

REF ID: A61463
E&P(m)/E&P(t)/E&P(b)
ACCESSION NR: AP4046310

IP(c)/ESP(t)/ESP(gs)/GSD AFNL ID/RH
S/0292/64/000/011/0044/0046

AUTHOR: Kareny*sheva, L. F. (Engineer); Krutyakova, M. O. (Engineer)

TITLE: Hall generators of indium arsenide films

SOURCE: Elektrotehnika, no. 11, 1964, 44-46

TOPIC TAGS: Hall device, indium arsenide, mica, pyroceram, Hall genera-

ABSTRACT: This paper presents a method for obtaining a thin indium arsenide film for Hall generators. The method is based on the "three-temperatures" process in which a surface of condensation is subjected to the vapor streams of two separate vapors, as described by Von K. J. Gunter (Aufschmelzen von Halbleitern in Argon, "Z. Naturforschung", 13a, 1958). In this experimental work this was used for the condensation points up to 500°C, and the point of photothermal annealing above this temperature. The films were found to be electronically conductive, adhered well to the condensation surfaces, and were rather well continuous. The contacts between the films and electrical leads were produced by vacuum precipitation of silver. The generators were checked experimentally - the electrode resistance, the relation between the voltage (U_H) and the magnetic induction

4/2

L 16(9)-65

ACCESSION NR: AP4048310

(B), the temperature coefficient of the voltage, the relation between the resistance of current leads and B, and the nonlinearity coefficient in the basic equation. (B). The parameters determined in these experiments were tabulated. It was established that these generators are 5 to 10 times more sensitive than generators of crystalline plates of indium arsenide and are twice as sensitive as generators of polycrystalline germanium. Their output signals and sensitivity were measured slightly with the temperature. They are characterized by the stability of their output signals, and they are highly efficient. The above characteristics make these generators applicable to measurement techniques. (Fig. 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, figures and 2 tables)

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 00

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: E4, SS

NO REF Sov: 001

OTHER: 000

ATD PRESS: 3146

Card 2/2

KRUTYAKOVA, V.A.

Diphtheria control in Leningrad, 1947-1957. Vop. okh.mat., 1 det. 3
no. 3:69-74 My-Je '58. (MIRA 11:5)

1. Iz Leningradskoy gorodskoy sanitarno-epidemiologicheskoy stantsii
(glavnnyy vrach N.G. Grigor'yeva).
(LENINGRAD--DIPHTHERIA)

ROZOVSKIY, N.V., prof. (Krasnoyarsk, prospekt Mira, d.37, kv.22);
KRUTYANSKAYA, K.S.

Treatment of patent ductus arteriosus in children. Vest.
Khir. 91 no.12:73-76 D '63. (MIRA 17:9)

1. Iz gospital'noy khirurgicheskoy kliniki (zav.-prof.
N.V. Rozovskiy) Krasnoyarskogo meditsinskogo instituta baze
krayevoy klinicheskoy bol'nitsy No.1 (glavnnyy vrach - V.K.
Sologub).

RODOV, Abram Solomonovich; KRUTYANSKIY, David Il'ich; SAAK'YAN,
Yu.A., red.

[Plan, flow, and rhythm] Plan, potok, ritm. Rostov-na-
Donu, Rostovskoe knizhnoe izd-vo, 1964. 70 p.
(MIRA 18:8)

July 1959

Report of the Conference on Magnetic Materials, held at the University of Illinois, Urbana, Illinois, July 1959.

Report of the Conference on Magnetic Materials, held at the University of Illinois, Urbana, Illinois, July 1959, 307 p.

The majority of the work of the US conference reported and discussed. Much work is reported in the source in addition to that previously published there. For the first time (abstracts and manuscripts) are as follows:

"On Corrosive Problems in the Processing of Copper Sulfide Minerals," by J. C. H. Morrissey, pp. 27-31.

"The Problem of the 'Electromagnetic Crucible,'" by R. P. Campbell.

"On the Thermal Oxidation of Liquid Metal Under the Influence of a Magnetic Field," by T. M. Davis and G. A. Johnson, N.Y., No. 202-252.

"The Use of Preferred-Field Paths for Heating Liquid Metals," by A. I. Dienes, No. 202-253.

"Design of the Air Heater for Heating the Metal in an Arc Furnace," by M. G. Berlin, No. 202-254.

"Optical Characteristics of Concentrations for the Electromagnetic Heating of Solid Materials," by E. J. Brody, No. 202-255.

"The Use of Optical Stator Current Frequency for the Heating of a Liquid Metal by Means of a Variable Frequency Power Source," by F. J. Bergfeld and L. K. Dostrovsky, No. 202-256.

NAME & BOOK INFORMATION

SER/7762

Properties of Magnetic Materials. Eng., 1956.
 (Practical Magnetodynamics and Plasma Dynamics). Translated from Russian by V. I. Slobodkin. Translated under Contract No. 303-2.
 Defense Dept. Contract No. DA-30-120-10386.

Technical Report No. 1. Institute of Physics and Mathematics, Chernivtsi. Institute of Physics and Plasma Dynamics, Chernivtsi. Institute of Mathematics, Chernivtsi. Institute of Physics and Mathematics, Chernivtsi. Institute of Physics and Mathematics, Chernivtsi. Institute of Physics and Mathematics, Chernivtsi.

M. A. Sosulin, Sov. Phys. Dokl., No. 1, 1956.

This book is intended for scientists working in the field of magnetism and plasma dynamics.
 This volume contains the results of a conference held in Kiev, USSR, on problems in applied and theoretical magnetodynamics, magnetic fields, and related topics. The conference was organized by the Institute of Physics and Mathematics, Chernivtsi, involving members of the Institute, the Institute of Mathematics, Chernivtsi, the Institute of Physics and Mathematics, Chernivtsi, and the Institute of Physics and Mathematics, Chernivtsi.
 The book consists of 160 papers from different parts of Soviet science, held mainly in the summer of 1955, and 55 papers from abroad. It is divided into two parts. The first part contains contributions from the Institute of Physics and Mathematics, Chernivtsi, and the second part contains contributions from other institutions.
 The book is divided into two parts. The first part contains contributions from the Institute of Physics and Mathematics, Chernivtsi, and the second part contains contributions from other institutions.
 The book is divided into two parts. The first part contains contributions from the Institute of Physics and Mathematics, Chernivtsi, and the second part contains contributions from other institutions.

This book is intended for scientists working in theoretical magnetodynamics and plasma dynamics.

This volume contains the results of a conference held in Kiev, USSR, on problems in applied and theoretical magnetodynamics, magnetic fields, and related topics. The conference was organized by the Institute of Physics and Mathematics, Chernivtsi, involving members of the Institute, the Institute of Mathematics, Chernivtsi, and the Institute of Physics and Mathematics, Chernivtsi.
 The book consists of 160 papers from different parts of Soviet science, held mainly in the summer of 1955, and 55 papers from abroad. It is divided into two parts. The first part contains contributions from the Institute of Physics and Mathematics, Chernivtsi, and the second part contains contributions from other institutions.

This book is intended for scientists working in theoretical magnetodynamics and plasma dynamics.

This book is intended for scientists working in theoretical magnetodynamics and plasma dynamics.

This book is intended for scientists working in theoretical magnetodynamics and plasma dynamics.

This book is intended for scientists working in theoretical magnetodynamics and plasma dynamics.

This book is intended for scientists working in theoretical magnetodynamics and plasma dynamics.

