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UTHOR :	None Given	30-8-37/37
ITLE:	New Books (Novyye knigi).	
REIODICAL:	Vestnik Akademii Nauk SSSR, Vol. (USSE)	
ABSTRACT :	45 Kop. A basic system for the	as, Jooo copies. Price 29 Roubles, lassification of cultivated plants. logical regions of the earth.
	The Fauna in the USSR and its No. The Different Species of Whales. 1957, 756 pp., 2500 copies, price material on results obtained by in the waters of the Aleutes and	Author: Tomilin, A. G., Moscow Author: Tomilin, A. G., Moscow A Poubles Go Kop. Collected research, expeditions of whalers the Baring Sea. Special expe-
	Report on the Expedition Undert Edition VII: Agriculture on the 222 pp., with illustrations, 13 Description of Results Obtained by	aken by the Aral-Kaspian Expedition. Lower Amu-Darys, Noscow 1957, on copies, price 13 Ronbles to Kop. Expeditions in 1951/1953
	Report on the Expedition Undert	aken by the Aral-Kaspian Expedition Lower Amu-Darya, Moscow 1957, og copias, price 13 Rombles to Kop Arpeditions in 1951/1953

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## New Books

CALL 2/8

# 30-8-37/37

The Development of Tet Flantations in Aserbaydshap, Mesecu, 1957; : 410 pp. 850 copies, price 25 Roubles 25 Kop.

Works on the General Perspectives of Development of Tea Cultures in Subtropical Regions.

Kusnetsov, B. G.; The Bases of the Theory of Relativity and of Quantum Mechanics, published by the Institute for the Research of the History of Natural Science and Technology, 1957, 328 pp. Goee copies, price 13 Roubles 50 Kop.

Works carried out by the Institute for the Research of the History of Matural Science and Technology, Moscow 1957, 532 pp, 3000 copies, 23 Roubles.

Works by S. I. Vavilov (on optics, on the work of Lomonosov and Newton. Several hitherto unpublished works by Vavilov and his bibliography).

Kopanev. A. I., The Population of St. Petersburg at the Beginning of the XIX Century. Published by the Library of the AN.

S. P. Dappev: The History of the Development of St. Petersburg in the first quarter of the XVIII Century. Published by the library

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KOPANEV, German Viktorovich; POPOV, V.I., kand.tekhn.nauk, otv.red.; VOLYNSKAYA, V.S., red.izd-va; IEGOROVA, N.F., tekhn.red.

> [Underground and surface waters of the Buryat A.S.S.R. as a source of agricultural water supply ! Podsemnye i poverkhnostnye vody Buriatskoi ASSR kak istochnik sel'skokhoziaistvennogo vodosnabsheniia. Moskva, Izd-vo Akad.nauk SSSR, 1960. 150 p. (MIRA 13:9)

(Buryat-Mongolia--Water supply, Rural)

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KOPANEV, I.D.

"Influence of Forest Belts Upon the Retention of Snow."

SO: "Problems of Agricultural and Forest Climatology." No 44(106), 1954, page 113.

#### CIA-RDP86-00513R000824510001-0

KOPANEV, I.D., kandidat geograficheskikh nauk; BUDYKO,M.I., doktor, fiziko-matematicheskikh nauk; MAKSIMOVA,I.G., redaktor; BRAYNINA, M.I., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Effect of shelterbelts on the distribution of snow cover in the arid area of the European part of the Soviet Union] Vliianie lesnykh polesashchitnykh polos na raspredelenie sneshnogo pokrova v sasushlivoi zone evropeiskoi territorii SSSR. Pod red.M.I.Budyko. Leningrad, Gidrometeorologicheskoi izd-vo, 1955. 65 p. (Snow) (Windbreaks, shelterbelts, etc.) (MLRA 9:1)

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NGREERSA		
	KOPANEV, 1.D.	
	3(7) PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION SOV/1732	
-	Leningrad. Glavnaya geofizicheskaya observatoriya	
	Metodika meteorologicheskikh nablyudeniy (Methodology of Meteorological Observations) Leningrad, Gidrometeoizdat, 1956. 153 p. (Series: Its: Trudy, vyp. 61 /123/ 1,400 copies printed.	
	Sponsoring Agency: USSR. Glavnoye upravleniye gidrometeorologicheskoy sluzhby	
	Ed. (title page); Z.I. Pivovarova, Candidats of Geographical Sciences; Ed. (inside book): Ye. I. Oksenova; Tech. Ed.: K.F. Shumikhin.	
	PURPOSE: This collection of articles is intended for meteorologists serving with the hydrometeorological network in the Soviet Union.	i i
	COVERAGE: The publication contains scientific articles on the methods of meteorologic observations and on the procedure of testing meteorological instruments. The possibility of reducing the errors	
	Card 1/4 5	

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000824510001-0"

 $1, \mathcal{O}$ KOPANEY, 49-4-20/23 Temperature and humidity of the air above dried out AUTHOR: Kopanev, I. D. marshlard. (Temperatura i vlazhnost' vozdukha na PERIODICAL: Izvestiya Akademii Nauk, Seriya Geofizicheskaya, TITLE: ABSTRACT: In view of the extensive efforts to put under cultivation dried out marshland, the author believes that availability of quantitative data on the hydrometeorological regime in Buch dried out marshes is of considerable interest. In this paper he describes the features of the summer regime of the temperature and the air humidity above such dried out marshland on the basis of material collected in the summer of 1955 by an expedition of the Chief Geophysics Observatory (Glavnaya Geofizicheskaya Observatorii). The region under consideration is a plain consisting mainly of peat layers with thicknesses of up to 4 m. For comparison, quantitative data on the temperature and humidity of the air are given for dry land and for two peat-bog fields which were dried by means of internal drainage during a period of four years. All the investigated fields consisted of grassland. The Card 1/2 numerical data are entered in tables and on the basis of CIA-RDP86-00513R000824510001-0 APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001

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KOPANEV, I.O. P.> PHASE I BO

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

SOV/3603 SOV/2-M-96

Leningrad. Glavnaya geofizicheskaya observatoriya

Voprosy metodiki meteorologicheskikh nablyudeniy i nablyudeniya v Antarktide. (Problems of Meteorological Observation Methods and of Observations in Antarctica) Leningrad, Gidrometeoizdat, 1959. 105 p. (Series: <u>Its:</u> Trudy, vyp. 96) Errata slip inserted. 1,200 copies printed.

Sponsoring Agency: U.S.S.R. Glavnoye upravleniye gidrometeorologicheskoy sluzhby pri Sovete Ministrov.

Ed. (Title page): Z.I. Pivovarova, Candidate of Geographical Sciences; Ed. (Inside book): T.V. Ushakova; Tech. Ed.: N.V. Volkov.

PURPOSE: The publication is intended for meteorologists working in offices of the Hydrometeorological Service and in hydrometeorological stations.

