloys. Orig. art. has: 7 figures

ASSOCIATION: Institut obshchey i neorganicheskiy khimii AN UkrSSR (Institute of General and Inorganic Chemistry AN, UkrSSR)

SUBMITTED: 15Jul64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: MM

NR REF SOV: 013

OTHER: 009

Card 2/2 8

LISOGOR, A.I.; GRATSIANSKIY, N.N.

Peroxymoloybdate complex compounds in acid solutions. Ukr. khim. zhur. 31 no.9:895-898 '65. (MIRA 18:11)

1. Institut obshchey i neorganicheskoy khimii AN UkrSSR.

L 36053~66 SWT(m)/T/EWP(t)/ETT IJP(a) JD/WB ACC NR SOURCE CODE: UR/0073/65/031/012/1333/1337 AP6015903 (N)31 AUTHOR: Bogacheva, N. A.; Gretsienskiy, N. N. 3 ORG: Institute of General and Inorganic Chemistry (Institut obshchey i neorganichaskoy khimii) Corrosion resistance of thellium-lead and indium-thellium elloys in a hydrochloric medium 27 27 SOURCE: Ukreinskiy khimicheskiy zhurnel, v. 31, no. 12, 1965, 1333-1337 TOPIC TAGS: corrosion resistence, thellium containing elloy, indium containing alloy, lead containing alloy, hydrochloric acid ABSTRACT: The article gives experimental data on the corrosion resistance of indium-thallium and thallium-lead solid solutions in hydrochloric acid solution as a function of the concentration of the alloys, and also on the behavior of indium-thallium alloys in a 5% solution of sodium chloride. The experimental temperature was +20° + 2° Starting materials were pure lead, thallium and indium (approximately 99.99%). For each system, 11 alloys were prepared with the following thallium contents: 2, 10, 25, 40, 45, 50, 55, 60, 75, 90, and 98%. Samples of the indium-thallium system were stamped disks 2 mm thick with **Card** 1/2 UDC: 620.193.2

30053-66 ACC NR: AP6015903 s total surface of 3.2 cm2. In the thallium-lead system, they were cast cylinders with a working surface up to 1 cm2. The tests were made by the weight and potentiometric methods. The results are shown in a series of curves. It was found that thallium is corroded to a considerable degree in hydrochloric acid of different concentrations, with free access of air to the solution. In all the media tested the lium was corroded more strongly than lead. Working of the surface of the metals and alloys increases the corrosion resistance of thallium-lead alloys. The rate of corrosion of lead-thallium and indium-thallium alloys increases with an increase in the hydrochloric acid concentration. The change in the corrosion rate of lead-thallium and indium-thallium alloys as a function of their composition is explained by phase transformations and by the formation of compounds of the metals. Orig. art. has: 4 figures. SUB CODE://,07/ SUBM DATE: 13Nov64/ ORIG REF: 005/ OTH REF: Card 2/2 vmb

L 36874-66 EWT(m)/T/EWP(t)/ETI IJP(c) Dg/JD/HW/JG
ACC NR: AP6017650

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SOURCE CODE: UR/0073/66/032/001/0016/0019

AUTHOR: Lisogor, A. I.; Gratsianskiy, N. N.

ORG: <u>Institute of General and Inorganic Chemistry</u>, <u>Academy of Sciences UkrSSR</u> (Institut obshchey i neorganicheskoy khimii AN UkrSSR)

TITLE: Cathode polarization during codeposition of nickel and molybdenum SOURCE: Ukrainskiy khimicheskiy zhurnal, v. 32, no. 1, 1961, 16-19

TOPIC TAGS: cathode polarization, electroplating, nickel, molybdenum, nickel alloy,