This book is intended for scientists working in theoretical magnetodynamics and plasma dynamics.

This book is intended for scientists working in theoretical magnetodynamics and plasma dynamics.

This book is intended for scientists working in theoretical magnetodynamics and plasma dynamics.

This book is intended for scientists working in theoretical magnetodynamics and plasma dynamics.

This book is intended for scientists working in theoretical magnetodynamics and plasma dynamics.

This book is intended for scientists working in theoretical magnetodynamics and plasma dynamics.

This book is intended for scientists working in theoretical magnetodynamics and plasma dynamics.

This book is intended for scientists working in theoretical magnetodynamics and plasma dynamics.

This book is intended for scientists working in theoretical magnetodynamics and plasma dynamics.

This book is intended for scientists working in theoretical magnetodynamics and plasma dynamics.

This book is intended for scientists working in theoretical magnetodynamics and plasma dynamics.

This book is intended for scientists working in theoretical magnetodynamics and plasma dynamics.

This book is intended for scientists working in theoretical magnetodynamics and plasma dynamics.

This book is intended for scientists working in theoretical magnetodynamics and plasma dynamics.

This book is intended for scientists working in theoretical magnetodynamics and plasma dynamics.

This book is intended for scientists working in theoretical magnetodynamics and plasma dynamics.

This book is intended for scientists working in theoretical magnetodynamics and plasma dynamics.

This book is intended for scientists working in theoretical magnetodynamics and plasma dynamics.

This book is intended for scientists working in theoretical magnetodynamics and plasma dynamics.

This book is intended for scientists working in theoretical magnetodynamics and plasma dynamics.

This book is intended for scientists working in theoretical magnetodynamics and plasma dynamics.

This book is intended for scientists working in theoretical magnetodynamics and plasma dynamics.

This book is intended for scientists working in theoretical magnetodynamics and plasma dynamics.

This book is intended for scientists working in theoretical magnetodynamics and plasma dynamics.

This book is intended for scientists working in theoretical magnetodynamics and plasma dynamics.

This book is intended for scientists working in theoretical magnetodynamics and plasma dynamics.

This book is intended for scientists working in theoretical magnetodynamics and plasma dynamics.

This book is intended for scientists working in theoretical magnetodynamics and plasma dynamics.

This book is intended for scientists working in theoretical magnetodynamics and plasma dynamics.

This book is intended for scientists working in theoretical magnetodynamics and plasma dynamics.

This book is intended for scientists working in theoretical magnetodynamics and plasma dynamics.

This book is intended for scientists working in theoretical magnetodynamics and plasma dynamics.

KRUTYANSKIY, Mikhail Mironovich; NIKULIN, Aleksandr Aleksandrovich;
MOLDAVER, Valeriy Aleksandrovich; TSISHEVSKIY, V.P., red.

[Use of plasma heating systems] Primenenie plazmennogo na-
greva. Moskva, Energiia, 1964. 77 p. (Biblioteka elektro-
termista, no.18)
(MIRA 17:11)

KRUT'YEV, K.U.

USSR/Chemical Technology - Chemical Products and Their Application. Wood Chemistry
Products. Cellulose and Its Manufacture. Paper, I-23

Abst Journal: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 19, 1956, 63358

Author: Krut'yev, K. U., Lyubarskaya, L. S.

Institution: None

Title: Experience with Operation of Filter-Traps for Wash Purification

Original
Periodical:

Gidroliznaya i lesokhim. prom-st', 1955, No 1, 20-21

Abstract: It is recommended to use at hydrolysis plants annular filter-traps
(F) designed by A. T. Chumadurov, A. G. Kyumenan and A. U. Sorochuk,
for the purification of wash from bark and other large size admix-
tures. A defect of F is the great weight of the component parts.

1. Leningradskiy gidroliznyy zavod
(filters and filtration) (Wood distillation)

Card 1/1

ZAYTSEV, B.M.; ADAMOVICH, Ye.A.; KRUT'YEV, I.U.; VODOLAZOV, Yu.M.; SIDOROV, A.I.

Lining hydrolyzers with coal-graphite slabs. Gidreliz. i lesokhim.prom.
9 no.2:17-18 '56.

(MIRA 9:7)

1.Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut gidrelizmey i sul'fitnospirtevey promyshlennosti (for Zaytsev, Adamovich).2.Leningradskiy hidrolyznyy zavod (Krut'yev, Vodolazov, Sidorov).
(Hydrolysis)(Chemical engineering--Apparatus and supplies)

KRUP'YEV, K. U. and A. M. SHIRYAYEV

"Overall Utilization of the Waste Products of Hydrolytic Processes - A Way of Reducing Production Costs"

The Kirov District of Leningrad Strives for Technological Progress; Collection of Articles, Leningrad, Sudpromgiz, 1957. 171pp.

This collection of articles describes the progressive experience of the industrial plants of the Kirov district of the city of Leningrad in the fields of shipbuilding, machine building, instrument-making, casting, hydrolytic and other industries. New manufacturing methods are discussed.

LIPATOVA, P.K., dotsent; KRUT'YEVA, L.K., vrach

Artificial nitrogen baths in the treatment of hypertension. Nauch.
trudy L'vov. obl. terap. ob-va no.1:280-283 '61. (MIRA 16:5)

1. L'vovskaya oblastnaya bol'neologicheskaya bol'nitsa (glavnyy
vra - Ie. P. Solyakina) i kafedra fakul'tetskoy terapii lechebno-
go fak. 'tata L'vovskogo meditsinskogo instituta (sav. kafedroy -
prof. S.P. Oleynik),
(HYPERTENSION) (NITROGEN—THERAPEUTIC USE) (BATHS, MEDICATED)

KRUTYKH, A.; FERAPONTOV, G.; KRAVCHENKO, V., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik

Improve the efficiency of the car exchange pool. Mor. flot. 24 no.8;
6-8 Ag. '64.
(MIRA 18:9).

1. Starshiy inzh. otdela portov Gosudarstvennogo proyektno-konstruktorskogo i nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta morskogo transporta (for Krutykh). 2. Starshiy konsul'tant otdela organizatsii kommerscheskoy raboty Glavnogo gruzovogo upravleniya Ministerstva putey soobshcheniya (for Ferapontov). 3. Institut kompleksnykh transportnykh problem Gosudarstvennogo nauchno-ekonomiceskogo soveta Soveta Ministrov SSSR (for Kravchenko).

KRUTYKH, A., insh.

Freight transshipment by the direct alternative in the Novorossiisk harbor. Mor. flot 22 no.7:4-6 Jl '62. (MIRA 15:7)

1. Otdel ekspluatatsii morskikh portov Gosudarstvennogo proyektno-konstruktorskogo i nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta morskogo transporta.

(Novorossiisk—Loading and unloading) (Railroads—Freight)
(Ships—Cargo)

KRUTYPOROKH, F. I. Cand Agr Sci -- (diss) "Loss of Piglets during
Farrowing and Ways of Counteracting It." Khar'kov, 1957.
12 pp 20 cm. (Min. of Agriculture USSR, Khar'kov Zootechnical Inst),
100 copies (KL, 1957, 87)

- 14 -

Krutyporokh F.I.

