RAYKHSHTAT, G.N.; SHAPIRO, A.A.; LEYKINA, R.F.; KARASEVA, M.F.; EERLOVICH, E.A.; RYUMINA, M.G.; EROKER, T.N. KUZHETGOVA, N.S.
Epidemiological effectiveness of preventive bacteriophage treatment against dysentery in pediatric institutions. Zhur. mikrobiol., epid. 1 immun. 42 no.8:139-141 Ag '65. (MIRA 18:9)
1. Sanitarno-epidemiologicheskayu stantsiya Sverdlovskogo rayona Moskvy.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000

KOLLERGV, D.K.; KUZNETSOVA, N.V.; SKORIK, I.L.

Silver chloride half-cell and the method for determining its standard potential in the circuits without transfer. Trudy inst. Kom. stand., mer i izm. prib. no.68:42-58 '63. (NIRA 17:5)

1. Vaesoyuznyy nauchna-issledovatel'skiy institut metrologii im. D.I. Mendoleyeva.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000

Sector temperation

ALEKSANDROV, V.V.; VRUBLEVSKAYA, L.V.; KOLLEROV, D.K.; KUZNETSOVA, N.V.; SKORIK, I.L.

> Standard buffer solutions and the determination of their pH in the temperature range of 0 to 95°C. Trudy inst. Kom. stand., mer i izm. prib. no.68:59-79 '63.

(MIRA 17:5)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut metrologii im. D.I. Mendeleyeva i Khar'kovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

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NIKOLAYEV, L.K., inzh.; KUZNETSOVA, N.V., inzh.; NIKOLAYEVA, V.V., inzh. Use of different types of electrical machines. Elektrotekhnika 36 (MIRA 18:3) no.1:15 Ja 165. 115 國的新闻 CIA-RDP86-00513R000928220013-4" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000

(1)- 中國有利國南部被國際國際國家

北京語行で

KUZNETSOVA, N. V.

Kuznetsova, N. V.

"The effectiveness of fertilizer and of organic-mineral mixtures of various composition on sod-podzolic soils of Moscow Oblast." Moscow Order of Lenin Agricultural Academy imeni K. A. Timiryazev. Moscow, 1956. (Dissertation for the degree of Candidate in Agricultural Sciences)

Knizhnaya letopis No. 15, 1956. Moscow

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KUZNETSOVA, N.V.; MORDOKHOVICH, L.G.; MUKHSIN-ZADE, N.Kh.

Characteristics of the composition of milk and national sour milk products prepared in Tajikistan (dzhurgot, dukh, chakka, kurut). (MIRA 15:8) Zdrav.Tedzh. 9 no.3:44-47 My-Je '62.

1. Iz Instituta krayevoy meditsiny AN Tadzhikskoy SSR, kafedry gigiyeny Tadzhikskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni Abuali ibni Sino i peshchevoy laboratorii Dushanbinskoy gorodskoy sanitarnoepidemiologicheskoy stantsii. (TAJIKISTAN---DAIRY PRODUCTS---ANALYSIS AND EXAMINATION)

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CERSHANOVICH, V.M.; 2UYEV, V.A.; BUNINA, N.N.; KUZMETSOVA, N.V.; KATS, G.T. Chemical nature and the mechanism of action of the succinic oxidase inhibitor from Trypanosoma cruzi. Biokhimila 27 no.2:252-259 Mr-Ap '62. (MIRA 15:8) 1. Institute of Vaccines and Sera, and the State Control Institute of Medical and Biological Preparations, Moscow. (SUCCINIC OXIDASE) (TRYPANOSOMA CRUZI)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000

#### CIA-RDP86-00513R000928220013-4

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## KUZNETBUVA, N.V., dotsent

Composition of food rations in pressnool calleren's institutions in Dushanbe. Trudy Tadzh. mod. inst. 50:167-173 (61. (MIRA 17:8)

1. 12 kafodry obnicheý giglyeny (zav. - dotsont S.S. Dinkelis) Tadzhikakoge gosudarstvennego moditalnskogo instituta imeni Abuali Ibn-Sino.

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SHVARTSMAN, I.Sh.; MIKHAYLOV, Yu.F.; PAPAKIN, Kh.M.; VYDRINA, Zh.A.; KUZNETSOVA, N.V.; VISLOGUZOVA, E.A.; KUL'GHITSKAYA, I.B.
Optimum apparent density of steel pouring stoppers made by the stiff mud process. Ogneupory 30 no.619-14 '65. (NIFA 1911)
1. Vostochnyy institut ogneuporov (for Shvartsman, Mikhaylov).
2. Nizhnc-Tagil'sky metallurgichenkiy kombinat imeni Lenina (for Papakin, Vydrina, Kuznetsova, Visloguzova, Kul'chitskaya).

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000

# KUZNETSOVA, N.V.

History of the formation of structures in the marginal zone of the Pechora depression in connection with their oil potential. Neftegaz. geol. i geofiz. no.11:6-10 '65. (MIRA 18:12)

1. Ukhtinskaya tematicheskaya ekspeditsiya UTGU,

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VASIL'IEV, L.I.; KULENKO, E.M.; KUZNETSOVA, N.Ya. Detormination of uropepsin in patients with diseases of digestive organs. Kaz. med. zhur. no.6:44-66 N-D '60. (MIRA 13:12) 1.Klinicheskaya bol'nitsa No 6 Mosgorzdravotdela (vlavvrach - I.N. Kurgannikov). (DIGESTIVE ORGANS-DISEASES) (UROPEPSIN) (DIGESTIVE ORGANS-DISEASES)

