

ACCESSION NR: A9604133

ENCLOSURE: 01

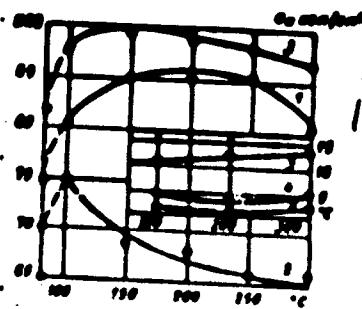


Fig. 1. Dependence of hardness and impact strength on aging temperature (for 1 hr. duration): 1 and 4 - after deformation; 2 and 5 - after quenching; 3 and 6 - after quenching and deformation.
Left ordinate = hardness; right ordinate = impact strength in
kg-m/cm².

Card

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POLDINTUK, V.V.; NIKOLAYEVA, I.A.

Electron microscopy of steel aging. Metalloved. : term.
obr. met. no.6:13-15 Ag '64. (MIRA 17:10)

NIKOLAEVA, L.A.

Gas inclusions in native gold. Zap.Vest.min.ob-va 8) no.4:401-
402 '54.
(NLLA 8:2)

1. Izuchenie-issledovatel'skiy institut "Migriselets", Moscow.
(Gold orees)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001137120006-0

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001137120006-0"

ALIYEV, A.G.; SIMEONOVA, L.A.; NIKONOV, L.V.

The relation of porosity to certain parameters of reservoir rocks,
and the use of this factor in compiling core reading of the
porosity of rocks in the Kizilki series. Dokl. AN Azerb. SSR 12
no. 1: 15-19 '56. (MERA 917)

1. Neftyanaya slaypediteiya AN Azerbaydzhanskoy SSR.
(Porosity) (Oil well logging)

ALIYEV, A.G.; MINZBERG, L.V.; NIKOLAYINA, L.A.

Reservoir rock characteristics of the Kirunki series in the
Apheron Peninsula. Aserb. naft. khos. 35 no.5:1-3 My '56.
(MLA 9:10)

(Apheron Peninsula--Petroleum geology)

SOKOLOV, D.K.; ANDRONOVA, A.I.; GRIGOR'YEVA, V.D.; KUPRIYANOVA, A.A.;
NIKOLAEVA, L.A.; PUKHOV, N.N.

Experience in organizing a free donor service in Kurgan Province.
Probl. gennat. i perel. krovi 9 no.1:52-5 Ja '64.

(MIRA 1B:1)

1. Iz donorskogo komiteta pri Kurganskem oblastnom zdravootdelenii
(zav. N.A. Rokina).

ACC NR: A15027145

mocuples. Continuous, flexible coatings having an adequate heat resistance at 600-750°C were obtained. Orig. art. has 2 figures and 2 tables.

SUB CODE: 11/ SUBM DATE: 18Jun64/ ORIG REF: 005/ OTH REF: 003

Card 2/2 gl

A New Variant of the Amino Method in
Ferrocene Synthesis

9/079/61/031/001/025/025
B001/B066

the synthesis of ferrocene, the data of the US patent 2719074 (Ref. 4) concerning the FeCl_2 production were used. This method rests upon heating of FeCl_3 with chloro benzene at 140°C ; the resultant FeCl_2 was found to be highly active in the condensation with cyclopentadiene in the presence of diethylamine. For a convenient comparison of the experimental results, all experiments were carried out with equal quantities of the reactants (Table). The ferrocene yield was calculated for iron. As may be seen from the table, satisfactory results were obtained in the experiments of series A (reduction of FeCl_3 by Fe), when using di-n-butyl ether, anisole, phenetole, ethyl butyrate, and butyl acetate as solvents. FeCl_3 is not reduced to FeCl_2 by metallic iron in pyridine, anhydrous alcohol, and acetone. If acetone is replaced by methyl isobutyl ketone, the ferrocene yield is 27 %. If in the above condensation triethylamine, pyridine, and sodium ethylate are used instead of diethylamine, the ferrocene yield suddenly drops. There are 1 table and 4 references: 1 Soviet and 3 US.

Card 2/3

8/081/62/000/006/102/117
B166/B101

AUTHOR: Nikolayeva, L. F.

TITLE: Application of epoxy resins in radio engineering

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 6, 1962, 624 - 625,
abstract 6P128 (Sb. tr. Nauchno-tekhn. o-vo radiotekhn. i
elektrosvyazi im. A. S. Popova, no. 1, 1960, 172 - 180)

TEXT: The structure and principal properties of epoxy resins are examined. Formulations are given for cold-setting compounds based on resin ЭД-5 (ED-5) (for potting of units in semiconductor devices and other apparatus with a working temperature of not more than 70°C) and hot-setting compounds based on resin ЭД-6 (ED-6) (for potting of high-voltage filament and anode transformers and other apparatus working at a voltage of >2 - 35 kv and with a working temperature range of -40 to +190°C, as well as for high-voltage insulators for voltages of 5 - 60 kv etc.). The technology of the casting of epoxy resin articles is described: materials and designs for molds, composition of lubricant, fastening of articles in the molds, composition of polyvinyl chloride paste used for hermetic Card 1/2

TUTOVA, A.F.; NIKOLAYEVA, L.F.; PAVLENKO, N.V.; SLETKINA, V.V.;
BOL'YEVSKIY, A.A.; GALIMOV, K.I.; ZHUKOVA, E.E.;
KUMLIEVA, T.Ye., ott. red.; KUT 'EV, B.I., red.

[Transactions and materials of scientific congresses and
conferences published abroad in 1962; an index] Trudy i
materialy nauchnykh kongressov i soveshchaniy, opublikovannye
za rubezhom v 1962 godu; ukazatel'. Vyipusk 3. Lenine-
grad, 1964. 133 p. (M. 1719)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Biblioteka.

NIKOLAEVA, L.V.

20-5-45/60

AUTHOR CHERNAVINA, I.A., RUBIN, B.A. and
 NIKOLAEVA, L.V.
TITLE On the Participation of Cytochromeoxidase in the Process
 of Chlorophyll Synthesis.
 (K voprosu ob uchastii tsitokromoksidazy v protsesse
 sinteza khlorofilla.- Russian)
PERIODICAL Doklady Akademii Nauk SSSR 1957 Vol 114 Nr 5,
 pp 1080-1083 (U.S.S.R.)
ABSTRACT The main part of the investigations of pigment bio-
 synthesis in the plastics is at present devoted to the
 disclosure of the chemistry of this process. Much
 attention is paid to the clarification of the basic
 steps of protochlorophyll and chlorophyll formation.
 The enzymatic mechanism of the latter has, however
 hitherto been very little clarified. There exist enough
 data in publications which refer to the importance of
 the oxidising-reducing regime of the tissues for the
 chlorophyll synthesis. The majority of studies of this
 kind is dedicated to the first stage of becoming green -
 the formation of the colorless predecessor of chloro-
 phyll. The second stage, transformation of protochloro-
 phyll to chlorophyll, is, on the whole, considered to be

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**On the Participation of Cytochromeoxidase in the Process
of Chlorophyll Synthesis.**

with each other. The study of the influence of some inhibitors of the oxidising enzyme systems upon the processes of greening may serve as one way to a solution of the problem of the connection between chromoxidase and chlorophyll formation. Besides specific compounds influencing the whole complex of metalliferous enzymes the authors examined also such compounds the influence of which on respiration is brought about by the cytochrome system. From the data of tab. I it may be seen that an infiltration of sodium-aside and -fluoride in etiolated wheat leaves sharply suppresses the formation of chlorophyll. The results with cyanide are totally different: NaCN in all tests stimulates chlorophyll formation. Respiration as against control is increased. The nature of this phenomenon is not yet clear. Thus the results indicate that the substances which inactivate the system of - Fe, Cu-proteide, at the same time have a suppressing effect on the process of the biosynthesis of green pigments. This does not

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On the Participation of Cytochromoxidase in the
Process of Chlorophyll Synthesis.

