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CIA-RDP86-00513R001136810





· NEVOLIN, T.

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Transmission of radio waves selected by the radio communications regulations for the communication service of sailing ships. Mor. flot 24 no.8:18-19 Ag ¹64.

1. Vedushchiy inzhener muchno-issledovatel'skogo otdela Leningradskogo vysshego inzhenernogo morskogo uchilishcha im. admirala Makarova.

. . . 3/058/61/000/008/041/044 A058/A101 4000 Nevolin, T. N. AUTHOR: Investigation of short-wave transmission possibliens on some routes TITLE.S during increased solar activity PERIOCICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Fizika, no. 8, 1981, 333, abstract 82h433 ("Tr. Tsentr. n.-i in-ta morsk. flora, ap. 30, 1960, 54-60) The author carries out an analysis of particular radio lines during increased solar activity. He compares theoretica, and experimental data. In addition, he refines the method for determining optimum operating frequencies. [Austracter's note: Complete translation] Card 1/1

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ACI: NR: AT6005736	(N) SOURCE COINE: UR/2752/64/000/055/0104/0111
AUTHOR: Nevolin, T. N. (C	Sorresponding associate) 40
ORG: TSNIDH	B+1
TITLE: Investigation of s	short-wave fading in shipborne radio comminication b
SOURCE: Loningrad. Tsentr Truiy, no. 55, 1964. Sudo	ralinyy nauchno-issledovateliskiy institut morskogo flota. ovozhdeniye i svyaz: (Navigation and communication), 104-111
wave propagation ABSTRACT: The phenomenon of an experimental invest and port are reported. Th 4700, 6700, and 8700 km i at 8.3 Mc. The integral is specified level, for rapis in Leningrad were: 29, 6, Single-, two-, and three- of the number of fadings	ication, short wave propagation, maritime radio, radio wave, of short-wave fading is explained in general terms. Results tigation of fading of a radio communication between 4 ships he ships situated in the direction of Cuba were at 2700, from Leningrad; the 250-w shipborne transmitters operated functions of distribution of probabilities of exceeding a id fadings, are shown. The median field strengths measured , 4, and 1.1 μ v/m for the four above distances, respectively. whop propagation is held responsible for these results. Plots per minute vs. fading duration in seconds are presented 5000-5500 km; they are based on many measurements. Diversity over 10 are recommended as the best method of overcoming t. has: 6 figures , 2 formulas, and 2 tables.

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ACCESSION NR: AP4020591

\$/0057/64/034/003/0576/0576

AUTHOR: Nevolin, V.K.; Suystin, P.Ye.

TITLE: Surface ionization of potassium incident to diffusion through a Globar rod

SOURCE: Zhurnal tekhnicheskoy fiziki, v.34, no.3, 1964, 576

TOPIC TAGS: surface ionization, potassium ionization, potassium diffusion, diffusion through Globar, diffusion through carbon, Globar, potassium

ABSTRACT: Hitherto surface ionization of alkali metals diffusing through non-metallic porous materials has not been studied. Yu.Ya.Stavisskiy and S.Ya.Lebedev (ZhTF, 30,1222,1960) investigated surface ionization of Cs diffusing through tungsten.) Accordingly, in the present work there was investigated the temperature dependence of surface ionization of potassium diffusing out from the hollow core of a Globar rod (resistance element) manufactured by VEB Electrokohle Lichtenburg (German Democratic Republic). The rod was colored light green and had a porosity of 16%; the wall thickness was 2 mm. The rod was heated by passage of direct current; the temperature was determined from the value of the current after calibration with the aid of a thermocouple. Secondary electrons were suppressed by a wide mesh grid. The

Card 1/8 7_

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001136810(

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ion current was measured by means of a non-cooled ion collector. To eliminate intrinsic ion emission, the rod was outgassed by heating at about 1800° K for 30 hours. The vacuum was better than 3 x 10^{-5} mm Hg. The results for two rates of potassium consumption. (not specified) are presented in a figure (see Enclosure). The ion current density at a K vapor pressure of about 1.6 x 10^{-1} mm Hg in the evaporator and a temperature of 1800° K was about 10 mA/cm². Orig.art.has: 1 figure.

