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ICRDANOV, M.			
Notes on the tecton Nountains. p. 201	ics of the Eskana River reg	ion in the Central	Balkan
Bulgarska akademiia Bulgaria., Vol. 7, 1	na naukite. Geologicheski 1959.	institut. I2VEST	IIA. Sofia,
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New water-power	projects. p. 10.	
Spravochnik po no. 8/9, Aug./S	tsvetni metali i splavi. Sofiia, Bulgaria. Vol. 10, Sept. 1959.	
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IORDANOV, N. 41 2 . ha kh ŝ. V Methods for determining the exact <u>geological</u> age of GP minorais and rocks. The geological age of some Buigarian GP allauites from their helium content. N. <u>fordanov</u>. An-*musice unis*. Softa 43, Fac. sci. phys. et vision force 3, Pt. 3, 31-40(1953)64)(Prench summary).—Allanite-bearing rocks from different parts of Buigarin were enalyzed for He and from different parts of Buigarin were enalyzed for He and Th... The results were used to det. the age of the rocks (70-Th. The results were used to det. the age of the rocks (70-reviewed). The literature of various methods is reviewed. 10 X 14 3 - ----ಿತ್ರಾಗ





IORDANOV, N.; KOCHEVA, L. Method for determinging small quantities of lead in minerals and rocks. p. 327 (Izvestiia) Vol. 4, 1956. Sofiia, Bulgaria. SO: Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 7, No. 1, Jan. 1958





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网络新闻学校

BULGARIA / Cosmochemistry. Geochemistry. Hydrochemistry.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 19, 1958, 64061

: Yordanov N, Zhelev Zh, Mitrani L Author

: Not given-Inst

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: Concerning the Absolute Geological Age of Title Magnetite from Vitosha Mountain Determined by the Helium Method:

Orig Pub: Izv. khim. in-t, Bulg. AN, 1957, 5, 103-112

Abstract: By means of the described method, 2 samples of magnetite from pegmatitic veins were studied. Content was: U $6.2 \cdot 10^{-4}$ and $6.5 \cdot 10^{-4}$ %, Th $2.8 \cdot 10^{-3}$ and $2.5 \cdot 10^{-3}$ %, He $4.24 \cdot 10^{-5}$ and $4.14 \cdot 10^{-5}$ ml/g.

Card 1/2

APPROVEDIOR RETEASE THTISday, 901 27, 52000 Hydrochemistry. CIA-RDP86-00513R0005 72(

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 19, 1958, 64061

Abstract: The age is 25 million years. On the basis of the obtained results, the formation of magmatic rocks can be attributed to the end of the Paleogenic and the beginning of the Neogenic period, which does not agree with ideas based on stratigraphic data (beginning of the Paleogenic).

Card 2/2

Topponion M.

i ya IORDANOV, N. Utilizing concrete and reinforced-concrete facing for water tunnels in hard geological conditions. p. 21. (Elektroenergiia, Vol. 8, No. 2, Feb. 1957, Sofia, Bulgaria) SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL) LC, Vol. 6, No. 8, Aug 1957. Uncl

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-#-	BULGARIA/Cos	smochemistry - Geochemistry - Hydrochemistry. D.	
		: Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 8, 1958, 24518	
	Author	: Iordanov, N.	
	Inst	: Bulgarian Academy of Sciences.	
	Title	: Absolute Geological Age of Some Orthites as Determined by the Lead Method.	
1 1	Orig Pub	: Dokl. Bolg. AN, 1957, 10, No 1, 85-88	- the factor
	Abstract	: The author investigated 9 specimens of orthite from Bulgaria, Norway and the United States. Results of de- terminations by the polarographic method (in %): Th 0.58-2.16, Pb 0.0043-0.112. Age values of 105-1300 mil-	ter en frank
		0.58-2.16, PB 0.004 Joseph 12. And the second secon	
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a a and the second and the IORDANOV, N. Investigating orthites for use in determining the absolute geologie age by the lead method. Isv Inst khim BAN 7:53-66 '60. (**EEAI** 10:9) 1. Katedra po analitichna khimiya pri FMF. (Allanite) (Geology) (Lead)

