"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, July 27, 2000 CIA

CIA-RDP86-00513R00051702

GROMOVA, T.N.; SOLOV'THY, A.D.

Laboratory equipment for experiments with artificial fog. Trudy
TSAO no.19:101-105 '58. (MIRA 12:2)

(Weather research) (Fog)

43060 S/531/62/000/126/001/004 1053/1253

3.5410 AUTHORS:

Bakulina, Ye.V., Gromova, T.N. and Krasikov, P.N.

TITLE:

The method of application of water solutions of lead

iodide to supercooled clouds and mists

SOURCE:

Leningrad. Glavnaya geofizicheskaya observatoriya. Trudy. no. 126, 1962. Voprosy fiziki oblakov i aktivnykh

vozdeystviy, 10-15

TEXT: One g of PbI2 introduced into a supercooled mist at -10°C TEXT: One g of PhI₂ introduced into a supercooled mist at -10°C yields up to 1011 ice crystals. The PbI₂ solution is prepared in tanks according to the reaction Pb(NO₃)₂ + 2NH₄I = PbI₂ + 2NH₄NO₃ using either definite quantities of solid Ph(NO₃)₂ and NH₄I, or their concentrated solutions (respectively, Pb(NO₃)₂ - 300 g to 1 water, or the concentration 23%, at 18° density, 1.0., 1.23 g/cm³, and NH₄I - 283 g to 1 1, or 22% concentration, at 19° density, i.d. 1.157 g/cm³). The obtained PbI₂ solution remains transparent and does not precipitate in tanks nor does it dirty or block nines and does not precipitate in tanks nor does it dirty or block pipes and nozzles when glowing. There are 2 tables.

Card 1/1

43061 5/531/62/000/126/002/004

3,5910

Gromova, T.N., Krasikov, P.N., Lenshin, V.T., Nikandrova, G.T., Khimach, M.A., Shishkin, N.S. **AUTHORS:**

Experiments on the application of PbI_2 in water solution TITLE:

to supercooled clouds

SOUPCE: Leningrad. Glavnaya geofizicheskaya observatoriya. Trudy.

no. 126, 1962. Voprosy fiziki oblakov i aktivnykh

vozdystviy, 10-21

TEXT: Clouds or mists are treated with a combustible water solution of PhI2 sprayed out of an air-plane at a pressure of 3-4 atmosphere through sprayers comprising 32 nozzles 1.2 mm in diameter. The effect has been observed from an altitude of 0.5-1.0 km over the upper cloud limit. In cumulus clouds with a vertical capacity of 2 km and over, precipitations have been obtained below -70c. Compact strato-cumulus clouds with a capacity of 200-460 m were dissipated below -15°C. At ~ -20°C, both the PbI2 solution and the water itself produce cloud dissipation. There is 1 table.

Card 1/1

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, July 27, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R00051702

GROMOVA, T. N.; GLIKI, N. V.

Some characteristics of the conditions governing the crystal-lization of the supercooled drops of water solutions. Trudy TSAO no. 51: 20-28 '63. (MIRA 17:5)

GROMOVA, T.N.; KRASIKOV, P.N.; LENSHIN, V.T.; SHISHKIN, N.S.

Experiments on the effect of a colloidal solution of silver iodide on supercooled clouds. Trudy GGO no.156:23-30 *64. (MIRA 17:10)

Studies of the los-forming projection of volutions of silver loaded and lead todder from \$700 mo.270 125-34 165.

(MIRA 18:8)

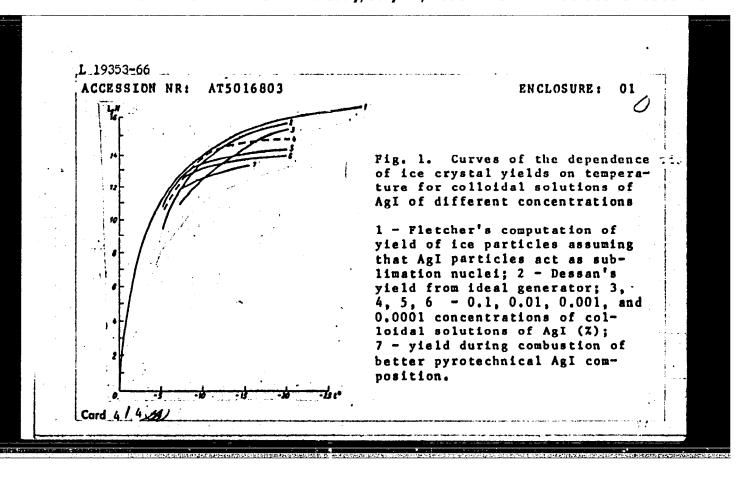
L 19353-66 EWT(1)/EWT(m)/FCC IJP(c) JD/GW ACCESSION NR: AT5016803 UR/2531/65/000/176/0025/0034 AUTHOR: Gromova, T. N.; Krasikov, P. N. TITLE: Investigations of the ice-forming properties of silver iodide SOURCE: Leningrad. Glavnaya geofizicheskaya observatoriya. Trudy, no. 176, 1965. Voprosy fiziki oblakov i aktivnych vozdeystviy (Problems in cloud physics and active modification), 25-34 TOPIC TAGS: cloud dispersal, fog dispersal, cloud chamber, cloud crystallization, aerosol chamber, aerosol, cold chamber, supercooled ABSTRACT: The methods and results of studies carried out at the Main Geophysical Observatory to test the use of aqueous solutions of AgI and PbI2 to crystallize clouds, and fogs are reported. The AgI was used in the form of aqueous colloidal solutions of various concentrations (0.1, 0.01, 0.001, and 0.0001Z), and the PbI_2 as true solution droplets. The experiments were performed in a 300-liter cold chamber Card 1/4

L 19353-66 ACCESSION NR: AT5016803

in which the temperature could be lowered to -30C. Fog was produced by introducing hot steam from a boiler or by atomizing distilled water. The upper temperature thresholds at which ice crystals were formed were determined by visual observation of light beams passing through the chamber. The discovery of a new dependence of ice crystal yield on solution concentration (smaller concentrations produced larger yields per gram of AgI) is illustrated in Fig. 1 of the Enclosure. Results of these studies demonstrated the superiority of colloidal solutions over previous methods of crystallizing supercooled fogs (the yield of ice crystals per gram of AgI was 3.10.10 - 3.1014 at fog temperatures of -7 and -15C); solution concentrations of 0.01-0.001% produced optimum yields. Aqueous solutions of PbI2 caused supercooled fogs to crystallize at temperatures of -5, -7C, and lower, and the number of crystals formed depended on solution concentration, the optimum of which was 0.06%. The yield per gram of PbI₂ at a temperature of -10C was 10^{12} and at -15C, 10^{13} , a value somewhat smaller than that derived by using colloidal solutions of AgI. Orig. art. has: 5 figures and 2 tables.

Card 2/4

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	Card	3/4											į	



5(0) AUTHORS:

Teys, R. V., Gromova, T. S.

507/20-122-6-28/49

Kochetkova, S. N.

TITLE:

Isotopic Composition of Natural Phosphates (Izotopnyy sostav

prirodnykh fosfatov)

PERIODICAL:

Doklady Akademii nauk SSSR, 1958, Vol 122, Nr 6, pp 1057 -

1060 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The method of isotopic paleothermometry (Refs 1 - 3) is the most important application of isotopic analysis to the solution of geochemical problems. This method is based on the dependence of the distribution of the heavy oxygen isotope between the oxygen of water and the mineral on temperature, that means it is based on the isotopic exchange between these two components. The oceans are an immense reservoir of oxygen that hardly changes its isotopic composition in the course of geological time. Therefore, its isotopic composition can be regarded as constant and equal to a certain average value. However, this condition of a constant water background (vodnyy fon) is not always and not everywhere complied with. Therefore, the possibilities of isotopic paleothermometry are limited by insufficient