ASSOCIATION: Ural'skiy politekhnicheskiy institut im.S.M.Kirova (Ural Polytechnic Institute)

SUE	em itted	: 23	Aug63	•	DATE ACQ: 3	Mar64	 ENCL:	01	
SUE	CODE:	PE			NR REF SOV:	001	other:	000	
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Ca	rd 2/3		<u>. ;</u> .				 		•
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"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001136810 FOSTNOV, Anatoliy Vasil'yevich, kand. tekhn. nauk; ATLAS, Boris Aleksandrovich, kand. ekon. nauk. Frinimali uchastiye: SHAFOSHNIKOV, Ye.M., kand. tekhn. nauk; MATSVEYKO, A.N., inzh.; STOLBÓV, A.G., inzh.; GDALEVICH, S.S.; ALEKSANDHOV. V.V.. inzh.: NEVOLIN, V.V. inzh. retseuzent; KUZNETSOVA, L.N.; retenzant; DRUZDOV, H.M., nauchn. red.; MAKRUSHINA, A.N., red. [Use of computing techniques in water transportation] Primenenie vychislitel'noi tekhniki na vodnom transporte. Mo-(MIRA 18:7) skva, Transport, 1965. 215 p. 1. Kafedra ekspluatatsii Novosibirskogo instituta inzhenerov vodnogo transporta (for Drozdov),

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CZECHOSLOVAKIA NEVORAL, V.; OKAC, A.; Research Institute for Physiatrics, Bal-neology and Climatology (Vyzkumny Ustav pro Fysiatrii, Balneologii a Klimatologii), Marianske Lazne; Chair of Analytical Chemistry, Faculty of Natural Sciences J.Ev. Purkyne University (Katedra Analyticke Chemie Prirodovedecke Fakulty UJEvP), Brno. "The Determination of Traces of Vanadium in Mineral Waters." Prague, Ceskoslovenska Farmacie, Vol 15, No 5, Jun 66, pp 229-231 Abstract [Authors' English summary modified_7: The method uses an acidified sample of water which is passed through a column of strongly acid polystyrene cation exchanger; V cations together with other cations are collected on the resin, and can be selectively eluted with diluted hydrogen peroxide as negatively charged complexes. The eluate is evaporated, and V determined photometrically using xylenol orange. V can be separated from: Na, K, Ca, Mg, Fe, Mn, Cu, Zn, Pb, Cd, Ni, Ag, In, Mo, Cr, Ti, Zr, Th, Nb, and Ta. 1 Figure, 2 Tables, 5 Western, 2 Czech references. (Manuscript received 3 Jan 66). 1/1- 47 -

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L 5109-56 ACC NR. AP6000248 SOURCE CODE: CZ/0005/65/059/002/0222/0224		
AUTHOR: Nevoral, Vladislay; Hajkova, Gabriela		
ORG: Rosearch Institute for Physiatry, Balneology and Climatology, Marianske Lazno (Vyskumy ustav pro fyziatrii, balneologii a klimatologii)		
TITLE: Determination of trace amounts of sodium in potassium salts		
SOURCE: Chemicke Listy, v. 59, no. 2, 1965, 222-224		
TOPIC TACS: sodium, potassium compound, trace analysis, photometry		
ABSTRACT: The method is based on flame photometry, after the K is separated using tetraphenyl boric acid on an ion exchanger. Modification using organic solvents in the elution solution to increase the column capacity is described. Orig. art. has: 2 figures, 2 tables. [JPRS]		
SUB CODE: IC, GC / SUBN DATE: 27Apr64 / ORIG REF: 001 / OTH REF: 005 SOV REF: 001		
가 있는 것 같은 특별 방법에 가장 방법에 있는 것이 가지 않는 것이 있는 것이 가지 않는 것이 가지 않는 것이 가지 않는 것이 가지 않는 것이다. 이 가지 않는 것이 가지 않는 것이 가지 않는 것 같은 것이 같은 것은 특별 방법에 가지 않는 것은 것이 있는 것이 같은 것이 있는 것이 같은 것이 있는 것이 같은 것이 같은 것이 있는 것이 있는 것이 있는 것이 있는 것이 있는 것이 있는 것이 있는 같은 것이 같은 것은 특별 방법에 있는 것이 같은 것이 있는 것이 같은 것이 있는 것이 같은 것이 있는 것이 같은 것이 같은 것이 있는 것이 같은 것이 있는 것이 있는 것이 있는 것이 있는 것이 있는		
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NEVOROTIN, A. L.