ABSTRACT: The Ni-Mo alloy deposits were prepared by electrolysis of the solution of NiSO₄·7H₂O(600 g/l) + Na₂MoO₄·2H₂O(10 g/l) + 30%-H₂O₂(20 ml/l) + H₂SO₄(up to pH = 2.0) at 50°C. The effects of H₂O₂ concentration and temperature and pH on cathode polarization were graphed. Low overvoltage on the Ni-Mo alloy plated electrode and ready alloy deposition are attributed to the ability of nickel to dissolve hydrogen. The increase in Mo content in alloys at lower pH of the electrolyte is attributed to a drop in the dissociation of the HMo₂O₁₁ ions. The electrochemically deposited

Card 1/2

L 36874-66

ACC NR: AP6017650

Ni-Mo alloys were found (by x-ray technique) to be α -solid solutions with a cubic face-centered crystal lattice. After thermal treatment at 1000°C in an argon atmosphere for 2 hours, the lattice parameter of the Ni-Mo alloy was found to be 3.548 Å. Orig. art. has: 4 figures.

SUB CODE: 11,09/ SUBM DATE: 15Jul64/ ORIG REF: 009/ OTH REF: 001

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ACCESSION NR: APLO30334

8/0049/64/000/003/0322/0334

AUTHOR: Orateinskiy, V. G.

TITLE: Investigation of elastic waves in the model of a drill hole

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Isv. Ser. geofis., no. 3, 1964, 322-338

TOPIC TAGS: elastic wave, acoustical logging, drill hole logging, head wave

ABSTRACT: The author has discussed a model to show the wave distribution arising during acoustical logging of a drill hole. The model consists of a block of marble 60 x 60 x 95 cm with a hole (112 mm in diameter) drilled parallel to the long dimension and filled with water. Results confirm the kinematic conclusions concerning the propagation of elastic waves along the surface of a hole as previously discussed by the author (Kinematicheskiye osobennosti volnovoy kartiny pri ul'trazvukovom karotazhe skvashin, Izv. AN SSSR, ser. geofiz., no. 7, 1963; Kinematika volnovy*kh frontov pri karotazhe skvazhin s raspredelenny*mi preobrazovatelyami, Izv. AN SSSR, ser. geofiz., no. 8, 1963). At some distance from the initial points along the propagation path of energy on the surface of the hole, the waves are deflected from the shortest geometrical path as computed from

Card 1/2

ACCESSION NR: AP4030334

When PPP and PSP waves form, which are useful for acoustical logging, an insignificant part of the energy (of all the elastic energy emitted by the radiator) is dissipated. The form of the pulses of these waves does not depend on the distance the radiator is from the hole. As the pulse broadens with distance, the velocity, in phase, is less than the velocity of the wave front, and the difference distant the phase is that is used for measuring. Waves reaching the detectors directly through the liquid in the hole are highly multiphase and poorly resolved walls of the hole. In making acoustical logs, observations should be made with the sation. Orig. art. has: 12 figures, 1 table, and 4 formulas.

ASSOCIATION: Akademiya nauk SSSR., Institut fisiki Zemli (Academy of Sciences SSSR, Institute of Physics of the Earth)

SUBMITTED: 18Apr 63

DATE ACQ: 29Aprol

DICL: 00

SUB CODE: ES

Cord 2/2

NO REF SOV: 002

OTHER: OOO

ACCESSION NR: AP4041178

S/0049/64/000/006/0819/0838

AUTHOR: Gratsinskiy, V. G.

TITLE: Amplitudes of glancing waves on the surface of a borehole

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Izv. Seriya geofizicheskaya, no. 6, 1964, 819-838 .