COVERAGE: This is a symposium of 11 articles, published as No. 96 of the Transactions of the Main Geophysical Observatory imeni A.I. Voyeykov. Several articles are devoted to special features in the distribution of meteorological

Card 1/3

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Problems of Meteorological (Cont.) SOV/3603	
elements and the radiation condition in the USSR and in Antarctica. Oth articles analyze methods of meteorological and actinometric observations and the processing of their results. References are given at the end of each article.	8
TABLE OF CONTENTS:	
Rusin, N.P. Radiation Balance of the Snow Surface of Antarctica	3
Rusin, N.P. Horizontal Drift of Snow in Antarctica	31
Smirnov, S.A. Special Features of the Formation and Certain Charadteristic of the Snow Cover in Banger's Oasis	св 38
Kopanev, I.D. Air Temperature in Antarctica	45
Kopanev, I.D. Precipitation Measurements in Antarctica	48
Pivovaroya, Z.I. and T.T. Pleshkova. Actinometric Observations in the USSF during the International Geophysical Year	R 52
Kaulin, N.Ya., and M.S. Zanina. Method of Measuring the Snow Cover $^{\ell}$	61
Card 2/3	







Fogs and snow hase in Antarctica. Inform. biul. Sov. antark. eksp. no.10:18-19 '59 (MIRA 13:3)

1. Glavnyy geofizicheskaya observatoriya. (Antarctic regions--Atmospheric transparency)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000824510001-0 Ċ KOPAHEV, I.D., kand.geograficheskikh nauk Blissards in Antarctica. Inform.biul.Sov.antark.eksp. no.13:21-24 '59. (MIRA 13:8) 1. Glavmaya geofizicheskaya observatoriya. (Antarctic regions---Blissards) 

CIA-RDP86-00513R000824510001-0

# PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION SOV/4366

Snezhnyy pokrov antarktidy (The Snow Cover of Antarctica) Leningrad, Gidrometeoizdat, 1960. 142 p. 1,200 copies printed. Kopanev, Ivan Dmitriyevich

Sponsoring Agencies: Glavnaya geofizicheskaya observatoriya imeni A. I. Voyeykova; Glavnoye upravleniye gidrometeorologicheskoy

sluzhby pri Sovete ministrov SSSR.

Resp. Ed .: V. M. Shapayev; Ed .: V. S. Protopopov; Tech. Ed .: A. N. Sergeyev.

PURPOSE: This book is intended for meteorologists and other specialists concerned with the study of the snow cover in polar

COVERAGE: The book discusses the formation and characteristics of the Antarctic snow cover. The author describes its physical, mechanical, radiation, thermal and other characteristics and discusses the interrelationship between the processes of its formation and the heat and moisture balance in the atmosphere. The effect of the snow cover on the meteorological regime of Card 1/4 マン

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#### CIA-RDP86-00513R000824510001-0

21958 S/010/60/000/006/003/004 3,5100 A053/A130 AUTHOR: Kopanev, I.D. TITLE: Turbulent heat exchange Izvestiya Akademii nauk SSSR, seriya geograficheskaya, no. 6, 1960, PERIODICAL: 85 - 90 The article deals with the results of experimental investigations TEXT: pertaining to the turbulent heat exchange between the atmosphere and the snow covered surface at "Mirnyy". The article, based on the work conducted by the author during the 2nd Antarctic expedition in 1957 - 1958, aims at giving a qualitative appraisal of the turbulent heat exchange, exposing its peculiarity and changeability. The plateau, on which the observation instruments were installed, constituted an ice field covered with 85 cm of snow. Air temperatures were taken at 0.25, 0.5, 1.0, 2.0, 5.0 and 10 m; wind velocity was measured at 0.25, 0.5, 1.0, 2.0 and 5.0 m; temperature and relative humidity of the air were measured at 0.5 and 2.0 m. The following is the analysis of the material of gradient observations, which feature the thermic processes in the atmosphere close to the ground. The lower atmospheric layer is under influence of special conditions: Card 1/6

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### CIA-RDP86-00513R000824510001-0

Turbulent heat exchange

21958 S/010/60/000/006/003/004 A053/A130

The top underground layer constitutes a field of ice and snow, which hardly ever changes its temperature and, therefore, contributes to a large extent to lowering the temperature of the air near the ground. Thus the air closest to the ground is coldest. Table 1 gives a vertical profile of the air temperature at Mirnyy in 1957. The cooling effect of the snow surface is such, that even the considerable speed of the wind does not bring about a change of conditions. The gradient of air temperature has, therefore, a downward trend the whole year round, attaining a maximum during the winter and a minimum in the summer. As far as the wind regime in the coastal region is concerned, it has a distinctly anticyclonic character, connected with the antarctic anticyclone over the snow-ice plateau and the belt of low pressure of the portion adjacent to the cean. This circulation is backed up by the inflow of chilled air from the continent and obtains the downward movement by force of gravity along the slope toward the sea. Around the coastal and continental stations south-easterly and easterly winds predominate during the year, they are also the strongest. Table 2 gives the wind velocities during summer and winter in Mirnyy at different altitudes. Up to an altitude of 2 m the wind velocity shows little change, it increases rapidly only after 2 m; however, the increase in speed only takes place as far as the lower layers of the troposphere. Turbulence, which is the basic factor of atmospheric heat exchange,

Card 2/6

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Ξ.

#### CIA-RDP86-00513R000824510001-0

**3/0)0/60/000/006/003/004** A053/A130 Turbulent heat exchange in which  $\Delta t$  is the difference in temperatures at the altitudes  $z_2$  and  $z_1$ ;  $U_1$  is the wind velocity at altitude  $z_1$ . Other tables show the intensity of heat exchange between atmosphere and ground, the underlying layer per month in Mirnyy and monthly totals of the turbulent heat exchange between the atmosphere and the underlying ground layer in Mirnyy in 1957. From these tables it is evident that in view of cyclonic activity and advaction of warmer air masses in coastal regions the intensity of thermic flow in winter is twice or three times as great as in summer. A second peculiarity consists in the fact that the turbulent thermic flow is directed downward during the whole year. The intensity of turbulent flow 's in Mirnyy four to five times greater than near Leningrad under a thick cover of snow. The author concludes that as a result of the experimental data obtained, it can be affirmed that: 1) the distribution of temperatures and the vertical velocity in the atmosphere adjacent to the ground at the antarctic coast conform to logarithmic rules. Temperature gradients in conjunction with high wind velocities are comparatively small in terms of absolute values; 2) the influence of the snow cover on the thermic and wind regimes is particularly pronounced in the layer of atmosphere adjacent to the ground up to a height of 10 m; 3) the roughness  $(z_0)$  of the snow cover is less pronounced as compared with snow covers in more temperate latitudes of the northern hemisphere; 4) the turbulent flow in Card 4/6

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AUTHOR:	Kopanev, I.D.			
TITLE: PERIODICAL: TEXT: turbulent fric methods develo (Principal Geo terizing the f in a time unit coast reaches	Referativnyy zh abstract 9 B561 itsii, 1960, no A quantitative ction ini the Antar oped at the Glavna ophysical Observat Force, with which t, are given. Tur values larger th	ion in the Antarctic urnal. Mekhanika, no. (Inform. byul. sov. ). 17, 9-11) estimation of space v rctic is given, made aya geofizicheskaya 1 tory). Tables of quar the air stream acts rbulent friction on t an those in the centr tion is stronger than agnitudes of turbulent away of the particles	variability of according to aboratoriya ntities, charac- on a surface unit the Antarctic ral regions. Dur- during summer	
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#### CIA-RDP86-00513R000824510001-0

S/169/61/000/010/017/053 D228/D304

AUTHOR: Kopanev, I. D.