Card 1/4

Isotopic Composition of Natural Phosphates

507/20-122-6-28/49

information on the character and the causes for the fluctuations in the isotopic composition of sea water. At present only the carbonate paleothermometry is elaborated. as carbonates in the solution exchange their oxygen quickly enough with that of water. If it were possible to find any reaction mechanism that would prompt the oxygen exchange of another mineral with the oxygen of water, two equations with two unknown quantities could be obtained; the precipitation temperature and the isotopic composition of the aqueous phase would be the unknown quantities here. The solution of these equations with respect to both unknown quantities would make it unnecessary to know the isotopic composition of the oxygen of water, which has been necessary up to now. The authors succeeded in ascertaining that the oxygen of the sulfate is exchanged very slowly with the oxygen of water (Ref 4). Thus sulfates cannot serve as mineral thermometers. A phosphate temperature scale was then suggested (Refs 2, 3, 5). The phosphates exchange their oxygen with water even more slowly than sulfates. The heterogeneous exchange with carbonic acid was investigated with two samples of apatite (from the Lake Baikal and from the Khibiny). The velocity

Card 2/4

Isotopic Composition of Natural Phosphates

SOV/20-122-6-28/49

constants and the half-periods of the exchange at 700, 900 and 1100° are given in table 2. Figure 1 shows the isothermal lines of these measurements, whereas figure 2 gives the isoteres. By extrapolation of these data into the range of normal temperatures (20°), 1.3.10′ hours is obtained for the half-period of the exchange. The isotopic composition of natural phosphates has never been investigated. The authors used apatites and phosphorites for this purpose. The oxygen of these substances has proved to be lighter than that of river water. From table 3 it can be seen that apatite contains less 0^{18} than river water. Contrary to expectations, the content of 0^{18} in the phosphorites of podolite was lower than that of river water. It can be seen from the data of the authors that there is a difference between the relations between the isotopic composition of the oxygen of water, the sulfates and the phosphates. Natural sulfates mostly have a composition approaching the equilibrium with the oxygen of sea water (Ref 4), whereas the oxygen of natural phosphates is considerably different. There are 2 figures, 3 tables, and 9 references, 5 of which are Soviet.

Card 3/4

Isotopic Composition of Natural Phosphates

SOV/20-122-6-28/49

ASSOCIATION:

Institut geokhimii i analiticheskoy khimii im. V. I.

Vernadskogo Akademii nauk SSSR (Institute of Geochemistry and Analytical Chemistry imeni V. I. Vernadskiy of the Academy

of Sciences, USSR)

PRESENTED:

June 3, 1958, by A. P. Vinogradov, Academician

SUBMITTED:

May 28, 1958

Card 4/4

KOMAROV, Sergey Vasil'yevich; GROMOVA, V.A., red.; NAZAROVA, A.S., tekhn.

[How a motion picture is produced] Kak sozdaetsia kinofil'm. Moskva, Izd-vo "Znanie" Vses. ob-va po rasprostraneniiu polit. i nauchn. znanii, 1961. 39 p. (Narodnyi universitet kul'tury. Fakul'tet literatury i iskusstva, no.6) (MIRA 14:7)

(Motion pictures—Production and direction)

IJP(c) JD ENT(m)/ENP(t)/ETI 28914-66 UN/0136/66/000/002/0005/0007 AP6019106 SCURCE CODE: ACC NRI 16 Gromova, V.A. Author: B Orig: none TITLE: Distribution of gold and silver by concentration in the flotation of polymetallic ore ī SCURCE: Tsvetnyye metally, no. 2, 1966, 5-7 gold, silver, flotation, metal extraction The Belousovka Concentring Plant, processing ore of the Belousovka TOPIC TAGS: ABSTRACT: deposits, produces four concentrates: copper, lead, sine, and pyrite. In the flotation process, gold and silver are separated from these concentrates. Although the content of gold and silver in the concentrates varies in wide limits over a year's time, the author has been able to determine a certain pattern in the behavior of noble metals, drops off during the warmest months of in the copper concentrate, gold content drops off during the warmest months of the year -- from June to September-October. The decrease amounts to one half one third of the maximum content in autumn or winter.
In the lead concentrate the gold content has high periods which coincide with the drop in gold content of the copper concentrate, i.e., the gold content increases during the warm months in the lead concentrate. In the zinc concentrate the high gold content is observable in the period from May to August-Soptomber. It is almost double that of April. The behavior of silver is analogous to that of gold. In connection with the increased flotation activity of gold in the summer in the zinc cycle, it appears expedient to organize heating of the pulp in the cold periods. Heating not only would offer an increase in the extraction of zino but also would increase the extraction of gold in the sinc concentrate. Orig. art. has work figures and 1 table of DATE: none UDC: 622.765

MARTYNENKO, Yuriy Yakovlevich; GROMOVA, V.A., red.; NAZAROVA, A.S., tekhn. red.

[Skill of Soviet motion-picture cameramen] Masterstvo sovet-ekikh kinooperatorov. Moskva, Izd-vo "Znanie," 1963. 55 p. (Narodnyi universitet kul'tury: Fakul'tet literatury i iskus-stva, nq.6)

(MIRA 16:8)

(MOTION-picture photography)

AL'BAM, M.A.; PISARENKO, A.P.; LAZARYANTS. E.G.; Prinimali uchastiye:
ALADINSKAYA, I.P.; VOLKOVA, S.A.; DYUNINA, V.G.; GROMOVA, V.A.;
KOSMODEM'YANSKIY, L.V.; KOPYLOV, Ye.P.; ROKHMISTROVA, A.P.;
SHUSHKINA, Ye.N.

High-styrene rubber mixtures for the manufacture of microporous non-shrinking rubbers. Kauch. i rez. 22 no.7:1-3 J1 '63. (MIRA 16:8)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut plenochnykh materialov i iskusstvennoy kozhi i Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut monomerov dlya sinteticheskogo kauchuka.

(Rubber, Synthetic)

EWT(m)/EPF(c)/EWP(j)/T L 7879-66 RPL RM ACC NR: AP5025030 SOURCE CODE: UR/0286/65/000/016/0083/0083 AUTHORS: Belyayev, V. A.; V.; "Kavrayskaya, N. L.; Gronova. Zemit, S. Kopylov, Ye. P. 30% Kosmodem yanskiy, L. V. 344 Kostin, D. L. 544 Kut'in, A. M.; 44 Lazaryants, R. C. H. Romanova, R. C.; Tsaylingol'd, V. L.; Shikhalova, K. P.; Shushkina, Ye. N. ORG: none TITLE: Method for obtaining synthetic rubber. SOURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovarnykh znakov, no. 16, 1965, 83 TOPIC TAGS: rubber, synthetic rubber, butadiene, styrene, polymer, copolymer, ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate presents a method for obtaining synthetic rubber by polymerisation or copolymerisation of dienes with vinyl monomers, for example, butadiend with comethylatyrene in aqueous emulsion at low temperatures in the presence of known free-radical-initiators and regulators employing emulsifiers. To improve the polymer properties, esters of monoalkylbensoic acid are used as JUB CODE: 11,07/ SUBM DATE: Card 1/1 nw UDC: 678.762 678.762-134

(MIRA 18:6)

POLYAKOV, M.M.; CHEKANOV, N.S.; AGEYEVA, T.F.; GROMOVA, V.A. Sesson-l-fluctuation of technological indices for dressing complex metal ores. TSvet.met. 38 no.3:13-16 Mr '65.

CROMOVA, V.A.; AGIYEVA, 1.F.

The Belousovka one dressing plant. TSvet.met. 38 no.7:34-95 Jl 165.

(MIRA 16:8)

KHAYSHBASHEV, O.K.; GROMOVA, V.E.