IOR	PDANOV, N.	
	s/075/60/015/004/013/030/XX B020/B064	ŧ
AUTHORS :	Yordanov, H. and Daiyev, Khr.	
TITLE :	Photometric Determination of Cerium by Means of o-Tolidine	
PERIODICAL:	Zhurnal analiticheskoy khimii, 1960, Vol. 15, No. 4, pp. 443 - 445	
selective and (3,3'-dimethyl long, but has Cerium was sep earths in the analyzed mate: precipitated.	resent paper describes a new, unpublished method for a more accurate determination of tetravalent cerium with o-tolidine of benzidine); the qualitative reaction has been known since thitherto not been used for quantitative cerium determination. Expanded from the disturbing components together with the rare of form of oxalates. If there are no rare earths present in the erial, lanthanum nitrate is added, and the oxalates are the A 12 mg/ml La(NO ₃) ₃ solution was used in the experiments.	
was nurified	nthanum nitrate available contained approximately 0.14% Ce, it by the method of V. M. Klinayev and N. N. Senyavin (Ref. 12). density of the solution was measured with a photoelectric	
Card 1/3		

CIA-RDP86-00513R00051872

s/075/60/015/004/013/030/XX Photometric Determination of Cerium by Means B020/B064 of o-Tolidine colorimater of the type $\Phi \ni K-M$ (FEK-M) with a blue filter (permeability maximum at 410 mµ). Fig. 1 shows that the solutions follow the Beer law at concentrations up to 37 Ce/ml. The molar extinction coefficient is approximately 9500. The reaction with o-tolidine is 20 times as sensitive as with H_0O_2 . The coloring produced remained stable for several hours under the chosen conditions, and vanished only on the following day. The yellow color remains unchanged for 20 minutes after the addition of the reagent; then it fades gradually (Fig. 2). A change of pH between 0 and 4 has no appreciable effect upon the sensitivity of the reagent. When using 12 mg of $La(NO_3)_3$ as a collector, the coprecipitation of 10 - 200 γ Ce proceeds quantitatively. Table 1 shows the reproducibility of the method, which is mainly due to the quantitative conversion of Ce^{III} to Ce^{IV} , and also the stability of the oxidation products of o-tolidine. The effect of Fe, Al, Mn, and Ti in amounts of Ce:Fe = 1:10,000, Ce:Al=1:3,000, Ce:Mn=1:350, and Ce:Ti=1:100 was studied for the purpose of using this method for cerium determination in minerals and rocks. Fig. 1 shows the calibration curve used to determine cerium by means of o-tolidine. The time dependence of the optical density is illustrated in Fig. 2. Table 2

Card 2/3

Photometric Determination of Cerium by Means of o-Tolidine

S/075/60/015/004/013/030/XX B020/B064

shows that under the above conditions, the coprecipitation of cerium proceeds practically quantitatively, that even in the presence of comparatively large iron and aluminum quantities, no soluble cerium oxalate complexes of these elements are formed, and that in the precipitation of both hydroxides and oxalates, no coprecipitation of manganese takes place in the presence of hydroxylamine hydrochloride. The fact that a number of elements is not coprecipitated with lanthanum oxalate, is also related to the separation of the latter in acid media. Thorium, yttrium, neodymium, praseodymium, ytterbium, terbium, and samarium have no disturbing effect. The method described was used to determine the cerium content in apatite, titanite, and monzonite (Table 3). There are 2 figures, 3 tables, and 12 references: 6 Soviet, 5 German, and 1 British.

ASSOCIATION: Sofiyskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet (Bolgariya) (Sofiya State University (Bulgaria))

SUBMITTED: July 9, 1959

Card 3/3


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THE REPAIR AND A PROPERTY OF A

IORDANOV, Nikolai Secret of element 75 disclosed; rhenium, metal of the future. Pi roda Bulg 13 no.4:23-26 Ji-A: 04.

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IORDANOV, NIKOLA D.
Iordanov, Nikola D. <sup>b</sup>cheonik po mashinoznanie; mashinni elementi i parni kotli za V klas na tekhnicheskite tekstilni gimmani. eofiya (Narodna prosveta) 1951. 155 p. (Nachines, vypical machine parts, and steam boilers; a textbook for technical high schools)
S0: <sup>m</sup>onthly List of East European Accessions, L C, 'ol. 3 No. 1 <sup>J</sup>an. '54 Uncl.
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Editoria de la compañía de

	B/005/63/000/002/001/001 D274/D308
AUTHORS :	Donchev, St. and Yordanov, P.
ritle :	Possibilities of intensifying heat exchange by means of turbulizers
PERIODICAL:	Mashinostroene, no. 2, 1963, 32-34
the hot gas t when the gas layer at the current with according to turbulizers i operating cos turbulizers (The intensification of heat exchange between gases ed by improving the coefficient of heat loss α from o the wall of the tube and from there to the cold gas. moves in a tube with circular cross section, the laminar wall of the tube can be destroyed by turbulizing the gas the aid of diaphragms, which leads to an increase of α . B.P. Teben'kov, gas temperature affects heat loss. The ncrease the resistance of the gases Δp , which affects ts. The experiments were carried out with different see Fig.1) in order to establish the dependence of k c form and pitch of the turbulizer. Turbulizers I, II, TII are made of steel wire with a diameter of 2 mm, and

