$$\sum_{l=0}^{N} \left[a_{il}(t) \left(\Delta^{l} u \right) + \frac{1}{\pi l} \sum_{l} \frac{K_{il}(t, t_{1}) \left(\Delta^{l} u \right) +}{t_{1} - t} dt_{1} \right] + \\ + \sum_{l=0}^{n-1} \left[b_{il}(t) \left(\Delta^{l} u \right) - + \frac{1}{\pi l} \sum_{l} \frac{P_{il}(t, t_{1}) \left(\Delta^{l} u \right) -}{t_{1} - t} dt_{1} \right] = f_{i}(t), \\ t = 0, \dots, n-1,$$

at infinity the condition

$$\frac{3^{2n-2}u}{\partial z^k dz^{2n-2-k}} = 0(1), z = x + iy,$$

and the conditions of regularity:
All partial derivatives

$$\frac{3z^kdz^m}{3^{m+k}u}$$

Card 2/3

On a boundary value problem for ...

S/044/62/000/001/029/06; C111/C444

are continuous in S^++L for k, m $\leq N+1$, and in S^-+L for k. m $\leq n$. This problem is denoted as the problem T.

The author uses the general complex representation of the regular solutions of the problems (T) by holomorphic functions, and reduces his problem to a linear boundary problem for n couples of piecewise holomorphic functions $Q_k(z)$, $k=0,\ldots,n-1$, which on L satisfy certain

boundary conditions and vanish at infinity (problem (T_1)). The last

problem is reduced in the usual way by use of the integral representation of holomorphic functions, to a system of singular integral equations $K \not\subset = g$ of the normal type for which the theorems of F. Noether are valid; the question of the solvability of the problem (T) leads to the investigation of the solvability of the homogeneous adjoint system $K^{\dagger}V = 0$. The system $K^{\dagger}V = 0$ is again reduced to more simple but equivalent relations.

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

Card 3/3

, *X*

KERIMOV, T. M., CAND PHYS-MATH SCI, BOUNDARY VALUE PROB-LEMS FOR ELLIPTIC EQUATIONS." BAKU, 1961. (COM SA HIGHER AND SEC SPEC ED OF THE COUNCIL OF MINISTERS AZSSR. AZERBAY-DZHAN STATE UNIV IM S. M. KIROV). (KL, 2-61, 199).

-14-

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-R

CIA-RDP86-00513R000721530005-8

GCLIN, F.I. (Bagestanskaya ACSR); FERITOV, U.

White muscle disease in Lambs. Veterinarila At no.2:60-61 F lot.
(HIRA 16:3)

1. Glavnyy vaterinarnyy vrach Rutul'skoy stantsli po bor'de a boleznyami zhivotnykh, Pagestanskaya ACSR (for Kerirav).

ANDRIASYAN, G.K.; KERIMOV, V.M.

Use of local Matsesta procedures in the treatment of certain skin diseases. Vop. kur., fizioter. i lech. fiz. kul't. 28 no.4:357-358 Jl-Ag '63. (MIHA 17:9)

l. Iz kurortnoy polikliniki No.2 v Sochi (glavnyy vrach L.I. Kuznetsova) i Upravleniya bal'neologicheskikh uchrezhdeniy Matsesty (nachal'nik M.V. Logacheva).

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000721530005-8"

DOVZHANSKIY, S.I., kand.med.nauk; MALKIN, I.I.; SMIRNOVA, Ye.P.; KORESHEVA, I.I.; KIBZUN, V.A.; SHAVLAK, L.I.; SAMANCHUK, I.M.; KOKHANOV, Ye.M.; Prinimali uchastiye: KERIMOV, V.M.; LEV, Kh.A.; GULUBEV, A.F.

Combined hydrogen sulfide-radon baths in treating chron'c dermatoses at the Suchi-Matsesta Health Resort. Vest. derm. i ven. 38 no.9:47-51 S *164. (MIRA 18:4)

1. Sochinskiy institut kurortologii i fizicterapii (dir. N.Ye. Romanov) i dermatologicheskiy sanatoriy "Raduga" (glavnyy vrach G.K.Gonsales).

M

KERIMOV Ye, Ch.

USSR/Cultivated Plants. Cereals.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Diol., No 17, 1958, 77598.

Author - Kerimov. Ye. Ch.

: AS AzerbSSR. Inst

: Influence of Mineral Fertilizer on the Biochemical Title

Composition of Grain of Different Varieties of

Wheat in Azerbaydzhan.

Orig Pub: Me'ruzeler. AzerbSSR Elmler Akad., Dokl. AN Azerb-

SSR, 1957, 13, No 8, 893-900.

Abstract: Pata of an experiment, conducted (1952-1954) by

Mamedov at the Karabakh Scientific-Experiment Dase, in dry farming and in irrigation conditions. Watering without fertilizer decreases the quantity of protein and fibrin, butincreases the quantity of starch. The introduction of fertilizer with

: 1/2 Card

CIA-RDP86-00513R000721530005-8" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

KERIMOU, YY. KH.

YUSIF KHANKIShi

Call Nr: AF 1154274

AUTHOR:

Kerimov, Yu. Kh.

TITLE:

We Drill in the Sea (My burim v more)

PUB. DATA:

Azerbaydzhanskoye gosudarstvennoye izdatelistvo neftyanoy i nauchno-tekhnicheskoy literatury, Baku, 1957, 37 pp., 1,000 copies

ORIG. AGENCY:

None given

EDITOR:

Seid-Rza, M.K.; Ed. of the Publishing House: Shteyngel', A.S.;

Corrector: Akhundov, Ch. M.

PURPOSE:

The booklet is intended for specialists in drilling oil and gas wells.

COVERAGE:

The author, a drilling crew chief at Neftyanyye Kamni, relates his personal experiences at the Neftyanyye Kamni oil field. Problems encountered in drilling vertical and deflected wells are described. Recommendations concerning futher possible improvements are made. The author discusses briefly his experience prior to coming to

Neftyanyye Kamni and his subsequent work there. The use of weighting compounds in the drilling fluid is discussed as well as the

Card 1/2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000721530005-8 Call Nr: AF 1154274

We Drill in the Sea (Cont)

introduction of the shortened turbodrills (in deflected wells) and a larger drilling platform from which 24 holes can be drilled. Also discussed are larger containers for transporting the weighting compounds, the use of pipes without internal upsets and with welded joints, which pipes are subsequently used as casing, special three-blade bits, and the use of centralizers. The following engineers are mentioned: Arganov, S.A.; Movsumov, A.A.; Kyazimov, Ya. R.; Seid-Rza, M.K.; Duel', P.A.; Abasov, K.A.; Gadzhiyev, B.A.; Loshkarev, K.I.; Kuligin, N.A.; Karasik, G. Ye.; and Karash, E.B. There are no references and no table of content.

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 2/2

1. KSRIMOV, Yu.M.

2. USSR (600)

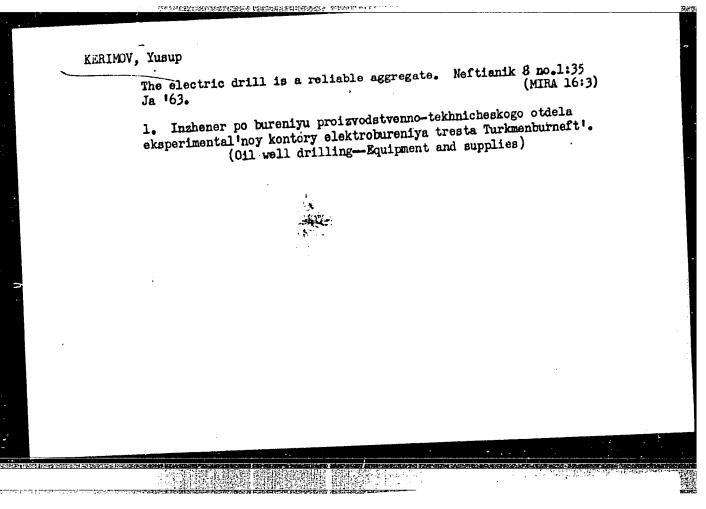
4. Electric Circuit Breakers

7. Experience in repairing air circuit-breakers, Eng. Rab.energ. 3 no. 3, 1953.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, APRIL 1953, Uncl.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