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Meth.ds of histochemical study of the hypophysic, Trkh. anat., gist. i embr. 49 no.7:110-113 J1 465. (MIRA 18:10)

1. Jaboratoriya eksperimental'nov gistologii i tsitologii (zav. chlen-korrespondent AMN SSSR prof. G.S.Strelin) TSentral'nogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo rentgeno-radiologicheskogo instituta Ministerstva zdravockhraneniya SSSR, Leningrad.

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L 1622-66 EMT(m)			tili en formanistration – ne formanistration distante de la companya	
ACCESSION NR: AP5020837	UR/(0020/65/163/004	/0998/1000	
AUTHOR: Nevorotin, A. I.			82	
TITLE: Effect of irradiatic anterior lobe of the pituite	er 1 Branne III Lel	ation to its f	of the B unction	
SOURCE: AN SSSR. Doklady, v	· 163, no. 4, 1	965, 998-1000		
TOPIC TAGS: experiment enim cell physiology	al, radiation b	fologic effect	, gland,	
ABSTRACT: In experiments on half of the animals were gon to compare the reactions of lobes with normally function head of each animal was irra with a 1530 r dose (RUM-3 un Al filters, focal length 24 animal's body was shielded by killed 7, 10, 15, 30, and 45 weighed, fixed and prepared 1	overly active p ing anterior lo diated locally it, 180 kv, 17 cm, 180 r/min) y a 5 mm layer	ays prior to ituitary gland bes of intact a during the cest map 0.5 mm Cu a and the rest of of lead. Anima	irradiation anterior inimals. The rous cycle and 1.0 mm the the ils were	
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ACOESSION NR: AP5020837 the number of alpha-, beta-, and delta-cells and chromophobes. Findings show that the irradiation reaction of the pituitary gland anterior lobe in intact and gonadectomized animals is characterized by radiation damage after 7 to 15 days followed by reparation. However, the shifts in gonadectomized animals are greater, with more signifi- cant destruction and reduction of cells followed by a less distinct increase in number of cells. The secretion of the overly active pituitary gland anterior lobe accelerated the radiation damage and the reparative processes, but the lower level of reparation is attributed to more serious damage of the gland. In gonadectomized animals where one function (gonadotrophic) of the anterior pituitary gland was sharply changed, a change in the functional activity occurred not only in the beta-basophilic cells primarily responsible for this function, but also in the other cell types serving other functions. Thus, the largely determines the nature of the irradiation reaction of the gland. Orig. art. has: 1 figure. ASSOCIATION: Tsentral'nyy nauchno-issledowatel'skiy rentgeno- radiologicheskiy institut Leningrad (Central Scientific Research Card 2/3	L 162	2-66					•