USSR/Farm Animals - Swine

Q-5

Abstr Jour : Rof Zhur - Biol., No 6, 1958, No 26209

Author : Krutyporokh F.I., Slobay P.I.
Inst : Nauk Givon

Title : The Influence of the Conditions of Nutrition and Maintenance
on Swine with Young (Vliyaniye usloviy kormleniya i soderzhaniya
na suporosnykh svinomirtok)

Orig Pub : Svinovodstvo, 1957, No 6, 33-36

Abstract : Two groups of swine, 9 heads in each, were compared. The average daily rations of the control sows contained the following nutritive substances: digestible protein 350 g., Ca 13 g., P 15 g., carotene 27 mg., and food units 3.5; the rations of experimental sows were, respectively: 430, 59, 34, 244, 4.3. The control animals were let to pasture for 6 hours in the mornings and evenings. The fertility of experimental sows increased by 2.6 pigs per farrowing and the number of stillborn decreased by 2.5 pigs per litter; the average weight of the pigs born from those sows was higher at birth by 183 g., as compared with the controls.

Card : 1/1

KRUTYPOROKH, P.; SMIRNOV, V.

Housing construction on the "Kalacheyevskii" State Farm. Sel'. stroi.
12 no.3:11-12 Mr '58.
(MIRA II:3)

1. Direktor zernosovkhoza "Kalacheyevskiy" Voronezhskoy oblasti
(for Krutyporokh). 2. Proisvoditel' rabot zernosovkhoza
"Kalacheyevskiy" Voronezhskoy oblasti (for Smirnov).
(Voronezh Province--Farm buildings)

Krejčík, F.I.

USSR/Farm Animals - Cattle.

Q-2

Abs Jour : Naučn.-Biol., No 1, 1955, 2679

Author : Krejčík, F.I.

Inst :

Title : Influence of Autumn Calvings of Cows.

Orig Pub : Zemědělství, 1953, No 3, 11-14

Abstract : The shift to autumn calving in cows (10 head) increased their milk yield in 1955 by 72 kg and their butterfat yield by 24.9 kg and in 1956 by 398 and 13.3 kg respectively. The first calvings occurring in September-November yielded during lactation 500-700 kg of milk more than the first calvings occurring in January-March. Upon evaluation, the former were included into the elite class and all-time record class; and the latter into classes I and II.

Card 1/1

KRUTYPOROKH, F., kand.sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; SMIRNOV, V.

Efficient use of space in houses for fattening swine. Sel'.
stroy. 13 no.3:8-9 Mr '59. (MIRA 12:5)

1. Direktor sovkhosa "Kalachevskiy," Voronezhskoy oblasti (for Krutyporokh). 2. Proizvoditel' rabot sovkhosa "Kalachayevskiy," Voronezhskoy oblasti (for Smirnov).
(Swine houses and equipment)

KHUTYPOROKH, F.I., kand.sci'skokhoyayatvennykh nauk

Preserving grain corn with high moisture content for forage purposes. Zhivotnovodstvo 21 no.6:71-72 Je '59. (MIRA 12:8)

1. Direktor zernosovkhoza "Kalachevskiy," Voronezhskoy oblasti.
(Corn(Maize)) (Ensilage)

POLEVODA, G.; KRUTYPOROKH, I., kand.sel'skokhoz.nauk; FEDOROV, N.; VOLODIN, I.

Letters to the editor. Sel'.stroi. 15 no.9:30 S '60.

1. Direktor Udmurtskoy shkoly stroitel'nykh masterov (desyatnikov)
(for Polevoda). 2. Direktor Penzenskogo lespromkhoza (for Fedorov).
3. Sekretar' partorganizatsii Penzenskogo lespromkhoza (for
Volodin).

(Building)

1997, No 2-3, 17-19

COUNTRY : USSR
CATEGORY :

M-4

ABS. JOUR. : RZBiol., No. 1, 1958, No. 87001

AUTHOR : Krutyy, R.S.; Piven', N.I.; Dmitriyev, A.V.
INST. : L'vov Institute of Commerce Economics
TITLE : Variability of Chemical Composition of
Wheat Grain Within the Same Ear.

ORIG. PUB. : Zap. nauchn. stud. o-va L'vovsk. Torgovo-
ekonom. in-t, 1957, No 1, 48-51

ABSTRACT : A study was made of variations in weight
of wheat grains, and in their contents of moisture, ash,
and crude protein, within the same ear. Grains in the
middle part of the ear have the highest weight, those in
the top part -- the lowest. Differences within the same
ear were also observed in the other indices, but these
differences vary in the different varieties.

CARD: //

*Bunik, O.D.; Stadnik, Ye.I.

KRASNA, V.; SYNKOVA, J.; Technicka spoluprace: JURAJDOVA, J.;
KRUTZNER, E.; WITZOVA, D.

Contribution to the study on the effect of pollution of the
atmosphere with cancerogenous substances on the occurrence of
bronchogenous carcinoma. Česk. hyg. 8 no.6:320-327 Jl '63.

1. HES-NV Praha.

(AIR POLLUTION) (SMOKING)
(CARCINOMA, BRONCHOCENIC) (BENZOPYRENES)
(HYDROCARBONS) (ARSENIC)

PARVE, Valdar, dots., kand. vet. nauk; KRUUS, A., red.; LUMET, E.,
tekm. red.

[Fur farming] Karusloomakasvatus. Tallinn, Eesti riiklik
kirjastus, 1961. 497 p. (MIRA 15:5)
(Estonia--Fur farming)

SÄRE, Rudolf, prof., doktor vet. nauk; KRUUS, A., red.; KOHU, H.,
tekhn. red.

[Special and operative surgery on farm animals] Põllumajandus-
loomade eri- ja operatiivkirurgia. Tallinn, Eesti Riiklik
Kirjastus, 1962. 601 p.
(Veterinary surgery) (MIRA 17:1)

MUUGA, August, dots., kand. sel'khoz. nauk; KRUUS, A., red.;
RIDALA, E., tekhn. red.

[Dairy cattle feeding on a scientific basis; scientific principles of winter feeding and new feed rations] Piimakarja söötmine teaduslikule alusele; talvise söötmise korraldamise teaduslikke lähtekohati ja uued söötmissnormid.
Tallinn, Eesti Riiklik Kirjastus, 1962. 59 p.

(MIRA 17:1)

TERVER, Julius; KRUUS, A., red.

[Animal histology] Loomade histoloogia. Teine, parandatud ja täiendatud trükk. Tallinn, Eesti Riiklik Kirjastus, 1962. 635 p.
(MIRA 17:9)

MUUGA, August, prof.: KRUUS, A., red.; KOHU, H., tekhn. red.

[General theory of feeds] Üldine söötmisõpetus. Teine,
ümbertöötatud trükk. Tallinn, Eesti Riiklik Kirjastus.
Vol.1. 1963. 249 p. (MIRA 17:1)
(Feeding and feeds)

AREND, U., dots.; KÜLAR, H., kand. vet. nauk; LUMBUR, E., kand.
vet. nauk; PÖLDVENE, K., kand. med. nauk; TEHVER, J.,
prof.; KRUUS, A., red.; VAHTRE, I., tokhn. red.

[Laboratory manual of histology] Histoloogia praktikum.
J.Tehveri üldtoimetusega. Tallinn, Eesti Riiklik Kirjastus,
(MIRA 16:12)
1963. 142 p.
(Histology--Handbooks, manuals, etc.)

MÄRTIK, August; ERGUS, A., red.

[Importance of vitamins in livestock and poultry feeding]
Vitamiinide tähtsus pöllum, lindusloomade ja -lindude
söötumisel. Tallinn, Eesti Riiklik Kirjastus, 1974. 40 p.
(MIRK 17:6)
[In Estonian]

PAKRE, Juri, dots., kandi veter. nauk; PLAM, Oskar, st. laek.
gotr., kandi veter. nauk; KERUS, A., red.