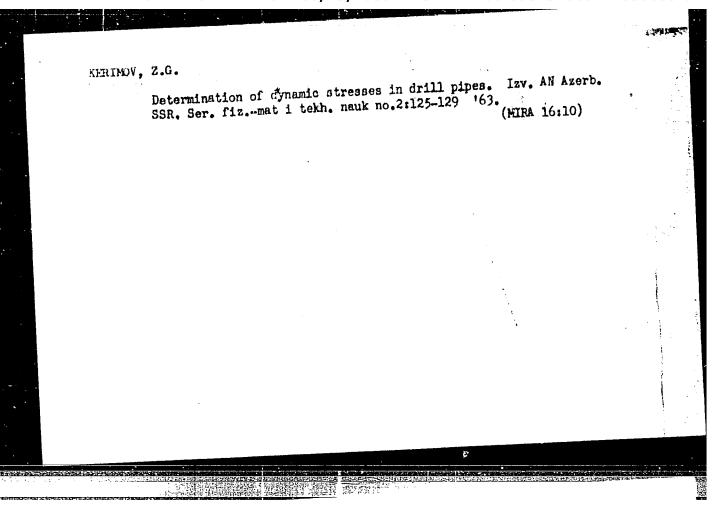
CIA-RDP86-00513R000721530005-8



KERL OV, 2.G.

Longitudinal vibrations of the drill-pipe column. Dokl. AN Amerb. SSR 17 no.8:671-675 '62. (MIRA 1/4:10)

l Institut nefti i khimii imeni N.Azizbekova An AzerbSSR.
Predstavleno akademikom Al AzerBSR Z.I. Khalilovym.
(Oil well drilling)



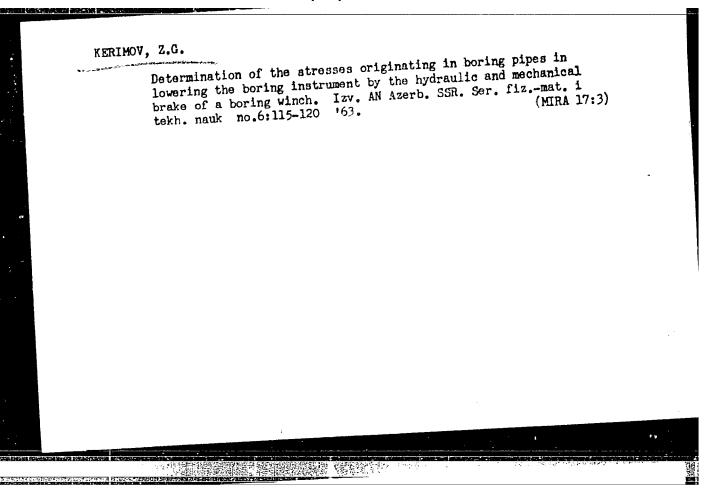
CIA-RDP86-00513R000721530005-8 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

KERIMOV, Z.G.

Determination of the stresses arising in a drilling string while it is being lowered by an elevator or clamps. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; neft' i gaz 6 no.11:23-27 '63. neft' i gaz 6 no.11:23-27 '63.

1. Azerbaydzhanskiy institut nefti i khimii im. M.Azizbekova.

CIA-RDP86-00513R000721530005-8" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000



RASTORCUYEVA, V. S.; BAKAYEV, Ch. Kh.; PIREYKO, L. A.; ISAYEV, M. I.; KERIMDVA, A. ...

"Tipy dvuyazyniya u ipanskikh narodov Sovetskogo Soyuza."

report submitted for 7th Intl Cong, Anthropological & Ethnological Sciences, Noscow, 3-10 Aug 64.

CIA-RDP86-00513R000721530005-8 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

lithologic and reservoir-rock properties of the sediments of the KERIMOVA, A.A. sub-Kirmaki and Kirmaki series of the Buzovny-Hashtagi cil field.

Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; neft! i gaz 7 no.7:19.22 164. (MIRA 17:9)

1. Azerbayázhanskiy institut mefti i kkibál im. M. Azizbekova.

CIA-RDP86-00513R000721530005-8" **APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000**

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP8

CIA-RDP86-00513R000721530005-8

RESERVA, A.A.

Regularities of the spacing of reservoir rocks in the Sub-Kirmaki series of a producing formation in the Apsheron Feningula. Inv. eries of a producing formation in the Apsheron Feningula. Inv. yys. uchab. zav.; neft' i gaz 8 no.2:17-18 165.

1. Azerbaydzhanskiy institut nefti i khimii im. M. Azizbekova.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000721530005-8"

PALATNIK, G.G.; KEHIMOVA, A.A.; KREYNIN, Ye.F.

Determining the oil and gas saturation factor of the rocks of the Kirmaki series based on a study of the Binagady and Chakhnaglyar oil fields. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; neft' i gaz 8 nc.4:13-15 '65.

(MIRA 18:5)

1. Azerbaydzhanskiy institut nefti i khimii im. M. Azizbekova.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000721530005-8"

KERIMOVA, D. N., Cand. Phys-Math. Sci. (diss) "Approximate Sclution of One Border Task for Systems of Ordinary Differential Equations." Baku, 1961, 6 pp (Azerbaydzhan State Univ.) 150 copies (KL Supp 12-61, 251).

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000721530005-8"

	(d) IJP(c)		- no code de Prince que la de decreta manda	
ACCESSION NR:	AP502:2081 44.55	UR/0249/65/	021/005/0008	/0012
AUTHORS: Shaf:	iyev, R. A.; Kerimova, D. N.	44,55	30	
TITLE: Approx	lmate solution of a nonlinear	problem in filtratio	n theory	3
	orbSSR. Doklady, v. 21, no. 5		,	
TOPIC TAGS: ap	proximation calculation, dif	ferential equation	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	authors consider	/	6,44,55	
्रास्त्र स्वर्ग ार ^वै	$\begin{cases} \frac{d^{2}u}{dx^{2}} = f\left(x, u, \frac{du}{dx}, v\right) \\ \frac{dv}{dx} = g\left(x, u, \frac{du}{dx}, v\right) \end{cases}$	(1)		
ubject to				
nd	u(o)=u(b)=0	(2)		
ırd1/2	v(o)=0	(3)		

L 1630-66			in the state of th	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
ACCESSION NR: AP5022081		•		3
They obtain an approximate so method, establish differentia method, and obtain error esti	mates. Orig. art. has:	14 for	mulas.	
of Mathematics, Academy of Sc	iences, Azerbaidzhan SS	IR) 44,5	<u> </u>	
SUBMITTED: 24Jul64	ENCL: 00	-	SUB CODE:	WA
NO RES SOV: 007	OTHER: 001		,	
			•	
			* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
				eti. G
				•
~			-	

1. 17698-66 EWT(m)/T ACC NR: AP6007671 SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/003/0043/0043 INVENTOR: Kuliyev, A. M.; Zeynalova, G. A.K.; Suleymanova, F. G.; Kerimova, F. B.-A. K. Agakishiyeva, A. M.-A. K.; Khiger, V. F. ORG: none TITLE: Preparative method for a multipurpose additive to motor oils. Class 23, No. 178437 [announced by Institute of Petrochemical Processes, AN Azerbaydzhan SSR (Institut neftekhimicheskikh protsessov AN Azerbaydzhanskoy SSR)] SOURCE: Izobreteniya, promyshlennyye obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 3, 1966, 43 TOPIC TAGS: lubricant additive, lubricating oil AESTRACT: An Author Certificate has been issued for a preparative method for an improved multipurpose additive to motor oils. The method involves treatment with phosphorus pentoxide of an alkylphenol-formaldehyde-ammonia condensation product. SUB CODE: 21/ SUBM DATE: 270ct64/ ATD PRESS: 42/0 Card UDC: 621.892.86:546.185

ACC NR: AP7003905

ship of the temperature-heat conductivity of GaS single crystals obtained from gallium monochalcogenides is somewhat weaker than should be expected from the theory of lattice heat conductivity. The heat conductivity of TIS and TITe crystals decreases with an increase of temperature. The heat conductivity of GaS, GaSe, GaTe, InS, and InSe crystals increases at high temperatures (T > 380 to 490°K) due to the appearance of additional heat conductivity. This additional portion of the total heat conductivity increases exponentially for InS and InSe crystals within the high-temperature range T>400 to 480°K, and for GaSe and GaTe up to a certain temperature. According to electrical measurements, the intrinsic conductivity region for the above crystals was not received within the temperature range investigated. The exponential increase and the low value of the activation energy within this range is transfered by excitons. Sharp anisotropy of the heat conductivity is representative of laminated AIII BVI crystals over the whole temperature range investigated. The authors thank Professor G. B. Abdullaev for his valuable advice. Orig. art. has: 1 figure. [NT]

SUB CODE: 20/SUBM DATE: 23Nov66/ORIG REF: 006/OTH REF: 003/

Card 2/2

RZA-KULIYEVA, Kh.M.; GERSHKOVICH, G.M.; KERIMOVA, L.K.; ALIYEVA, S.G.; EFENDIYEV, N.M.