NUTRIC PARTIES 1973

SIMAKIN, A.M.; BARABANOV, V.Ye.; BORISOV, A.M.; AFONITOSHIN, V.N.; CRIBKOV, V.M.; CHUDESOV, I.D.; VOLCHKOV, B.A.; KUZNETSOVA, N.Ya., red. [Technology of the maintenance of ZIL-150, ZIL-164 and ZIL-585 motor vehicles in agriculture] Tekhnologiia tekhnicheskogo obsluzhivaniia avtorobilei ZIL-150, ZIL-164 i ZIL-585 v sel'skom khoziaistve. Moskva, 1963. 78 p. (MIRA 27:9) 1. Perovo. Gosudarstvennyy Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy tekhnologicheskiy institut remonta i ekepluatatsii mashinno-traktornogo parka. 2. Laboratoriya tekhnologii remonta i tekhnicheskogo obsluzhivaniya avtomobiley i reziny Gosudarstvennogo soyuznogo nauchno-issledovatel'-

skogo tekhnologicheskogo instituta.

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## ACCESSION NR: AP4001911

after 600 and 300 r doses are regular with individual differences depending on the radioresistance of the animal. Within the first two days after irradiation, the acetylcholine level rises and cholinesterase activity decreases, with the more radioresistant animals displaying earlier and more marked shifts. During a succeeding stage of relatively satisfactory clinical condition, acetylcholine level and cholinesterase activity are restored earliest in the more radioresistant dogs. In these dogs cholinesterase activity is not only restored to initial values, but to values 1.5 to 2 times higher. In the subsequent stage of marked clinical symp-toms acetylcholine level increases again and cholinesterase activity decreases. In the terminal stage the acetylcholine-cholinesterase system is not restored in dogs irradiated with 600 r, but is normalized by the 29th-41st days in dogs irradiated with 300 r. A comparison of acetylcholine-cholinesterase changes induced by single total doses and by daily fractional doses (as described in the literature) indicates a general similarity in shifts during acute and chronic radiation sickness. Acetylcholine-cholinesterase system changes after irradiation in dogs with varying radioresistance suggest possible participation of this system in the compensatory reactions Card 2/3

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<sup>5</sup>ignificance of histamine in weflex reactions of the organism in multiple pain stimulation [with summary in Mnglish]. Fiziol.zhur. re no.3:252-258 Kr '57. (MIRA 10:8)
1. Laboratoriya obshchey i sravnitel'noy fiziologii Instituta morfologii shivotnykh im. A.N.Severtsova AN SSSR, Moskva (HWART, physiology, eff. of pain stimulation after admin) of histamine (Rus)) (PAIN, experimental, eff. on heart of repeated pain stimuli after admin. of histamine (Rus)) (HISTANINE, effects, on heart response to multiple pain stimuli (Rus))

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中心学习的主要和规则

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SEMENOV, S.S.; KOBYL'SKAYA, M.V.; KUZNETSOVA, O.A.; SOLOV'YEV, Yu.A.; ZAV"YALOV, V.G.; MASHIN, V.N.; VELITSKAYA; O.Ya.; PETRUNIN, M.M.; RIF, L.L.

> Starting a pyrolysis unit for chamber gasoline in the V.I. Lenin Oil Shale Processing Combine. Trudy VNIIT no.12:64-68 '63. (MIRA 18:11)

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KOBYL'SKAYA, M.V.; KORNILOV, M.F.; SEMENOV, S.S.; PYSHKINA, N.I.; PUSTOVALOVA, Ye.K.; KUZNETSOVA, O.A.; Prinimali uchastiye; KSENOFONTOVA, tekhnik; AYZENBERG, Z.M., tekhnik; LOBANOVA, E.M., tekhnik Using and asphalt for the preparation of superphosphate phosphorous fertiliser. Trudy VNIIT no.12:119-129 '63. (MIRA 18:11) 0 APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000928220013-4"



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Comparative effectiveness of various methods of ovohelminthoscopy in some helminthiases. Lab. delo 8 no.3:25 Mr '62. (MIRA 15'5)

1. Kafedra obshchey biologii (zav. - dotsent M.Sh.Asfagan) Bashkirskogo meditsinskogo instituta. (HELMINTHOLOGY)

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"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000928220013-4 KOBYL'SKAYA, M.V.; FYSHKINA, N.I.; SEMENOV, S.S.; KUZNETSOVA, O.A. Improving the production of MS-25 alkyd-styrol lacquer. Trudy VNIIT no.12:78-82 '63.

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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000



OBUKHOV, P.F.; KUZNETSOVA, O.I. Amount of vitamin C in some vegetables and other plant objects of Amur Province. Vop.pit. 21 no.3:86-87 My-Je '62. (MIRA 15:10) 1. Iz kafedry obshchey gigiyeny (zav. - dotsent P.F.Obukhov) Blagoveshchenskogo meditsinskogo instituta. (AMUR PROVINCE\_\_PLANTS\_\_CHEMICAL ANALYSIS) (ASCORBIC ACID) 



KUZNETSOVA, O. K.

USSR/Medicine - Bacteria Coli Medicine - Bacteria - Typhoid group

Jun 1947

"Interrelation Between Jensen's Bacteria Type A I and the Adams' Bacterium Coli," I. E. Mihkevich, C. K. Kuznetsova, 4 pp

"Gigiyena i Sanitariya" No 6

Issued by the Division of Sanitation and Bacteriology of the Leningrad Scientific and Research natitute for Sanitation and Hygiene. Experiments conducted to determine amount of Jensen's KALEERRUHRCCLI (AI) in milk had the following results. Scibitic absolute variant showed 32 percent containing trypaflavine positive and 68 percent trypaflavine negative. Sorbitic negative variant showed 10 percent containing endotoxin.