ASSOCIATION: "M.V. Lomonosov" Moscow State University.
(Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im M.V.
Lomonosova)
PRESENTED BY: A.I. Oparin, member of the Academy.
SUBMITTED: 25.2.57
AVAILABLE: Library of Congress.

CARD 5/5

CHERKAVINA, I.A., RUKIN, R.A., NIKOLAEVA, L.Y.

The ability of chlorophyll formation and oxidative systems in conifers. Biuch.dokl.vys.ekhologii biol.moski no.1:144-148 '58

(NDRA 11:8)

1. Predstavlenia kafedroy fisiologii rastenij Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta in. M.V. Lomonosova.

(CONIFERS)

(CHLOROPHYLL)

(OXIDATION-REDUCTION REACTION)

RUBIN, B.A.; NIKOLAEVA, L.P.

Effect of enzyme inhibitors on the respiration of conifers in connection with the characteristics of greening. Dokl. AN SSSR. 144 no.6:1402-1405 Je '62. (MIRA 15:6)

1. Predstavlene akad. A.I. Oparinym.
(Enzymes) (Coniferae) (Chlorophyll)

POSTNOV, Yu.V.; NIKOLAYEVA, L.F. (Moskva)

Lipoidosis of the endocardium and coronary arteries in white rats following action on the system of connective tissue mast cells. Arkh. pat. no.1141-46 '63. (MIFIA 17:10)

1. Is patologoanatomicheskoy laboratorii (zav.- doktor med. nauk A.M. Vikhert) Instituta terapii AMN SSSR (dir.- deyatel'nyy chlen AMN SSSR prof. A.L. Myasnikov).

NIKOLAYEVA, L. G.

Nikolayeva, L. G. "The problem of cytological and histopathological data in the clinical diagnosis of 'appendicitis'." Kiev Inst for the Advanced Training of Physicians. Kiev, 1956. (Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate in Medical Science)

Sov: Knizhnaya letopis'. No. 27, 1956. Moscow. Pages 94-109; 111.

NIKOLAEVA, L.G. (Kiyev, ul. Mekhanikova, 4, fl. korp. 1, kv.7)

Treating subdiaphragmal abscesses by punctures and local use of antibiotics. Sov. Khir. zhurn. no.4:74 Jl-Ag '57. (NIMA 10:11)

1. Kafedra Khirurgii (sov. - prof. A.A.Podorevskiy) pediatricheskogo fakul'teta Kiyevskogo meditsinskogo instituta.
(DIAPHRAGM-ABSCESSES) (PUNCTURES) (ANTIBIOTICS)

phys. v. 1. 6.

1972

Investigation of changes in magnetic properties of magnetic materials. N.M. Faral'nik
V.N. Kuznetsov, D.A. Mikhalevskii, V.A. Sazanovskii and A.V. Tret'yakov. Invent. No. 542
Publ. No. 1972, No. 20, 811-147-001. The hysteresis loops of the components were
recorded simultaneously with the magnetization measurements from measurements of
magnetization of two alloys Mn₃Ni₂ + 10% Sn and Mn₃Ni₂ + 10% Mn 82.5 + Mn 17.5.
The magnetization of Mn₃Ni₂ + 10% Sn decreases linearly with increasing field up to 4 kOe, and then decreases more slowly, explained by a
decrease of Mn. The K edge is shifted to greater wave lengths, explained by a
loss of valence electrons from the Mn 3d band of Mn. The X bands Mn are also
shifted to greater wave lengths. (See Fig. 1). Duke-87

NIKOLAEVA, L.G. [Nikolaieva, L.G.]; KARAL'NIK, S.N. [Karal'nyk, S.N.]

Characteristic absorption of X-rays in binary alloys of iron with
nickel, cobalt and chromium. Ukr. fiz. zhurn. 4 no.2:260-267 Mr-Apr
'59. (NIMA 11:1)

1. Kiyevsky gosudarstvennyy universitet im. T.G. Shevchenko.
(Iron-nickel alloys--Spectra) (Iron-cobalt alloys--Spectra)
(Iron-chromium alloys--Spectra)

KARAL'NIK, S.M.; NIKOLAYEVA, L.G. [Nikolayeva, L.N.]; LUNOLEMO, Yu.I.

Characteristic absorption of X rays in titanium compounds.
Ukr. fiz. zhur. 4 no.3:404-405 My-Je '59. (NTR 13:2)

I.Kyivskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. T.S. Shevchenka.
(Titanium compounds)

NESHPOR, V.S.; NIKOLAEVA, L.G. [Nikolaeva, L.H.]; KARAL'NIK, S.K.;
KOROLENUK, Yu.I.

Investigation of the characteristic absorption of X rays in
silicides of transition metals. Ukr.fis.sbir. 4 no.6:814-815 N-p
'59. (MIRA 14:10)

1. Kyivskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. T.G.Shevchenko i
Institut metallobereniki i spetsial'nykh splavov AM USSR.
(X-ray absorption) (Transition metal silicides)

13200

1613, 1418, 1555

25575
S/185/60/005/002/010/022.
D274/D304

AUTHORS:

Nikolayeva, L.G. and Karal'nyk, S.M.

TITLE:

Study of principal K-edge of absorption of X-rays
for iron and vanadium alloys in two modifications

PERIODICAL:

Ukrayins'kyy fizychnyy zhurnal, v. 5, no. 2, 1960,
231-234

TEXT: The position of the K-edges of absorption in Fe-Cr alloys, in particular in the α - and σ phases, is investigated, as well as in Fe-V alloys. An X-ray diffractometer was used, as described by S.M. Karal'nik (Ref. 4: UZhF, 3, 1958). The pulses were counted by a device connected in parallel. The alloys were melted in an argon atmosphere. The specimens were annealed for 10-15 hours at 1100-1200°C. An X-ray structure analysis of the specimens after annealing showed that the alloys with a vanadium concentration of 35 to 48 weight % were in the σ -phase, whereas the other two alloys were in the α -phase. The specimens undergoing X-ray analysis were spherical. The optimum thickness of these specimens was ex-

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Study of principal K-edge...