Heat charactoristics of snow in Antarctica

TITLE:

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal, Geofizika, no. 10, 1961, 51-52, abstract 10V345 (Inform. byul. Sov. antarkt. ekspeditsii, no. 22, 1960, 40-41)

TEXT: Determination of the heat- and temperature-conductivity of snow was made with the help of a thermoprobe designed by D. L. Laykhtman. The thermoprobe is a frame of insulating material with heating filaments stretched over it and two conductors with hot copper-constantan thermocouples. The heat conductivity, the temperature conductivity, and the heat capacity of the medium between the heater and the junction are deterheat from the retardation of the phase from a two-minute impulse and from the greatest heating that is achieved at a definite distance from the heater. Snow in the Antarctic is characterized by a low heat-conductivity,

Card 1/2

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# CIA-RDP86-00513R000824510001-0



Role of evaporation in Antarctica. Inform. biul. Sov. antark. eksp. no.33:32-34 '62. (MIRA 16:2)

1. Glavnaya geofizicheskaya observatoriya. (Antarctic regions—Evaporation)

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KOPANEV . L.D.

Rationalization of snow-measuring observations at a hydrone terelogical network. Trudy ThilNIGMI no.13:47-52 163.

1. Glavnaya geofizicheskaya observatoriya im. A.I.Voyeykova.

KOPANEV, I.D.

Role of meteorological conditions in the formation of snow-ice Role of meteorological conditions in the formation of one-10-surfaces in Antarctica. Probl.Arkt.i Antark. no.14:47-52 '63. APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001 CIA-RDP86-00545R600824510001











KOPANEV, I.D.

Temperature conditions of soils during the cold season. Pochvovedenie no.6:97-103 Je '65. (MIRA 18:1 (MIRA 18:11)

1. Glavnaya geofizicheskaya observatoriya imeni Voyeykova. Submitted Sept. 18, 1963.

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ORG: Main Geoph	ysical Observator	y (Glavnaya geo	fizicheskaya oc	Belaronitia		
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	AUTHOR: Kas'yan, I.; Kopanev, V.; Lebedev, V.; Khlebnikov, G.; Kolosov, I.	•
	ATTIMOP. Kas'van, I.; Kopanev, V.; Lebeauv, V.;	
	AUTHOR: May D	1
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1	ORG: none TITLE: On an airplane in a state of weightlessness. Results of research	•
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	ABSTRACT: Cosmonaut training finguts in enters of the trainees during various body that, are described. Some physiological parameters of the trainees during various body that, the flight are discussed. One series of tests performed on a dynamometer showed that, the flight are discussed. One series of tests performed on a dynamometer showed that, compared to horizontal flights, during weightlessness the amount of maximum muscular compared to horizontal flights, during weightlessness the right hand and $\frac{1}{4}$ 2 kg for	
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	fine coordination motion one movement. Although no distuption most cosmonauts showed	÷
	system during weightlessness. The coordination work time for each test, the mass ob- fine coordination movements, recorded the total work time for each test, the mass ob- fine coordination movements. Although no disruption in coordination was ob- errors, and the time of one movement. Although no disruption in coordination was ob- errors, and the time of one movement. Although no disruption in coordination was ob- errors, and the time of one movement. Although no disruption in coordination was ob- errors, and the time of one movement. Although no disruption in coordination was ob- errors, and the time of one movement. Although no disruption in coordination was ob- errors, and the time of one movement. Although no disruption in coordination was ob- errors, and the time of one movement. Although no disruption in coordination was ob- errors, and the time of one movement. Although no disruption in coordination was ob- errors, and the time of one movement. Although no disruption in coordination was ob- errors, and the time of one movement. Although no disruption is common disruption in coordination was ob- errors, and the time of one movement. Although no disruption is common disruption in coordination was ob- some lag in the speed of execution of motor acts. Orig. art. has: 2 figures. [JS]	
	served when these need of execution of motor acts. Urig. also have	4
	some lag in the speed of	
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"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000824510001-0 YAZDOVSKIY, V.I.; KAS'YAN, I.I.; KOPANEV, V.I. Basic problems in studying weightlessness. Frotl., kosm. biol. 3:37-58 '64.

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-	in the second	
	ACCESSION NR: AT4037696 \$/2865/64/003/000/0250/0268	
	AUTHOR: Altukhov, G. V.; Kopanev, V. I.	
	TITLE: Effects of statokinetic stimuli on certain functions of the organism	
	SOURCE: AN SSSR. Otdeleniye viologicheskikh nauk. Problemy* kosmicheskoy biologii, v. 3, 1964, 250-268	
	TOPIC TAGS: Coriolis acceleration, manned space flight, rotation, electro- encephalography, electrocardiography, skin galvanic reaction	
	ABSTRACT: A study has been made of the effects on human subjects of three types of statokinetic stimuli (quick head movements, slow rotations on a chair, and of statokinetic stimuli (quick head movements, slow rotations on a chair, and Coriolis accelerations). EKG, EEG, skin-galvanic reaction, blood pressure, and coriolis accelerations). EKG, EEG, skin-galvanic reaction, blood pressure, and respiration rate were recorded. Subjective reports of persons tested were also taken into account. The experiments showed that the effect of statokinetic stimuli is to increase the pulse rate and blood pressure. EKG intervals shortened, stimuli is to increase the pulse rate and blood pressure. EKG intervals shortened, and the amplitude of the T and R spikes decreased. Bioelectric changes in the cortex recorded by EEG indicated the development of adaptive processes on the part of the central nervous system. Results differed with the ability of the subject	
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ACCESSION NR: AP4037622		
a she blood during wers"		
TITLE: Circulation of the biologicheskaya, no. 3, 1964, SOURCE: AN SSSR. Izv. Seriya biologicheskaya, no. 3, 1964,	.*	
352-368 Theredynamics, circulation		
annual the authors review data construide rockets in the 1949 the		*
the first fights manned spaceflight one and orbital flights func- period to the last manned spaceflight of and orbital flights func- Data collected during these high-altitude and bioelectrical activity of pulse frequency, arterial pressure, and bioelectrical activity of pulse frequency, arterial pressure, and bioelectrical activity of the heart (EKG). An analysis of these data indicates an absence of the heart (EKG). An analysis of these data indicates three types corious disruptions of circulation of the blood. Weightlessness, frequency.		
the heart (line) to solve the serious disruptions of circulation of circulation, causes three types serious disruptions of up to 5 days in duration, causes three types whether short-term or up to 5 days in duration in pulse frequency, of reactions. The first is a distinct reduction in pulse frequency of reactions. The first is a distinct reduction is sometimes lower accompanied by a reduction of arterial pressure (sometimes lower		
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han at sea le	AP4037622 vel). A secon and a small i snificant chan	d type manifests ncrease in blood lges. The reduct by and arterial p	itself in an pressure. Th ion, under wei pressure accomp	increase e third ghtless anied by	
ondition, of in increased 1 of the normalizardiovascular	ability of som tration rate of system can be	f indices of func e explained by a d (this is the d	tional state of lowaring of the irect effect of	te hydro- te weight- yser systems	
lessness) and (the indirect and 10 tables ASSOCIATION:	effect of wei	in the functioninghtlessness). O			
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Card 2/2				<u>\_</u>	