Some data on the state of the ovarian-menstrual and parturient functions in women workers at the Sumgait Synthetic Rubber Flant. Amerb. med. zhur. 42 no. 7:62-64 Jl '65 (MIRA 19:1)

GUSEYNOV, R.N., doktor med. nauk, prof.; KERIMOVA, L.R., klinicheskiy ordinator

Hypochromic anemia in pregnancy. Akush. i gin. 39 no.4166-70 J1-Ag 63 (MIRA 16:12)

1. Iz otdela materinstva Nauchno-issledovatel skego instituta okhrany materinstva i detstva (dir. K.Ya. Farandzheva) Mini-sterstva zdravoekhraneniya Azerbaydzhanskoy SSR.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000721530005-8"

USSR / Microbiology. Human and Animal Pathogens. Corynebacteria.

F

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 2, 1959, 5638.

Author : Kerimova, M. A. Inst : Not given.

Title : Treatment of Diphtheria Carriers with Biomycin According to the Method of Z. V. Yermol'yev

(Author's Report).

Orig Pub: Zh. mikrobiol., epidemiol. i immunobiol., 1958,

No 2, 120.

Abstract: Biomycin and ecmolin were used to treat 79 carriers of diphtheria according to the Yermol'yev method. Of these, 54, 23, and 2 carriers were freed of bacilli after one, two, and three courses of treatment, respectively. Carriers in whom,

Card 1/2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 05/193/2000 Animela Robes 100513R0007 \$\frac{7}{2}\$1530005-8"

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 2, 1959, 5638.

Abstract: pathological changes in the pharynx and nose were absent, were, as a rule, no longer carriers after one course, while those in which there were such changes were free from bacilli only after two, or in rare cases, three courses. -- M. A.

Gruzman.

KERIMOVA, M. A., CAND MED SCI, "MATERIAL ON THE EPIDEWIOLOGY OF DIPHTERIA IN THE CITY OF KIROVABAD." BAKU,
1961. (AZERBAYDZHAN STATE MED INST IN N. NARIMANOV).

(KL, 3-61, 232).

420

AUSLENDER, G. [Auslander, G.] (Ployeshti, Rumyniya); KERIMOVA, M.K. [translator]

The entire of the residue of the second three magnitudes is a subsequent to the second term of the second terms of the second

Expansion of a function into a series and its resolution into continued fractions. Zhur. wych. mat. i mat. fiz. 3 no.3: 565-568 My-Je '63. (MIRA 16:5) (Series) (Functions) (Fractions, Continued)

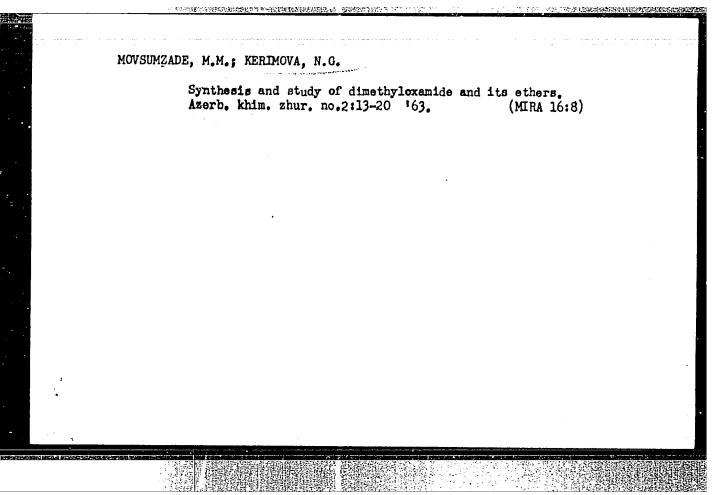
AKHMEDZADE, D.A.; YASNOPOL'SKIY, V.D.; KERIMOVA, M.M.; KRASNOSEL'SKAYA, Ye.A.

Nitrosation of methylcyclohexane and cyclohexanecarboxylic acid. Zhur.prikl.khim. 37 no. 1:228-229 Ja '64. (MIRA 17:2)

AUTHOR: Akhmodzado, D. A.; Iasnopol'skiy, V. D.; Govorkova, Ye. N.; Magerramova, A.D.; Edmedova, D. A.; Aslanova, A. A.; Shabanov, A. L.; Kerimova, M.M. ORG: none 15		93-66 Iri A l	EWP(j)/E 16027273	T(m)/T	IJP(c) (A)	RM/WW Source	E CODE:	UR/0191/66/00	00/001/0012	/0015
TITIE: Organophosphorus stabilizers for polypropylene SOURCE: Plasticheskiye massy, no. 8, 1966, 12-15 TOPIC TAGS: organic phosphorus compound, polypropylene plastic, chemical stabilizer ABSTRACT: Thirtoon different organophosphorus compounds were synthesized and tested as stabilizers of thermal and light aging of polypropylene. All were found to be better as thermostabilizers, except one, which was also effective against light aging. Analysis of the data from the standpoint of the structure of the compounds tested indicates that organophosphorus slabilizers for polypropylene should be prepared from alkyl phenols rather than esters of salicylic acid. Because of natural aging, in air after the action of the stabilizer has coased, the mechanical strength of polypropylene decreases; in this connection, the effect of the same stabilizers on secondary polypropylene was observed. It is shown that by suitably selecting the stabilizer and its concentration, one can effectively improve the aging properties of secondary polypropylene. The organophosphorus compounds act not only as stabilizers, but in some cases also promote		RI Akl	modzado, l	D. A.; Ya nova, A.	snopol'sk A.; Shaba	iy, V. D.;	Govorko Kerimo	va, Ye. N.; M.	gerramova,	A. D. \$
TOPIC TAGS: organic phosphorus compound, polyprorylene plastic, chemical stabilizer ABSTRACT: Thirteen different organophosphorus compounds were synthesized and tested as stabilizers of thermal and light aging of polypropylene. All were found to be better as thermostabilizers, except one, which was also effective against light aging. Analysis of the data from the standpoint of the atructure of the compounds tested indicates that organophosphorus stabilizers for polypronylene should be prepared from alkyl phenols rather than esters of salicylic acid. Decause of natural aging, in air after the action of the stabilizer has coased, the mechanical strength of polypropylene decreases; in this connection, the effect of the same stabilizers on secondary polypropylene was studied, and a slight diminution of the effectiveness of the stabilizer was observed. It is shown that by suitably selecting the stabilizer and its concentration, one can effectively improve the aging properties of secondary polypropylene. The organophosphorus compounds act not only as stabilizers, but in some cases also promote			k a a k a s	ma stabl	14 707 50	m nolumeon	•	estambles (Control of the Control of	B	
ABSTRACT: Thirteen different organophosphorus compounds were synthesized and tested as stabilizers of thermal and light aging of polypropylene. All were found to be better as thermostabilizers, except one, which was also effective against light aging. Analysis of the data from the standpoint of the structure of the compounds tested indicates that organophosphorus stabilizers for polypropylene should be prepared from alkyl phenols rather than esters of salicylic acid. Pecause of natural aging, in air after the action of the stabilizer has coased, the mechanical strength of polypropylene decreases; in this connection, the effect of the same stabilizers on secondary polypropylene was studied, and a slight diminution of the effectiveness of the stabilizer was observed. It is shown that by suitably selecting the stabilizer and its concentration, one can effectively improve the aging properties of secondary polypropylene. The organophosphorus compounds act not only as stabilizers, but in some cases also promote							LUIIU			
stabilizers of thermal and light aging of polypropylene. All were found to be better as thermostabilizers, except one, which was also effective against light aging. Analysis of the data from the standpoint of the structure of the compounds tested indicates that organophosphorus stabilizers for polypropylene should be prepared from alkyl phenols rather than esters of salicylic acid. Because of natural aging, in air after the action of the stabilizer has coased, the mechanical strength of polypropylene decreases; in this connection, the effect of the same stabilizers on secondary polypropylene was studied, and a slight diminution of the effectiveness of the stabilizer was observed. It is shown that by suitably selecting the stabilizer and its concentration, one can effectively improve the aging properties of secondary polypropylene. The organophosphorus compounds act not only as stabilizers, but in some cases also promote										:
Cord 1/2 UDC: 678.742.3:678.048.9	stabil as the sis of that of phonol the ac crease pylene observing	lizers ermosts f the corganor ls rathetion cos; in o was vod.	of thermal abilizors, data from the phosphorus for the stal this connectudied, as It is shown actively in	l and lig oxcopt o the stand stabilizestors of bilizer hection, t and a slig n that by	ht aging no, which point of ors for p salicylic as coased he offect ht diminu suitably aging p	of polyproperson was also the structure of the sale tion of the sale troperties	bylene, offective offective of the shoul course of onical so on stable offect the sta offect	All wore four against light compounds to be prepared instural aging trongth of polizors on sectiveness of the bilizor and it dary polyprop	nd to be built aging. tosted indiferent alkyl gin air af lypropylene endary poly e stabilize to concentry ylene. The	tor Analy- catos tor do- pro- r was ation,
	Card	1/2		.,		UDC	678.742	.31678.048.9		
THE REPORT OF A CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE		v Gorneson					in president	numicaus de la company	examination in the second	