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HAX. KUZNETSOVA, D.K. State of the vegetative nervous system in true rheumatic fever and infectious polyarthritis, Sbor.nauch.trud.TashGMI 22:60-65 '62. (MIRA 18:10) 1. Kafedra fakul'tetskoy terapii i pedistricheskogo i sanitarno-gigiyenicheskogo fakul'tetov (zav. kafedroy - prof. A.S.Melik-Karamyan) Tashkentskogo gosudarstvennogo meditsinskogo instituta. ; **王王**章 3:9

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000



L_10966-66 EWT(1)/EWA(J)/EWA(b)-2 JK
ACC NR: AP5028402 SOURCE CODE: UR/0016/65/000/009/0139/0140
AUTHOR: <u>Kuznetsova, O.K.</u> ; <u>Kryuchkova, N. I.44</u> B
ORG2/, <u>Sanitation-Epidemiological Station of the Leningrad-Vitebsk Section of Oktyabr'skaya</u> <u>Railroad Sanitarno-epidemiologicheskaya stantsiya</u> Leningrad-Vitebskogo odteleniya Oktaybr'skoy zheleznoy dorogi)
TITLE: species composition of <u>Salmonella</u> isolated during a five year period
SOURCE: Zhurnal mikrobiologii, epidemiologii i inrmunobiologii, no. 9, 1965, 139-140 $\mu_1^{4}$ , 55 TOPIC TAGS: microbiology, intestinal disease, disease control, food sanitation
ABSTRACT: During the five year period between 1958 and 1962, 31,403 persons were examined, among whom 122 (0.38%) were found to be salmonella-carriers. The greatest number of carriers was found among workers of food establishments, especially restaurants (0.6%). Of the total number of elicited carriers 36.6% were food-industry workers and persons comparable to them. The authors elicited 22 species of salmonella from groups A, B, C, D, and E. The most common was group B (53.3%), followed by
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NESS TRANSMENT

L 10966-66 ACC NR: AP5028402 E(30%), D (9%), C(6.6%), and group A (0.9%). The authors establish the significant role in the etiology of disease played by 8, anatum of the E group and the rarely encountered species bovismorbificans, essen, and newlands. The authors were able to ascertain the outcome of the infection in 79 persons: 28 had a clinically expressed disease, 29 were bacteria- carriers, and 22 were transient carriers of salmonella. The timely detection of salmonella-carriers by conducting planned examinations of food-industry workers and the realization of preventive measures prevented food poisoning and focal diseases. SUB CODE: 06 / SUBM DATE: 17Aug63

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	13 no.7:23-24 '60.		(MIRA 13:10
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Translation	from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, 1958, Nr 6, p 384 (USSR)
AUTHORS:	Babenyshev, V.M., Shchelkanovtseva, A.Ya., Kuznetsova, O.M.
TITLE:	Amperometric Titration of Bismuth with Potassium Ferri- cyanide (Amperometricheskoye titrovaniye vismuta ferritsiani- dom kaliya)
PERIODICA	L: Sb. nauchn. tr. Kuybyshevsk. industr. in-ta, 1957, Nr 7, pp 37-43
ABSTRACT	Amperometric titration of bismuth by means of its precipi- tation as Bi $[Fe(CN)_6]$ with a solution of K <sub>3</sub> $[Fe(CN)_6]$ in a weakly nitric-acid medium has been studied. Near the point of equivalence a rounding off of the titration curve is noticed, which indicates a certain solubility of the precipitate. The ti- tration is carried out at 0.9 v wherein diffusion current is pro- duced by Bi <sup>3+</sup> ions as well as $[Fe(Cn)_6]^{3-}$ ions. To obtain more precise results, the current intensity (i) is calculated according to the formula $i = i_{observed}(v + v_1)/v$ , where v is the volume of the solution being titrated and $v_1$ is the amount of the
Card 1/2	solution of K <sub>3</sub> [Fe(Cn) <sub>6</sub> ] added. The Bi precipitate is easily

mperometric Titration of	Bismuth with Potassium Fe	rricyanide
oluble in the presence of $t_{1} = t_{2}$ of titration. The precision $\pm 1\%$ .	Cl <sup>-</sup> ions and tartrates which on of the titration of 0.01-0.00	should be absent dur- 03 M of Bi solution
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AUTHORS:	Babenyshev, V. M. (Deceased) and Kuznetsova, O. M.
TITLE:	<u>Complexometric Aluminum</u> Determination With Ammetric Indication of the End of Titration
PERIODICAL:	Zhurnal analiticheskoy khimii, 1960, Vol. 15, No. 5, pp. 568 - 572
tion by the and with am M 198/i (M ing platinum which is con end point i was first t when determ with accura tities of z	thod was worked out for the complexometric aluminum determina- re-titration of the complexon excess with a FeCl <sub>3</sub> solution metric indication. Titration is carried out at pH 5; with a 198/1) galvanometer the potential is measured between a rotat- n electrode as indicator electrode and a calomel electrode, nnected with the solution by means of an agar-agar bridge. The s graphically determined. The accuracy of the determination ested on pure aluminum salt solutions; the mean error is 1% ining 400 mg Al. It was found that aluminum may be determined cy also in the case of a large excess of magnesium; small quan- inc also do not affect determination. The method may therefore
Card $1/2$	

Complexometric Aluminum Determination With Ammetric Indication of the End of Titration s/075/60/015/005/012/026/XX B002/B056

be used for determining aluminum in magnesium alloys according to  $\Gamma OCT$  3240-56 (GOST 3240-56). The accuracy in this case amounts to  $\pm$  0.2%. For rapid determinations, a semiautomatic "tempometric" method was developed. From a dropping capillary the iron chloride solution is uniformly added by means of a "tempometric" burette; the time is measured which passes until the galvanometer begins to show a strong deflection. After setting up the calibration curve, an individual determination takes 3.5 minutes, the accuracy being  $\pm$  0.2%. Yu. I. Usatenko and M. A. Vitkina are mentioned. There are 2 figures, 4 tables, and 19 references: 16 Soviet, 1 Austrian, 1 Hungarian, 2 Dutch, and : Czechoslovakian.