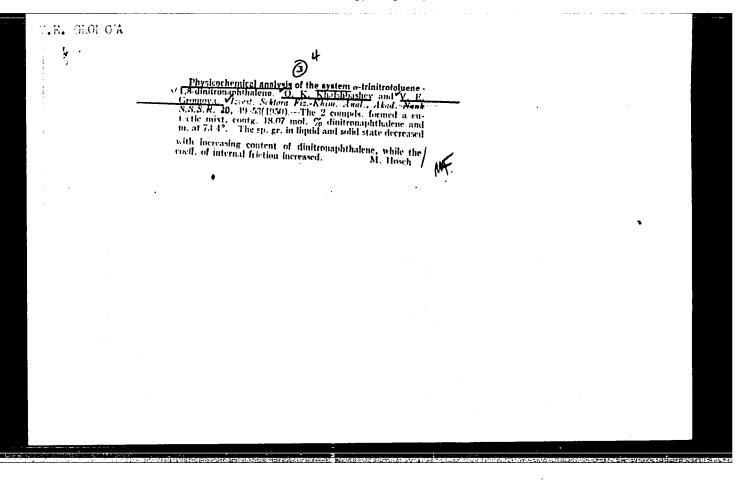
Physicochemical analysis of the system <-trimitrotoluene --m--dintrobensene. Isv. Sekt. fiz.-khim.anal. 17:144-148 '49. (MERA 7:6)

1. Institut obshchey i neorganicheskoy khimii [im. N.S.Kurnakova]
Akademii nauk SSSR.

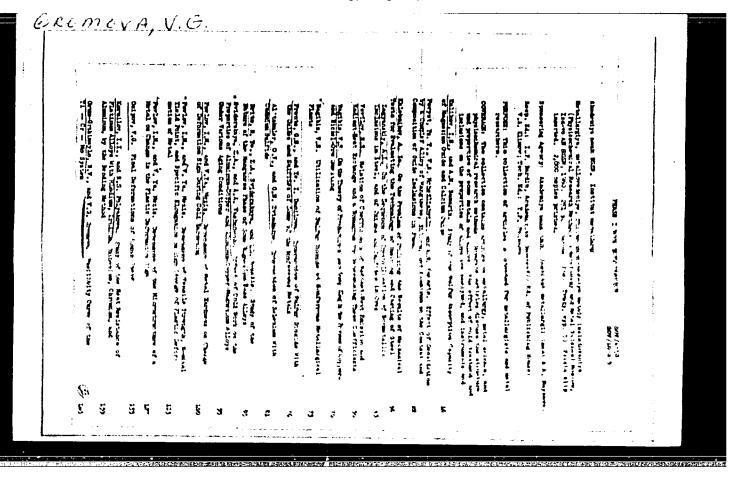
(Thermal analysis) (Systems (Chemistry)) (Toluene) (Benzene)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, July 27, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R00051702



4 10.4440-4460 U	titanium-molybdenum alloys *57. ect) (Titanium-melybdenum a	/MtDA 11.51



11.717 s/137/62/000/002/081/1-A060/A101

18.1225

AUTHOR:

Grum-Grzhimaylo, N. V. Gromova, V. G.

TITLE

Hardness and specific electric resistivity of alloys belonging to

the titanium-chromium-molybdenum system

PERIODICAL. Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, no. 2, 1962, 62, abstract 21397

("Izv. AN SSSR. Otd. tekhn. n.", 1961, no. 4, 71-75)

Three sections of the Ti-Cr-Mo system were investigated: Cr : Mo = 1 4. Cr : Mo = 1 : 1. Cr : Mo = 4 : 1. The homogenized alloys were hardened in water with ice from 1,200, 900, and 600°C, whereupon their hardness at room temperature was determined. The hardness of the alloys of the first and the second section is independent of the hardening temperature and is determined only by the quantity of the Cr and the Mo. In alloys of the third section, the hardness curves pass through a maximum (649 kg/mm²) for all the hardening temperatures at 25% Ti, 60% Cr and 15% Mo, which is caused by the formation of new coarse crystallites of the intermetallic compound TiCr2. To determine the ρ at room temperature the specimens were hardened from 900 and 600°C. Alloys of the

Card 1/2

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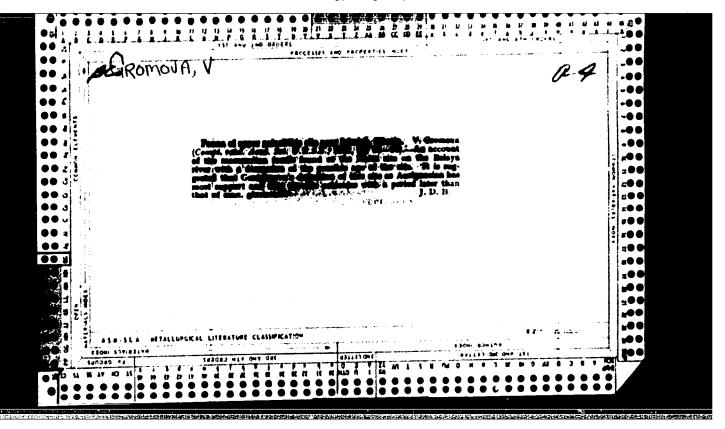
CIA-RDP86-00513R00051702

first and the second sections ($\alpha + \beta$ structures) have greater β than alloys of the third section (structure $\alpha + \text{TiCr}_2$ and $\alpha + \beta + \text{TiCr}_2$).

V. Bugrov

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

Card 2/2



GROMOVA, Vera

"On the Different Types of Variation of Characters in the Evolution of Animals," Dok AN, No. 5, 1946.

GROMOVA, Vers

"A New Fossil Horse from Central Asia," Dok AN, 54, No. 4, 1946.

GROMOVA, VERA

for., Paleontology Institute, Acad. Sci (-1947-)

"Former Prevalence of Ovis Nivicola Eschsch,"

Dok. AN, 57, No. 5, 1947

"First Appearance of a Domestic Ass in Central Asis,"

Dok. AN, 56, No. 2, 1947

"The Elk on the Kola Peninsula in the Preglacial Period,"

Dok. AN, 56, No. 4, 1947

GROMOVA, Vero
"History of Mammals in Caucasia" Iz Ak. Nauk SSSR, Ser Biol., 5, 1948.

GROMOVA Vare: OBRUCHEV, D.V., otvetstvennyy redaktor; AVDUSINA, Ye.I., redaktor izdatel'stva; SHISHKOVA, L.I., tekhnicheskiy redaktor.

[History of horses (genus Equus) in the Old World.] Istoriia loshadei (roda Equus) v Starom Svete. Pt.2: [Evolution and classification of the genus.] Evoliutsiia i klassifikatsiia roda. Moskva, Izd-vo Akad. nuk SSSR, 1949. 161 p. (Akademiia nauk SSSR. Paleontologicheskii institut. Trudy, vol.17, no.2) (MLRA 10:7) (Horses)

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Green, v.

21541 Green, v.

K voprosu o neposredstvennom predbe loshadey (Roda Equas).
Trudy Paleontol. in - ta (Akad. nauk SEER), t. KX, 1949, s. 67 - 88.
Bibliogr: s. 84 - 85.