TOPIC TAGS: seismology, seismic prospecting, borehole, seismic wave, seismic modeling, seismic wave pattern, absorption coefficient

ABSTRACT: The author describes the time field of refracted and diffracted waves in a medium surrounding a borehole for any form or dimension of the acoustic source, and derives formulas for the amplitudes of the glancing waves in vertical and spiraling rays; these formulas are confirmed by the results of modeling. Modeling data are also used in determining the amplitude curves of a glancing wave on the generatrices of a cylinder and the field of amplitudes of a glancing wave on the surface of a borehole. The apparatus used in modeling, the processing method and the model itself were previously described by the author (Izv. AN SSSR, Ser. geofiz., No. 3, 1964). It was found in modeling that when the point source has an axial position in the borehole the exponent for the function of divergence between the glancing and head waves is 3/2. In acoustic logging of boreholes it is necessary

Cord 1/2

ACCESSION NR: AP4041178

to stabilize the position of the probe in the borehole rigorously. Due to an increase in the divergence of the glancing wave, the approach of the probe to the borehole wall will produce no increase in the amplitude of the received signal. The decrease in amplitude of glancing waves during measurement along the generatrices of a cylinder ($\forall \neq 0$, $r_0/R \neq 0$) differs considerably from the decrease in amplitude on the profile $\forall = 0$. If the charge in the borehole has an arbitrary position this phenomenon can result in obtaining erroneous data on the absorption coefficient in the surrounding rocks. Orig. art. has: 57 formulas,

ASSOCIATION: Institut fiziki Zemli, Akademiya nauk SSSR (Institute of Geophysics, SSSR Academy of Sciences)

SUBMITTED: 26Jun63

SUB CODE: ES

NO REF SOV: 006

ENCL: 00

OTHER: 001

ACC NR. AP7001911

SOURCE CODE: UR/0387/66/000/012/0045/0053

AUTHORS: Gratsinskiy, V. G.; Dakhnov, G. V.

O::G: Institute of Earth Physics, Academy of Sciences SSSR (Institut fiziki Zemli, Akademii nauk SSSR) VNIIGeofizika

TITLE: A method of interpreting acoustical logs of the LAK-1 equipment

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Izvestiya. Fizika Zemli, no. 12, 1966, 45-53

TOPIC TAGS: acoustic recording, phase velocity, correlation function, acoustic logging velocity profiling, elastic wave propagation

ABSTRACT: A method of interpreting logs obtained from the LAK-1 equipment, designed by the Laboratory of Acoustic Logging and manufactured in the Soviet Union in 1962, is presented. Prior to this, interpretation of acoustic logs has been meager-generally only one parameter, the longitudinal-wave velocity, has been determined by means of first arrivals. The acoustic log represents the record of a complex of waves of many kinds, affected by equipment and drilling mud in the hole as well as by rocks. Interpretation has therefore been a complex problem, but the authors seek to show how individual waves may be discriminated and how correlations may be made. The design of the LAK-1 equipment was previously described by G. V. Dakhnov, A. L. Perel'man, G. Ya. Rabinovich, and T. V. Shcherbakova (Laboratoriya akusticheskogo karotazha tipa LAK-1, Prikl. geof., No. 43, 1965) and by G. Ya. Rabinovich and T. K. Zorin (Raschleneniye razrezov skvazhin po diagrammam LAK-1, Sb. Voprosy razvedochnoy

Card 1/2

TDC: 550.834

ACC NR: AP7001911

geofiziki, No. IV, 1964). By investigation of acoustic logs the authors have found it possible to discriminate any wave where the phase amplitude is 1.75 times the background (or more). Thin, thick, and intermediate beds were examined, and velocity formulas were obtained for all. The computations do not require absolute times for wave transmission, merely changes in time relative to a given point. The authors consider the most suitable technique for discriminating waves to be the use of the correlation criterion, specific for the equipment used and based on the form of the phase-correlation lines. On the log, each elastic wave is distinguished by a series of almost parallel lines of phase correlation. The application of this technique is shown graphically for different kinds of waves. For the first time, Rayleigh waves at a surface that is not free (PRP) have been distinguished in this way on acoustic logs in actual practice. Orig. art. has: 6 figures and 16 formulas.

SUB CODE: 08/ SUBM DATE: 15Dec65/ ORIG REF: 007/ OTH REF: 005/ ATD PRESS: 5112

Card 2/2

GRATSIANSKIY, Vladimir Mikelayerach; MIKHAYLOVSKIY, Yuriy Vseveledevich;
ROGOV, A.Ya, retsenzent; ATRAN, S.L., retsenzent; ROMANENKO, P.W.,
redakter; PITEMAN, Ye.L., redakter izdatel'stva; SHITS, V.P.,
tekhnicheskiy redakter.