perimentally chosen for purposes of greater contrast. It was found that an alteration in the thickness of the specimens did not lead to a change in the position of the K-edges. A table is given with the shifts of the K-edges of Fe and V in their alloys, as compared to the pure elements. It follows from the table that the maximum shift of the K-edges takes place for concentrations of alloys corresponding to the σ -phase; the maximum shift attains ~ 4.5 eV. The position of the K-edges in the σ -phase, as compared to the α -phase, is given by longer waves (at same concentrations). These results are analogous to the results obtained by another author for Fe-Cr alloys. It is known that Fe-Cr and Fe-V systems are also similar with respect to the diagram of state and crystallo-chemical structure of their α - and σ phases. As a result of the outlined investigations a simple qualitative interpretation is given of the interatomic mechanism in these alloys. In $\alpha \rightarrow \sigma$ transitions the electrons are redistributed; 3d-electrons of iron atoms are transferred to the 4-sp levels of chromium and vanadium atoms. This transfer leads to longer wave-length of K-edge position. Such a redistribution of 3d-electrons may lead to a reduction in the mag-

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D274/D304

netic properties of iron atoms; hence it would be one of the reasons for the decline in magnetic properties of alloys in $\alpha \rightarrow \sigma$ transition. Another result of the redistribution of electrons is the greater compactness of the crystal lattices. In conclusion, the X-ray method gives more direct proof of changes in electronic state during $\alpha \rightarrow \sigma$ transitions. There are 1 table and 8 references: 7 Soviet-bloc and 1 non-Soviet-bloc. The reference to the English-language publication reads as follows: N. Mott, K. Stevens, Phil. Mag., 2, 1364-1386, 1957.

ASSOCIATION: Kyiv's'kyj dershevnyj universytet im. T.G. Shevchenko
(Kyiv State University im. T.G. Shevchenko)

SUMMITTED: July 9, 1959

X
sum.:

Card 3/3

NIKOLAYEVA, L. G.

Cand Phys-Math Sci - (diss) "X-ray spectral studies of alloys based on elements of the iron group." Voronezh, 1961. 10 pp; (Ministry of Higher Education USSR, Voronezh State Univ); 100 copies; price not given; (KL, 10-61 sup, 205)

NIKOLAYEVN, L G

S/185/61/006/001/009/011
D210/D305

18.8100

AUTHORS:

Karal'nyk, S.M., Nikolayev, L.N., Morkina, A.S. and
Buyanov, Yu.I.

TITLE:

Study of the characteristic absorption of zinc and
copper in their alloys with aluminum and magnesium

PERIODICAL: Ukrayins'kyy fizichnyy zhurnal, v. 6, no. 1, 1961,
121-218

TEXT: The authors investigated the displacement of the K-edge of copper in its alloys with aluminum, and that of zinc in its alloys with Al and Mg. The methods of investigation are not given, only references to previous publications. The results obtained were compared with the characteristic absorption of pure Zn and Cu and of some of their compounds; in the latter case, the authors' data are in fair agreement with those published abroad [abstracter's note: Formulae of the compounds not given]. The authors state that although the methods used lacked precision they tried to remedy this by a very large number of measurements and by changing the experi-

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S/185/61/006/001/009/011
D210/D305

study of the characteristic...

less marked. In the authors' opinion this result points to a considerable change in energy levels of electrons of the added atoms provided that concentration of the latter is small. The possibility is discussed of regrouping electrons in the atoms of Cu and Zn from $4s$ to $4p$ level causing a "swelling" of respective atoms. By raising the temperature, the lattice of aluminum expands and is able to accommodate the admixture atoms. But the K-edge shift could be explained alternatively as Zn and Cu atoms loosing their $4s$ electrons altogether, as they do in their compounds. The loss of the screening effect of these electrons may lower the energy of the K level, shifting the K-edge toward shorter waves. The authors express their gratitude to M.N. Bryl and I.S. Staryy of the Pedinstitut of Odessa and S.A. Nemnonov from Sverdlovsk for their aid in spectrographic determinations. There are 3 figures, 4 tables and 12 references: 11 soviet-bloc and 1 non-Soviet-bloc.

ASSOCIATION: Kyyivs'kyy ordena Lenina derzhavnyy universitet im.
T.H. Shevchenko (Order of Lenin State University of
Kiyev, im. T.H. Shevchenko)

SUBMITTED. June 17, 1960
Card 3/3

ALC NAT A6029705

SOURCE CODE: US/031/65/018/033/057/037

AUTHOR: Ruchnir, S. Kh.; Nikoleyeva, L. G.

CIT: Institute of Physics AS UkrSSR, Kiev (Institut fiziki AN UkrSSR)

TITLE: Concerning the character of the damage produced in dislocation-free silicon when irradiated with fast neutrons

SOURCE: Fizika tverdogo tela, v. 8, no. 3, 1966, 917-924

ICPIC INGG: neutron bombardment, silicon, crystal dislocation, radiation damage, crystal defect, crystal vacancy

ABSTRACT: In view of the high sensitivity of the method of thickness variation, based on the effect of anomalous passage of x-rays through a crystal, to the presence of different kinds of defects in a crystal, as described by G. N. Yefimov and A. M. Yeliseyev (FIZ v. 5, 2116, 1963) and elsewhere, the authors applied this method and observed that irradiation with a beam of fast neutrons ($\sim 10^{14}$ neut/cm²) produces in dislocation-free silicon defects of the type of vacancy clusters, accompanied by elimination of previously existing defects from the remaining region of the crystal. The tests were made on n-type silicon with resistivity ~ 7 ohm-cm and dislocation density $1\text{--}2 \text{ cm}^{-2}$. The results show that such fast-neutron irradiation did not change the ratio R_1/T_1 and left the plot of their logarithms linear (R_1 = intensity of reflected beam, T_1 = intensity of originally transmitted beam). The slope of the linear plot and its T_1 -axis intersection were reduced by irradiation with a beam of

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ACC NR: AN000705

fast neutrons of 1.4×10^{10} neut/cm² at 700 by 2.96 and 2.53% respectively, showing that irradiation has caused a partial clearing of the volume of the crystals of defects which previously existed in it. The results also show that the concentration of the small defects present in the volume of the crystal has decreased. The results thus serve as a check on the applicability of the method proposed by Yefimov and Ye-
likhter to investigations of irradiated silicon crystals. Orig. art. has: 1 figure
and 2 formulas.

SUB CCDS: 20/ SUBM DATE: 01Nov65/ ORIG REF: 006/ OTH REF: 001

Card 2/2

L 18131-66 ENT(1)/X IJP(c) 00
ACC N# AI6007796

SOURCE CODE: 15/66/011/004/0171/0176

AUTHOR: Konosenko, I. D.; Muzalevs'kyx, Ye. O.—Muzalevskij, Ye. O.; Rovne,
A. I.—Rovnaya, A. I.; Galushka, O. P.—Galushko, A. P.; Chernko, M. M.—Cherntho,
C. C.; Nikolayeva, L. M.—Nikolayeva, L. G.

ORG: Institute of Physics, AN URSR, Kiev (Instytut Fizyky AN URSR)

TITLE: Preparation of single CdS crystals and their structural and physical properties

SOURCE: Ukrayins'kyy fizichnyy shurnal, v. 11, no. 2, 1966, 171-176

TOPIC TAGS: single crystal, crystal lattice, crystal property, x-ray analysis, photoconductivity, crystal lattice defect

ABSTRACT: A procedure for obtaining large single crystals of CdS by the zone sublimation method is described. X-ray investigations of the defects in the structure of these crystals were carried out. It was shown that they are more perfect than those previously obtained (I. D. Konosenko, V. I. Ust'yanov, same source, v. 5, no. 9, 1960). The electrophysical properties were analysed and the existence of a wide photoconductivity maximum was found. The depth of bending and of trapping level concentrations were determined. On the basis of these investigations, it is possible to obtain purer single crystals of the A₂B₃ type compounds with an improved lattice by perfecting the technology. Orig. art. has: 6 figures.
[Based on author's abstract.]

