SEASTING AREAS STRATTING

CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030











		RGER, N.A.; NAPKHANENKO, Z.S.	
	-	Sulfite ccoking in the presence of phenol. Bum.pron. 34 no.10:2-5 0 '59. (MIRA 13:2)	
		1. TSentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut tsellyuloznoy i bumazhnoy promyshlennosti.	
		i bumazhnoy promyshlennosti. (Sulfite liquor)	
•			
i i ∳	· · · ·		
<b>,</b>			

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030 ROZENBERGER, N.A.; Prinimali uchastiyo: NAFKHANENKO, Z.S.; PETROVA, V.K. Rapid sulfite cooking operation. Bum. prom. 36 no.12:3-7 D 161. (MIRA 15:1) 1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut tsellyuloznobumazhnoy promyshlennosti. (Sulfites) 5 





我的问题的问题

MAYATIN, A.A.; KRUTOUS, M.D.; GITARSKIY, V.S.; BORISTNKO, V.S.; GORELIK, M.M.; VINOGRADOV, N.P.; KAUFMAN, D.I.; SLAVIN, L.S.; GSEPASHVILI, M.N.; KIRPENEV, N.K.; FOZENBERGER, N.A.; NAFKHANENKO, Z.S.; KIPUS, L.A.; ZAYCHENKO, I.V. Innovations. Bum. i der. prom. no.3:58-59 Jl-3 '64. (MIRA 17:11)

HE TO REPORT OF A CONTRACTOR OF A

相无可能的 网络黑洲 网络黑洲

· · ·		
•		
. '	NAPLATANOV N	
	Bulgaria	
	Bulgarian Academy of Sciences, Institute of Technical Cybernetics (BAN-Institut po tekhnicheska kibernetika), Director: Dots. N. NAPLATANOV.	
	Sofia, Farmatsiya, No 3, 1966, pp 21-27.	
	"Optimization of the Process of Furfural Nitration."	
	Co-author:	
	TODOROVA, E.	
	n terre antiparte de la construcción de la construcción de la construcción de la construcción de la construcció A construcción de la construcción de	

energy and a second of the second second

<u>NAPLATANOV, N.D.;</u> BILDIREV, Zh.S. Electric modeling of the systems of automatic control with delayed feedbacks. Codishnik mash elekt 13 no.2:243-264 '63. [publ. '64].

124

制成进程

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030(

14年1月2月1日的1月1日日日日月1日日日

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030

**的现在分子已经**计2652的

Diagnosis

BULGARIA

NAPLATANOV, N. D., MARINOV, Yul. P., and GANEV, M. A.; Institute of Technical Cybernetics (Director N. D. Naplatanov), Bulgarian Academy of Science

"Choice of Optimal Conditions for Diagnosis by Means of a Computer"

STAROGAN UNDER WARDER

Sofia, Eksperimentalna Meditsina i Morfologiya, Vol 5, No 4, 1966, pp. 197-203

Abstract: A theoretical consideration of available methods for setting medical diagnoses by means of a computer led the authors to the conclusion that application of the formula of Beiss[?] (cf. R.S.Ledley, L. B. Lusted, <u>Science</u>, 130, 9-21 1959) or of the method of information coefficients leads to the most precise results. The method of information coefficients is convenient for mathematical modeling of information in a form in which it can be handled by a computer. By using this method, a correct diagnosis can also be made in the event that several diseases are present simultaneously. Six references (2 Bulgarian, 3 USSR, 1 Western). Russian and English summaries. Manuscript received Mar 66.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030(



	ACC NR: AT7005408
1	logical synthesis of a device under study, and a functional diagram of the system's structure is presented. Orig. art. has: 2 diagrams, 2 tables, and 17 formulas. [Authors' abstract] [KP]
	SUB CODE: 06, 12/SUBM DATE: none/ORIG REF: 001/SOV REF: 003/ OTH REF: 002/
	VIA REF; VV2/
	Card 2/2



"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030







NAPLAVA, Karel

nalain kensenalan kensenalain kensenalain kensenalai jaratan kensenalain kensenalain kensenalain kense

Heavy tower cranes in assembly operations. Inz stavby 11 no.6:Suppl: Mechanizace no.6:87-91 163.

1. Vitkovicke zelezarny Klementa Gottwalda, n.p., Ostrava.



NA RECORDER DE LA CARACTERISTICA DE LA C STEBAYEV, I.V.; NAPLEKOVA, N.I.; GUKASYAN, A.B. Locusts (Acrididae) and darkling beetles (Tenebrionidae) as stimulators of microbiological processes in soils of the dry steppes in the Tuva Autonomous Republic. Pochvovedenie no.9:89-95 S '64. (MIRA 17:12) 1. Biologicheskiy institut i Botanicheskiy sad Sibirskogo otdeleniya AN SSSR.

CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030



The supposed internal process and the support of the

HAPLEKOVA, N.N. Mifect of bacterial fortilisers on the Azotobacter content of soll and spring wheat yield on the Chernosen solls of Novosibirsk Frovince, Izv. 51b, otd. AN SSSR no.3:121-128 '58. (MIRA 11:8) T. Sector Sibirsk FillET AN SSSR: (Novosibirsk Province-Soll inoculation) (Azotobacter) (Wheat) (Novosibirsk Province-Soll inoculation) (Azotobacter) (Wheat)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000



MAPLEKOYA. M.M. Fifect of temperature on the development of Amotobacter. Isv.Sib.otd.AN SSSM no.11:69-72 '59. (MIEA 13:4) 1. Biologicheskiy institut Sibirskogo otdeleniya AN SSSM. (Azotobacter) (Soil temperature--Physiological effect)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030 easourceux transmissaethereeseethere 1 NAPLEKBOVA, N. N., Cand Bio Sci. -- "Biology of The nitrogen bacteria in the chernozems of Nobosibirskaya Oblast during their a on." Saratov, 1961. (Saratov Order of Labor Red Banner State U im N. G. Chernyshevskiy) (KL, 8-61, 237) 259

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030

## NAPLEKOVA, N.N.; Distribution of Azotobacter in the rhizosphere of wild plants in some soils of the Altai Territory and Novosibirsk Province. Isv. Sib.otd.AN SSSR no.8:110-115 '61. (MIRA 14:8) 1. Biologicheskiy institut Sibirskogo otdeleniya AN SSSR, Novosibirsk. (Novosibirsk Province--Rhizosphere microbiology) (Novosibirsk Province--Rhizosphere microbiology) (Novosibirsk Province--Rhizosphere microbiology) (Azotobacter)



法指导员

11441





"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030



"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030



CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030







CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030





**洋口用利用之义是中国人的利用**利用

NARAMANANYA MENYARANYARANYA NA MANANYA MANANYA MANANYA MANANYA MANANYA MANANYA MANANYA MANANYA. ANA MANANYA MA

DANILOV, S.N.; CHKHIKVISHVILI, D.I.; MDINARADZE, D.A.; GOGOUADZE, V.P.; NAKHAPETTAN, A.A.; NAFOBASHVILI, Ye.M.; SADZHATA, N.D. In memory of Professor Akakii Melitonovich Gakhokidze, 1909-1964. Zhur. ob. khim. 35 no.6;1117-1119 Je '65. (MIRA 18:6)


ANDREYEV, P.N.; WAPOLOVA, G.A.; NEYMAN, M.S. Resnatron self-oscillators with a large power output for operation in the UHF band. Radiotekhnika 15 no.11:26-33 N '60. (MIRA 13:11) 1. Deystvitel hyye chleny Nauchno-tekhnicheskogo obshchestva radio-tekhniki i elektrosvyazi imeni A.S.Popova. (Oscillators, Electric) (Microwaves)





"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030

NAPOL'SKIY, M., kand. sel'skokhoz. nauk Advanced wage systems in collective farms. NTO 5 no.8:25-(MIRA 16:10) 27 Ag 163. 1. Ząveduyushchiy otdelom Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta ekonomiki sel'skogo khozyayatva, chlen ekonomicheskoy sektsii TSentral'nogo pravleniya nauchno-tekhnicheskikh obshchestv sel'skogo khozyaystva.

REFERENCES REPORT REPORTED TO A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR OF T

NAPOL'SKIY, M. P.

NAPOL'SKIY, M. P. -- "Time Intervals and Methods of Planting Kok-Sagyz in Connection with its Biological Characteristics." Latvian Agricultural Academy, 1943 (Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate of Agricultural Sciences)

SO: Izvestiva Ak. Nauk Latvivskov SSR, No. 9, Sept., 1955

USSR/Agricult	المريمات والمريمات والمريمات والمرجع فيستدو وتهاهم فتناه وبعيط ورعيت فيستطع فترقط فالمريس فبالم فيشتد فيراعهم
	• Pub. 77 - 6/21
luthors	Napol'skiy, M. P., Cand. Agri. Sci.
ritle	The basis of agricultural production (grain)
eriodical a	Nauka i zhizn' 21/9, 15-17, Sep 1954
betract :	A description is given of the exhibits in the grain pavilion at
	the Agricultural Exposition, where each kind of grain had its own section or hall, and comparisons are made between the old and new methods in grain raising. The exhibits included demonstrations of the scientific work done to produce more and better grain. Illus- trations.
Institution	the Agricultural Exposition, where each kind of grain had its own section or hall, and comparisons are made between the old and new methods in grain raising. The exhibits included demonstrations of the scientific work done to produce more and better grain. Illus- trations.
Institution Submitted	the Agricultural Exposition, where each kind of grain had its own section or hall, and comparisons are made between the old and new methods in grain raising. The exhibits included demonstrations of the scientific work done to produce more and better grain. Illus- trations.

LE TERRITER MENDER MARKAN DE LE MARKEN DE LE M (引用)法法 NAPOLSKIY, M. P. WAPOLSKII, M. "All-Union Agricultural of socialist agriculture. Tr. from the Russian." p.368. (PRZEGIAD TECHNICZNY. Vol 75, No. 10, Oct. 1954. Warszawa, Poland) 50: Monthly List of East Buropean Accessions. (KEAL). LC. Vol. 4, No. 4. April 1955. Uncl. CT DE CONTRACTO 

reference versen \_ ) het dels menteren et sen kenteren bestrekten bereste heren versen versen versen bestre

NAPOL'SKIY, M.S.