### CIA-RDP86-00513R000824510001-0

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26465 S/177/60/000/008/002/002 D264/D304

AUTHOR: Kopanev, V.I., Major, Medical Services

TITLE: The problem of dark adaptation under rocking

PERIODICAL: Voyenno - meditsinskiy zhurnal, no. 8, 1960, 76 - 81

**TEXT:** This paper reports the results of experiments performed to determine the progress of dark adaptation under the influence of rocking movements, and the influence of short - duration illumination or the sensitivity and lability of the eye under normal conditions, and after rocking. Dark adaptation under these conditions is of great importance during night flying and driving. The experiments were carried out in a dark chamber mounted on a swing. In the control experiments there was a 25 minute primary adaptation period and a 10 minute standard illumination period (using V certain time intervals the optical rheobase, chronaxy, topaxy (threshold of spatial summation) and the critical fusion interval were measured. After 50 minutes of the secondary adaptation a bright illumination was given Card 1/5

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### CIA-RDP86-00513R000824510001-0

26465 The problem of dark adaptation... S/177/60/000/008/002/002 (700 lux at the eye) for 1 minute. During the following 40 minutes the restoration of sensitivity was studied, using the above mentioned indices. The same indices were used under the experimental conditions, when rocking was applied at the rate of 16 - 17 per minute for 30 minutes after the standard illumination. Other conditions were the same as in the control shown in Figs. 1 and 2. Similar results were obtained in experiments with observed. The author points out that. according to 5 w Were

observed. The author points out that, according to S.V. Kravkov, rocking acts as an indirect stimulus on the sense organ, influencing its sensitivipicture of the changes in sensitivity the author combines the three characteristics - rheobase J, chronaxy t, and topaxy  $q_1$  - in a single graph, were interval also influences the sensitivity. P.O. Makarov [Abstractor's note: L is called the lability of the sense organ,  $\alpha$  is the critical fusion if the val , as a measure of functional mobility. The experiments show that  $t_{1}$  is

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## CIA-RDP86-00513R000824510001-0

4 . \$/0216/63/000/006/0880/0891 AP 4000985 ACCESSION NR: 5 Kas'yan, I. I.; Kopanev, V. I. AUTHORI TITLE: Weightlessness and artificial gravity 1963. Seriya biologicheskaya, no. 6, SOURCE: AN SSSR. Izvestiya. Ì 4 880-891 TOPIC TAGS: weightlessness, space orientation, spacesickness, sensory disturbance, cardiovascular system, respiratory system, tachycardia -----ABSTRACT: Data obtained in experiments with animals indicate the following pattern of changes in vegetative indices induced by the į. state of weightlessness: a tendency toward tachycardia and an increase in the respiration rate in the early stages of weightlessness. These changes were not pathological, which indicates that the organism is highly adaptable to the conditions of weightlessness. Information obtained from the flights of the Soviet cosmonauts proved that the human organism is able to tolerate weightlessness up to five days without suffering ill effects. The work capacity 1/2 Card

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ACCESSION NR: AP4000985			
of the cosmonauts was not their seats. However, whi ing," their activity was ground stations or with	limited practically to o	communicating with its showed the	
same general pattern of Exposure to weightlessne and changes in the respi gradually returned to no lessness, but the resist be found to counteract t	response to the state proc ss of short duration proc ratory system. These fur rmal under the effect of ance to overloads was re- he harmful effect of wei-	iuced tachycardia actional changes prolonged weight- duced. Means must ghtlessness in w developing the	
	organism or by technical ng artificial gravity on	spaceships may	é
SUBMITTED: 16Feb63	DATE ACQ: 09Dec63	ENCL: 00	
SUB CODE: AM	NO REF SOV: 037	OTHER: 050	
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L\_8825-65 EEO-2/EWG(1)/FSF(L)/FSS-2/ERG(=)/ERT(1)/FS(+)-3/EEC(E)-2/ EWG(v)/ENG(a//EWG(c) Po=4/Pe=5/Po=4/Pac-4/Fae-2/P1-4/Pb-4 AFTC(a)/AKD/ AFTC(b)/AFETH/SSD/AEDC(a)/ESD(gs)/ESD(U)/ESD(si) TT/DD/RD/GW ACCESSION NR: AP4045101 s/0216/64/0c0/005/0677/0689 AUTHOR: Kas'yan, I. I.; Kopanev, V. L.; Yuganov, Ye. H. Z TITLE: Motor reactions during weightlessness SOURCE: AN SSSR. Izvestiya. Seriya biologicheskaya, no. 5, 1964, 677-689 Y ZOPIC TAGE: weightlessness, manned space flight, man, guinea pig, rat, parabolic flight, coordination, muscular control ABSTRACT: The authors review 23 Soviet and 23 Western sources dealing with physiological responses to weightlessness and include photographs and tables indicating the response of man (Nikolayev, By Kovskiy, et al) and animals (dogs, guinea pigs, and rate) to parabolic and orbital flights. Tables show the motor activity and muscular coordination of human test subjects during Keplerian flights. It is concluded that weightlessness slove down motor functions, although there are no overt indications of discoordinariva. Orbital space flights have indicated that functions involving Card 1/2

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na da terre da la comunicación de la comunicación de la comunicación de la comunicación de la comunicación de la comunicación de la comunicación d la comunicación de la comunicación d	ACCESSION NR: AP404			
	under weightless con musculature is decre	n, such as writing, are ditions. Bicelectric ac ased in intact animals u	ctivity of some ske inder weightless co	letal
	animals. Motor disr	y altered in decerebrate uption appears to be a f	function of the fir	ation 2018
•	of the organism duri	ng weightlessness. Repo crease in motor disturbs	area exposure to w	ctical state
	nurposes, the motor	activity of astronauta of	iid not change duri	ng
	weightlessness. when	they were in a fixed po	sition. However,	in free
	floating conditions.	even the simplest task	was rendered diffi	cult.
	The authors stress t	he need for experiments	dealing with the p	hystor
	flogical responses of	man and animals to proj ables and 8 figures.	onged weightlessne	
	ASSOCIATION: none			
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	Card 2/2			
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YAZDOVSKIY, V.I.; KAS'YAN, I.I.; KOPANEV, V.I.