TSINTSEVICH, Ye.P.; ALIMARIN, I.P.; NIKOLAYEVA, L.I.

Sorption of iodine by ion-exchange resins from solutions containing
hydrochloric acids. Vest. Mosk. un. Ser. mat., mat., astron., fiz.,
khim. 14 no.2:189-197 '59
(NIMA 13:3)

1. Kafedra analiticheskoy khimii Moskovskogo gosuniversiteta.
(Iodine) (Hydrogen halides)

S/135/61/000/004/010/012
A006/A101

AUTHORS: Andrianov, K. I., Supereko, O. D., Nikolayeva, L. I., Kudryavtsev
K. V. Yemel'yanenko, N. L., Engineers

TITLE: Ceramic Nozzles of the A-547r Semi-Automatic Machine for Welding
in Carbon Dioxide

PERIODICAL: Svarochnoye proizvodstvo, 1961, No. 4, pp. 37 - 38

TEXT: Welding in carbon dioxide with consumable electrode is used at the Chelyabinsk Tractor Plant for joining tractor parts on the A-547r semi-automatic machine, where the gas flow is directed by a chromeplated brass nozzle (Fig. 1), placed on the rubber housing of the burner tip. The use of this nozzle presents however, a series of deficiencies, such as short-circuits of the welding current; sticking of metal splashings to the internal nozzle surface, and short service life of the nozzle. The laboratory of mineral ceramics at the plant developed ceramic nozzles to replace the chrome-plated brass nozzles, prepared in a metallic mold by press-forming from a ceramic mass of 12 - 14% moisture. The components of the ceramic material were dried, crushed, screened, and mixed during 8 h. The material was then wetted with water to 28 - 30% for

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8/15/61/000/004/010/02
A06/A101

Ceramic Nozzles of the A-547r Semi-Automatic Machine for Welding in Carbon Dioxide

Talcum-chlorite containing nozzles were roasted according to graph 3. Tests performed with experimental ceramic nozzles proved satisfactory. The replacing of brass nozzles by the new ceramic ones presents the following advantages: the possibility of a contact between the nozzle and the part to be welded is excluded; the durability of nozzles is raised by a factor of 14 - 16; scarce chrome-plated brass is replaced by cheap ceramic material; labor consuming processes of manufacturing the nozzles are substituted by advanced press forming methods, eliminating subsequent mechanical treatment; the time of exchanging and cleaning the nozzles from metal splashings is considerably reduced. There are 1 table and 4 figures.

ASSOCIATION: Chelyabinsk traktornyj zavod (Chelyabinsk Tractor Plant)

Card 3/4

NIKOLAEVA, L. I.

NIKOLAEVA, L. I. i ORLOV, I. P.

25861

Fakty, uliyusuchchie na potei pitatel'nykh veshchestv vo vremya svashki trav.
Sov. sovetchiniyu, 1949. No. 4. s. 61-65.

SO: Letopis' No. 34

NIKOLAYEVA, L. I.

Feeding and Feeding Stuffs

Digestibility of hay and silage from various plants. Korm. taza 4 No. 3, 1953.

9. Monthly List of Russian Acquisitions, Library of Congress, June 1959. Unclassified.

NIKOLAYEVA, L.I., kandidat sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk.

Nutritiousness of ear corn silage harvested different stages of ripeness. Dokl. Akad. sel'khoz. 22 no. 2:8-14 '57. (NIZA 10:5)

1. Predstavlena akademikom I. S. Popovym. Fizicheskiy i zashchitnyy issledovatel'skiy institut kormov imeni V. R. Vil'yama.
(Corn (Maize)) (Silage)

I 44187-66 EWT(n)/EWP(1)/T IJP(c) W/W/RM

ACC NR: AP6013278 (A) SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/008/0079/0079

17

B

INVENTOR: Zelomayev, Yu. L.; Loshkin, V. Ye.; Nikolayeva, L. I.
Konushkina, K. A.

ORG: none

TITLE: Preparation of foam polyurethanes. Class 39, No. 180794 15

SOURCE: Izobreteniya, promyshlennyye obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 8, 1966, 79

TOPIC TAGS: polyurethane, foam polyurethane, methacrylic acid

ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate introduces a method for preparing foam polyurethanes from hydroxyl-containing compounds, polyisocyanates, and water in the presence of a catalyst. The use of copolymers of salts of unsaturated dicarboxylic acids with methacrylic acid, such as the copolymer of methacrylic acid with potassium maleate, is suggested to increase the variety of catalysts. [LD]

SUB CODE: 110 SUBM DATE: 16 Feb 65/

Card 1/1 C1100W

RAFAL'SON, D.I.; VEYKHER, Z.F.; ROZANOVA, L.M.; NIKOLAYEVA, I.K.;
KOTOCZHCHIKOVA, M.A.; IVANOVA, N.M.

Effect of taking small and moderate doses of bone marrow on
the body of the donor. Report No.1: Effect of taking bone
marrow on hemopoiesis. Probl. gemat. i perel. krovi no.16:
29-35 '63 (MIRA 18:1)

1. Iz Leningradskogo ordena Trudovogo Krasnogo Znameni nauchno-
issledovatel'skogo instituta perelivaniya krovi (dir. dotsent
A.D. Balyakov).

NIKOLAEVA, L.N.

Ross Shelf Ice, its nature and conditions of formation. Probl.
Rev. no.1:303-317 '58. (NIMA 11:12)

1. Institut geografii AN SSSR.
(Ross Shelf Ice)

NIKOLATEVA, Lidiya Pavlovna

About the Participation of Primary Products or Physiological Disintegration
of Sugar in Formation (purinovykh) Combination in an Organism

Dissertation for candidate of a Medical Science degree. Chair of Biological
Chemistry, (Head, Prof. N.N. Ivanovskiy), Saratov Medical Institute, 1943

NIKOLAYEV, L. P.

NIKOLAYEV, L. P. "On the condensation of the primary products of the physiologically-decomposition of sugar with urea under 'soft' conditions", Trudy Sver. gos. nauch. in-ta, Vol. VI, 1957, p. 33-40.

Sov U-4631, 19 Sept. 53, (Lekopis 'Zurnal' na t Stat'yu, No. 21, 1959).

ANDRIYUSHINCHIKHA, A.V.; NIKOLAYIVA, L.P.

*Effect of water from the Sosolovogorskiy spring on the activity
of certain enzymes of the gastro-intestinal tract. Klin.mcd.,
Moskva 29 no.5:69 May 1951.* (CIA 20:9)

1. Of the Department of Biological Chemistry (Head—Prof. N.N.
Ivanovskiy), Saratov Medical Institute, Saratov.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001137120006-0

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...and the chief from capital. The movement
and administration work very well at present. The
rest of the rest of the time pressure is so tight it is essential
with the sharp decrease of the available to the possibility
of the attack and the chance in the chosen nature.

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001137120006-0"

ABERYUSHECHKINA, A.V.; NIKOLAEVA, L.P.