[Parasitic diseases of animals; fundamentals of parasitology. Helminthiasis] Loomade parasiitaarhaigused; parasiatoloogia põhimõisted . Helmintosid. Tallinn, Eesti Riiklik Kirjastus, 1964. 426 p. [In Estonian] (MRA 18:1)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826820002-3

POLNA, Hugo, kand. tehnich. muk; NIKULIN, A., red.

[Reduction of labor expenditure and fodder losses in
silos] Töökulu ja söödakadude vähendamine silohoidlates.
Tallinn, Eesti Raamat, 1965. 108 p. [In Estonian]
(MIRA 181)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826820002-3"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826820002-3

MUUGA August, prof.; KRUUS, A., red.

[General theory of feeds] Üldine söötmisõpetus. Tallinn,
Valgus, Pt.2. 1965. 242 p. [In Estonian] (MIRA 19:1)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826820002-3"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826820002-3

BUSSEL, Oleg; KRUUS, Einar; LEVALD, Heino; OLEKS, H., retsenzent;
RUUSALEP, L., retsenzent; KORBA, A., red.; LIIVAND, T.,
tekhn. red.

[Shipbuilding] Laevade üldehitus. Tallinn, Eesti Riiklik
(MIRA 17:1)
Kirjastus, 1963. 281 p.
(Shipbuilding)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826820002-3"

KRUUS, H. ; ROOST, V.

A conference on landscape gardening. p. 252.

TIOMETISED. BIOLOGILINE SEERIA. IZVESTIIA. SERIJA BIOLOGICHESKAIJA.
(Eesti NSV Teaduste Akadeemia) Tallinn, Estonia. Vol. 8, no. 3, 1959.

Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAI) Vol. 9, no. 1, Jan. 1960.

Uncl.

KRUUS, H.

Japanese flowering quince; a beautiful plant. p.561
SOTSIALISTLIK POLLUMAJANDUS. Tallinn, Estonia. Vol. 14, no. 12., June 1959

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI), LC. Vol. 8, No. 9, September 1959
Unclassified

YATSUBSKIY, V.K., doktor istor. nauk, otv. red.; SKAZKIN, S.D., skad.,
red.; KRUUS, Kh.Kh., red.; NIPONTOV, A.S., doktor istor. nauk,
red.; USTYUGOV, N.V., doktor istor. nauk, red.; LAKHK, Yu.Yu.,
kand. istor. nauk, red.; MAAMYAGI, V.A., kand. istor. nauk, red.;
ANFIMOV, A.M., kand. istor. nauk, red.; KUZOVLEV, A.A., red. istr-
ve; RYLIKA, Yu.V., tekhn.red.

[Yearbook of the agrarian history of Eastern Europe, 1959] Esho-
godnik po agrarnoi istorii Vostochnoi Evropy 1959 g. Moskva,
(MIRA 14:5)
1961. 457 p.

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Institut istorii. 2. Chlen-korrespondent
AN SSSR (for Kruus) (Europe, Eastern-- Agriculture)

KRUUS, V.

AGRICULTURE

Periodical: SOTSIALSTLIK PÖLJUMAJANDUS Vol. 14, no. 3, 1959 Feb.

KRUSS, V. Production of succulent fodder on peat soils. p. 109.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, VOL. 8, No. 5,
May 1959, Unclass.

KRIJUS, V.; AMBO, J.

Experiences in using opensurface method of preparing ensilage. p.546
SOTSIALISTLIK POLLUMAJANDUS. Tallinn, Estonia. Vol. 14, no. 12, June 1959

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI), LC. Vol. 8, No. 9, September 1959
Uncl.

Kruunurand, H.

The powers of the village soviet should be widened. p. 75

SAATI KOMMUNIST. (Eesti Kommuunistlik Partei Faksimile). Tallinn, Esteria.
Vol. 15, no. 9, Sept 1952

Monthly List of East European Acquisitions (EEAI) IC, Vol. 2, No. 12, Dec. 1952
Uncl.

KRUSAMACI, A.

Produkty pereabotki goriuchego slantsa v kachestve sviazuiuchikh dosavok
v litseinom proizvodstve.

Tallin, Estonia, Izd-vo Tallinskogo Politekhnicheskogo Instituta, 1957 2k p.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol9, no.7, Feb. 1960.
Uncl.

KRMUSEL, J.

An experiment in growing young sea trout in trout ditches. p. 280

HUDROBIOLOGILIS D UURIMUSED. GIDROBIOLOGICHESKIE ISSLE'OVANIYA.
Tartu, Hungary. No. 1, 1958

Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, no. 11
November 1959.

Uncl.

Hydrocarbons
Role of oxygen-containing compounds in the synthesis of hydrocarbons from carbon monoxide
and hydrogen. Izv. AN SSSR. Otd. khim. nauk no. 4, 1952.

Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, December 1952. Unclassified.

KRUYKOVA, N.N.
CA

11/12

Formation of tannins in tea leaves. Synthesis of phloroglucinol. N. N. Kruckova. *Russkaya Chaiaya Promstidina. Sbornik No. 5.* 55-66 (1946) (English summary). Phloroglucinol synthesis can be experimentally shown with infiltration of sugars (sucrose, inositol) into the leaves. Sucrose gives poor results probably through lability of fructose furanose. Since light has no definite effect on the process, the primary formation of tannins in photosynthesis does not occur. The synthesis from inositol proceeds even more readily than from sucrose. G. M. Kosolapoff

KRYUKOVA, T.A.
A

Two types of action of surface-active organic substances on an electrochemical reaction taking place at a drooping mercury electrode. T.A. Kryukova (Akad. Nauk S.S.R., Moscow), Zhur. Fiz. Khim. 24, 437-44 (1950); cf. C.A. 43, 6162. A surface-active impurity can reduce the c.d. i at liquid electrode: (a) by breaking the surface movement of the electrode; and (b) by forming an adsorptive layer in which the diffusion is slow. To eliminate effect a, slowly formed Hg drops were used, produced by applying 120 mm. Hg pressure to a capillary 215 mm. long and 0.003 mm. wide. At this electrode, i in 0.0001 M $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3 + 2 \text{N NaSCN}$ was almost independent of the voltage between 0 and -1.8 v. (referred to 2 N HgCl_2 electrode) and almost equal to the diffusion current calculated according to Ilkova if the diffusion const. of $\text{S}_2\text{O}_3^{2-}$ is assumed to be 1.04×10^{-3} sq. cm./sec. When a $\text{Cd}(\text{OH})_2$ was added to this soln., i was reduced in the neighborhood of -0.0 v. (i.e., electrcocapillary max.) the width and the depth of this depression increased with the concn. of I, and i was almost zero between -0.3 and -0.9 v. when the soln. was satd. in respect to I. When the Hg pressure was 400 mm. and the tangential movement

of the drop surface was important, i in the absence of I was 5.8 microamp. at -0.6 v. and about 2.2 microamp. at 0.3 and -1.5 v.; the theoretical diffusion current was also 2.2 microamp. Addit. of I lowered i. At -0.6 v., i was a linear function of log concn. of I as long as i was greater than 2.2 microamp.; between 2×10^{-3} and 10^{-1}M i was 2.2, and then decreased to zero in $2 \times 10^{-1} \text{M}$ I. The reduction of i from 5.8 to 2.2 was due to cause (a), and the further reduction to cause (b). Bu_4O^+ lowered i from 5.8 to zero almost without a stop at 2.2. In a soln. $10^{-1} \text{M K}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_8 + 2 \text{N KCl} + 0.1 \text{M Bu}_4\text{O}^+$, i was less than in the presence of greater or smaller concns. of Bu_4O^+ . The Bu_4O^+ adsorption film retards $\text{S}_2\text{O}_3^{2-}$ ions when one mol. of Bu_4O^+ occupies 85 Å² and stops them when one mol. occupies 39 Å².