Physiological responses of astronauts to overloads and weightlessness. Izv. AN SSSR Ser. biol. 29 no.1:12-31 Ja-F'64 (MIRA 17:3)

1. Institute of Normal and Pathological Physiology, Academy of Sciences of the U.S.S.R., Moscow.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001



L 27410-05 FSS-2/ENG()/ENT(1)/ENG(r)/FS(v)-3/ENG(v)/ENG(a)/ENG(c) ED S/0216/65/000/001/0010/9017 ACCESSION NR: AP5003896	
AUTHOR: Kas'yan, I. I.; Kopanev, V. I.	
TITLE: On the physiological mechanisms of the effect of any 7	
human organism	e.
human organism Source: AN SSSR. Izvestiya. Seetsa biologicheskaya, no. 1, 1965, 10-17	
TOPIC TAGS: weightlessness, physiological effect, wan, or reprint the second se	
in order to be able to human organisms. It has been round to here may	
af ect the reception of light signals (appearance of vellow); it may disrupt the	
objects and increases receipting affect certain vegetative rate etc.); and	
objects and increased reception of the may affect certain vegetative functions (rec.); and coordination of movements; it may affect certain vegetative functions (rec.); and of the frequency of cardiac contractions, reduction of blood pressure, etc.); of the frequency of cardiac contractions, reduction of blood pressure, etc.); of the frequency of cardiac contractions, reduction of blood pressure, etc.); of the frequency of cardiac contractions, reduction of blood pressure, etc.); of the frequency of cardiac contractions, reduction of blood pressure, etc.);	
coordination of movements; it may altern , reduction of blood pressure, titov). of the frequency of cardiac contractions, reduction of blood pressure, titov). it may lead to motion sickness (as it did in the case of the cosmonaut Titov). There have been only partial explanations of the mechanism of weightlessness on the	
There have been only parties.	
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L 27410-65	
L 27/10-65 ACCESSION NR: AP5003896 human organism up to the present time. In studying the reactions of the cardio- vascular system under conditions of weightlessness, <u>R. M. Bayevskiy</u> and O. G. Gazeu- ko came to the conclusion that the circulatory system adapts itself to weightless- ness in distinct stages and that the vagus nerve plays a dominant role in this adaptation. <u>V. N. Chernov</u> and <u>V. I. Yakovlev</u> feel that retardation of adaptive adaptation of the nervous centers which control circulation and respiration. <u>V. Parin</u> , O. G. Gazenko, and <u>V. I. Yazdovskiy</u> have concluded that sensory dis- ruptions are due to altered afferentation from the labyrinth organ. <u>Ye. M. Yuganov</u> ruptions are due to altered afferentation from the labyrinth organ. <u>Ye. M. Yuganov</u> considers that weightlessness does not result in a functional "switching-off" of considers that weightlessness does not result in a functional "switching-off" of ive, the cummation of neural processes which arise may lead to the appearance of symptoms of motion sickness. I. I. Kas'yam and V. I. Kopanev feel that the effects of symptoms of motion sickness. T. I. Kas'yam and V. I. Kopanev feel that the effects of the body, the tissues, and the organs. This entails a reduction in the hydrastatic the body, the tissues, and the organs. This entails a reduction from the skin re- the otoliths, etc. This, in turn, causes unusual afferentation from the skin re- the otoliths, etc. This, in turn, causes unusual afferentation from the skin re- the otoliths, etc. This, in turn, causes unusual afferentation from the skin re- the otoliths, etc. This, in turn, causes unusual afferentation from the skin re-	
the otoliths, etc. This, in turn, causes unusual afferentation from other analyzers. ceptors, the vestibular receptors, the interoceptors, and from other analyzers.	

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L 276-05-AP5003896 ACCESSION NR: This change in afferentation affects the functional condition of the central nervous system and the coordinated operation of antivzers. This change in the functional condition of the central nervous system causes a change in efferentation which affects all the organs of functional systems of the organism. This results in what the authors call the indirect res lts of weightlessness: hemodynamic shifts, disruption of the biomechanics of ext, mal respiration, disruption of motor activity, disruption of the function of analyzers (vestibular, tactile, interoceptive, etc.), sensory illusions, development of motion sickness, and an increased vegetative lability. V. V. Baranovskiy, M. D. Yemel'yanov, and A. G. Kuznetsov have found support for the assumption that various analyzers act as parts of a single f mctional system by determining that vestibular-vegetative reactions became more pronounced during stimulation of proprioceptors and the visual analyzer. These findings have been supported by the work of V. N. Barnatskiy, who discovered that vegetative disorders caused by rocking were affected by changes in the functional condition of the visual, the proprioceptive, and the interoceptive analyzers. The latest data obtained indicate that, under certain conditions, an increase in the processes of inhibition can be observed in the central nervous system due to the effects of weightlessness. V. I. Yazdovskiy, I. I. Kas yan, and V. I. Kopanev have found that, after orbital flight, Tereshkova, the Soviet female cosmonaut, showed an increase in low-frequency potentials which indicate the development of Card 3/4

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It appears that system disrupt co more pronounced under weightless nervous system duced and motion	f inhibition. The the development of rtical control of vegetative disrupts conditions, the to becomes dominant be n-sickness symptoms as may be divided is weight of the body nges in the function of interaction of home Sep64	the vegetative this ions appear. This me of the parasymp ecause pulse freque develop. The aut into direct effects	creates the imp athetic pirt of ency and blood p hors conclude t s which result f gans, and indire	PHLLS	e- ts p- which
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	C L 50344-65 EEO-2/EWG(1)/FSS-2/EWG(r)/EWT(1)/FS(v)-3/EEO(k)-2/EWG(v)/EWA(d)/ EWG(a)-2/EWG(c) Po-4/Pa-5/Pq=4/Pac-4/Pac-2/Pi-4 GW/TT/DD UR/0216/65/000/003/0329/0334 UR/0216/65/000/003/0329/0334 J8 ACCESSION NR: AF5013308 ACCESSION NR: AF5013308	
	Varantin, A. V.; Kaslyan, I. I.; Kolosov, 2.	
	the under conditions of man	2-
	IN COOR IZVESTIVE.	
	SOURCE: All books 329-334 TOPIC TAGS: <u>manned space flight</u> , Vostok 1, weightlessness, biologi- cal effect, work capacity, manned orbiting laboratory cal effect, work capacity, manned orbiting laboratory ABSTRACT: The Vostok-1 flight showed that the working capacity of ABSTRACT: The Vostok-1 flight showed that the working capacity of cosmonauts was sufficiently preserved in spite of extremely full cosmonauts was sufficiently preserved in spite of extremely full achedules. On Vostok-1, K. F. Fecktiszov, observed stars, and the schedules. On Vostok-1, K. F. Fecktiszov, observed the horizon, noted aurora polaris above the visual horizon, observed the horizon, noted aurora polaris above the visual horizon, observed the surface of the stability of gas bubbles in liquid and the behavior of water in the stability of gas bubbles in liquid and the surface of the a gas medium, logged observations, photographed the surface of the and ate regularly. At the same time, B. B. Yegorov carried on radio and ate regularly. At the same time, B. B. Yegorov carried on radio telephone communications and medical observations on himself and oth telephone communications and medical observations on himself	