Modification of the formula of the volumetric method when applied to the prediction of oil and gas reserves. Izv. AN SSSR Ser. geol. 29 no.3:84-93 Mr<sup>6</sup>4 (MIRA 17:3)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel\*skaya laboratoriya geologicheskikh kriteriyev otsenki perspektiv neftegazonosnosti Glavnogo upravleniya geologii i okhrany nedr pri Sovete Ministrov RSFSR, Moskva.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030(

BY MARKE \_ MARKEN MARKEN BY BER BY MARKEN BY BARKING AND BY BARKEN AND BY BARKEN AND BY BARKEN AND BY BARKEN A

NAPOL'SKIY, M.S. Quantitative evaluation of the prospects for finding gas and oil. Trudy NILmefteggza nc.11:188-243 '64. (MIRA 17:12)

CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030



APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030(

JUBININ, M.M., akademik, otvetstvennyv redaktor; GAPON, T.E.; ZHYPAKHINA, Ye.S.; BACHINSKIY, V.V.; BKLEN'KAYA, I.M.; SKUVAEVA, G.M.; RODINSKIY, S.Z.; JANOVSKIY, N.I.; JUSS, N.A.; KISELEV, A.V.; NEYMARK, I.Ye.; SLINYAKOYA, I.B.; EHATSET, P.I.; LOSEV; I.P.; TROSTYARSKAIA, Ye.B.; TEVLINA, A.S.; DAVANKOV, A.B.; SALADES, K.M.; BEUMEERG, Ye.M.; THIDKOVA, Z.V.; VZENENKA, N.Te.; MAPOL'SKIY, S.A.; MIRHATLOVA, Ye.A.; KATANSKIY, B.A.; RYABCHIKOV, D.I.; SHENYATIN, Y.M.; KNETOVICH, V.L.;BUNDEL', A.A.; SAVINOV, B.G.; VENDT, V.P.; EFSHTEIN, Ya.A.
[Research in the field of chromatography transactions of the All-Union Conference on Chromatography, November 21-24, 1950] Issledovania v oblasti khromatografii; trudy Vaseoinznogo sovenchania po khromatografii, 21-24 noiabria 1950 g. Moskva, Isd-vo Akademii nauk SSSR, 1952. 225 p. (MLRA 6:5)
1. Akademiya nauk SSSE. Otdelenie khimicheskikh nauk. (Chromatographic analysis)

#### CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 INTERNET BEN BANNER FRANKRET BURGER BURGER

### NAPOL'SKIY, S. A.

Hydrates

Utilization of indicators in experiments with crystal hydrates. Khim. v shkole, no. 1, 1952.

Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, October 1952, Unclassified.

CENERAL ETRI ARGENTIGEN ANTI TALENT, CLAR

		fic as
1.	NAPOL'SKIY, S. A.	
2.	USSR (600)	
4.	Chemistry, Physical and Theoretical - Study and Teaching	
7.	Experiments illustrating M. V. Lomonosov's law, Khim. v shkole, No. 5, 1952.	
9.	Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, February 1953. Unclassified.	

CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030



Imperior Contractor of	
5.5600 Translation	SOV/81-59-12-41804 from: Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, 1959, Nr 12, p 84 (USSR)
AUTHOR:	Napol'skiy, S.A.
TITLE: PERIODICAL:	The Application of Mixtures as Adsorbent in Chromatography Uch. zap. Kirovskiy gos. ped. in-t, 1958, Nr 14, pp 10-16
ABSTRACT: Card 1/2	The possibility has been shown of applying mixtures of substances as adsorbents, producing in some cases better results than simple sorbents. The mixtures can be of two types: 1) both components chemically active, one being the sorbent and the second producing the conditions for the running of chromatographic processes; 2) one chemically active component serves as adsorbent and the second as inert filler carrying the sorbent. The use of these mixtures has been shown on the example of collecting, detecting and separating Ni <sup>2+</sup> , Co <sup>2+</sup> and Cu <sup>2+</sup> cations. A mixture of dimethylglyoxime with basic oxides or anionites (first type) proved to be specific for Ni permitting to determine reliably up to 0.0001 - 0.00001 mg Ni from a solution with a concentration of up to 0.000001 mg/ml. For Cu is specific a mixture of CaS and SiO <sub>2</sub> (second type), sensi- tivity is 0.01 mg at a concentration in the solution of up to

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030(

The Application				
	of Mixtures as Adsorbent in Chr			304
0.0001 mg/ml. Fo SiO <sub>2</sub> (second type	or Co is specific a mixture of a) with the same sensitivity.	$\alpha$ -nitroso- $\beta$ -ne	iphthol with	Y
	$\frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{1}{i} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{1}$		Dmitrenko	
n an Anna an Anna Anna An Anna Martin Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna An				
Card 2/2				
			а 	

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030(





"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030



NAPORA, Kazimierz, mgr.