		CH, P-	ont effective of	CH. /			
			C.H. C.H.	♥),			
ì	has: 2 tables 07,11/ SUBM	,	ORTG REF. 00	2	•		
305 0005	···	****** !!\!!\!	71744 IND 1 001	•		•	

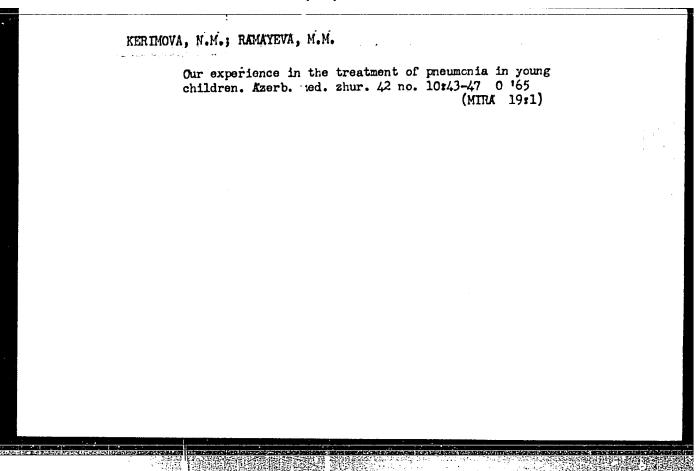
				•			
-				•			
:			•				
Gord 2/2	<u>.</u>						•
Card 2/2	i de la companya de l	الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله	e d Adopte Por a actual time of		- 44		-



KERIMOVA, N.I.

Effect of furfural in selective refining of petroleum oils on the excretion of uropepsin. Azerb. med. zhur. 42 no. 7: 57-62 J1 '65 (MIRA 19:1)

1. Iz Nauchno-issledovatel skogo instituta gigiyeny truda i professional nykh zabolevaniy imeni M.M. Efendiyeva Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya (nauchnyy rukovoditel zav. kafedroy gigiyeny truda s kursom professional nykh zabolevaniy Azerbaydzhanskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni Narimanova - dotsent B.A. Shekhtman).



PISHNAMAZZAEB, B.F.; SHIKHALIYEVA, R.A.; KERIMOVA, R.M.; KAMBAROVA, S.S.

Synthesis of di-(3-chloro-2-butene) ester of phthalic acid by reesterification. Amerb.khim.shur. no.4:38-41 (65. (MIRA 18:12)

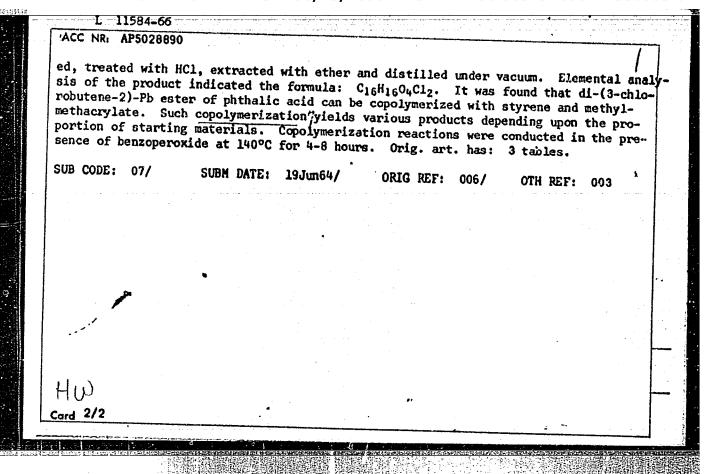
1. Institut neftekhimicheskikh protsessov AN AzSSR.

PISHNAMAZZADE, B.F.; GASANOVA, Sh.D.; KERIMOVA, R.M. Alkylation of some chloromethyl esters of carboxylic acids with 1butene and 1-pentene. Dokl. AN Azerb, SSR 19 no.11:23-29 '63.

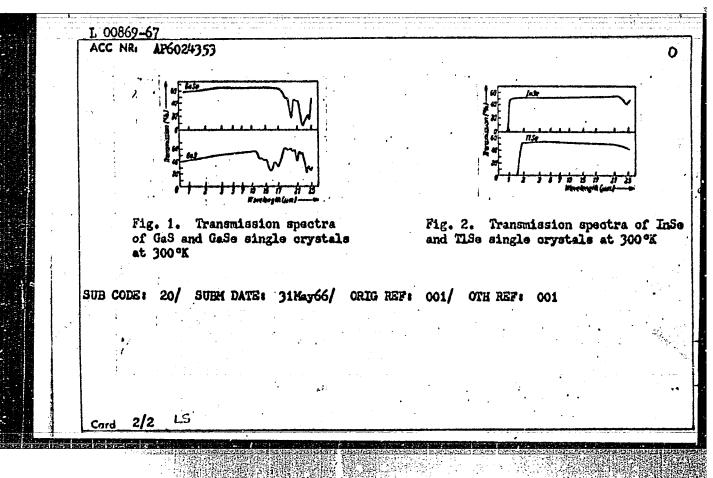
1. Institut neftekhimicheskikh protsessov AN AzerSSR. Predstavleno akademikom AN AzSSR M.F. Nagiyevym,

CIA-RDP86-00513R000721530005-8" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

A L 11584-66 ENT(m)/EWP(J) RPL MW/RM
ACC NR: AP5028890 SOURCE CORE: UR (0.315 (55 (0.00 (0.00)))
AUTHOR: Pishnamazzade, B. F.; Shikhaliyeva, R. A.; Kerimova, R. H.; Kamberova, S. S.
OFG: INKhP AN AzerbSSR TITLE: Symthesis of di (2 ch)
TITLE: Synthesis of di-(3-chlorobutene-2)-Pb ester of phthalic acid by ester inter-
43
SOURCE: Azerbaydzhanskiy khimicheskiy zhurnal, no. 4, 1965, 38-41
TOPIC TAGS: phthalic acid, esterification, chlorinated organic compound, polymerization, copolymer, ester
ABSTRACT: The object of the study was to find optimum conditions for using 1,3-di- chlorobutene-2, a byproduct of the commercial production of chloroprene in this syn- thesis. The 1,3-dichlorobutene-2 was first converted to 3-chlorobutene-2-ol-1 by sapo- nification with a 10% solution of Na ₂ CO ₃ ·A 87% yield (theory based on reacted dimethyl phthalate) of di-(3-chlorobutene-2)-Pb ester of phthalic acid was obtained using the following ester interchange technique: a mixture of 16 parts of 3-chlorobutene-2-ol-1 with absolute diethyl- and dimethyl esters and phthalic acid was heated for 30 minutes at 50°C under agitation and the product settled for 66 hours. The molar ratio of starting phthales to 3-chlorobutene-2-ol-1 was 1:10. About 0.1023-0.1123 moles of metallic sodium were used per mole of starting alcohol. The reaction product was wash-
Card 1/2