S0: Teforia! Zhurnal'nykh Statey, No. 79, Maskva, 1949.
```

L 44199-66 EMF(m)/EMP(j)/F LJP(c) WW/EM ACC NR: AP6015673 (A) SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/009/0076/0076

INVENTOR: Lazaryants, E. G.; Aleshin, A. M.; Gromova, V. A.; Zemit, S. V.; Kopylov, Ye. P.; Kosmodem'yanskiy, L. V.; Romanova, R. G.; Troitskiy, A. P.; Tsaylingol'd, V. L.; Shikhalova, K.P.; Shushkina, Ye.N.; Kostin, D. L. ORG: none

TITLE: Preparation of divinyl-alpha-methylstyrene rubber. Class 39, No. 181294

SOURCE: Izobreteniya, promyshlennyye obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 9, 1966, 76

TOPIC TAGS: rubber, methylstyrene rubber, alpha methylstyrene, divinyl

ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate introduces a method of preparing divinyl-alpha-methylstyrene rubber by emulsion copolymerization of divinyl with alpha-methylstyrene at 20C and above in thr presence of persulfate initiators and emulsifiers. To increase the polymerization rate and improve the conditions for the granular coagulation of latex, commercial grades of sodium salts of the synthetic fatty acids $\mathbf{C_{10}}$ - $\mathbf{C_{16}}$

Card 1/2

UDC: 678.762.2-134.62

L 44199-66	-
ACC NR: AP6015673	0
are suggested as emulsifiers in the following composition (%):	c ₁₀ ,5—7;
c_{11} , 12-14; c_{12} , 16-17; c_{13} , 15-17; c_{14} , 12-13; c_{15} , 9-10;	
C ₁₆ , 7-8; below C ₁₀ and above C ₁₆ , 15-20. [Translation]	[LD]
SUB CODE: 11/ SUBM DATE: 12Mar62/	
	•
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Cord 2/2 JS	

- 1. GROMOVA, Vera
- 2. USSR (600)
- 4. Carnivora, Fossil Asia, Central
- 7. Primitive predators from the paleogenesis of Mongolia and Kazakhstan, Vera Gromova, Trudy Paleont, inst. 41 no. 1 152.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, APRIL 1953, Uncl.

1. GROMOVA, VERA

2. USSR (600)

4. Horses, Fossil - Mongolia

7. New discoveries of Anchitheria in Mongolia, Trudy Paleont.inst. 41 no. 1, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, APRIL 1953, Uncl.

18.1152

1454,1496,1418

28872 S/180/61/000/004/010/020 F103/F383

AUTHORS:

Grum-Grzhimaylo, N.V. and Gromova, V.G.

TITLE:

Hardness and electrical resistivity of alloys of the

titanium-chromium-molybdenum system

PERIODICAL:

Akademiya nauk SSSR. Izvestiya. Otdeleniye

tekhnicheskikh nauk. Metallurgiya i toplivo.

no. 4, 1961, pp. 71 - 75

TEXT: The present investigation was carried out in continuation of the authors' previous work (Ref. 1 - Trudy In-ta metallurgii, No. 5, pub. AS USSR, 1960) whose results indicated that, although all alloys of the Ti-Cr-Mo system solidify as solid solutions with a body-centered cubic lattice, decomposition of these solid solutions takes place at lower temperatures; alloys, adjacent to the 2-phase region of the Ti-Cr system, decompose with the formation of an intermetallic compound TiCr₂, the decomposition of the alloys, situated in the

Ti corner of the ternary diagram being associated with the polymorphic transformation of titanium. The object of the present work was to determine hardness and electrical resistivity Card 1/5

28872 S/180/61/000/004/010.'020 E195/E383

Hardness and electrical

of alloys of three vertical sections of the Th-Cr-Mo system, passing through the titanium corner and characterised by Cr:Mo content ratios of 1:4, 1:1 and 4:1. The results are tabulated and reproduced graphically. In Fig. 1, the Vickers hardness (H_V, kg/mm²) is plotted against the combined Cr + Mo content (wt.%), diagrams a, 6 and D relating to alloys with Cr:Mo ratios of 1:4, 1:1 and 4:1. respectively; experimental points denoted by circles, dots and crosses indicate data obtained on specimens quenched from 1200, 900 and 600 °C, respectively. The composition-dependence of the electrical resistivity (O x 10 ohm cm) is illustrated in the same manner in Fig. 2 where dots and crosses relate to data obtained on specimens quenched from 600 and 900 °C, respectively. The results are discussed in relation to the constitution of the alloys studied and it is concluded that, although their electrical resistivity is a function of composition, it depends also on the

Card 2/5

28872 S/180/61/000/004/010/020 E193/E383

- Hardnes and electrical ...

constitution of the alloys, decreasing in the presence of a large proportion of the a-phase and even more so in the presence of ${\rm TiCr}_\alpha$.

There are 2 figures, 2 tables and 3 references: 2 Soviet-bloc and 1 non-Soviet-bloc. The English-language reference quoted is: Ref. 2 - R.P. Elliott, B.W. Levinger and R. Rostoker - J. Metals, 1953, November.

SUBMETTAD: September 3, 1960

K

Card

S/598/62/000/007/003/040 D267/D307

AUTHORS: Grum-Grzhimaylo, I. V. and Gromova, V. G.

TITLE: Phase diagrams of the system titanium-chromium-molyb-

denum at 1200, 900 and 600°C

SOURCE: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Institut metallurgii. Titan i

yego splavy. no. 7, Moscow, 1962. Metallokhimiya i

novyye splavy, 35-42

TEXT: Structure of alloys in the solid state was investigated along three radial sections originating in the apex of the concentration triangle corresponding to Ti, and along supplementary sections parallel to the triangle sides. All specimens were subjected to homogenization, which completely eliminated the dendritic structure. The exposure to the temperature of 1200°C lasted 5 - 10 days; 900°C - 30 - 50 days, and 600°C - 50 days. The homogeneity or heterogeneity of alloys was determined by using special etchants, and the phase composition of heterogeneous alloys was also checked by X-ray phase analysis (Debye method). Three phase regions were Card 1/2

Phase diagrams of ...

S/598/62/000/007/003/040 D267/D307