Technological and economic factors of blast and openhearth-furnaces during the years 1950-1960. Wiad hut 17 no. 10:292-296. 0 '61.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030(

1.57

with the state of the



### CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030

.N21 ZHELEZNCCOROZHNYY TRANSFORT SSSR V DOKUMENTAKH KOMMUNISTICHESKOY PARTII I SOVETSKOGO PRAVITEL'STVA /RAILWAY TRANS- PORTATION OF THE USSR IN DOCUMENTS OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY AND SOVIET GOVERN- MENT / MOSKVA, TRANSZHELDORIZDAT, 1957. 382 P.	NAPORKO, ALEKSANDR GRIGOR! YEVICH =	₩2 755 <b>.</b> 1	
DOKUMENTAKH KOMMUNISTICHESKOY PARTII I SOVETSKOGO PRAVITEL'STVA /RAILWAY TRANS- PORTATION OF THE USSR IN DOCUMENTS OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY AND SOVIET GOVERN- MENT_/ MOSKVA, TRANSZHELDORIZDAT, 1957.	n en		
PORTATION OF THE USSR IN DOCUMENTS OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY AND SOVIET GOVERN- MENT_/ MOSKVA, TRANSZHELDORIZDAT, 1957.			
THE COMMUNIST PARTY AND SOVIET GOVERN- MENT_/ MOSKVA, TRANSZHELDORIZDAT, 1957.	DOKUMENTAKH KOMMUNISTICHESKOY PARTII I SOVETSKOGO PRAVITEL'STVA /RAILWAY TRANS-		
MENT / MOSKVA,, THANSZHELDORIZDAT, 1957. 382 P.	THE COMMUNIST PARTY AND SOVIET GOVERN-		
	MENT_/ MCSKVA, TRANSZHELDORIZDAT, 1957. 382 P.		
			-

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030

CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030



NAPORKO, A.G., kand. ekonom. nauk Heroic deed ôf Soviet railroaders. Zhel. dor. transp. 47 no.5:7-12 My '65.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000

REALESS SERVE HEREITSEN

CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030

中國國家加盟軍用的

S/023/60/000/003/002/012 0111/0222 AUTHORS: Nappa, L., and Fomina, A.S., Candidate of Technical Sciences On the Question on the Nitrogen of the Organic Part of Dictyonema TITLE: Shale PERIODICAL: Izvestiya Akademii nauk Estonskoy SSR,. Seriya Tekhnicheskikh i Fiziko-Matematicheskikh nauk, 1960, No.3, pp.195-204 TEXT: The authors investigated a test piece of 120 kg of Dictyonema shale taken from Maardu. The kerogen of this shale has a content of nitrogen ci 2-3%. A hydrolysis with mineral acids was carried out, where according to the method of the one-dimensional paper chromatography described in (Ref.25) in the hydrolysate there were found nine mono amino acids: 1)  $CH_2(NH_2)COOH, 2) CH_3CH(NH_2)COOH, 3) CH_3CH(CH_3)CH(NH_2)COOH,$ 4)  $cH_3 cH (CH_3) cH_2 cH (NH_2) cOOH, 5) c_2 H_5 cH (CH_3) cH (NH_2) cOOH, 6) HOCH_2 cH (NH_2) cOOH,$ 7) HOOC CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH(NH<sub>2</sub>)COOH and traces of 8) CH<sub>2</sub>(NH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>COOH, 9) C6H5CH2CH(NH2)COOH. With respect to the origin of the kerogen the authors deviate from the opinion of Manskaya (Ref. 26); they assume that it can be traced back to proteins and bacteria. The authors mention Card 1/2

	"APPROVED FOR RELEASE:	Monday, July 31, 2000	CIA-RDP86-00513R	00113603
	RENHAMPANA ANTARA ANA ANG ANG ANA ANG ANA ANG ANG ANG AN	it latent. Trafficientering internet In Charles and Charles and the state In Charles and Charles and the state	na international production of the second	
	On the Question on the Nitro Organic Part od Dictyonema S	gen of the C111/C222	0/003/002/012	
	Arkhangel'skiy, Luha, Kirret Tikk, Professor V.L.Kretovic Professor V.L.Kretovich and and 26 references: 16 Soviet	h, N.N.Bakh and Zh.V.Usper Zh.V.Uspenskaya. There ar	nskaya. They thank a 4 figures. 6 tables	
er u Uru Urt Urt	ASSOCIATION: Institut khimii		SSR (Chemical	
	SUBMITTED: October 24, 1959			
•				

	Determination of shale. Part 2. no.3:320-326 '6	Izv. AN Est. SSR			
	1. Institut khim	Li AN Estonskoy S	SR.		
		• • • • • •			
an an an An Star Anna Anna An Star Anna					
				•	
					÷.
			1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
					•
•					

NAPPA, L.	; FOMINA, A., doktor khim, nauk Nitrogen of the organic matter in dictyoneme	shala Part 3	
	Izv. AN Est. SSR. Ser. fizmat. i tekh. nauk 449 '63.	12 no.4:446- (MIRA 17:1)	
	1. Institut khimii AN Estonskoy SSR.		
			s.
			•

NAPPA, L.; FOMINA, A., doktor khim. nauk
Nature of the melanoidins taking part in the formation of kerogen of dictyonema shale. Izv. AN Est. SSR. Ser. fiz.-mat. i tekh. nauk 13 no.2143-147 '64. (MIRA 17:9)
1. Academy of Sciences of the Estonian S.S.R., Institute of Chemistry.