Problem of metabolism of nucleoproteins and of nucleic acids in
Bekrin's disease. Biul.eksp.biol. i med. 42 no.10:25-27 O '56.
(MLRA 9:12)

1. Is infedir biologicheskiy khimii (sav. infedir - prof. H.H.
Ivanovskiy) Saratovskogo gosudarstvennogo meditsinskogo instituta
(HEPATITIS, INFECTIOUS, metabolism,
nucleic acids & nucleoproteins (Rus))
(NUCLEIC ACIDS, metabolism,
in hepatitis, infect. (Rus))
(NUCLEOPROTEINS, metabolism,
in hepatitis, infect. (Rus))

NIKOLAEVA, L.P.) AMERIUSHECHINA, A.V.

metabolism of nucleoproteins and nucleic acids in the S-and R-forms
of some types of micro-organisms. Trudy Ser. gen. med. inst. 26:233-
277 '59. (MIRA 14:2)

1. Saratovskiy meditsinskiy institut, infodra biologicheskoy
kliniki (sen.-prof. N.N. Ivanovskiy).
: (NUCLEOPROTEINS) (NUCLEIC ACIDS) (SARCINA LUTEA)
: (Escherichia coli) (STAPHYLOCOCCUS)

POSTOV, Yu.V.; NIKOLAYEVA, L.P. (Russia)

Moderate non-suppurative panarititis (Weber-Christian disease).
(XIMA 14:10)
Arth. pat. no. 11578-62 '61.

1. Iz infekcii patologicheskoy ostanki (avv. - prof. V.K.
Balashov) i infekcii kostnykh i vneskostnykh bolzney (avv. -
prof. D.L. Voronov) Byusanskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni
Akad. I.P. Pavlova.
(ANTRHOZ TISSUE--BONE)

NIKOLAYEVA, L. P.

NIKOLAYEVA, L. P.: "Oak forests of the 'downy' oak ('gymnotey') in the Moldavian SSR". Leningrad, 1955. Acad Sci USSR. Botany Inst imeni V. L. Komarov. Botanical Garden, Moldavian Affiliate, Acad Sci USSR. (Dissertations for the Degree of Candidate of Biological Sciences.)

Se: Kainikova letoria No. 49, 3 December 1955. Moscow.

GTYDEMAN, T.S.; NIKOLAEVA, L.P.

Characteristics of Moldavian flora and vegetation, their state
and protection. Ochr. prir. Mold. no. 2120-26 '61. (MIRA 15:8)
(Moldavia-Botany)

NIKOLAEVA, L.P.

[Durmast oak-dominant woods of the Moldavian S.S.R.]
Dubravy i pushistogo duba Moldavskoi SSR. Kishinev,
Kartia Moldoveniasko, 1963. 165 p. (MIRA 17:9)

NIKOLAYEV, L.V.

SLAZINA, N.P.; VOLKOVA, L.S.; NIKOLAYNA, L.V.; GATILOV, M.P., red.;
SHIBKOVA, N.I., tekhn.red.; DANILOV, T.A., tekhn.red.

[Teaching arithmetic in preparatory classes and first grade of
schools for the deaf; based on practical experience] Obuchenie
arifmetike v prizgotovitel'nyx i pervon klassakh shkol sluchko-
nomykh; iz chetyre raboty. Moskva, Gos.uchebno-pedagog. izd-vo N-vo
prosv. RASSR, 1957. 149 p.
(Arithmetic—Study and teaching)
(Deaf—Education)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
CHUMAKA, E.Ye., kandidat meditsinskikh nauk; NIKOLAEVA, L.V.

State of endocrine system in pulmonary tuberculous patients. Probl.
tub. 35 no.1(3)-37 '57. (MLM 10:6)

1. Is otdeleniye IV Upravleniya Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya
SSSR (nauknyy redaktoR) - prof. A.Ye.Babukhin).
(TUBERCULOSIS, PULMONARY, physiol.
adrenal gland, gonads & pituitary gland funct. (Bun))
(ADRENAL GLAND, in various dis.
tuberc., pulm. (Bun))
(GONADS, in various dis.
same)
(PITUITARY GLAND, in various dis.
same)

KONDRAKOVA, M.N.; Prinimali uchastiye: MIKOLAEVA, L.V. & SKOKOVA, N.V.;
SLEV, D.M.; TIMOFEEVA, L.M.

Effect of K-strophantin on phosphorylation and respiration of
sarcoosomes. Vop. med. Khim. 9 no. 3:27-279 My-Je '63.
(MIRA 17:9)

1. Institut farmakologii i khimioterapii AN SSSR i kafedra
biokhimii zhivotnykh Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta imeni
Lomonosova.

SEVERIN, S.Ye.; KONDRASHOVA, M.N.; NIKOLAEVA, L.V.

ADP-like effect of k-strophanthin on sarcosome respiration.
Vop. med. Khim. 9 no. 3;319-321 My-Je '63. (MIRA 17:9)

I. Institut farmakologii i khimioterapii ANN SSSR i kafedra
biokhimii zhivotnykh Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta
imeni Lomonossova.

KONDRASHOVA, N.N.; NIKOLAYEV, L.V.

Effect of strophanthin on respiration as a function of the
state of the respiratory process. Dokl. AN SSSR 161 no.1:
233-236 Mr '65. (MIRA 18:3)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet i Institut farmakologii
AN SSSR. Submitted June 10, 1964.

MEISTER, T.G.; NIKOLAEVA, L.Ya.

Electronic absorption spectra of nitroamine solutions in acids.
Opt. i spektr. 12 no.1:142-143 Ju '62. (MIRA 15:2)
(Amines-Spectra)

NIKOLAYEVA, M.

Let's train personnel for the chemical industry. Prof.-tekh.
cbr. 21 no. 4:27 Ap '64. (MIRA 17:5)

1. Starshiy inzh.po tekhnicheskoy uchebe Voskresenskogo khimicheskogo
kombinata.

NIKOLAEVA, N.A. (Moskva)

The clothiers of Moscow struggle for a high-quality production.
Sovetsk. prom. no. 44-7 Jl-Ag '63. (NIDA 1659)

SHITOV, I.A.; NIKOLAEVA, M.B.

Thermoregulation in the postnatal development of small
birds. *Ornitologija* no.6:451-455 '63. (MIR' 17:6)

EDENOVA, O. N.; NIKOLAEVA, N. A. D

Development of phytoplankton and chemical composition of waters
in Irkutsk Reservoir during the years of its formation (1957-1958).
Izv. Akad. Nauk. SSSR, ser. biol. no. 3:101-104 '62.
(NIIKA 15:7)

1. Rezul'movana infodanskii dokchey khimi i ekologii bespervezh-
nykh Irkutskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta im. A. A. Zhdanova.

(IRKUTSK RESERVOIR - PHYTOPLANKTON)
(IRKUTSK RESERVOIR - WATER - COMPOSITION)

~~NIKOLAEVA, N.N.~~
Hydrochemistry of Irkutsk Reservoir. Trudy Inst.
11:17-40 '64. (MIRA 18:11)

MINOLAYINA, N.F., kandidat meditsinskikh nauk

Fibrous structure of the peritoneum of the Fallopian tubes. Atmash.
1 giz. no.3:10-24 Ny-Jo '56. (NIMA 7:6)

1. Is kafedry anatomii i ginekologii (sav. prof. I.B.Lovit) Ivanovo-
skogo meditsinskogo instituta.

(FALLOPIAN TUBES, anatomy and histology,

"Fibrous structure of peritoneum of fallopian tubes")

(PERITONEUM, anatomy and histology,

"Fibrous structure of peritoneum of fallopian tubes")

NIKOLAEVA, N. F.