Thickings show that the irradiation reaction of the pituitary gland anterior lobe in intact and gonadectomized animals is characterized by radiation damage after 7 to 15 days followed by reparation. However, the shifts in gonadectomized animals are greater, with more signifi- cant destruction and reduction of cells followed by a less distinct increase in number of cells. The secretion of the overly active pituitary gland anterior lobe accelerated the radiation damage and the reparative processes, but the lower level of reparation is attributed to more serious damage of the gland. In gonadectomized animals where one function (gonadotrophic) of the anterior pituitary gland was sharply changed, a change in the functional activity occurred not only in the beta-basophilic cells primarily responsible for this function, but also in the other cell types serving other functions. Thus, the state of the functional activity of the pituitary gland anterior lobe largely determines the nature of the irradiation reaction of the gland. Orig. art. has: l figure.	ACOE	SSION NR:	AP5020837		na a film film af a fan blin anne spineterne fan ar gener franker i	1	
ASSOCIATION: Tsentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy rentgeno- radiologicheskiy institut Leningrad (Central Scientific Research	anter radia the cant incre pitu repar to mo one f sharr in th but a	ings snow rior lobe ation dama shifts in destructions tary glan rative pro ore seriou function (oly change te beta-ba also in th	that the irradia in intact and go ge after 7 to 15 gonadectomized a on and reduction mber of cells. d anterior lobe cesses, but the s damage of the gonadotrophic) o d, a change in the sophilic cells put	tion reaction nadectomized days followe nimals are gr of cells fol The secretion accelerated t lower level o gland. In go f the anterion he functional rimarily resp	of the pitui animals is ch d by reparation eater, with multiple of the overly he radiation f reparation nadectomized r pituitary gi activity occu- onsible for the	tary gland aracterized by on. However, ore signifi- as distinct y active damage and the is attributed animals where land was ured not only his function,	
rautorogicheskry institut Leningrad (Central Scientific Research		The constant	71969 AUG UNFFILE (OT THE IMPORT	ation reaction	nterior lobe 1 of the	
Card 2/3	ASSOC radio	IATION: logichesk	Faentral 'nyy nau iy institut Lenin	ngrad (Central	atel'skiy rent L Scientific H	igeno- lesearch	
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nevorov, K. n	., Eng.				
Dynamos					
Causes of the	poor cooling of	turbogenerators	. Elek. sta. 24,	no. 1, 1953.	
9. <u>Monthly L</u>	ist of Russian A	ccessions, Libra	ry of Congress,	May 1953.	Unclassified.
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V. B.; Lifanov, P.S. ORG: none	
TITLE: A maser with a microc	ooler operating at 40°K
SOURCE: Radiotekhnika i elek	tronika, v. 11, no. 9, 1966, 1586-1588
TOPIC TAGS: maser, waveguide	
ABS TRACT:	
t a temperature of 40°K is de ead (1) is a silver-coated rub apphire signal and pumping w	ature closed-cy le cooler for operation escribed (see Fig. 1). The resonator by in the form of a parallelepiped with vaveguides coupled to ordinary stainless- itor is mounted between the poles of a
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Studies on the cycle of development of Echinostoma miyagawai (Ishii, 1932), causative agent of echinostomiasis in the domestic fowl. Roklady akad. nauk SSSR 90 no.2:317-318 11 May 1953. (CIML 24:5)