KRUZ, C.

"Fundamental discoveries in the field of physiological optics made by J. E. Purkyne
in the first decades of the 19th century. p. 556." (CASOPOS LEKARU CESKYCH,
Vol. 92, no. 30/31, July 1953, Praha, Czechoslovakia.)

CO: East European, L. C. Vol. 2, No. 12, Dec. 1953

KRUZ, Velimir, prof.

Good condition of a construction in view of the strength
of materials. Pogon 5 no. 1/2:15-18 Ja-F '64.

S/179/60/000/03/012/039
E081/E441

AUTHORS:

Kruz, Z. and Savchuk, A. (Varshayen); V.S. Chernina, Author
of Comments
Bearing Capacity of a Ring-Shaped Plate, Clamped on Both Edges

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya Akademii nauk SSSR, Otdeleniye tekhnicheskikh
nauk, Mekhanika i mashinostroyeniya, 1960, Nr 3,
pp 72-78 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The paper is a continuation of earlier work (Ref 3).
The problem has been previously investigated in Ref 2
and 3, among others. The results of these two
investigations do not agree because Chernina (Ref 2) did
not take the flow conditions completely into account.
In the present paper, the material of the plate is
assumed to be rigid-plastic without hardening and to be
subject to the Mises-Tresca plasticity conditions. The
radial and tangential bending moments are M and N
respectively. The generalized deformation velocities
are given by Eq (1.1), where w is the deflection
velocity, and assuming the existence of a plastic
potential, the flow law is such that the deformation
velocity vectors are perpendicular to the Coulomb-Tresca ✓

Card 1/3

S/179/60/000/03/012/039
E081/E441

Bearing Capacity of a Ring-Shaped Plate, Clamped on Both Edges

hexagon (Fig 1). For a plate with both edges freely supported, the analysis of Section 2 leads to Eq (2.15) for the bearing capacity of the plate, where q is the uniform load on the plate. For a plate rigidly fixed at the outer boundary, freely supported at the inner (Fig 3), the static field is given by Eq (3.1); the equations (3.2) determine the radii ρ_1 , ρ_2 , ρ_3 in the non-dimensional form $a/b = k$, $\rho_1/b = x_1$, $\rho_2/b_2 = x_2$, $\rho_3/b = x_3$; the bearing capacity is given by Eq (2.15); the kinematic field is given by Eq (3.3). For a plate fixed on the internal boundary, freely supported on the outer (Fig 4), the static field is given by Eq (4.1); the radii by Eq (4.2); the bearing capacity by Eq (4.3) and the kinematic field by Eq (4.4). For a plate clamped on both boundaries (Fig 5), the static field, the radii and the bearing capacity are given by Eq (5.1), (5.2) and (5.3) respectively. Fig 6 gives the curves of limiting load $\varphi = qb^2/M_0$ for a plate supported on both boundaries (curve a); for a plate clamped on the external boundary and freely supported on the internal ✓ C

Card 2/3

S/179/60/000/03/012/039
E081/E441

Bearing Capacity of a Ring-Shaped Plate, Clamped on Both Edges
boundary (curve b); and for a plate clamped on the
internal boundary and supported on the external boundary
(curve B). There are 6 figures and 4 references, 2 of
which are Soviet, 1 Polish and 1 English.

Comments to this article by V.S.Chernina

The author of the comments notes that simultaneously
with the solution given by Z. Kruz and A. Savchuk of the
problem defined in the title, the same solution was
obtained by P.G.Hodge (Yield Point Load of an Annular
Plate, J.Appl.Mech, Sept 1959). A correction is
introduced into a previous paper by the author of the
comments (The Carrying Capacity of an Annular Plate
Loaded by a Uniformly Distributed Pressure, Izvestiya
Akademii nauk SSSR, OTN, 1958, Nr 7). The author
acknowledges that the bearing capacity derived in her
abovementioned paper is a lower limit only.

SUBMITTED: May 25, 1959

VC

Card 3/3

KUZNETSCHIK, A.G.

"Shale Distillation Products as Binding Agents in the Casting Industry." Cand
Chem Sci, Tallin Polytechnic Inst, Tallin, 1954. (RZhKhim, No 1, Jan 55)

Survey of Scientific and Technical Dissertations Defended at USSR Higher
Educational Institutions (13)
SO: Sum. No. 593, 29 Jul 55

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000826820002-3

KR4ZAMVAC, A.C.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000826820002-3"

S/125/60/000/021/003/00,
A005/A001

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Mashinostroyeniye, 1960, No. 21, p. 196,
116743

AUTHOR: Kruzamyagi, A. G.

TITLE: The Sublimation Products of Shale as Binding Admixtures in Foundry Practice

PERIODICAL: Sb. stately po formovochni, materialam, Moscow, 1958, pp. 50-58

TEXT: The binding and technological properties of the heavy fraction of shale tar were investigated, and the possibilities were elucidated as to improvement of these properties. It turned out that the oxidation of the shale tar by molecular atmospheric oxygen increases its binding capacity by up to 80% in strength. Mixtures with argillo-sulfite emulsion of oxidized resin have less adherence than with ГТФ (GTP), and they are useful for the production of cores of classes I and II. Formaldehyde shale tars yield mixtures with good puncturability, low adherence, high permeability to gas, and ingots with smooth surface. If combining the formation process of formaldehyde shale with the drying process of

Card 1/2

S/123/60/000/021/003/004
A005/A001

The Sublimation Products of Shale as Binding Admixtures in Foundry Practice

the cores, quick-drying mixtures are obtained not inferior to the binder №Ф-17 (MP-17) and to water glass. Resins of light fractions of acid compounds (with the boiling point up to 220°C, which consist in the main of the cresol-xylenol fraction) are suitable in powder-like form for the production of shell molds. There are 9 references.

A. M. G.

Translator's note: This is the full translation of the original Russian abstract.

Card 2/2

LEWENFISZ-WOJNAROWSKA, ~~REDACTED~~; KNUZE, Danuta; SZUKALSKI, Bogdan;
ZAORSKA, Barbara

A combined column-paper chromatographic method in the study of urinary
amino acids in children with nephrosis. Polski tygod. lek. 16 no.31:
1181-1185 31 Jl '61.

1. Z Zakladu Chemii Ogolnej A.M. w Warszawie; kierownik: prof. dr
P. Wierzchowski i z II Kliniki Pediatricznej A.M. w Warszawie; kierownik:
prof. dr med. T. Lewenfisz-Wojnarowska.

(AMINO ACIDS urine) (NEPHROSIS urine)

WIERZCHOWSKI, P.; JANCZARSKI, I.; KRUZE, D.

The method of combined column-paper chromatography applied to the determination of amino acids. Acta biochim. pol. 9 no.4:343-349 '62.

1. Department of General Chemistry, Medical School, Warszawa.
(AMINO ACIDS) (CHROMATOGRAPHY)

KRUZE, Dariusz; SZUKALSKI, Bogdan

Amino acids in the cerebrospinal fluid. Pol. arch. med. wewn.
33 no.3:297-311 '63.