ASSOCIATION: Kuybyshevskiy industrial'nyy institut im. V.V. Kuybysheva (Kuybyshev Industry Institute imeni V. V. Kuybyshev)

SUBMITTED:

June 29 1959

Card 2/2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000

RUZNETSOVA, U.M.

79-11-14/56 Klebanskiy, A. L., Grachev, I. V. (Deceased), Kuznetsova, O. M. AUTHORS: The Investigation of the Process of Formation of Diacetylene Compounds From Acctylene Derivatives With One Substituent. I. On the TITLE: Mechanism of Formation of the Diacetylene Compounds (Issledovaniya reaktsii obrazovaniya diatsetilenovykh soyedineniy iz odnozameshchennykh proizvodnykh atsetilena) (I. O nekhanizme obrazovaniya diatsetilenovykh soyedineniy) Zhurnal Obshchey Khimii, 1957, Vol. 27, Mr 11. pp.2977-2983 (USSR) PERIODICAL: The compounds of the diacetylene series were initially produced with various oxidizing agents by oxidation of the copper - sodium ABSTRACT: and magnesium bromoderivatives of the acetylenes provided with one substituent. In the present work theattempt is made to carry out, i.e. to improve, the reaction for the formation of diacetylene comrounds from acctylene derivatives, with one radical, in the presence of copper salts, as it was already carlier suggested by Zal'kind. As fundamental object of investigation the authors selected the process of the conversion of diacthylacetylenylcarbinol to 2,7-dimethyloctadiane-3,5-diol-2,7. Baside the formation of other diacetylene compounds was also studied, for the purpose of determining the influence of the structure of acetylene compounds Card 1/2

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AVAILABLE: Card 2/2	Library of Congress 1. Diacetylene compounds-Production 2. Diacetylene compounds- Chemical reactions
SUBMITTED:	September 27, 1956
ASSOCIATION:	State Institute of Applied Chemistry (Gosudarstvennyy institut prikladnoy khimii)
	upon the process, as well as for the purpose of determining the reaction mechanism. Thus the already suggested mechanism of forma- tion of the diacetylene compounds from acctylene derivatives pro- vided with one substituent in their reactions with copper salts is further developed. It is shown that the formation of the diacetyle- ne compounds in aqueous salutions takes place according to the iono-radical mechanism, where the ions of the acetylenide form first, facilitated by the copper ions. Further the acetylenide ions are by the ions of the bivalent copper oxidized into radicals which are recombined into the molecule of the diacetylene compound. There are 3 figures, 4 tables, and 13 references, 8 of which are Slavic.
The Investiga tylene Deriva Diacetylene C	79-11-14/56 tion of the Process of Formation of Diacetylene Compounds From Ace- tives With One Substituent. I. On the Lechanism of Formation of the ompounds

## CIA-RDP86-00513R000928220013-4

KUZNETSOVA, O.-N.

"Distribution of Hirudin in the Body of Leeches, Its Properties, Methods for Obtaining It, and Practical Utilization." These for degree of Cand. Biological Sci. Sub 11 Mar 49, Moscow Veterinary Academy.

Summary 82, 18 Dec 52, <u>Dissertations Presented for Degrees in Science and Engineering</u> in Moscow in 1949. From V<sub>e</sub>chernyaya Moskva Jan-Dec 1949.

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2017年1月1日日本市场的建筑和全国

MUREETSOVA, O.H.
Distribution of hirudin in the body of the medicinal leech. Kool, shur. 32 no.5: (MEMA 6:10)
33-339 8-0 '53.
1. Anfedra soologii Moskovskoy Veterinarnoy akademii i bdellologioheskaya laboratoriya Moskovskogo meditsinskogo instituta Ministerstva Ziarvookhrenelaboratoriya Moskovskogo meditsinskogo instituta Ministerstva Ziarvookhrenelaboratoriya HBFBR.

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S. CALENCE STREET, STRE

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KUZNETSOVA, O.P.; RUSAKOVA, G.P.

Effect of the intravenous introduction of amniotic fluid on blood coagulation indices in the dog. Biul.eksp.biol.i med. 58 (MIRA 18:2) no.7:41-43 Jl '64.

1. Kafedra patologicheskov fiziologii (zav. - prof. I.A.Oyvin) Kubanskogo meditsinskogo instituta, Krasnodar. Submitted May 27, 1963.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000

CHIEFT STREET CONSTRAINTS

KOROBKOVA, Ye.I.; LOBANOV, V.N.; KUZNETSOVA, O.R.

Stabilization of the immunogenic properties of the Girard and Robik EV strain. Report No. 3: Effect of passage through the animal body and the significance of selection of individual colonies in immunogenicity of the EV strain. Zhur. mikrobiol., epid. i imm. 41 no. 2:16-21 F '64. (MIRA 17:9)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy protivochumnyy institut "Mikrob".