[Pewer plants] Silevye ustanevki. Meskva, Geslesbumizdat. 1956.
303 p. (MIRA 10:4)

GRATSIANSKIY, Vladimir Nikolayevich; MIKHAYLOVSKIY, Yuriy Vsevolodovich;
Prinimal uchastiye ROMANENKO, P.N.; MIKHAYLOVA, L.G., red. izdva: GRECHISHCHEVA, V.I., tekhn. red.

[Fundamentals of heat engineering and power plants] Osnovy teplotekhniki i silovye ustanovki. Izd., perer. i dop. Moskva, Goslesbumizdat, 1962. 434 p. (MIRA 16:7)

(Heat engineering) (Power plants)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, July 27, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R00051661

GRATSTANSKTY, V. P. C/1963
TUBERTULOSIS

DECEASED

GRATSHEV, V.Y.

Haying the brickwork of blast furnace bottoms and crucibles. Biul. TSSICHI no.5:38-40 61. (HIRA 14:10)

1. Trest"Yuzhdomnaremont"
(Elast furnaces—Design and construction)

GRATSINSKI, P.

Case of diphasic rupture of the spleen. Thirurgiia, Sofia 12 no.7:

1. Iz Katedrata po bolnichna khirurgiia - VMI - Sofia. (SPLEEN wds & inj.)

GRATSINSKIY, V.A.

Lightweight grinding machines are needed. Put' i put, khos. no.6:19 Je '59. (MIRA 12:10

1, Zamestitel' nachal'nika distantsii, stantsiya Moskva-Paveletskaya.
(Grinding machines)

GRATSINSKIY, V.G.

Distortions of seismic pulse spectra by resonance analyzers and method for their elimination. Izv. AN SSSR. Ser. geofiz. no.10: 1488-1501 0 61. (MIRA 14:9)

1. AN SSSR, Institut fiziki Zemli. (Seismometry)

GRATSINSKIY, V.G.

Spectrum of a segment of a sinusoid. Izv. AN SSSR. Ser. geofiz. no.11:1552-1556 N '62. (MIRA 15:11)

1. Institut fiziki Zemli AN SSSR.
(Elastic waves-Spectra)

GRATSINSKIY, V.G.

Kinematic features of the wave picture in ultrasonic logging. Izv. AN SSSR. Ser. geofiz. no.7:1021-1039 J1 '63. (MIRA 16:8)

1. Institut fiziki Zemli AN SSSR. Predstavleno chlenom redaktsionnoy kollegii Izvestiy AN SSSR, Seriya geofizicheskaya, Yu.V. Riznichenko.

(Logging (Geology))

GRATSINSKIY, V.G.

Kinematics of wave fronts in logging with distributing transformers. Izv. AN SSSR. Ser. geofiz. no.8:1178-1197 Ag '63. (MIRA 16:9)

l. Institut fiziki Zemli AN SSSR. Predstavleno chlenom redaktsionnoy kollegii Izvestiy AN SSSR, Seriya geofizicheskaya, Yu.V.Riznichenko. (Logging (Geology))

S/137/61/000/008/028/037 A060/A101

AUTHORS:

Gratsyanov, Yu. A., Gerasimenko, A. A.

TITLE:

New magnetically-soft iron-nickel-silicon deformable alloys

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, no. 8, 1961, 12, abstract 8196 ("Sb. tr. Tsentr. n.-1. in-t chernoy metallurgii", 1960, no. 23, 34-46)

TEXT: As result of a study of the effect of various additives upon the engineering and magnetic characteristics of Fe-Ni-Si alloys containing 8 - 11% Si and 5 - 20% Ni, the possibility is established of obtaining deformable alloys with high-grade magnetic properties, containing 8 - 9% Si and 10 - 14% Ni with admixtures of up to 1.0% Cr up to 0.1% Ce, and up to 0.01% Li. The peculiarities of the manufacture of strips from the abovementioned alloys are established - a slowed down cooling schedule for the castings and their heating up before forging or hot-rolling, heating up of the hot-rolled sheets before rolling down to strip with 0.35 mm thickness, and some peculiarities of the rolling schedules are indicated. There are 12 references.