1. Z Zakladu Chemii Ogolnej AM w Warszawie Kierownik: prof.
dr med. P. Wierschowski i z Kliniki Chorob Wewnetrznych Cen-
tralnego Szpitala MON.

(CEREBROSPINAL FLUID) (AMINO ACIDS)
(HEMATO-ENCEPHALIC BARRIER) (GLUTAMATES)

KRUZE, Dariusz; SZUKALSKI, Bogdan

Composition of free amino acids in the cerebrospinal fluid.
Pgl. arch. med. wewn. 33 no.5:503-510 '63.

l. Z Katedry I Kliniki Chorob Wewnętrznych 2 Centralnego
Szpitala Klinicznego Kierownik: prof. dr med. S. Bober Z
Zakładu Chemicznej AM w Warszawie Kierownik: prof. dr
P. Wierschowski.

(CEREBROSPINAL FLUID) (AMINO ACIDS)
(ENURESIS) (SCIATICA) (POLYRADICULITIS)

WIERZCHOWSKI, Piotr; KRUZE, Dariusz; SZUKALSKI, Bogdan; ZIOLECKA, Izabela

The fractionation of tuberculin by salting out on the starch column.
Postepy biochem 7 no.1:41-48 '61.

(TUBERCULIN chem) (PROTEINS chem)

BOBER, Stanislaw; DAWIDOWICZ, Aleksander; DABROWA, Romuald; IWANSKA, Janina;
KRUZE, Dariusz; SKRZYPCZYK, Ewa

Studies on the level of free amino acids in the blood serum in patients
with diabetes with the use of the method of paper column chromatography.
Pol. arch. med. wewn. 32 no.8:879-889 '62.

1. Z Kliniki Chorob Wewnętrznych Centralnego Szpitala Klinicznego w
Warszawie Kierownik Katedry i Kliniki! prof. dr med. S. Bober.
(DIABETES MELLITUS) (AMINO ACIDS)
(BLOOD CHEMICAL ANALYSIS)

BOBER, Stanislaw; KRUZE, Dariusz; DABROWA, Romuald; IWANSKA, Janina;
SKRZYPCKA, Ewa

Quantitative determination of free amino acids in the blood serum in
normal subjects by means of column-paper chromatography. Polskie
arch. med. wewn. 32 no.5:443-454 '62.

1. Z Katedry i Kliniki Chorob Wewnętrznych Klinicznego Centralnego
Szpitala W.A.M. Kierownik: prof. dr med. S.Bober.
(AMINO ACIDS blood) (CHROMATOGRAPHY)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826820002-3

KRUZE, Darluss; SZUKALSKI, Bogdan

The pituitary hormones. Testesy bloches. 10 no. 4876-190 1+4

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826820002-3"

KRUZE, Dariusz; SZUKAŁSKI, Bogdan

Comparative studies on alpha-amino nitrogen and free amino acids in the cerebrospinal fluid in normal subjects and in epilepsy. *Neurol., neurochir., Psychiat. Pol.* 14 no.3:431-438 My-Je '64.

1. Z Zakladu Chemii Ogolnej Akademii Medycznej w Warszawie (Kierownik: prof. dr. P. Wierzchowski) i z Katedry i Kliniki Chorob Wewnetrznych Szpitala Klinicznego Wojskowej Akademii Medycznej (Kierownik: prof. dr. med. S. Bober).

KRUZEK, Dariusz; IWANIEKA, Janina; BOBER, Stanislaw

Amino acid content of gastric content in healthy subjects and patients with gastric disease. Pol. arch. med. wewnetr. 34 no.9:1229-1236 '64

1. Z Katedry i Kliniki Chorob Wewnętrznych 2 Centralnego Szpitala Klinicznego Wojskowej Akademii Medycznej w Warszawie.
(Kierownik: prof. dr. med. S. Bober).

KRUZE, E.E.; BAKLANOVA, I.A.; KITANINA, T.M.; PLYUKHINA, M.A.;
TITOVA, A.N.; VYATKIN, M.P., otv. red.; GOL'DBERG, N.M.,
red.izd-va; KRUGLIKOV, N.A., tekhn. red.

[Monopolies in the metal industries of Russia from 1900 to
1917; documents and materials] Monopolii v metallurgicheskoi
promyshlennosti Rossii, 1900-1917; dokumenty i materialy.
Moskva, Izd-vo Akad. nauk SSSR, 1963. 653 p. (MIRA 16:7)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Institut istorii. Leningradskoye
otdeleniye.

(Iron industry) (Steel industry) (Copper industry)

KRUZE, I., kand. tekhn. nauk, dotsent

Thirty years later. Za rul. 20 no.5:20 My '62.
(MIRA 16:4)

1. Moskovskiy inzhenerno-ekonomicheskiy institut.

(Moscow—Traffic safety)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826820002-3

KRIZE, I. A.

Garazhnoe oborudovaniye (Garage equipment). Moscow, Mashiz, 1950. 128 p.

See: Monthly List of Russian Acquisitions, Vol 6, No. 3, June 1953

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826820002-3"

SPUZE, I. L.

DECEASED

1964

TRANSPORTATION
MOTOR VEHICLES

1962

TUSHKANOV, Boris Andreyevich, inzh. BOCHAROV, Vasiliy Ivanovich,
inzh.; KRUZE, Valeriy Vladimirovich, inzh.; SOKIN, Naum
Abramovich, inzh.; KALININ, V.K., red.; AYBASHEVA, T.V.,
red.;

[VL60 and VL80 main line a.c. locomotives] Magistral'nye
elektrovozy peremennogo toka VL60 i VL80. [By] B.A.
Tushkanov i dr. Moskva, Transport, 1964. 555 p.

(MIRA 17:7)

KRUZE, V.V.; UZBEKOV, A.A.

Study of the active components of therapeutic mud. Vop. kur.,
fizioter. i lech. fiz. kul't. 26 no.5:396-399 S-0 '61.

(MIRA 14:11)

1. Iz kafedr obshchey khimii (zav. V.V.Kruze) i normal'noy fiziologii
(zav. dotsent A.A.Uzbekov) Karagandinskogo meditsinskogo instituta
(dir. - dotsent P.M.Pospelov).

(BATHS, MOOR AND MUD)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826820002-3

MD ✓ Urinary concretions in the light of 3340 observed cases.
J. Matas and J. Kühnle, Z. Urol. 48, 478-87 (1955).—Dis-
turbances in the metabolism of the stone-forming substances
seem to be concerned in stone formation. John F. Myrvig

(1)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826820002-3"

DERKACH, G.I.; KRUZEMENT-PRIKHOD'KO, V.V.; KIRSANOV, A.V.

N-diaminophosphinylaroylamides. Zhur. ob. khim. 31 no. 7:2391-2396
J1 '61.
(MIRA 14:7)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii AN Ukrainskoy SSR.
(Phosphinic amide)

Круценштерн, Иван Федорович

КРУЗЕНШТЕРН, ИВАН ФЕДОРОВИЧ. Puteshestvie vokrug svieta v 1803, 4, 5 i 1806 godakh... na korabliakh Nadzhdie i Nevis, pod nachal'stvom...Kruzenshterna...V Sanktpeterburgie, 1809-1813. 3 v. and atlas of 1 p. 1., cix pl. Stamped on fly-leaf; Bibliothèque de Tsarskoe selo. DLC: G420.K9

SO: LC, Soviet Geography, Part I, 1951, Uncl.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826820002-3

BAYEVSKIY, R.M.; ZIL'BERTAL', Ye.A.; KRUZENSHERN, V.M.; FREYDEL', V.R.