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1. Presented by Academician K. I. Skryabin 4 March 1953. 2. All-Union Institute of Helminthology imeni K. I. Skryabin.



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"Study of the Development Cycle of the Causative Agents of Echinostomiasis." Cand Biol Sci, "11-Union Inst of Felminthology, Moscow, 1954. (RZhBiol, No 3, Dec 54)

Survey of Scientific and Technical Dissertations Defended at USSE Higher Educational Institutions (12) SO: Sum. No. 556, 24 Jun 55

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NEVOYSA, G.G.

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Petrographic characteristics of brann and colitic cres of the El'tigen-Ortel'skiy deposit of the Kerch iron-ore basin in connection with problems of their enrichment. Izv.vys.ucheb. zav.;geol. i razv. 4 no.8:33-42 Ag '61. (MIRA 14:9)

1. Dnepropetrovskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut geologii.

(Kerch Peninsula-Ore deposits)

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NEVOYSA, G.G. [Nevoisa, H.H.]

2

Structural characteristics of iron ores in the Kerch deposit. Dop. AN URSR no.7:951-954 '61. (MIRA 14:8)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut geologii Dnepropetrovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta. Predstavleno akademikom AN USSR V.G.Bondarchukom [Bondarchuk, V.H.]. (Kerch Peninsula-Iron ores)

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BUSHUYEV, V.P.; GUBIN, G.V.; GONCHARENKO, Yu.I.; KARMAZIN, V.I.; MARGULIS, V.S.; MITROV, V.A.; NIKOLAYENKO, N.O.; EOBRUSHKIN, L.G.; BUROV, A.I.; RYBAKOV, V.N.; SOSHIN, A.F.; TATSIYENKO, P.A.; TOVSTANOVSKIY, O.D.; YUROV, P.P.; Prinimali uchastiye: 1 NIFAGINA, A.A.; CHERNYY, I.I.; CERSHOYG, Yu.G.; KOSTIKOV, A.G.; DOLGIKH, M.A.; MOVSKOVICH, S.A.; STUPIN, D.D.; NEVOYSA, G.G. Magnetization roasting of Kerch ores in the experimental factory of Kamysh-Burun Combine. Gor. zhur. no.12:30-37 (MIRA 15:11) D 162. 1. Institut Mekhanobrchermet, Krivoy Rog (for Bushuyev, Gubin, Goncharenko, Karmazin, Margulis, Mitrov, Nikolayenko, Nifagina, Chernyy, Gershoyg, Kostikov). 2. Kamyshburunskiy zhelezorudnyy kombinat, Kerch' (for Bobrushkin, Burov, Rybakov, Soshin, Tatsiyenko, Tovstanovskiy, Yurov, Dolgikh, M.A.; Movekovich, S.A.; Stupin, D.D.; Nevoysa). (Kerch Peninsula-Ore dressing) (Iron ores) E.I. 1155

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NEVRALA, J.; JULIS, F.

NEVRALA, J.; JULIS, F. Preparation and subject content of the standardization plan for 1956. p. 146.

Vol. 4, no. 7, July 1955 NORMALISACE TECHNOLOGY Praha, Czechoslovakia

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So: East European Accessions, Vol. 5, no. 5; May 1956

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United Nations Conference on the Use of Science and Technology for the Development of Undergeveloped Countries. Normalizace 11 no.4:119-120 Ap #63.

1. Urad pro normalizaci a mereni, Praha.

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HEVRATEY, G.A.

Problems of functional reorganisation of health reserts and sanatoria on the basis of Pavlov's teaching. Sovet, med. 17 Ac. 11:20-25 Nov 1953. (CIML 25:5)

1. Candidate Medical Sciences, Head of the Department of Health-Resort Factors of the State Scientific-Research Institute of Physiotherapy (Director -- Prof. 4.N. Obresov).

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Nevray	ev, G.A.	
/	- Resorts and Sanatoria	FD-1 530
Card 1/1 :	Pub 102-1/14	
Author :	*Nevrayev, G. A.	•
Title :	Some questions on expansion of health resorts and sanatoria	
	Scv. zdrav., 6, 3-12, Nov-Dec 1954	
	All resorts and sanatoria now in operation in the USSR are ove and the situation is getting worse. It is necessary to start tion of suburban resorts, near large industrial and agricultur many such centers have valuable balneological resources availa struction of resorts in Altay Kray and North Caucasus is also since there are large areas of virgin and idle lands in those Since development of morphological changes within organs and sy human body precede the period of their functional disturbances necessary to check pathological processes before irreversible in ogical changes begin to develop. Resorts and sanatoria serve a powerful means of treatment and prevention of various pathologi processes in a human organism.	construc- al centers; ble. Con- suggested regions. ystems of , it is morphol-
Institution :	(*Director) Division of Balneological Factors, Scientific Resea stitute of Physiotherapy, Ministry of Health, RSFSR (Professor Obrosov, Director)	rch In- A. N.





























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NEVRAYEV, G.A.

Balheologic evaluation of various types of therapeutic muds (peloids). Vop. kur., fizioter. lech. fiz. kul't. 26 ng.5:385-390 S-0 '61. (MIRA 14:11) . 1.2 l., Rukovoditel' Otdela izucheniya kurortnykh resursov TSentral'nogo (instituta kurortologii i fizioterepii (dir. G.N.Pospelova). (EARTHS, MEDICAL AND SUNGICAL USE OF) ł · · ·

















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