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

T. Rumyantseva

Card 1/1

GRATSYANSKAYA, Lyubov' Nikolayevna

[Occupational polyneuritis] Professional'nye polinevrity.
Leningrad, Medgiz, 1960. 112 p. (MIRA 13:9)

(NEURITIS, MULTIPLE)

H/016/63/000/003/003/003 D249/D307

AUTHOR:

Gratton, Livio

TITLE:

Stellar evolution

PERIODICAL:

Fizikai Szemle, no. 3, 1963, 79-84

the problems of stellar evolution, given at the summer course organized by the Italian Physicial Society in Ravenna, in 1962. A brief
historical introduction to the subject is given. This introduction
opment. The correct time scale of the formation of stars has been
found. The age of the oldest spherical aggregates is 1010 years,
but stars are also formed now in our and other galaxies. It has
interstellar gases or dust which condensed into smaller clouds and
finally contracted into dense bodies owing to gravitational instabipropose that stars and interstellar material were formed simultanCard 1/2

sagan latining the research control of relativity began topy three program of pentities to the

Stellar evolution H/016/63/000/003/003/003 D249/D307 eously from some protostellar material, the properties of which are unknown. Theories of the formation of elements are reviewed. Finally, the role of fundamental physics research in the future development of astrophysics is reviewed, in an attempt to forecast future progress. Translated into Hungarian by Iván Abonyi. There are 16 references: 2 Soviet-bloc and 14 non-Soviet-bloc.

GRAT: ER, G. (Budapest)

On the class of subdirect powers of a finite algebra. Acta math Szeged 25 no.1/2:160-168 164.

L. Submitted June 26, 1963.

GRATZER, G.; SCHMIDT, E.T.

Characterizations of congruence lattices of abstract algebras. Acta math Szeged 24 no.1/2:34-59 '53.

1. Mathematical Institute of the Hungarian Academy of Sciences, Budapest. Submitted March 17, 1962.

GRATZER, Gy.; SCHMIDT, E.

Ideals and congruency relations of nets. p. 93. (Magyar Tudomanyos Akademia, Vol. 7, No. 1, 1957, Budapest, Hungary)

SO: Monthly List of East Furopean Accessions (EEAL) LC, Vol. 6, No. 8, Aug 1957. Uncl.

CRATZER, CY.

Ideals of lattices and its congruence relations. II.

P. 417 (Magyar Tudomayos Akademia, Matematikai es Fizikai Osztaly. Koslemenyet. Vol. 7, no. 3/4 1957. Budapest, Hungary)

Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EFAI) LC. Vol. 7, no. 2 February, 1958

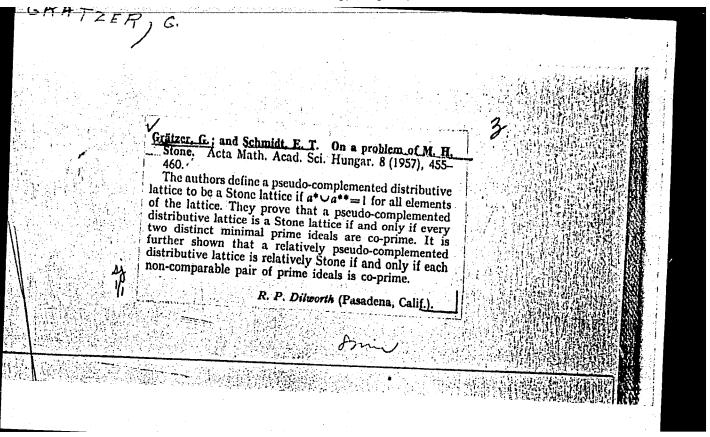
GRATIAR, G., Schuidt, E.