"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001136 CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030

	8/274/63/000/002/002/019 A055/A126
AUTHOR:	Nappel baum, E.L.
litte:	Detection of the useful signal on the background of one class of non-gaussian interferences
PERIODICAL:	Referativnyy zhurnal, Radiotekhnika i Elektrosvyaz', no. 2, 1963, 6, abstract 2A20 (In collection "Avtomat. regulirovaniye i upr.", M., AN SSSR, 1962, 382 - 385)
detection of physical mod of the radar	The author examines some statistical properties of passive inter- determines the structure of the optimum receiver designed for the the useful signal on the background of these interferences. As a el of the origin of passive interferences is taken the reflection signal from a cloud of unidimensional half-wave reflectors moving tion of random disturbances in the gravity field. It is assumed
that the dis ment laws, a	tribution of the random pulse of the force obeys the Brownian move- nd that the reflector tilt angle with respect to the horizon remains
constant dur Dard 1/2	ing radiation. The passive interference is the sum of the signals

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030(



APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030(

**建筑了现在分词这位给用的工程中的第三人称单数** 

始大的规律

KARANALATAR BARANANANANA SARARANA KARANA MANANA FEL'DEAUM, Aleksandr Aronovich; DUDYKIN, Aleksandr Davydovich; MANOVTSEV, Anatoliy Petrovich; MIROLYUBOV, Nikolay Nikolayevich; BERMAN, M.A., red.; NAPPEL'BAUM, E.L., red. [Theoretical principles of communication and cotrol] Teore-ticheskie osnovy sviazi i upravleniia. [By] A.A.Fel'dbaum i dr. Moskva, Fizmatgiz, 1963. 932 p. (MIRA 17:5)

NAPRASNIK	KOV, A.I.											
	Complete utilization of potentialities available in blast plants. Stal' 16 no.8:738-739 Ag '56. (MLRA 9:10)											
	1.Ministerstvo chernoy metallurgii SSSR. (Blast furnaces) (Labor productivity)											
 NAPRASI	NIKOV, V	N., 1	nzh.	•					ta a	· .		
-----------------------	--------------------	--------------------	--------------------	----------------	--------	----------	--------	------------------	------------------	-------	------------	--
•	Contact Ugol' U	less co kr. 6 n	ntrol o 0.10:11	f low -14 (	voltag	ge curre	ent co	llector (MIRA	rs in m 15:10	ines.	· . · .	
ta da series Altra	1. Inst	itut go	rnogo d	ela AN	UkrSs	SR.	•			•		
		(Elect	ricity	in mir	iing)	(Remot	te con	trol)				
								: 				
								- - - -	•			
			• •									

CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030



KRAHULEC, Jaroslav; <u>MAPRAVNIK, Ervin</u> Measurement of parameters of flowing wet steam in condensing turbines. Jaderna energie 10 no. 2:51 F <sup>1</sup>64. 1. Statni vyskumny ustav tepelne techniky, Praha.



NAPRAVNIK, J., inz.; CHVALINA, J. Gomersting of channels by the vacuum technique. Pos stavby 11 no.71387-390 '63. 1. Foremni stavby Usti nad Labem.



CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030

	6 ENT(a) DI AP6001208	(Ap	SOURCE CO	DE: C2/0038/65/0	11/006/0213/0	218
A UTHOR:	Vesely, Vladim	r; Napravnik, J:			and the second	
ORG: I jekt, P	institute of Nucle rague	ar Research, Re:	z (Ustav jade	rneho vyzkumu); /	Jansa Chemop	r0-
TITLE:	Plant for the di	sposal of radio	active waste	water		
SOURCES	Jaderna energie	, v.11, no.6, 19	965, 213-218	19		
TOPIC T	AGS: radioactive	waste disposal	, radioactive	waste disposal e	quipment	
in Rez, inadequ rator. period	T: When work with the storage tank ate. A waste wat The disposal plat of several years s: 7 figures, 2	s designed origi er disposal plan nt is described, is review <u>ed.</u> Th	inally only for twas built, , and experies	or reactor waste with a boiler an ace with its open	water proved d a film evapo ation over a	
SUB COD	E: 18 / SUBM I	ATE: none				
	¥					
Card 1/1	C			UDC: 621.3	85.64	
				the second s		



"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-

#### CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030

CZECHOSLOVAKIA MEJMAL, V., and MAPRAVMIK, J., of the Clinic for Internal Disesses (Klinika namoci vnitinich) of the Medical Hygiane Faculty (lakernka rekulta hygionicka) of Charles University (KU - Karlove Universita), Prague; Head: Prof Dr V. JONAS. "Relationship of Activity Detected Above the Idver and Activity Excented in the Urine in Patients Following Peroral Administration of Vitamin B12 - Co20 Prague, Casopis Lakaru Ceskych, Vol 102, No 4, 25 Jan 63, pp 87-92. Abstract [Authors' English summery]: The authors investigated the activity above the liver and the activity in 24-hour specimens of urige following the oral adminsitration of vitamin By labeled with Co<sup>33</sup> in doses of 0.39-1.14 gamma with an activity of 0.2-0.5 microcuric and the subsequent administration of non-radioactive vitamin  $B_{12} = 1,000$ sames intramuscularly. The activities found during the first hours after administration above the liver are not a reliable indicator of poor intestinal absorption of vitamin B12 if the values are not elevated. 1/2 

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000



"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R	001136030
	¥÷ <sub>24,8</sub>
Napravnik, V.	
Heat treatment of welded chains. p. 241. HUTNIK. (Ministerstvo hutniho prumyslu a rudnych dolu) Praha. Vol. 4, no. 8, Aug. 1954.	
Source: EEAL LC Vol. 5, No. 10 Oct. 1956	
	·

V. NAPRAVNIK
CZECHOSLOVAKIA / Chemical Technology, Chemical Products and H-33 Their Application: Part 4 - Dyeing and Chemical Treatment of Textile Materials.
Abs Jour : Ref. Zhur. Khimiya, No 4, 1958, 13324
Author : V. Napravnik.
Inst : Not given
Title : Determination of Oxidizability of Czech Lubricating Oils by Chromatographic Method.
Orig Pub : Textil, 1955, 10, No 7, 213
Abstract : The chromatographic method used for the determination of the oxidizability degree of Ezech lubricating ofls, which change the fabric coloration for the worse, is described.
Card 1/1



MAYER, J., inz.; MAFRAVNIK, VI. Gomparison of the technical and economic advantages of 11 meter and 12 meter buses. Siln deprava 11 no.1:2-4 Ja '63. 1. Vyzkumny ustav dopravni Praha.