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KULINETSOVA, O. S-	Studies process of oxidation of titanium containing minerals and alloys within composition of electri- cal corundum. Establishes that oxidation at 400-660° C of Fi-containing ferroalloys is main 244773 cause for anomalous expansion of corundum. Oxida- tics process was studied by microscopic examination of pullshed specimens in reflected light. Mineral- ogical composition of corundum specimens is tabu- lated.	USER/Regimeering - Refractories, Corum- Oct 52 dum "Concerning the Anomalous Expansion of Electrical Corundum," N. Ye. Filomenko, Dr Tech Sci, 0. S. Kurnetsova, All-Union Sci Res Inst of Abrasives and Grinding "Ogneerory" No 10, pp 470-474	
ning talah di katang di katang sa katang di katang sa katang sa katang sa katang sa katang sa katang sa katang Katang sa katang sa ka		a na manazon program de la compositione de la compositione de la compositione de la compositione de la composit	

KIM, Yu.Kh.; LUK'YANOV, I.A.; YAZYDZHAN, I.N., sadovod; SUL'MENEVA, Ye.M., starshiy tekhnik; ZHIL'TSOV, MI.I, starshiy master; KUZNETSOVA, P.G., inzh.-tekhnolog; ANISKOV, A.T., pirometrist; BELYAKOV, T.P., kalil'=shchik; NAUMOV, M.D., kalil'shchik

> Let us create winter gardens in industrial plants with high temperatures. Zdorov'e 6 no.10:32 0 '60. (MIRA 13:9)

1. Moskovskiy zavod shlifoval'nykh stankov. 2. Glavnyy metallurg Moskovskogo zavoda shlifoval'nykh stankov (for Kim). 3. Zaveduyushchiy zdravpunktom Moskovskogo zavoda shlifoval'nykh stankov (for Luk'yanov). (GREENHOUSES)

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н¢. TIMOFEYEVA, Z.V.; KUZNETSOVA, P.P. Diagenetic ankerites in the Aalen sediments of Daghestan. Dokl. AN SSSR 159 no.3:572-575 N '64 (MIRA 18:1) 1. Geologicheskiy institut AN SSSR. Predstavleno akademikom N.M. Strakhovym. 

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"Electrical Engineering Handbook for Industrial edited by A. A. Fedorova and P. V. Kuznetsova.	Undertakings" Moscow 1954

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计包运行员 运行的现在分词

DROGICHINA, E.A.; RASHEVSKAYA, A.M.; YEVGENOVA, M.V.; ZORINA, L.A.; KOZ-LOV, L.A.; KUZNETSOVA, R.A.; RYZHKOVA, M.N.; SENKEVICH, N.A.; SO-LOV'YEVA, L.V.[deceased]; SHATALOV, N.N.; LETAVET, A.A., prof., red.; YEGOROV, Yu.L., red.; BUL'DYAYEV, N.A., tekhn. red.

[Manual on periodic medical examinations for industrial workers] Posobie po periodicheskim meditsinskim osmotram rabochikh promyshlennykh predpriiatii. By E.A.Drogichina i dr. Moskva, Medgiz, 1961. 287 p. (MIRA 1/:12)

(INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE)

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PUCHINSKIY, M.Ya., kand. filosofskikh nauk, dotsent; KUZNETSOVA, R.G., kand. yuridicheskikh nauk Progressive development of Soviet democracy as an objective characteristic of Soviet society. Trudy MIIGAIK no.43:21-40 (MIRA 16:7) 160. (Communism) .

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LARINA, N.I., KUZNETSOVA, R.I.

The wood mouse Apodemus sylvaticus basssleri Dahe and the field mouse A. tauricus Pall. of the Crimean Mountains. Nauch. dokl. vys. shkoly; biol. nauki no.3:46-51 '60. (MIRA 13:8)

1. Rekomendovana kafedroy zoologii Saratovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta im. N.G. Chernyshevskogo. (Crimean Mountains -- Field mice)

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TREE PROVIDENCES

17(2,6) SOV/16-60-2-10/35 AUTHORS: Kuznetsova, R.I., Sukhomlinova, O.I., Churilova, A.A. TITLE: The Nature of Biphasic Meningo-encephalitis in the Leningrad Oblast' PERIODICAL: Zhurnal mikrobiologii, epidemiologii i immunobiologii, 1960, Nr 2, pp 56 - 61 (USSR) ABSTRACT: The article collates the results of an 8-year study of the epidemiological and parasitological features of tick-borne encephalitis and biphasic meningo-encephalitis in the Leningrad Oblast'. The investigations were carried out by associates of the Leningradskaya oblastnaya sanitarno-epidemiologicheskaya stantsiya (Leningrad oblast<sup>†</sup> Sanitary and Epidemiological Station.) The olinical, epidemiological and parasitological features clearly distinguish tick-borne encephalitis from biphasic meningo-encephalitis. Tick-borne encephalitis is of a distinct seasonal nature, caused by the period of activity of its vector. the tick Ixodes persulcatus. The disease is manifest in individual, unconnected sporadic cases and its sole agency of transmission is bite from or contact with Ixodes persulcatus. It is partly an occupation disease. the largest group being forestry workers (20.7% of the total incidence). Card 1/2The age of the patients varies from 21 - 29 years. For biphasic meningo-建度制度