L 00869-67 T/EWP(t)/ETT IJP(c) JD/JO SOURCE CODE: GE/0030/66/016/001/K015/K016 ACC NRI AF6024353 AUTHOR: Akhundov, G. A.; Kerimova, T. G. ORG: Institute of Physics, Academy of Sciences of the Azerbaydzhan SSR, Baku TITLE: Infrared absorption of AIIIBVI single crystals SOURCE: Physica status solidi, v. 16, no. 1, 1966, K15-K16 TOPIC TAGS: gallium compound, sulfide, selenide, indium compound, thallium compound, semiconductor single orystal 21 21 ABSTRACT: Transmission spectra of GaS, GaSo, InSo, and IlSo single crystals in the 0.75-25 µ range were recorded at 300 % with an infrared spectrometer (see Fig. 1 and 2). It is apparent that GaS and GaSo have wide transmission ranges, 0.75-14 u and 0.75-17 μ respectively, and absorption bands at 14-25 μ . The intensity of these bands does not vary from sample to sample even if impurities are introduced, indicating that these bands are probably due to lattice vibrations. The spectra of InSe and TiSe elso show a wide range of transparency. In contrast to GaS and GaSe, the fundamental absorption edge in the case of InSe and TLSe lies in the infrared spectral region. forbidden gap width determined from the fundamental absorption edge is 1.2 and 0.8 eV for InSo and TISe respectively. Authors thank Dr. G. B. Abdullayey for many helpful discussions. Orig. art. has: 2 figures. Card 1/2



KERIMOVA, Ye.S. (Leningrad, Lermontovskiy pr., d.8A, kv.10)

Case of surgical treatment of adrenal pheochromocytoms. Vop.onk, 3 no.3:361-364 '57. (MLRA 10:8)

1. Iz khirurgicheskogo otdeleniya (zav. - prof. A.A.Rusanov) bol'nitay im. Chudnovskogo (glavn. vrach - A.Shakunov) (PHMCCHROMOCYTOMA, case reports surg. (Rus))

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000721530005-8"

THE THE REPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY

KERIHOVA, Ye.S.

Ruptures of the duodenum caused by contused wounds [with summary in English]. Thirurgiia 34 no.7:25-31 J1 58 (MIRA 11:9)

1. Iz khirurgicheskogo otdelaniya Leningradskoy bol'nitsy imeni Chudnovskogo (glavnyy vrach A.N. Shakunov), nauchnyy rukovoditel -deystvitel'nyy chlen AMN SSSR zaslyzhenyy deyatel' nauk general-mayor A.V. Mel'nikov [deceased].

(DUCDENUM, wounds and injuries
tears caused by blunt abdom, trauma (Rus))
(ABDOMINAL WALL, wounds and injuries
blunt trauma causing tearing of duodenum (Rus))

```
EERIMOVA, Ye.S. (Leningrad, Lermontovskiy pr., d.8-a, kv.10)

Subcutaneous rupture of the intestine. Vest.khir. 80 no.5:73-80
My '58

1. Iz khirurgicheskogo otdeleniya klinicheskoy bol'nitsy im.
Chudnovskogo (glavnyy vrach A.N. Shakunov, nauchnyy rukovoditel'
- prof. A.V. Mel'nikov).

(INTESTINUS, rupture,
subcutaneous (Rus))
```

KERIMOVA, Ye. S. (Leningrad, Lermontovskiy pr., d. 8-a, kv. 10); GLUZBARG, B. Te.

Gastric tuberculosis simulating cancer. Yop. onk. 5 no.1:115-117 159. (MIRA 12:3)

1. Klinicheskaya bol'nitsa imeni Churnovskogo (glavnyy vrach - A.N. Shakunov, nauchnyy rukovoditel' - deystvitel'nyy chlen AMN SSSR z.d.n. General-mayor med. sluzhby A.V. Mel'nikov [deceased] (STOMACH NEOPIASMS, differ. diag. tuberc. (Rus.))

(TUBERCULOSIS, GASTROINTESTINAL, differ. diag. cancer of stomach (Rus.))

Leningrau, 1960, 15 pp (Leningrau Peciatrics Medical Institute) (KL, 56-60, 117)

KERIMOVA, Yelena Sergeyevna; KOROVIN, A.S., red.; SAFRONOVA, I.M., tekhn. red.

[Closed intestinal injuries] Zakrytye povrezhdeniia kishok. Leningrad, Medgiz, 1963. 126 p. (MIRA 16:5) (INTESTINES-WOUNDS AND INJURIES)

KERIMOV, Z.A.; BAYASANOV, D.B.

Investigating the dynamics of the outlets to the gar-regulator stations in long-distance gas transportation systems. Izv. vys. upheb. zzv.; neft! I gaz 7 no.12:93-97 'At (MIRA 18:2)

1. Azərbaydzhanəkiy politekimiebeskiy institut.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000721530005-8"

MADATOV, E.Kh.; KASUMOVA, G.M.; KERIMOVA, Z.A.

Mineralogical composition of clays in the Kala series. Azerb.neft.khoz.
37 no.12:10-11 D '58. (MIRA 12:3)

(Apsheron Peninsula--Clay)

MUSAYEV, I.M.; ADZHALOVA, S.S.; KERIMOVA, Z.A.

[1] 2] 18 作品的自己的基础的现在分词是这种是是特别的。 计定时程序

Revised data on oil-reservoir rocks in the horizon 1 of the Kyurovdag producing formation. Azerb.neft.khoz. 37 no.12:19-22 D '58. (MIRA 12:3)

(Ali-Bayramly District -- Petroleum geology)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000721530005-8"

KERIMOVA, MUSTAFAYEVA, N.H.

Abdominal syndrome in lambliasis in children. Azerbaidzh. med. zh. 6:55-59 Je 63 (MIRA 17:1)

Asst, Chapproved For Release: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000721530005-8"
Dissertation: "Use of Naphthalane on Children Suffering from Rickets." Cand Med Sci,
Azerbaydzhan State Medical Inst, 21 Jun 54. (Bakinskiy Rabochiy, Baku, 12 Jun 54)

SO: SUM 318, 23 Dec 1954

KERIMOW, B.		
		1.60%
Distr: hE3e 2 cys The Theory of Dirac Particles With Oriented Spin Sokolow, A.; und Kerimow, B. Zur Theorie der Dirac- Teilchen mit orientiertem Spin. Ann. Physik (7) 2 (1958), 46-53. The wave functions which describe polarized Dirac particles are written down and are used to discuss polarization effects in β-decay and pion decay. P. W. Higgs (London)	/	

TIMOYEYEV, V.I., inchener; KERIMIADE, A.S., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; KULIYEV, I.P., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk.

Inadequacies of the All-Union Standard People's Commissariat of Heavy Industry 7687/663 edict "Welding joints and metals." Vest.mash. 33 no.11: 88-90 N '53. (Welding-Standards)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000721530005-8"

	615.917
	. K4
Opyt Skorostnoy Svarki Metallokonstruktsiy Morskikh Neftepron High-speed Welding of Metal Construction of Marine Oil Industry Kerimzade, I. P. KULIYEV, I V. I. TIMOFEYEV. Baku, Aznefteizda (42) P. Illus., Diagrs., Tables. Bibliography: P. 140-(142)	y Installations, By) A. S.
	•

KERIMZADE, Abutalyb Samedovich: KULIYEV, Israfil Piri ogly; TIMOFEYEV, Viadimir Ivanovich; AGAIAROV, F.T., red.; GONCHAROV, I.A., vedushchiy red.