B/005/63/000/002/001/001 Possibilities of intensifying ... D274/D308 III and IV - of tin 1 mm thick. In the heat exchanger, the heat of the tube is conducted to the cold air by transversal flow. The speed of the two gases is such as to secure turbulent flow. The air which transmits its heat is heated to a final temperature of approx. 360°C. The resistance Δp was found from the difference between the static pressures at the ends of the tube. The heat conduction coefficient k was determined by the method of the heat exchanger'. The results of the experiments show that the screw turbulizers III and IV are not successful. The largest increase in k can be achieved by turbulizers VII and VIII; in VI, V and II efficiency decreases and is lowest in I. When turbulizers are of the same type, those with a smaller pitch are more effective. When k increases Δp also increases. Turbu-lizers II - V have alreast the same Δp also increases. Turbulizers II - V have almost the same Δp , k being largest in the case of V. Therefore V is most effective from the point of view of power. There are 5 figures and 1 table. Card 2/3





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Division of the gear ratio in multistage reducers 1 th a view to obtaining the minimum interaxial distances. Oodisimik mash elekt 11 no.3t25-34 *62 [publ. *63]

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GENEV, Khristo, d-r; ZHEKOV, St.; VACHEV, Bl.; DENEV, Dr.; IORDANOV, R. Infectious pneumonias in pigs in Bulgaria. Izv Vet inst zaraz parazit 7 5-20 '63. 1. Member of the Board of Editors, "Izvestiia na Veter-arniia institut za zarazni i parazitni bolesti" (for Genev).





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Automatic control and synchronization of the wash-and-dry machine drive in the 8 March State Industrial Enterprise, Sofia. Tekstilna prom 12 no. 6:24-27 '63.



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S0: Monthly List of East European Accession, (EEAL), LC, Vol. 4, No. 9, Sept. 1955, Uncl.	Toward a new upsw GEOGRAFILA Vol. 5	ing in the a No. 3, 1955	grarian economy , Sofiya)	r. p. l.			
SO: Monthly List of East European Accession, (EEAL), LC, Vol. 4, No. 9, Sept. 1955, Uncl.							
SO: Monthly List of East European Accession, (EEAL), LC, Vol. 4, No. 9, Sept. 1955, Uncl.							
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Distribution of radioactive coblat (Go<sup>60</sup>) in the organism under
conditions of experimentally induced epileptoid selences. Pisiol.
shur. 45 no.11:1304-1307 H '59. (MIRA 13:5)
1. From the department of psychiatry, Higher Medical Institute
and the department of atomic physics, State University, Sofia.
(COMALT metab.)
(COMMULSIONS exper.)
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IORDANOV, Vasil Some problems of standardization in the techniques of electric installations. Rateionalizatiia 13 no.11:22:-24 '63 1. Nachalnik otdel "Tekhnicheski progres" v mavod "Naiden Kirov", Ruse.





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Abs Jour	:	Ref Zhur - Biol., No 7, 1958, 29724		
Author	:	Stoimenov, S., Iordanov, Y., Ilkov, Kh.		
Inst	:	Knezh Scientific Research Institute.		
Title	:	Contribution to the Problem of the Mixed Planting of Green Beans and Corn.		
Orig Pub	:	Selskostop. mis"1, 1957, 2, No 3, 167-173.		
Abstract	:	The Scientific Research Institute in Knezh studied in great detail the agrotechny of simultaneous cultivation of green beans and corn. The highest return from 1 he in Knezh district is obtained with square bunch plant: $(70 \times 70 \text{ cm})$, leaving one corn plant and 1-2 green beau in the bunch after thinning.	ı. ing	
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IORDANOV, Zh.

Fat metabolism in chicks in the late embryonic state and early postembryonal period in relation to feeding. Izv. med. inst Sofia 1:71-101. 1951 (CIML 21:3)

1. Docent, Doctor, Scientific Associate of the Bulgarian Academy of Sciences. 2. Morphology Section (Head --Corresponding Member A. Khadzhiolov) of the Institute of Experimental Medicine of the Academy of Sciences (Director -- Academician D. Orakhovats) and the Department of Histology and Embryology of V. Chervenkov Medical Academy (Head -- A. Khadzhiolov).