"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 200	0 CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030
---	-----------------------------

L 40207-66 ENT(d)/ENT(1)/EEC(k)-2/EMP(v)/EMP(k)/ENP(1) BC ACC NR. AP6009937 SOURCE CODE: UR/0118/65/000/011/0025/0026 AUTHOR: Bukhtiarov, V. A. (Engineer); Zhuk, I. N. (Engineer); Kulakov, N. N. (Engineer); Lozovoy, Ye. K. (Engineer); Malich, V. V. (Engineer); Naprcychikov, F. I. (Engineer); Lozovoy, Ye. K. (Engineer); Malich, V. V. (Engineer); Naprcychikov, F. I. (Engineer) 57 B ORG: none TITLE: Inductive relay for signaling, control, and telemetry SOURCE: Mekhanizatsiya i avtomatizatsiya proizvodstva, no. 11, 1965, 25-26 TOPIC TAGS: electric relay, circuit design, telemetry equipment, automatic control equipment ABSTRACT: The authors introduce a universal and stable inductive sensor which has a high degree of reliability and sensitivity. The inductive relay (sensor) proposed is intended for signaling, control, and telemetry. The device is based on a transistorized oscillator with isignaling, control, and telemetry systems, and at unattended beacons. The output and intermittent oscillating mode. The all-purpose relay may be used in automatic control, monitoring and alarm systems, telemetry systems, and at unattended beacons. The output may be an electromagnetic relay or a contactless relay device of any type. The oscillator is distinguished by a high degree of frequency stability in all modes and uses a series-produced UDC: 621.3.083:669.001.6		COLORIS CARACTER CARACTER
AUTHOR: Bukhtiarov, V. A. (Engineer); Zhuk, I. N. (Engineer); Kulakov, N. N. (Engineer); Lozovoy, Yo. K. (Engineer); Malich, V. V. (Engineor); Napreychikov, F. I. (Engineer); 57 ORG: none TITLE: Inductive relay for signaling, control, and telemetry SOURCE: Mekhanizatsiya i avtomatizatsiya proizvodstva, no. 11, 1965, 25-26 TOPIC TAGS: electric relay, circuit design, telemetry equipment, automatic control equipment ABSTRACT: The authors introduce a universal and stable inductive sensor which has a high degree of reliability and sensitivity. The inductive relay (sensor) proposed is intended for signaling, control, and telemetry. The device is based on a transistorized oscillator with and intermittent oscillating mode. The all-purpose rolay may be used in automatic control, monitoring and alarm systems, telemetry systems, and at unattended beacons. The output may be an electromagnetic relay or a contactless relay device of any type. The oscillator is distinguished by a high degree of frequency stability in all modes and uses a series-produced UKC: a21 3 083:669.001.6	$\frac{L 40909-66}{\text{EVT}(d)/\text{EVT}(1)/\text{EEC}(k)-2/\text{EVP}(v)/\text{EVP}(k)/\text{EVP}(1)}{\text{SOURCE CODE: UR/0118/65/000/011/0025/0026}}$	
Lozovoy, Ye. K. (Engineer); Maileh, V. V. (Engineer), Appropriate 57 ORG: none TITLE: Inductive relay for signaling, control, and telemetry <sup>8</sup> SOURCE: Mekhanizatsiya i avtomatizatsiya proizvodstva, no. 11, 1965, 25-26 TOPIC TAGS: electric relay, circuit design, telemetry equipment, automatic control equipment ABSTRACT: The authors introduce a universal and stable inductive sensor which has a high degree of reliability and sensitivity. The inductive relay (sensor) proposed is intended for signaling, control, and telemetry. The device is based on a transistorized oscillator with tuned circuits in the base circuitry and on an emitter capable of operating in a "quasi-trigger" and intermittent oscillating mode. The all-purpose relay may be used in automatic control, monitoring and alarm systems, telemetry systems, and at unattended beacons. The output may be an electromagnetic relay or a contactless relay device of any type. The oscillator is distinguished by a high degree of frequency stability in all modes and uses a series-produced UNC: act 2, 083,669,001,6		•
ORG: none TITLE: Inductive relay for signaling, control, and telemetry SOURCE: Mekhanizatsiya i avtomatizatsiya proizvodstva, no. 11, 1965, 25-26 TOPIC TAGS: electric relay, circuit design, telemetry equipment, automatic control equipment ABSTRACT: The authors introduce a universal and stable inductive sensor which has a high degree of reliability and sensitivity. The inductive relay (sensor) proposed is intended for signaling, control, and telemetry. The device is based on a transistorized oscillator with tuned circuits in the base circuitry and on an emitter capable of operating in a "quasi-trigger" and intermittent oscillating mode. The all-purpose relay may be used in automatic control, monitoring and alarm systems, telemetry systems, and at unattended beacons. The output may be an electromagnetic relay or a contactless relay device of any type. The oscillator is distinguished by a high degree of frequency stability in all modes and uses a series-produced UDC, e21 3 083:669.001.6	AUTHOR: Bukhtiarov, V. A. (Engineer); Zhuk, I. N. (Engineer); Kulakov, N. N. (Engineer); Napreychikov, F. I. (Engineer) Malich V. V. (Engineer); Napreychikov, F. I. (Engineer) 57	