found in the diagrams of phase equilibria at 1200 and 900° C:(1) homogeneous solid solution based on the body-centered lattice (B-Ti, α -Cr, Mo); (2) two-phase region: solid solution + the intermetallic compound TiCr₂, and (3) homogeneous region of TiCr₂ (with a very limited concentration interval). Seven phase regions were found at 600° C: (1) as (1) above; (2) homogeneous solid solution based on the hexagonal Ti lattice; (3) B-Ti + TiCr₂ (two phases); (4) as (3) above; (5) two-phase region α + β -- the result of the polymorphous transformation of alloys adjoining the system Ti-Mo; (6) two-phase region α + (α + TiCr₂), and (7) three-phase region α + β + TiCr₂. There are 6 figures and 2 tables.

Card 2/2

S/598/62/000/007/017/040 D290/D307

AUTHORS: Grum-Grzhimaylo, N. V. and Gromova, V. G.

TITLE: Some mechanical properties of ternary alloys of titanium

with chromium and molybdenum

SOURCE: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Institut metallurgii. Titan i yego

splavy, no. 7, Moscow, 1962. Metallokhimiya i novyye

splavy, 127-129

TEXT: The strengths and plasticities of six hardened Ti-Cr-Mo alloys were measured; the weight percent of each metal varied between 76-96% Ti, 0.8-19.2% Cr and 0.8-16% Mo. The present work continues an earlier study of the mechanical properties of Ti-Cr-Mo alloys by the same authors. The measurements were made by a micromechanical method. The alloy with optimum properties at room temperature ($\sigma_{\rm B}=94.4~{\rm kg/mm^2}$, $\sigma=23.1\%$) contained 96% Ti, 2% Cr and 2% Mo; it is a mixture of α - and β -phases. Abstracter's note: $\sigma_{\rm B}$, $\sigma_{\rm B}$ not defined. The results are confirmed by work on the re-

Card 1/2

Some mechanical properties ...

S/598/62/000/007/017/040 D290/D307

commended industrial Ti alloy 873-4 (VT3-1) which contains 1.5 - 2.5% Cr and 1.0 - 2.8% Mo as well as Al. There are 3 figures and 2 tables.

Card 2/2

GROMOVA, V. I.

The Committee on Stalin Prizes (of the Council of Ministers USSR) in the fields of science and inventions announces that the following scientific works, popular scientific books, and textbooks have been submitted for commetition for Stalin Prizes for the years 1952 and 1953. (Sovetskaya Kultura, Moscow, No. 22-40, 20 Feb - 3 Apr 1954)

Hame Gromova, V. I. "History of Horses (Gemus Equus) in the Old World" "The Genus Hipparion according to Material from Taraklin, Pavlodar, etc."

Mominated by Parosiontological Institute, Academy of Sciences USSR

80: W-30604, 7 July 1954

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GROMOVA, Vera.

Market Market
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GARUTT, V.Ye.; GROMOV, V.I., redaktor; MULIMOV, M.V., redaktor; PEVZNER, R.S., tekhnichesky redaktor.

The southern elephant Archidiskeden meridionalis (Nesti) from the Pliocene of the northern coastal region of the Sea of Asov. Trudy Kom.chetv.per.10 no.2:3-76 154. (MIRA 8:5) (Asov. Sea of-Elephants, Pessil)

K	arsh rhinoceroses nst. no.55:85-189	J T •		Trudy Paleont. (MLRA 8:9)	
	(MongoliaRhinoceros, Fossil)				
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GROMOVA. Vers. RODENDORF, B.B., otv.red.; NIKITINA, O.G., red.izd-va;

KASHINA, P.S., tekhn.red.

[Giant rhinoceroses] Gigantskie nosorogi. Moskva, Izd-vo Akad.
nauk SSSR, 1959. 163 p. (Akademiia nauk SSSR. Paleontologichenauk SSSR, vol.71)

(Rinoceros. Fossil)

(Rhinoceros. Fossil)

ORLOV, Yu.A., glavnyy red.; RAUZER-CHERNOUSOVA, D.M., otv.red.toma;

FURSENKO, A.V., otv.red.toma; MARKOVSKIY, B.P., zam.glavnogo red.;

RUZHENTSEV, V.Ye., zam.glavnogo red.; SOKOLOV, B.S., zam.glavnogo

red.; VAKHRAMEYEV, V.A., red.; GEKKER, R.F., red.; GROMOVA, V.I.,

red.; DAVITASHVILI, L.Sh., red.; KRYMGOL'TS, G.Ya., red.; LUPPOV,

N.P., red.; OBRUCHEV, D.V., red.; OVECHKIN, N.K., red.; POKROVSKAYA,

I.M., red.; PCHELINTSEV, V.F., red.; RADCHENKO, G.P., red.; RODEN
DORF, B.B., red.; ROZHDESTVENSKIY, A.K., red.; SARYCHEVA, T.G.,

red.; SUBBOTINA, N.N., red.; TAKHMADZHAN, A.L., red.; FLEROV, K.K.,

red.; KHABAKOV, A.V., red.; CHERNYSHEVA, N.Ye., red.; EBERZIN, A.G.,

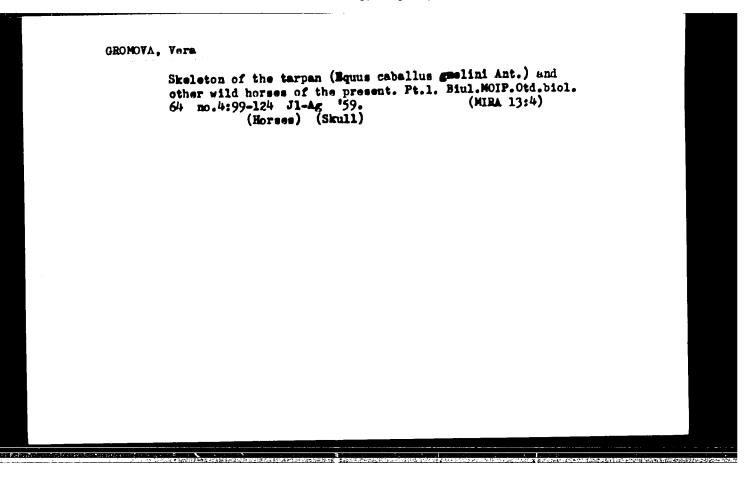
red.; KOTLYAREVSKAYA, P.S., red.izd-va; MOSKVICHEVA, N.I., tekhn.

red.; POLKNOVA, T.P., tekhn.red.

[Fundamentals of paleontology; reference book in fifteen volumes for paleontologists and geologists of the U.S.S.R.] Osnovy paleontologii; spravochnik dlia paleontologov i geologov SSSR v piatnadtsati tomakh. Moskva, Izd-vo Akad.nauk SSSR. Vol.1. [General part. Protozoa] Obshchaia chast'. Prosteishie. Otv.red. D.M.Rauzer-Chernousova, A.V.Fursenko. 1959. 481 p. (MIRA 12:7) (Protozoa, Fossil)

The species concept in paleontology. Falcont. shur. no.1:6-14
'59. (MIRA 13:1)

1.Palcontologicheskiy institut Akademii nauk SSSR.
(Palcontology) (Species)



GROHOVA, VERA

New data on Quaternary fauna in the western part of Germany and its comparison with fauna in Mastern Murope. Biul.Kom.cherv.per. no.23:75-81 '59. (HIRA 13:4) (Germany, West--Paleontology) (Surope, Mastern--Paleontology)

DUBROVO, Irina Aleksandrovna; GROMOVA, Vera, ovt.red.; NIKITINA, O.G., red. 1md-va; POLYAKOVA, T.V., tekhn.red.

[Ancient elephants of the U.S.S.R.] Drevnie slony SSSR. Moskva, Izd-vo Akad.nauk SSSR, 1960. 78 p. (Akademii nauk SSSR. Faleonto-logicheskii institut. Trudy, no.1). (MIRA 13:11) (Elephants, Fossil)

GROMOVA, Vera; GROMOV, V.I., otv.red; HIKITINA, O.G., red.izd-va; VOLKOVA, V.V., tekhn.red.

[Key for the identification of mammals of the U.S.S.R. by skeletal bones] Opredelitel' mlekopitaiushchikh SSSR po kostiam skeleta.

Moskva, Izd-vo Akad. nauk SSSR. (Akademiia nauk SSSR. Komissiia po izucheniiu chetvertichnogo perioda. Trudy, no.16). No.2

[Key for identification by the ankle bone and heel bone] Opredelitel' po krupnym kostiam zapliusny. 1960. 115 p.