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IOEDANOV, Zh., dots.; GEORGIEV, Iv.

Physiological regeneration of the tissue according to 0.B.
Lepeshinakaia's theory on cellular ontogenesis. Suvrem. med.,
Sofia 5 no.4:3-9 1954.
1. Is Katedry po khistologiia i embriologiia pri Meditsinakata
akademiia I.P.Pavlor, Plovdiv (zav.: dots. Zh.Iordanov)
(nmoundartics,
        Lepeshinakaia's theory on cell form. in)
(CELLS,
        form., Lepeshinakaia's theory in physiol. of regen.)
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IORDANOU, 2h Histochemical study of ascorbic acid in blood 2h. tor-ilanov, S. Tarylov, I. Georgiev, and R. Beleva-Stelkova (T.P. Pavlov Med. Inst., Plaviliv, Bulgaria). Doblady is blood of humany, chickens, and frigs was examined histo-chemically by dila, with isotomic getatin-fraces exist., freez-ing, sectioning, treatment of sections with AgNO, and Na-SO, washing, thistoremic of sections with AgNO, and Na-sotowashing, their with 10% formatin and measuring in giver of section. The histochemical reaction showed up as small block granities. Subjects with proper suppler of as-workic acid givernal, tests write magnetic acids the theory plate-bits, benevy for usually carry but 2-3 archice a considerable more such granities. Mychical discussion in programs with a networkic schemics. Subjects with proper suppler of as-workic acid givernal, tests write magnetic acids the theory plate-bits, benevy for usually carry but 2-3 archice a considerable increase in this test. Mychical discusses are allow the plate increase in this test. Mychical discussion. It is prepare recycles show a few fine black granules on their surfaces in more and granultes/cell (platelets and learence). Eryth-rocytes show a few fine black granules on their surfaces in more and granultes/cell (platelets and science) test; this was especially frine of chick embryos. Narcotizet cocks showed a decline of ascorbic acid in the plasma by some 50%, while birds given callering usually showed an increase in us-torbic acid in plasma and crythrosytes. The physiological corbic acid in plasma and crythneytes. The physiological factor which leads to high degree of absorption of ascorbic acid by crythrocytes was not identified. G. M. K. 20.000

IORDANOV, Zh. "Further Investigation on the Formation of the Yolk of Hen's Eggs." p. 155 (Izvestiia, Vol. 2, 1957, Sofiia, Bulgaria) Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC. Vol. 7, No., 11, Nov. 1958
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BULGARIA			•								
Prof Iv. GON	CANOV and P	rof Zh.	IORDANOV	/_[AEE1	liatio	ns not	give	n.]			
"Academician	Asen Ivano	v KHADZI	IOLOV."	•							
Sofia, <u>Eksper</u> 1963; pp 1-4.	rimentalna	Meditsin	na i Morí	Eologiy	a , Vol	2, No	2, (Apr-	Jun)		
Abstract : En of science on	the occas	ion of h	his 60th	birthd	ay: st	udied	in Fr	ance,	, has		
over 200 publ	lications t	o his cu	redit, ma	in int	erests	lipid	hist	ocher	nistr	У	
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ORDANOVA,	A. The p	oroblem of	the average	chemical	composit	ion of c	ellulose.	P. 47.	
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OKUM OVA CHILOV, K., Prof. ; VIADIMIROV, VI.; STANCHEV, L.; KUNOV, A.; IORDANOVA, E. Daily variations of arterial pressure in hypertensive patients. Izv. Mikrob. inst., Sofia no.8:497-506 1957. 1. Katedra po fakuletska teoriia (zav. prof. Konst. Chilov) pri visshiia meditsinski institut v Sofiia. 2. Chl.-kor. (for Chilov). (HYPERTENSION, physiol. daily variations of arterial pressure (Bul)) (PERIODICITY daily variations of arterial pressure in hypertension (Bul))

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IVANOV, As.; IORDANOVA, L.

Diuresis in blood pressure lowered by pendiomide. Khirurgiia (Sofiia) 18 no.3:345-351 '65.