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of the human organism has its limitations. Therefore, it will be important to further perfect methods of fixing cosmonauts to their working areas, to improve control panels, increasing their reliability, etc. A radical means of ameliorating the effects of weightlessness will be the construction of spacecraft with artificial gravity al- though there is the risk that Coriolis forces will deleteriously affect the working capacity of cosmonauts. One of the most important aspects of future space flights will be cosmonaut activity outside the spacecraft. It is suggested that a model space station be con- structed and that the working capacity of personnel during parabolic flights be studied in preparation for tours of duty on permanent orbiting space stations which are likely to come into existence in the near future. On such space stations, crews would be trained for prolonged flights to other planets. Also, such space stations would provide the opportunity for more fully investigating the physiolog- ical effects of prolonged weightlessness on working capacity. It was concluded that higher standards should be established for the selection and examination of cosmonaut candidates for such future ventures. [CD]	
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VOLYNKIN, Yu.M.; ARUTYUNOV, G.A.; ANTIPOV, V.V.; ALTUKHOV, G.V.; BAYEVSKIY, R.M.; BELAY, V.Ye.; BUYANOV, P.V.; BRYANOV, I.I.; VASIL'YEV, P.V.; VOLOVICH, V.G.; GAGARIN, Yu.A.; GENIN, A.M.; GORBOV, F.D.; GORSHKOV, A.I.; GUROVSKIY, N.N.; YESHANOV, N.Kh.; YEGOROV, A.D.; KARPOV, Ye.A.; KOVALEV, V.V.; KOLOSOV. '.A.; KORESHKOV, A.A.; KAS'YAN, I.I.; KOTOVSKAYA, A.R.; KALIBERDIN, G.V.; KOPANEV, V.I.; KUZ'MINOV, A.P.; KAKURIN, L.I ; KUDROVA, R.V.; LEBEDEV, V.I.; LEBEDEV, A.A.; LOBZIN, P.P.; MAKSIMOV, D.G.; MYASNIKOV, V.I.; MALYSHKIN, Ye.G.; NEUMYVAKIN, I.P.; ONISHCHENKO, V.F.; POPOV, I.G.; PORUCHIKOV, Ye.P.; SIL'VESTROV, M.M.; SERYAPIN, A.D.; SAKSONOV, P.P.; TERENT'YEV, V.G.; USHAKOV, A.S.; UDALOV, Yu.F.; FOMIN, V.S.; FOMIN, A.G.; KHLEBNIKOV, G.F.; YUGANOV, Ye.M.; YAZDOVSKIY, V.I.; KRICHAGIN, V.I.; AKULINICHEV, I.T.; SAVINICH, F.K.: SIMPURA, S.F.; VOSKRE'SENSKIY, O.G.; GAZENKO, O.G., SISANTAN, N.M., akademik, red.

> [Second group space flight and some results of the Soviet astronauts' flights on "Vostok" ships; scientific results of medical and biological research conducted during the second group space flight] Vtoroi gruppovoi kosmicheskii polet i nekotorye itogi poletov sovetskikh kosmonavtov na korabliakh "Vostok"; nauchnye rezul'taty medikobiologicheskikh issledovanii, provedennykh vo vremia vtorogo gruppovogo kosmicheskogo poleta. Moskva, Nauka, 1965. 277 p. (MIRA 18:6)

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1 2 1

ACC NR: AT6003857 AUTHOR: Voskresen: Maksimov D. C.	alctar A D . O	SOURCE CODE: UN	A/2865/65/004/000/0227/02 G. V.; Kopanev, V. I.;	236
Maksimov, D. G.; Ya	ZUOVSKIY, V. I.			<b>NIC</b> 119
TITLE: Some physic cosmonauts under co	ological data for evolutions of orbital	valuating the condi	tion and work capacity o	£
SOURCE: AN SSSR. ( v. 4, 1965, 227-236	)tdeleniye biologich	neskikh nauk. Probl	emy kosmicheskoy biologi	1. 1.
TOPIC TAGS: manned biosensor, bodily f	spaceflight, EEG, atigue, vision	skin, cosmonaut, s	pace psychology, brain,	
ABSTRACT: This pap Vostok-5 (V. F. E include records of In summing	er presents some g Sykovskiy) and Vost EEG's, EOG's, ar	nd skin galvanomet	<u>biomedical data</u> from the shkova) flights. These try. hat a distinguishing	e
was the increase in the index of low-fr	n the index of high-	frequency oscillat	ions. No increase in	
Card 1/2	period were elevat	ed oculomotor act	Also characteristic ivity and a rise in the	
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	000300T	1)/FS(v)_3 E	SOUDOR	CODE: UR/286	5/65/004/000	102701024	
TITLE: Read	ctions of c	L.; Kopanev, V	onditions of	<u>skiy, V. I.</u> 2, 4			
biologii, v. TOPIC TAGS: respiration. ABSTRACT: T Vostoks 2-6. conclude that optimum magni	he authors These dat	lenive biologi 270-289 aceflight, wei physiologic review and con a are given in ant future exp tificial gravi as during prol [ATD PRESS:	cheskikh nav ghtlessness, parameter, E nsolidate dat the enclose perimental pr	space physic KG a obtained fr	osmicheskoy logy, biologi com the fligh tables. The	ts of authors	
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		Losov, I. A.; Kopar	nev, V. I.; Lebedev	<u>, V. I</u> .		
ORG: none				з <i>о</i> В		
TITLE: P	hysiological reacti	ions of cosmonauts	in free space	рана <b>р</b> анала. При при при при при при при при при при п		
SOURCE:	AN SSSR. Izvestiys	a. Seriya biologio	cheskaya, no. 1, 19	66, 3-13		
TOPIC TAG	S: Voskhod 2, para	abolic flight, Leon	nov, Belyayev, weig	htlessness effe	ct,	
accelerat	ion effect, nystag	mus, motor analyze	r	2		
ABSTRACT:	The physiological	l effects of the v re studied, with s	arious t <u>raining pro</u> pecial attention gi	grams in prepar ven to EVA oper	ation	
tions dur	ing perpholic flig	hts which lasted 2	5-30 sec. Inese e	xercises by bot	AH [ ]	
ashin of	the flying laborate	orv. Prior to eac	<u>Voskhod-2</u> which was h operation, Leonov	had to locate	nis j	Ì
backpack	containing the auto	omatic life-suppor vev. and equalize	t systems, attach i the air-lock and ca	t to nimsell, c bin pressure.	After	·
this. he	would enter the air	r-lock, don his h	ermetic helmet, che	ck the position	1 01	
then close	e the cabin hatch,	depressurize the	spacesuit for leak air-lock, and open	its hatch throu	igh	• •
which Leon	nov would then egre	ess. Leonov would	then conduct as ma hat to perfect movi	ny egress and r	'e-	:
	actons as necessar		612:629.195.2		Z	
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Table 3. Change of pulse and respiration rates in cosmonauts dwring traiting flights on a weightlessness parabola (In the auserator-ranges of variation in pulse rate, in the denomi- dator-of respiration rate)In flightCommonautsIn flightAcceler tightlessness (in flight to flightlessness (in mobilization in working elocation) F. P. IBelyayevP. IBelyayev1 $\frac{84-90}{18-24}$ $\frac{90-96}{18-24}$ $\frac{100-114}{18-26}$ $\frac{70-89}{18}$ $\frac{102-120}{19}$ $\frac{84}{18}$ Acceler tightlessness (inmobilization in working elocation) F. P. IBelyayev1 $\frac{84-90}{18-24}$ $\frac{90-96}{18-24}$ $\frac{100-114}{18}$ $\frac{70-89}{19}$ $\frac{102-120}{18}$ $\frac{84}{16}$ Brief weightlessness (inmobilization in working elocation) F. P. IBelyayev1 $\frac{54-60}{21-24}$ $\frac{66}{16-18}$ $\frac{102-120}{19}$ $\frac{84}{16}$ A.: A.*Leonov1 $\frac{54-60}{21-24}$ $\frac{66}{16}$ $\frac{70-78}{18-21}$ $\frac{84}{24}$ $\frac{66}{16}$ Brief weightlessness (perfecting elements of egress and ingress)PI. Belyayev1 $\frac{64}{12}$ $\frac{72-78}{12-16}$ $\frac{80-100}{12-16}$ $\frac{78}{14-20}$ I. Belyayev1 $\frac{64}{12}$ $\frac{72-78}{12-16}$ $\frac{80-100}{12-16}$ $\frac{78}{14-20}$ A. A. A. Leonov1 $\frac{64}{12}$ $70-80$ $80-100$ $\frac{78}{14-20}$ A. A. A. Leonov1 $\frac{68}{12}$ $70-80$ $80-102$ $76-80$ $80-108$ $80$ <th>1.11.11</th>	1.11.11
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L 23975-66 FSS-2/EWT(1)/EEC(k)-2/EWA(d) SCTB TT/DD/RD/GW ACC NR: AT6003858 SOURCE CODE: UR/2865/65/004/000/0237/ AUTHOR: Yazdovskiy, V. I.; Yemel'yenov, M. D.; Vasil'yev, P. V.; Kopenev, V. I.	/0247
ong: none	44
TITLE: Some results of medicobiological studies conducted during preparation and flight of the astroneuts V. F. Bykovsk and V. V. SOURCE: AN SSSR. Otdelenive biol	B+1
SOURCE: AN SSSR. Otdeleniye biologicheskikh nauk. Problemy Kosmicheskoy biologii, v. 4, 1965, 237-247 TOPIC TAGS: space medicing	
astronaut province in space medicine equipment, space show	ology
observations during June 14-19, 1963 are reported. The study program of comments of medical includes the long term effect of cosmic flight on the human organic conditions, reactions of the female organism, the 21 hour processes during cosmic flight of the study program.	l røm sm,
and training astronauts, analysis of the medical-biological monitor system in the cabin, the microclimate of the spaceship, and the	ing