(MIRA 13:8)

(Mammals, Fossil--Idenfification)

(Mammals, Fossil--Idenfification)
(Anklebone) (Heel bone)

ORLOV, Yu.A., glavnyy red.; MARKOVSKIY, B.P., zam.glavnogo red.; RUMERITSEV,
V.Ye., zamestitel' glavnogo red.; SOKOLOV, B.S., zamestitel' glavnogo red.; EBERZIN, A.G., otv.red.toma; KIPARISOVA, L.D., red.;
SHIMANSKIY, V.N., red.; VAKHRAMEYEV, V.A., red.; GEKKER, R.F., red.;
GROMOVA, V.I.; red.; DAVITASHVILI, L.Sh., red.; KRYMGOL'TS, G.Yn.,
red.; LUPPOV, N.P., red.; OBRUCHEV, D.V., red.; OVECHKIN, N.K.,
red.; POKROVSKAYA, I.M., red.; PCHELINTSEV, V.F., red.; RADCHENKO,
G.P., red.; RAUZER-CHERNOUSOVA, D.M., red.; RODENDORF, B.B., red.;
ROZHDESTVENSKIY, A.K., red.; FLEROV, K.K., red.; FURSENKO, A.V.,
red.; KHABAKOV, A.V., red.; CHERNYSHEVA, N.Ye., red.; KORDE, K.B.,
red.; Zamestitel' glavnogo
go red.; ROZHOZER, R.F., red.; FLEROV, K.K., red.; KORDE, K.B.,
red.; KHABAKOV, A.V., red.; CHERNYSHEVA, N.Ye., red.; KORDE, K.B.,

[Fundamentals of paleontology; reference book in 15 volumes for paleontologists and geologists of the U.S.S.R.] Osnovy paleontologii; spravochnik dlia paleontologov i geologov SSSR v piatnadtsati tomakh. Moskva, Izd-vo Akad.nauk SSSR. Vol.3. [Mollusks: Loricata, Bivalvia, Scaphopoda] Molliuski - pantsirnye, dvustvorchatye, lopatonogie. Otvet.red. A.G. Eberzin, 1960. 299 p. (Mollusks, Fossil)

ORLOV, Yu.A., glavnyy red.; MARKOVSKIY, B.P., zem.glavnogo red.;
RUZHENTSEV, V.Ye., zem.glavnogo red.; SOKOLOV, B.S., zem.glavnogo
red.; SARYCHEVA, T.G., otv.red.toma; VAKHRAMEYEV, V.A., red.;
GEKKER, R.F., red.; GROMOVA, V.L., red.; DAVITASHVILI, L.Sh., red.;
KRYMGOL'TS, G.Ya., red.; LUPPOV, M.P., red.; OERUCHEV, D.V., red.;
OVECHKIN, N.K., red.; POKROVSKAYA, I.M., red.; PCHELINTSEV, V.F.,
red.; RADCHENKO, G.P., red.; RAUZER-CHERNOUSOVA, D.M., red.;
RODENDORF, B.B., red.; ROZHDESTVENSKIY, A.K., red.; SUBBOTINA,
N.N., red.; TAKHTADZHAN, A.L., red.; FLEROV, K.K., red.; FURSENKO,
A.V., red.; KHABAKOV, A.V., red.; CHERNYSHEVA, M.Ye., red.;
EBKRZIN, A.G.; NEVESSKAYA, L.A., red.izd-va; POLENOVA, T.P.,
tekhn.red.

[Fundamentals of paleontology; manual in fifteen volumes for paleontologists and geologists of the U.S.S.R.] Osnovy paleontologii; spravochnik dlia paleontologov i geologov SSSR v piatnadtsati tomakh. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo lit-ry po geol. i okhrane nedr. Vol.7. [Polyzoa, Brachiopoda. Supplement: Phoronides]
Mshanki, brakhiopody. Prilozhenie: Foronidy. Otvet.red.T.G.
Sarycheva. 1960. 342 p. plates. (MIRA 14:4)

(Polyzoa, Fossil) (Brachiopoda, Fossil)

GROMOVA, Vera. A new fauily (Tehelkariidae) of primitive carnivores (Creedonta) from the Oligocene of Asia. Trudy Falcont. inut. 77:71-78 '60. (Kazakhstan--Creedonta) (Mongolia--Creedonta)

Recent materials on Tapiroidea from the Paleogene of Asia. Trudy Paleont. inst. 77:79-107 '60. (MIRA 13:10) (Kazakhstan--Tapirs, Fossil) (Mongolia--Tapirs, Fossil)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, July 27, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000517020

a superior of factor	First find of an anypodont (the new genus Procadurcodon) in the Soviet Union. Trudy Paleont. inst. 77:128-155 60. (MIRA 13:10)		
	(ArtemRhinoceros, Possil)		

ORIOV, Yu.A., glavnyy red.; MARKOVSKIY, B.P., zamestitel' glavnogo red.; RUZHENTSEV, V.Ye., zamestitel' glavnogo red.; SOKOLOV, B.S., zamestitel' glavnogo red.; GROMOVA, V.I., otv.red.toma; ROSSOVA, S.M., red.izd-va; GUROVA, O.A., tekhn.red.

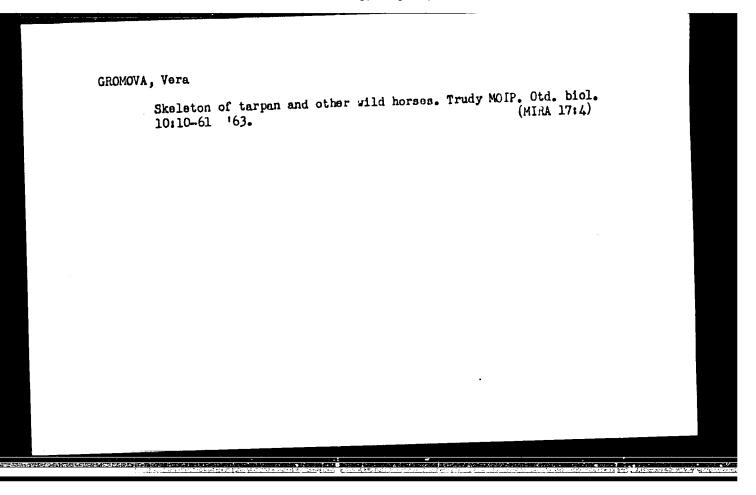
[Fundamentals of paleontology; manual for paleontologists and geologists of the U.S.S.R. in 15 volumes] Osnovy paleontologii; spravochnik dlia paleontologov i geologov SSSR v piatnadtsati tomakh. Glav.red. IU.A.Orlov. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-volit-ry po geologii i okhrane nedr. Vol.13. [Mammals] Mlekopitaiushchie. Otvet.red.toma V.I.Gromova. 1962. 420 p. (MIRA 15:5)

(Mammals, Fossil)

Correction of the error made in "History of genus Equus in the Old World." Biul.Kom.chetv.per. no.27:159-160 462.

(MIRA 16:4)

(Horses, Fossil)



GROMOVA, V.L., inzh.

Seminar and conference of the workers of the electric lighting equipment industry. Svetotekhnika 8 no.4:26-27 Ap '62. (MIRA 15:4)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel skiy svetotekhnicheskiy institut. (Electric industry workers---Congresses)

GROMOVA, V.N.

Use of ordinary hot and warm baths in the over-all treatment of pneumonia in young children. Vop.okh.mat. i det. 4 no.5:32-38 S-0 159. (MIRA 13:1)

1. Iz klinicheskogo otdela (zav. - dotsent N.P. Savvatimskaya)
Nauchno-issledovatel'skogo pediatricheskogo instituta Ministerstva
zdravookhraneniya RSFSR (nauchnyy rukovoditel' - K.V. Lapina-Dubnitskaya,
dir. - kand.med.nauk A.P. Chernikova, zamestitel' po nauchnoy chasti prof. N.R. Shastin).

(PNEUMONIA) (HYDROTHERAPY)

GROMOVA, V.N.

Hydrotherapy of acute pneumonia in infants and some indexes of thermoregulation in the evaluation of its effect. Vop. kur., fisioter. i lech. fis. kul't. 25 no.2:154-159 Mr-Ap '60.

(MIRA 13:9)

1. Iz klinicheskogo otdela nauchno-issledovatel'skogo pediatriche-skogo instituta Ministerstva sdravookhraneniya RSFSR (nauchnyy rukovoditel' K.V. Lapina-Dubnitskaya, dir. - doktor meditsinskikh nauk A.P. Chernikova).

(PNEUMONIA) (HYDROTHERAPY) (BODY TEMPERATURE—REGULATION)

GROMOVA, V.N. Use of acupuncture in bronchial asthma in children. Pediatriia 38 no.9:64-68 S *60. (MIRA 13:12)

l. Iz klinicheskogo otdela (sav. - dotsent N.P. Savvatimskaya)
nauchno-issledovatel skogo pediatricheskogo instituta Ministerstva
zdravookhraneniya RSFSR (dir. A.P. Chernikova, zam. dir. po
nauchnoy chasti - prof. N.R. Shastin).

(ASTIMA) (ACUPUNCTURE)