[Rapid welding of metal structures at off-shore installations] Opyt skorostnoi svarki metallokonstruktsii morskikh neftepromyslovykh soorushenii. Baku, Asmefteisdat, 1954. 141 p. (MIRA 11:5) (Welding)
(Petroleum industry--Equipment and supplies)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000721530005-8"

ISKENDERZAIE, A.M.; KERIMZADE, A.S.; MAYDEL'MAN, N.M.; TIMOFEYEV, V.I.;
ESISTAN, B.M.

Automatic pipe welding under flux in the construction of foundations for offshore drilling stations. Azerb. neft. khoz. 36 no.12:39-40
D '57.

(Pipe--Welding)
(Oil well drilling, Submarine--Equipment and supplies)

SOV/137-58-11-22843

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal. Metallurgiya, 1958, Nr 11, p 145 (USSR)

AUTHORS: Kerim-Zade, A.S., Timofeyev, V. I.

TITLE:

The Selection of Welded Joints and Welding Methods for Joining of Gas Pipes Operating Under a Pressure of 250 at (Vybor tipa soyedineniya i sposoba svarki stykov trub gazoprovoda dlya davleniya 250 at)

PERIODICAL: Novosti neft. tekhn. Neftepromysl. delo, 1958, Nr 2, pp 33-36

Torch welding or threaded connections (for pipes of 14, 20, and ABSTRACT:

24 mm in diameter) as well as manual arc welding (for pipes of 70, 102, and 108 mm in diameter) are recommended for joining gas pipes operating under a pressure of 250 at. The pipe sections of a gas line at the "Karadagneft" construction site were assembled in accordance with these recommendations; the pipe line is being

operated successfully at the present time.

B. K.

Card 1/1

CIA-RDP86-00513R000721530005-8" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

Folarization-optical method for studying strains (photoelasticity).
Amerbaneft.khos. 37 no.8:46 Ag '56. (MIRA 11:11)

(Photoelasticity) (Strains and stresses)

KULIYEV, I.P.; TIMOFTYEV, V.I.; KERIM-ZARE, A.S.

Joining pipes in laying and repairing subaqueous pipelines.

Azerb. neft. khoz. 38 no.6:46-47 Je '59. (MIRA 12:10)

(Pipe fitting)

KERIMZADE, A.S.; AKHMEDOV, B.M.

Cyclical tenacity of the metal sucker rods for deep pumps. Azerb.

neft. khoz. 39 no.1:45-46 Ja '60. (MIRA 14:8)

(Sucker rods)

\$/137/62/000/005/116/150 A006/A101

10,7460

Kerimzade, A. S., Emedov, B. M.

TITLE:

AUTHORS:

On the limited durability of metals

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, no. 5, 1962, 97, abstract 51595 ("Dokl. AN AzerbSSR", 1961, v. 17, no. 9, 779-783, Azerb.; Russian summary)

TEXT: A new method is described of determining the limited durability of metals; this method is distinguished by the low amount of time consumed for testing 2-3 specimens in a speeded-up way. It is based on the testing of standard specimens to circumferential plain bending with continuous increasing amplitude of alternating stresses (at a constant rate of loading). It was established that the "power versus time of stress effect" dependence curves obtained by testing medium-carbon steels, may be replaced by a parabola with < 3% error in the value of plastic work. A formula is derived to determine the service-life index of the metal:

$$N = [n (6_{max} - 6_w)^3/3 k 6_w^2 (m - 1)^2]$$

Card 1/2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000721530005-8"

On the limited durability of metals

S/137/62/000/005/116/150 A006/A101 ·

where N is the number of cycles, which the specimen withstands at stresses over $\widetilde{b_W}$ depending on $\widetilde{b_W}$ of the metal, cyclic strength limit $\widetilde{b_{max}}$, coefficient of overload m, loading rate k. and the number of cycles per minute, n. Service-life curves are presented, plotted with the aid of the equation derived from data of testing 40 y (40U) and 20 XH (20KhN) grade steel. It is shown that 20KhN steel has a shorter service-life than 40U steel; this is confirmed by experience in operating depth-pump rods manufactured of this steel. There are 4 references.

A. Romanov

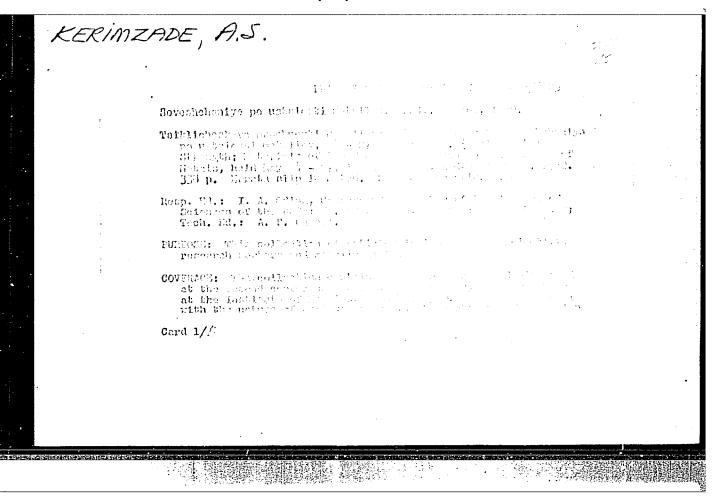
[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

KERIMZADE, A.S.; CHISTYAKOVA, I.R.

Diagrammatic mechanism with a large scale recording for attachment to the universal machines of hydraulic action. Zav.lab. 27 no.5:618 '61. (MIRA 14:5)

l. Azerbaydzhanskiy nauch-issledovateliskiy institut neftyanogo mashinostroyeniya.

(Testing machines)



15

Cyclic Metal Strength (Cont.)

sov/6025

and growth of fatigue cracks, the role of plastic deformation in fatigue fracture, an accelerated method of determining fatigue strength, the plotting of fatigue diagrams, and various fatigue test methods. New data are presented on the sensitivity of high-strength steel to stress concentration, the effect of stress concentration on the criterion of fatigue fatiure, the effect of the size factor on the strength of metal under cyclic loads, and results of endurance tests of various machine parts. Problems connected with cyclic metal toughness, internal friction, and the effect of corrosion media and temperature on the fatigue strength of metals are also discussed. No personalities are mentioned. Each article is accompanied by references, mostly Soviet.

TABLE OF CONTENTS:

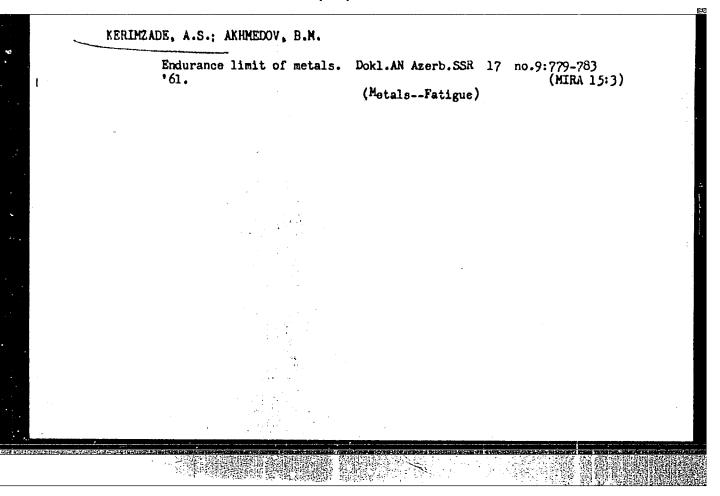
en enger

NATURE OF PATIGUE PRACTURE

Oding, I. A. Diffusionless Mechanism of Formation and Growth of a Fatigue Crack Card 2/2

3

Cyclic Metal Strength (Cont.)	ov/6025
Shapiro, Ye. A. Investigation and Calculation of the End- Limit of Coiled Springs	urance 291
Kerimzade, A. S. New Accelerated Method of Testing the Endurance of Metals and Its Application in Establishing Rational Way of Strengthening Deep-Pump Rods	a 300
Zil'berg, Yu. Ya. Fatigue Failure of the Aluminum Antifriction Layer of Bimetallic Bushings in Diesel Engis	nes 318
Baranova, N. B. On the Service Life of a Thin-Wall Cast Under Cyclic Load	Part 323
Papshev, D. D. Increasing the Fatigue Strength of Machine Parts by Strengthening Their Surface Layer With Ball Burnishing	e 331
AVAILABLE: Library of Congress	-
SUBJECT: Metals and Metallurgy Card 9/9	DV/wrc/ldc 8/13/62
	0/13/02



S/137/62/000/012/049/085 A006/A101

AUTHOR:

Kerimzade, A. S.