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effectiveness of systems providing for survival and safety. ing astronauts the compensatory work of the organism was most important. Under simulated cosmic conditions; women were seen to react least during the proliferative phase of the ovarian cycle, with some reaction during ovulation. Training increased resistance to the effect of cosmic factors and strengthened will power and the neuropsychic system. Radiation was low; the dosimeters showed about 80 and 44 millirad respectively. The astroneuts received food in amounts of 2500-2900 respectively. The astronauts received root in amounts of coursed Calories per day. The microclimate in the cabin was satisfactorily maintained as to temperature, pressure and oxygen (13-26°C, 250-60% humidity, 22-28% oxygen, to 0.50% CO and 740-780 mm Hg pressure). Modical controls included FCC FFC Skin calvanic reaction, respirat numidity, 22-20% oxygen, to 0.50% 00, and 140-100 mm ng prossure. Medical controls included ECG, EEG, Skin galvanic reaction, respiratory and pulse rates, tests for vestibular and vegetative insufficiency and Refere and at the start of flight the and pulse recess, tests for vestigater and vegetative institution observation by television. Before and at the start of flight the respiratory and pulse rates increased from 68 and 84 to 137 and 144, respiratory and pulse rates increased from on and ou to 137 and 144, during the first minutes of flight they increased to 154 and 157, and then they returned to normal after several hours. The EEG showed a tendency for substitution of low frequency waves and a later decrease of amplitude of bicelectric rhythms; in the woman an increase of low mailes and plalogithe Angen i have DATE: none none ostox

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illusions accompanied by compensatory motor reactions; 5) peculiarities of the course of motion sickness at altitudes of 2000, 3000, 4000, and 5000 m ("elevation" in a pressure chamber); 6) shifts in the excitability and lability of the visual analyzer in the latent form of motion sickness; 7) shifts in atrioventricular conductivity during various phases of motion sickness; 8) 9) the influence of dibasol on the course of the latent form of motion sickness; 9) the inhibition of lifting reflexes (according to EMG data) during the pro- bit for the se reactions when the oscillation regimen is altered; and finally, the prospect of applying motion sickness to the discovery of functional to reveal statokinetic defects in human subjects. [W.A. No. 22; ATD Report 66-116]	10971-67	
the resistance of the organism to motion sickness can be built up by re- peated exposure to its causative mechanisms (training). The investigation by the authors led to the establishment of the follow- ing: 1) the existence of a phase in the development of motion sickness; 2) a functional fluctuation, the amplitude of which changes as a function of the developmental phase of this condition; 3) an additional mechanism of motion sickness (disrupted systemic function); 4) the development of rocking illusions accompanied by compensatory motor reactions; 5) peculiarities of the course of motion sickness at altitudes of 2000, 3000, 4000, and 5000 m ("elevation" in a pressure chamber); 6) shifts in the excitability and lability of the visual analyzer in the latent form of motion sickness; 7) shifts in atrioventricular conductivity during various phases of motion sickness; 8) s) the influence of dibasol on the course of the latent form of motion sickness; 8) s) the influence of a differences (according to EMG data) during the pro- tof these reactions when the oscillation regimen is altered; and finally, the brospect of applying motion sickness to the discovery of functional the insufficiencies, e.g., using conditioned reflex models of motion sickness OUB CODE: 06 / SUEM DATE: 00M=r64	C NR: AT6036588	•
2) a functional fluctuation, the amplitude of which changes as a function of the developmental phase of this condition; 3) an additional mechanism of motion sickness (disrupted systemic function); 4) the development of rocking illusions accompanied by compensatory motor reactions; 5) peculiarities of the course of motion sickness at altitudes of 2000, 3000, 4000, and 5000 m ("elevation" in a pressure chamber); 6) shifts in the excitability and lability of the visual analyzer in the latent form of motion sickness; 7) shifts in atrioventricular conductivity during various phases of motion sickness; 8) 9) the inhibition of lifting reflexes (according to EMG data) during the pro- longed, standard oscillation of experimental animals and the development of these reactions when the oscillation regimen is altered; and finally, the prospect of applying motion sickness to the discovery of functional to reveal statokinetic defects in human subjects. [W.A. No. 22; ATD Report 66-116]	e resistance of the organism to mation at 1	].
	The investigation by the authors led to the establishment of the follow- g: 1) the existence of a phase in the development of motion sickness; a functional fluctuation, the amplitude of which changes as a function of e developmental phase of this condition; 3) an additional mechanism of otion sickness (disrupted systemic function); 4) the development of rocking usions accompanied by compensatory motor reactions; 5) peculiarities the course of motion sickness at altitudes of 2000, 3000, 4000, and 5000 m elevation" in a pressure chamber); 6) shifts in the excitability and lability the visual analyzer in the latent form of motion sickness; 7) shifts in influence of dibasol on the course of the latent form of motion sickness; 8) influence of lifting reflexes (according to EMG data) during the pro- these reactions when the oscillation regimen is altered; and finally, the ufficiencies, e.g., using conditioned reflex models of motion sickness	