Use of automatic logical devices for medical control. Biul.
eksp. biol. i med. 56 no.8:116-120 Ag '63. (MIRA 17:7)

1. Predstavleno deystvit'nym chlenom AMN SSSR V.V. Parinym.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826820002-3"

KRUZHLOV, Anatoliy Georgievich; RUKHLYADEV, Nikolay Leonidovich;
BELODVOISKIY, Yu. M., redaktor; AVRUSHCHENKO, R.A. redaktor
izdatel'stva; KONYASHINA, A., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Gas distribution practice in foreign countries] Iz
zarubezhnoi praktiki gazosnabzheniya. Moskva, Izd-vo M-va
kommun. khoz. RSFSR, 1956. 58 p.
(Gas distribution)

(MLRA 10:5)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826820002-3

KRUZHLOV, B.D.

DECEASED
C 1961

1962/5

SEE IIC

CHEMISTRY

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826820002-3"

KRUZHILIN, E.Ya., inzh.

Automatic welding of assemblage butt joints in rotary cement
kilns. Svar.proizv. no.12:34-35 D '65.

(MIRA 18:12)

1. Bryanskoye montazhnoye upravleniye tresta "TSentrotekh-
montazh".

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826820002-3

KHUZHALOV, I., kapitan 2-go ranga.

Aircraft carrier, Voen. znan. 31 no. 9:19-20 8 '55. (MLRA 9:2)
(Airplane carriers)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826820002-3"

KRUZHAKOV, I.

Sea hunter. p. 22.
Our gallery of gliders. p. 23.
ZA RODINATA, Sofiya, Vol. 6, no. 4, Apr. 1956.

SO: Monthly List of East European 'cessions, (EEAL), LC, Vol. 5, No. 6 June 1956,
Uncl.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826820002-3

KRUZHLOV, I., kapitan 2-go ranga.

Sea hunter. Voen. znan. 32 no.1:19 Ja '56.
(Submarine chasers)

(MLRA 9:5)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826820002-3"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826820002-3

KRUZHLOV, I., kapitan 1 ranga.

Camouflaging the ship. Voen. znan. 35 no.11:20-21 N '59.
(MIRA 12:12)
(Warships) (Camouflage (Military science))

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826820002-3"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826820002-3

KRUZHLOV, I., kapitan 1-go ranga; MAMCHITS, V., kapitan 2-go ranga

Combat training of our sailors. Voen.znan. 36 no.7:18-19
J1 '60.

(Naval education)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826820002-3"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826820002-3

AKHIELOV, N.I.

Solving the problem of "cramped" space. Machine shop no. 5;
25 May '57. (MILK 10:6)

(Machine shops)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826820002-3"

ACC NR: AP7001312

SOURCE CODE: UR/0977/64, 016/017, 444-000

AUTHORS: Bonch-Bruevich, A. M.; Petrun'kin, V. Yu.; Arzumanov, V. N.; Yesepkins, N. A.; Imaev, Ya. A.; Krushalov, S. V.; Pakhomov, L. M.; Chernov, V. A.

ORG: none

TITLE: A study of a neodymium glass laser with external feedback

SOURCE: Zhurnal tekhnicheskoy fiziki, v. 36, no. 12, 1966, 2171-2174

TOPIC TAGS: solid state laser, glass laser, neodymium glass laser, traveling wave laser, laser r and d

ABSTRACT: A study was made of a traveling-wave external-feedback neodymium glass laser, the experimental setup of which is shown in Fig. 1. The external cavity consisted of four mirrors arranged in a rectangular pattern (1.5 x 0.5 m). The output mirror (5') was 80% reflective and the three other mirrors were 99% reflective. The active medium was a cylindrical glass rod 240 mm long and 25 mm in diameter. The laser was pumped by two IFR-15,000 flashlamps fed from a condenser bank having a total stored energy of 30 kJ. A Faraday-effect cell, consisting of a quartz plate and a polarizer (six plane-parallel Brewster-angle plates) was used to achieve traveling-wave operation. A DFS-8 spectrograph (dispersion 6 Å/mm) and a Fabry-Perot interferometer were used to observe the emission spectra of the laser at various pumping levels and with the Faraday cell in and out of the feedback circuit. It was shown that the emission spectra of traveling-wave lasers are virtually line spectra and

UDC: 621.378.32

Card 1/2

ACC NR: AP700131Z

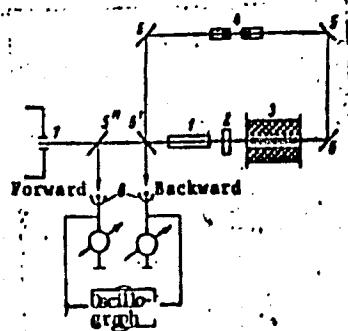


Fig. 1. Experimental setup of a traveling-wave laser

1 - Working substance; 2 - quartz plate;
3 - Faraday cell; 4 - polarizer;
5 - 5" - mirrors; 6 - photocells;
7 - spectrograph slit.

that the spiking sequence is better ordered than that of standing-wave lasers. A reduction of the spectrum to a single narrow line, which has been observed in traveling-wave ruby lasers, was not encountered in the present laser. Such narrowing in the traveling-wave operation will not occur unless the luminescence line of the working substance broadens, as it does in rubies. The high-intensity lines observed in the experiments corresponded to the uniform broadening of luminescence lines of the dopant. Orig. art. has 3 figures. (YK)

SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: 01Jun66/ OTH REV: 003/ ATD PRESS: 5110
Card 2/2

ACC NR: AP7002676

SOURCE CODE: UR/0109/67/012/001/0146/0149

AUTHOR: Petrun'kin, V. Yu.; Yesepkina, N. A.; Krushalov, S. V.; Pakhomov, L. N.; Chernov, V. A.

ORG: none

TITLE: Formation of the traveling wave in a complex optical resonator

SOURCE: Radiotekhnika i elektronika, v. 12, no. 1, 1967, 146-149

TOPIC TAGS: laser, ring laser, traveling wave, ~~laser, traveling wave, ring laser, optical resonator~~

ABSTRACT: An analysis is made of a method for calculating a ring resonator with supplementary external mirrors to obtain traveling wave excitation. The method is based on the theory of long lines as applied to the analysis of conditions for natural oscillation of the system. The essential part of the external arrangement is a system of two mirrors: one, with a partial transmission, is inclined to the beam, and the other, which is fully reflecting, is placed perpendicularly to the beam. A system of equations is given for the wave amplitudes as functions of the distance between the mirrors and their transmission and reflective indexes. The scattering matrix of the system is determined relative to the complex wave number, the real and imaginary parts of which represent, respectively, the natural frequency and the attenuation factors. The problem is solved for certain special cases, and from these solutions the relationship between the wave number and the parameters of the entire system (expressed

Card 1/2

UDC: 621.372.4.029.67

ACC NR: AP7002676

through a constant) can be deduced. Generally, however, the unavoidable reflection from the end facer of the resonator produces a reverse wave which must be eliminated before the operating traveling wave can travel only in one direction. This can be achieved either by coatings or by causing the reflected beams to deviate from the resonator axis and thus be ousted from the system. A rectangular ring laser, with near-optimal parameters, equipped with two supplementary mirrors as described, and with the end reflection eliminated by inclination of the active medium with respect to the resonator optical axis, was experimentally investigated under actual traveling-wave operation. Orig. art. has 3 figures and 10 formulas. [WA-14]

SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: 29Jun66/ ORIG REF: 001/ OTH REF: 002/

Card 2/2

14(9,10)

SOV/55-59-4-4/12

AUTHORS: Vinogradov, S.V., Candidate of Technical Sciences and Krushel'lov, Yu.M., Engineer.