Sep-Oct 53

DESS /Medicina - Tissue Therapy

"Tissue Therapy in the Treatment of Gynecological Diseases," Cand. Med. Sci., M.F. Nikolayeva, Chair of Obstetrics and Gynecology, Moscow Med. Inst. and Institute of Child Health, Leningrad, 1955.

Article 1. Gynecol., No 5, pp 61-65.

Treatment by means of "biogenic stimulants" has found wide application in a large number of diseases, including those of gynecological origin. V.P. Filatov pointed out that highly active substances are produced in those tissues that are

268739

preserved at low temperature; those special substances act as stimulants and regulators of biochemical and biophysical processes. Expts on dogs confirmed the therapeutic effects of tissue extracts, and other substances used for plants, extracts, and other substances used for non-specific stimulation therapy; these substances produce protective inhibition in the cortex of the brain, ameliorating the course of pathogenic processes. Tissue therapy is more effective if it is resorted to without delay; better results are observed in younger patients.

268739

NIKOLAYEVA, M. G.

NIKOLAYEVA, M. G. -- "Changes in Nitrogen Metabolism in Patients with
Cancerous Disease under the Influence of Parenteral and Perrectal Ad-
ministration of Protein Preparations." Khar'kov Medical Inst. Khar'kov,
1955. (Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate of Medical Sciences.)

SO: Knizhnaya letopis', No. 4, Moscow, 1956

IVANOV, N.Z., inzh.; NIKOLAEVA, M.G., inzh.

"Elastic-type mortars and concretes made with gypsum polymers."

Mul. tehn. inform. strrel. 5 no. 4123-36 Ap '59.

(MIRA 1218)

(Elastic) (Concrete) (Mortar)

NIKOLAYEVA, M.G.; DALETSKAYA, T.V.

Study of the physiologically active substances of dormant seeds.
Trudy Bot. inst. Ser. 4 no.16:49-63 '63. (MIRA 17:2)

L 17/65-63 ENT(1)/DET.m)/RDS/EG(1) AND/ATTIC/ADD A3/K
ACCESSION NR: AT3002360 S/2930/62/000/000/0029/0035 51

AUTHOR: Pastyuchonko, O. V. (Kharkov); Popova, L. Ia. (Kharkov); Nikolaeva,
M. G. (Kharkov)

TITLE: Early changes in blood serum protein composition in acute
radiation sickness

SOURCE: K voprosam radiy diagnostiki ostrykh luchevoy bolezni;
sbornik nauchnykh rabot. Kiev, Medgiz USSR, 1962, 29-35

TOPIC TAGS: blood serum, X-irradiation, general protein content,
protein fraction, albumin, globulin subfraction

ABSTRACT: Lack of systematic observations on changes in blood serum total protein quantity and in protein fractions shortly after single total radiation exposure prompted this study. White rats were X-irradiated (RUM-3M unit, 23.5-32.0 r/min) in single doses ranging from 150 to 1200 r and tests were made 1, 24, 48, and 72 hrs after irradiation. Blood serum protein was determined by a micromethod and protein fractions were determined by electrophoresis on paper. In the first hour after irradiation for 150 to 1200 r the total protein content of the blood serum decreases. After 24, 48, and 72 hrs the total protein content in the blood serum grows proportionally to the

Card 1/2

L 17955-63
ACCESSION NR: AT3002350

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irradiation dose and time elapsed after exposure. Albumin content decreases and globulin content increases in all the serums shortly after exposure to X-irradiation regardless of dosage. Changes in the albumin-globulin coefficient value are similar to changes in albumin content under the same conditions. Increase in the globulin fraction is accompanied by increases in all its separate subfractions (alpha, beta, and gamma). The nature of the alpha-globulin changes coincides most of all with changes in the entire globulin fractions. Increase in globulins after irradiation can be considered as a natural protective reaction of the organism. Orig. art. has: 2 figures, 1 table.

ASSOCIATION: None

SUBMITTED: 00 DATE ACQ: 20May63 ENCL: 00
SUB CODE: AM NO REF Sov: 003 OTHER: 006

Card 2/2

17362-63 EAT(1)/EAT(n)/BOS/BS(j) AMG/APFTG/ABD AR/K
ACCENSION NR: AT3002363 5/29/30/62/000/000/0054/0062

AUTHOR: Faatyuchenko, O. V. (Kharkov); Popova, L. Ya. (Kharkov);
Nikolayava, M. G. (Kharkov)

TITLE: Early changes in spleen and marrow nucleic acid contents in
acute radiation sickness /4

SOURCE: K voprosam ranney diagnostiki ostroye luchevoy bolezni;
zbernik nauchnykh rabot. Kiev, Medgiz USSR, 1962, 54-61

TOPIC TAGS: acute radiation sickness, nucleic acid , spleen, marrow,
DNA, RNA, X-irradiation

ABSTRACT: Spleen and marrow of white rats were X-irradiated (RUM-3
unit, 20.5-32.0 r/min) with single doses ranging from 150 to 1200 r
and tests were made 1, 24, 48, and 72 hrs after exposure to determine
nucleic acid changes. Nucleic acids were separated from the tissues
by Schmidt's and Tangauzer's fractionation method. It was found that
1 to 72 hrs after irradiation the nucleic acids decrease in the spleen
and marrow for all radiation doses. The sharpest decrease in nucleic
acids in the spleen and marrow appears 24 hrs after irradiation with
maximal RNA changes for 300, 450, and 1050 r and maximal DNA changes
Card 1/2

ARKAUTOV, A.K.; BURSHTEIN, Sh.A.; GENES, V.S.; KOGAN, I.K.; KAMATYUK, Ye.M.;
LITVINSKII, A.S.; MOSALENSKII, I.P.; NIKOLAEVA, M.G.; PISKAREVA, Ye.V.;
POPOVA, L.Ya.; SHCHEGOLEV, L.I.; SIDYAKIN, V.V.; TIKACH, V.K.;
VASTOCHENKO, O.V.; VISUN, A.N.; FEDOROV, L.A.; TSYBENKO, N.A.;
GRANBERG, B.I.

Comparative study on the effect of X rays (197 kv) and braking radiation generated with linear accelerator (3 Mev) upon animals. Radiobiologia 2 no.2:211-215 '62.
(MIRA 15:4)

1. Khar'kovskiy institut meditsinskoy radiologii i Ukrainskoy fiziko-tehnicheskoy institut AN USR, Khar'kov.
(RADIATION--PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECT)

ARNAUTOV, A. K.; BURSHTEYN, S. A.; GENES, V. S.; DZHAFAROV, G. K.;
KOGAN, I. A.; MAMOTYUK, Ye. M.; MIKOLAEVA, M. G.; PISKAREVA,
Ye. V.; POPOVA, L. Y.; TRACH, V. K.; PASTIUCHENKO, O. V.;
PRENKEV, L. A.; TSYDENKO, P. A.