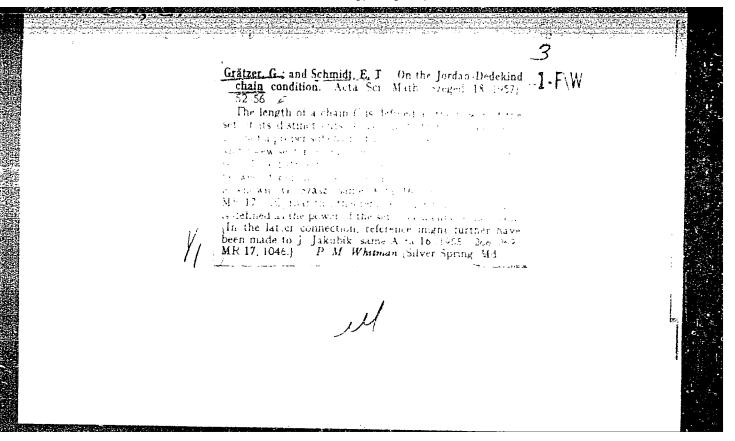
Arrangement of rings. In German. p. 259. (ACTA PATHEMATICA. Vol. 8, no 1/2, 1957, Hurgary)

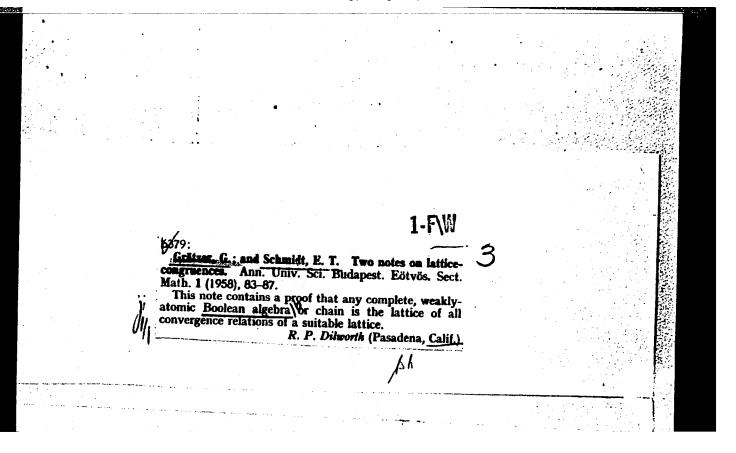
SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL) LC. Vol. 6, no. 12, Dec. 1957 Uncl.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, July 27, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R00051661







6990:
Grätzer, G.; and Schmidt, R. T. Ideals and congruence relations in lattices. Acta Math. Acad. Sci. Hungar. 9 (1958), 137–175.

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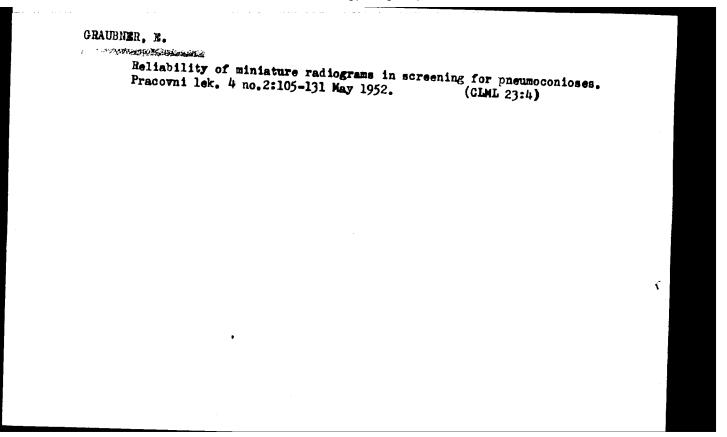
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