```
LEBEDINSKAYA, T.A.; GROMOVA, V.N.

Cirrhosis of the liver in infants. Vop. okhr. mat. i det. 6
no. 1:88-90 Ja '61.

1. Iz klinicheskogo otdela (zav. - dotsent N.P. Savvatimskaya)
Nauchno-issledovatel'skogo pediatricheskogo instituta (dir.
A.P. Chernikova, zam. direktora po nauchnoy chasti - prcf.
N.R. Shastin) Ministerstva zdravčokhraneniya RSFSR.

(LIVER—OTRRHOSIS) (INFANTS—DISEASES)
```

GROMOVA, V.N.

Significance of ozocerite therapy in acute pneumonia in infants. Vop. okh. mat. i det. 6 no.7:18-22 Jl '61. (MIRA 14:8)

1. Iz klinicheskogo otdela (zav. - dotsent N.P.Savvatimskaya) Nauchnoissledovatel'skogo pediatricheskogo instituta (dir. - doktor med.
nauk A.P.Chernikova, zamestitel' direktor po nauchnoy chasti - prof.
N.R.Shastin) Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya RSFSR.

(PNEUMOKIA) (OZOCERITE-THERAPEUTIC USE)

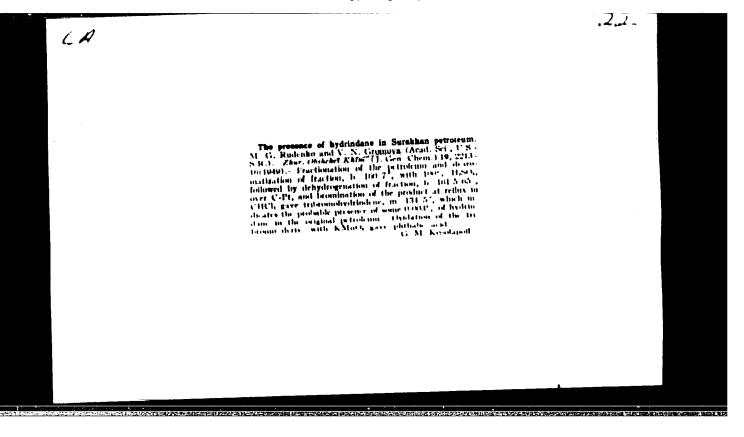
GROMOVA, V.N.; STEPANOVA-MASIAUSENE, T.P.

Calculation of the thermal circulatory index in normal infants. Gig. i sah. 26 no.9:44-47-8:61. (MIRA 15:3)

1. Iz Elinicheskogo otdela Nauchno-Yeeledovatel'skogo pediatricheskogo instituta Ministeretva zdravookhraneniya RSFSR: (BODY TEMPERATURE) (MICOD—CIRCULATION)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, July 27, 2000

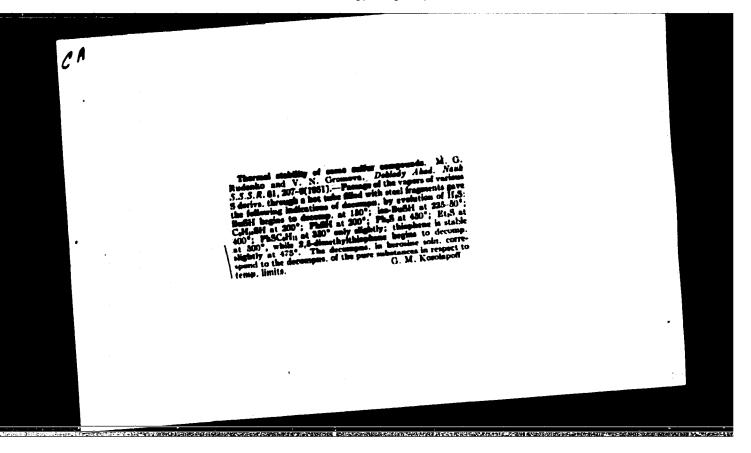
CIA-RDP86-00513R00051702

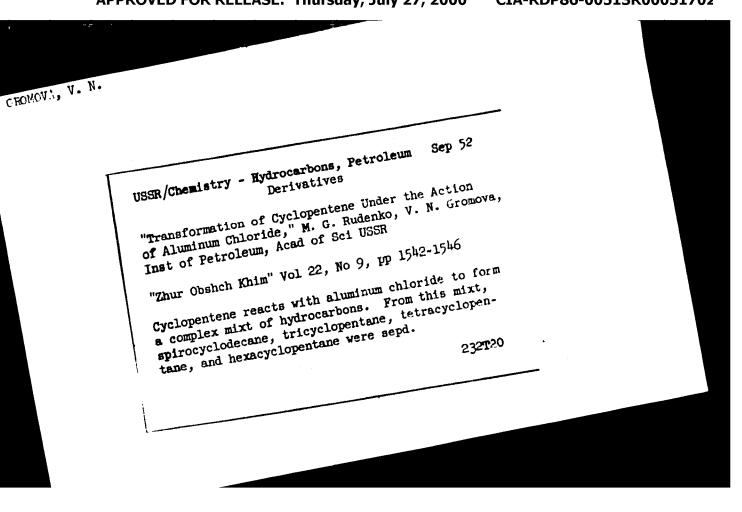


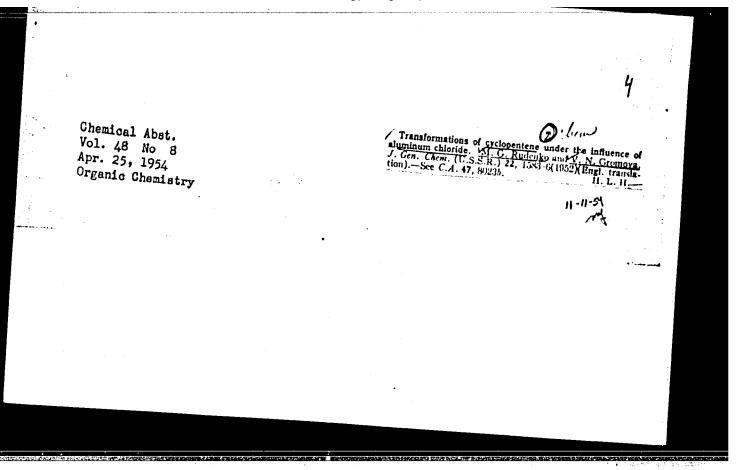
CH

10

The effect of sluminum chloride on cyclopentene. M. G. Rudenko and V. N. Gromova. Dohlady Ahad. Nauk. S.S.S.R. 67, 855-8 (1949).—Polymerization of cyclopentene (I) with 20% AlCle 30 hrs. at 50° yields a complex mixt. composed of the following: apiver yields the heat. History, m. 252.5-2.5"); wicyclopentene (II), bas 127-0°, at 1.5085, dec 0.0016; towacyclopentene, b., 108-281°, at 1.5295, dec 10.028; and hexacyclopentene, b., 108-281°, at 1.5295, dec 10.028; and hexacyclopentene, m. 71-2° (from iso-PrOII). The lodine nos. of the products were very small, indicating complex fused ring system formation.







E-REPROVED LEAD

USSR/Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their Application -- Treatment of

natural gases and petroleum. Motor fuels. Lubricants,

I-13

Abst Journal: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 2, 1957, 5562

Author: Rudenko, M. G., Gromova, V. N.

Institution: None

Title: Dependence of Physicochemical Properties of Synthetic Oils on

Structure of Initial Hydrocarbons. Communication I

Original

Publication: Khimiya i tekhnol. topliva, 1956, No 4, 13-19

Abstract: Investigation of the effect of the structure of olefins on the proper-

ties of oils obtained by their polymerization with AlCl3. Oils were prepared from individual hydrocarbons and synthol fractions with a boiling range 110-165°. Oils from n-olefins had slowly ascending viscosity versus temperature curves, and with increase in the molecular weight (MW) of the olefin the viscosity index (VI) of the oil became higher. On change of the position of the double bond from

Card 1/2

USSR/Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their Application -- Treatment of natural gases and petroleum. Motor fuels. Lubricants, I-13

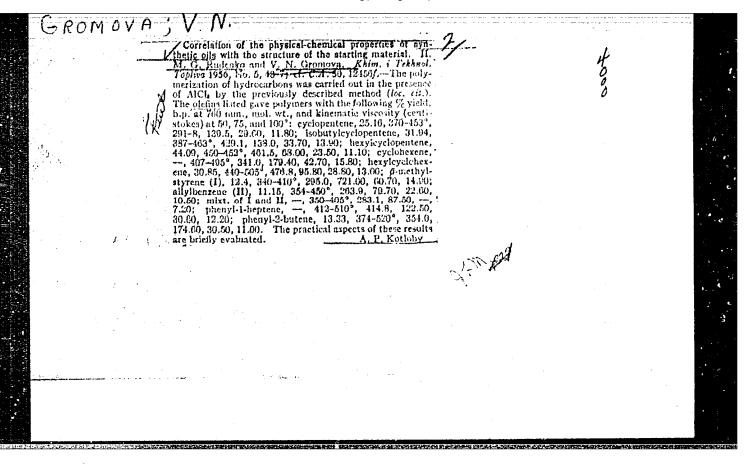
Abst Journal: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 2, 1957, 5562

Abstract: the first to the second carbon atom the VI of the oil is lowered. Iso-olefins yield oils of lower VI than n-olefins of the same MW. With increasing number of side chains and the same MW, the VI of the oils becomes lower, while increasing length of the main olefinic chain causes increase of the VI. Degree of polymerization affects only the viscosity level of the resulting oils while their VI remains almost unchanged thereby. Setting point (SP) of oils produced from olefins is low, and on transition from olefins of low MW to olefins of medium MW a lowering of the SP takes place while on transition to olefins having a higher MW a sharp rise of the SP of the oils is observed. Oils produced from iso-olefins have higher SP than those made from n-olefins, but show the same correlation between SP and the MW of the initial olefin. Oils from synthol have properties similar to those of oils produced from octenes.

Card 2/2

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CIA-RDP86-00513R00051702



STEPANOVA_MASLAUSKENE, T.P.; GROMOVA, V.N.

Thermal blood circulation index in acute pneumonia in infants. Vop. okh.mat.i det. 7 no.7:19-23 J1 '62. (MIRA 15:11)

1. Iz kliniki rannego detskogo vozrasta (nauchnyy rukovoditel' - prof. N.R.Shastin) Nauchno-issledovatel'skogo pediatricheskogo instituta (dir. - kand.med.nauk V.P.Spirina) Ministerstva zdravo-okhraneniya RSFSR.

(PNEUMONIA) (BODY TEMPERATURE) (BLOOD--CIRCULATION)

3/137/61/000/006/088**/**092 A006/A101

AUTHORS: Tukhtanova, N.S., Gromova, V.S., Klark, O.B.

TITLE: Corresion resistance of aluminum alloys with different galvanic coat-

ings under atmospheric conditions

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Metallurgiya, no. 6, 1961, 51, abstract 61401

("Tr. In-ta fiz. khimii. AN SSSR", 1960, no. 8, 173 - 180)

TEXT: During three years natural tests were made with Al-allys of the folicwing grader: A=1, A=2, \leftarrow 1 (D1), A=16 (D16), A1=9. The tests were performed with alloys in delivery state and having galvanic coatings of Zn, Cd or the ΠOC =40 (FS=40) alloy (Fb=3n). The tests were made unter various plimatic conditions. The thickness of the rotatings was 40 μ .