Characteristics of some early reactions of rats, irradiated
with various doses, to burning by flame. Radiobiologija 2 no.3:
406-413 '62.

1. Institut meditsinskoj radiologii, Khar'kov.

(X RAYS--PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECT)
(BURNS AND SCALDS)

NIKOLAYEVA, M. G.

Nikolayeva, M. G. "On the biology of seed germination of some species of *Forula* L." Trudy Botan. in-ta im. Komarova, Esperia. botanika, Issue 6, 1948, p. 218-22 - Bibliog: 19 items

SO: 5-3264, 10 April 53, (Letopis 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey, No. 4, 1949).

NIKOLAYEVA, M. G.

Nikolayeva, M. G. "Dependence of seed germination of some of the carrot family
on the condition of seed pod covers," (for example the *Ferula* species), Trudy
Botan. in-ta im. Komareva, Esperim. botanika, Issue 6, 1948, p. 229-41 - Bibliog.
16 items

SO: U-3264, 10 April 53, (Zetopis 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey, No. 4, 1949).

USDA/Biology - Genetic Engineering Sources 1 Mar 50

Tree

"Sporulating of the Seed Endotype of the European Spruce
Budworm (Boreotrichia)." M. G. Blomqvist

"Dok. Ak. Nauk SSSR" Vol. 1331, No 1, pp 173-178

Investigates type and degree of sporulating and time
required for sporulating at 0-10° and 15-20° when
seeds are freshly picked, as compared with behavior
when they have been dry stored for varying periods.
Find: dehydrogenation period to affect favorably the
rate and amount of sporulation. Work is of interest.

PA 16519

16519

USDA/Biology - Genetic-Patent, Sources 1 Mar 50

(CONT)

In connection with planting of European sprucelet
as potential source of genetic genetic-patent in
USA. Includes two tables. Submitted 31 Dec 49 by
Acad. R. A. Malinov.

16519

50 K TAKAYAMA

HARVEST, M. G.

Germination

Causes of inactivity in seeds of the ash-leaved maple, drooping maple, and purple barberry.
Trudy Bot. inst. AN SSR. Eksp. bot., No. 8, 1951.

Monthly List of Russian Annotations, Library of Congress, March 1952. UNCLASSIFIED.

NIKOLAYINA, N.G.

Biology of the germination of spindle tree seeds in connection with
specific characteristics and geographic origin. Bot. zhur. 41
no. 3:393-403 Kr '56. (SERIA 9:8)

1. Botanicheskiy institut imeni V.L. Komarova Akademii nauk SSSR,
Leningrad.
(Spindle tree)

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SEGOLEVVA, N.G.

Biology of the germination of ash(*Fraxinus*) seeds as related to
its systematic position and distribution of species. Bot. zhur.
43 no. 5(679-683) My '58. (NIRA 11:7)

1. Botanicheskiy institut im. V.L.Kamerova Akademii nauk SSSR,
Leningrad.

(Ash(Tree))
(Germination)

NIKOLAYEVA, N.G.

Biology of the germination of spindle-tree seeds. Trudy
Bot. inst. Ser. 4 no. 13: 198-235 '59. (MIRA 13:3)
(Spindle tree) (Germination)

NIKOLAYEVA, N.G.; KOZLOVA, L.N.; TUDIK, V.G.

Study of secondary dormancy in seeds. Trudy Bot. inst.
Ser. 4 no. 14:138-166 '60. (NIRA 14:3)
(Seeds) (Dormancy in plants)

NIKOLAEVA, M.G. & KATKEVICH, Yu.Yu.

Studying the effect of temperature on the respiration of dormant seeds.
Fisiol. rast. 8 no.1:42-50 '61. (NIR 14:3)

I. V. L. Komarov Botanical Institute, U.S.S.R. Academy of Sciences,
Leningrad.

(Seeds) (Plants—Respiration)
(Plants, Effect of temperature on)

NIKOLAEVA, N.G.; KOZLOVA, L.N.; TUDIN, V.G.

Materials on the effect of plant growth conditions on the depth
of dormancy in seeds. Trudy Bot. inst. Ser. 4 no.19:133-147
'62. (MRA 19:7)

(Seeds) (Dormancy in plants)

NIKOLAYEVA, M.G.

Role of gibberellin in disturbing the dormancy of seeds. Bot.
zhur. 47 no.12:1823-1835 D '62. (MIRA 16:6)

1. Botanicheskiy institut imeni V.L.Komarova AN SSSR, Leningrad.
(Gibberellin) (Dormancy in plants)

NIKOLAYEVA, M.G.; YUDIN, V.G.

Effect of gibberellin on the germination of seeds of woody plants. Dokl. AN SSSR 150 no. 3:686-689 My '63.
(MIRA 16:6)

1. Botanicheskiy institut im. V.L. Komarova AN SSSR. Predstavleno akademikom A.L. Kursanovym.
(Gibberellin) (Woody plants)
(Germination)

NIKOLAEVA, M.G.; YUDIN, V.G.; NIGE-KUONTAKOVA, I.I.; TSAR'KOVA, V.A.

Nature of the secondary dormancy of tree seeds. Bot. zhur. 49
no.12:1706-1724 D '64 (VIZA 18:2)

1. Botanicheskiy institut imeni Komarova AN SSSR, Leningrad.

ЕМА НИКОЛАЕВИ, ЕА

Secundum

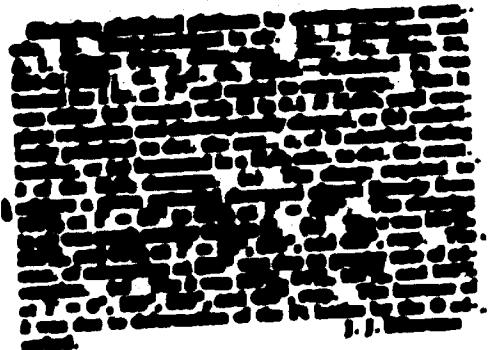
way as to prevent damage to *Streptomyces* spores by the action of oxygen. The following experiments were carried out by A. L. Dugay (Ph. D. Thesis, 1950, No. 14, pp. 202-203).—In *Streptomyces* spores, the oxygen was taken up during the germination of the spores, and oxygen was taken up during the development of the mycelium in addition to the quantity of oxygen which had passed through it. During the development of $S. 10.0.0.0$, oxygen consumption of $S.$ spores was the dominant factor over the respiration of the substrate until the mycelium could be detected. The same results were obtained in *Streptomyces* spores of $S. 10.0.0.0$, and the respiratory activity of the mycelium was decreased. These experiments were performed after the substrate had been heated at 120° for 1 hr. at 100% water activity at 25° C. The respiration of the mycelium fell steadily with rising temperature, except for a certain drop at 25° C., reaching 97% of the initial value after treatment at 25° C. The respiratory activity fell to 100% of the initial value after treatment at 25° C., then rose to 100% at 25° C., and fell to 97% of the initial value at 25° C. and it is suggested that the respiratory activity is caused mainly by lower temperatures, which disappear at temp. $< 25^{\circ}$ C., and that the respiration fall to complete activity and oxygen consumption is caused by respiration. These results indicate that the action of oxygen on *Streptomyces* spores, in which phenomena the characteristics of previous experiments, in which phenomena the characteristics were considered as those which affect on their activity at temp. between 20 and 25° C. 11, 21, 22.