TITLE: Inductive relay for signaling, control, and telemetry SOURCE: Mekhanizatsiya i avtomatizatsiya proizvodstva, no. 11, 1965, 25-26 TOPIC TAGS: electric relay, circuit design, telemetry equipment, automatic control equipment ABSTRACT: The authors introduce a universal and stable inductive sensor which has a high degree of reliability and sensitivity. The inductive relay (sensor) proposed is intended for signaling, <u>control</u> , and telemetry. The device is based on a transistorized oscillator with tuned circuits in the base circuitry and on an emitter capable of operating in a "quasi-trigger" and intermittent oscillating mode. The all-purpose relay may be used in automatic control, monitoring and alarm systems, telemetry systems, and at unattended beacons. The output may be an electromagnetic relay or a contactless relay device of any type. The oscillator is distinguished by a high degree of frequency stability in all modes and uses a series-produced	Lozovoy, IC. K. (Engineer), Mariou , I. C. Barris B	
SOURCE: Mekhanizatsiya i avtomatizatsiya proizvodstva, no. 11, 1965, 25-26 TOPIC TAGS: electric relay, circuit design, telemetry equipment, automatic control equipment ABSTRACT: The authors introduce a universal and stable inductive sensor which has a high degree of reliability and sensitivity. The inductive relay (sensor) proposed is intended for signaling, control, and telemetry. The device is based on a transistorized oscillator with tuned circuits in the base circuitry and on an emitter capable of operating in a "quasi-trigger" and intermittent oscillating mode. The all-purpose relay may be used in automatic control, monitoring and alarm systems, telemetry systems, and at unattended beacons. The output may be an electromagnetic relay or a contactless relay device of any type. The oscillator is may be a high degree of frequency stability in all modes and uses a series-produced UDC, e21 3 083:669.001.6		
SOURCE: Mekhanizatsiya i avtomatizatsiya proizvodstva, no. 11, 1965, 25-26 TOPIC TAGS: electric relay, circuit design, telemetry equipment, automatic control equipment ABSTRACT: The authors introduce a universal and stable inductive sensor which has a high degree of reliability and sensitivity. The inductive relay (sensor) proposed is intended for signaling, control, and telemetry. The device is based on a transistorized oscillator with tuned circuits in the base circuitry and on an emitter capable of operating in a "quasi-trigger" and intermittent oscillating mode. The all-purpose relay may be used in automatic control, monitoring and alarm systems, telemetry systems, and at unattended beacons. The output may be an electromagnetic relay or a contactless relay device of any type. The oscillator is may be a high degree of frequency stability in all modes and uses a series-produced UDC, e21 3 083:669.001.6	TITLE: Inductive relay for signaling, control, and telemetry	
equipment ABSTRACT: The authors introduce a universal and stable inductive sensor which has a high degree of reliability and sensitivity. The inductive relay (sensor) proposed is intended for signaling, control, and telemetry. The device is based on a transistorized oscillator with signaling, control, and telemetry. The device is based on a transistorized oscillator with tuned circuits in the base circuitry and on an emitter capable of operating in a "quasi-trigger" and intermittent oscillating mode. The all-purpose relay may be used in automatic control, and intermittent oscillating mode. The all-purpose relay may be used in automatic control, monitoring and alarm systems, telemetry systems, and at unattended beacons. The output may be an electromagnetic relay or a contactless relay device of any type. The oscillator is may be an electromagnetic relay or a contactless relay device of any type. The oscillator is distinguished by a high degree of frequency stability in all modes and uses a series-produced unce. Act 3 083:669.001.6		
ABSTRACT: The authors introduce a universal and stable inductive sensor which has a high degree of reliability and sensitivity. The inductive relay (sensor) proposed is intended for signaling, control, and telemetry. The device is based on a transistorized oscillator with tuned circuits in the base circuitry and on an emitter capable of operating in a "quasi-trigger" and intermittent oscillating mode. The all-purpose relay may be used in automatic control, monitoring and alarm systems, telemetry systems, and at unattended beacons. The output may be an electromagnetic relay or a contactless relay device of any type. The oscillator is distinguished by a high degree of frequency stability in all modes and uses a series-produced		
Card 1/2.	ABSTRACT: The authors introduce a universal and stable inductive sensor which has a high degree of reliability and sensitivity. The inductive relay (sensor) proposed is intended for signaling, control, and telemetry. The device is based on a transistorized oscillator with tuned circuits in the base circuitry and on an emitter capable of operating in a "quasi-trigger" and intermittent oscillating mode. The all-purpose rolay may be used in automatic control, and intermittent oscillating mode. The all-purpose rolay may be used in automatic control, monitoring and alarm systems, telemetry systems, and at unattended beacons. The output monitoring and alarm systems, telemetry systems, rolay device of any type.	