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The Nature of	SOV/16-60-2-10/35 Biphasic Meningo-encephalitis in the Leningrad Oblast'
	encephalitis, however, the main vector is the tick Ixodes ricinus and the seasonal nature of the disease is accounted for by the period of activity of this tick. The incidence is of the family or group type and the main path of transmission is the consumption of unboiled milk from sick goats or by the bite of Ixodes ricinus. The main sufferers are farm workers and their families; forestry workers account for 7.9% of the total incidence. Most susceptible are children between the ages of 1 and 15 years. The data confirm the hypothesis that tick-borne encephalitis and biphasic meningo- encephalitis are two separate nosological entities. There are: 3 diagrams, 1 table and 7 Soviet references.
ASSOCIATION:	Leningradskaya oblastnaya sanitarno-epidemiologicheskaya stentsiya (Lenin- grad Oblast' Sanitary and Epidemiological Station)
SUBMITTED:	February 19, 1959
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Solubility of tin in aluminari in the solid state. T. A-Hadaeva and R. I. Kuznetavya (Akad. Sci. U.S.S.K. Muscau). Dotrody-Massed Mark S.N.S.R. 72, UD7-6 (1950).-Microstructures of Su-Al alloys were investi-satide on samples annealed 240 hrs. at 210° and 170 hrs. at 40, 150, or 100°, after slow cooling down from 210°, and quenching in ice water. Cooling to from temp. was extended over 170 hrs. Elec. coad. was detd. on samples annealed 600 hrs. at 210° and quenched in ice water. Results are given for alloys coate, up to 5 wt. % Sn. in the form of curves of the elec. cond., the lattice parameter (from Debye x-ray patterns, on samples quenched from 210°), and the liquidus and solidus curves (from thermal analysis of samples quenched from 210°). The elec-sin, it inveases slightly with further increating in con-resistivity of Al does not change with the 1st addns. of 5n; it inveases slightly with further increating in dicating abscace of any significant range of slight soli. This sepn. along the grain boundaries becomes quite distinct with 0.5 wt. % Sa. In samples quenched from 1.0° show \$30. This sepn. along the grain boundaries becomes quite distinct with the strend is not arrest sources for the mart in the base of sight spin con a 200° show \$30. This sepn. along the grain boundaries becomes quite distinct with 0.5 wt. % Sa. In samples quenched from 0.1 or to 5% Sn. thermograms showed arrests corresponding to the m. p. bolid solin is noticeable at as low as 0.4% Sn. Differential the eutectic (220°) even with as low as 0.4% Sn. The selec-tion of Sn appear at 1% Sn. These results invalidate the published figures of solid soly. is of in Al, which range from 2 to 20% Sn. The actual solid soly. is of in Al, which range of a hundredth of a percent. This low soly, is detd. by the unfavorable electrochem. factor (different groups of the periodic system) and the unfavorable vol. tactor (11% the second a serie second 

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CONTRACTOR DATE

33883 S/640/61/000/000/004/035 18.1247 D258/D302 21.2100 AUTHORS: Ivanov, O. S., Badayeva, T. A., Semenchenkov, A. T. and Kuznetsova, R. I. TITLE: The structure of the system uranium-molybdenum at 600 -1200°C and the properties of its alloys' Akademiya nauk SSSR. Institut metallurgii. Stroyeniye SOURCE: splavov nekotorykh sistem s uranom i toriyem. Moscow, Gosatomizdat, 1961, 48-67 This work was aimed at providing experimental data for the TEXT: construction of an equilibrium diagram for the above system, in the temperature region of  $0 - 800^{\circ}$ C and for the composition range of 0 - 32 at.-% molybdenum. Firstly, the region of occurrence of the B-phase was explored by studying the transformations, occurring in alloys containing 0.5 - 5 at.-% Mo. The samples were cut from alloys cast in a high-frequency furnace, homogenized for 48 hours, at 800°C and then successively held at 600°C (12 hrs), 500°C (240 hrs), and 400°C (240 hrs). Dilatometric investigation at up to Card (1/4 

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800°C showed that, at less than 4 at.-% Mo, there is a gap between the end of the  $d \rightarrow \beta$  transformation and the beginning of  $\beta \rightarrow f$ ; this gap disappeared at higher Mo contents. On the other hand, micrographs of samples (quenched from 675 - 750°C and heated before for long periods) show the existence of a f-phase in samples containing only 1 at.-% Mo; this phase goes up to 80% of the total volume, at 5 at.-%. On the strength of this evidence, the  $\beta/(\beta + f)$ boundary is markedly displaced towards the Mo-poor side. The second series included samples containing 0.05 - 90 at.-% Mo. Micrographs recorded on cast samples in the range of 24-90 at.-% confirmed the peritectic nature of the crystallization. Dendritic liassumption of a peritectic point at 32- 36 at.-% Mo. The microstrucsisted of 2 phases, beginning with a content of 35.2 at.-%. A 90 at.-% alloy contained only 8 - 8% (per volume) of the f-solid solution, indicating the limited solubility of uranium in molybdenum. Small nuclei of the second phase were clearly seen within the  $f_{MO}^{-}$ 

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The structure of the ...

at.-% Mo. There are 15 figures and 5 references: 1 Soviet-bloc and 4 non-Soviet-bloc. The 4 most recent ferences to the English-language publications read as follows: P. Pfeil, The Constitution of Uranium-Molybdenum Alloys. J. Inst. Metale, 77, 553-570 (Auf.1950); C. W. Tucker, Discussion on the Constitution of Uranium-Molybdenum Alloys. J. Inst. Metals, 78, 760 (1951); P.C.Z. Pfeil and J. D. Browne, Superlattice Formation in Uranium-Molybdenum Alloys, AERE M/R 1333 (1954); E. K. Halteman, The Crystal Structure of U<sub>2</sub>Mo. Acta Cryst. 10, 166, (1957).