Ye. Layner

[Abstracter's note, Complete translation]

Card 1/1

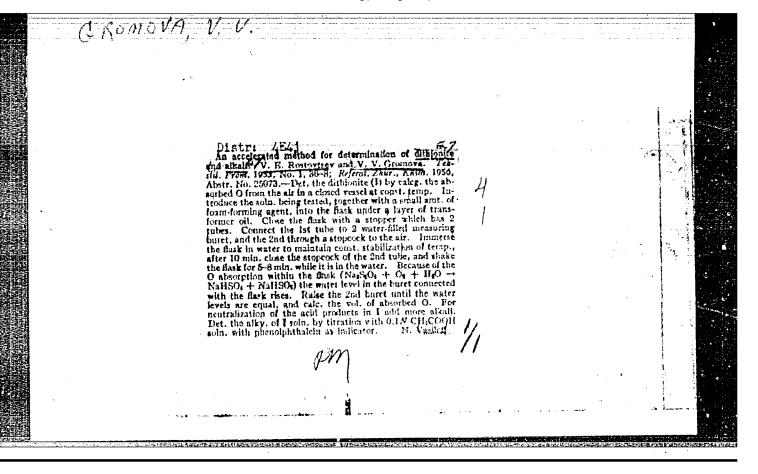
ROSTOVISEV, V. YE., MAKAROHOVA, YE. S., OPCHOVA, Y. Y.

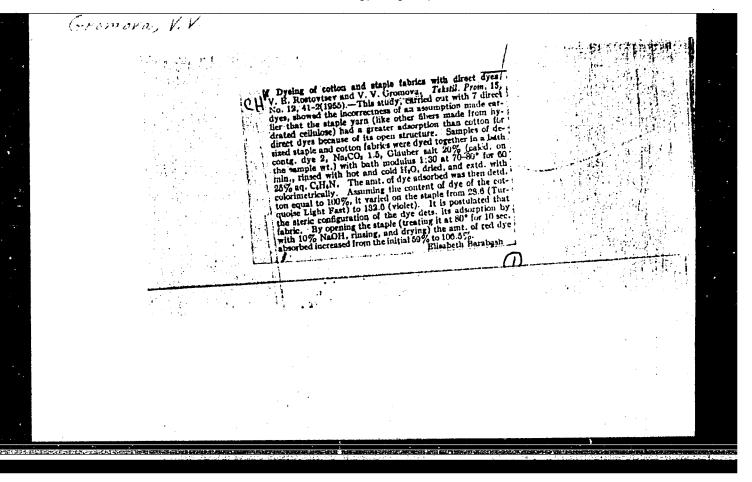
Textile Chemistry

Neutralization of diazo solutions by means of chalk. Tekst. prom. 12 no. 3, 1952

Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, April 1952, UNCLASSIFIED.

GROMOVA, V.V. Colorimetric analysis of diaso powders. Tekstil. Prom. 12, No.5, 32-3 '52. (MLRA 5:5) (CA 47 no.14:6821 '53)





GROMOVA, V.V., inzh.; SHMUYLOVICH, L. Ya., inzh.

Tables of specific power ratings for light fixtures with incandescent lamps. Svetotekhnika 7 no.4:18-26 Ap 161.

(MTRA

1. LO Gosudarstvennego proyektnogo instituta "Tyazhpromelektropeyekt." (Electric light fixtures--Tables, calculations, etc.)

BOBKOVA, K.A., kand.med.nauk; GROMOVA, V.V.

Influence of the emotional factor in the development of cerebral atherosclerosis. Trudy Gos. nauchno-issl. inst. psikh. 22:88-97 [60. (MIRA 15:1)

1. Klinika sosudistykh psikhozov (zav. - prof. V.M.Banshchikov)
Gosudarstvennogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta psikhiatrii
Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya RSFSR.

(EMOTIONS) (CEREBRAL ARTERIOSCLEROSIS)

ENTIN, G.M.; GROMOVA, V.V.

Therapeutic effect of the ganglion-blocking drug, dicoline, in the treatment of cerebrovasgular diseases. Trudy Gos. nauchno-issl. inst. psikh. 22:408-419 '60. (MIRA 15:1)

1. Klinika sosudistykh psikhozov (zav. prof. V.M.Banshchikov)
Gosudarstvennogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta psikhiatrii
Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya RSFSR.
(DICOLINE) (CEREBROSVASCULAR DISEASE)

GROMOVA, V. V., CAND MED SCI, "PSYCHIC DISORDERS WITH A PREDOMINANT ASTHENIA PICTURE FOLLOWING INFLUENZAL IN-FECTION." MOSCOW, 1961. (FIRST MOSCOW ORDER OF LENIN MED INST IM 1. M. SECHENOV). (KL, 3-61, 231).

412

BOBKOVA, K.A., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik: GROMOVA, V.V., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik

Some clinical characteristics of initial atherosclerosis in patients who have suffered contusion of the brain. Trudy Gos.nauch-issl.inst.psikh. 25:23-35 '61. (MIRA 15:12)

1. Klinika sosudistykh psikhozov (zav. - prof. V.M.Banshchikov)
Gosudarstvennogo nauchno-issledovatel skogo instituta
psikhiatrii Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya RSFSR.

(CEREBRAL ARTERIOSCLEROSIS)

(ERAIN-WOUNDS AND INJURIES)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, July 27, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000517020

GROMOVA, V.V., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik

Treatment with the sum of saponins from Dioscorea caucasina and blue valerian in cerebral atherosclerosis with mental disorders. Trudy Gos.nauch-issl.inst.psikh. 25:327-334 161. (MIRA 15:12)

1. Klinika sosudistykh psikhozov (zav. - prof. V.M.Banshchikov)
Gosudarstvennogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta
psikhiatrii Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya RSFSR.

(SAPONINS) (CEREBPAL ARTERIOSCLEPOSIS)

(MENTAL ILLNESS)

BOBKOVA, K.A., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; GROMDVA, V.V., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik

Treatment with aminazine of vascular patients with a geriopathic-hypochondriacal syndrome. Trudy Gos.nauch-issl.inst.psikh. 25: 342-351 '61. (MIRA 15:12)

1. Klinika sosudistykh psikhozov (zav. - prof. V.M.Banshchikov)
Gosudarstvennogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta psikhiatrii
Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya RSFSR.

(HYPOCHONDRIA) (CHLORPROMAZINE)(CEREBROVASCULAR DISFASE)

SAVCHUK, V.I., kand.med.nauk; GROMDVA, V.V., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; ENTIN, G.M., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik

Data from a clinical and pathophysiological study of the therapeutic action of dicoline in the treatment of vascular diseases of the brain with mental disorders; report No. 2. Trudy Gos.nauch-issl.inst.psikh. 25:352-367 '61. (MIRA 15:12)

1. Klinika sosudistykh psikhozov (zav. - prof. V.M.Banshchikov)
i otdel patofiziologii vysshey nervnoy deyatel'nosti (zav. prof Yu.N.Uspenskiy) Gosudarstvennogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo
instituta psikhiatrii Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya RSFSR.

(DICOLINE) (MENTAL ILLNESS) (CEREBROVASCULAR DISEASE)

GROMOVA, V.V., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik

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1. Klinika sosudistykh psikhozov (mav. - prof. V.M.Banshchikov)
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Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya RSFSR.

(BLOOD PRESSURE) (HYPERTENSION)(MENTAL ILLNFSS)

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1. Kafedra psikhiatrii (zav. - prof. V.M.BANSHCHIKOV) 1-go Moskovskogo ordena Lenina meditsinskogo instituta imani I.M. Sechenova i klinika psikhofarmakologii (zav. - G.Ya Avrutskiy) Instituta psikhiatrii Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya ISFSR. (CEREBRAL ARTERIOSCLEROSIS) (PSYCHOSES) (BLOOD PRESSURE)

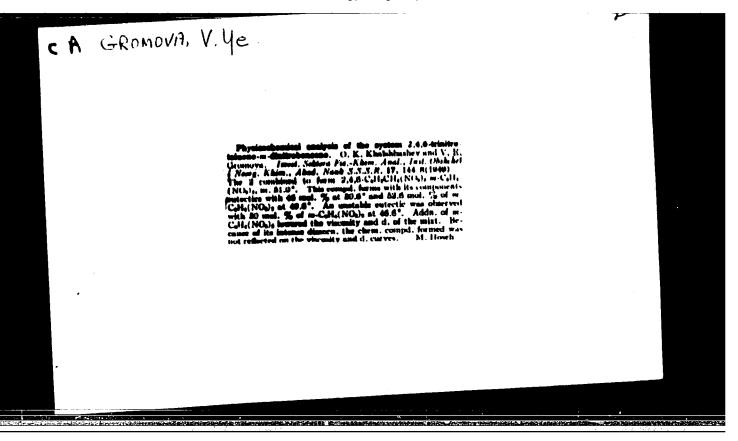
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GROMOVA, V.Ye., inzh. (Moskva); SILAKOV, V.N., inzh. (Moskva);
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