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NIKOLAYEVA, M. I.

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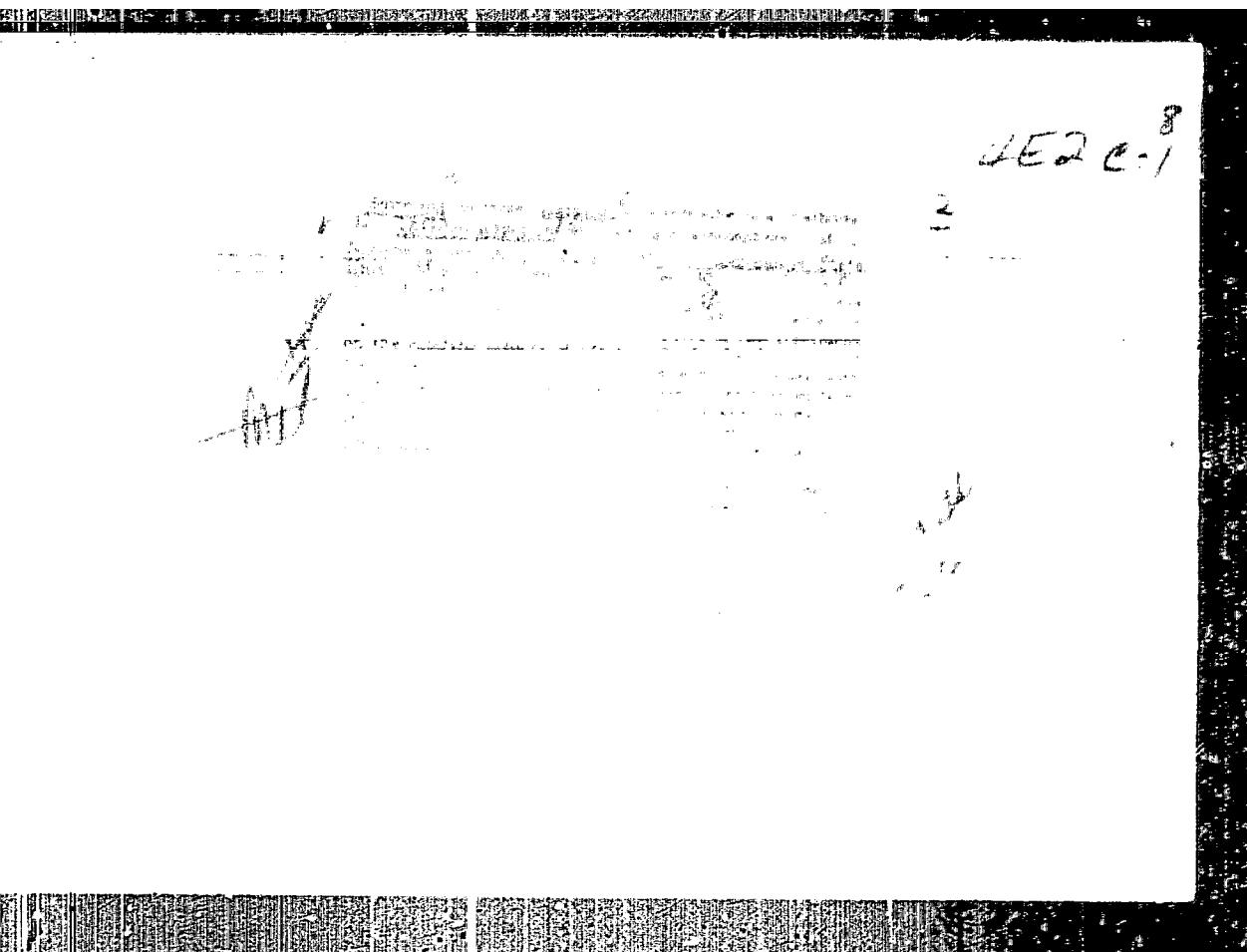
SUCHKOVA, N.N.; NIKOLAYEV, V.I.

Changes in the arterial pressure and electrocardiogram in exchange
blood transfusions. Probl. hemat. i perel. krovi 9 no.8:70-74
Ag '64. (NIPR 12:3)

1. Otdeleniye posstransfuzionnykh oslozhnenii Tsentral'nego ordona
Len. na instituta hematologii i perelivaniya krovi (dir. - dotsent
A.Ye. Kiselev), Moskva.

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BORISOGLEBSKIY, Petr Vasil'yevich; DMOKHOVSKAYA, Lidiya Fedorovna;
LARIONOV, Vladimir Petrovich; PANTAL', Yury Stanislavovich;
RAZEWIC, Daniil Vasilevovich, prof.; RYABKOVA, Yelena
Yakovlevna; DOLGINOV, A.I., retsevant; FERTIK, S.M.,
retsezent; NIKOLAEVA, N.I., red.; BORISOV, N.I., tekhn. red.

[High-voltage engineering] Tekhnika vysokikh napriyashchini.
[By] P.V.Borisoglebskii i dr. Moskva, Gosenergoizdat, 1963.
471 p. (MIRA 17:3)

HEL'NIKOV, Nikolay Aleksandrovich; ROKOTYAN, Sergey Sergeyevich;
SHERENTZIS, Arnol'd Naumovich; NIKOLAEVA, M.I., red.;
BUL'DYATEV, N.A., tekhn. red.

[Design of the electrical section of 330-500 kv. overhead
power transmission lines] Proektirovaniye elektricheskoi
chasti vysokovoltnykh linii elektropredachi 330-500 kv. Me-
sika, Gosenergoisdat, 1963. 559 p. (MIRA 17:4)

OSADCHIY, Nikolay Petrovich; NIKOLAEVA, M.I., red.

[Historical study of the development of long-distance
electric power transmission systems] Istericheskii echerk
razvitiia peredachi elektricheskoi energii na rasstoyaniye.
Moskva, Izd-vo "Energiia," 1964. 94 p. (MIRA 17:4)

ALYAKRITSKIY, Ivan Pavlovich; MANDRYKIN, Sergey Andreyevich;
NIKOLAYEV, M.I., red.

[Drying of electrical machines and transformers] Sushka
elektricheskikh mashin i transformatorov. Moskva, Energiia,
1964. 86 p. (Biblioteka elektromontera, no.144)
(MIRA 17:12)

GRUZDEV, Igor' Aleksandrovich; KAMINSKAYA, Kira Fanteleymonovna;
KUCHINOV, Leonid Aleksandrovich; IUGINSKIY, Yakov
Natanovich; PORTNOY, Marlen Gdalevich; SOKOLOV, Nikoley
Ivanovich; NIKOLAYEVA, M.I., red.

[Use of analog computers in electric power systems;
methods for studying transient processes] Primenenie
analogovykh vychislitel'nykh mashin v energeticheskikh
sistemakh; metody issledovaniy perekhodnykh protsessov.
[By] I.A.Gruzdev i dr. Moskva, Energiia, 1964. 407 p.
(MIRA 18:2)

NEGRASOV, A.N., red.; ROKOTYAN, S.S., red.; NIKOLAEVA, M.I.,
red.

[500 Kv. long-distance power transmission lines] Dal'nie
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