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	21.2100 AUTHORS:		A. and Kuzne	etsova, R. I.			
	TITLE:	Phase diagra um	m of the syst	em uranium-m	olybdenum-ch	romi-	
	SOURCE:	splavov neko	uk SSSR. Inst torykh sisten , 1961, 325-3	n s uranom i	rgii. Stroye toriyem. Mos	niye cow,	
	concentration pure U (conta smelting in structural an loys quenched and $600^{\circ}$ C wer marized in th corner of the	ernary system n range. The aining 0.03% thoria-lined nd thermal me d from 1080, re studied. T he projection e system on t ven for the i	starting allo C), 99.99% Mo corundum cruc thods of inve 1000, 900, 80 he data of th of the liqui he compositio	bys were prep and 99.99% sibles, in ar estigation we 00, 750, 725, ne thermal an dus surface on triangle.	ared from 99 Cr by direct gon. The mic re applied. 700, 675, 6 alysis are s of the urani The phase di	.77% ro- Al- 40 um- .um a-	
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Phase diagram of ...

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675, 640°C and room temperature. Finally, the results are presented as a projection of the phase diagram on the concentration triangle together with a schematical sequence of phase transformations. The region of the *J*-solid solutions in the ternary system is determined and it is shown that at 800°C this region narrows sharply from 33 at.-% ?o in the U-Mo system to 1.65% Cr in the U-Cr system. There are 12 figures, 2 tables and 3 references: 1 Sovietbloc and 2 non-Soviet-bloc. The references to the English-language *V* lation of US and UK Uranium and Thorium Constitution Diagrams, Report BMJ-1000. Office of Technical Services. US Dept. Of Commerce, Wash., 1955; W. P. Sykes, Metals Handbook, 1948.

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#### CIA-RDP86-00513R000928220013-4

33902 S/640/61/000/000/023/035 18.1283  $D_{205}/D_{302}$ 21.2100 AUTHORS: Badayeva, T. A. and Kuznetsova, R. I. TITLE: Structure of thorium-beryllium alloys SOURCE: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Institut metallurgii. Stroyeniye splavov nekotorykh sistem s uranom i toriyem. Moscow, Gosatomizdat, 1961, 358-368 TEXT: The The-Be diagram was investigated using alloys of U 99.7% and Be 99.3% pure, smelted in an arc furnace in pure argon. Structure of the alloys was studied by measurements of hardness, microhardness ans X-rays. The hardness was measured using a 5 kg load on a TI (TP) apparatus; the microhardness was measured using a 9 kg load MT-3 (PMT-3) apparatus; the microhardness using a 200 g load on a MT-3 (PMT-3) apparatus; the X-ray pictures were taken from powd-ers using Fe-KA radiation. In addition, thermal analysis was ap-plied which was performed in a vacuum furnace in chemically pure A. The samples were stage annealed: at  $1000^{\circ}C - 24$  hours;  $900^{\circ}C - 24$  hours;  $800^{\circ}C - 48$  hours;  $700^{\circ}C - 48$  hours;  $600^{\circ}C - 72$  hours. Thereafter, the samples were slowly cooled down to room tempera-Card (1/3

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: 33902 S/640/61/000/000/023/035 Structure of thorium-... D205/D302 ture. The data of investigation are summarized in a figure. A chemical compound with a face-centered cubic lattice corresponding to a ThBe<sub>13</sub> is formed, with a melting point  $\sim 1930^{\circ}C$ . This compound is in eutectic equilibrium with a solid solution having a Th basis (Q -Th). The eutectic point lies at about 38.5% Be at a temperature of  $\sim 1240^{\circ}$ C. Th Be<sub>13</sub> is in a peritectic equilibrium with a Bebase solid solution ( $\alpha$ -Be). The peritectic point is at 0.03% Th and 1330°C. The solubility of Be in Th in solid state at 1150°C is less than 1 at .- %; at room temperature it is practically nil. The solubility of Th in Be in the temperature range from 1250°C down to the room temperature is less than 0.01%. Hardness of the alloys in the annealed state increases slowly from 82 to 147 kg/mm<sup>2</sup> in the 0 - 60 at.-% Be range. With further increase in Be concentration the hardness rises sharply to 908 kg/mm<sup>2</sup> for almost pure Th Be<sub>13</sub>. There are 8 figures, 3 tables and 3 non-Soviet-bloc references. The references to the inglish-language publications read as fol-lows: H. A. Saller and F. A. Rough, Compilation of US and UK Ura-Card 2/3

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#### CIA-RDP86-00513R000928220013-4

33902 S/640/61/000/000/023/035 D205/D302 Structure of thorium-... nium and Thorium Constitution Diagrams, Report BMJ-1000. Office of Technical Services, US Dept. of Commerce, Wash. D.C., 1955; W. C. Kochler, J. Singer and A. S. Coffinberry, Acta Cryst., 5, 394, (1952); N. C. Baenziger and R. E. Rundle, Acta Cryst., 2, 258, (1949). Card 3/3

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#### CIA-RDP86-00513R000928220013-4

33904 S/640/61/000/000/025/035 D205/D302 18.1295 21.2100 Badayeva, T. A. and Kuznetsova, R. I. AUTHORS: Structure of the alloys of the thorium-cerium system TITLE: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Institut metallurgii. Stroyeniye splavov nekotorykh sistem s uranom i toriyem. Moscow, SOURCE: Gosatomizdat, 1961, 381-386 TEXT: 99.7% Th and 97.4% pure Ce (containing as principal impurities 1.4% Nd and 1.2% Pm) were directly smelted in an arc furnace in chemically pure A. To obtain uniform samples the alloys with high Ce content were resmelted several times. The alloys rich in Ce owing to their high susceptibility to oxidation were stored in oil. The investigation of microstructure and hardness and the measurement of the lattice parameter were performed on specimens stage-annealed at 1000, 800, 600 and 400°C. For the microstructural examination the specimens were polished and etched. The hardness examination the speciments were politicated that boundary in the X-ray was measured on a  $T\Pi$  (TP) apparatus using a 5 kg load. The X-ray photographs were taken using the Fe-Ka radiation. Metallographic Card 1/2