BUB CODE: 09/ SUBM DATE: 00/ ORIG REF: 000/ OTH REF: 000	CODE: 09/ SUBM DATE: 00/ ORIG REFI 000/ Originality	BUB CODE: 09/ SUBM DATE: 00/ ORIG REFT 000/ OTHERE			ORIG REFI	SUBM DATE: 00/	UB CODE: 09/ SUE
							<b>v</b> · ·
				•			
							•
				•			
國際 방법 가지 않는 것은 것은 것은 것은 것을 하는 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것을 가지 않는 것을 하는 것을 수 있는 것을 하는 것을 수 있다.							
				•			
						and the second	
				•			
			• •	•	2		· · ·

CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030



CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030



0ne	day	Gr	arhd.	av.	21 r	10.61	4-5	Je	64.		(M	IRA 1	7:8)	
1. G.	Nacha Tara	al'n n le	ik Se tnogo	sovs uch	kogo ilish	imen Icha	i Ger Grazi	oya Idani	.Sove skogo	tskog vozd	o Soy ushno	ruza Ogo f	lota.	
									•					
											-			
														-
				• ;						•				
							**							
			•				2	•						
· · ·	1.1	۰. رابع				с. 19				÷.,				. :

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030
NAPRISTEK, J.
"Reproduction capacity of our domestic animals under favorable dircumstances."
VESTNIK. Praha, Czechoslovakia, Vol. 5, No. 7/8, 1958.
Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI), LC, Vol. 8, No. 9, September 1959.
Unclassified.

sran	"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030
	Naprstek, J.
	AGRICULTURE
•	Uhrineves heated pig style. p. 18
	What is new in the Machine-Tractor Development Center? p. 20.
	Vol. 9, no. 1, Jan. 1959
	Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, No. 4, April 1959

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030 CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030

•	CZECHOSLOVAKIA/Cosmochemistry. Geochemistry. Hydrochemistry. D.	
• * *	Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 9, 1958, 28293	
	Author : Naprstek, V.	
1 1 1 1 1	Inst Title : On the Sedimentation, Dolonitization, and Silicification of the Upper Silurian Layers of the Barrandien.	
	<pre>9rig Pub : Acta Univ carolinae Geol. No 2, 64s, il /sic7 (1954) (in Czech with surmaries in English and Russian)</pre>	
	Abstract : The results from the stratigraphic and petrographic inves- tigation of carbonate rocks whose chemical composition is typified by diagenetic and epigenetic weakly dolomiti- zed limestones and colonites are discussed. To the pre- diagenetic formations belong the schistose dolomites of nonorganic origin which are encountered in clays. In di-	
	agenetic dolomitic limestones the fragments of shells of ostracoda and of tentaculites are dolomitized and the shell fragments from crinoide are calcitized.	
	Card 1/3	

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000

RANY ( NARTELANINGLE) LANGUARDER ( NARTER AND LOUGH LUNGHUL AN MERSELUNGER DES MARTELAND AND AND AND AND AND AN CZECHCSLOVAKIA/Cosmochemistry. Geochemistry. Hydrochemistry. D. Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 9, 1958, 28293 Abs Jour The epigenetic varieties are more porous and the shell fragments are dolomitized and more thoroughly leached out. The shell cavities usually contain bituminous substances. The following factors were determining in the dolomitization of limestones formed from organic detritus: the enrichment of the lower layers of calm sea waters in Mg, the accumulation of organic detritus containing considerable quantities of  $M_{\rm gCO_3}$  followed by lea-ching, and the presence of  $CO_2$  which facilitates the dissolution of rocks and the enrichment of the waters in Mg salts. Another source of Mg in sea water may be the deep marine volcanic activity. As dolomitization progresses, the grain size of the limestones decreases and the clayey-bituminous substance is displaced and collects in certain places /sic/. The appearance of porosity is the result of volume changes produced by the metasomatic transformation of the limestone into dolomite. Card 2/3

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030



APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000

NAPF	rstek, v.
•	Finds of Trassic rocks on the northern side of the Hronov ditch. p.175. VESTNIK, Prague, Vol. 29, No. 4, 1954.
<b>S0:</b>	Monthly List of E <sub>n</sub> st European Accessions. (EEAL), LC, Vol. 5, No. 6 June 1956, Uncl.

*(*"

中国王的大学和"马马马尔"的"哈马"的"马马马"的

EDER HITEPEN AND THE REPORT OF THE REPORT

NAPRSTEK, V.

Transgression of the Cretaceous at the road curve in Lobec southwest of Kralupy nad Vltavou. p. 131. (Casopis Pro Mineralogii A Geologii, Vol. 2, no. 2, 1957. Praha, Czechoslovakia)

50: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL) IC, Vol. 6, no. 10, October 1957. Uncl.

natura publicado da participada de la construcción de la construcción de la construcción de la construcción de

#### CIA-RDP86-00513R001136030

MAPRSTEK, V.; SILAR, J.
A contribution to the stratigraphy and facial evolution of the Cretaceous near Neratovice and Labem, p. 137. (Casopis Fro Mineralogii A Geologii, Vol. 2, no. 2, 1957. Fraha, Czechoslovakia)
50: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL) LC, Vol. 6, no. 10, October 1957. Uncl.