TITLE: Deformation of Underground Pipes Under External Load Application (Deformatsiya podzemnykh trub pod vneshney nagruzkoj)

PERIODICAL: Stroitel'stvo truboprovodov, 1951, Nr 4, p. .-15 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: In order to determine the actual working conditions, to which underground pipes are exposed, practical tests were carried out which showed the stability of the pipes and the amount of deformation under various loads. Tests were carried out with 2 pipes, with 6 mm wall thickness, 2.84 m in diameter and 7.5 m long; one pipe was ribbed and the other smooth. The pipes were of the welded type made from low-alloy steel of grade NL-2, ribs used: 120 x 10 mm made of channel iron Nr 14-b. The pipes were placed inside a trench and the free space around was packed with earth previously removed from the ground. A frame of 160 x 160 cm rectangular section was fitted inside the pipes carrying 36 indicators for measur-

Card 1/3

307/55-59-4-4/12

Deformation of Underground Pipes Under External Load Application

ing the deformation of the pipes. Schematic Diagram Nr 1 shows the layout of the testing installation with the arrangement of the measuring indicators. Sections 1, 2 and 3 refer to the ribbed pipe and sections 4, 5 and 6 to the smooth pipe. A terrace, 3 m high on top of the pipes, was put up to act as load to be applied to the pipes together with heavy machines. The article describes in detail the various phases of the test and the amount of vertical and horizontal deformations and reverse changes registered, depending upon the amount of load applied or removed in the beginning, during and at the end of the test. In addition to the 3 m high terrace, temporary loads were applied by a 1-ton bulldozer, loaded dump trucks MAZ with a load of 8.75 tons on the rear axle and 42-ton excavator type E-1004. Graph Nr 3 shows the various levels of the terrace in the course of the test and the corresponding displacements of the surface of the pipe. In accordance with calculations the rigidity of ribbed pipe is 360 times greater than that of smooth pipe; in reality, however, displacements of the surface of the smooth pipe were only 1.3 - 1.4 times greater than those of the ribbed pipe, which is due to the fact that the ribbed pipe has a much larger cross-section.

Card 2/3

SOV 95-59-4-4/12

Deformation of Underground Pipes Under External Load Application

the pipe on both sides strengthens to a large extent the resistance of the pipe, offering a combined resilience under changing load pressure from above. For this reason ribbed construction of pipes can be dispensed with. The amount of additional deformation of pipes caused by heavy machinery was insignificant as compared with the deformation obtained from the load of the 3m high terrace; such peak displacements did not amount to more than 8% of the total deformation. There are 1 schematic diagram, 1 graph and 1 photo.

Card 3/3

A LYMOV, A.Ya.; KRUZHANOVSKIY, O.N.; PIVNITSKIY, L.A.

Effect of various methods of immunization against tetanus and gas gangrene on the rate of development of immunity and its intensity [with summary in English]. Biul.eksp.biol. i med. 43 no.5:100-108 My '57. (MIRA 10:10)

1. Iz laboratorii infektsionnoy patologii (zav. - chlen-korrespondent AMN SSSR prof. A.Ya.Alymov) otdela obshchey patologii (zav. - akademik A.D.Speranskiy) Instituta normal'noy i patologicheskoy fiziologii AMN SSSR (dir. - deystvitel'nyy chlen AMN SSSR prof. V.N.Chernigovskiy), Moskva. Predstavlena deystvitel'nym chlenom AMN SSSR prof. V.N.Chernigovskim.

(GAS GANGRENE, immunol.

eff. of various methods of immun. on promptness & intensity of immun. developed in rats (Rus))

(TETANUS, immunol.
same)

KROZHIKOV, I. I.

Cables

Use of control cable with cotton insulation Rab. energ. 2, No. 5, May 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, August 1952 1958, Uncl.

KHUZHAYEV, V.V., polkovnik meditsinskoy sluzhby; BOGATYREV, M.P.,
podpolkovnik med.sluzhby

Perforating and hemorrhaging ulcers of the stomach and
duodenum. Voen.-med.zhur. no.2:29-32 F '60. (MIRA 13:5)
(PEPTIC ULCER HEMORRHAGE ther.)
(PEPTIC ULCER PERFORATION surg.)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826820002-3

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826820002-3"

KRUZHEVNIKOVA, A. I.

CA 3/49T83

USER/Metals
Steel, Manganese
Colorimetry

Aug 48

"Colorimetric Determination of Compounds of
Manganese in Air," D. N. Finkel'shteyn, A. I.
Kruzhevnikova, Sverdlovsk Labor Hygiene and
Prophylaxis Inst, 2 pp

"Zavod Lab" Vol XIV, No 8

Manganese particles escape into atmosphere during
smelting of manganese steel in electric furnace.
Describes method of determination. Discusses
influence of presence of iron, chromium, and
nickel.

3/49T83

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826820002-3

✓ RG Colorstriped film available
SAC - 6/14/99 Ver. 3.0

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826820002-3"

KRUZHEVNIKOVA, Ye. I.; LIBATOVA, V.A.

Topology of a magnetic field in the vicinity of a disk. Trudy
Ural. politekh. inst. no.92:85-93 '59. (MIRA 13:12)
(Magnetic fields) (Ferromagnetism)

Change of carbohydrate and nitrogen content in sunflower viewed with regard to irrigation. A. S. Kuchukov, V. I. Samokov and M. N. Shestal'yanov. Chemp. rend. Acad. U. R. S. S. 20, 39 (1970) (Russian English). When optimal conditions of moisture were created by irrigation, the leaves had the highest content of sugars, polysaccharides and N. Under greatest scarcity of water they had the lowest. The top leaves also contained more of these ingredients than the lower. — E. J. W.

ASB-SLA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

KRUZHILIN, A. S.

"Physiology of Heat Resistance of Cabbage and Potato," Dokl. AN SSSR, 61, No.5,
1948

Sci.Res.Inst. Vegetable Farming

CA

11D

Changes in nitrogen metabolism in cabbage leaves at high temperatures (I. A. Zauralov and A. S. Krushilin (Ministry Agr. RSPFR, Moscow). *Dobitnye issled.* No. 2 N.S.S.R. 77, 731-6 (1961). -- Cabbage specimens from southern, more heat-resistant types have higher total and protein N and less nonprotein N than northern types (Moscow region). The latter show larger diurnal variation of nonprotein N, this being highest at midday. The effect is caused by shifts of N metabolism toward the hydrolytic side under the influence of higher temp. and consequent relative dehydration of the plant. Heat-stable types contain 89-9% protein N (related to total N), while northern types give 76-81%. Growing cabbage seeds in aqu. exts. taken from leaves collected at midday, i.e. at max. temp. period, showed that all such exts. retard the rate of seed development; the effect is strongest with exts. from non-heat-stable types, indicating that higher concns. of toxic materials are formed during the intensified hydrolysis period. Cabbage plants grown in the shade show less N in all forms than do the control plants, but the largest share of the decline is due to nonprotein N. The northern types show higher ammonia N content than do the southern types.
G. M. Kosulapoff

1967