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## 33904 S/640/61/000/000/025/035 D205/D302

Structure of the alloys ...

examination of the alloys has shown that Th and Ce form solid golutions in the whole range of concentrations. The change of hardness with the % Ce shows a maximum of 88 kg/mm<sup>2</sup> at 20 - 30 at -% Ce. The lattice parameter corresponds in the whole range to a facecentered cubic lattice. A negative deviation from Vegard's rule / Abstractor's note: Name transliterated. 7 was observed. This is largest at 50% Ce and is explained by atomic interactions. There are 2 figures and 8 non-Soviet-bloc references. The 4 most recent references to the English-language publications read as follows: R. T. Weiner, W. E. Freeth and G. V. Raynor, J. Inst. Metals, 86, 4. 185, (1957-1958); F. H. Spedding, A. H. Daane and K. W. Herrmann, J. Metals, 7, 2 (1957); O. N. Carlson et al., Paper No. 556, presented to the II International Conference on Peaceful Use of Atomic Energy (Genevy, 1955); H. A. Saller and F. A. Rough, Compilation of US and UK Uranium and Thorium Constitution Diagrams. Report BMJ-1000. Office of Technical Services, US Dept. of Commerce, Wash. D. C., 1955.

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#### CIA-RDP86-00513R000928220013-4

33905 S/640/61/000/000/026/035 D205/D302

19.129321.2100AUTHORS:Badayeva, T. A. and Kuznetsova, R. I.TITLE:Determining lead and tin solubility in thorium in the<br/>solid stateSOURCE:Akademiya nauk SSSR. Institut metallurgii. Stroyeniye<br/>splavov nekotorykh sistem s uranom i toriyem. Moscow,<br/>Gosatomizdat, 1961, 387-394

TEXT: The investigated samples were prepared from 99.7% Th, 99.9% Sn and 99.992% Pb by smelting in an arc furnace in an atmosphere of chemically pure argon. The specimens were investigated in both quenched and annealed states by microscopic analysis and by measurquenched and annealed states by microscopic analysis and by measurquenched and annealed states and lattice parameter. The hardness ing hardness, microhardness and lattice parameter. The hardness hardness on a TA (TP) apparatus using 5 kg loads, the microwas measured on a TA (PMT-3) apparatus using 50 g loads, the X-ray hardness on a AMT-3 (PMT-3) apparatus. The U-Sn alloys were investipictures were taken by Debye cameras. The U-Sn alloys were investigated in the 0.06 - 20 at.-% Sn range. The microstructure of these alloys has revealed their eutectic character. Temperature of the

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33905 S/640/61/000/000/026/035 D205/D302

Determining lead and ...

eutectic is tentatively determined at 1325°C. It was found that the alloys quenched from 1300, 1200, 1100 and 1000°C and also the annealed alloys all having a Sn content of 0.06 or 0.12 at.-% are solid solutions; alloys of 0.78% Sn and more are of a two-phase structure. The hardness changes considerably with the Sn content only up to 0.12 at.-% of Sn, remaining almost constant with further increase of Sn content. This is true for the quenched and also for the annealed samples. The saturated solid solution alloys have a hardness of 111 kg/mm<sup>2</sup> for the sample quenched from 1300°C. The corresponding figure for the annealed specimen is 87 kg/mm<sup>2</sup>. The approximate interpolated limit of Sn solubility in Th in the 1300-20°C temperature range is 0.2 at.-%. The Th-Pb alloys were investigated up to 14.01 at.-% Pb. An eutectic reaction was discovered between the solid solution on Th basis and a phase in equilibrium with it. The eutectic temperature was tentatively determined at 1400°C. Alloys hardened from 1300, 1200, 1100, and 1000°C and also annealed alloys showed a monophase solid solution up to 0.67 at.-% Pb. Up to this Pb content the changes of hardness were sharp in all specimens irrespective of thermal treatment.

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Determining lead and ...

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The interpolated solubility limit of Pb in Th is established to be around 0.7 at.-%. There are 6 figures, 2 tables and 1 non-Sovietbloc reference. The reference to the English-language publication reads as follows: O. N. Carlson et al., Paper no. 556, presented to the II International Congress on Peaceful Use of Atomic Energy (Geneva 1955).

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		40587 s/137/62/000/008/029/065 a006/a101	
91210 AUTHORS:	Badayeva, T. A., Kuznetsova, R. I.	•	
TITLE:	Structure of ThBe13-UBe13 alloys		
PERIODICAL:	Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, no. 8, 1 81152 (In collection: "Stroyeniye splavov r i toriyem", Moscow, Gosatomizdat, 1961, 423	nekotorykh sistem s uranom	
1,000°C for with the aid alloys ThBe <sub>1</sub> is formed ha	The alloys were prepared by melting Th (99.7 an arc furnace in argon atmosphere. They wer 72 hours with subsequent cooling with the fur i of microscopic and X-ray analyses and hardne 3-UBe <sub>13</sub> of the Th-Be-U system a continuous se aving a face-centered cubic lattice whose pare kX for ThBe <sub>13</sub> to 10.226 kX for UBe <sub>13</sub> .	re then annealed at mace, and investigated bass measurements. In	
		Z. Rogachevskaya	
[Abstracter' Card 1/1	s note: Complete translation]		
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