1. Vissh meditsinski institut, Sofiia, Katedra po fiziologiia (rukovoditel: prof. T. Gonev).

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KRUPENIKOV, I.A.; URSU, A.F.; BALTYANSKIY, D.M.; RODINA, A.K.; <u>HORDANOVA, L., red.</u>

 [Zoning of soils according to agricultural use in the Moldavian S.S.R.] Agropochvennes raionirovanie Moldavskoi SSR. Kishinev, Kartia moldoveniaske, 1965. 167 p. (MIRA 18:11)



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IOR DANOVA 5 D. BULGARIA / Chemical Technology. Chemical Pr Their ApplicationCeramics. Gla Naterials. Concrete	coducts and H-13 ass, Binding
Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 3, 1959, 8996	
Author : Yordanova, S. D.	
Inst : Not given	
Title : Use of Bulgarian Chromites to Obta magnesite Fire-Resistant Naterial	
Orig Pub: Godishnik Minno-geol. in-t, 1955, 3, No 1-2, 63-77	1956 (1957) ,
Abstract: A study of physico-chemical prope and the technology of preparing c fire-resistant materials from chr abstract	rties of chromites hromomagnesite omiteAuthor's
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	ಮಾನ್ಯ ಸಂಗ್ರಹಿಸಿದ ಕಾರ್ಯಕರ್ಷ ಮಾನ್ಯ ಸಂಗ್ರಹಿಸಿದ ಕಾರ್ಯಕರ್ಷ ಕಾರ್ಯಕರ್

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, July 27, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R00051872(

IORDANOVA, St., insh.

Studies on the physicochemical properties of the Chepelare disthene deposit in view of its utilization in the production of refractory materials. Godishnik Min geol inst 7 no.1:241-248 160/161.

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VUKOLOV, Te.A.; NEGOVSKIY, A.S.; ROSTOVTSEV, N.N.; KISEL'ROD, L.I.; MALYSHEV, V.I.; LORDAHOVA, Z.A.; BOCHEK, F.I. Melting of electrocorundmm in a lined casing. Prom.emerg. 15 no.3:18-19 Mr '60. (Corundum)

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KHMEL'NITSKAYA, Ye.L., prof., doktor ekon. nauk; VOLKOV, M.Ya., kand. ekon. nauk; BEL'CHUK, A.I., kand. ekon. nauk; IORDANSKAYA, E.N., ml. nauchn. sotr.; MENZHINSKIY, Ye.A.; PAVLOVA, M.A., kand. ekon. nauk; VASL'KOV, N.P., kand. ekon. nauk; ARDAYEV, G.B., kand. ekon. nauk; VAL'KOV, V.A., kand. ekon. nauk; TIMASHKOVA, O.K., kand. ekon. nauk; ANDREYEV, TU.K., ml. nauchn. sotr.; FUSHKIN, A.A., ml. nauchn. sotr.; MAKSIMOVA, M.M., kand. ekon. nauk; KIRSANOV, A.V., kand. ekon. nauk; SHEDANOV, A.N., ml. nauchn. sotr.
[Changes in the economic structure of the countries of Western Europe]Izmensetia v ekonomicheskoi strukture stran Zapadnoi Evropy. Moskva, Nauka, 1965. 433 p. (MIRA 18:9)
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IORDANSKAYA, L.N.

[Two operators for processing word groups with "strong control"; for automatic syntactic analysis] Dva operatora obrabotki slovosochetanii s "sil'nym upravleniem"; dlia avtomaticheskogo sintaksi-cheskogo analiza, Moskva, Akad. nauk SSSR, In-t iazykoznaniia, (MIRA 15:5) 1961. 32 p. (Programming languages (Electronic computers))



AUTHOR: <u>lordanskaya</u> , L. N. TITLE: A problem of the automatic synthesis of Russian text: the use of the 3rd person bronoun in the Russian language SOURCE: Ref. zh. Kibern, Abs. 2V429 REF SOURCE: Nauchno-tekhn. inform. Sb. <u>Vses. in-t nauchn. i tekhn. inform.</u> , no. 10, 964, 27-32 TOPIC TAGS: machine translation, linguistics, automatic document analysis ABSTRACT: The rules for replacing the substantive noun with the 3rd person pronoun during ext synthesis are described. These rules are designed for an alphabetic language of the usiness type. The replacement of a noun S ₂ with a personal pronoun is feasible if there exists a noun S ₁ preceding the given S ₂ such that both substantive nouns: 1) are present in the ame or neighboring sentences of a paragraph; 2) have the same stem; 3) exist in the same umbers; 4) either have the same demonstratives (including the predicate with its domonstra- tive) or, for S ₂ , there exists the demonstrative "this" or the adjective of the type "given." $\frac{1/2}{2}$	ACC NR. AR6021347	SOURCE CODE: UR/0372/66/000/002/V065/V065
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