ACC NR. AT6036560

SOURCE CODE: UR/0000/66/000/000/0166/0167

AUTHOR: Yeremin, A. V.; Kopanev, V. I.; Azhayev, A. N.; Lysakov, N. A.; Zhadovskaya, S. V.

ORG: none

TITLE: The effect of high temperatures on human functional capacities [Paper presented at the Conference on Problems of Space Medicine held in Moscow from 24 to 27 May 1966]

SOURCE: Konferentsiya po problemam kosmicheskoy meditsiny, 1966. Problemy kosmicheskoy meditsiny. (Problems of space medicine); materialy konferentsii, Moscow, 1966, 166-167

TOPIC TAGS: hyperthermia, human physiology, work capacity

ABSTRACT: Flight crews in southern parts of the country, like specialists working in so called hot shops, e.g., steel welders, open hearth plant workers, and so forth, are often subjected to the effects of high ambient air pressures. In view of the practical implications of the problem and the inadequacy of its treatment in literature, attempts were made to study the functional capacity of humans exposed for fairly long periods to high temperature conditions.

Three series of investigations were conducted. Unclothed subjects were exposed for an hour to air temperatures of 440C <u>Card 1/3</u>

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(series APPROVED (FOR RELEASE 03/13/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000824510001-0 480C (series 3). Relative humidity in the thermo hamber was kept between 15% and 25%, and velocity of air movement between 0.1

Work capacity was evaluated by means of correction tablet tests [A. A. Genkin et al. (1963)], grip strength dynamometry, and a graphic test [Frukuda (1959)]. Visual analyzer function was studied by determining the electrical excitation threshold of the eye, flicker fusion frequency, and the information transmission capacity of the visual analyzer [F. P. Kosmolinskiy, Ye. A. Derevyanko (1962), A. A. Genkin et al. (1963)]; vestibular analyzer function was studied by determining the duration of postrotational nystagmus and the counterrotation illusion, and also the area of displacement while walking in place with eyes closed [Frukuda (1959)]. pulse and respiration frequencies, electrocardiograms, blood pressure, and body and skin temperature at twelve points were recorded during all experiments, and some of the components of heat exchange were calculated. Not counting the control group (6 men), experiments were conducted on 39 subjects, 14 in series 1, 13 in series 2, and 11 in series 3. It was established that even a Card 2/3

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ACC NR. AT5036560 60 min exposure to an air temperature of 440C decreased work capacity (error increase of 2.4% on the correction test, 14.9% on the graphic test, and so forth); the information transmission capacity of the visual analyzer decreased by 13.5%; decreases were also seen in the electrical excitation threshold of the eye and in the weight of the subjects (by 200 g); increases were seen in body temperature (by 0.3C), the frequency of cardiac contractions (by 14/min), and so forth. In series 2 and 3, human functional capacity showed a 'sharp drop, which was characterized by more pronounced shifts in a number of investigated functions. Thus, at +60C the number of errors increased by 15.6%; at +80C, by 58%; and so forth.

The above data show that even a single hour's exposure of an unclad human to a temperature of +40C affects work capacity; this must be taken into account in organizing industrial medical support and in devising measures to improve work conditions and work schedules in hot climates. [W.A. No. 22; ATD Report 66-116]

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Card 3/3

KOPANEVA, L.M.

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Teberda River and their vertical distribution. Zool. zhur. 41 no.3:378-383 Mr 62. (MIRA 15:3)

1. Department of Zoology, State Pedagogical Institute of Leningrad. (Caucasus--Orthoptera) 1000



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## PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION SOV/5839

Berklayd, I. M., V. S. Vikhman, A. T. Draudin, N. Ye. Kopanevich, G. I. Ovcharenko, Z. L. Tubenshlyak, G. V. Chasovnikov and Ya. M. Tseytlin

- Kontrol' nyye avtomaty ([Dimensional-] Control Automatics) Moscow, Mashgiz, 1961. 193 p. (Series: Progressivnyye sredstva kontrolya razmerov v mashinostroyenii) Errata slip inserted. 4500 copies printed.
- Eds. of Series: B. S. Bayburov, M. I. Kochenov, and D. D. Malyy; Scientific
  Ed.: V. S. Vikhman, Doctor of Technical Sciences; Ed. of Publishing House:
  L. P. Stroganov, Engineer; Tech. Ed.: R. I. Dobritsyna; Managing Ed. for
  Literature on Means of Automation and Instrument Construction: N. V. Pokrovskiy, Engineer.
- PURPOSE: This book is intended for designers and technical personnel in machine plants.

Card 1/♥,

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Control Automatics

## SOV/5839

COVERAGE: The book contains information on the most important Soviet latemodel automatics for the inspection, sorting, and automatic control of machine parts according to their geometric parameters. The book is part of a series devoted to modern means of dimensional control and was recommended by the Commission on the Introduction of Advanced Control Methods and Means in the Machine Industry of the State Scientific-Technological Committee of the Council of Ministers of the USSR. Attention is given to the construction, operation, and specifications of a number of dimensional-control automatics for various purposes. Photographs and layout diagrams are included. No personalities are mentioned. There are no references.

TABLE OF CONTENTS:

Introduction

Ch. I. General-Purpose [Dimensional-] Control Automatics

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# KOPANEVICH, P.P.

Apiculture and insecticides. Priroda 51 [i.e. 52] no.5:114 163. (MIRA 16:6)

1. Moskovskaya veterinarnaya akademiya. (Insects, Injurious and beneficial-Biological control)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000824510001-0 KOPANEVICH, P.P. Bees and sounds. Priroda 52 no.6:117-118 '63. (MIRA 16:6) 1. Moskovskaya veterinarnaya akademiya. (Bees) (Insects-Behavior) 4 

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