TITLE:

A new rapid method of metal endurance testing and its use in establishing an efficient method of strengthening deep-well pump rods

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurmal, Metallurgiya, no. 12, 1962, 102 - 103, abstract 12I633 (In collection: "Tsiklich. prochnost' metallov", Moscow, AN SSSR, 1962, 300 - 317)

TEXT: The author describes a new accelerated method of metal endurance tests during smooth mechanical loading for the purpose of using this method for investigating the cyclic strength of deep-well pump rods and to find a method for their strengthening. A special fatigue-test machine was developed for the cyclic loading of a specimen by plain bending during the smooth increase of the bending moment (the kinematic and electric diagrams of the machine are given and described). The assemblies for the smooth loading of the specimen and for the leveling of the loading lever, are equipped with automatic electric motors

Card 1/2

A new rapid method of metal endurance testing...

S/137/62/000/012/049/085 A006/A101

and are operating automatically. The power, consumed for rotating the specimen, is recorded with the aid of a self-recording watt-meter. The processing of the curve obtained makes it possible to determine parameters of cyclic strength, such as the endurance limit, cyclic ductility, the plastic deformation work, etc., i.e. to analyze simultaneously the complex of properties, characteristic of the metal fatigue. A number of experimental data are presented on the basis of which the possibility is shown of using torsion in the ductile range for strengthening the components which are subjected during operation to the effect of periodical tensile forces, in particular, the pump rods. It is established that the torsion method is the most effective as compared to the existing methodn of mechanically strengthening the pump rods (cold hardening, ductile tension, metal-shot blast, and roller working). In strengthening "20", XH (KhN) and 40 y (40U) grade steel pump rods by torsion, they can be subsequently zincplated by the thermo-diffusion method (at 460°C for 2.5 hours) for the purpose of corrosion protection. As a result of strengthening the given pump rods (the residual torsion angle is then several tens of revolutions) and subsequent zinc-plating, the static strength of the rods and their durability increase by not less than 40%. There are 19 references. [Abstracter's note: Complete translation] L. Gordiyenko Card 2/2

S/277/63/000/001/013/017 A052/A126

AUTHOR:

Kerimzade, A.S.

TITLE:

New accelerated method of endurance testing of metals and its application to determining a rational process of strengthening

bore-hole pump rods

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, otdel'nyy vypusk, 48, Mashinostroitel'nyye materialy, konstruktsii i raschet detaley mashin, no. 1, 1963, 29, abstract 1.48.214 (In collection: "Tsiklich. prochnost' metallov." M., AN SSSR, 1962, 300 - 317)

TEXT: A new accelerated method of endurance testing of metals at a gradual increase of the loading moment has been worked out. The loading at a pure bend is performed automatically. The curve of the power used for rotating the sample is recorded by a recording device. All fatigue strength characteristics can be determined from the obtained curve: endurance limit, cyclic toughness, plastic work and cyclic strength limit. The possibility of applying plastic torsion to

the strengthening of elements subjected during service to the action of tensile

Card 1/2

5/277/63/000/001/013/017 A052/A126

New accelerated method of ...

forces, in particular pump bars, has been established. It has been established that at the torsional strengthening of pump bars, their subsequent corrosion-protecting thermodiffusion zinc-coating (at 460°C, 2.5 hour holding) is possible. When strengthening bars with a subsequent zinc-coating their static strength and endurance increase by not less than 40%. For 40Y (40U) and 20XH (20KhN) steel the degree of the increase of endurance due to plastic torsion strengthening is in general higher than when three kinds of work hardening, - by tension, torsion and roller burnishing, - are combined. There are 19 references.

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

Card 2/2

ACCESSION NR: AT4014048

8/3073/63/000/000/0165/0169

AUTHOR: Kerimzade, A. S.; Akhmedov, B. M.

TITLE: A new method for the determination of the limited wear resistance of metals

SOURCE: Prochnost! metallov pri peremenny*kh nagruzkakh; materialy* tret'yego soveshchaniya po ustalosti metallov, 1962 g. Moscow, Izd-vo AN SSSR, 1963, 165-169

TOPIC TAGS: wear resistance, limited wear resistance, durability, metal durability, machine part lifetime, plastic deformation, overload

ABSTRACT: A new method for determining the lifetime of moving metal machine components is proposed. The method described can be used to predict expected lifetime at any overloading of the components, using a standard sample specimen. The basis for the calculation is provided by the diagram representing the functional relationship between the power W necessary to revolve the component through a single revolution, and the time t of operation of the cyclic loading on the component. The following relationship is assumed: W = at², where a is an absolute constant. The area under this curve characterizes the work of repeated plastic deformation. It was found that there exists a real degree of overloading, characterized by the ratio & max/6 w where & w = the

Card 1/3

ACCESSION NR: AT4014048

strength of the metal and d max = the limit of its cyclic strength. If the cyclic yield of the metal is attained, then after removing the overloading the power versus time curve becomes a N horizontal straight line. Removing the load does not affect the work done by repeating the plastic deformation. This work can be done by the plastic deformation expressed by:

$$S = W t_m = \frac{a t_{max}^3}{3} \,, \tag{1}$$

and the lifetime of the component by:

$$N = nt_m = \frac{ant_{max}^2}{3W}.$$
 (2)

$$N = \frac{n (a_{\max} - a_W)^6}{3 K a_W^4 (m - 1)^4}$$
 (3)

where s = the work done by the second plastic deformation,

t_m = time of overloading, n = number of revolutions per minute,

m = the coefficient of overloading and

K = the rate of the load increase.

2/3

APPENDED TO THE

ACCESSION NR: AT4014048

The method was applied satisfactorily to steel 40U and 20 ChN and led to the conclusion that the second steel was poorer than the first as a machine component material. Orig.

ASSOCIATION: None

SUBMITTED: 00

DATE ACQ: 20Feb64

SUB CODE: MM NO REF SOV: 008

ENCL: 00

OTHER: 002

Cord 3/3

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000721530005-8"

KERNWARS, A.F.; AKEMERS, N.M.; MAINTVARIDES, Z.G.; ASYERCY, U.M.

Determining the engagementa degree of hardening for surface rolls.

North, i meth. over. no.5:14-19 '65. (RIRA 1816)

1. Aperlygizhanskiy mandano-issledovatel'skiy institut nertyanogo meshinostroyeniya.

KERIMMADE, K. G.; ALEKPEROVA, I. I.

"Nekotorye dannye o prirode shtamma virusa 'baky-7s', vydelennogo iz syvorotki bol'nykh infektsionnym gepatitom."

report presented at Symp on Virus Diseases, Moscow, 6-9 Cat 64.

Nauchno-issiedovatel'skiy institut EMIG, Saku.

KELIK-MEL, K. G.

1691. Doyatvie Champolennogo Maftalana Ma Immunologicheskuyu kaaktivnost! Organizma. Bakv, 1954. 160. 19an. (Azerbaydoh. Gos. Med. In-T). 100 MMZ. Ecopl.-(54-54568)

SG: Enizhmaya Letopia', Vol. 1, 1955

KERIM-ZADE, K.

Experimental materials on the study of epidemic hepatis. Report No. 1: The role of some viruses isolated in epidemic hepatitis. Vop.virus.7 no.5:582-586 S-0 '62. (MIRA 15:11)

1. Institut epidemiologii, mikrobiologii i gigiyeny, Baku. (HEPATITIS, INFECTIOUS—MICROBIOLOGY)

AND THE PROPERTY OF STREET AND STREET AND AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P

ALEKPEROVA, A.D., nauchnyy sotrudnik; KERIMZADE, K.G., kand.med.nauk

Ophthalmomyiasis caused by gadfly larvae. Azerb.med.zhur. no.7:80-81 (MIRA 12:12)

1. Iz Azerbaydzhanskogo nauchno-issledovatel skogo oftal mologicheskogo

(EYE DISEASES AND DEFECTS) (MYIASIS)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000721530005-8"

MEDZHIDOV, B.F.; KERIM-ZADE, K.G.

Epidemiology of infectious hepatitis in the Azerbaijan S.S.R. Vop.virus. 7 no.6:744 N-D '62.' (MIRA 16:4)

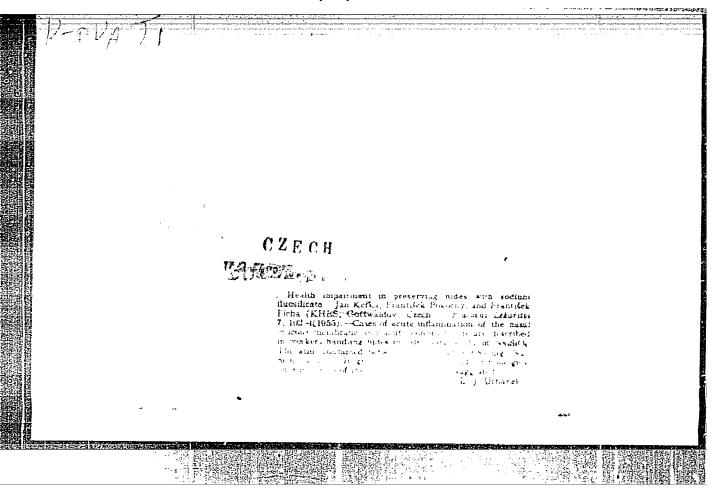
1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut epidemiologii, mikrobiologii 1 gigiyeny Azerbaydzhanskoy SSR. (AZERBAIJAN-HEPATITIS, INFECTIOUS)

Pharyngoconjunctival fever in a children's boarding school in Baks. Azerb. med. zhur. 41 no.11:69-73 N '64.. (MHA 18:12)

1. Submitted Jan. 17, 1964.

KERIM-ZADE, K.G.

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut epidemiologii, mikrobiologii i gigiyeny, Azerbaydzhanskoy SSR.



SYKOROVA, D.; STRZONDALOVA, H.; KERKA, J.

Expresences in the analysis of causes of low dental caries incidence in children from children's homes in the district of Karvinna. Cesk. stomat. 65 no.3:220-227 My'65.

1. Detske zubni stredisko nemocnice s poliklinikou v Karvine; Oddeleni hygieny vyzivy Obvodniho ustavu narodniho zdravi v Karvine.

Hygienist and his role in control of absenteism in disease. Cesk. xdravot. 4 no.10:621-623 Oct 56.

1. Lekar-hygienik KMES, Gottwaldov.
(INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE, absenteism control (Cz))

KERKADZE, L.A.

Use of some biochemical tests at the nursing age in various forms of pneumonia. Soob. AN Gruz. SSR 35 no.2:325-332 Ag 164.

(MIRA 17:12)

KERKAPOLY, E. - Vol. 5, no. 5, May 1955. May! p. 165. - Kozlekedestudomanyi Szemle.

New methods in tamping ballast. p. 166.

SO: Monthly list of East European Accessions, (EEAL), LC, Vol. 4, No. 9, Sept. 1955

Uncl.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000721530005-8"

KERKAPOLY, E.

Reilroad-building conference held in Tatranska Lomnice. p. 131.

KOZLEKEDESTUDCMANYI SZEMLE. (Kozlekedes-es Kozlekedesepitestudomanyi Egyesulet) Budapest, ihingary, Vol. 9, No. 3, Mar. 1959.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EFAI) LC, Vol. 8, No. 7, July 1959. UNCL

UNYI, B., Kandidat der technischen Wissenschaften; KERKAPOLY, E.

Walding of switches into jointless railway tracks. Acta techn Hung 44 no.1/2:51-72 *63.

1. Ministerium fur Verkehrs und Postwesen, Budapest (for Unyi). 2. Lehrstuhl fur Eisenbahnbau und -Betrieb, Technische Universität fur Bau- und Verkehrswesen, Budapest (for Kerkapoly).

BALOGH, Tibor, tudomanyos munkatars; GYIMESI, Ede; KERKAPOLY, Endre, egyetemi docens; HORVATH, Laszlo Gabor, dr.

Again a conference on transportation. Auto motor 17 no.23:3-5 6

1. Road Research Institute, Budapest (for Balogh). 2. Division Chief, Central Statistical Office, Budapest (for Gyimesi). 3. Head, Aptitude Testing Station, Hungarian State Railways, Budapest.

History and lessons from forestation in sandy soil in the vicinity of Szeged. p. 433. (AZ ERDO, Budapest, Hungary), Vol. 3, No. 12, Dec. 1954. So: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (SEAL), 10, Vol. 4, No. 5, May 1955, Uncl.

s/196/62/000/024/006/014 E194/E155

AUTHORS:

Papp, István; Kerpely, Kálman; Huszty, Dénes;

Kerkay, Andorné

TITLE:

A method of preparing anisotropic permanent magnets

from barium ferrite

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Elektrotekhnika i energetika, no. 24, 1962, 4, abstract 24 B 29 P. (Hung. pat.

no. 148045, February 15, 1961)

TEXT: The blank of Ba0.6Fe203 is heat-treated in granular form with a mean particle size greater than 6 microns, the fraction of 6 - 12 microns size being less than 50% by weight. The powder is shaken in a periodically varying but unidirectional magnetic field not exceeding 500 Oe. After pressing in a magnetic field of the same direction and magnitude, the blank is demagnetised in a decreasing alternating field and heat-treated. Sintering is carried out at 1300-1350 °C for more than one hour, with subsequent heat-treatment for 3 - 15 hours at 600-1000 °C.

Card 1/1

Abstractor's note: Complete translation.

KERKENIAKOV, N.

Mechanization of construction-facing work. p. 11.

RATSIONALIZATSIIA. Vol. 6, no. 2, Feb. 1956

Sofiia, Bulgaria

SOURCE: East European Accessions List (EEAL) Library of Congress, Vol. 6, No. 1, January 1957

KERKENIAKOV, N.

KERKENIAKOV, N. For a wider introduction of rationalization in construction. p.16.

Vol. 6, no. 3, Mar. 1956 RATSIONALIZATSILA Sofiya, Bulgaria

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EEAL), LC, Vol. 5, No. 10 Oct. 1956

KERKENIAKOV, N.

KERKENIAKOV, N. For the rational use of wood building materails. p. 7. Vol. 6, no. 7, July 1956. RATSIONALIZATSIA. Sofiia, Bulgaria

SOURCE: East European Accessions List (EFAL) Vol 6, No. 4--April 1957

KERKENIAKOV, N.

"Problems of rationalization measures in the construction industry."
p.8 (Ratsionalizatsiia, Vol. 7, no. 3, Mar. 1957, Sofiia, Bulgaria)

Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 7, No. 8, August 1958

KEPKENTAKOV, N.

"Using waste materials in liquid mixtures for construction."

p. 9 (Ratsionalizatsila) Vol. 7 no. 5, May 1957 Sofiia, Bulgaria

SO: Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) IC. Vol. 7, no. 4, April 1958

KERKENIAKOV, N.

"Machine for taking slaked lime from Lime pit."
p.25 (Ratsionalizatsiia, Vol. 7, no. 3, Mar. 1957, Sofiia, Bulgaria)

Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 7, No. 8, August 1958

KERKENIAKOV, N.

"Small cart for transporting and assembling vibrating parts."
p.26 (Ratsionalizatsiia, Vol. 7, no. 3, Mar. 1957, Sofiia, Bulgaria)

Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EFAI) LC, Vol. 7, No. 8, August 1958

KERKENIAKOV, N., arkh.

Some suggestions for cost reduction in building. Ratsionalizatsiia 11 no.12:15-17 '61.

KERKENIAKOV, N., arkh.

Prefabricated dwelling building. Nauka i tekhn mladezh 14 no.3:3-4 Mr 162.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000721530005-8"

